The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy : hich may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.Coloured covers/
Couverture de couleurCovers damaged/
Couverture endommagéeCovers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculéeCover title missing/
Le titre de couverture manqueColoured maps/
Carzes géographiques en couleurColoured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/ Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou iilustrations en couleur

$\checkmark$
Bound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure

$\square$
Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible. ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a èté possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.Coloured pages/
Pages de couleurPages damaged/
Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated/
Pagus restaurées et/ou pelliculées


Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquéesPages detached/
Pages détachées

|  | St,owthrough/ <br> Transparence |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ | Quality of print varies/ Qualité inégale de l'impression |
| $\checkmark$ | Continuous pagination/ Pagination continue |
|  | Includes index(es)/ <br> Comprend un (des) index |
|  | Title on header taken from:/ Le titre de l'en-téte provient: |
|  | Title page of issue/ Page de titre de la livraison |
|  | Caption of issue/ <br> Titre de départ de la livraison |
|  | Masthead/ <br> Générique (périodiques) de la livraison |

$\square$ Additional comments:/ Commentaires supplémentaires:

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/ Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


## JUNE, 187\%.

## ©be Missionary cellorlo.

WE are vividly reminded of what the Gospel has done for India, when we read of the suttce of the three favorite wives of the late Sir Jung Bahsdoor, who reigned in a region not yet under British sway. Amid blazing sandal-wood and spicery, songs of trimmph, and moans of distress, the wretched devoiees passed away.

The cruelties of the most refined heathenism are horrible. Its most sacred rites are hideous and revolting. On the other hand, from widely distant sections of India proper, we receive tidings of increasing eagerness to hear, to read, and to understand the Word of Life. The University of Cambridge is greatly strengthening a hopeful Mission at Delhi, which is intended mainly to influence the more cultivated and better educated classes. In Madras, in spite of the appalling famine, (perhaps partly in consequence of it), there is wide-spreading spiritual interest. Presbyterian, Methodist, Episcopalian, and other Missions, report progress at a much higher than the average rate. War and famine, and pestilence itself, are God's ministers, and are used by Him to Ewen the way for the Gospel chariot.

From Japan, we hear of increasing Christian liberty and of rapid growth. Schools are multiplying. The printingpress is at work. Popular shrines are being deserted, and idols are fleeing away. Roman Catholic as well as Protestant Nissionaries are meeting with much success. The Buddhists are alarmed, and are start ing counter-Missions. We are glad to note that all Presbyterian Missionaries in Japan are co-operating with perfect cordiality. This is 88 it should be over the wide world.

The King of Siam, in a epecial message of recent date, to the United States Government, dwells with warm appreciation on the character and work of the Preshyterian Missionaries in that country. He declares that they are the best of all foreigners,peaceable, laborious, unselfish, ever doing good to the people, and setting an example of law-abiding citizenship. This is wonderful testimony from a heathen king, from the land of the winte elephant!
From Persia, we hear of large accessions to the churches, brave endurance under persecution, and a noble spirit of eelf-sacrifice on the part of converts, and of native ministers. A spirit of enquiry is extending among the people. The rulers of the land are somewhat more liberal in their treatment of Evangelical Christians than they were wont to be. A governmeat official was present at the late Conference or Synod of the Persian Mission. In his report to the Prime Minister, he expresses great satisfaction with what he had witnessed, and his surprise at sceing among the Shah's subjects so large a gathering of native preachers, forming a deliberative body, so orderly and dignified in its proceedings. This from a Mohammedan!

The Societies now so energetically engaged in evangelizing Central and Eastern Africa, have by their representatives met in London, and in a wise and loving spirit, have parcelled out the land so as to avoid unhappy collisions, heretofore so disastrous and so disgraceful. Episcopalians, Presbyterians, Wesleyans and Congregationalists have entered into this friendlyarrangement. The spirit thus manifested is worthy of Christianity.

Presbyterian Miesions have taken better hold of the people of Egypt than any others that have been attempted. Only one branch
of our Church, the United Presbyteriañs of America, haye entercd that field, and now they have five Stations, eight organized congregations, sixteen out-Stations, twentythree native preachers, and twenty-nine Schools. It is hard to over-estimate the importance of this Mission in view of the prospective influence of Egypt in Africa.

Our Presbyterian brethren on the other side of the border established a Mission in China in 1844. For the first ten years, there was not a single convert. Our Mission in Formosa is hardly five years old, and yet its converts are numbered by hundreds. Success has crowned the efforts of the English Presbyterian Church in the asme inviting field.

Such are some of the encouraging features that catch the eye as we glance over the vast field now open for Missionary effort. We can hardly venture to allude to the perilous position in which Protestant Missionaries and their converts are placed at this moment in the Turkish Empire. Day and night, in the cities and in the small districts, the danger is great and pressing. Nowhere do the heralds of the cross call for more kindly sympathy.

To every member of the Presbyterian Church in Canada we say, Help the Foreign Miseion enterprise by your prayers and your money. Follow your own agents in Formosa, in India, in Trinidad, and in the Neiv Hebrides, with ever-growing interest. The work is the Lord's, and when He calls on us for men and wumen to engage in the work, and for means to support those men and women, it is for us to hear and obey withigrateful alacrity.

## 

GiN
IN one of the wild gales thet swept domn from the Norih upon the coast of Cape Breton late last fall, a vessel which had sought shelter under the lee of Port Hood Island was driven upon s reef and became a total wreck. The ferce blasts were thick with enow, and bitterly cold. On board the
vessel were several men, and one woman with her two little children. Two of the men were washed overboard and drowned. The mother struggled with all her might to sove the children, but, one by one, they tere wreached from her grasp by the angry waves. When daylight came, and the people on the island were able to see the wreck, they managed with difficulty to rescue the woman and the men that were left. The poor woman was so terribly frost-bitten that both her feet had to be amputated above the ancles. She is a Christian, and in all. her trials and sufferings she acknowledged the hand of the Lord. Her physical condition was such that the surgeon did not venture to administer chloroform, but she bore the amputation of both her feet'without a murmuring word. When the pain became insufferably severe, she would ask the surgeon to pause $:$ moment in his work till she could anew gather up all her strength for prayer to the Lord Jesus. She would thencalmly bid him "go on." And she is now a helpless, lonely, afficted cripple : yet she rejoices in the Lord, and bears her affliction. with a grateful heart. Sometimes sheweeps for her children:: "When I hear their dying. cry, and see their little hands stretched out. to me, their helpless mother, while the'icy waves swept them away, my heart is very very sore. But then I think that they are. out of storms now, and with Jesus who comforts and shelters them."

Mothers, who gather around you your little ones in peace and safety, what thins you of this case in its sorrow and its joy? As you sympathize with this sister in Christ ask yourselves what are you doing, Bnd what more can you do, to spread the "good news of salvation" which alone is able to cheer and strengthen in the day of trouble and distress?

> I heard the voice of Jesus say, '. Come untc me and rest; ; Lyyy down, thou weary one, lay down Thy head upon iny breast,"
> I came to Jesus ss I: wis, Wessy and worn and sad:
> I found in hime a rosting-place, And ho has mado meglad.

# Che Sabbath Sthool. 

INTERNATIONAL LESSONS.
BY REV. GEO. M. GRANT, M. A.
THE PROMISE OF REVIVAL.
Jone l0th.-Hosea 14: 1-9.
Golden Text: Hosea 13: 9.

The Time.-Hosea's prophetic career extended over at least 59 years. He was contemporary at one time or another of his life with.Jonah, A mos, Joel, Isaiah, and Nahum. He describes the frightful social and political state of Irrael after the death of Jeroboam II; predicts the destruction of Samaria; and may have lived to witness the captivity of Israel, 2 Kings, xvii. The last chapter is very diffierent in tone from the others. Every word is full of mercy, hope, and promise.

1. The Entreaty.-"Israel" the name of acceptance given by God to their forefather ; not Jacob, nor Ephraim, nor Samaria. "Thy God," though they had cast Him off, Ro. 11, 2. "Fallen," and from no other cause than "thine iniquity."
2. How shall we come to God?-Not with sacrifices, not with silver and gold, not with merit ; but with "words," worthless in themselves, precious as expressing the desires of the heart; with "words" and "turning to God."

The form of words given teaches, (1) what is between God and us; (2) that He alone can take it away: (3) that all must be takeu away before He can receive us; (4) that not till it is taken away can we offer the sacrifices of thanksgiving, Ps. 51, 12-15: 69, 30.
3. Renunciation of the world, the flesh, and the devil.-Asshur was the chief of the princes of this world, Ps.146,3. The horse was the symbol of warlike strength, Ps. 20, 7 ; Prov. 21, 31 ; Deut. 17, 16. As they renounce false help they see Him-the Father -in whom is mercy and true help.
4-7. God's gracious promises.-Fickleuess is the characteristic of man, Ps. 78. In healing this, He heals our root weakness, Matt. 16, 18, John 13, 1.

We love the love-worthy. He loves "freely," impelled by no motive. God is love.

Various figures to express the manifold grace of God, and the fruits of grace in the soul the dew, silently distilled, renewed day by day, refreshing and fructifying; the lily, emblem of purity and beauty; Lebanon of stability; a wide-spreading tree, of en-
largement, Matt. 13, 32; the olive, of fruitfulness and perpetual green, Ps. 52, 8; the aromatic plants and flowers at the base of Lebanon, of the sweet odours of prayers and good deeds, 2 Cor. 2, 14 ; Phil. 4, 18; Rev. 5, 8 .
8. Dialogue between returned Ephraim and his reconciled God.--Ephraim renounces idols forever. God hears and accepts his profession. Ephraim exults in his fresh and vigorous beauty. God reminds him of the source of all his fruit, John 15, 5.
9. The lessons to be learned by us.-Same as in Ps. 107, 43 ; Dan. 12, 10. "Prudent" and "wise;" or wise in action as well as in thought. We advance in grace only as we practise what we know. Chilist is the way ; and He is a stone of stumbling to the trangressors. Ps. 69, 22. 1 Peter 2, 7, 8.

## Home Studies.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { M. Hos. 6: 1-11-Repentance Enjoined. }
\end{aligned}
$$

W. 2 Kings 15: 23-30-Pekahiah-Hoshea.
Th Hos. 8: 1-14-Dtstruction Denounced.
F. Hos. 11: 1-12-Israel's Ingratitude,
$\begin{aligned} & \text { S. Hos. } 13: \text { 1-12-lırael's Self-destruction. } \\ & \text { S. Hos. } 14: 1-4-\text { Promise }\end{aligned}$

THE CAPIIVITY OF ISRAEL.
June 17th.-2 Kinge 17, 6-18. Golden Text: 2 Kings 18, 12.
I. The Captivity.-The Eastern and Northern tribes had already been carried off ( 15,29 ); but the "pride and stoutness" of Samaria had not been humbled, Isa. 9, 9. Now, Samaria itself and the kingdom of Israel is utterly and forever destroyed. The Assyrians according to their uniform policy carried off the flower of the inbabitants to people other parts of their empire, and replaced them with heathen colonists, $\mathbf{v}$. 24.
II. The causes of the Captivity.-Not their weakness nor the strength of the enemy, nor any of the secondary causes that men make much of; but (l) the rebellion of Israel against Jehovah their covenant God, the God which delivered their fathers from Egypt. The obligation which this imposed on them is set forth in the preface to the ten commandments, Exo. 20, 2. (2) Their secret sins and open idolatry. They covered the whole land-from the little towers in the wilderness and country built for the protection of the flocks and fruits to the strongest and greatest cities-with their altars and idols, v. 8-12. (3) Their disregard of the prophets who sought to recal them from their backsliding, v. 13-15. God not only gave them the law once for all, but raised up inspired preachers of it in every generation. (4) Their national apostacy, in the worship of the two calves, from the days of Jeroboam. Dynasty succeeded dynasty,
but not one ever proposed to abolish the calf-worship and restore the religious unity of the people. (5) Their worship of Moloch, the most cruel and unnatural form of idolatry, Deut. 18, 10.
Lessons.-1. God "hath not done without cause all that He hath done." The law of retribution extends to nations as well as to individuals. What nation or Church can hope to sin without being punished, when Israel is cast off, Ro. 11, 17-24.
2. All sin begins in disobedience, or rebellion against God.
3. The service of sin is slavery, Ro 6, 20. God's service is perfect freedom, John $8,32-36$. Sin offers pleasure at first. In the end, it demands the sacrifice not only of ourselves, but of our children.
4. They "became vain." We become like that we worship, Ro. 1, 23-32. v. 15 expresses the nullity of the whole life when God is not its centre and chief object.

