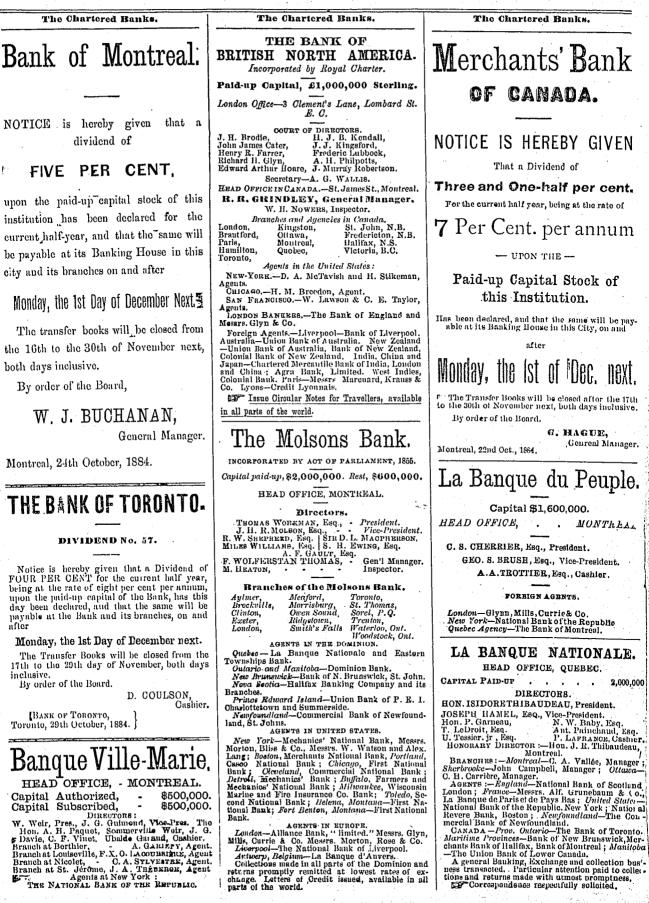
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Additional comments / Commentaires supplémentaires: Continuous pagination.





The	Cha	rtered	Bank	(S.
1	HE	CANA	DIAN	

Bank of Commerce. Head Office. Toronto.

Paid-up Capital	 -	\$6,000,000
Rest	 -	2 000,000

DIRECTORS.

HON. WILLIAM MCMASTER, President WM. ELLIOT, Esq., Vice-President.

T. Sutherland Stayner, Esq. Jas. Cralhern, Esq. John Waldie, Esq. Hon, S. C. Wood. George Taylor, Esq. W. B. Hamilton, Esq. W. N. ANDERSON, General Manager,

JNO. C. KEMP, Ass't Gen'l Manager.

ROBT. GILL, Inspector.

New York-J. H. Goadby and B. E. Walker, Agents, Chicago-A. L. Dewar, Agent. BRANORES.

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Ayr Barcie,	Goderich,	St. Catharines,
Darrie,	Guelph,	Sarnia.
Belleville,	Hamilton,	Seaforth,
Berlin	London.	Simcos,
Brantford,	Montreal,	Stratford,
Chatham,	Norwich,	Strathroy.
Collingwood,	Orangeville,	Thorold,
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Dunnviile,	Paris,	Walkerton,
Galt,	Parkhill,	Windsor,
	Peterboro',	Woodstock .

Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, the East and West Indies, China, Japan, and South America.

Sterling and American Exchange bough tandsold. Collections made on the mostfavorable terms. Interestallowed on deposits.

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DIRECTORS;

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P. HUGHES, ESQ., JOHN FISKEN D. R. WILKIE, Cashier.

HEAD OFFICE-TORONTO.

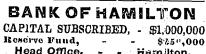
BEANCHES-Fergus, Ingersoll, Port Colborne St. Catharines, St. Thomas, Wolland, Winnipeg Woodstock, Brandon.

Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interestallowed. Prompt attention paid to collec tions

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,
T. S. Morey, Hon. G. G. Stevens,
WM. FARWELL, General Manager,
Head Office-Sherbrooke, Que.,
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Gowansville, Granby,
Agents in Montreal-Bank of Montreal.
London, England- Natl. Bank of Scotland.
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promptly remitted for.
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The Chartered Banks.



Reserve Fund, - \$25",000 Head Office, Hamilton. DIRECTORS. JOIN STUART, Esq., President. HON. JAMES TURNER, Vice-President. A. G. Ramsay, Esq. Dennis Moore, Esq. Edward Gurney, Esq. John P. octor, Esq. George 'ta ch, Esq. E. A. COLQUII 4, N. Cashier. H. S. STEVEN, Assistant-Cashier. M. S. STEVEN, Assistant-Cashier. M. O'neilly, Agent. Mitan-J. Butterfield, Agent. Port Elgin-W. Corbould, Agent. Tottenham-W. P. Robarts, Agent. Winghame. B. Wilson, Agent. Agents, Agent. Winghame. B. Wilson, Agent. Agents, Agent. State, State, Agent. Bart, Agent. Son, Agent. Magents in London, Eng-The National Bank of Agents in London, Eng-The National Bank of

Agents in London, Eng-The National Bank of Scotland

BANK OF OTTAWA, OTTAWA.

JAMES MACLAREN, ESQ., President. CHARLES MAGEE, ESQ., Vice-President. DIRECTORS :

DIRECTORS: DIRECTORS: C. T. Bate, Esq., R. Blackburn, Esq., Hon. Geo. Bryson, Hon. L. R. Church, Alex. Fraser, Esq., Geo. Hay, Esq., John Mather, Esq UEO. BURN, --- Cashier. Branches:--Arnprior, Pembroke, Winnipeg, 'an., Carleton Place, Ont. Agents in Canada, Canadian Bank of Comme. e. Age. ts in New York, Messrs. A. H. Goadby, at IB. E. Walker, Agents in London, Eng., Alliance B. uk

The Central Bank of Canada. HEAD & OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT. CAPITAL AUTHORIZED, CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED, CAPITAL PAID-UP, \$1,000,000 -205.000

DAVID BLAIN, ESQ., President. SAM'L TREES, ESQ., Vice-President DIRECTORS:

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Agents in Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce. Agents in New York – Importers and Traders National Bank. Agents in London, England— National Bank of Scotland, London.

La Banque Jacques Cartier.

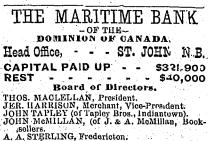
NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of

THREE PER CENT. has been declared on the paid-up capital of this institution for the current half year, and that this dividend will be payable at the office of the Bank in Montreal, TUESDAY, the Second of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th of November next, these two days inclusive.

iclusive. By order of the Board, (Signed), A. DE MARTIGNY, Cashier.

Montreal, 28th October, 188!.



AGENCY-FREDEBIOTON: A.S. Murray, Agent

The Chartered Banks. THE BANK OF LONDON

The Western Bank of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, ON ...

Montreal Loan & Mortgage Co. AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated 1858,

CAPITAL PURCHASE MORTGAGES.

This Company is authorized to act in any position of Trust, either as Executor, Administrator, Guar-dian, Trustee or Receiver. Registrars and Transfer Agents of the Stocks and Bonds of Incorporated Companies. Trustees of Mortgages executed by Railroad and other Corporations.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS. Elissue Starling Debentures payable in London also Currency Debentures, payable in Canada. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. M. H. GA ULT, Esq., M.P., President. RICHARD BOLTON, Vice-Pesident. Hon. A. W. OGLLVIE. A. F. GAULT, Esq., of Messrs. Gault Bros. & Co JAMES CRATHERN, of Crathern & Caverhill J. R. BLACK. Turback. Trustees and Executors are authorized by Act of Parila-

ment to invest in the Debentures of this Company,

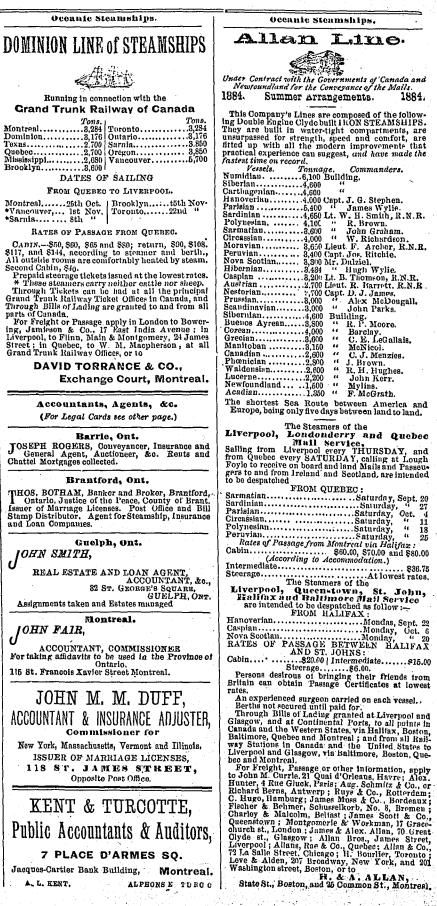
W. L. MALTBY, Manager OFFICE. 181 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

THE ONTARIO Investment Association (Limited.) OF LONDON, ONTARIO. CAPITAL UNCALLED, - \$2,050,000 CAPITAL PAID UP, - 600,000 RESERVE FUND, - 500,000 INVESTMENTS, - - 2,000,000 Parties wanting money on Real Estate Mortgages, Apply to HENRY TAYLOR, Manager, Dominion Savings & Investment Soc. LONDON, ONT.,

INCORPORATED,		1872.
Capital,		\$1,000,000 00
Subscribed,		1,000,000.00
Paid-up.	-	868,840.28
Reserve Fund,		149,000.00
Contingent Fund,	` -	
Loans made on farm and city	pro	perty, on the
more resolutione relimes - bin mcma	l an	d School Sec-
tion Debentures nurchased		

Money received on deposit and interest allowed

1.5



Grand Trunk Railway of Canada

DATES OF SAILING

FROM QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Montreal......25th Oct. Brooklyn.....töth Nov-*Vancouver,... lst Nov. *Sarnia........8th "

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

CABIN.--\$50, \$60, \$65 and \$80; return, \$90, \$108, \$117, and \$144, according to steamer and berth., All outside rooms are comfortably heated by steam. econd Cabin, \$40. Prepaid steerage tickets issued at the lowest rates.

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,

Accountants, Agents, &c.

(For Legal Cards see other page.)

Barrie, Ont.

JOSEPH ROGERS, Couveyancer, Insurance and General Agent, Auctioneer, &c. Rents and Chattel Mortgages collected.

Brantford, Ont.

THOS. BOTHAM, Banker and Broker, Brantford, Ontario, Justice of the Peace, County of Brant, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Post Office and Bill Stamp Distributor, Agent for Steamship, Insurance and Loan Companies.

Guelph, Ont. OHN SMITH,

Assignments taken and Estates managed

OHN FAIR,

U

ACCOUNTANT, COMMISSIONER For taking affidavits to be used in the Province of Ontario. 115 St. Francois Xavior Street Montreal.

JOHN M. M. DUFF, ACCOUNTANT & INSURANCE ADJUSTER,

New York, Massachusetts, Vermont and Illinois, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES. 118 ST. JAMES STREET. **Opposite** Post Office.

KENT & TURCOTTE, Public Accountants & Auditors.

7 PLACE D'ARMES SQ.

Jacques-Cartier Bank Building, A. L. KENT. ALPHONSE TURGO

JARDY, WILKES & JONES, BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, BARHOLENG OF ALLONGAS AN AND Solicitors in Ohancery, Notaries, etc. ARTHUR S. HARDY, Q.C. ALFREDJ. WILKES, LL.B. C. S. JONES.

THE HAMILTON Provident and Loan Society.

President, GEONOE H. GILLESPIE.

DEPENDENCE FOR THE DEPENDENCE OF THE DEPENDENCE

KING ST., HAMILTON.

STRATHY BROS., STOCK BROKERS,

2 STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING, MONTREAL

MacIVER & BARCLAY. STOCK BROKERS, (Members Montreal Stock Exchange), 120 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Cauadian and New York Stocks and Grain and Provisions in Chicago bought and sold for each or on margin. Agents in New York-Baldwin & Weeks; Agents in Chicago-Cyrus II. Adams & Co.

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HALIFAX, N.S. Special attention given to investments in sound dividend-paying STOCKS and DEBENTULES. Collections made in all parts of the Maritime

166 HOLLISESTREET.

H. J. BEEMER,

Contractor for Building Railways, Canals, Bridges, Buildings, etc., also Steam Dredging and Sub-Marine Works. Office for the Montreal Ex-tonsion of the Consolice Pasifie Pail

tension of the Canadian Pacific Rail-

way, Cor. Barclay and Water Streets. Office at Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

Legal.

For Accountants, \$c., see other page.

Brandon, Man, and Calgary, N.W.T.

Belleville, Ont. DENMARK & NORTH RUP, Barristers, &c., Belle-ville. Ont.

Brantford, Ont.

Brind ARRISTERS, &c.,9

LETERSON& PEIER

ville, Ont.

Provinces. Business information afforded to customers.

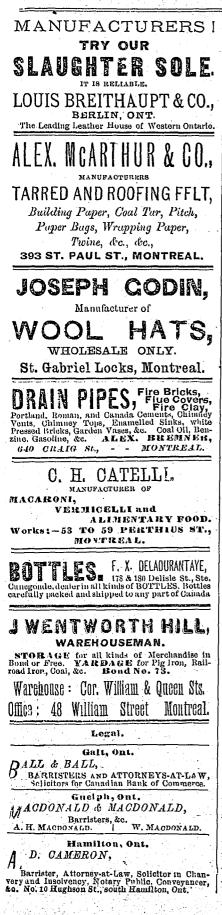
Stocks and other securities bought and sold for investment or on margin. Business strictly contined to commission.

H. D. CAMERON, Manager.

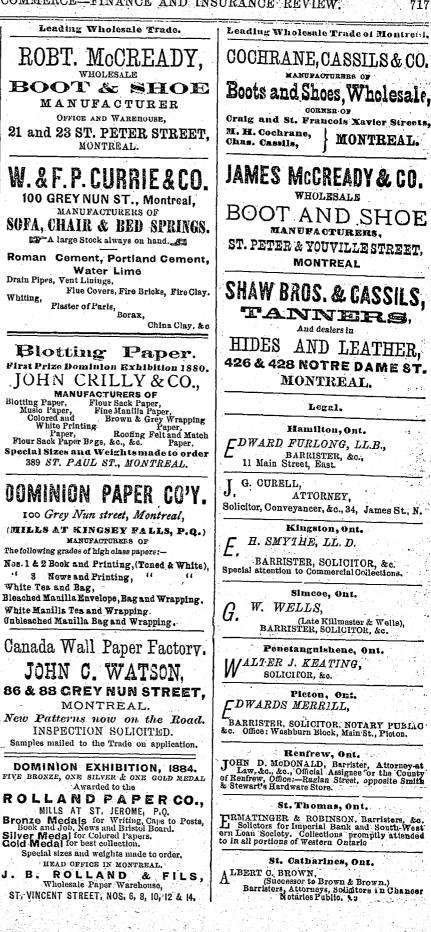
Cornwall, 'Ont.

SANFIELD MACDONALD, H. (late MacLennan & Macdonald.) BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEXANCER, NOTARY, &c. Solicitor for the Ontario Bank. N.B.-Special facilities for making prompt Col-cotions throughout Ontario and Manitoba.

Seaforth, Ont. MCCAUGHEY'& HOLMESTEL, Barristers. c Seniorth, Ontario. Running in connection with the



J'a



Loading Manufacturers &c.



Leading Manufacturers &c. THE MERCHANTS' MANUFACTURING CO.'S BLEACHED SHIRTINGS AT EXHIBITION EVERY TIME SUCCESSFUL FIRST TIME EXHIBITED Dominion Exhibition, St. John, N.B., 1883, Awarded First Prize, Silver Medal. ST. JOHN, N.B. COTTON YARNS, White and Colored, Single and Double Twist Yarns, Bleached and Colored. CAREFET WARPS, In Bleached and Colored. BEAM WARPS, for Woolen Mills in all the varieties required. HONIESE Y AARNS of every description. BALL KNITTING COTION, superior in quality to that imported. PANCY WOVE SHIRTINGS and APRON CHECKS. EST These Goods have been awarded FIRST PRIZES for each of the alave articles to Montred, Torouto, Italifax and Kingston Exhibitions, 1857, 1857, and 1850. A STLVER MIEDAL at the Dominion Exhibition at Montred, 1880. A STLVER MIEDAL at Kingston for best assortance of Cotton Manual 1882. A STLVER MIEDAL at Kingston for best assortance of Cotton Manual 1882. For Sale by the Wholesale and Betail Dry Goods Trade throughout the Dominion. ACENTS:-ALEX,SPERORE: WM. HEWEIT. Dominion Exhibition, Montreal, Sept., 1884, Awarded First Prize. THURD TIME EXHIBITICD Industrial Exhibition Association, Toronto, 1884 Awarded a Special Diploma Awarded a Special Liptoma "For excellence and fineness of make, combined with pure white fluish." N.B.-Although no Prizes are given for Textile Goods at this Exhibition, the excellency of make and pureness in finish of the MERGITARTS MANU-FACTURING COMPANY'S BILEACHED COTTONS were such as to call for Special Notice, and were accordingly awarded the above Diptoma. CANTLIE, EWAN & CO., Agents. MONTREAL COTTON CO. VALLEYFIELD. Satteens. Permanent Linings, Beetled Twills. Now Weaves and Finishes in BLEACHED SHIRTINGS. Fresh Novelties every week. R. R. STEVENSON, Selling Agent, MONTREAL. 10 Lemoine Street, s.h.may & co., 474 & 476 St. Paul St., Importers and Dealers in Paints, Linseed $()_{11}$. Labricating Oils, Window Glass, Turpentine, Varnish, &c. ARTHUR SIMARD Successor to SIMARD & FOERSTER, MANUFACTURERS OF Gilt and Imitation Mouldings. Looking Glass and PICTURE FRAMES, DEALERS IN Steel Engravings, Paintings & Fine Chromos, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 1662 Notre Dame St. Factory; 493 Mignonne St. Re-Gilding Done Promptly. BOININ' G.

40 and 42 Jacques Cartier Square, WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFR. Challenge to the whole world for perfection in Snowshoe Moccasins, Lacrosse, Gynnasium, Itacing and Batting Shoes. A full assortment of Mons', Boys', Misses', Women and Childrens'; also perfect Waterproof Shoe packs. Several Medals and Diplomas Obtained at Provincial and Dominion

Leading Manufacturers &c. WM. PARKS & SON.

COTTON SPINNERS, BLEACHERS AND DYERS NEW BRUNSWICK COTTON MILLS

ST. JOHN, N.B.

Stormont Cotton Co., Denims, Tickings, Cottonades, Fancy Wove Shirtings & Apron Checks. Hamilton Cotton Co., Ball Knitting Cotton, Hosiery Yarns, Cotton Yarns (White and Colored), Twist Yarns (Bleached and Colored), Beam Warps all kinds, Cottonades and Benims. Cornwall Cotton Batting Co., Batts put up in Cases or Bales in any weight to suit the trade. Simcoe Woollen Co. Grey Blankets, Wheeling and Fingering Yarns. All communications regarding Terms or Goods addressed to our Agents, F. MCELDERRY & CO., 204 McGill St., Montreal Toronto Office, 35 Scott Street. CRAVEN GOTTON GO. BRANTFORD, ONT., GREY SHEETINGS. AGENT:

S. DAVISON. 16 Colborne Street, Toronto.

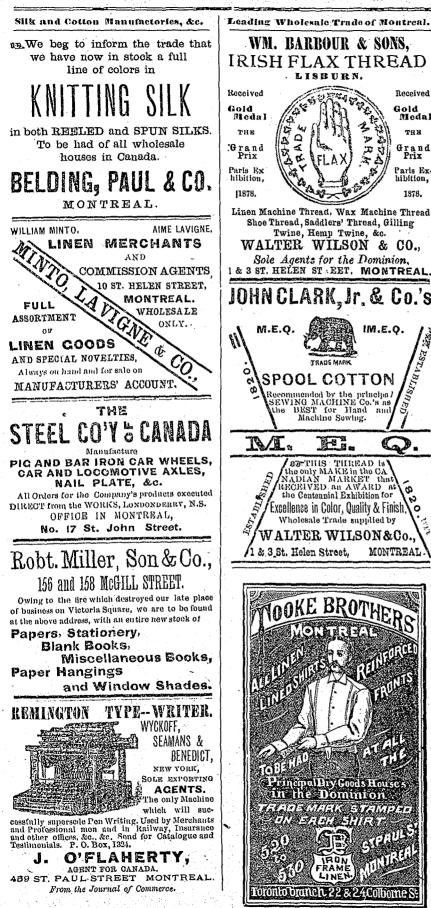
Morton, Phillips & Bulmer, STATIONERS,

Blank Book Makers, Printers

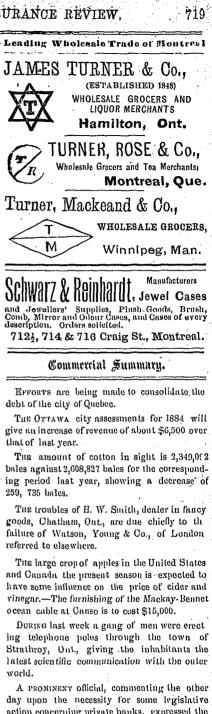
RELIEF STAMPERS.