## Hoye Studies.

| N. 2 Kings 17: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| T. ${ }_{\text {W }}$ Kings 17 : | 13-23-Captivit |
| Th 2 Kings 17 : | 34-4 |
| John |  |
| P |  |
| Ps. 126 | Out of Captivity |

## REYIEW LESSON.

Jene 24.-Nahum l, 1-13.
Golden Text:-The Lord is slom to anger, and great in power, and will not at all aquit the wicked." Nah.1: 3.
Catechism, Q. 56. What is the reason annexed to the third Commandment?
Along with our revjew of the quarter, including Nineveh's short-lived repentance, and the captivity of Israel in the days of Shalmaneser, we have also to consider the doom of Nineveh-Israel's destroyer-as foretold by Nahum in the reign of Hezekiah, Nineveh was seemingly secure ( 1,12 ) and Judea was suffering sorely from it, ( $1,11-$ 13: 2, 2) when Nahum delivered this "burden."
v. 2-6. The character of Jehovah in his Zealings with his enemies.-He had used the Assyrians to punish Israel, but in their pride and cruelty they had taken all the glory to themselves, Isa. 10, $5-15$. H $\epsilon$ Mid not spared his own people. How then sinall His enemies go unpunished? 1 Pet. 4; 17-19. God is love, but the foundation of love is justice, Exo. 34, 7.
V. 7, 8. God's character to His people and to His enemies contrasted.-A A stronghold to the one: an overwhelming flood that sweeps everything before it to the other.
マ. Э-11. A prophecy of the utter destruc-
tion azoaiting Nineveh.-v. 11 refers to Sennacherib or his mouthpiece Rabshakeh, Isa. 26, 13-20: 37, 1-38.
v. 12, 13. God's purpose declared to Judah.-Though the Assyrians were secure in their numbers, they should be cut down, as the mower cuts down grass.
v. 14. God's putpose declared to the king of Assyria.-He was slain by two of his sons (2 Kings 19, 37,) and though Esarhaddon succeeded him, the Asbyrian Kingdom was destroyed soon after by the Babylonians and Medes, and no more of his seed was sown upon the earth. v. 15. The messenger of the glad tidings of the destruction of Nineveh goes over the land, inviting the people to celebrate their feaste, and to pay their vows for their deliverance.
Lessons.-The certainiy of doom, though the Lord is slow to anger, Prov. 11, $21: 16$, 5, Jer. 49, 12. 2nd Pet. 3, 9-12.

Howe Studies.
M. 2 Kings
T.
2
Wings
Whings
Th
TVings
Th $\vdots$

1-37-The Shunamite's son.
1-2i-Naaman and Gehazi. 1-20-The Famine in Samaria. 1-31-Jehu the King. © ${ }^{\text {4en... }}$
1-25-The death of Elisha.
1-18-The Captivity of Israel. 1-13-Goodness and Severity.

## (1)

(9)Tis to be regretted that, on account of the meeting of our General Assembly being so near to the time of the meeting of the Pan.Presbyterian Council, some of our Canadian delegates may be uuable to reach Edinburgh in time to take part in the opening sarvices of the Council. It is possible, however, that the business of the Assembly may be so far advanced $\varepsilon$ as to admit of their joining the Allan Steamship at Rimouski on the 23 rd instant, in which case they may still be in time to fyle an appearance at the subsequent sederunts. This at least we hope they may be able to do.

The list of acknowledgements which we publisi this month is the largest we have had since the Record began. But we trust none of our readers will grudge the space thus occupicd. It affords the best evidence we can pres nt of the vitality of the Church, and the interest taken in the several departments of $i t$, work.

Ordinations and Induotions.
Richmond, Ottawa Presbytery :-Mr. A. M. McClennand, M. A., a graduate of Knox College, was recently ordained and inducted to the pastoral charge of Richmond and Stittsville.

Riohmond Hill and Thormille, Toronto: Rev. Isaac Campbell, formerly of Beverly, was inducted, 30 th April.
Saerbroore, Pictou, N.S.:-The Rev. James Quinn, recently of St. James, N.B., was inducted on the lst May.

Wroming, London:-The Rev. George Cuthbertson, clerk of the Presbytery, formerly of St. Thomas, inducted 2nd May.

Moss, London:-The Rev. Neil ifcKinnon, formerly of Belmont and Yarmouth, in the same Presbytery, inducted 22nd May.
Beverly, Hamilton:-The Rev. Robert Thynne, formerly of Einglish Settlement and Proofline was inducted list May.
Doon, Hespeler and Preston, Guelph: The Rev, George Haigh, formerly of Laskey, was inducted to this charge, 24th April.
Stratford, Stratford:--The Rev. E. W. Waits, formerly of Waterdown, was inducted to St. Andrew's Church, on 9th May.
Call.-The Rev. J. C. Smith, formerly of St. Paul's Church, Hamilton, has received a unanimous call to St. Andres's Church, Guelph, vacant by the death of late Dr. Hog.

New Cherches.-The corner stone of a large and very fine new Church to be called theCresoent Street PresbyterianChurge, Montreal, was laid on 5th May, by Rev. Principal MacVicar. This is for the use of the majority of the congregation presently known as the Free Church, Coté Street. It is estimated to cost $\$ 100,000$ and will be seated for 1200 persons.
A beautiful new Church was opened at Burlington, Ont., on the 13th May. Principal MacVicar officiated in the forenoon and Rev. R. M. Grant, of Ingersoll, in the afternoon.
AtCbarlottetown,P.E.I., a very fine new Church, is being built by the St. James' congregation of which Rev. Kenneth Maclennan is pastor.
A new Ohurch at Sovris, P. E. Island, is nearly completed.

The new church erected by the Central Prebbyterian Congregation, Toronto, was opened on Sabbath, 6th May. It is allowed to be one of the most attractive of the many beautiful churches in that city. The Rev. David Mitchell is the pastor.
New Maxse.- The congregation of St. Andrew's Church, Clifton, Ont., have done
wisely in erecting a commodious and comfortable mense for their minister, and are to be congratulated on this pleasing evidence of their increasing prosperity.

Congregational Reports.-That of the Rev. John Gray's congregation at Urillia, exhibits satisfactory progress, as the result of methodical management on the part of a full staff of Elders anc' Deacons. The Sabbath school is large, having 212 scholars on the roll. The office-bearers have recently added $\$ 200$ to their minister's stipendmaking it $\$ 1000$ per annum.
The report of St. Peter's Church, Madoc, shows that, notwithstanding the formation of several congregations within the bounds of the original charge, this church has still wore than double the number of members it had twenty years ago, when Mr. Wishart became its minister. In course of his reply to an address from his congregation the other day, Mr. Wishart made the following, somewhat remarkable statement:
"During these 20 years neither storms nor the state of the roads has bindered me from my doing my duty, and I have tried to serve the Lord with all my might. Thave baptized over 730 persons; admitted to the membership of the church nearly 400 ; made more than 4000 pasteral visitations; beeu instrumental in building 6 churches, and projected as many more; written fully 10,000 letters; preached about 5000 discourses, and travelled 50,000 miles, or twice the circumference or the globe."
Fort Massey Church, Halifax, contributed during 1876 for all purposes, $\$ 9,654$, being at the rate of \$110 for each family. Ordinances are supported entirely by churchdoor collections which amounted last year to $\$ 4,757$, or an average of $\$ 89,77$ per Sabbath. Missionary contributions, including those of the Ladies' Society and the SabbathSchool, were about $\$ 1,500$. Paid on account of $\because b t$ on building $\$ 2,647$. The pastor (Re. . R. F. Burne, D.D.) has had his salary raised to $\$ 3,000$.

The Halifax Womens' Foreign Mission Atd Soclety has 104 members. An auxiliary has been formed in St. John's, Newfoundland, which has already contributed $\$ 100$ towards Zenana Missions in India. The Halifax Society supports Miss Blackadder in Trinidad as teacher in a Mission School.

Rev. Isaac Murray, D.D., Cavendish, has delivered a series of very able lectures on the Baptist question at Charlottetorn and other places in $P$. E. Island where controversy on that subject prevails.

Coliege Endowment in the Maritime Provinoes.-Rev. Dr. McGregor during his recent visit to Bermuda raised the sum of $\$ 120$ for this fund. Rev. John Forrest received $\$ 1000$ from an anomymons " H riend." Dr. Burns visited Windsor, N.S., where there is one Presbyterian congregation. Eleven members subscribed $\$ 1600$ and $\$ 600$ more is expected. Rev. G. M. Grant and Mr. John S. McLean, visited Antigonish, the congregation of Rev. P, Goodfellow, which is an ossis in a vast wilderness of Romanism. The sum of $\$!800$ was promply subscribed, and a local committee was appointed to complete the work. Lochaier and Union Cenire, -the congregation of Rev. J. F. Forbes, subscribed the sum of $\$ 1064$; some $\$ 500$ additional is expected. The campaign has opened in P. E. Island which has been vis:ted by Doctor MacKnight, Mr. Grant and Dr. Burns. Professor Pollok, D.D., has visited St. Mary's, Guysborough county; bat we have not yet ascertained the full results of his visit.
At Sherbrooke, Pictou Co, immediately after the induction of Mr. Quinn, a list was open ed and $\$ 1300$ was subscribed before the meeting separated. Up to date, $\$ 2750$ has been subscribed in Sherbrooke, Golden ville, and Wine Harbour. There is now every reason to hope that the whole amount asked for $(\$ 100,000)$ will be subscribed before the 0 c tober meeting of the Synod.

## 

屚ORONTO, 17th and 18th April:-A letletter was read from Rev. A. Carrick znnouncing his intention to demit bis charge at Orangeville. Rev. J. M. King reported on behalf of the Presbytery's Home Missioa Committee that during the past year, and within the bounds, regular supply has been given at seventeen distinct points, to an average attendance of 1428, with a communion roll of 486, aud that towards the expenses these stations had themselves contributed $\$ 2011$, and the Assembly's H. M. Committee \$650. A report on the state of religion was read by Rev. J. Cameron, convener, and ordered to be tranmitted to the Synod.
May list-At a meeting held this day Rev. Mr. Carrick announced his intention of going to New Zealand. The Rev. Evan Macaulay was suspended sine die from the office of the ministry. In accordance with the instructions of the General Apsembly, the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell handed in a written statement as to his adherence to the doctrinal standards of the Church, und the
same having been considered, in private, itwas agreed to transmit the document to the Geveral Assembly.

Glengarry, 10th April: The quarterly meeting was held in St. Andrew's Church, Martintown, with a full attendance of members. The following commissioners to the General Assembly were elected by ballot; Rev. K. McDonald, Dr. Lamont, and Robt. Binnie, ministers: Messrs.D.B. McLennan, H. Rovertson and William Colquhoum, Elders. The evening sederunt was occupied with a conference on "Religious Life and Church work." Two overtures were introduced by Rev. Donald Ross: one limiting the representation of Colleges in the Church Courts to the Professor of Divinity in each Institution, the other establishing the order of Evangelists in the Church.
Kingston, 10th and 1lth April: The meeting was held at Belleville, and the attendance was unusually large. The following were elected commissioners to the General Assembly,-Principal Snodgrass, Professor Williamson, Messrs. T. G. Smith, A. Young, J. M. Gray, M. W. Maclean, and D. Wisharl, ministers: Rev. J. H. MacKerras, Meesrs. J. Couk, Dr. Boulter, G. S. Hobart, G. Davidson, T. Rutherford, and A. G. Northrup, Elders. For the payment of their travelling expenses, a collection was ordered to be takeu in all the congregations of the bounds on the last Sabbath of May. Rev.Mr. Leitch of Camden and Sheffield accepted a call from Dungannon and Port Albert in the Presbytery of Huron. Mr. Beattie's resignation of his charge of Madoc was accepted. A report contaning much interesting and valuable information was received respecting the mission field in North Hastings.