AND

1755 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL,







action concerning private banks, expressed the opinion that, by the time Parliament met there would be but few private banks to legislate a out.

ALD. R. B. COOPER, of Belleville, is completing the new grist mill built to take the place of that destroyed by fire some months since.-The Bell Telephone Co, are introducing that great modern time saver in Charlotte:own, P.E.I. It will also be used as a fire alarm.

The an ount expended on buildings, machinery and water works in Woodstock, Out., the past senson is over \$150,000 .- W. J. Atherton, hotelkeeper, Port Arthur, is reported missing from his usual haunts .- The North-West Publishing Co. of Winnipeg are giving up business.



D. C. SIMON, general store, Hull, Que., has assigned after a few years' run. He claims assets nearly \$3,000, and liabilities little less. As the assets are composed chiefly of book debts, he is offering his creditors 35 cents in the dollar, cash.

Mr. H. C. McLeon, late manager of the Amherst, N.S., branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has succeeded Mr. Stevens as manager of the Winnipeg branch of that institution.— John S. Murphy & Co. is the name of a new firm in the lumber trade at Quebec.

OVIDE Delorme, a city leather dealer, who effected a cash settlement of ten cents in the dollar in April last, is again in trouble and has assigned. His compromise of last spring left him a margin of about \$1,200.--Noel Juhinville, saddler, Yundreuil, Que, has assigned to Geo. Daveluy. Linbilities small,

We regret the delay of the last week or two in getting papers mailed in time to reach our subscribers in lluntingdon and other places along the Province line a day earlier. The dimness in the printing of a portion of the earlier numbers, complained of by western subscribers, will not, we hope, occur again.

THERE are some rumors of malpractice in connection with a fire which recently took place on the premises of an old established and wealthy merchant of Araprior, Ont. Pending the result of investigations being made by the insurance companies interested in the matter, comment is forborne.

THE BELL Telephone Co. are obliged to remove to more commodious quarters in. Winnipeg, owing to the great increase of their business during three and a half years' operations in that city. The upper flat of the new Forrest block has been secured for the purpose. The local fire alarm apparatus is also supplied by the company.



The pretensions of holders of rubber in Boston are a trifle higher on account of an advance at Para, but the demand is moderate and nothing has occurred in this market to cause an advance in price. In fact, though holders are asking 50c for fine, they are quite anxious to sell at that figure. The steamer Basil is due from Para with 75 tons of rubber. Coarse Para is at 38 to 40c.

THE Grain Elevator Company of Strathroy, Ont., ormed some three months ago, have already completed one large elevator, which has been rented to a firm of grain buyers who intend to operate extensively in grain, offering improved facilities for the neighboring producers. The company intend erecting another elevator during next summer.

MR. EMIL THOURET, of the wholesale firm of Thouret, Fitzgibbon & Co., this city, leaves early in December for Berlin, Germany to remain there in the interest of his house for about a year, during which time the resident European buyer of the firm, Mr. F. Schafheitlin, will come to Montreal to make the acquaintance of the Canadian trade.

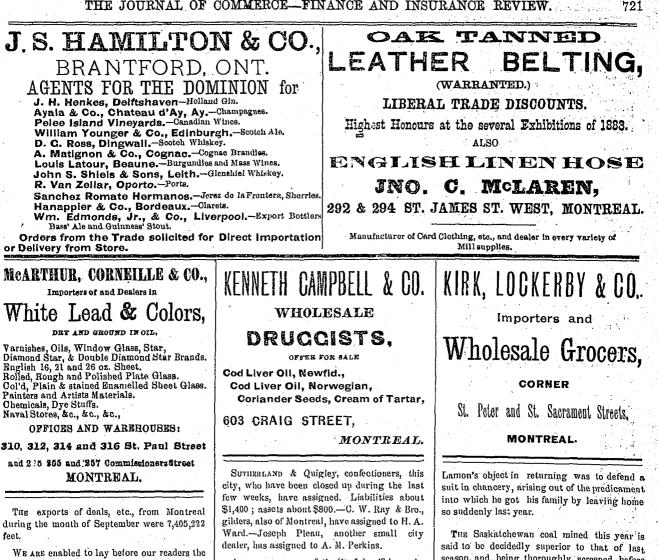
WILLIAM CAIN, of Strathroy, Ont. grocer, is in difficulties and stock is being taken with a view to some settlement. Gain was formerly in partnership with John Berry, but they dissolved about two years ago, since which Gain has been carrying on business on his own account. Too great anxiety to do business and the consequent indiscriminate credit are the cause of his difficulties.

The manufacture of straw braid in Essex county, Ont., is increasing every year, says the *Record*, and the bulk of the braid goes to Detroit. There is an average of 50,000 yards received every week at the United States bonded ware, house in that city, aside from that which is brought over at the two ferry landings and appraised to those places. THE REPUTATION of Montreal for being the wealthiest city in America renders our people subject to many swindling operations from the other side of the line. The latest "racket " is that of George Hender, who advertised loans at 4 per cent, and induced many otherwise sensible persons to send him money to pay preliminarp expenses. One of them has recoverd his money; others are endeavoring to get their's.

L. THORNE, general storekeeper, Scaforth Ont., who recently got into difficulties, is reported to be offering 50 cents in the dollar. He was formerly in Exeter, and began in Scaforth in the spring of 1883. His assets consist of stock of groceries, glass and crockery ware liquors, etc. His trouble is partly attributable to the passing of the Scott Act, and partly to selling at too little profit. Frank Smith & Co., Toronto, are the chief creditors.

The town of Olifton has now between three and four thousand population and is reported to be rapidly increasing. A correspondent remarks: "There is a splendid opening for a bank agency here, and the wonder is that the territory has not been occupied long ago The Imperial has recently been working up its interests in the locality, and will probably open an agency shortly, unless some other bank slips in before it."

A TRACT of wooded land, containing about 60 acres and lying on the bank of the river just below the Falls of Niagara, has lately been bought by a company and surveyed into building lots, with ornamental drives and walks, with a view of establishing an international camp ground. Upwards of 200 lots have alread, been sold at from one to two hundred dollars cach. A large summer hotel has been projected and, together with upwards of a hundred cottages, will be built in all probability early next season. About \$35,000 was paid for the land.



full text of the statement read by Mr. G. W. Yarker, the new general manager, at the meeting of the Federal Bank shareholders held in Toronto yesterday.

THE WORKS of the Bolt and Iron Co., Toronto, will be re-opened in a few days, under the management of Mr. Livingstone, the property being about to change hands as we go to press. We understand that a new company is about to be formed by the purchasers of the property.

THERE is a scarcity of capable weavers at many of the cotton mills.—Wamsutta (U.S.) cotton has fallen within a few years from 14 cents net to $10\frac{1}{2}$ cents per yard, with 5 and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent discount, by the single case. Our own white cottons can now bear comparison with the best Wamsutta.

WINNIPEG has a population of over 15,000; the assessment is twenty-seven millions; the tax levy is \$465,000, or about \$30 per head while that of London, Hamilton and Toronto is \$7.50,\$9 and \$9.50 respectively. In St. Paul, Minn., (population 100,000) it is \$5. The bonded debt of Winnipeg is \$2,670,000. The Free Press says that nothing but a sharp and immediate turn in the current of affairs will avert municipal ruin. A COURSEPONDENT Of the St. John Telegraph, writing from St. George, N.B., draws attention to the wants of the people for greater mail facilities along the line of the Grand Southern Railway. "How long," he says, "is this perfect absurdity to last, of having a mail stage running parallel with a railway having a daily train? How long are the interests of St. Stephen and St. George and other places along the line to be perfectly ignored ?"

MR. WM. V. GORDON, family grocer; this city, has moved into his new premises in the new and elegant Hall & Scott building, corner of St. Gatherine. St. and McGill College Avenue... Mr. F. R. Despard, formerly general manager of the late Dominion Fire Ins. Co., of Hamilton, Ont., has taken up his residence in Kimberley, South Africa. — One of the Ottawa Insurance men who visited Armprior on a recent mission became quite fatigued on the way.

GEORGE LAMON, of Strathroy, referred to in the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE at the time, who absconded to Michigan over a year ago, returned there on Friday last, was arrested the following day at the suit of the Goebrane Manufacturing Company of St. Thomas, Ont. He was admitted to bail in the sum of \$5,000. THE Saskalchewan coal mined this year is said to be decidedly superior to that of last season, and, being thoroughly screened before leaving the mines, contains only the larger and harder portions. The Brandon Sun says:— "We have given it a fair test, using it in a box stove; a base burner, and a stove claimed to be specially adapted to it use. In all it burned well, there being not a particle of waste. We also used it for our engine, and found it to get up steam and retain it longer than wood, at a far less cost.

WE regret to learn that H. J. Shaw & Co. furniture dealers, this city, have made an assignment to Mr. A. M. Perkins, of Perkins & Charbonneau. Some six years ago they were in difficulties, and compounded with their creditors at 40c on the dollar. Mr. G. H. Labbé was next taken in as partner, but after two or three years differences arose and Mr. Labbe left the firm and started on his own account. After this Mr. Alex. Shaw, his brother, at one time a well-known auctioneer, entered the firm, and has managed the business under the style of Hy. J. Shaw & Co. The liabilities are about \$20,-000, but the firm claim a surplus of assets, and it is confidently expected that they will be able to obtain such terms as may enable them to continue the business. A time offer of-50 p. c. will be made.



on the part of the defendants in secreting the

property of Henry Sternberg for the purpose of

defrauding his creditors. The firm of John

Thackrah & Co., of London, Eng., held a judg-

ment against Henry Sternberg, which was

about to be executed when Sternberg and his

brother Moses came to the office of Mr. Cooke

and stated that they had \$13,000 worth of stock,

has become of the moneys collected on account

OF the wool market the Boston Bulletin says,

"We have to record this week more cancelled

sales, one of 100,000 pounds, as a consequence of

the present aspect of the election. It should be

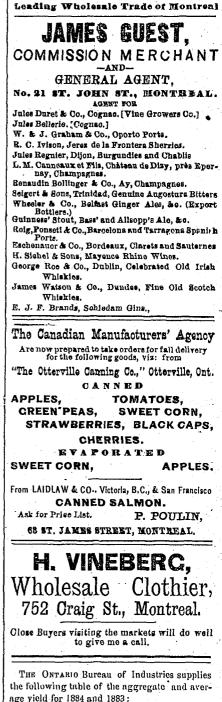
remembered, however, that the present Congress

is more strongly Protectionist than the last

respectively? We pause for a reply.

ing was held last Monday by the Montreal creditors of the late firm of Watson, Young & Co., of London, Ont., wholesale dealers in dry. and fancy goods, and after some brief but carnest discussion one of the gentlemen present was delegated to visit Toronto and London to take whatever steps might be deemed necessary to save something from the wreck or to furnish a salutary lesson to any deserving parties. Boyd, Watson & Co.,



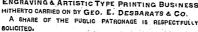


ge yield for 188	4 and 18	83:			
	Aggr	egate.	Aver	age.	
	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.	
otatoes, bu. 27	,546,261	16,400,782	163.2	98.0	
angolds, bu. 8 arrots, bu 4	197.200	6,252,015	471.9	363.0 - 354.0 -	
urnips, bu 44	406,363	29,879,354	426.2	304.0	
all wheat, bu 20	722.288	11.656.957	24.0	10.6	
pring do, bu. 14	,609,661	9,726,063	20.2	16.6	
arley, bu 19 ats, bu 5'			27.3 38.9	24.3	
ye, bu 1			15.9	16.0	
Such a substar	tial add	ition to th	e weal	th of	
ie country car	not fail	to make	itself	felt	



The Starr Manufacturing Co Halifax, N.S., May 1st, 1884

-724



President urged him not to press for

payment immediately, promising that in a few days he would be able to meet his cheque. When the suspension took place, the general opinion was that the creditors of the bank would be paid in full, and that the shareholders would receive a large dividend. Mr. Buntin gave the strongest proof that it was possible for him to give of his confidence in this opinion by instructing his broker to purchase the stock for him, although by doing so he incurred a double liability. It must be obvious that if he had had the least idea of what turned out to be the true state of the case he would have left his deposit to meet his contingent liability. He evidently thought that the promise made to him prior to the suspension was binding, and he claimed his deposit, which was paid by the President's order. When Mr. Buntin found subsequently that the President had given him an undue advantage he at once sought legal advice, and in accordance therewith repaid the full amount that he had drawn, with interest. It has been admitted on all hands that no one has suffered in the least, and that, on the assumption that the law has been violated, there was no guilty intention.

We refrain at present from discussing the merits of the prosecution, because a point of law has been taken which is only to be argued on the very day of our issue. We shall likewise refrain for the present from noticing an article in the Gazette on the "Responsibility of Bank directors," which is mainly a criticism on the charge of Mr. Justice Monk, but which has very little bearing on the present case. The particular act for which Mr. Buntin was brought into Court was not committed by him as a bank director, but was the recognition by the President of the claim of a depositor. It is clear from the charge of the learned judge that his impression from the evidence was that there was no fraudulent intent, and that is, we feel confident, the general opinion of the public, and indeed it is fully admitted by the Gazette. We do not deem it proper to discuss the subject at greater length until after the case has been finally closed.

THE BRANCH RAILROADS.

We sometimes wonder when we read the diatribes of the press, which seem to have for their chief object the injury of the Canadian Pacific Railway, whether the writers believe that the directors of that company have entered into any engagement to construct branch lines. It is reported that during his present visit to England Mr. Stephen, the President of the Canadian Pacific Co., has been using his endeavors to induce British capitalists to furnish the means of constructing one or more branch lines. We presume that the line which is most urgently required is that known as the South Western, and it has been said that the Dominion Government had agreed to grant more favorable terms than were at first contemplated in regard to a land subsidy ----While we hope most sincerely that Mr. Stephen will succeed in his efforts to obtain the means of constructing this line, we cannot but deprecate the tone adopted by the persistent enemies of the Pacific Company. There can be no doubt whatever that the directors of the Canadian Pacific Co. are sincere in their desire to procure the construction of the line in question, and we feel assured that if they are unable to procure the required capital no other reliable parties are likely to make the attempt.

It is alleged that in the supposed interest of the C. P. R. "Government forbids "the extension of railways from the "United States into the needy district." Now this is a complete misconception. No opposition has ever been made by the Government or the Company to the South Western railway extension. The line on the South Eastern is of a totally different character, and it was naturally and properly made a condition by the gentlemen, who undertook the construction of the main line that the traffic should not be diverted to the rival line in the United States. This however is what the enemies of the road have been persistently advocating. It must be obvious that all branch lines, either to the North of the main line or the South-West, will be auxiliary to it, while a line to the South-East would be the very reverse. It was of course quite natural that capitalists, when undertaking such a formidable work as the Pacific railway, should protect themselves from undue competition during the period of construction, and it is extraordinary that any Canadians should be found who, for mere party purposes, should be willing to promote the interests of a foreign corporation, to the injury not only of a Canadian Corporation but of the country itself, which has so deep a stake in the Canadian Pacific railway.

It is alleged that there were expectations that the Grand Trunk Co. had proposed to make running arrangements. with United States roads, to connect their own road, having its terminus at Chicago with a new Grand Trunk system in Manitoba. This is the policy which the oppon_ ents of the Canadian Pacific desire to encourage. We believe that there is a very general opinion among capitalists that railroads have been already pushed on this continent beyond what prudence should have dictated, and we can scarcely believe that the shareholders in the Grand Trunk would be? disposed to load their line to any greater extent. If railroads are wanted, capitalists will naturally wish to be [satisfied before supplying the means of constructing them that their money will bring a fair return. We doubt much if capitalists, whether connected with the Grand Trunk or any other line, would be encouraged to invest money in railroads in the North West when they are told: "What the North West re-"quires is low tariff and free trade in " railways, so as to secure cheap transport-"ation." There can be no doubt that it would answer the settlers in the North West to have competitive lines of railway yielding no return whatever to the investors, but bidding against each other for a very small traffic at best. This is the way to deter capitalists from taking an interest in Canadian railways, and if they only see the articles written in the interest of the settlers they will be naturally inclined to refuse to entertain such propositions as Mr. Stephen has submitted to them.

The people of Manitoba and the North West have already done themselves great injury by their unwise agitation, and we are sorry on their account to find that the Ontario journals, which profess to utter their sentiments, should take a course calculated to deter capitalists from investing in their railroads. Of one thing there can be no doubt. The directors and shareholders of the Canadian Pacific Co... must be favorable to branch lines to the North and South West, and it ought therefore to be the policy of the settlers. to act in concert with them in promoting the common object. When those, who profess to be the exponents of the opinions of the North West settlers systematically endeavor to obstruct, to the utmost of their power, every effort made by the directors of the Canadian Pacific Co., to promote their interest it must be sufficiently obvious that what is sought is not the real interests of the settlers but the benefit of a political party. It is high time that the Canadian Pacific railroad should cease to be a leading question in party politics.

THE BANK STATEMENTS.

The usual comparative statements of the affairs of the chartered Banks will be found below. There is an increase in the aggregate assets and liabilities of nearly three millions of dollars, the circulation having increased by nearly that amount. The deposits are steady. There is little in the statement calling for comment. We must confess that we are sorry to notice an increase in the issue

of large Dominion notes of the denominations of \$500 and \$1000, and concurrently an increased holding by the banks of these notes. It is not long since, when a demand for gold was made by the banks, the Government was by no means pleased with those who made it. The banks and the Government should both hold a much larger proportion of gold. Their not doing so is a practical repudiation of the principle of the Dominion Bank Note Act:

sorry to notice an increase in the issue Bank	Note Act :		i
	Sept., 1884.	Oct., 1884.	Oct., 1883
Capital authorized	\$71,896,666	\$71,896,666	\$69,896,666
Capital subscribed	64,685,934	64,685,934	64,063,234
Capital paid up	• •	• •	
	61,530,520 18,479,129	61,565,333	61,794,375
Reserve fund (Rest)	10,470,129	18,479,129	17,615,724
LIABILITIES.			
Circulation	\$31,456,024	\$33,998,080	\$35,563,243
Dom. Gov. deposits on demand	3,082,635	2,986,261	2,624,113
Dom. Gov. deposits payable after notice	130,550	130,000	490,000
Deposits sec'g Gov. Contracts & Insur	516,300	599,322	1,121,213
Prov. Gov. deposits payable on demand	623,551	613,044	505,426
Prov. Gov. deposits payable after notice	2,231,372	2,081,372	2,697,047
Other deposits on demand	41,577,064	43,055,948	45,714,948
Other deposits payable after notice	50,339,948	49,541,275	53,280,708
Loans or deposits from other Bks. secured	701,266	405,749	214,000
Do by other Can. Banks, unsecured	1,044,231	1,409,194	1,875,683
Due Banks in Canada	1,371,380	1,301,872	1,326,175
Do. in foreign countries	73,012	59,537	79,158
Do. in the United Kingdom	806,104	522,853	1,566,894
Other liabilities	106,187	127,534	207,887
Total liabilities	\$134,059,625	\$136,832,041	\$147,266,495.
ASSETS.			1. A
•			
Specie	\$7,616,464	\$7,529,075	\$6,723,187
Dominion notes	11,420,827	11,659,397	10,648,287
Notes and cheques on other Bauks	5,778,216	5,643,562	6,484,274
Due from Banks in Canada	2,615,936	3,024,630	4,087,911
Due from Age's or B'ks in for'n. countries	12,905,102	12,538,673	13,651,970
Ditto in the United Kingdom	3,531,863	4,521,389	3,097,049
	B (D 000 400	#11.010 For	C 15 000 050
Available Assets	\$43,868,408	\$44,916,727	\$45,292,278
Gov. debentures or Stock	\$993,229	\$993,229	\$900,723
Loans to Dom. Govt	786,906	945,417	982,685
Do. Prov. Govt	528,542	855,853	1,901,168
Securities other than Canadian Loans on stocks, bonds, debutrs. Can. or for'n	1,523,871	. 1,520,800	1,348,173
	12,119,736	11,544,005	11,102,655
Loans to Municipal Corporations Loans to other Corporations	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1,707,695\\ 15,242,525 \end{array} \right.$		
Loans or deposits in other Banks, secured	1,019,073	694,816	276,488
Loans to or Deps. in other Bks., unsecured	310,273	438,334	626,056
Discounts	125,760,956		
Notes overdue not specially secured	3,007,074	3,001,684	, ,
Overdue notes, secured	2,782,101	2,681,758	2,054,856
Real Estate	1,168,656	1,198,740	1,169,167
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by Banks	805,887	825,653	768,680
Bank Premises	3,142,979	3,184,673	
Other Assets	2,059,053	2,419,612	1,141,135
Total Assets	\$216,826,964	\$219,013,054	\$230,908,346
Directors' Liabilities	8,016,74	7,797,129	7,930,190
Av'ge Amt. Specie during month	7,717,276	7,464,957	
Av'ge Dom. Notes during month.	11,384,532	11,449,372	

THE COTTON TRADE.

The efforts made by the leading cotton manufacturers in Canada during the last twelve months to adapt the supply to the demand have not as yet been productive of all that was required. The process, as usual in such cases, has been more or less experimental, and the experience of some of the subscribing parties has not been satisfactory. A late defection may be attributed by either side to want of good faith on the part of a competitor, while on some hands it may be attributed to natural causes. At all events, a compact that results in a rapid diminution of stocks on the one hand and in a proportionate accumulation on the other, is one that is likely to set people a-thinking as to the cause therefor-general or special -and to eventuate in a return to the former condition of affairs. This in a degree has been the experience, more or less, of nearly all the efforts at co-operation among our manufacturers, and it would seem that nothing save final disaster to the extent of a couple of thousand looms will bring about a condition of things by which a reasonable, steady profit can be maintained. The wants of the Print factory would, it was supposed, give employment to from two to three thousand looms, but the company are as yet in a state requiring the individual assistance of wealthy directors.

There are various causes operating against as rapid a growth in the consumption of cotton fabrics in Canada as in other parts of the Empire or in the United States. Our long winters tend rather to the consumption of woolen goods, and although the settlement of the North-west gives us a new consumptive outlet, the climatic conditions there are still greater. The natural objection. also, on the part of lesser jobbers to disclose their hands through means of their business paper, will always operate to the disadvantage of the home manufacturer. But one of the most powerful incentives to purchase abroad consists in the ability to obtain a greater variety of goods-of brands not generally knownwhereby one dealer is not brought into open competition with his neighbor, and who can thus fix upon a living profit on his goods. This, however, is being gradually provided for by the Canadian cotton manufacturers, until at the present writing nearly all the large houses have their own brands affixed to the goods they purchase. In the early days of the N. P. each mill issued a printed price-list to the wholesale dealers, from which a discount of about 10 per cent was allowed. These

lists were not unfrequently given to the large retailers throughout the country. The JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, with the view of giving every possible useful information to its more remote subscribers and placing them upon an equal footing with those in the larger localities, introduced the publication of these lists among its Prices Current, and continued them as as fairly as possible throughout the fluctuations of the latter years of the policy. A time has arrived at length, however, when the continuation of these quotations would be rather misleading than serviceable to the retail trade, and after persistent endeavours to get at anything like a fixed selling price for the now greatly increased number of brands, we have concluded to discontinue them until order is again restored,-until prices are fixed on some reliable basis. The figures recently published are being cut considerably, and this cutting is not alone on the part of the mills, or the wholesalers : we learn of many instances where retailers have been-and are still-selling at or below the wholesale prices. Goods can be bought to-day not only in Montreal retail shops but in remote sections of the country at prices below what the goods could be produced for at the mills. Greys are being retailed 31 cents a yard; a certain brand, G, the wholesale price of which was fixed some time since at six cents a yard can be bought at retail stores in St. Lawrence Main street, this city, for five cents; bags quoted at \$23.50 have been sold within a fortnight in the west at \$20.75, and there was a hard struggle for another twenty-five cents off; another brand, "W," has been sold by one or two pretty large western houses at \$20. the price paid for the bags in this city, thus giving the retailer, besides the freight, the advantage of thirty days longer credit. The retailer of the present day usually knows that this selling under cost means a very handsome profit on some other lines which he wants to buy. White cottons have experienced a drop generally of about 15 per cent from our recent quotations. But white cottons have suffered as much probably from under-consumption as from over-production. The low price and superior quality of greys, which were the first to feel the drop, drew the attention of the masses-the wife and daughter of the farmer and the artisan-more particularly to these goods, and the bleaching of grey cottons, however slow and imperfect, is an operation in which many a housewife takes some personal pride. The firmness and thickness of grey goods-the honesty implied by a ten per cent stiffening-caused the more delicate bleached goods to be neglected in those days,—a condition of things which no longer prevails under the great improvement in the one and a greater economy in the other. But it would seem as though the economy followed low prices rather than preceded them.

But 'tis a long lane that has no turning, and manufacturers cannot always go on making goods for the mere sake of keeping their mills in operation. The stocks of cottons in first hands are getting pretty well reduced, and it is somewhat significant that a certain powerful western buyer was recently, as stated, unable to secure a supply of greys at the figure paid last season. There is also some disposition to secure fair lots of bleached goods for next summer's trade, but, whether prompted by foresight or by mere speculation it is difficult to determine-probably a mixture of both. At all events, it is scarcely possible that any change in prices can be in any direction except upwards, unless indeed the Quixotic idea recently suggested should take effect --- and a few of the largest mills take time by the forelock and combine to drive the others to the wall. Some large mills who required it have recently been enabled to strengthen themselves, and one or two others are on the way, a condition of things which, so far as stocks and their particular lines are concerned, is a guarantee of greater steadiness in prices.

THE SILKEN THREAD.

We must confess that we have a little hesitation in noticing the articles, which have recently appeared in the Opposition press, criticizing some remarks of the Hon. Mr. Caron during his late visit to New Brunswick. It appears that when referring to the existing connection between Great Britain and Canada, Mr. Caron compared it to a "silken thread." and, for so doing, has been assailed in terms so violent, that we own that we hesitate to believe that the writers were sincere. There is a reason given for the censure which we have noticed. Some journals on the other side have been as violent in their attacks on the Hon. G. W. Ross, for having vindicated the right of free discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of the political system under which we live. We cannot recollect precisely the nature of the attack on Mr. Ross, but there can be no doubt that the fullest right of discussion is acknowledged in Canada, and that several of our newspapers are avowed supporters of separation from the Mother Country.

Whatever may have been the indiscretion of the assailants of the Hon. Mr. Ross, we fail to comprehend that it justifies the attack on Mr. Caron, who described, very happily in our opinion, the nature of the subsisting connection under which Canada enjoys practical independence, while preserving its connection with the Great Empire of which it forms a part, and its loyalty to a Sovereign, who has no more attached subjects in any part of her Dominions than those in Canada. We ought not to omit to notice that Mr. Caron's comparison is said to derive significance from a subsequent remark of his colleague, Mr. Costigan, who impressed on his audience the necessary consequence that would follow the breaking of that "silken thread " to which Mr. Caron had referred. That consequence would most assuredly be annexation to the United States, with or without our consent. We think that Mr. Costigan was fully warranted in giving the intimation that he did, and we only wish that his words may have produced the desired impression, not only on his audience, but on the many thoughtless advocates of independence. A bright luminary of this class actually proposed a few years ago, when advocating independence in a political tract, that it should be guaranteed by Great Britain. This we thought at the time about the coolest proposition that we had ever read. We have not seen it suggested of late, but of all the absurd forecasts that are made from time to time, the most absurd is a second independent republic on this continent. When reference is made to Sir John Macdonald's having on some occasion declared that the result separation would necessarily be of annexation, and not independence, it ought to be likewise pointed out that the late Hon. George Brown was notoriously of the same opinion.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

We were unavoidably prevented from noticing in our last issue the statement of the business of the Bank of Montreal during the half year which terminated on the 31st Oct. As was fully anticipated, the profits were not quite equal to those of the preceding year, but they were amply sufficient to meet the usual dividend of 5 per cent. and to increase the contingent fund by \$369,447. We subjoin a statement of the assets and liabilities on 31st Oct. last, and on the same date in 1884. It will be seen that there has been an increase in the circulation and deposits not bearing interest

and a decrease in the deposits bearing There is a decrease in the nterest. loans and a considerable increase in the gold and Dominion notes. The statement must be very satisfactory to the shareholders :---

ABBETS.

:	October Bist, 1883.	October 31sı, 1884.
Balance, profit and loss. Profit for half year	\$414,860 692,668	\$306,452 662,994
Total Less dividend	\$1,014,860 600,000	\$969,447 600,000
-	\$414,860	\$369,447
LIABILI	TIES.	
· ·	Det., 1883.	Oct., 1884.
Oirculation Deposits without interest Deposits bearing interest	7,293,917	\$7,031,258 7,874,011 12,489,000
ASSE	ra.	
Loans and discounts	529,748,049 181,431	\$28,591,642 231,487

Loans and discounts \$	29,748,049 \$	28,591,642
Overdue debts secured	181,431	231,487
Overdue debts not secur-	•	
ed	257,816 2,101,246	305,790 2,829,000
Gold and coin	2,101,246	2,829,000
Government demand	• •	
notes	2,364,346	3,580,000
1	• •	• •

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD, G.C.B.

The elevation of the Canadian Premier to the highest grade of the Most Honorable order of the Bath is a fitting testimony of the appreciation by the Sovereign of valuable public sorvices extending over a period of forty years. It may be reasonably supposed that although it was impossible to announce the intention of the Queen at the time of Sir John's sudden departure, and although he availed himself of the opportunity of consulting his London physician, yet the main cause of his recent visit was a request from the Secretary of State that he should repair to London to receive the contemplated mark of Royal approbation. Although his warm political adherents will naturally be most exuberant in their rejoicings, yet all must admit that the distinction has been conferred on one who has received the strongest marks of the approbation of the Canadian people.

MANITOBA WHEAT .- Mr. Alex. Mitchell of this city, the well-known grain merchant, is about to proceed to Manitoba, with the object of purchasing large quantities of wheat, to be stored at Port Arthur and other points in readiness for early shipment east. The total quantity required is said to be one million bushels, and it is understood that Mr. Mitchell has secured the co-operation of some wealthy gentlemen, one or two of them connected with the Canadian Pacific Railway. No bank can the Canadian Pacific Rativay. No bank can assume any great risk in advancing lialf a million dollars or more on such conditions as the enterprise can offer. The Manitoba farmers and the entire mercantile community of the North-West cannot fail to benefit by such a movement, especially the former who have hitherto been exposed to a system of grading which is too arbitrary to be always used. which is too arbitrary to be always just, Farmers should turn their attention, however, to the exclusive cultivation of what is com-

monly known as Manitoba Hard Wheat, which is nearly twice as valuable as some of the inferior kinds produced, and does not cost any more to cultivate. Many of the difficulties in disappear under the cultivation of such a uniform product, especially in a fertile soil like that of the North-West, where the seed is not likely to deteriorate as in older fields.

THE FEDERAL BANK OF CANADA.

MR. YARKER'S REPORT.

To the President and Directors of the Federal Bank of Canada.

GENTLEMEN,-I was appointed General Manager of the Bank on Saturday night, the 28th of June, and was at my post on the following Monday morning; the Bank of Montreal, in whose service I had been for nearly thirty years, having with kind consideration promptly released me.

Immediately upon taking charge I became actively engaged arranging and financing to meet the heavy run, which had commenced about a week previously, upon the deposits and circulation of the bank. I was tied down for over a month to this imperative duty; the difficulty and importance of which is shown by the fact that the bank promptly and successfully redeemed over \$5,000,000. I was generously assisted by temporary loans from other banks, to the extent of over \$2,000,000, all of which has since been repaid, except about \$250,000, not yet due, but which has been provided for.

Such a very large liquidation, in so short a time, is without precedent in Canada. In addition to this, many of our borrowing customers made arrangements with other banks, and thus carried on their business without interruption. It is simply impossible to over-estimate the value to the trade of the country of thus unlocking, at a time of unusual alarm and excitement, such a large amount of money, and of the quiet, speedy, and effective transfer to other banks of so many accounts. And here I may mention that in my judgment the bank was carrying far too much business for its capital, even were the latter all intact; so that parting with a large number of accounts was a necessity, apart from the changed position of the bank.

Much of my time also, even up to the last moment, was hourly taken up in securing, arranging and adjusting a number of heavy accounts that the Bank was sustaining to its own serious inconvenience, so that my inspec-tion was greatly delayed. To make my work as perfect and complete as possible. I visited every important branch, except Winnipeg. I obtained full returns, made up at two different periods. In most cases I went over them first with the managers, and afterwards independently to form my own opinion.

In the case of Winnipeg, as it would take a month to inspect, I was unable to perform the duty myself. I, however, sent up one of our senior and successful managers, who is a well tried and trained banker, to inspect. He did this in a complete manner, taking his own time to go through the work. A month later, Mr. Strathy went up to endeavor to effect some-

settlements and adjustments, based upon the valuable information obtained through the inspector. He remained about a month at Winnipeg. I also obtained full and complete statements from the local manager, who had been about three months in sole charge. The result was that the independent estimates and valuations of the three gentlemen came practically to the same conclusion. I then spent hours and days over these different statements ; and I feel that the work has been as well done as if I had gone to Winnipeg myself.

At the conclusion of this careful inspection of the whole Bank, I regret to state that I find the losses are unexpectedly large-full particulars of which, with details, you will find in the statements placed in your hands some days ago ; making it necessary to charge Capital Account to provide for

Bad debts Doubtful debts		- , ,		
- .		_	\$2,973,277	31

Less at credit of :	
Rest account \$1,500 000	
Profit and loss	
account 30,876 33	1,530,876 33
Total reduction of capital for	
losses	1,442,400 98
In addition to which the fol-	
owing are provided for :	
Bank note account.	\$24,597 37
Original cost of plates, etc.,	
now written off in full.	
Real estate account	11,347.99
To bring the properties to a	· ·
readily saleable value.	
Bank premises account	19,739 86
To bring them down to a closer	•
value.	
Discount and interest account	75,000 00
For interest due on	
deposits \$25,000	
For rebate of dis-	1
count on cur-	
rent discounts	
and loans 50,000	
Profit and loss account	76,913-80
To provide meanwhile against	
any contingency arising out	· · · ·
of old debts.	
Rest account	100,000

Of the capital of 30,000 shares (\$3,000,000), 6,628 shares (\$662,800) have reverted to the bank from insolvent debtors, principally the Commercial Loan and Stock Co., of which I recommend 5,000 shares, or \$500,000 should be cancelled in full for the reasons stated hereinafter.

The remaining capital, 25,000 shares, \$2,-500,000, I recommend should be reduced to 12,500 shares, or \$1,250,000, equivalent to one share for two, or 50 per cent to the shareholders, making the following accounts in our new balance sheet, if ratified by our shareholders and Parliament, stand thus :---

Capital \$1,250,000 00 Being 50 per cent to the shareholders.

Discount and interest account ... 75,000 00 Reserved for inter-

est due on deposits.....

\$125,000

728

Reserved for re-	
bate on cur-	a .
rent paper	
under discount 59,000	
Profit and loss account	76,913 80
To protect contingencies aris-	
ing out of old accounts.	
Rest	100,000 00

Rest 100,000 00 I recommend the cancellation in full of the 5000 shares, \$500,000 being part of the stock that has reverted to the bank; because,

First. Its appearance as part of the paid-up stock, in our Government statement, is misleading inasmuch as the proper construction of such an item is that it represents capital paid into the bank in money, by bona fide shareholders, while, as a matter of fact, in this case it is no such thing.

Second. It conveys the misleading idea that it represents to the depositor and note-holder a double liability, whereas in reality, being our own property, it has no such force.

Third. The debtors, principally the Commercial Loan and Stock Co., through whom the slock reverts, are insolvent; and thus the double liability clause in the Banking Act is in no way affected by the cancellation.

Fourth. Its cancellation puts out of the bank's hands an element of friction, danger, and speculation, and enables us to divide a larger percentage among the outside bona fide shareholders, in a manner more satisfactory in every respect than any other plan, such as holding it as an asset, could do.

Fifth: Cancellation will make room and lead the way for a fresh issue of stock, should it be found necessary and desirable hereafter in the prosecution of our business to increase the capital to \$1,500,000, which seems to be the amount most generally desired by the friends of the Bank.

I notice it has been suggested that for some personal advantage hereafter, or other reason, there is a possibility of my over-estimating the losses. It is hardly necessary to say that the personal reason does not exist; but it is no weakness to admit that in estimating losses to such a large extent, over such a wide field, it is quite possible to err on the right side in my desire to make the Bank safe. If this should turn out to be the case to any appreciable extent, it will enable us, if we offer you by-andbye the S250.000 new stock referred to above, to put the subscription at a moderate price. Should we manage our business so as to secure the confidence of depositors and note-holders and the appreciation of sound business people, it is reasonable to suppose that an issue of new stock to such a small extent would be taken up in a bona fide manner; and the Banking Act enables us to do this at any time.

I am bound, however, to state that I have had no person al feeling in the matter. I have simply performed my task, under unprecedented difficulties, to the best of my ability, and with the single intention of doing precisely what I believed to be right towards both creditors and owners.

It forms no part of my mission to criticize, find fault, and discuss the *cause* of the losses. I will therefore, with your permission, dismiss this part of the subject : remarking, triefly, and in a general way, that I attribute the losses to

over-trading, far too large credits, stock operations and the want of a strong Inspection Department; added to which was the general depression and shrinkage all over the country during the past two or three years.

I think it, however, due to the shareholders to make some special reference to the three principal items of loss; namely—the Michigan Lumber Account, the loss and lock-up in Manitoba, and the loss by the Commercial Loan & Stock Company.

It would be unprofitable and I think irritating and therefore impolitic, to go into the history of these matters in detail; and moreover it would take many hours to do so. The two first may be classed under the general heading of excessive credits, to which I have before referred; and seeing that the mischief was already done, and irreparable, the only wise course in my opinion, was the definite and firm one which has been adopted.

With regard to the Michigan Lumber Account, it has been at a great but ultimate sacrifice placed upon a sound footing by a sale of all the property—consisting of undoubtedly valuable timber limits, saw-mills and plant—to Col. D. Tisdale, on such terms and conditions of security as enabled me to put a positive value upon the asset which, in my judgment, we are sure to realise.

It will be apparent to everyone that very little can just now be done with the Manitoba business beyond getting all available security and working it out. Where there is a reasonable probability of a fuller realization by granting time, this course will be taken. As a rule a quick realisation at first loss is the best; but Manitoba appears to be an exception to some extent. Still, the speedy closing up of all bad and doubtful debts will be the rule where the other course shows too much uncertainty and takes too long time in winding up.

With regard to the Commercial Loan & Stock Co., I called in to my assistance eminent and disinterested counsel, from whom I was glad to learn that the Company was at least legally competent to advance upon bank stocks. After much consideration the policy adopted was to take over all its assets, instead of selling out its Federal Bank Stock, which would not have been so advantageous, as by taking the stock. and afterwards cancelling it in full, the sacrifice involved was much less for the Bank than it otherwise would have been. The liability of the shareholders of the Company on their unpaid stock I am dealing with now, under the advice of the same counsel, and I expect very shortly to complete the liquidation of the Company and forever terminate its existence.