Ottawa, 7th and 8th May: Mr. Smith's resignation of tha charge of Chelsea was accepted. Mr. H. Sinclair tendered the resignation of the charge of Ross. A conmittee was appointed with power to institute a Womans' Foreign Mission Association in connection with the Presbytery. Dr. Mann, Messrs. Ross, Farries and Armstrong, having declined their appointments as commiseioners to the General Assembly, Revs. Mesers. McLean, Tait, Ballantyne, and McLaren were appointed in their stead. It was resolved to take up a collection from the congregations within the bounds to defray the travelling expenses of commissioners. Mr. Fairlie obtained leave of absence for three months to visit Britain. It was agreed to transmit an overture to the General Assembly aaking that the Rules of the General Home Mission committee may be so far relaxed as to meet the case of certain supplemented congregations and Mission

Stations withinthe bounds of this Presbytery which, for reasons stated, are unable to comply fully with the terms of the regulations now in force. A minute was adopted in reference to the resignation of the charge of Westmeath by Rev. Alex. Campbell who carries with him the sincere esteem and best wishes of his brethren.
P.PE. leland, 10th April: The Rev. Allan McLean was released from the pastoral charge of Dundas. The Rev. A. Munro tendered his demission of the Cardigan section of his congregation.
Lunenborgh and Yarmouth: This Presrecently visited six congregations in the county of Lunen burgh. All were found in an encouraging condition. Riversdale, though it has not enjoyed the services of a Pastor for more than a year, has made remarkable progress. A comfortable manse has been completed and a church is commenced. The congregation of New Dublin, recently formed, is looking for a pastor. The following commissioners to the Assembly were appointed; Rev. Messrs. Christie, Duff, and Heary, ministers, and Mesirs. Robertson, Gow and Eisenhaur, Elders. Professor MacKnight was nominated as Moderator of the Assembly.
T'ruro; 1lth May: The meeting was held at Great Village, Londonderry. The Economy case was remitted to the Session with assessors. The following commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly: Dr. McCulloch, Rev. J. MicG. McKay, and John McMillan, ministers, and Joseph Reppard, J. K. Blair, and S. Ryan, Elders. The remits of the Assembly were generally approved of.
Wallace, 1st May : The following commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly, Revds. H. B. Mackay, James Murray and J. M. Sutherland, ministers, and Rev. Professor Currie, Wm. Black wood and W. D. Main, Elders. Rev. John Munro obtained leave of obsence in order to attend the Presbyterian Council to be held in Edinburgh in July. Two ministers of the Waliace Presbytery, Messrs. Sedgewick and Munro, are to attend the Edinburg Council.
Miramichi, lat May: Rev. Wm. Wilson was earnestly pressed by the congregation and the Presbytery to withdraw his resignation, and he consented to do so. He accepted the offer of three or four months furlough. His decision was equally gratifying to the people and the Preebytery. Rev. J. P. Bryant's demission of Kouchibouguac was accepted. Rev. John Robertson's demission of Tabusintac, \&c., was accepted. The Presbytery resolved to renew their application or a grant from the Aged and Infirm Minis-
ters' Fund to Rev. James Fowler. The following commissioners to the Assembly were appointed: Rev. Messrs, Johnstone, Wilson and Houston, ministers, and Hon. W. Hamilton, J. Nicholson and Dr. Gordon, Elders. The congregation at Campbellton applied to be received under the care of the Presbytery. The application was cordially granted. This act completes the Union in New Brunswick.
Halifax, 26th April : A call from Dartmouth to Rev, F. M. Morrison was sustained: also a call from Bridgetown and Annapolis to Rev. W. Stuart. The following commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly : Rev. R. Sedgewick, Dr. Burns, A. Stuart, T. Duncan, Professor MacKnight, G. M. Grant, J. B. Logan and C. B. Pitblado: and Dr. McGregor.C. Robson. H. B. Webster, J. S. Hutton, W. Anderson. Charles M. Forbes, Judge Blanchard and F. Frieze, Elders. The Presbytery met on the 9 ti May for the induction of Rev. E. McNab into the pastoral charge of Newport.

## 雀lectings of §ymois.

屏E Synods in the Western Section of the Church held their respective meetings durihg the month of May. It does not appear from the published reporte of their proceedings that any business of special importance was transacted, their work being rather that of preparing the way for the General Assembly by the convenient arrangement of matters originating in the Presbyteries.
Ia respect of the now some what celebrated overture from the Presbytery of Paris, in reference to colleges, the Syuod of Hamilton and London, after prolonged discussion, came to the following finding:-"That the Synod, while disapproving of the paragraphs relating to Queen's College in the overture from the Presbytery of Paris, agree to transrait said overture to the General Assembly.

## (17xx $\mathfrak{C}$ olleges.

${ }^{2} N$ Wednesday the 25 th A pril the session of the Halifax Theological Hall, which was a fortnight longer than usual, was brought to a close in St. Andrew's Church, Halifax, in the presence of a large assemblage. Rev. Dr. Burns presided. The Professors severally gave reports of the

Session work and spoke very highly of the deligence and progress of the Students. The Students sang a Hebrew chant with fine effect, and at the close they sang the $\mathrm{Na}-$ tional Anthem in the same venerable language. Mr. D. S. Fraser delivered a valedictory addrese, Professor Macknight gave suitable advice to the Students who had completed their course,-six in number, viz: Messrs. D. S. Fraser, J. A. Logay, D. McGregor, D. McLeod, W. C. Herdman, and B. K. McElmon. The Colonial and Free Churches had granted a sum of $\$ 280$ for scholarehips which were awarded in the order of merit, as shown by written monthly examinations. Ten Students shared in the benefit. The Students were impressively addressed by Rev. W. Mitchell of St. John, and Rev. Thos. Duncan, Halifax. Altogether, this was the most spirited and hopeful closing of a Session ever witnessed in Halifax.

## Qreex's Uixiteraty and College.

The annual Convocation for the conferring of degrees, \&c., was held in the College Hall on the 26th A pril. The attendance of alumni and citizens was unueually large. The installation of the Rev. Dr. Cook, of Quebec, as the first Chancellor of the University, invested the proceedings with special interest and afforded the opporturity for Dr. Cook delivering an admirable address. Principal Snodgrass stated that the Session had been a very agreeable and satisfactory one. After that the Professors had severally distributed a large number of prizes to the successful competitors, the ceremony of conferring degrees in the different departments of Arts, Medicine, and Theology took place. The convocation was preceded on the evening of the 25 th, by a brilliant converzationetheld under the auspices of the Alma Mater Society, and it was followed by a meeting of the Board of Trustees which is composed of members from different parts of Ontario and Quebec. It would have done the Presbytery of Paris good to have been present and witnessed the enthusiaem which marked the closing ceremonies of the 36th session of old Queen's.

## Erandy Ebangelization.

Letter from Rey. C. Chiniquy.

$$
\text { Montreal, 15th May, } 1877 .
$$

OUR readers will like to know that the "Good Master" continues to pour hie abundant blessings upon this part of His vineyard. Since our new Church (The Saviour's Church) is opened in Canning street, not less than 3000 Roman Catholics have come to hear the word of God, of whom 700 have publicly givea up the errors of Popery. After three weeks of preparation to the holy communion, during which we gave public instruction, almost every day; to large meetings of inquirers, one hundred and fitteen were found worthy to sit at the Lord's table; many more would have been admitted, if the waut of decent clothing would not have prevented them to present themselves.
Many of those converts had to suffer the loss of every thing in order to follow Christ. They had to bear the cursings of their best former friends, their brothers and sisters. Some have beer ignominiously turned out from their happy homes, even by a father and a mother who bad been maddened by the Priests of Rome. I know a man who has been cruelly insulted by his wife and his children for having accepted the Gospel of Christ. Great numbers have lost their situations, and would have been exposed to starve, had not several ioble hearted Christians helped me to go to their rescue. But, as a general thing, they have passed through that fiery furnoce with truly heroic courage.
Last year the whole Church was filled with joy by the conversion of one of the ablest and most respectable priests of the Church of Rome-the Rev. Mr. Ourière. His address before the General Assembly, at Toronto, though in French, will never be forgotten by those who heard it. Well, it is my exceedingly great joy to announce to the Church, just now, the conversion of another priest whose good qualities of heart and mind will make him a vase of election. His name is Camerle. Several letters which he has published in the French coiumns of the Witness give us the assurance that our merciful God has given us in him a man of first ability as well as of a true piety.
But, though we have great cause to rejoice and bless the Lord for the great number of French Canadians who have already bravely sent their dismissions to the Bishop, we must not less rejoice and bless our Heavenly Father for the far greater.numbers whom we bnow are shaken, and who do not conceal that they have lost much of their for-
mer robust faith in their Priests. My house is constantly filled by them. The breathless attention with which they listen to our instructions: the tears which $I$ often see trickling on their cheeks when I explain to them the Great Mystery of their Saviour's love: their unspeakable joy when, commenting on the fifty-third chapter of Isaiah, I shew them how Christ took their sins upon Himself, and suffered the chastisement of their iniquities that they might be healed by His wounds, afford sure indications that the dawn of a new day is coming upon Canada.

Yes : before long by the mercy of God, my dear countrymen will accept 0 hrist and Him crucified for their only way, light and Life. They will reject the false doctrines of Romanism, to follow the Gospel. Everywhere we see sure indications that the French Canadian people is a ripe fruit for the Gospel.
Let every disciple of Christ pray, work and hope. Let every soldier of Christ who is enrolled under the bauuers of the "Great baptism" do his duty and fight, and the day will be ours. A million of precious souls redeemed by the blood of the Lamb, will soon join with us to sing His praises and follow Him.
C. CHINIQUY,

## 

5iE have received a copy of Rev. Peter Melville's Annual Report of his indefatigable labours in this new settlement in the forests of New Brunswick, After reciting some of the difficulties and discouragements incident to an exterprize of this kind, and others of a special nature, but which have chiefly a local interest, Mr. Melville goes on to say:-
"Four comely and commodious schoolChouses have been built in the Colony. Three of these are already opened for teaching, and for preaching, too; and when the fourth is completed, it will be inferior to none of them. These schools were a work of great anxiety to us, and might well demand all our spare energies for the whole year.
Although these schools have cost us all a good deal besides, yet we rejoice that they are now secured to the Colony as "a thing of beauty, and a joy forever." I was happy to be able to give a considerable part of my own salary to aid in completing them.
We have now three teachers (all being

Colonists) busy in our schools. At our late examination of the schools, I was much gratiffed in observing the substantial progress made by the scholars. It reminded me of what Scotland has gained by its Parish schools. Four other teachers from this Colony are engaged in honourable and successful tuition in other parts of New Brunswick, and are still climbing upwards.
Our regular meetings for public worship are now held in our new school houses, and are large, cordial, and much more confortable than when they were held in private houses. The fervour of the singing is remarkable, and many souls, young and old, are evidently being taught of God. It is refreshing, after the weeks' toil and conflict, to meet in His name, see eye to eye, and feel His presence, and saving infiuence in our souls. The result of our meetings appeared at our Communion season, when fifty-five members were added to the church. Of these, 27 were admitted by examination, and 28 by certificate. May they show their faith by their works, and prove that they have life and love the Lord by their daily faithfulness and charity !
The Rev. Dr. Maclise, and the Rev, Kc.. neth Mackay made us a Presbyterial visi tion last August. Their visit was blesseu, and we will not soon forget this cimely and suggestive counsels. We observe that they have given an excellent report of this congregation and colony; and we will try to prove worthy of their high approval.

We have now seven regular Sabbath schools, with small but select S. S. libraries. These, along with our prayer meetings, have been a means of sacred solace and edification; not least during the darls days of doult and agitation. In my Missionary visitations of Tilley ville and other outlving eettlements that have no pastor, I tried to organize regular Sabbath schools and Prayer-meetings, with varying results. As Tilley ville is largely a Scottish Presbyterian settlement, I have sent thither a supply of Catechisms and other S. S. books, and hope to give a gond report of my next visit. At Lower Perth, we have instituted a Christian Association, which meets every week. It is doing a good work, and proves a valuable common ground on which our various denominations assemble as one body in Christ, with His Wurd as their only rule.
Since my arrival, seventeen months ago, there have been five marriages, thirty-nine baptisms, and ten deaths in this Colony. Thres worthy farmers, four excellent mothers; two young men, and one little boy, have been called away, and have left sad blanks in their homes.

## Our Chubch Bullding Enterprise.

This will be our next duty, and will prove the heaviest takk of all. For the resources of the Colonists are exhausted by four years of preparatory toil and expense in this vast forest. Still they have wisely resolved that the Lord's house must be built. Already they have agreed upon its site, secured a Glebe there, and laid the foundation of their church, $50 \times 30$ feet. We have also secured plans and specifications, collected $\$ 270$, chiefly from friends in P. E. Island and Montreal, and are about to begin the great work of building. The Colonists have proved their deep interest in this good work by their cordial co-operation in laying the foundations and cheerfully offering of their scanty treeources to build their church, "even in troublous times," during the very crises of their hardshins, and amidst the severity of the Kansas agitations. We trust they shall not sink beneath the heavy work, but that they chall be enabled, before another year is born, to blot out the reproach, that our Scottish Colony builds its own houses, but suffers Gov's House to lie waste!

The Colony has been able to forward in aid of the Schemes of the Church this Spring: $\$ 10$ for the Home Mission, $\$ 5$ for the Foreign Mission, $\$ 5$ for Fiench Evangelization, and $\$ 5$ for the Assembly Fund. It is but as the widerx's mites, her last farthing. But God can make this tiny rill increase from year to year, till it kecome a mighty river. hlessing and beautifying many thirsty lands."

## (6)hituary.

Mr. Donald Ross, of Viermount. Montreal, denarted this life on the 16 th of May, in the 65th year of his age. Mr. Ross was z native of Rosshire, scotland. He was one of the original founders of St. Paul's Church, Nontresl, and also one of its most liberal benefactors. In businese, as well as by inheritance, Mr. Ross accumulated a large fortune, the whole of which he bequeathed for the ertablisbment and maintenance of a college for the higher education of young women. This is to be called "Tar Trafalgar listitute." A magnificent site for it, consisting of ten acres of land on the mountain side, was vested in Trustees some yearsago. An Institution of this kind is very much needed at the present time, and, when completed, the Trafalgar Institute will be a noble monument of its sounders' wisdom and philanthropy.

Mr. Rigemard Miller, of Morribbank, died on the 18th A pril last, in his 76th year. He was a native of East Lothian, Scotlaad, and was for many years an active and exemplary Elder iu the congregation of Wroxeter.

## 

> Blest be the tie that binds Our hearts in Christian iove.

WinE find the tollowing account of the origin of this popular hymn in the columns of an excellent contemporary, The Christian Guardian :-
'"The author of this nymn, John Faweett, was converted at the age of sixteen yearb, under Whitefield's preaching. In 1758 he joined the Baptist Church at Bradford, England. In 1765 he was ordained pastor of the Baptist Church at Wainsgate.
True bymns are born of some peculiar experience or ingpiration. So it was with the one referred to above. Dr. Fawcett was pastor of a small church; his family increased more than his income, and he felt it his duty to accept the urgent call to London he had received, as the successor of Dr. Gill, the famous commentator. His farewell sermon to his church in Yorkehire was preached, and severally waggons were losded with furniture and library for departure. But the members of his flo $k$, men, women and children, gathered around him and his family, in tears and almost broken-hearted agony, praying him not to leave them. The last load was being packed when Dr. Fawcett and bis wife sat down on one of the boxes, and wept. The devoted wife, amidst tears, looked up into his face, and said, "0 John, John, I cannot bear this !" "Nor I either," said the good man, weeping; "Nor will we go. Unload the waggons, and put everything where it was before." The people cried with joy. The church in London was notified that he could not come, and the beloved pastor resumed his labours on a ealary of atout two hundred dollars a year.

Then it was he wrote the hymn that has become so immortal-

> Blest be the tie that binds or beartisin hristian lare, The fellnmship of kindred minds ls like to that abore.

He labored faithfully with this people till his death in 1817, in his seventy-seventh year.

## flot

"Not knowing the things that shall befall me there."-Acts $8 \times .22$.

BY MERY G. BRAINARD.
Kyow not what shall befall me; God hangs a mist o'er my eyes,
And thus, at each step of my onward path,
He makes new scenes to rise;
And every joy He sends me comes As a sweet and glad surprise.
I see not a step before me, As I tread on another year;
But the past is in God's keeping, The future His mercy shall clear, And what looks dark in the distance May brighten as I draw near.
For perhaps the dreaded future
Is less bitter than I think;
And the Lord may sweeten the waters
Before I stoop to drink;
$u$., if Marah must be Marah, He will stand beside its brink.
It may be He keeps waiting, Till the coming of my feet,
Some gift of such rare ulessedness, Some joy so straugely sweet,
That my lips shall only tremble With the thanks they cannot speak.
0 restless, blissful ignorance! 'Tis blessed not to know;
It stills me in those mighty arms Which will not let me go,
And sweetly hushes my suul to rest On the bosom which loves me so!
So I go on, not knowing;
I would not if I might;
I would rather walk in the dark with God
Than go alone in the light;
I would rather walk with Him by faith Than walk alone by sight.
My heart shrinks back from trials Which the future may disclose;
Yet I never had a sorrow But what the dear Lord chose;
So I send the coming tears back
With the whispered word, "He knows."

## Gerclesinstiral 害efos.



HE union of the English Presbsterian Church with the United Presbsterian Church in England was consummated on the 14th Juno last, and now we have an account of the first session
of "the Presbyterian Churoh of England" which commenced its proceedings in Regent Square Church, London, on the 23rd of April. Dr. MoKerrow of Manchester was chosen Moderator and opened the Synod with an eloquent and practical address. This new church consists of 258 congregations, divided into ten Presbyterios. Its membership comprises 43,434 Communicants, 1203 Elders, 494 Deacons, and a staff of 4,367 Sabbath School Teachers, having under their care 42,058 scholars. From the Sustentation Fund the ehurch was able last year to sive $\$ 1000$ to all the ministers within the bounds. The Thanks-giving Fund was reported to have reached a total of $\$ 500,000$. Tis Home Missions, including church extension, Evangelization, and Temporance, bas been vigorously prosecuted. Its report on Foreign Missions shewed that there were in connection with the China Mission 12 ordained missionaries, three medical missionaries, 49 native evangelists, and 27 studonts ongaged in the work. Four of the ordained missionaries are stationed in Formosa, and unite their testimony as to the excellent work carried on by Mr. Machay and Dr. Fraser of the PresbyterianChurch in Canada on the same Island. The Rev. Robert Campbell, of Montreal, received the thanks: of the Synod for the statement he gave of the work of French Evangelization in Canada. On motlonof Dr, Donald Fraser it was resolved, in deference to the wishes of Regent St. congregation, to defer the consideration of the new professorship in the College tili next session, and, meanwhile, to remit it to Presbyteries to send up names (other than that of Dr. Dykes) of those whom they regard as eligiblo for the chair.

Among the list of those who have recently receired honorary degrees from the University of Glasgow, we notice with special interest the names of the Rev. Alexander MacKnight, Primarius Professor of divinity in the Theological Hall at Halifax, Nova Scotia, and that of our renerable friend the Rev. A. N. Sommerville, of the Anderston Free Church, Glasgow, who have sererally beon accorded the degree of Doctor in Dlvinity.
Notable meetings have lately been held in Glasgow in connection with Dr. Sommerville's departuro for Australia, whither ho goes as a missionary at largo to preach the Gospel under the auspices of the Glasgow Einited Evangelistic Assosiation. Among thuse who addressed those meetings were Drs. Andrew and Horatius Bonar, who spoko feelingly of their carlier associations with Dr. Sommerville. Said the latter, on one of these occasions,-" You and I have often walked the strects of Edinburgh in other days, and many hapny times we havo spont with Robert McCheyne and others now gone. You remember how we sometimes climbed Arthar's Seat, and tried there the streasth of our voices, to soo how far they would reach. Very fer remain of those who were our companions then. And though I feel a sort of sorrort in allowing you to cross the ocean, set I cannot but rejnice. Yon hare more strength and spirit than some of ns. We wish 500

God-speed with all our hearts, and shall follow you with our prayers." "We ought to lay down our lives for the brethren." soems to be Dr. Sommerville's own motto and ker-note, and in this spirit he is ready to go to the ends of the earth.
Pe Fenry Varley is also on the mayito Australia. His intention is to visit all the large towns in Victoria, Now South Wales, and South Australia, besides Tasmania and New Zealand, returning home by way of San Francisco and Chicago. He anticipates an absence of about eighteen months.

Palestine for the Jews.-The old question as to the return of the Jers, and their re-occupation of "the Promised Land" is still one of the most interesting subjects of the day.
The first point to be ascertained, of course, is whether Palestine is capable of supporting a nation such as the Jews. Dr. Edesheim, writing in The Christian Weel, claims that if it were possessed by its own people, under a stable aud civilized government, its natural rescources are ample for this purpose.
"Tro quastions come here into consideration.soil and climate. On both these we have no less distinguished an authority than that of Captain Warren, of the Royal Engineers, who for years has -made the scientific exploration of Palestine his sole "business. His testimony in regard to the capability -af its soil is unmistakeable. 'Palestinc.' writes - Captain Warren, 'is about the size and shape of Wales, and has now a population of about one million and a half. Give her good government, and quicken the commercial life of the people, and they amay increase tenfold, and set there mas be room. The soil is so rich, the climate so varied, that within ordinary limits it may be said that the more people it contains the more it may. Its productiveness Fill increase in proportion to the labour bestowed on the soil, tanil a population of fifteen millions might be accommodatsd thore.' And this, mark, within the present boundaries of Palestine!

All this seems, indeed, scarcels requiring proof, Fhen we bear in mind the population which Palestine formerly supported, and the enormous namber of towns which corered its soil."
Pressytrrtainisy is Japax,-The Ret. S. Q. McIraren writes to the Uinited Prcsbuterian Missionary Record (Scotch) that a basis of union has been sgreed unon by the different Presbsterian missionaries in Japan, subject to the approval of the respective missionary societies and churches. A committee of six, representing an American Presbyterian, s Reformed Dutch, and a Scotch Presbyterian church, met and drew up the basis; and their rejort मiss sftermarl submitted $t$ a conference of th whole missions interested, ind, with some littlo alterations, adopted. It was then resolved too arait the approral of the societies and churches before proceeding further, According to the proposed bssis, the standards of doctrine are the Westminster Confession, the Canons of the Sraod of Dort, the Shorter Catechism, snd tine Eeidelberr Gatechism. For rules of procedure, discipline, and
public worship the constitution of the Anglican Presbyterian Church mas adopted. The united church is to be independent ecclesiastically, and to be called "The Presbyterian Church of Japan." The basis of union also contemplates the erection of a Divinity Hall in Japan, for the training of students.

## 

触HE Easteru Section of the General Assembly's Committee on Foreign Missious, met at New Glasgor on May 3rd, in Lecture Room of United Church.
A minute was adopted expressive of the services rendered to the Church, and the cause of Missione, by the late Rev.Dr. Ba; ne. A recommendation of the Mission Council in Trinidad was adopted involving the purchase of a horse for Rev. Thomas Christie on terms advantageous to the Church, as well as to the missionary The subject of provision for tine education of the children of missionaries having been brought under consideration, was referred to a meeting of the united Committees.
Voluminous reporte were read from all the Trinidad missionaries, with accounts of expenditure for Schools, Catechists, and Buildings. These were approved, and gave evidence of satisfactory progress-
The amnal report from the Rev. F. A. Robertson was submitted and read, giving details of his work in general, aud specially of the opening of a Station, and ercction of premises at Cuok's Bay, Erromanga. Mr. Robertsou s report was accepted as affiording good evidence of diligence and ad vancement.
letters and accounts were submitted from Rev. Dr. Steel. Directions wegre given for the preparation of the report, and the next meeting fixed for 13 th June at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ p.m., in St. Mathew's Basement, Halitax.