In addition to writing off every known bad and doubtful debt, I have created a reserve fund of \$100,000, and have left at credit of Profit and Loss account \$76,013.80. The latter is not to be available for dividend in December, as that course under the Banking Act is forbidden; but it will meanwhile be kept as a protection to old business in regard to which fresh contingencies may arise.

The amount written off Real Estate will enable us to sell out this undesirable asset at an early date, as the properties are not of an improving kind.

The amount written off Bank Note Account, representing the cost incurred in plates and printing our Bank-notes, some years since, and the amounts reserved to meet interests due on our deposits and rebate of interest upon discounts, loans, &c, not yet due, is a policy which will readily commend itself.

In the changed circumstances of the Bank it¹ became necessary to reduce expenses, which I am sorry to say brought me into direct contact with the officers, by reducing salaries in some cases and in others asking retirement from the service. This was done as soon practicable, in a quiet, frank and equitable manner, and although it affected a large number of good men, with whom I was sorry to part, scarcely a complaint was made. A saving of \$45,000 per annum has been accomplished, the full effect of which will be seen after the 31st of December. This policy will b⁶ further extended in proper time.

For the economic reason, and for the important and necessary purpose of concentration and restriction, it became advisable to close some of the Branches. The Montreal and Petrolia Branches have already been closed and the business wound up. In the case of the Montreal office, the Bank of Montreal have become our Agents on fair business terms. This policy will probably be extended by closing up one or two more undesirable or unprofitable Branches.

To avoid losses as much as possible hereafter, making non-banking loans, however safe, or drifting into lock-ups, I have introduced a system of daily check; the simple and effective operation of which has already become apparent, in addition to saving much tedious labor.

I cannot, howsver, put an absolute stop to losses, as they are incident to every business. The only promise I can make is that by confining our advances to proper business enterprises, and within reasonable limits, losses when made will show some justifiable propertion to the amount of our undertakings.

In the disarranged state of our affairs, the business of the bank has of course greatly suffered, but I am encouraged to believe that we can now restore and remodel it to advantage, and resume our dividends at an early date. The shareholders can materially assist us in this, and I cordially invite their co-operation. I propose to regulate and administer the business with conomy, consistent with efficiency, and shall endeavor to adhere firmly to those strong business principles which alone can carry the Bank on safely and creditably.

I must not close the report without acknowledging my indebtedness to the managers of the Bank, who loyally assisted me in my efforts, and generally necorded with my conclusions Mr. Strathy's store of information was very useful in assisting me to work out many difficulties; and, under specially trying circumstances, his co-operation and ultimate agreement with the result of my ins, ection were very gratifying.

It only remains now to ask you to pass such resolution at the shareholders' meeting as will enable us to get down. to Parliament to reconstruct our capital, in accordance with such resolutions, and with as little delay as possible. I need hardly add that I find 1 have accepted a great and unusual responsibility, and I pledge myself to remain firm and faithful to the trust and to work out the success of the bank to the utmost of my ability.

> I am, Gentlemen, faithfully yours, GEORGE W. YARKER,

General Manager.

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Correspondence.

MR. PERRY'S LUMBER SURVEY. The Editor of the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE:

Sin, --I have read with much interest the very voluminous and inconclusive report of Mr. Alfred Perry in reference to the city of Ottawa, its Lumber District and its Fire Department, and take the liberty of commenting thereupon. In the first place I would like to know what experience Messes. McLean and Saulter have previously had in inspecting and rating sawmill or lumber risks, and if their experience is sufficient to enable them to appreciate the cumulative hazard of the Ottawa Lumber District

I agree with Mr. Perry that the rules of the Tarilf Association are impossible of application to this district, and that most of the policies written on lumber there situate are void or voidable upon a strict interpretation of the conditions attached thereto, and 'that some general principle should be adopted for the mutual protection of assured and assurers ; but I believe this can only be effected by a conference between the mill owners and some practical insurance expert. I also agree with Mr. Perry that Goad's plans do not give the companies any idea of the extent of the risk of this district, and especially in that they cannot show the extreme danger, which Mr. Perry so forcibly and properly emphasizes, arising from the constant presence of tugs and steam barges during the shipping season, as the danger from these is much more than that from any steam saw mill or match factory can be.

I regret, however, to have to differ from Mr. Perry on several points, although I believe that he will agree with me when he reconsiders the matters to which I am about to refer.

First, then, I think Mr. Perry did not study the natural conformation of the locality and its influence upon the prevailing winds, or he would have decided that, in the event of a serious fire, his proposed Floating Steam Fire Engine would be unable to be brought into operation, because the draft of the wind must almost certainly be down the stream, and, if so, the engine would have to run down stream to escape destruction. Any lumber fire must be fought on its flank, with the men and appliances to windward ; no mortal man would attempt to fight a large lumber fire if it were to windward of himself and his appliances, consequently any apparatus, to be of use, must be up-stream from the fire in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

I do not think the Eddy Works are endangered by the lumber, except it be those on the lower side of the match factory, as their present situation, construction, and appliances would enable the Hull and Eddy firemen to protect all the buildings on the upper side of the road, using the match factory as a barner behind which to fight in almost any known state of the wind. Sherman, Lord & Hurdman's mill and any lumber adjacent thereto are much more hazardous to the Eddy Factories than the lumber below the road, and unless the wind was very violent there is not much danger, from them. Mr. Perry corrects himself as to the danger to these properties in a subsequent paragraph.

I think Mr. Perry's remarks about the city of Chicago and the Ottawa Valley Fire are not quite applicable to the subject, because of the general construction of the buildings in Ottawa and the formation of the locality. A fire to imperil the city of Ottawa must commence, not at Eddy's Island Point but behind the Match Factory, and it must have a wind not blowing up the river, as it scarcely ever does, but across the river—or it must commence near Perley & Pattee's with a wind slightly across the river —either of which cases are more probable on account of the probabilities of the wind currents, and then either Hull or Ottawa may suffer severely.

Mr. Perry says: "I have no hesitation in saying that the fire department of Ottawa is second to noue in the Dominion, and is, with its present head, a credit to the city."

I would like to ask Mr. Perry when he was in Ottawa during the occurrence of a fire? I know of three fires in Ottawa, one in the Wellington Ward market, one in a Boiler shop, and one in a livery stable behind the Grand Union Hotel, and I know that none of these furnish practical testimony to the efficiency of the fire department of the city of Ottawa, but most emphatically condemn it. As to the discipline of the force, which is perhaps the best test of the efficiency of the chief. I have never heard, amongst a crowd of drunken shanty men more vile language than was used by the firemen toward each other at the time of the livery stable fire, and I have never seen so little system displayed by any force in the extinguishment of a fire. Then I should be glad to know what appliances are continuously kept in working order' Is the large engine always supplied with horses and engineer, or is it the subject of continuous debate and caprice, and has the city anything with which to fight a fire in any store or warehouse without doing damage by water more than is necessary ?

Mr. Perry's suggestion to remove seventyfive per cent of the lumber is a sensible one, if it is practicable. I think the mill owners will say that there is no other ground available for piling upon; but is it not a fact that the American lumber dealers often leave lumber at Ottawa, in preference to having it shipped immediately, because the rates of insurance are lower at Ottawa than in the United States? if so, the increase of rates to the U. S. Standard will cause a diminution of the hazard.

Three feet of space every sixty feet or between every pile would be useless in the *midst* of a lumber fire. Mr. Perry's suggestion to appeal to Hercules or the Dominion Government is equally absurd. If the lumbermen of Ottawa are entitled to Government aid in the protection of their property from fire, why are not those of Georgian Bay and other places? No, make it the interest of the mill owners to lesson the hazard, and they will do it in a practical manner as *they* know and appreciate the danger.

One of the most sensible of the many very sensible suggestions made by Mr. Perry is for the removal of the refuse and kindling wood from the vicinity of the mills and from the Chaudiere Suspension Bridge; cleanliness, care and constant vigilance by patrol men, with an efficient fire alarm system in all parts of the pilling ground, and an efficient force of firemen

in Ottawa and Hull, with necessary equipment kept constantly available, are the only means of preventing a calamity; removal of part of the lumber may lessen the danger, but there must always remain an extraordinary hazard so long as the Ottawa lumber mills are kept at work.

> Yours truly, EXPERIENCE.

Nov. 20, 1884.

JOSEPH E. SEAGRAM

DISTILLER,

WATERLOO, ONTARIO.

Alcohol, 65 O.P.

Pure Spirits, 65 O.P.

Pure Spirits, 50 O.P.

Pure Spirits, 25 U.P

Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies

Sole manufacturer of the celebrated

WHITE WHEAT WHISKEY.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Nov. 20, 1884.

The last ocean steamers of the season are about leaving, and the maritime trade of this port will cease for another five or six months. We are therefore entering upon the dullest season of the year, and little or no improvement in general business may be expected until the spring trade fairly opens. With some of our wholesale houses preparations are already being made for stock-taking and the balancing of the year's business. Stock sales for the week :

Banks. Commerce Merchants Molsons Montreal Ontario Peoples Toronto	Shares. 732 39 64 1136 15 25 372	Highest price, 1181 1103 108 1894 106 43 1723	Lowest price. 112 1074 1075 184 106 43 171
Miscellancous. Gas Mon. Tel. Co Nor. West Land Passenger Richelieu & Ontario Dundas Cot. Co	900 25 25 50 325 55	$176 \\ 1103 \\ 39 \\ 113 \\ 573 \\ 20$	174 <u>4</u> 110 <u>3</u> 39 113 56 <u>1</u> 20

BOOTS AND SHOPS.—Some manufacturing firms report a better business than others, but on the whole there appears to be less activity than at this time last year. Jobbers have done a very satisfactory trade during the past two weeks, quite a number of country buyers having been in the city, most of whom have bought some good lines on 30 days, whilst others have come down with not cash. Spring samples have now heen completed and forwarded to those Western jobbing firms which have urgently called for them. Remittances continue fair.

CoAL.—It seems that all the principal coal dealers but one are anxious to advance the price of anthracite c al, but the obstinacy of the obstructionist has so far thwarted their object, and stove and chestnut can still be had at \$6.00 per net ton delivered and egg and furnace at \$5.75. Larger quantities can be had at a shading from those prices. The colder spell of the past few days has not increased business to the extent that some dealers had anticipated. In steam coal the stock of Scotch is light, and prices are firmer at \$4.75 to \$5.03, Pictou \$4 to \$4.25, and Cape Breton \$3.50 to \$3.75.

DAIRY PRODUCE .- Butter, - Whilst no concessions have yet been submitted to by holders of fancy fall ends there is evidently a quieter feeling developing even on such qualities, and 26c may be considered a pretty full figure for a top average, just as 22c represents the extreme average limit for choice Eastern Townships. The great bulk of the stock is very difficult to move except at material concessions from outdor rates. Advices from the Lower from quoted rates. Advices from the Lower Ports do not indicate the slightest solicitude to add to supplies there, and as for England, she wants only the selections of our best creameries and dairies, which have been pretty well exhausted already, leaving large stocks of a class of goods on hand which will have to await a more favorable opportunity for its disposition. Rolls are quiet at 18c to 19c for fine Western, and 20c to 211c for Morrisburg. Checse .- A s'eady market prevails for good to choice qualities, considerable Canadian cheese having recently been placed on English orders, the fact of values being relatively higher in New York than here having afforded an excellent opening for Montreal shippers, who were not slow in availing themselves thereof. There are, however, considerable supplies to go forward yet, before the production of 1884 will be exhausted, although, of course, there are about six months left in which to accomplish that result. It is estimated that about 120,000 to 130,000 boxes will be left in Canada at the close of navigation. The total shipments from this It is estimated that about 120,000 to port for the past season of navigation will be n round figures about 1,100,000 boxes, against 35,000 boxes last year. Quotations are un-835,000 boxes last year. Quotations are un-changed, as follows : Western-Fine to finest 113c to 113c, fair to good 103c to 114c, early makes 9c to 103c. French-Fine to finest 11c to 11½c, fair to good 10c to 10½c, early makes 8½c to 9¾c, skims 5c to 7½c.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.--Orders have materially fallen off for general drugs since last ssue, but no radical changes have occurred in prices. Quinine still lacks strength, and is quoted at \$1.20 to \$1.25 for Howard's and at \$1.10 to \$1.15 for German in bulk. Morphia quiet but steady at \$2.20 to \$2.30. Optim steady at \$4.25 to \$4.50. Heavy chemicals are generally quiet, but, owing to limited importations, values as a rule are firm. Bleaching powdar is held very firmly, its increased demand for disinfecting purposes in Paris having strengthened prices abroad. Here it is quoted strong at \$2.40 to \$2.50 for round lots. In other kinds there is little or no.change.

Eccs.—It is difficult to exceed 21c for heldstock, which has sold at 20c to 21c during the week. Any thing fresh would probably bring 22c, and strictly new-laid command still ligher rates. Receipts are only moderate.

FISH.- Notwithstanding that the supply of Labrador herring is known to be exceedingly light, being very little over 4,000 bbls, buyers are by no means auxious to secure stocks.at present prices, either here or in the States. Sales have been made in jobbing lots at \$6.25, although holders want 25c more. The demand is principally for Cape Breton herring, which have changed hands at \$5 to \$5.25. Green Cod is steadily held at \$4 for No. 1 in quantities. Dry Cod is plentiful and weak at \$3.50 to \$3.75 for Nova Scotian, and at \$4,00 to \$4.25 for Newfoundland. North Shore salmon has been offered at \$14 per tierce.

GRAIN AND FLOUR--The feature in the grain trade of the past week was the announcement of the intended departure of Mr. Alexander Mitchell, the well-known grain merchant of this city, for Winnipeg, for the alleged purpose of buying up wheat, in order to build up an export trade in Manitoba Fyfe wheat. It is known, however, that some of Mr. Mitchell's backers have business connections with the Canada Pacific Railway Co. The statement that discriminating rates will be granted by the Company to the combination of wheat buyers referred to, is denied. The last sales of Canada No. 2 red winter and spring wheat were made at 80c, but holders are asking 83c, although 80c would have to be accepted, if not less, in case the market was forced. Pease are fully le to through at 72}c cents afloat, and at 71c in our through at 72}c cents afloat, and at 71c in car lots. Corn is purely nominal at 70c, duty paid. Oats are quiet at 30 je to 31 je, and rye is almost unsaleable, and would not bring over 56c or 57c if offered for sale. Barley unchanged at 48c to 55c for common kinds, and at 60c to 65c for fine to choice malting kinds. Mult is quoted at 75c to 83c. The flour market has again broken under accumulating stocks and a limited demand, prices being fully loc lower on the week. Oatmeal and commeal are lower. Pot barley \$4.25 per bbl., and penrl barley \$6.50. Bran \$13 to \$15 per ton, and shorts \$15 to \$17 per ton.

GREEN FRUIT, &C.—The market is glutted with apples, and prices are crowded to a very low basis,sales of good winter assortments having been made at \$1.80 to \$2.00 in car lots; choice red stock' selling at \$2.05 to \$2.15 and fancy straight selections are held at higher figures. Stocks in the city are large and considerable quantities have gone into store in the country. The English market has become weaker during the week. Florida oranges are quoted at \$5.50 to \$6.00 per box. Almeria grapes are turning out disappointing in quality and prices rauge from \$4.75 to \$6.00 as to quality. Cranberries \$13 to \$15 per bbl., for Cape Cod: Cocoanuts \$5 per 100. Sweet potatoes \$4 to \$4.76 per case. Montreal potatoes are steady at 40c to 45c per bag.

GROCERIES .- A fair turnover has been experienced in refined sugar, granulated having changed hands at 6%c with that figure shaded for round parcels. Yellows have been placed at 41c to 53c for low grade to bright grades, extra choice being held as high as 6c. The general situation of the foreign market has again lapsed into a quiet and easy phase, the crop of beet root on the Continent of Europe being now known to amount to a large yield of good average quality, and this knowledge has a dispiriting effect upon buyers. Raw sugar is dull, there being no increased necessity of action on the part of refiners, and refining grades are quoted at 41e to 4 5-8e for 86 to 87 test, and grocery at 43e to 5 1-8 as to color. Molasses are a drug upon the market, and buyers continue to hold off. A few small and buyers continue to hold off. A few small lots of Barbadoes have changed hands at 314c to 32c, but round lots it is said could be secured at a good shading from these prices. Porto Rico 26c to 27c, and Trinidad, 234c to 244c. Syrups are unchanged at 28c to 50c per 243c. Syraps are interninged need fruit market and the store of the store of the store of the store of the has not undergone any important change since this day week, Valencia raisins being firm at 84c to 84c. The New York market has advanced to 74c in bond, which would cost over 9c to lay Valencias down in this market form the avantation of the store to file from that quarter. Currants ofc to 6fc. Sultana raising quiet at 6% to 76. Samos raising in kegs 12c to 124c. Prunes are offered at very: low prices, both on spot and to arrive, one or two lots of French having changed hands at 42c to 44c, and prices range from 44c

to 5c as to quality. Figs are plentiful and prices are easy. Malaga figs in mats 44 to 44c, boxes steady at 12c for 11b. Natural figs in 56 lb boxes, 54 to 6c, in 10 lb. boxes, 114 c for first and 11c for seconds, and 9 lb. boxes at 11c. Figs in 80lb. bags at 54 c to 6c. Malaga raisins are in very light supply, and prices remain firm at former quotations. In nuts there is a limited business. Tarragona almonds 14c to 15c; shelled almonds (Vilencias) at 26c to 28c; Languedoc almonds (Vilencias) at 26c to 28c; Languedoc almonds 14c to 144c. Walnuts are nominal. The tea market is without the slightest animation. A few sales of black continue to be made for English account at 94 c to 1s 1d, whilst the lower grades run as low as 53d. Here sales of Japans are quoled at 18c to 214c for medium to good, with fine bringing 30c to 304c. Coffee is quiet but steady, especially for Rio and Jamaica, stocks of which are limited. The former is quoted at 11c to 124c, and the latter at 13c to 16c as to quality. Brown Java 15c to 17c, and old Government 194 to 22c. Moclas 23c up to 30c, as to quantity and quality. Spices are about steady; black pepper 16% c to 17d, and old Government 194 to 22c. Moclas 25c up to 30c, as to quantity and quality. Spices are about steady; black pepper 16% c to 18c; Chilis, 14c to 18c; cassia, 8c to 92c; and pimento, 54c to 7c. Rice dull at 23.50. Regarding the profits on tea, a sale of 20 half-chests of very choice Congou was recently sold at a figure which made a profit of \$2.50, or equal to 25c per 1b.

Hibis, ETC.—A quiet but steady market has ruled during the week, sales of No. 1 green city hides having changed hands at $8\frac{1}{2}$ c, and No. 1 cured have been purchased by tanners at $9\frac{1}{2}$ c to $9\frac{1}{2}$ c. In Western States hides the market is quiet but steady, although prices in Chicago, have declined 1-8c during the week. Here sales have been made of a car of No. 1 buff at $9\frac{1}{2}$ c, and a car at 95-8c; also a car of Toronto hides at 95-8c for No. 1 and 91-8c for No. 2. Hamilton hides are quoted at $9\frac{1}{2}$ c No. 1 and $8\frac{1}{2}$ c No. 2. Western bulls $7\frac{1}{2}$ c to 8c. Lambskins are purely nominal at 12c to 13c.

Hors.—A further decline of 1c to 2c per lb. has taken place in the price of hops, the sale of a lot of 950 lbs of very choice having transpired at 15c, and a lot of a few bales, said to be really fine, was sold at 14c. The absence of any export demand is as conspicuous as ever, as prices both in England and on the Continent have receded, according to late cable advices, fully 2c per lb. For shipment to England hops need to be bought at 10c per lb. in this market, and then there would be very little, if any, money in them.

LEADS AND PAINTS.—Now that orders have been filled by the last boats, there is a general lull in business, and very little stir is now looked for until the spring orders commence to come in. Dry lead is still firm, white \$4.50 to \$5, and red do, \$4.25 to \$4.50. White lead in oil \$4.50 for ordinary to \$6.25 and \$6.50 for firsts.