## Latest from Trinidad.

Letters from the missionaries have been received dated April Th. Mr. Grant and other friends in Trindad had been cheered by a visit from Rev. A. Falconer of Port of Spain, who, in addition to two services in the Scotch Church, examined the Coolie Sabbath School, spoke briefly through an interpreter at the Hindostani service, and preached in the afternoon to the Eoglish speaking Asiatics. Mr. Grant reports marriages and baptisms. In reporting the Missionaries as "well," we regret that there is one exception in the Mission tamilies. Mrs. Morton has continued in a state of indisposition for a ferm months, and Mr. Morton will for a time leave his station under charge of

Mr．J．A．McDonald，while taking Mrs． Morton for change of air．In this affliction they will have the sympathy of many Chris－ tian friends，and we trust that we may sjon hear of Mrs．Morton＇s convalescence．

## Rev．J．F．Caupbell．

Letters of various date from Mr．Canpbell were read in reference to his field and work at Madras．It sppeared that while a most promising field was open to him as Mission－ ery to the educated natives of Madras，there were other agents there to occupy it to ad－ vantage：so that Mr．Campbell had decided on proceeding to Indore to examine with Rev Mr．Douglas，what might be the open－ ings for missionaries in that region．Mr． Campbell may therefore before long be heard from in connection with Mr．Douglas， and on the whole it is most probable that they will be fellow－labourers together in Central Iudia．Before that is decided on horever，the whole subject will receive full investigation，and probably be referred to the General Assembly．

## Our ©rinidad 解lission．

Letter fron Ret．John Mormon．
Savasnar Grande，5th Mar． 77.

为景the $\overline{\text { th }}$ of January I liaptized six persons all from Jordan Hill Estate． Four of these belonged to one family， father，mother and tro sous．The father， Din Bandhoo，is a very industrious man； but he had acquired the halit of drinking occasionally and was thus in danger of ruin－ ing hinself and his family．This habit he has totally abandoned．It is difficult to say wheiner it was his reception of the truth that led him to abandon strong drink， or whetber the latter was the removal of the last hinderance to the former．He applied for baptism while still occasionally drinking， but his mind was comparatively dead．We told him that he must give up drink before his application could be entertained．At this time he fell sick and had to go to Hos－ pital，and it was then he seemed to realize the mischiei that strong drins was doing him；for he piomised to abtain totally，and he has kept his promise．In a short time ihe change in him became manifest．He began to listen with new interest，set him－ self to learn to read，and can now read the Scriptures intelligently in his omn language． His wife Kaunsaleesh is a gentle creature Who bore patiently with him when the eril Spirit was upon him and rejoiced greatly when he came to himself．Their tro boys
were called Tailakan and Mabesh．As Mabesh means great lord，and is a name of Shiva，it was agreed to change it．And，not to make the lad singular，his brother＇s name alco；thus Tailakan became David，and Mabesh，Daniel．The other two are their school companions，Lagaraged 11，and Sad－ boo aged 8．Their parents were not pre－ pared to make the grand decision．Their father is somewhat old and cannot read． He speaks as if he believed，indeed，from hearing，but would feel sure if he could read for himself．When these tuo boys heard that their cousins and school companione were to be baptized they were a good deal moved．They had sone to school together for over three years and were reading to－ gether both in English and Hindi．They liad been taught the same truth and believed it equally．Were，then，Tailakan and Ma－ hesh to become Christians and they to be left？Kantroo，their teacher told them they must ask ther father＇s leave themselves， and without knowing that he had done so， I gave them the same advice．I was present when the eldest boy asked his father if he would allow him to be baptized．The father was evidently much stirred and perplexed． He looked toward me，but I told him that as the father of these boys be must decide for himself．It was a grave matter and God would hold him responsible if he did not decide wisely，or if he did anything to hinder his sons from malking in God＇s way． Turning to Lagar he asked，＂Do you believe that there is hit one frod and no others to be looked to．＂He ansmered＂Yes．＂＂Do you with heart and soul believe the Chris－ tian faith which you have been taught ？＂ ＂Yes．＂＂If you liecome a Christian will you never turn back from that way．＂No， never．＂＂Well I am contented；you may be baptized．＂The mother also gave her consent．Much the same questions were asked of the younger boy with the samere－ sult．On Sabbath，the fether came here and led his two boys forward with the others， and，in the presence of the congrezation，re－ newed his consent to their being baptized． David and Daniel came with their parents； but in reality all four were baptized on their own profession of faith，Kantroo undertaking to continue their further instruction．They all read the Scriptures both in English and Hindi and are very well behaved．All of them mere born in Trinidad．Another Jordan Hill school－boy was rery anxious to be baptized at the same time；and although his father seldom attends any of our meet－ ings，he yielded tothe boy＇s earnestness，but＇ his mother would not consent．Kantroo sags these are his irst fruits．

JOHN MORTON．

## 

Lettrbs from Rev. K. J. Grant.
BE following is the substance of a letter addressed to Rev. J. K. Smith, Galt, dated

San Fernando, 26th Feb., 1877.
Yesterday, Sabbath, I had a busy, yet a very happy day. It was an ordinary day's work. First, at $6 \frac{2}{3}$ o'clock I left and drove six miles to La Fortune. There I recently erected a little church. Here we have service every Sabath morning. It is a most encouraging corner of our field, already we have twenty baptized converts, nine since I returned.
2. Got home in time for service at 11 o'clock. After sermon, five Hindoo men rose up and declared themselves on the Lord's side. Such open declarations do much to strengthen the weak and doubting. I did not get out of the Church till past one o'clock.
3. I then took a little refreshment and drove five miles to Picton. Here we had a brief service in. English for the Creoles as well as a service for the Coolies. Seven converts from another Estate, met me here. The meeting was deeply interesting. A Mussulman spoke violently, interrupting our meeting by reproaching the name of Jesus. He then withdrew, and had some dispute with a half intoxicated Madras man who inflicted a wound on his head, and both were put in charge of Estate constables and marched to San Fernaddo to jail. The converts were ready to recognize in this signal retributiou.
4 . At five I again got home. The bell had ceased ringing, and my small Englishspeaking congregation now awaited instruction. I immediately went into the Church and spent above an hour with some forty young people whom I love to in struct, they are so attentive and give such ready intelligentanswers. This little congregation is made up of young people from China, Calcutta, and Madras, who have been instructed in our schools. In a ferv months you may expect a representative from this congregation : Jacob will probably leave by the firsi sailing vessel in April for New York. We will miss him greatly but I am full of hope that his going to Galt may be for the glory of God. But in speaking of a Sabbath day's work I simply told you how I was occupied. Others also were at work in my District. EightSabbath School teachers gave instructron to about 80 children. The San Fernando Hospital was visited. In anotier quarter, the catechist supported by the Urited Ch.,

New Glasgow, was assisted by another worker. I have excellent helperb. The seed is widely scattered. Here and there, it is allowed to lie and get covered up. We can't say that we have had a plenteous rain, and yet how often are we made to feel that the spirit of God is working through the truth. There is no doubt that there is a wide and growing interest in Christianity. Inever visit an Estate or a Hospital without some token of encouragement. I never before felt. to the same extent the blessed privilege ${ }^{-}$ it is to be permitted to preach the Gospel. Oh that the Church would break forth on the right and on the left and send forth earnest hard workers to the wide uncultivated fields yet remaining to be possessed! I sometimes think that an effective way of arousing hearers at home would be to carry them in thought and feeling to those who, without the Bible or the living preacher, live in unbroken $\sin$, without one aspiration that reaches the throne. Is there none in that band of hearty workers that I found around you in the basement of KnoxChurch, Galt. that could go abroad to tell of Jesu's love. I don't wonder that Paul made so much of Christ in his preaching, for it supplies the thing essential, lacking in all other systems. Last Sabbath we spoke of the important truth held by Mohammedans "there is one God;" we spoke too of the recoynition of evil by the Hindoo system, which required ten incaroations of their God Vishnoo to subdue in this mundane system. We then held up the one true incarnation, in the presence of Jesus Cbrist, and spoke of the love of the Fatherin sending His Son. Don't cease to pray for us.

The following, addressed to Rev. Dr. McGregor, Halilax, is dated

Sax Ferxaxdo, 7th March, 1877.
Taipargas Lal has just been in telling me of ais troubies. This man is about 40 years ofage, well-to-do, intelligent and influential. He lives on Concord Estate. This Estate adjoins La Fortune, on which we have had great encouragement.
Jaipargas Lal has been friendly for three years, and, since the opening of our little church at La Fortune, he has attended service. Two days ago,in company with others, he called and declared, what I before believed, his entire renunciation of Hindooism and his full acceptance of the teachings of the Bible and of Jesus as his Saviour. The news of his visit were st once carried back to the Estate, and on his return there was inintense excitement. His brotherip-law, the head driver on the estate, attempted to argue
the point, by showing that the Caristian religion was designed for Englieh people, but, that as they belonged to another nation, it was their duty to worship according to the ways of their country. Jaipargas Lal was able however to show that Jesus was not an Englishman, but an Asiatic; that the English were idol worshippers when Jesus when back to Heaven.

The driver, tailing in argument, besought him not to join the Christian people, and particularly whilst he (the driver) remained in the country. Said he, "read the Christian books if you will, worship alone in the Christian way, in other words believe with your heart but don't confess with your mouth. If you break your caste, it will bring shame on us all." Another threatened to cut him down if he talked more on the Estate about Christianity. A third said, we thought La Fortune bad, but Concord is worse. Shame is coming on us all, by the spread of the Christian religion. A fourth pointing to an unfortune fellow-labourer, a leper, said, if Christ can make him whole then we will all believe. A new sign wanted. A week ago, a similar proposal was made to $\ddagger$ me by a driver on another Estate. Said he, let us put the Bible and the Ramayan into the fire and let the book which is not consumed be held as the true revelation.

A fifth said, what is the use of trusting Isu Mfasih if he had not the power to save Himeelf, he could not have God's power when he let men kill him. This is quite in keeping. with the language of the rulers who derided him, "Let him save himself if he be the Christ."
A sixth, whose attentiou had been arrested by a wooden image of our Saviour exposed on a $^{2}$ cross on the side of the etreet, at the entrance to the R. C. Church in this torn, said, "how can Jesus be in Heaven when I saw him the other day nailed to a cross ?"
The great concern of our friend in calling was so get better instructed in the Bible, that he might be fully furnished with means of defence. I am not afraid that the opposition of man will turn him aside. He is well grounded, and as he reads his language freely, be can daily grow in knowledge as we trust he may in grace.
His decision, I believe, will influence many to enquire concerning the new faith. Such cases call for the prayers of those who would see the heathen brought to the feet of Jesus. Our daily eacouragements, call for abounding thanksgiving.

A convert was assaulted and rather severely beaten a few days ago in the cane field. He came to me professedly for counsel, but it turned out to be to get my en-
couragement to his entering a complaint in Court againet his assailants. Desirous that he should study the things that promote peace, I counselled forbearance; "If thine eneny hunger, feed him." Said he, "If I in reading the Scriptures, or telling of Jesus, were assaulted, then that counsel would be good, but as I was just at my daily work and as the quarrel was not about our religion, I think it is right to ask the Queen to protect me."

When a heathen said, "IfChrist will make that leper well, then I will believe in him," Lal Bahari answered "Christ made lepers and many other persons well who were deseased, but this was not done as a prize to get them to believe. He made them well because they did believe. Now, said he, if you trust him in view of what he has already done, he may grant your wish or do something else that you may think very much better.".
K. J. Grant.

## finia.

范 ANY of our readers will be glad to have the opportunity of perusing the following communication addressed to the Secretary of the Women'b Board of Foreign Missions, Toronto, both because it is extremely interesting in itself, and because it is written by one of our own dear Canadian missionaries who has been labouring faithfully for three years in the posecution of the work which is so intelligently described in this letter.

Rakia, 23rd January, 1877.
Your letter reached me some time ago, and $I$ must apologize for the delay in answering, but you know even missionaries play sometimes, and so we went to Allahabad to give ourselves the double pleasure of attending the anuual mission meeting znd helping to proclaim our Lady Queen Victoria "Empress of India." Miss Rodger also needed the change after her illness: you will be glad to know she is once more enjoying perfect health and is getting strong. Now we are back in dear old Rakha once more, but for a very short time however. The furniture is almost all gone, and we are living as we can until we start in $\frac{8}{}$ ferw weeks for our new home in Ceatral India. Altogether, I believe it is worse than "Fall cleaning" as I remember it. I am glad if any letter of mine gives you pleasure and instruction. When we get into our "Canadian Field," that interest I am sure will in-
crease greatly. Rev. J. M. Douglas arrived in Allahabad in time to help us eat our New Year's dinner. Last Friday he went South in company with Rev. J. F. Holcombe of this mission to select our field for future labour. I am eure that with us you are praying that Our Father will give them wisdom to judge and will lead them into a fruitful field among His waiting people. It is truly "glad tidings" to hear of the interest now existing and spreading among the women of our Church regarding work in the Zenanas here. In watering others, we ourselves are most enriched. I hope and trust this may be so with you who are labouring so zealously at home. You enquire what I think respecting the advantages of Zenana and school work comparatively. Well, it is a broad question, but one I do not think at all difficult to answer. It is to the young, pure, (comparatively) hearts of the children we must look as the best soil for the springing of the word. Zenanas are most often ovened to us by the tender fingers of its children; gain a child and you have its mother, in nine cases out of ten. The women, as you talk, listen perhaps with marked attention, and you feel as tho'surely the heart is opening to the light, when you will be startled by the exclamation "How much did you pay for your clothes in Valite ?" as they call every place which is not Hindustan. There is much to discourage in Zenana labour, especially when going, day after day, and year after year, you find what you have said has literally been like water straining through a bank of sand, forgotten as soon as heard; but worst of all is when you have laboured in a house and thought you had been very convincing, the women assenting very heartily to every statement you make, and then see them rise up and do worship to an idol allnost before your very face. You are indignant and say how can you do that when so often you have heard and acknowledged that a stone or mud figure is no God, and the Great God your maker watching you all the while? They will laughingly answer, "don't be angry Miss Sahib, but it is our custom." Children, you see, are not such slaves to custom as the older people. But, on the other hand, we get the children only for a few years and then they go from us to their husband's home, and if our influence does not follow them, their heathen associations often blot out, or nearly, all our work. Then there are often those who seem prepared by sorrow and other circurastances to accept Christ and take home the great lessons of life to the heart with joy, so that the one seems to worls into the otherand to supplement the other. If one had to be dis-
pensed with, I should say Zenanas must ge. down and give us the children. You see the same children are often good Zenana preachers, as they repeat the day's lessons to the mother and household at home. Sc we cannot afford to let any mode monopolize our strength. We must try and make one aid the other, and all occasions teach as much as we can the pure Word of God, and let it act like leaven as the Bible says. In Mynpuria, where the first girls schools were opened in the American mission, Mrs. Wyckoff, who established them, has often told me she has been turned away and the doors of houses slammed in her fase. She got her first eutrance through the boys of the mission high-school. Sue made friends with them and they got her into the houses. After a time, when they sam she only came as their friend and to help them, (she had to be very careful not to bring religion too prominently forward. however for a loug time) then they welcomed her for her own sake, and at length, to her great joy, she could speak to them freely of the Saviour, their need of Him, and their sins. They had no fear of her or her religion. I fancy we must perhaps look for just such a struggle if we go to Malwa. It is new to this sort of work. Both Xiss Rodger and I have engaged in both works during the whole time, but my work for the past two years has been more especially School and Orphavage, although I have a ferv houses of Bengali Brahmins. About 30 women and girls in all, and some halfdozen boys, who are my eepecial knights and worshippers. They are in the high-school studying English, Persian, and Hindi, and we often have Bible readings in English, and talls and explanations in which not unfrequently the father also joins. He, I fancy, belongs to the now famous sect the "Brahmo Sumáj" altho' he never directly said so. These women are all closely veiled. and are a proud, rich community, who keep almost entirely to themselves.

Yours sincerely,
M. FAIRTEATHER.

## 

3OME interesting leiters have been lately received from Calcutta, from girls supported at the Orphanage there, by Sadbath Schools and private friends. Two of them are given here, as showing not only the progress, but something of the daily-life of the children. The letters are very neatly written in English. It will be seen from
them that these girls are already becoming useful in teaching others. It may be hoped that as they grow older, they may be instrumental in lightening the darkness of many of their heathen sisters.
The foliowing is from Christina supported by the Sabbaith School of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa:-

Scottisu Orpaanage, March 3rd, 1877. Dear friends.

For a long time I have not written to you, and since then I have been promoted to the First Class, Five of them go out to teach the Zenanas and day schools, and three of us stay in the school to assist in teaching the youngest class by turns, each girl taking a week. One day, two ladies came from .some other mission to visit our school. They were glad to see us and also examined us in Soriptures and Grammar, and were vers much pleased to hear -our answers, and asked us what food we ate, and how we dressed when we go to Church. My teacher told mo to bring my veil which wo wear from the middle of our heads, falling on our shoulders and back. The ladies said it looked very pretty, and that their girls did not wear them. We showed some of our tiffen that we eat every day, called Khocy, a kind of dried rice, which one of the ladies tasted.

Lady Letton distributed the prizes to us yesterday .and also to the children of our other schools. We were very glad to get them. A great number of beople were present, and we sang three English and one Benegalî hymn before them. Lady Lytton was very pleased with our singing, and said to us, "I will write a letter to Qucen Tictoria and tell her sabout the Orphanage."

Among the prizes here mentioned were a number of the dolls, \&ce., sent from Cavada last summer. Some more dolls are wanted for next year. Will any young readers prepare them as betore? They are not wanted expensive, ouly prettily dressed. The second letter given is from Frances, supported by MIr. T. F. Harkness, formerly of Kingston :

Scotilish Orphanage, Feb. 20th, 1877.

## Dear Supporter,

This is my first attempt at letter-writing in English, so I hope you will be pleased. I feel very grateful to you for your kind support, and am thankful that I came to this school. I might still have been living in darkness, if God had not sent that great famine in Orissa My mother died when I was a baliy, and my grandmother then took care of me. Some time after, my father died and left two of us. myself and a big brother; and ono day while Fe were walking along tho road, crying for them, and not knowing who would take care of us in thatgreat famine, a baboo came up to us and asked us why we were crying. We told him all, and ho said, "do not ers, will you come with me?" I went because 35 brother told me I would be put to some school. The Baboo who brought $u 8$ from there is now our
minister, the Rer. B, C. Chuckerbutty. I did not know anything about the true God, but was living in darkness. I know that he did all this for my good. I have been taught and am teaching others, as Miss Pigot has kindly given me a school to teach in Badoor Bagn. I go with one of my school-companions. We walk to the school, it is so nearoursleaving this at eleven o'clock. The first thing we do is to assemble all the children togethor for Biblo lesson, which we tell them as a story, then they have catechism and aftermards go to their different class-Bengali. In the afternoon they work and sing until four o,clock, when we return home. I hope to write a better letter next time,

Yours gratofulls,
FRANCES.

## Cbristianedorhin Sartrancrseo

## 3E MRS. P. D. BROTVNE.

GF the readers of The Presbyterian wish to see heathenism as it is occasionally represented here, let them accompany me to a Sabbath afternoon service at Jute Mill. We enter an euclosure, and see only Chinese men. The place resembles a bar-racks-not a woman is to be seen; men and boys everywhere. There is but one woman about the place, a tall "little footed lady," never risible. She is the wife of one of the employees, who was himself at one time farourable to the work, but was convinced by an English speaking infidel that the Christian religion was false-God only a myth, etc. Hence he has withdram his inflience, though he does not oppose, yet the very withdrawal is a serious hindrance, as the sympathy and co-operation of the better class largely influence the lower ones, in so great a step as acknowledging a Bring superior to Confucius. We enter a large low room, the tables and benches showing that it is used as a dining room during the week. On the Sabbath it is used for everything. Near the door are seated row after row of Chinamen; others farther back are coming aad going through an open side door. An American gentleman is telling them through a Chinese interpreter, of the Prodigal's return. They listen with interest. The Chinese are naturally a polite people. Although they cannut on this occasion understand one word until it is interpreted, there is none of that listless inattentive manner so trying to the speaker, that one often sees among onr own people. We occupy one portion of the room, while all about us are barbers shaving their "customers," for this room is not by any means consecrated to religious worship. It is the very fact that it is not,
that makes this work so interesting, as thereby many are reached who would not otherwise hear the Gospel. A barber occasionally stops for a moment to listen as something of nore than ordinary interest is said, then proceeds with his work. Sabbath is the day devoted to those queus, which the Chinese admire, and the "Meliean man" dislikes above everything elee. They never will "assimilate" the American says, while the queus are worn. Dr. Dio Lewis, of Boston, suggests, that "assimilating" can bardly be expected under the present treatment. As I look upon these flowing locks upon this Sabbath atternoon, I no longer wonder that they are indignant when their long queus are cut. They are perfect marvels in quantity and length, and if to them they are a mark of beauty or position, they cannot be expected with their Eastern idens, to give them up any more willingly than Anerican ladies would part with theirs. Even here when we see the queu vound armund the head, we know that we are addressing a menial. While the washing, ehaving, and combing process is going on all about us, the speaker addressing the company gathered about the door, is telling of God's willingness to receive all who will come; and adds, "How many of you wish to come to Christ. Let all who do, raise the hand." There is a ook of surprise, of half fear, of ridicule on the face of the listeners, as the interpreter explains the request, and then nearly every hand is raised. Your correspondent, like Thomas of old, is ": very doubting," and says, "They cannot understand what he means." "Oh, yes, they,mean that they wish to be "Jesus men" is their reply. "Jesus men" and "heart religion" are the ierma used by them to designate true followers of Christ in distinction to merely nominal Christians. At the close of the service, one of the young China-men selects the hymn, "Aias, and did my Saviour bleed." How precious those good old hymns of our childhood are! Then the service closes, and we walk home, feeling what a blessed privilege to be working for heathen souls, when there is so much beauty in the outer world, so little of selfdenial. Yet namy Christians even here count it self denial to teach or labour in any way for a Chinese.
Yesterday, I met a Missionary from one of the Micronesian Islands, who is here to recruit. She had not heard from her hus. band and only child since she left last November, and could not until her return next June. That may be called self-denial. "The feeling of isolation is very great", she said, "but I never like to speak of
what we have done; it looks as if I expected because I was a Missiouary, something more than others." I wondered as I thought of her it our Canadian ladies, and we of San Francisco, realized the kindness of the Father of all, that He has given us both a work to do at our very doors with the Romanists and Chinese, as well as the privilege of sending the Gospel to other lands.
Dr. Kerr, of Canton, in a recent lecture on China, spoke in the highest terms of the Canadiau Missionaries at Formosa. He hopes soon to have a hospital for the Chine.e here. I met Dr. Spear a few evenings since. He is returning from China where he was for many years (long ago) a Missionary, but has been more recently connected with the Board of Education of the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Vincent, of New York, opens the Sabbath School Gonvention this evening in Oakland. The San Francisco Theological Seminary sent out three Graduates last week, all engaged by Churches on the Coast before they left the Seminary. This is the day of small things as regards the Seminary, but it is firmly established now, and will be a great power for good, as all Presbyterian Theological Seminaries are! Dr. Eels who leaves Monday next as a delegate to Edinburgh, has been untiring in hid efforts to make. this Seminary what it is. If Satan is busy in San Francisco, so are Christians. Church debts are being rapidly wiped off, and earnest prayer is ascending for the blessing which seems very near.