LEATHER.—A generally quiet but steady tone characterizes this market, the orders coming in being of a hand-to-mouth character, and not at tall calculated to induce the least excitement. Sill dealers inform us that a fair amount of business is being done, although in quite an unostentatious manner. In sole leather the scarcity of plump No. 1 B. A. and slaughter is as marked a feature as ever, and full prices are obtained therefore. On the ordinary grades, however, buyers find terms easy. In black leather there has been a few calls for harness, a lot of 100 sides of medium changing hands at 28c, and one of 60 sides at the same figures. In waxed upper there is no change, nor is there aught to report of any moment in buff or splits, save that shipments are still being made to the English market, a lot of the former going forward this week. Here buff is quoted at 14c to 16c for No. 1 and at 12c to 14c for No. 2. Fancy leather is steady. LUMBER.—The only change of any importance in the lumber trade during the past week has been an advance of \$5 per 1,000 feet for first and second black walnut. The total exports of lumber from this port to South America during the senson of unvigation, now about closed, is 30,000,000 feet against 18,760,000 feet for the corresponding period has year, showing the large increase of nearly 100 per cent. It is expected that the shipments of deals for the past senson will also show a material accession to those of last year.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits of turpentine is decidedly firmer, in sympathy with an advance of I c to $1\frac{1}{2}c$ per gallon in the States. Stocks here are now pretty well all in, which are said to be by no means excessive. Here prices have a stiffening tendency, and round lots are now heli at 48c to 484c, smaller parcels being quoted at 50c to 51c. If croins there has been a sharp advance in fine pale qualities, which stands to put considerable money into the coffers of one large firm here. There is not much change however, if any, in the commoner kinds, which are quoted at 52.25 to 52.75, and fine pale is firm at 4.75 to 53.50.

OLLS.—Fish oils are steady, but business drags in spite of the limited amount of stocks said to be held here. Cod oil is firmly held, and quoted at 58½c to 60c for Newfoundhand, but buyers do not evince the slightest desire to go beyond

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CORNER ST. JOHN.

Choice New Japan Teas Just Arriving, Direct Importations.

Close buyers visiting the market would find it to their advantage to give us a call before durchasing elsewhere.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Haddies,

Bloaters, Codfish, Salt Salmon, Salt Herrings, Canned Coods, &c., WHOLESALE. D. HATTON & CO., 18 Bonsecours St., Montreal.

their immediate wants, and therefore are content with buying small lots, and carrying little or no stock. Sales have been made during the week at between the above range of quotations. Halifax oil is quoted at 55c to 50c and Gaspe at 57c. Steam refined seal is steady, and stocks are pretty well concentrated in the hands of one firm. Quotations for steam refined are 53c to 60c, pale seal 57c, and straw seal 524 to 55c. Odd liver oil is quiet but steady at \$1.20 and \$1.35. Linseed oil is still firmly held, and at present prices here further importations cannot be made.

PETROLEUM.—Under a continued good enquiry the price of refined oil remains firm at 171-8c for car lots in store at $17\frac{1}{2}c$ to 18c for broken lots and at $18\frac{1}{2}c$ to 19c for single barrcls.

PROVISIONS.—Prices of Western mess pork have rapidly declined of late, having sold down \$2.50 to \$3.00 per bbl in a very short period, sales having transpired at \$16 per bbl for fairsized quantities, but car loads to arrive can be bought at even less money, probably at \$15.50and \$15.75. Extra prime pork in bond is offered at \$11 to \$11.25 per bbl. Western lard is stendy at $10\frac{1}{5}$ to $10\frac{1}{5}$ c in pails and Canadian at $10\frac{1}{5}$. Dressed hogs are quiet and steady. There is a small enquiry, and \$6.00 to \$6.25 is the quoted range.

Messrs, BOLLINGER & Have been Appointed CHAMPAGNE PURVEYORS To Her Majesty the Queen. R. C. IVISON'S Jerez de la Frontiera Sherry. Brand, "Crown Royal Banquet," the wine chosen-at the banquet given to their R.H. the Prince and Princess of Wales on the occasion of their marriage, by the Corporation of the City of London. GRAHAM'S OLD PORT! The leading house in Oporto and the world in Ports. Also the celebrated GEO. ROE IRISH WHISKEY, AND JAS. WATSON & CO.'S. Dundee, OLD LOCHABER SCOTCH WHISKEY James Cuest, Montreal, Agent for Canada for above. TO TWEED MANUFACTURERS. WANTED BY AN AGENT, JOB LINES OF WOOL TWEEDS, FOR WHICH CASH WILL BE PAID. Address, A.B. Office, "JOURNAL OF COMMERCE"

Raw Furs.—The skins which have come to hand this week embrace bear, skunk, muskrat, marten and mink, but the scarcity of dark prime furs is still a noticeable feature, in the receipts, and consequently the demand is by no means brisk for the majority of skins offering. Quotations are as follows :—Beaver, per 10., \$3 to \$3.50; bear per skin, \$8 to \$12; bear cub, per skin, \$4 to \$7; fisher, per skin, \$2 to \$5; red fax, per skin, \$2 to \$3; marten, per skin, 90 to \$5; lymx, per skin, \$2 to \$3; marten, per skin, 90 to \$5; lymx, to 10c; otter, per skin, \$5 to \$10; raecoon, per skin, 50c skunk, per skin, 40c to 60.

SALT.—Business is dull, stocks are mostly all in, and prices are steady at the recent decline, Prices quoted at 45c to 47½c for twelves and at 50c for elevens. Factory-filled at \$1.20 to \$1.40, and Eureka at \$2.40 per bag.

WINES AND SPIRITS. —A fair jobbing demand is all that can be claimed for this department, the speculative elements being defanct.

Wool.—The demand is small, buyers being very abstemious in their orders, and sellers very cautious in placing goods. Greasy Cape is the principal foreign wool offering, a few sales of which have taken place at 16½ c to 17c, about 22,500 lbs being reported sold at within that range since this day week. In Ganadian wool a few lots of supers continue to change hands at about former quotations, which are as follows: —A supers 26c to 27c, B do 22c to 23½ c, and unassorted at 18c to 20c as to quality. A lot of poor fleece was sold at 15c.

NOTICE.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada,

Having been advised that parties are offering to sell or lease Telephonic Instruments which are infringements of Patents owned and controlled by said Bell Telephone Company of Canada:

NOTICE is hereby given to the Public that each and every individual purchasing, leasing, or using such infringing instruments will immediately be sued by the BELL TELE-PHONE COMPANY OF CANADA for damages and penalties in accordance with the provisions of the Patent Act of Canada.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO OF CANADA.

By C. F. SISE,

Vice President.

Montreal, Nov. 13, 1884.

ALFRED J. TURCOT & CO., 366 St. Paul St., Montreal,

Are receiving weekly the latest styles in MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS, From European and American markets.

Black Goods a specialty in

Cashmere, Velvets, Velveteens, Ribbons and Ostrich Feathers a speciality. Special discounts to Cash Buyers.



DOMINION EXHIBITION 1884.

Five Bronze Medals, Highest Awards in their class, awarded to

H. SUGDEN EVANS & CO.

Wholesale Druggists, Manufacturing Pharmaceutical Chemists, Manufacturers of Druggists' Sundries, Savar's Toilet Preparations, &c.

BRONZE MEDAL.-Evans' Pharmaceutical Preparations.

BRONZE MEDAL.-Evans' Fluid Extracts of Medicinal Herbs.

- BRONZE MEDAL.-Evans' Natural and Artificial Fruit Essences and Flavoring Extracts.
- BRONZE MEDAL.-Collection of Fine Chemicals.

BRONZE MEDAL.-Evans' Perfumery and Savar's Toilet Requisites.

The Montserrat Lime-Fruit Juice and its Preparations obtained the Special GOLD MEDAL Dominion Exhibition 1883.

LABORATORIES, MILLS AND STORES, 35 to 41 ST. JEAN BAPTISTE STREET, MONTBEAL, CANADA.

23 FRONT STREET WEST, TORONTO.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS.

(Revised by Telegraph.)

TORONTO, NOV. 20, 1884.

We are enjoying a continuance of fine weather, and enduring a continuance of quiet if not dull trade. It is dull in some branches. Why it is so is not easily explained. The state of the weather is interfering with the movement of heavy woollens and general winter goods. That is understood. The dry goods retail trade in the city is described as very dull and the business unprofitable. But this is certain to mend, just as certain as it is that cold weather will succeed this Indian summer. But in other branches there is complaining about the state of trade as well. In hardware, groceries and boots and shoes, the story is similar, that trade is dull and the prospect is not cheerful. The movement of farm produce has been very satisfactory in the barley crop, but the wheat crop is not offering, and this hinders the circulation of money to an extent that hinders all other business. It is not expected that any improvement will be felt in general business during the remainder of this year. The situation is not cheerful, but it is not susceptible of any improvement as things are at present. Stocks of wholesale goods are still large, but not so burdensome as was expected. Country buyers are still limiting themselves to small orders in nearly all branches, and it is admittedly the best course for the present. It is a generally admitted opinion that the winter's trade will be restricted within small limits, that prices will be low, and business not profitable. Banks report commercial settlements fairly satisfactory, but merchants are not despondent. Discounts are not changed. Prime commercial paper is taken at 63, but the bulk is at 7 to 71 per cent. Sterling Exchange is firm at 108¹/₂ to 108¹/₂ for sixty-day bills. The Stock Exchange has been quiet with small fluctuations. Values are nominally unchanged in Bank, Loan Cos. and miscellaneous shares. Market closed dull and firm. Following are prices to-day compared with those of last Thursday :---

·	·····			
Banks.	Bid Nov. 20	Bid Nov. 18		Bid Bid Nov. Nov 20 18
Montreal.	1851	1841	Can. Per.	2101 216
Toronto	172		Freehold	161 166
Ontarlo	104]		Western Can	183 183
Merchante			Bldg. & Loan	1034 103
Commerce		115	Farmers' Loan .	1104 1004
Dominion	184	184	Lond. & Can'dn	1864 135
Hamilton.	114		Hurop & Erio	158 158
Btand'd	111	111	Dom. Savings	1
Federal	40	44	Ontario Loan	
Imper'l	128	128	Hamilton Prov	
Melsons			Imperial Sav	107 107

BOOTS AND SHORS.—There is a quiet trade doing, but operations are restricted, owing to the mild weather. Wholesale trade is confined to filing small orders, and manufacturers are limited to the immediate retail demand. A satisfactory feature reperted is that payments are improved. Also the knowledge that stocks in country stores are not large imparts a cortain confidence among manufacturing houses. The position seems to be such that whatever change takes place must be for the better.

COAL.—The trade continues quiet, although there has been more activity within the past week. The weather has grown colder, and delayed purchasers have come in. Prices are steady. Carslare quoted at \$5.50 for all grades; rotail prices remain at \$6 for all grades of hard coal, per ton delivered. Wood is \$5.50 per cord for best.

COAL OIL .-- Trade is active, and prices are firm. Petrolea reports sales at refinerius 14 je for large quantities, and increased figures for small lots. Prices here are irregular at 17c to 17 je for common refined, according to quantity, and 20c for carbou safety. American oil is in fair demand at 24c for prime and 27 je for water white.

FLOOR AND GRAIN. The breadstuffs markets are still depressed everywhere. Speculations about a diminished acceage next yearhave had no effect on prices. This market is not improved. Flour is inactive and easier. Superior extra is quoted at \$3,50 to \$3,55, with extra selling at \$3,40. Patent process flour

also quoted at \$4 to \$5. Oatmeal continues steady; car lots of standard are quoted at \$3.80. Bran in quiet demand at \$10.25 to \$10.50. The grain market is unchanged. There are no fluctuations even, which shows the complete stagnation. This is particularly applicable to wheat, but prices throughout are very steady. Wheat is quoted at 74c for No. 2 fall, and 72c for No. 3 fall; No. 1 Spring is quoted at 73c, and No. 2 Spring at 70c to 71c. Goose is quoted at 50c to 60c. There have been shipments of about 80,000 bushels from this port for European markets. Barley is in moderate demand at present to get shipment by vessel to the American market. Quotalions are 70c for No. 1; 66c for No. 2; 3 extra at 59, and No. 3 at 54c to 55c. The market today closed quiet and easier, although quotations are unchanged. Oats are quiet at 31c for good samples on the track. Peas steady at 58c to 59c. Rye nominally 58c to 59c. Stocks in store on Monday were 125(587. bus. wheat, 211,680 bus. barley, 100 bus. cats, 23,110 bus. peas, and 430 bus. in rye. Total stocks 360,678, against 418,547 Nov. 10, 1884; 354,754 bus. Nov. 19, 1883; and 331,672 bus. Nov, 20, 1882.

GROCERIES.—Business is moderate in a small way, and reported improving. This was expected, and the improvement will probably continue until after the holidays at least. There is no change in quotations to be noted, except in fruits. Raisins are firm at prices noted last week, and fruits generally are beld at full rates. Sugars also are steady, but with no present prospect of advanced values. Refined, Scotch, 5c to 64c, Canadian 5c to 63c; granulated 65-8c to 63c. Syrups and Molasses are slow and prices unchanged. Field quiet. Fresh water fish unchanged, with whitefish in good demand, trout dull, salt water fish quiet. Quotations, whitefish 54.75 to 55.50, trout 54 to 54.10, codfish, 112 lbs. 54.75 to 55.50, medium 54 to 54.60. Spices are quiet and unchanged. Teas in fair distribution and prices steady. Tobaccos in fair demand and prices firm.

HARDWARE.—The trade is very quiet. Retail business in the city is exceedingly dull. Prices are also low, and profits are small. The comtry trade is reported also very dull, oven for this season, when dullness is expected. There is prospect of activity till the demands of the spring trade come into play. Payments are reported as slightly improved. The next two months will be devoted to effecting a reduction in bills payable.

Statement of Banks acting under Charter, for the month ending 31st Oct., 1884, according to the Returns furnished by them to the Department of Finance.

	Statement of Banks a	PITAL.					LIABILITIS		·			
	BANKS.	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid up.	Reserve Fund,	Dividend Rate p. c. p. annum	Notes in Circulation.	Dom. Govt. Deposits on Demand.	Dom. Govt. Deps. p'yble after notice,	Deposits se- curing con- tracts & Ins.	Provincial Gos deposits on Demand.	
1284	Bank of Toronto Canadian Bk of Com. Dominion Ontario	\$ 2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	\$ 2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	\$ 2,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	\$ 1,100,000 2,000,000 930,000 425,000	8 8 10 6	\$ 1.356,418 3.031,448 1,418,931 1,336 044	\$19.019 49.417 14.204 51,190		\$ 11,166 109,666 550	\$53,241	
6	Ontario Standard B. of Can Federal Imperial Bk of Can Bank of Hamilton	2,000,000 3,000,000 1,500,000 1,000,000	803,700 2,966,800 1,700,009 1,000,000	803,700 2,966,800 1,500,600 986,270	185,000 1,500,000 680,000 250,000	7 8 8 8	729,353 577,176 1,104,954 887,266	23,374 8,572 43,269 17,720	•••••	82,810 4,900	793 560 11,326	67
9 10 11 12	Bank of Ottawa Western Bk. of Can Bk. of London, Can Central Bank of Can	1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	1,000,000 500,000 1,000,000 500,000	999,580 225,244 186,800 212,090	110,000 5,000 50,000 Nil	7 7 7 1 Nil	585,732 200,330 174,035 209,700	9,690	•••••	5,708	755	10
13 14	Total, Ontario Montreal tBrit. North America	22,500,000 12,000,000 4,806,666	20,270,500 12,000,000 4,866,666	13,880,484 12,000,000 4,856,666	7,235,000 6,000,000 981,129 Nil	10 6 Nil	11,611,387 7.031 258 917,294	236.361 1,657,627 937		214,801 72,438 1,100	60,678 195,421	13
15 16 17 18	People's Jacques Cartier Ville Marie La Bk d'llochelaga.	1,600,000 500,000 500,000 1,000,000	1,600,000 500,000 500,000 710,100	1,600,000 500,000 464,300 710,100	140,000 20,000 50,000 600,000	6 7 6	254,844 357,372 390,592 540,134	4,186 59,126 26,584 86,726	••••••	760 1,490	5,089	- 16 - 17
19 20 21 22	Molson's Merchants' Nationale Quebec	2,000,000 6,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,000	2,000,000 5,793,267 2,000,000 2,500,000	2,000,000 5,724,559 2,000,000 2,500,000	1,250,000 Nil 825,000	8 7 2 7	$\begin{array}{r} 1,935.707 \\ 8,615.760 \\ 790.208 \\ 684.928 \end{array}$	$5^{1},5^{4}5$ 172,835 2.136 20,111		127,100 88 353 17,422 27,530	2,868 6,703	20 21 21
23 24 25 26	Union St. Jean Banque de St. Hyac Eastern Townships	2,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,500,000	2,000,000 540,000 504,600 1,479,600	2,000.000 226,420 268,190 1,449,365	Nil 10,000 85,000 875,000	5 6 6 7	646,848 176,844 215,823 856,629	$\begin{array}{r} 18,674 \\ 10,343 \\ 1,301 \\ 43701 \end{array}$	100,000	83,344	210,278 21,715	· 24
27	Total, Quebec Nova Scotia . Bank of Nova Scotia .	38,966,666 1,250,000 1,500,000	36,999,233 1,114,300 1,000,000	36,304,002 1,114,300 1,000,000	9,786,129 470,000 200,000	8 7	18,423,331 1,059.158 821,269	2,105,838 256,799 112,864	100,000	324,538 7,006 859	442,075 8,918	
28 29 80 81	Merch'ts Bk of Halifx People's Bank Union Bank. Halifax Banking Co.	800,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 400,000	600,000 1,000,000 500,000 400,000	600,000 500,000 500,000 888,310	70,000 80,000 50,000 20,000	6 6 6	198.467 137.925 408,175 84,477	10.045 12.748 35,331 29,564				. 29 . 30 . 31
32 33 84 85	Bank of Yarmouth Exchange Pietou Bank Com. Bk of Windsor.	280,000 500,000 500,000	280,000 500,090 590,000	248.756 249.980 260,000	30,000 7 0.000 78,000	6 6] 8	45,769 205,214 73,508	29.235	·····	1,565		· 33 · 34 · 35
36 87	Total, Nova Scotla NEW BRUNSWIOK. Bk of New Branswick Maritime Bank	7,230,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	5,894.300 1,000,000 821,900 200,000	4,858,346 1,000,000 821,900 200,000	1,068,000 300,000 40,000 50,000	- 8 6 5	3,033,966 428,608 811,064 189,723	486,590 126,609 10,495	20,000	9,430 1,091 49,460	3,918 	36 1 37
38	St. Stephen's Bank Total, NewBrunswick	200,000	1,521,900	1,521,900	890,000		929,395	20,365	30,000	50,051	100,371	- 35 L
	Grand Total	71,896,666	64,685 933	61,665,833	18,479,129		83,998,079	2,986,261	180,000	599,321	613,044	-1
•	BANKS.	Pro. Gov. Dep payable after notice.	Other Deposits on Demand.	Other Deps. payable after notice.		Loans by Banks in Can.unsecd	Due other Banks in Canada,	Due Banks Agts. not i Cauada.	n Due oth Bks or A in U. K	gts Liebilit	ies. Liabilities	
1 2 8 4	Bank of Torouto Canadian Bk of Com. Dominion Outario	\$50,000 50,000	\$2,679,490 4,129,559 1,920,161 2,223,104	\$ 1,972,402 6,883,035 3,198,161 1,672,961	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 243.781 91,798 125,754	\$56,642 52,265 113 267,714		4,1	61	14.290,767 6.715,400 5,727.321	7 2 7 2 1 4
5 6 7	Ontario Standard B. of Can Foderal Imperial Bk of Can Bank of Hamilton	112,609 50,000 50,000	1,274,943 \$59,141 1,963 074 983,618	866,593 1,015,728 1,412,698 591,606	255,748	•••••	1,578 87,877 7,711 18,944		••••		3.060 500 4.675,881 2;199,05	6 6
9 10 11 12	Bank of Ottawa Western Bk, of Can Bk, of London, Can	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	504,251 130.001 127,279 361,624	975,261 201,892 160,265 308,520	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····	1,774 220 515 2,164	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••	1,4 4	2,083,072 38 533,943 08 462,490 882,010	6 10 6 11
13		812,609 1,200,000	17,147,312 9,186,301 1,091,778	19,259,119 7,357,679 3,597,407 622,057 251,056	255,748	461,333 702,859	442,52: 101,219 6,11	12.	268,5 802 706		408 50,279,140 27.517.609 5.940.839	
14 15 16 17	People's Jacques Cartier Ville Marie	100,000 200,000 33,871	304,796 362,794 107,010	222,672 179,351		•••••	7,711 641 7,124	5 5 2,	691	4,4	76 1,234,763 72 793,865	1 15 3 16 3 17 8 18
18 19 20 21 22	Molson's	10,390	257,473 2,402,172 3,459,469 1,055,076 3,258,707	1.952,353 4,570.379 594,230 985,128		125,000	117,89 366 040 89,805 22,609	4,	251 73.8 25,9 165 2 ,6	377 37,5 184 10,9	61 6,704,82 10 12,391,43 00 2,518,62	1 19 6 20 1 21
28 24 20 20	Union St. Jean Banque de St. Ilyac .	125,000	579,815 7,123 21,663 813,883	835.605 164,540 408.447 1,565,068	150,000	120,000	28,863		108,8 051 8,5	339 	2,961.26 45 358,89 647,23	8 28 6 24 5 95
21	Total, Quebec Nova Scotia.	1,768,762	22,938,061	23,605.981	150,000	947,859	693,90		(́			- 1
2 23 29 30	7 Bank of Nova Scolia. 8 Merch'ts Bk of Halifx 9 People's Bank	·····	806,038 510,642 143,975 125,022	2,169,888 1,558,514 358,392 374,661	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,28 32,03 6,1% 3,90	5	847	7	76 4.334,633 28 3,036,909 47 717,53 54 704,669	9 38 4 39
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	I Hallfax Banking Co. 2 Bank of Tarmouth 3 Exchange	·····	299,627 67,698 23,499 114,976	615,051 193,886 36,244 431,218	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4,43 31,65 1,70	5	22,1	675 88 2,0	1,386,17 407,28	4 31
8			28,527	147,751 5,835,609		·····	2,92	£ 9,	869 39,	···· ·····		
8	6 Bk of New Brunswick	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	563,243 154,900 182,421	625,106 165,459		•••••••••••	29	<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,2	1,815.750 56 825,007 342,800	0 80 81 31
3									(a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b)			
3	Total, New Brunswick Grand Total.	2,081,871	850,565 43,055,948	790,565 49,541,275	405,748	1,409,198	71,89		586 522,80	8,20		- A A A