##  <br> the " datepring."

苑 HE mission ship, ahout which we have heard and read so much, is now in Auckland harbour. She is a fine large three-masted schooner, and is comfortably and conveniently fitted up for the accommodation of the New Hebrides missionaries and the transit of their stores. She left the islands on the 19 th December, with Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Inglis, and the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Watt, and arriving first at Port Chalmers, she then visited Lyttelton, Wellington, and Auckland, and is to sail for Sydney in the first week of this month. She has been visited by the various Sunday-schools at the different ports she has visited, and cocoanuts have been dealt out liberally to the children, which of course they enjoyed heartily. The expense of aiiling the Dayspring is from $£ 1,600$ to $£ 1,800$ per annum, so that thia trip, will cost the Mission between $£ 500$ and $£ 600$, but then against that must
be put the sum raised by the missionaries in New Zealand, and the good which the visit of the vessel will do in exciting a greater interest in her and in her work.-New Zealand Pres. Church Neios.

Captain Moresby, of the English service, after a cruise in the Pacific among missionary stations, remarks in a volume just publiehed ("Discoveries in New Guinea and Polynesia"), "every impartial man must heartily and thanktully admit that vast benefits have resulted from missionary $\mathrm{en}^{-}$ terprise in the South Seas."

Tre number of Christians in China is now increasing six-fold every ten years.

There $\varepsilon$ re 40,000 communicants in the churches of South Africa.
For every convert there was in Burmah fifty years ago, there are now a thousand. There are now 350 churches, and nine tenths of the work is done by native preachers.
The Madras Christian College, which was founded by the Free Church of Scotland, in 1865, aud which was the first distinctively Christian school for higher education opened in India, has, according to the wishes and promised co-operation of the Protestant mibsionaries in Madras, been placed upon an unsectarian footing. Opening in 1865 with a class of six etudents, it now has 174, with 754 in its school department. It educates up to the standard of bachelor of arts, maintaining a minımum staff of five European professors. A council, composed of representatives of various religious bodies, has the management of the College, the aim of which is "to provide an education that shall cultivate, expand, and enliven the whole man-the conscience and the will, as well as the mere reasoning powere."

## The grestytcrian facord.

WOONTREAB: JENE t, 4878.
JAMES CROII.
ROBERT MURRAY, ; Editors.
\{OFFICE OF PUBLICATION:
210 St. James Strcet, Montreal.
Price: 25 cts. per annum, in Parcels to one address. Single copies 60 cts. per annum.

Tan Record will be sent-post-paid-for the remaining six months of the yeur-duly to lecember - for 122 cents per cops in parcels to one address.

Abticles intended for insertion, must be sent to the Office of Publication iy the tenth of the month at the latest.
Correspondents in the Maritimo Provinces will address their Communications to Mr. Hobert Murray, $\frac{\text { Malifax. }}{\text { Mad }}$

Rriitrances and all other matters of business to be addressed to James Croil, 210 St. Jamos Street, Montreal.
Remittances should be made in Dominion currency. All letters containing money should be registered. The Clerks of Presbyteries aro requested to keep us informed of the stated meetings of their rospective Courts.
GWR circulation reacheu its maximum in December 1876, when it was 36,392 . We commenied 1877 with 33,750 . In Nay last we had 34,199 . We are increasing again, slowly, but steadily. Upon. the whole we ought to be thankful, and thankful we are, indeed. It might have been worse. Even if we had proved ourselves every thing that the most fastidious. could have desired, a very unlikely condition, by the way, still, we have to contend with the monetary- what shall we call itthat sort of thing that makes people "panicy" at the mention of a dollar, and to look at thoth sides of "a quarter" very closely before parting with it. It should be known that we have no agents to canvag for the Recoud, other than voluntary onés, to whom we acknowledge our great indebtedness.
The Jeliy Number will be largely devoted to the proceedings of the Geueral Assembly. In order that the report may be as full and complete as possible, it may be necessary to delay the despatching of that number by the space of a week or fo. It will be made up by our Mr. Robert Murray, at Ealifax. to whom all communications for the July: number should be addressed.
Anonymous writers will understand that we cannot make any use of their communications, except, perhaps, for our own privaie edification; and then we should, doubtless, be much more edified did we know who is. addressing us.

要iterature.
fifible Ammals, by Rev. J. G. Hood, M.A., F.L.S., etc., with a Treatise on Evolution, by Rev. Jas. McCosh, D.D., and Researches and Travel in Bible Lands, by Rev. Daniel March, D.D., publiehed by J. W. Lyons, Guelph, Ont., 1877, pp. 719.

The design and scope of this volume is to present a description of the habits, structure, and uses of every living creature mentioned in the Scriptures, and to explain all those passages in the Old and New Tesments, in which reference is made to Beast, Bird, Reptile, Fish, or Insect. And all this, we may say, Mr. Wood has done in a mander worthy his high reputation as an author, combining, in a most pleasing way, the results of scientific investigation with popular instruction. The illustrations are numerous, and exceedingly good-so conceived and arranged as to add greatly to the interest and valuc of the work. The best feature of the book, however, is the reverent spirit of interpretation which pervades it from beginning to end. It is a -Commentary as well as a Bible Dictionary, and, while its aim is to harmonize the ancient phraseology of the sacred writings with the teachings of modern ecience, it throws fresh light on many passages of Scripture, :and is thus valuable to the natural hiscorian and Biblical student. If you want to know why man's companion, the dog, is so contemptuously spoken of in the Bible, here you find the reason; or, if you want to know why the hare is alluded to as chewsing the cud, which it does not do, you find here a satisfactory explanation for the ap--parent mis-statement, and so with many .other allusions to Bible animals, in which are things hard to be understood, we find much to help us in our endeavours to catch the meaning of some of the most difficult passages of Scripture. On the whole, we judge the book to be a most useful and reliable work of reference.

The British and Foreign Etangelical Review. James Bain \& Son, Toronto: $\$ 2$ per annum; and The Presbyterian Quarterly and Princeton Review. Rev. Andrew Kennedy, Loondon, Ont., Agent ; price, $\$ 2.35$. The current parts of both these excellent Quarterlies are to hand, full, as usual, with able dissertations on the great Theological questions of the day, which are engaging the attention of thinking men.

## (1) fitial gamommements.

## T. $\mathrm{H} E \mathrm{GENERAL}$ ASSEMBLY.

The third session of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada will be opened in the City of Halifax, and within St. Matthew's Church there, on Wednesday, 13th June next, at 7.30 p.m.

All papers for the Assembly should reach the bands of Clerks of Assembly at least .eight days before the meeting.

The Conveners of Standing Committees should have their reports ready to hand to the Commitlee on Bills and Overtures at the second sederunt of the General Assembly.

Rolls and other documents should be addressed to Rev. Dr. Reid (Drawer 2567), Toronto.
\(\left.\begin{array}{l}WILLIAM REID, <br>
J. H. MACKERRAS, <br>

W. FRASER,\end{array}\right\}\)| Clerks of |
| :---: |
| Gen. Assem. |

## RAILWAY ARRANGEMENTS.

Arrangements have been made with the leading lines of Railway for return tickets at reduced rates. Members who have not received their certificates should communicate with Dr. Reid at once.

Trains leave Point Levis - opposite Queb, c-every morning (Sabbaths exceptedf) at 7.30 o'clock-Reaching Halifax in 26 hours.

Presbytery Clerks are requested to send to Dr. Reid, as soon as possible, lists of ministers and elders entitled to receive certificates, with their Post-Office Address and the Railifay Stations from which they will begin their journey. Inattention to this will occasion great inconvenience and trouble.

## MISSIONARY WANTED.

A fourth Missionary to the Coolies of Trinidad: Application by any minister or licentiate of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, may be sent to Rev. Dr. McGregor, of Halifax, Secretary of Eastern Section of the General Assembly's Committee of Foreign Missions, by whom all information will be furnished respecting the field, salary, and requisite qualifications.

Halifax, May 8, 1877.

## (18fficial 喼otices.

MEETINGS OF PRESBYTERIES.
Truro-Tuesday, 29th May.
Brockville-Tuesday, 3rd July, 7 p.m.
Paris-Tuesday, 3rd̈ July, 11 a.m.
Huron-Tuesday, 3rd July, ll a.m.
Chatham-Tuesday, 3rd July, 11 a.m.
T'oronto-Tuesday, 3rd July, 11 a.m.
Quebec-Wednesday, 4th July, 10 a.m.
Montreal-Tuesday, 10 th July, 11 a.m.
Glengary-Tuesday, 10 th July.
Peterboro-Tuesday, 10th July, 11 a.m.
Bruce-Tuesday, loth July, 3 p.m.
Kingston-Tuesday, 10 th July, 3 p.m.
London-Friday, 13th July, 2 p.m.
Miramichi-Tuesday, 7th August.
Ottawa-Tuesday, 7 August, 3 p.m.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Reoeited by Rev. Dr. Reid, Agent of the Church at Tobonto, to 3rd May, 1877.

## Assembly Fund.

Receired to 2nd April ... $\$ 2556.11$
Hamilton, Central Pby Ch 40.00
Harriston, Guthric Ch....
Eastern Sencea.
Fisherville
Millpoint.
Harriston, Knox Ch
Ormstown
Millbrook
Underwood.
Ottawa, Knox Ch
Ashton.
Baltimore.
Caistor
Caledonia, Sutherland St.
Centre Bruce.
Grafton
North Cornwallis.
Langside
North Arthu
Qlonelg
..... $\qquad$
4.00
4.00
1.70
2.50
2.50
5.00
8.00
7.06
7.6
4.00
2.00
10.00
3.00
10.00
1.18
5.00
1.00
2.00
5.00
1.50

River Uharlo
Gabarus
Windsor, St John
New Kincardine
Springield, Eng Settlemt.
Monckton, St John's Ch.
Greenock, St Andrew's
Dalhousie
Economy
Winglam $\qquad$
2.00

Sarnia, St Andrew's
Tiverton
Woodstock, Knor Ch.
Normanby, Orchardvilie
Station
lorth Pelham and Port Robinson
Napanee
Aylmer.
Halifax, Fort Massey Ch.
Cartwright
Ballyduff
Osgoode
West King $\qquad$
Stirling, St Andrew's
Markham, St Andrew's,
Stouffille, \&cc.
Belfast
London, Ist Pbyn Ch
McNab
Guelph, Knox Oh
Norwich.
Windham
Percy
Campbeliford
Bridgewater.
Huron
Glenallan
H्Harrington

Laguerre, Calvin Ch
Onslow
$P_{\text {Pris, }}$ River Street
Rozborough Knox Oh
Pakenham, Victoria St
Feversham \& Maxwell
Chatham, St Andrew's
Perrytown
Kirkiill.
Valleyfield
3.00
4.00
4.00
2.00
20.00
2.00
2.35

### 6.00

2.00

### 6.50

10.60
10.00
5.00
15.50
4.00
4.00
5.00
2.40
5.00
8.00
5.00
5.00
2.00
2.00
3.00
6.00
10.00
2.00
2.00
2.30
5.00
8.00
5.00
3.00

Barrie
4.40

Bradford.
Trenton, St Andrew's
Torcnto, Gould Street
Seymour, St Andrev's.
Dalhunsie Mills
Galt, St Andrew's.
Hamilton, Knox Ch
Hamiton, knox Ch
Tara
H:milton, McNah Strect.
Burn's Ch
Toronto, Knox Ch
Kingston, St Andrew's.
Bristol
Fonelon Falls
Melbourne
Woodstock, Chalmer's Ch.
Port Hore. 1st Pbyn Ch.
Quebec, Chalmer's Ch.
Yaughin, st Andrew's \&
St Paul's
Southampton \& Arran
Belleville, St Andrew's.
Alexandria..
Martintown, St Andrew's
Caledonia, Argyle Street.
and Allan Settlement.
Truro.
10.00

Oshawa.
5.00
$\$ 3224.14$
French Canaman Missionaryz Sociery.
Received to 2nd April.... $\$ 45.00$
Chinguacousey list
8.35

$\$ 111.48$

## Howe Missicn.

Received to 2nd April $\$ 26229.73$
King, St Andrew's ........ 25.00

## Latona.

11.00
20.00

Brooklin
Harriston. Guthrie Ch.
12.00

Eastern Seneca
3.00

Vestminster ............. 40.00
Fisherville
18.00

Millnoint................. $\quad 2.00$
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Harriston, } \\ \text { Do }_{0} & \text { do ordy } \\ \text { do } & 14.30 \\ 5.70\end{array}$
Harwich ............. do
Presb'y of Bruce,add.debt
Millbank..... ......ordy 20.00
Millbrooke...............dy 24.00
Centreville ......... do do 25.00
Peterbor'gh,St Pauls.debt
Toronto, Knox Ch. ordy
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { do } & \text { do } & \text { SS. do } \\ \text { do } & \text { do } \\ \text { do } & \text { do } \\ \text { do }\end{array}$
Perth, St Andw, add. do
Matlon.
Underwood
od.
600.00
50.00

2500

North Brant......
Ottarya, Knox
Th...
,'...
Hamilton
Chatham, Ädelaidëst
Edwardsburgh, Add
Port Hope, 1st Ch
Ro do do Sab Sc.
Round Lake Mission
Baltimore
Binbrooke Knox Ch ......
Saltfleet Cheyne Cb.....
MIs A Wilson, Saltfeet. .
Caistor
Welrestey
Caledonia, Sutheriand St.