							ASSE	TS.		1.1.1	n trañ		la de la		•
	BANKS.	Specie.	Dominion Notes.	Notes Cheq. on other Bks.	from Bks	Bal. due f from Bks not in Can	Bks or Ag	Dom. Gv. Deb.or Stock.	Prov'l., or l'ub. Sec's. not Can.	Loans to Dom. Govt.	Lns to Prov. Govis.	Loans, on Sec. of Cru'ns Ib's, or other Coll.	Loans to Muni- cipalities	to other Corp.	Loans to othr Bks secured
	Foronto Commerce	\$247,409 845,207	\$4\$0,588 1,006,980	\$ 152.373 635,458	\$ 78.877 165.707	\$ 87,164 1,720,181	8 250,569 12,490	122,822 152,000	\$554,913 481,591		\$ 16,683	\$ 588,755 866,355 1,562,975	\$ 250,210 125,312	\$ 313,817 1,816,231 243,120 525,440 274,800	\$ 200,153
811	Dominion Ontario	178,472 254,057	1,006,980 555,129 413,551	364,899 248,117	165,707 271,179 297,800	598,501 197,797			481,591			1,562,97	107,850	243,120 525,440	••••••
i	standard	106,874	117,149	91,930	×i.,823	41,111	53.071	24,833	•••••		42,986	450,69		274,800	
711	Federal Imporial	90,770 294,977	330.979 376,204 129,822	153,636 137,818	58,216 228,297	84,726 111,553	128,683		125,848			154,38 217,04 131,69	245,633	1226,654	
	Hamilton Ottawa	133,177 101,000	129,822 112,551	68,941 69,214	61,251 183,333	79,824 141,099	62,798 35,482	186,880	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,543		131,69	5 2,404	237,653	
יו	West.Bk.ofC.	11,243	22,795	10,426	100,852 5.603	89,458 23,458	5,164 20,175	•••••••			• • • • • • • • •		12,800)	
	B. LondonC Cen'l B. of C.	24,419 21,642	88,241 46,720	39,434 94,996	8,409	16,632		•••••	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			93,00 19,39	8	1,165	
l	Total, ONT.	2,809,281	8,630,707	·2,072,245	1,490,553	3,091,005	677,300	486,035	1,162,352	2,543	59,619	3,524,29	2 743,70	4,420,586	250,459
ł	Montreal	2,829.678	8,580,971	1,211,003	146,046	6,556,261	2,694,175	••••••••		872,948	869,281	3,530,29	343,65	2 5,250,124	282,799
1	B. N. A Du Peuple	808.923 21,785	645,308	168.046 118.919	86,104 74,954	560,632 4,937	12,768		45,108		100,000	1,176,99	3 11,50	1,130,819	
1	Jacq. Cartier B. V. Marie	14,765 10,682	111,817 30,247 32,542	51,904 89,166	81,047 58,667	10,436 10,047	23,319	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,31	2	4.000	
1	D'Hochelaga.	38,445	35,847	61,008	64,818	86,360	21 0051			1		187 05	3		1.1.1
	Molsons Merchants	313,815 495,367	597,120 794,813	221,830 656,737	59,992 118,486	169,767 983,180			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25,635		127,61 1,414,03	3 292,226	5 929,087 5, 1,629,014	92,780 14,747
1	Nationale Quebec	125,578 80,777	242,838 852,163	103,701 191,926	112,389 19,175	87,670 157,784	15,426 660,293	148,433	•••••••••••••	6,111	8,247	1 38.87		413,952	
	Union	53.069	160,975	208.129	24,404 29,929	23,160 22,026		262,106	• • • • • • • • • • • • •		{	290,72	9		
ù	St. Jean St. Hyacinthe	5,219 18,757	8,462 26,651	2,772 12,436	39,785	16,147			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				3,50		
3	E. T'wnships.		90.818	21,629	249,868	846,135	í				·]	10,00			·
I	Total, QUE. NOVA SOOTIA	4,420,547		3,068,611	1,105,551	8,924,418		410,539		1	1 5			1	1
1	Nova Scotia Merchants	335,484 191,846	298,398	127,648 94,110	116,412 112,470	142,923 54,785	229,291	•••••••	294,912 17,100	8,848	41.40	ol,	41 40	0 827,304 7 808,260	
)	People's Bank	25,618	76,994	19.634 58,538	12,887 70,699	40,875	35,492 37,911	78.440	760	1,280	10 9,24	7,0			
	Union Halifax B. Co	24,371	79,589	76,698	16,651	21,075	16,041	10 010	. 760	S	40.00				
	Yarmouth Exchange	28,132 10,578	11.760	3,796 1,062	9,993	8.837 11,137					45,00	D 16,0	44 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 42,910	
l	Picton Bank. C. B. W'dsor.	17.264	27,718	18,165 3,485	2,251 1,227	16,896 6,263					5		3,01	3 2 21.23	
ĺ		663,241		398,141	348,731	372,321	356,942	96.658	312,83	10,940				2 1,763,34	-
J	Total N. BRUN-WK			44,112					,,	22,17					1.
1	N. Brun-wek. Maritime	22,160	89,566	18,638	6,607	9,936	i 88.441		500	j	67,090	122,9			
	St. S (phen's		. {	41,812]	·[]						<u></u>	-! <u></u>	
	Total	136,005			79,484	15	157,704		5 00		- <u> </u>	· /		. 16,70	
	Gr. Total	7,529,075	11,659,397	5,643,561	8,024,630	12,538	4,521,388	993,229	1,520,800	945,41	7 855,55	3 11,544,0	J4 1,087,00	3 15,814,45	0 694,818
	BANKS.	Loans to other Bks unsecured	Public Discounts.	Notes overdue not sec.	Other debts unseed.	Notes, etc., overdue 800 by R. E. or Stk., &c.	Inter DL	M'tges R. E. so by Bar	oid promise	s. Oth		Dire	etors	Averag specie er month.	Average o Dom, Note dur, month
1	Toronto		\$ 6,764,579	\$ 4,029		\$118,49	8 8 1,4	1 8 15.	382 \$ 50,00 847 268,99	0 8 1	,000 \$9,	727,001 \$	13,517 117,976	\$247,194	\$ 531,28
28	Commerce	\$ 97,357	4,908,966	154.977		304,62	2 9.9	19 73, 96	120,7	14	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	883,184 ,338,355	117,976 520,200 174,400	847,000 176,500	948,00 565,00 427,80
4	Ontario Standard		5,352,779 2,668,956		[]	10,8	10 86,3	98 50. 1	362 168.95 000 70,0	27 78 2		,883,069 ,059,205	174,400 88,732	253,300 105,450	427,80 121,08
6	Federal		4,782,461	693,890		152,0		94	143,1	93	7	680,793	131,956	90,596	146,45
78	Imperial Hamilton			11.10)	44,7	38		25.0	00].j	8.512 . 8	972,673 ,886,552	206,863	288,278 129,424	343,87 124,22
9	Ottawa West.Bk.ofC		2,524,067)	24,4	12 2,1 43	61 3,	473 42,3	30	88 3 7,610	,380,953 771,971	495,081	97,267 11,180	114,12 20,27
1	B. London C	55.572	446,752	2,49			···) 1	8,322	710,241	29.781	28,772	20,89
2	Cen'l B of C.	. 22,848							001 1 080	·		1/14 985	50,542	20,374	40,28
	Total ONT.	370,22	1		1 1	. 809,6							,964,020	2,289,835	3,415,29
3	Montreal B N. A		16,647.980	53,04	6	139.1 34,5	285 6.0	701	,806 440,0 200,0	000		3,487,056 1 9,413,545	,125,468	2,859,993 312,651	4,195,19 492,93 58,63 17,99 20,11
ř	Du Peuple Dcq Cartier. B V. Marie.		2,708,920	64,92	7] 34,16	. 203,	48,2 356 66,8	94 17 74 230	,826 85,0 ,914 80,0	00 l 🧝	4,867	9,413,545 8,647,358 1,882,905	85,593 93,292	$20,213 \\ 14,382$	58,60
0 r	B V Marie	• [• • • • • • • • • • •	655,513	29,87	6	. 14,	70,4	v6 8	,595 47,0	200 z	99,268	1,289,685	91,257	11,221	20,1
07			1.199.790	1,53	ŏ	107.	534 82.6		,798	••••	15,274	1,824,335	116,369	88,228 811,509	32,49 495.0
9	1) II abolega	6.00	0 6,450,139	21.20	9			10 10	,392 184,0	000	8,166	9,427,174	133,588	011,000	5 5 6 6
9	1) II abolega	6,00	0 6,450,139 12,266,719 8,382,82		2 115,06	2 152. 184.	185 241.1	25 79 79 26	,698 481 ,892 96,	898 (910 (29,183	4,639,282	138,588	498,000	230.00
890	D'H chelaga Moisons Merchants Nationale	6,00	0 6,450,139 12,266,719 8,382,82 4,309,48	236,80 51.68 150.4	2 115,06 1 9	2 152. 184. 486.	485 241. 292 82,0	25 79 79 26 96 31	,598 481 ,892 96, ,218 69,	893 (910 105	29.183 14,294	4.639,282 7,984,020	133,588 ,237 885 285,600 555,229	498,000 114,000 74,558	230,00 371,5
8900 1 2 2 4	D H chelaga Molsons Merchants Quebec Union St. Jean	6,00	3,547,55	236,80 51.68 150.4	2 115,06 1 9	2 152. 184. 486, 94, 36,	485 241.7 292 82,0 148 24,3 207 0	25 79 79 26 96 31 36 40	,598 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,000 112, 18,	893 (910 105 (890 (29,183 14,294 57,147	4.639,282 7,984,020 8,044,390 616,851	138,588 ,237 885 285,600 555,229 274,511	498,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4,972	230,00 371,5 127,99 9,8
8901224	D H chelaga Molsons Nerchants Nationale Quebec Union St. Jean St. Hyacinth	6,00	3,547,55 455,20 8 667,11	236,86 7 51.68 2 150,4 3 146,04 4 28.3 6 87,2	2 115,06 1 9 2 6	2 152. 184. 486, 94. 36, 52.	485 241.7 292 82,0 148 24,3 207 0 647 2,0	25 79 179 26 196 31 136 40 150 198 6	,598 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,000 112,1	898 (910) 105 890 789 979	29,183 14,294 57,147 5,788 27,052	4.639,282 7,984,020 8,044,390	133,588 ,237 885 285,600 555,229	498,000 114,000 74,558 45,160	230,00 371,5 127,90 9,8 27,4 89,70
8901224	D H chelaga Morehants Nationale Quobec Union St. Jean St. Hyacinth E. T'wnship	65,00 65,10	3,547,55 455,20 8 667,11 8,256,27	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 115,06 1 9 2 6 4	2 152. 184. 486. . 94. 36. . 52. . 24,	485 241.7 292 82,0 148 24,3 267 6 647 2,1 507 38,0	125 79 26 179 26 31 136 40 50 150 6 50 198 6 578	,698 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,000 112, 18, ,244 10,	893 (010 105 890 789 979 700	29,183 14,294 57,147 6,783 27,052 15,801	4,639,282 7,984,020 5,044,390 616,851 976,189 4,830,529	138,588 ,237,885 285,600 555,229 274,511 40,829 89,665 801,105	498,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4.972 13,673	20,11 32,41 495,00 075,00 230,00 371,57 127,93 9,8 27,44 89,70 0,747,02
8903 2248	 B. H. chelaga Moisous Merchants Nationale Quobec St. Jean St. Jean St. Hyacinth E. T'wnshipu Total Nova Soori 	6,00 6,00 63,10 5	3,547,553 455,20 667,110 8,286,271 8,286,271 8 61,383,82	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 115,06 1 2 2 3 4 3 149,92	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	485 241.7 292 82,6 148 24,5 207 2,6 647 2,6 700 35,8 215 47,5	125 79 179 26 196 31 136 40 150 6 158 74 154 642 188 11	,698 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,000 112, ,244 10, ,857 101, ,657 101, ,726 104,	893 (010 105 590 789 970 700 969 3,0 970 1	29.183 14,294 57,147 5,783 27,052 15,801 45,499	4,639,282 7,984,020 8,044,399 616,851 976,189 4,830,529	133,588 ,237,885 285,600 555,229 274,511 40,829 39,665 301,105 ,380,394	498,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4,972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852	6,747,0
	3 D H cholaga Morchants Quobec 3 Union 5 St. Hyacinth 5 E. Twnship Total Nova Scoti 6 Merchanta	6,00 68,10 5. 	3,547,553 455,20 8 667,111 8,286,271 8 61,383,52 2,989,53 2,828,58	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 236,80 \\ 7 \\ 51.68 \\ 2 \\ 150,4. \\ 3 \\ 146,04 \\ 4 \\ 28,34 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 7,21 \\ 5 \\ 1,277,00 \\ 2 \\ 1,277,00 \\ 2 \\ 149,95 \\ 7 \\ 16,10 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 152. 184. 486, 94. 36, 52. 24, 22 1,666, 43,	485 241.3 292 82.6 148 24.5 207 2.6 647 2.6 790 858 (216 47.5 282 18.4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.638 481 .892 96, .218 69, .000 112, .244 10, .657 101, .604 1,827, .726 104, .55, 104,	893 (010 105 590 789 970 700 969 3,0 970 1	29,183 14,294 57,147 5,785 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244	4.630,282 7,954,020 5,044,390 616,861 976,189 4,830,529 7,910,648 4,837,918 4,352,515	139,588 ,237,885 285,600 555,229 274,511 40,829 39,665 301,105 ,380,394 324,563 312,716	4\$\$,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4.972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 288,888 187,222	6,747,0
8901 22XXXX 51	3 D H cholaga Morchants Quobec 3 Union 5 St. Hyacinth 5 E. Twnship Total Nova Scoti 6 Merchanta	6,00 68,10 5. 	3,547,553 455,20 8 667,111 8,286,271 8 61,383,52 2,989,53 2,828,58	$\begin{array}{c} 226, 36\\ 7\\ 51, 68\\ 2\\ 1 \\ 50, 4\\ 3\\ 3\\ 6\\ 6\\ 87, 21\\ 5\\ 6\\ 87, 21\\ 6\\ 7\\ 1, 277, 00\\ 2\\ 149, 97\\ 7\\ 16, 10\\ 7\\ 16, 10\\ 7\\ 18, 00\\ 9\\ 81, 00\\ 81, 0\\ 81, 0\\ 81,$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7$	2 163. 184. 485.	485 241.7 282 82,6 148 24,5 667 6 700 8630 215 47,3 282 13,4 290 8530	125 79 179 26 1906 31 136 40 136 50 138 74 154 642 153 11 153	,698 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,000 112, 18, ,244 10, ,657 101, ,657 101, ,726 104, ,55, 85,	893 10 910 105 590 789 979 700 969 3,0 970 1 900 900 900 900	29,183 14,294 57,147 57,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 35,984 35,984	4.630,282 7,954,020 0,044,390 616,861 976,189 4,830,529 7,910,648 4,352,515 1,427,428 1,314,071	139,588 ,237,885 ,285,670 555,229 274,511 40,829 39,665 301,105 ,380,394 324,563 312,715 64,704 279,027	4\$\$,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4,072 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 288,888 187,292 24,872 16,340	6,747,0
	 B. T. Cholaga Molsons. Merchauts Nationals Quobec St. Hyaciuth St. Hyaciuth St. Hyaciuth St. Twrnship Total. Nova Scotia Nova Scotia Nova Scotia People's Ban Union' Hailfas B.CC 	6,00 68,10 5. 	4,607,165 3,547,555 4,65,20 8,667,11 8,256,271 9,057,55 1,053,52 2,989,53 2,989,53 2,983,53 2,935,45 8,55,45 8,55,45 8,55,45 8,55,45 8,52,57 1,552,12 1,552,155 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,155 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,15 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,12 1,552,152 1,552,12 1,552,152 1,552,1	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 236, 36 \\ 7 \\ 51, 68 \\ 2 \\ 150, 4. \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 87, 21 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 87, 21 \\ 6 \\ 87, 21 \\ 7 \\ 149, 97 \\ 7 \\ 16, 10 \\ 7 \\ 16, 10 \\ 7 \\ 16, 10 \\ 7 \\ 16, 10 \\ 7 \\ 16, 10 \\ 7 \\ 16, 10 \\ 16, 10 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7$	2 163. 184. 486; 94, 36, 52. 24, 1,666, 48, 48, 15, 5, 18, 0, 48,	485 241.1 292 82,6 148 24,5 267 6 6417 2,4 700 853 (6 215 47,5 282 13,4 296	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,698 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,900 112, ,18 10, ,857 101,' ,657 101,' ,726 104, ,55, 56,' ,69, 48, ,69, 85,'	893 910 910 105 890 739 970 700 969 2,0 970 1 900 900 900 900 900 900	29,183 14,294 57,147 5,783 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 25,686 8,244 25,984 25,585 81	4.630,2822 7,954,020 0,044,300 616,861 976,189 4.830,829 7,910,643 4.830,829 7,910,643 4.352,815 4,352,815 1,315,071 1,427,428 1,315,071 1,913,817 840,404	139,568 ,237,885 ,285,670 555,229 274,611 40,829 39,665 301,105 ,380,394 324,563 312,715 64,704 279,027 6,211	458,000 114,000 74,5558 46,150 4,972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 283,588 187,222 24,372 16,340 28,414	6,747,0
	 B. T. Cloiaga Moisous	6,00 63,10 68,10 68,10 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1	3,547,555 455,20 667,11 8,286,27 8 61,383,52 2,989,53 2,989,53 2,923,58 955,45 827,29 1,592,12 594,26	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 236, 36 \\ 7 & 51, 68 \\ 2 & 150, 4 \\ 3 & 146, 04 \\ 3 & 28, 34 \\ 5 & 87, 21 \\ 5 & 187, 88 \\ 6 & 87, 21 \\ 1, 277, 07 \\ 2 & 149, 91 \\ 7 & 16, 16 \\ 7 & 16, 16 \\ 7 & 48, 00 \\ 9 & 8, 01 \\ 5 & 36, 22 \\ 9 & 9, 05 \\ 9 & 8, 01 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 115,06 \\ 9 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ \\ 6 \\ \\ 6 \\$	2 163. 184. 486, 486, 52, 24, 24, 24, 24, 1,666, 43, 15, 5, 18, 0, 43, 9,	485 241.1 292 82.4 267 24,5 267 2 607 38.5 790 863 0 215 47.3 282 18.4 201 47.3 282 18.4 200 2.1 712	1325 79 1779 26 1379 26 136 40 156 40 156 40 156 642 1888 11 153 53 145 54	508 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,900 112, ,244 10, ,857 101,' ,657 104, ,726 104, ,657, 104, ,726, 104, ,857, 48,	893 (105 500 789 770 969 3 ,0 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 9	29,183 14,294 57,147 6,783 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 35,984 25,684 25,984 28,586 81 18,405	4.630,2822 7,954,020 0,044,330 016,861 976,189 4,830,829 7,910,648 4,362,815 1,437,428 1,352,815 1,437,428 1,316,071 1,913, 8 17 840,104 859,808	139,568 ,237,685 ,2265,670 555,229 274,511 40,829 80,665 301,105 324,563 312,715 64,704 279,027 6,211 53,704	458,000 114,000 74,558 45,150 4,972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 288,888 288,888 24,872 16,340 28,414 27,179 10,404	6,747,0
	 B. T. Cholaga Molsons. Merchauts Nationals Quobec St. Hyaciuth St. Hyaciuth St. Hyaciuth St. Twrnship Total. Nova Scotia Nova Scotia Nova Scotia People's Ban Union' Hailfas B.CC 	6,00 63,10 68,10 68,10 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1	3,547,555 455,20 667,11 8,286,27 8 61,383,52 2,989,53 2,989,53 2,923,58 955,45 827,29 1,592,12 594,26	$\begin{array}{c} 226,36\\ 7 51,68\\ 2 150,4.\\ 3 146,04\\ 4 28,3\\ 5 87,21\\ 5 87,21\\ 5 87,21\\ 5 87,21\\ 5 87,21\\ 149,97\\ 7 16,10\\ 7 149,97\\ 7 16,10\\ 7 149,97\\ 7 16,10\\ 7 38,05\\ 9 8,00\\ 9 8,00\\ 9 8,00\\ 9 8,00\\ 14 7,44\\ 7 44 \\ 7 4 \\ 7$	2 115,06 1	2 163. 184. 486; 94. 52. 24, 1,666, 48. 15. 16,668, 48. 10, 5. 0, 48. 10, 5. 13. 0, 48. 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	485 241.1 292 82.4 267 24,5 267 2 607 38.5 790 863 0 215 47.3 282 18.4 201 47.3 282 18.4 200 2.1 712	125 79 179 26 1906 31 136 40 150 198 6 198 74 154 6422 388 11 153 145	508 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,900 112, ,244 10, ,857 101,' ,657 104, ,726 104, ,657, 104, ,726, 104, ,857, 48,	803 (010 (105 (500 (789 (700 (000 (000 (000 (51) (51	29,183 14,294 57,147 6,783 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 35,984 25,684 25,984 28,586 81 18,405	4.630,2822 7,954,020 0,044,300 616,861 976,189 4.830,829 7,910,643 4.830,829 7,910,643 4.352,815 4,352,815 1,315,071 1,427,428 1,315,071 1,913,817 840,404	139,568 ,237,885 ,285,670 555,229 274,611 40,829 39,665 301,105 ,380,394 324,563 312,715 64,704 279,027 6,211	458,000 114,000 74,558 45,150 4,972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 283,588 187,292 24,872 16,340 28,414 27,179	6,747,0
	 B. T. Cloiaga Molsous	6,00 68,10 68,10 4 4 7	3,547,555 455,20 667,11 8,286,27 8 61,383,52 2,989,53 2,989,53 2,923,58 955,45 827,29 1,592,12 594,26	2265,86 160,42 146,04 146,04 146,04 146,04 146,04 146,04 146,04 146,04 149,08 1,277,00 149,97 146,14 149,97 149,97 149,98 9,900 9,900 9,800 9,800 9,800 14,74 9,84,40	2 115,06 9 22 7	2 163. 184. 195.	485 241.1 292 82.4 292 82.4 267 24.5 267 2.4 607 28.6 790 868 0 211 47.5 282 13.4 801	135 79 179 26 1306 40 150 40 150 40 154 642 135 11 153 11 153 11 153 11 153 11 153 11 150 11 150 11	508 481 ,892 96, ,218 69, ,900 112, ,244 10, ,857 101,' ,657 104, ,726 104, ,657, 104, ,726, 104, ,857, 48,	803 6 010 108 550 789 970 700 700 2,00 900 300 900 300 900 381 900	20,133 14,294 57,147 6,783 27,052 15,801 46,499 11 25,610 8,244 25,684 25,884 25,884 18,405 162 355	4.630,282 7,054,020 5,044,300 616,861 976,189 4,380,829 7,010,648 4,383,829 7,010,648 4,382,815 4,382,815 1,316,071 1,315,070 1,315,0700	139,568 ,237,685 ,2265,670 555,229 274,511 40,829 80,665 301,105 324,563 312,715 64,704 279,027 6,211 53,704	458,000 114,000 14,058 45,160 4,972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 288,888 187,222 24,872 24,872 24,872 24,874 28,414 27,179 10,404 16,891	
	 B. T. Cholaga Molsons. Morchauts Merchauts Nationals St. Internet St. Jean St. Iyaciuth St. Hyaciuth St. Twrnship Total. Nova Scotia Nova Scotia Berchants Picople's Ban Union Union Union Halitas B.Cc Yarmouth Ecohaugo Picton Bank C. B. W'doo Total Notal Nova Scotia 	6,00 68,10 68,10 68,10 k k	3,647,650 455,200 (67,11) 8,256,277 (1,383,522 2,989,53 2,323,58 935,45 837,29 1,592,12 594,26 251,07 970,82 511,41 11,046,03	0) 2236,463 1 151.685 2 150.4. 3 146.04 4 28.3. 5 87.21 5 187.82 5 119.9.9 7 143.01 6 31.02 9 8.01 9 8.01 47.44. 47.44. 48.431 335.44 6 12.9.9	21 116,06 9 22 	21 162. 164. 184. 185. 186	485 241.1 292 82.4 292 82.4 267 24.5 267 2.4 607 28.6 790 868 0 211 47.5 282 13.4 801	1925 79 179 26 1936 31 1336 40 150 40 150 - 198 6 198 - 154 642 188 11 153 - 145 - 1000 - 1886 11	508 481 892 96, 218 69, 900 112, 901 112, 902 112, 903 112, 904 18, 905 101,'' 904 1,827, 7,726 104, 55, 56, 98, 48, 98, 22, 1,726 285, 90,000 80,000	803 6 910 108 500 719 700	20.133 14,294 57.147 5.789 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 25,684 13,565 81 18,405 	4.630,2822 7,954,020 5,044,390 616,861 976,189 4,830,529 7,7,910,643 4,383,542 7,910,643 4,383,545 4,383,545 4,383,545 4,383,545 1,315,071 1,315,071 1,315,071 1,315,071 810,104 859,808 1,102,196 644,923 7,973,553 1 3,106,727	133,688 ,237,855 286,670 555,229 274,511 40,829 30,665 301,105 301,105 301,105 301,105 312,715 64,704 64,704 64,704 279,027 6,211 63,704 312,715 63,704 312,140 288,936	498,000 114,000 74,558 46,160 4.972 13,673 109,292 4,417,852 288,588 187,229 24,417,852 24,372 16,340 28,414 27,179 10,404 16,840 11,552 611,172 86,079.	6,747,03 370,5 221,1 98,6 38,0 82,9 20,6 11,8 24,5 12,33 959,6 305,6
	 B. T. Cholaga Molsons. Merchauts Nationals Stationals Merchauts Nationals St. Hyacinth St. Hyacinth St. Twrnship Total Nova Scotia Morchants B Merchants B Merchants B Merchants B Merchants C. B. W'dson Total K. Burksv K. Brunswoi M. Brunswoi Martime 	6,00 6,00 63,10 68,10 68,10 7 7 7 8 8 8	3,647,553 455,200 8,667,111 8,256,271 8,61,383,522 2,989,53 2,523,53 9,524,55 9,57,59 1,502,12 564,26 811,41 11,046,63 2,318,64 2,318,64 2,318,64 2,318,64	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 $	21 115,06 9 22 6 6 7 7 7 6 8 140,92 44 14 140,92 44 140,92 140,95 140	2 152. 184. 486. 486. 486. 52. 1,606. 43. 15. 5. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	485 241.1 2992 82.6 143 24.5 207 2.6 507 38.6 700 86.8 0 215 47.3 282 13.4 290 8.6 3 0 215 47.3 286 20.0 712 2.0 712 2.0 419 64.6 .890 83.4	125 79 26 179 26 31 136 40 50 199 6 10 198 6 10 1954 042 10 1954 042 11 145 11 100 188 11 11 1885 11 11	508 481 892 96, 918 69, 9218 69, 900 112, 244 10, 4043 1,827, 4044 1,827, 726 104, 55, 104, 48, 55, 7,726 104, 1,726 285, 5,000 300, 7,726 285,	\$67.5 6 \$010 108 \$500 108 \$500 789 \$779 700 \$700 1 \$900 900 \$900 900 \$900 900 \$900 383 \$900 761 \$900 900	20.133 14,294 57.147 5.789 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 25,684 13,565 81 18,405 	4.630,2822 7,954,020 0,044,390 016,861 976,189 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,353,715 4,352,715 4,352,715 4,352,715 1,427,428	133,685 ,237,855 ,237,856 ,255,229 ,274,611 ,40,829 ,30,605 ,301,105 ,380,394 ,380,394 ,382,716 ,47,704 ,270,027 ,6,211 ,63,704 ,81,216 ,312,140	438,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4.072 13,673 100,292 4,417,852 283,858 187,222 24,872 16,540 28,414 97,179 10,404 16,891 11,552 611,172 86,079,33,468	6,747,03 370,5 221,1 98,6 38,0 82,9 20,6 11,8 24,5 12,33 959,6 305,6
1922 222420 222988 8833 88	a D H cholaga Molsons. Marchauts. Nationalo. Quobec. St. Jean St. Hyacinth E. T wrnship Total. Nova Scotia Nova	6,00 6,00 63,10 4 68,10 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3,647,55 4,652,00 8,667,11 8,256,27 8,61,383,52 2,989,53 2,23,53 2,23,53 2,23,53 2,325,45 827,29 1,522,12 594,25 251,41 11,046,03 2,318,54 878,02 388,56 0,237 0,337	$\begin{array}{c} 0) & 2.36, 403 \\ 0) & 2.36, 403 \\ 146, 04\\ 3 & 146, 04\\ 4 & 28, 34\\ 56 & 87, 21\\ 56 & 87, 21\\ 56 & 187, 88\\ 5 & 1, 277, 00\\ 2 & 149, 93\\ 57, 136, 16\\ 2 & 149, 93\\ 1, 277, 00\\ 2 & 149, 93\\ 1, 277, 00\\ 2 & 149, 93\\ 1, 277, 00\\ 2 & 149, 93\\ 1, 277, 00\\ 1, 20, $	21 115,06 9 22 33 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	2 152. 184. 486. 486. 486. 52. 1,606. 43. 15. 5. 1,5. 0. 43. 15. 13. 44. 15. 13. 15. 13. 14. 15. 13. 15. 13. 14. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15	485 241.1 289 82.6 148 24.5 207 28.5 700 86.5 215 47.3 282 13.4 700 86.5 215 47.3 282 13.4 801 296 712 13.4 900 2.1 419 64.6 889 83. 0000 -10.6	125 79 26 179 26 806 136 40 50 137 26 40 136 40 50 139 6 10 198 1 154 154 642 288 135 11 155 145 11 166 100 11 1758 1088 11 100	508 481 \$892 96. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 218 69. 404 1,827. 726 104. 7,726 285. 9,000 80. 7,726 285.	803 6 010 105 105 500 070 0 0700 0 0700 0 000 2,0 000 300 000 381 000 751 000 518 000 518	20.183 14.294 57.147 57.88 27.052 15,801 45,499 11 26,610 8,244 25,680 8,244 25,685 81 18,405 152 385 17,460 1 9,762 2,825 17,460 1 9,762 2,825 10 17,460 1 9,762 2,825 10 17,460 1 19,762 2,825 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	4.630,2822 7,954,020 5,044,390 976,189 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,352,515 1,437,428 1,315,071 1,913,817 840,404 899,608 1,102,196 644,923 7,973,553 1 8,106,727 1,230,723 599,991	133,688 ,237,855 ,286,670 ,555,229 ,274,511 40,829 80,665 80,105 ,880,394 324,663 312,716 64,704 270,027 6,211 63,704 81,216 ,212,140 298,036 81,629	498,000 114,000 4.072 13,673 100,292 4,417,852 283,888 187,922 24,372 16,340 28,414 28,417 27,179 10,404 28,414 28,414 11,652 611,172 86,079 33,468 26,648	6,747,0: 370,5 221,1; 98,6 38,0 82,9 20,6; 11,8; 24,5
	 B. T. Cholaga Molsons. Merchauts Nationals Stationals Merchauts Nationals St. Hyacinth St. Hyacinth St. Twrnship Total Nova Scotia Morchants B Merchants B Merchants B Merchants B Merchants C. B. W'dson Total K. Burksv K. Brunswoi M. Brunswoi Martime 	6,00 6,00 63,10 A 68,10 A 	3,647,553 455,200 607,111 8,256,271 8,61,383,522 2,989,53 2,323,53 2,323,53 2,323,53 2,323,54 8,27,29 1,552,12 594,26 251,07 970,82 251,07 970,82 311,41 11,046,03 2,318,64 878,02 388,560 3,5575,23	$\begin{array}{c} 0) & 2.26, 403 \\ 7 & 51.68 \\ 2 & 160, 4.3 \\ 3 & 146, 04 \\ 4 & 28, 34 \\ 56 & 87, 21 \\ 56 & 87, 21 \\ 56 & 87, 21 \\ 56 & 187, 88 \\ 57, 21 \\ 149, 91 \\ 71 & 36, 16 \\ 149, 91 \\ 71 & 36, 16 \\ 71 & 36, 16 \\ 91 & 80, 10 \\ 91 & 80, 10 \\ 91 & 80, 10 \\ 10 & 15, 10 \\ 10 & 15, 10 \\ 10 & 10 \\ $	21 115,06 9 22 33 44 44 55 55 55 55 55 55 149,92 44 45 55 55 149,92	2 162. 184. 486. 94. 30, 52. 1,606. 43. 1,52. 1,606. 43. 1,5. 0,43. 1,5. 0,43. 1,5. 0,9. 9,9. 184. 1,5. 1,6. 1,1. 1,	485 241.1 282 82,6 143 24,5 267 2,6 507 2,6 700 853 0 215 47,2 700 853 0 215 47,3 282 13,4 801	126 79 79 26 179 26 31 36 40 136 40 50 36 40 136 40 50 </td <td>508 481 892 96, 918 69, 9218 69, 900 112, 244 10, 4043 1,827, 4044 1,827, 726 104, 55, 104, 48, 55, 7,726 104, 1,726 285, 5,000 300, 7,726 285,</td> <td>\$857 \$ \$10 105 \$105 \$ \$106 \$ \$107 \$ \$108 \$ \$109 \$ \$100 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td> <td>20.183 14.294 57.147 5788 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 50,984 13,685 18,405 162 385 17,460 1 9,762 26,546 46,309 </td> <td>4.630,2522 7,954,020 5,044,390 976,189 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,352,515 4,352,515 1,315,071 1,315,071 1,315,071 849,404 859,608 1,102,196 644,923 7,973,553 1 3,106,727 1,330,723 5,024,442</td> <td>133,688 ,237,855 286,670 555,229 274,511 40,829 30,665 301,105 301,105 301,105 301,105 312,715 64,704 64,704 64,704 279,027 6,211 63,704 312,715 63,704 312,140 288,936</td> <td>438,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4.072 13,673 100,292 4,417,852 283,858 187,222 24,872 16,540 28,414 97,179 10,404 16,891 11,552 611,172 86,079,33,468</td> <td>6,747,03 370,5 221,1 98,6 38,0 82,9 20,6 11,8 24,5 12,33 959,6 305,6</td>	508 481 892 96, 918 69, 9218 69, 900 112, 244 10, 4043 1,827, 4044 1,827, 726 104, 55, 104, 48, 55, 7,726 104, 1,726 285, 5,000 300, 7,726 285,	\$857 \$ \$10 105 \$105 \$ \$106 \$ \$107 \$ \$108 \$ \$109 \$ \$100 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	20.183 14.294 57.147 5788 27,052 15,801 45,499 11 25,610 8,244 50,984 13,685 18,405 162 385 17,460 1 9,762 26,546 46,309 	4.630,2522 7,954,020 5,044,390 976,189 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,830,529 7,910,643 4,352,515 4,352,515 1,315,071 1,315,071 1,315,071 849,404 859,608 1,102,196 644,923 7,973,553 1 3,106,727 1,330,723 5,024,442	133,688 ,237,855 286,670 555,229 274,511 40,829 30,665 301,105 301,105 301,105 301,105 312,715 64,704 64,704 64,704 279,027 6,211 63,704 312,715 63,704 312,140 288,936	438,000 114,000 74,558 45,160 4.072 13,673 100,292 4,417,852 283,858 187,222 24,872 16,540 28,414 97,179 10,404 16,891 11,552 611,172 86,079,33,468	6,747,03 370,5 221,1 98,6 38,0 82,9 20,6 11,8 24,5 12,33 959,6 305,6

Hous—The senson is now quite advanced for the trade to commence packing, but there has been very little movement so far. This is owing, in a measure, to the mild weather, which is not favorable to large operations, and in part to the ruling prices. There is no doubt that prices will open about \$6. This is called a good paying price for the producer but being so much below the figures of the past two years it is called low. From all appearances of the outside markets values here are not likely to exceed 56 or 56.25. The demand is not promising to be large for home consumption either.

F HIDES LAND LEATHER.—As was "anticipated, the market is easier with larger offerings of hides. The quotations would be 'shaded a fraction to good buyers. Green hides are buying at 71c to 71c for No 1, and a cut lower for No. 2; steers are buying at 8c for No. 1. Sheepskins are firm at 75c. Calfakins quite unchanged at previous quotations.]; The whole trade is reported not active. Leather is unchanged at previous quotations. The country trade is sharing the dulness of the shoe trade generally, and orders have been rather light for a short time past. Prices are steady. Sole leather are unchanged ; 27c to 29c for all weights, Spanish Sole, and No. 2 25c to 27c. Heavy slaughter 28c to 30c, and light 27c' to 28c. Upper 29c to 33c for heavy, and 33c to 36c for light.a Other descriptions of leather are unchanged.

LIVE STOCK TRADE.—The bulk of the business in cattle^w trade has been done." Shippers are withdrawing from the market. The local trade is still fairly active, including the buying

J. A. EGGINTON, Ornamental Cut Class Works, DOORLIGHTS, BEVELLED EDGE PLATEIGLASSIMIRRORS, &c., 519 Lagauchetiere St., Montreal. of cattle for the feeding byres, and the operations of buyers for the Buffalo market, where Canadian stockers are in good demand. Good cattle find a ready market but at moderate prices. Heavy steers in good condition bring 4½c, and butchers' cattle are unchanged at 3½c to 4c, per medium to good. Poor, light cattle, are sold at low prices. Feeders still buy cattle at 3c to 4c and bulls at 2½c to 3c. Sheep are quoted at 54.50 to 55.50 per head, and lambs at \$3 to \$3.50. The market is well supplied. Hogs are buying at \$5 per 100 lbs., live weight, for best, and \$4.75 for ordinary.

PROVISIONS, &c.—Trade continues quiet, but the market is generally somewhat stagnant from large supplies, and low prices. Meats are cheap. Bacon quoted at 10c to 104c for long clear and 93c for C. C. Pork is still nominally \$19 to \$20. Beef quiet at \$10 to \$11. Butter is unchanged, with no export demand, and supplies of common grades large; fine goods sell at 19c to 20c, and large rolls at 16c to 17c. Eggs unchanged at 20c for case lots. Poultry is still offering in large lots, and prices are easy at 6c for chickens and geese, and 8c to 10c for ducks and turkeys. Hogs are not coming in largely, and small car lots are quoted at about \$6 to \$6.10. Potates are abundant, bringing 36c to 38c per bag in ear lots. Apples in suffcient supply at \$1.75 to \$2 for large lots. Hops quiet and unchanged at 13c to 18c, according to quality. Baled hay \$12 to \$13. Salt unchanged.

Wool.-Business is quite unchanged. The Cloveland election it was thought would have some shade of good effect, but it has not begun yet. Prices are entirely unchanged.

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Tweeds, Laces, Velvet Ribbons, Feathers, and all kinds of Dry Goods in the Piece, Re-dyed, Re-finished and put up.

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18 BARTHOLOMEW STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

AND

			CKS AN	d bond	98,	•		-
SURETYSHIP.	NAME.	Par Value	Capital Subscribed.	Capital paid-up.	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms.	Per Cent Prices Nov 20.	Cash Value per Sh.
THE GUARANTEE CO.	British North America Can. Bank of Commerce	\$ 243 50	\$ 4,866,666 6,000,000	\$ 4,866,666 6,000,000	981,129 2,000,000	3.4	112 1174 1184	272 16
HE COMMANIE U.	Central Bank	100	1,000,000	205,000				58 75
Of North America.	Commercial Bk of Windson Dominion Bank	50	1,500,000	260,000 1,500,000	930,000	5	130 112 1123	52 00 56 00
	Du Peuple Eastern Townships	50 50	1,600,000	1,600,000 1,446,142	240,000 375,000	21 31 3	42 43 112	21 00 56 00
pital Authorized, \$1,000,000	Exchange Bank, Yarmouth	70	280,000 2,966,800	245,715 2,952,680	80,000	3	83	57 10
aid up in Cash (no notes), . 309,090 seets Resources over 775,000	Federal Bank. Halifax Banking Co	100	500,000	000,000	1,500,000	43	43 47 101	43 00 20 10
Deposit with Dominion Gov'1. 57 000	Hamilton	100 100	1,000,000 705,970	984,770 710,100	250,000 50,000	3	114 65	114 00 65 00
	Hochelaga Imperial Bank of Can	100	1,500,000	1,500,000	680,000 140,000	4	133] 134] 65	133 50 16 25
THE BONUS SYSTEM	Jacques Cartier London.		1,000,000	185,000 321,900	50,000	31		
	Maritime Merchants' Bank of Can	100	321,900 5,700,000	5,700,000	40,000	3}	110 1071 108 xd	
this Company renders the Premiums in certain ses annually reducible until the rate of	Merchants' Bank of Can Merchants' Buk of Halifax Molsons Bank	90 50	1,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000	180,000		107 108 109	96 30 54 00
ac-half p. Cent per Annum is reached.		200	12,000,000	12,000,000	6,000,000	5	186] 187] xd 63	373 50
this Company is under the same experienced man-	Nationale New Brunswick	100	1,000,000	1,000,000	300,000	4	1	31 50
ement which introduced the system to this contin-	Nova Scotia Ontario Bank	1 100	1,114,300	1,114,300	470,000	4	130	130 00 108 00
t over niueteen years ago, and has since actively d successfully conducted the business to the satis-	Popule's of Halifax	100	1,000,000	999,580	110,000	31 31 3	104	20 80
ction of its clients.	Ottawa. People's of Halifax People's Bank of N.B Pictou Bank.	60	500,000	150,000	1	.]
Over \$180,000 have been paid in) Unopec Dank	. 100	2,500,000	249,960 2,500,000	325,000	3 3 4	100	50 00 110 00
Claims to Employers.	St. Stephen's Bank Standard	. 100		200,000		4 31	109 110	54 50
resident-SIR ÄLEXANDER T. GALT, G.C.M.G.	Toront) Union Bank, (Halifax),	100	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,100,000	4	171 172	171 0
ice-President THE HON. JAMES FERRIER	\ Union Bank of L, C	.1 104	2,000,000	2,000,000	30,000	24	-80	53 0 80.00
anaging DirectorEDWARD RAWLINGS.	Ville Marie Yarmouth	. 100	400,000	464,300 383,230	20,000	31	75 1224	122 5
Secretary—JAMES GRANT. ankersTHE BANK OF MONTREAL.	Agrie. Sav.and Loan Co Brant. Loan and Sav. Co	.1 50	600,000	578,313	67,000	4	118	59 2
	1 Drif Con Loonand Inv Co	1 180		267,060	27,000	3	100	100 0
HEAD OFFICE:	Brit. Mortg. Loan Co Building and Loan Assoc Canada Cotton Co Cauada Landed Credit Co	. 24	5 750,000	181,313	68,000	1 3	1031 105	25 8 17 5
60 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.	Canada Cotton Co Canada Landed Credit Co	. 100	1,500,000	697,900) 195 000	. 4	17 § 25 119 120	50 50
	Can. Perm. Loan and Sav Can. Sav. and Loan Co	. 00	3,000,000	2.200,000) 1,100,000	64	$\frac{210\frac{1}{2}}{120}$	105 2
EDWARD BAWLINGS,	Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co	. 1. 50	1,000,000	868,840	149.000	4	1151	57 7
Managing Director.	Dominion Telegraph Co Dundas Cotton Co	: 10	500,000	1,000,000			. 20 30	53 0
* N.B - This Company's Deposit is the largest	English Loan Co Farmer's Loan and Sav. Co	. 10		295,847 611,430	8.600 75,857	4	110 1104	55 0
made for Guarantee business by any Company, and s not liable for the responsibilities of any other	Freehold Loan and Sav. Co Hamilton Prov. and Loan	. 10	1,050,400	690,080	261,500	15	161 x d 125	161 0 125 0
isks.	Home Say, and Loan Co	10	1,000,000	100,00	40,000	81		
TAN TITTTTTANGON	Home Sav. and Loan Co Hudon Cotton Co Huron & Erie Loan Soc	. 10	0 { 1,000,000	1 000,15	320,000	5	158	70 0
JAS. WILLIAMSON,	Huron & Lambton Loan Co Imperial Loan and Inv. Co	5 10		230.09	0 32,000 4 85,000		107 1081	107.0
Warehouseman and Commission Merchant,	Landed Banking and Loan Lond. & Can. Loan and Ag	!	700,000	310,97	7 20,000)] 3 -	136]	68 3
Cor. PRINCE and COMMON Sts	London Loan Co Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co	ŏ	0 659,700	464,51	9 45,000	1 4	116 118	58 0
MONTREAL.	Manitoba Inv. Assoc) 10	0 .00,000	100,00		3 31	118	113 (
	Manitoba Loan. Montreal Telegraph Co	10		2,000,00		. 5	114	
ENVELOPES	Montreal City Gas Co Montreal City Pass. Ry. Co		0 2,000,000	1.876.75	2		1753 1764	. 70 :
TALA A HARVOL TAR	Montreal Cotton Co] 10	0 794,000	0 794,00	0	. 7	25	56 t 25 (
Stamped in RELIEF COLORS,	Montreal Building Assoc Montreal Loan and Mortg		0 1,000,000	832,81	2 106,00	0 34	70 80 50	35 25
NO CHARGE FOR DIES.	National Investment Co N.S. Sugar Refinery				0 20,00	0 3	106 108	106
	Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv		308,900	54.73	5 20,00	0 4		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Out. Loan and Deb. Co	1	50 1,000,000	0 1,000,00	0 226,00	9 4	120 1231	60 61
69 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.	Real Est Loan and Dep. Co		50 500,004 50 500,004	0 346.21	3		104	52
	Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co Royal Loan and Sav. Co	1 4	0 1,619,00 50 400,00		00 08	. 3	57 58 126	1 67 63
HUGH LAVERTY,	Starr M'fg Co., Halifax Toronto City Gas Co	. 1		0 200,00	0	4	102	102
	Union Loan and Say. Co		50 800,00	0 575.0	00 160.0	00 4	184 x.d 135	67
37 Wellington St., Montreal, Canada	Western Can. Loan and Sav	·· <u> </u>	50 2,000,00	1,200,00	JU U	<u></u>	183	91
Dealer in and Manufacturer of			0				OMFORT	
Cattle Head Ropes, Horse Covers, Tarpaulin	BEDARD, CIRA	KD	& CIE.	, F	DC'	\$ 1	200	0A
And WACCON COVERS,	MANUFACTURERS A	GENT	S AND	i since (3			FAST	
A LARGE SUPPLY CONSTANTLY ON HAND Orders solicited. Lowest Prices.	CENERAL MER	2HA	NTC	"В	y a thorough	knowl	edge of the	iatural I
Urders solicited. Lowest Prices.				l which a	overn theor	eration	as of digestio	n and me
	RIVERSIDE WORKS CO., QUEB ed Cashmeres Fingerings an	EO.—B d Cam	lack and Colo Idian Yarna	r- ties of	well-selected	Cocos with a	cation of the Mr. Epps 1 delicately fin	as provi
J.A.I. CRAIG	RALPH HALL & Co., Man Velveteens. I. & D. HEWSON				ich may save	3 US m	any heavy do such articles	ciors' b
PROPRIETOR ST. BONAVENTURE	Velveteens, I. & D. HEWSON	& Cc	Mancheste	r. 1015 Dy	me judicióu	a use oj	such articles	or aref.

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MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY NOVEMBER 20, 1884.

Discounts on Nails apply only for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately. fron a as it is of delivery at asymptotic and shook, finishing and Tobasco Box, and Barrel Nails, Net each within 30 days; or for months Note adding interest machine, 70 to 75, per cent.

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MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. -THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1884.

					1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Wholesale				
Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesalo Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale rates.	Name of Article.	Bates.				
Windsor. Br' Sheeting.	8 0. 5 0.		\$ 0. 5 0.	Ind quality, do	\$ c. \$ c. \$22 00 25 00	Lochaber Scotchqts	\$ c. \$ c. 6 50 7 00				
		United Inches, 41 ** 50 51 ** 60	2 50 9 50	Shipping Culls	12 00 15 00	Ross' Dew Ben Wyvis,Case	7 20 8 20				
33 44	0 00 0 000	" G1 " TO	0 00 4 75	Hill do	7 00 9 00 1 75 2 00	Encore " oase					
55	0 00 0 000	" 71 " 80	0 00 5 00	Lath, M	10 00 12 00	Jamaica Rum per imp. gal.					
Cotton Varn. N.B., Grev	1000.0001	" 81 " 85		Shingles, 1st qual.	8 50 3 75	Holland Gin imp, gal	2 10 2 50				
do Colorea.		* 86 ** 90		44 2nd 44	3 25 2 15	Green o'ses					
Carpet Warps, White	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	H 91 4 98 N 53 4 100		Tobaseo. (In Bond.)	•	Red cases.					
do Colored Double Yarn, (16 ply),		Paints, ke	100000	Black, Chewing in boxes	0 18 0214	Old Tom	6 00 0 00 5 00 0 00				
Double Jarn, (10 phyn White	0 32 0 00	WhiteLead, pure 25 to 100		i in caddles	022 02711						
do Colored.		1b Kg8	5 50 6 00	Mahoganies, Smoking	0 20 0 22	Schiedam Gin. Hhds.	2 05 0 00				
Meats Eggs, &c.		10.1 1	5 00 5 40	Do Chewing	0.26 0.25		3 65 7 50				
Mess Pork, Canada Western	3 00 0 00	4 No. 2.	4 00 4 50	Bright, Smoking	0 22 0 28	Champagne					
Hams, City Cured	15 5 10 50	White Lead , dry		Fancy Bright Smoking Solaco, Common	0 201 0 24	G.H. Mumm, Dry Verzen'y Pommery	26 00 31 00				
Lard, in pails	0 10 0 103	Red Lead	4 00 4 50	Solace Fair.	0 25 0 32	i Bollingerqts.	26 00 27 50				
Bacon, per lb	0 13 0 14	I Yenonan Keu, mag'u	1 50 1 75	i Dutu Poid.)		Ayala, Ex dry					
Forma		Yel. Ochre. French	1 1 60 2 00	Black, chewing boxes 10's	0 84 0 88	Sherries Pomartin	1 95 6 00				
Tailow Rendered	. 0 07 0 04	Whiting London Washed.	1 25 1 60	Do Navy, Cade, 2's, o's,	0 37 0 39	Domeeq	1 \$0 7 00				
" Rough Mess Beef, per bri	1004 004	Portland Cemont. brl	2 16 3 25	& 10's. Mahogany Chewing 6's5S's	0 58 0 40	Ports T.G. Sandeman					
Potatoes per bag	0 374 0 45	H Roman 4 brl	1 2 50 2 73	Bright, Smoking, 3's & 8 a		Graham's ditto R. Van Zellar's	2 25 6 50				
Turnips brl		Water Lime, bri	1 1 50 2 00	Do Faner	1063 070	Polee Island Wines					
Oila.	} .	Fire Bricks per M.	125 00 30 00	American Faucy ch and am	080 100	Claret. (cases.)	850 & up				
Cod Oil, Newfoundland	. 0 58 0 62		1 00 T 10	Wines, Liquors etc.	ŧ J	Tarragona Porte imp.gal.	1 15 1 80				
Strait's Oil, American Straw Seal		Drain Pipes, 4in.to 12 in. per yard				Burgundy -L. Latour's, Still, Case	10 00 00 00				
S. R. Pale Seal	0 59 0 624	Achnolite Boofing		Ale Baglishqta	1 60 1 65	Mulli, Case Snarkling	16 00 17 5				
Pale Seal	. 0 55 0 57	Balt.	1 '	Domestio		Can. Spirits, Imp. yalton.	Poid Bon				
Lard Oil, Extra	. 0 90 1 00	Liverpool Coarse, perbag	8 00 8 15	tiDta	0 60 0 75	Alaohol 650. P.	2 71 0 99				
" No.1	. 0 80 0 86	Canadian, n small bags. Factory filled, per bag.		Ston t Guinness' QLs	2 40 2 15	" Pure Spirits "	2 72 1 05				
Linseed Raw		Lureza factory filled.do	2 40 0 00	1 (/ //Dig	1 9 VU 1 60	66 50 67 25 U. P	2 47 0 90				
Whato Refined		Timber, Lumber, de.	1	Domesticqta	148 160	Whiskeys : Family Proof					
Pure Olive	. 1 00 1 10	Ash, 1 to 4 in., M	18 00 25 00	Down down Hannassey's	4 50 5 00	Old Bourbon	1 89 0 68				
# Machinery	. 0 95 1 10	Biroh, 1 to 4 in., M	20 00 25 00	Brandy : Honnessey'sga	11 00 11 80	Rve. Toddy, Malt	182 0 57				
4 qt., per case 11 pts., 11	1980 978	Basswood. Black Walnut, culls	1 10 00 00 00	[]] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [130 00 10 10-	Rye,4 years old	1 60 0 78				
" i pts., "	4 00 4 20	Do do lataind.	1 30 0 0 00		1 3 00 3 00	1 1 5 11	1 70 0 88				
4 Luces, Flasks	. 6 50 0 00	Cedar, round, lineal foot.	100 00 00 10			6 6 6 6 en	190 108				
vob Loses ato attained at	. 7 95 0 00	Cedar, flat, lineal foot	CO 04 00 06	Pinet, Castillon & Goga	8 25 15 10	II /	1				
ots., "2".	. 8 26 0 00	Cedar, square, lineal foot.	. 90 07 00 09	Pinet, Castillon & Ooease A. Matignon & Oo. Gal		Wool.	1				
Spirits Turpentine, bris.	0 48 0 61	Elm, soft, 1st Elm, Rook			8 26 15 00	3	0 10 0 10				
Coal Oil : Imp. Gals. f.o.b. (Petrolis	0 00 2 14	Hemlock, 1 to 8 in., N	8 00 10 00	Choapershippersga	1 3 60 3 76	Fleece,	.017 019				
Car Lots in Store		Hemlock, timber, M	14 00 15 00	H H ense-gt	a 6 00 6 50 a 7 75 8 75	Extra Super	0 26 0 28				
B. Jan Taki	1 0 171 0 17					1 " B Super	. 0 22 0 24				
Single Bris	- 0 10 0 10	1 Solt, 20	10 00 50 00	Witchells	a 6 00 T 50	11 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 0 00 0 00				
				Renteh Hay, Fairman & Oo	L 0 00 7 50	Australian	. 0 19 0 80				
United Inches, 14 10 20	2 00 3 10	1 110, 0400k, Martinette 1111	-1	(dienshiel, gts and Pts	, 1 8 00 8 50	Саро	.10 18 0 17				
					. In the Lange of						
	E.	Bes Retailers will please beer up mind that above questations apply only to large lots.									

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Montreal, 22nd October, 1884.

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1. 5. - 5 - 13 - 1" Stands

744

	SECURITIES.		ontreal Nov. 13.
Cana	da Gov. 4 p. c. Intercol. Ry., 1903. Gua. Rupert's Land Loan 4 p. c. bds., 1904 (Jup. 4 p. 2. 1910] :	12
	b. c. bda., 1904		12
	Gun. 4 p.c., 1910		113
	.1913		113
Brit	ish Columbia, 1894, 6 p. c		11 I 124}
	July, 1907, 0 p. 0111		1013
Gana	da, 1882-4, 6 p. c		1012
	LIEC. SCOCK, O D.C	· (102
Dom	. Ry. Loan, 1903, 5 p. c 1901-5-6-8, 4 p.c		111
	1901-5-6-8, 4 p.c 1901-5-6-8. Insc. stk. 5 p.c		103 108
	1001-0-00. Indo. Dok. 0 p.0.0		
		D.I	Nov. 13.
Shra.	Railway and other Stocks.	ru.	
100	Atlantic & St Lawrence Shs 6p.c	all	132
10	Buffalo and Lake Huron	all'	
100	Do. 5 p.c. 1st Mort	100	122 122
3.0	Do. do 2nd Mort Cau. Central 5 p.c. 1st M. Bds	100	
••	Int mar. By Gov		108
100	Int. guar. By Gov. Canada Southern 1stMort. 3 p.c	a11	99
200	(Canadian Pacific \$10		48
••	Chie, & G.T.R. 6 p.c 1st M Coup		107
100	Grand Trunk June. Ry. 5 p. c.		100
100	bonds Grand Trunk of Canada ord.	100	100
100	stock	100	91
100	9nd ornin mtg. bds.	all	122
100	1st prof. stock 2nd pref. stock 3rd pref. stock	all	75
100	2nd pref. stock	1011	21]
100	5 p.c. perp. deb. stock.	a11	111
100	4 p.c. perp. deb. stock.	100	87
100	Gt. Western shares	1911	61
100	5 p.c. pref	{a]]	112^{-111}
100	5 p.o. deb. stock.	all	109
100	6 p.c. bds., 1890. Hamilton and N. W,	lan	105
100 100	M of Canada Stg. 1st Mort.	1	52
100	5 n a con mto Schuling	a11	. 93 -
	Montreal & Champlain 5 p.c. 1st		
1	mtg. bds Mont. & Sorel 6 p.c. 1sl mtg. at	1	93
$ \mathcal{T} = 0$			93
100	±97 ser. N.of Canada6 p.c. 1st Prof Bouds.	100	102
TAO.	Do do 2nd dr	100	103
. 1	6rd pref. bonds A 3rd pref. bonds B	1	841
	3rd pref. bonds B	1	84
100	Northern Extension, o p. c. guar	•••	103
100	Do do o. p.c. 14p.	••	371
100	Northern Extension, 6 p. c. guar Do do 6. p.c. Imp. Quebec Central 5 p.c. 1st mtg. bds Woll, Groy & Bruce, 7 p. c. Bds.,	[-
	1st Mort.		931
100	1st Mort T. G. & B. Cp. c. bouds ist Mort	}	721
		1	
·	New Brunswick 6 p. c. 1886-91,	}	(10#
· {	Nova Scotla o p. c. 1850	1	103
i	100 do 1905 5 n c	1	106
ł	Nova Scotia 6 p. c, 1836 Quebec Prov. 1904 5 r c Do do 1905 5 p c (iss. Paris), 1919	(·)	103
	stor. bds. sc. all pd. 1912	l	107

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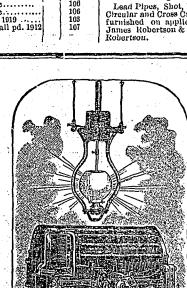
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Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent, rn Freight and Aussel 136<u>4</u> St. James Street, (Opposite St. Lawrence Hail), Montreal,

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent. Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., May 28th, 1884.