Centre Bruce
3.00

|  | 45.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| elerave ........... debt | 25.00 |
| Grafton..............ordy |  |
| Langsido............ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |
| Sca |  |
| rth Arthur ........ do |  |
| Demorestville, add... do |  |
| Ramsay |  |
| Rodgervi | 7.32 |
| Chesterficld |  |
| Carlingtord .......... do |  |
| Point Edward........ do |  |
| estmenth . . . . . . . . do |  |
| Dresden |  |
| Toronto, Charles St SS do |  |
| Longwood, Guthric Ch do |  |
| mady............. |  |
| Peabody ............. do |  |
| Yorkmills........... do |  |
| Wingham. $\ldots . . . . . . .$. do | 30.00 |
| t And | 120.60 5.00 |
| Tiverton |  |
| Wuedtuck. Knox Ch. do |  |
| Melrose |  |
|  |  |
| dobora, ${ }^{\text {r nax }}$ |  |


| North Pelham and Port |
| :--- |
| Robinson.............. |

Brussels, Knox Ch ........ 20.00
West Tilbury............... 17.20
Storrington-............... 21.00
Pitsburgh …............ 12.00
Warwick Knox Ch...... $\quad 8.00$
South Caledon, MelvilleCh $\quad 9.00$
Napanee ...................
5.00
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mono Centre } \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . & 6.50 \\ \text { Aylmer } . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ & 9.00\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Aylmer } \\ \text { Glenvale } & \text { \& Harrowsmith, } \\ & 30.00 \\ 30.00\end{array}$
Ingersoll. Erskine Ch .... 20.00
Fricnd McKillop ......... 0.25
West hing ................ 1000
East Gloucester ............ 24.81
Russell ...................... 16.00
Osgoodo...................... $\quad 3.28$
Kenmore ..... ............. 3.41
Collingwood................ 30.00
Embro..................... 41.08
St Helens................... 20.00
Whit Church ............... 29.00
Fnirbairn, add............ 0.25
Woodland................. ${ }^{1.79}$
Russeltown Flatts......... 12.00
Stirling, St Andrew's .... 19.00
Markham, St Andrew's,
Stoufilile, $\& c . . . .{ }^{25} .00$
Richmond Hill............. 20.00
Thornhill.................. 30.00
Vaughan, St Andrew's \&
St Paul's 7 Vict...........

35.00

Streetsville............... 5
Georgetown ................. 12.50
Limehouse................... 10.95
Vaughan ................... 44.00
$\underset{\text { Olbo Willis Ch............... }}{28.0} \quad 3.00$
Oro, Willis Ch.............
Oro Esson Ch
2.
2. 50
O.
McNab …................. 20.00
Guelph, Knox Ch ......... 65.00
Z elavare.................. ${ }^{4.00}$
Norwich.................
10.00
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Norrich................... } & 10.00 \\ \text { Windham }\end{array}$
West Gwillimbury and
Innisfil....................
10.00
Thamesville............... 25.33
Toronto, West ©a, add.... 5:08


Dorohester Station....... 4.00
Colborne ..................... 15.00
Brighton
Reserve
Southympton \& Arran.
Owen Sound, Knox Ch
Alexandria.
Osharva.
$\qquad$
Nassagawoya..
Ingersoll, Knox Ch.
Laskey
Kingston, Chalmer's Ch.
Ottawa, Daly Strect.
Kinloss \& Bervie
Seaforth
Brantford. Zion Ch. add
Martintown, St Andrew's.
Mono West
11.07
8.74
40.00
10.00
8.00
11.00
20.00
100.00
6.00 253.75
102.00
20.00
80.00
56.00
26.00
4.47

Wingham
Raleigh Station
Sarnia St Andro.........
Dorry West
$\$ 31901.86$

## Foritig Mission.

Received to 2nd April... $\$ 9862.21$ Brantford, Wellington St. $\quad 5.00$

| do | SS | 9.35 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brooklin |  | 10.00 |
| East Will | St Andw's | . 00 |

East Williams. St Andw's $\quad 6.00$
Harriston, Guthrie Ch.
Eustern Seneca
Westminster
$\qquad$
Fisherville
Millpoint.
Harriston, Knox Ch
Harwich
Ratho
Innerkip
Millbank
Millbrooke
Centrovillo
Toronto, Knox Ch

| do | do | S S,China |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| do | do | do Saskn |
| do | do | MissionSS |
| do | do | BibleClass |

Malton.
do Bible Class
Wroxeter \& Fordwich.
Underwood.
10.00
4.00
27.50
7.30
1.37
16.00
20.00
12.00
18.00
20.00
38.00

### 12.00

 350.00
## 51). 00

25.00
20.00
20.00
32.30
10.00
10.00
38.04
4.00

North Brant.
6.00

Ottawa, Knox Ch.
6.00
43.26

Chesloy.
Salem.
Ashton .........................
do do SS
Saltfleet, Cheyne Ch
Binbrooke Knor Ch
Mrs A Wilson, Saltflect...
Caistor
Wellesley

Ayr, Stanley Struet........
Caledonia, Sutherland St.
Centre Bruce.
Blythe.
20.00

Grafton
20.00

40.00
6.00
5.90
5.40
21.25

### 3.00

1.25
8.00
33.68
30.00
20
20.00
8.00

Tiverton .............. 10.00

| odstock, Knox Ch..... | 120.00 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| do | do SS,Ching | 30.00 |
| do | do do Indis | 30.00 |

Galt, Knox ChSS ....... 41.00
Bobcaygeon
Normanby, Orchardvilio
North Polham and Port
l Robinson
Thames Road.
Brussels, Knox Ch
Storrington.................. 7.00
Pitsburch ..... ..... .... 5.00
Warwick, Knox Ch, China 16.25
South Caledon, MelvilleCh $\quad 6.00$
Nupaneo
Aslmer
Cartwricht ..................... $\quad 5.00$
Ballyduff $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Montreal, St Joseph Street
$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Sab Sc, } & \text { India........... } \\ \text { do } & \text { do } & \text { China } \\ \text { do } & \text { do } & \text { Saskn }\end{array}$
Harrowsmith.............. 10.00
Ingersoll, Erskine Ch.... 10.00
Osgcode
West King.................. 14.00
East Gloucester............ 20.00
Kussell ......... .......... 16.00
Mount Pleasant............ 5.75
Purford ....................... 2.00
Collingwood................. 5.00
St IIelens ................ 9.00
Whitchurch................. 14.00
MIolstein. ........ ......... 7.89
Amos $\cdot . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Fairbairn ............. 4.00
Montreal, Knox ChSSc.: $\quad 50.00$
Markhnm. St Andrew's,
Stonffille \&c.
Richmondbill .............. $\quad 10.00$
Thornhill $\underset{\text { St And.......... } \quad 10.00}{ }$
St Panl's ............... 35.00
Kirkfield \& Victoriaville. $\quad 3.00$
London, ist Pbyn Ch..... 22.56

| do | do |
| :---: | :---: |
| South Kinloss \& Lucknow | 27.73 |
| 23.00 |  |

South Kinloss \& Lucknow
Streetsville.
do Sabso
Georgntown . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\quad 16.85$
Limeh vuse ................. $\quad 3.00$
Vaughan .................... 38.00
Albion ...................... . - 14.00
Oro, Willis Ch............. $\quad 3.00$
do Esson Ch............... 2.50
McNab ..................... 10.00
Guelph, Knox Ch........ 42.33
Norwich..................... 10.00
Windham ................... 6.00
West Gwillimbury and 10.00
Innisfil
Thamesville................ 6.61
Oakrillo...................... 10.00
Grimsby .................... 17.00
Muir Settlement .......... $\quad 5.00$
Port Dover. Knox Ch..... $\quad 3.00$
Melrose, Lonsdale and
$\qquad$

Dunsford

9.30

5.35
25.00
15.00
12.00
25.00
29.00
19.15
.
North Sherbrooke......... 7.35
Longwood, Guthrie Ch ... $\quad 10.00$
Carradoc, Cooke's Ch.
Ayr. Knoz Ch.
3.75

Ronester
14.00

Rochestervillo .............
Lake Charles................ $\quad 0.50$
Aronton Sab Sc, Saskn .. 13.00
5.00
7.00
.00

25
. 00
0

| Hollin | 10.00 | French Evangelization. |  | Soun | 8.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normanby, Middlo Station | 3.00 |  |  | Ingersoll, Knox Ch....... | 5.00 |
| Harrington.............. | 30.00 | Received to 2nd April... \$ | 672.53 | Laskoy. | 11.50 |
| Toronto, Bry St Sab Sc... | 21.00 | Brcoklin... | 10.00 | Kinloss | 4.67 |
| Laguerre, Calvin Ch...... | 4.50 | Harriston, Guthrio Ch.... | 8.00 | Brantford, Zion Ch....... | 20.00 |
| Lachute, Honry's Ch..... | 25.60 | Eastorn Soneca ..... .... | 4.00 | Mono West. ........... ... | 4.50 |
| Fort Coulonge .... | 5.09 | Millpoint..................... | 204 | Cayuga. | $\bigcirc .00$ |
| MoIntosh | 39.51 | Marriston, Knox Ch...... | 10.00 | do Sa | 5.00 |
| Paris, River Street. | 30.00 | Millbank................ | 20.00 |  |  |
| Roxborough, Knox Ch.... | 9.00 | Toronte, Knor Ch | 150.00 |  | 3939.20 |
| Erst Oxford, St Andrew's. | 8.50 | do do Snb Sc.... | 20.00 |  |  |
| St Louis de Gonzague ..... | 12.00 | do do BibloClass | 25.90 3.00 | Bursary Fund of Kxox Co | dilsge. |
| St Mary's | 50.00 | North Brant. | 5.00 | Received to 2nd Apr | 350.00 |
| Kirkton | 11.00 | Port Hope, 1st Pbyn Ch SS | 11.22 | Toronto, Cooke's Ch | 69.33 |
| Vankleokhill............. | 10.00 | Ottava, Knox Ch | 40.00 | Rev Principal Caven, D D |  |
| Sydonham, St Paul's .... | 5.00 | Saltfleet, Cheyne Ch. add. | 3.36 | Toronto $\cdots \cdots, \ldots \ldots$ | $10.00$ |
| Pakenham, Victoria St... do do | 10.00 | Mrs A Wilson, Saltfleet.. <br> do do for | 3.00 | Robert Wilke's, Toronto. Rev I'rofessor McLaren. . | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \\ 10.00 \end{array}$ |
| boys dopt, China....... | 2000 | Rev Chiniquy's children | 3.00 | Woodstock, Chalmer's Ch, |  |
| Feversham \& Maxwell | 4.00 | Caistor.................... | 2.00 | Gaclic . ................ | 00 |
| Ivy ...... | 2.00 | Wellesley ................ | 8.00 | Port Iope, 1st Pbyn Ch. | 20.00 |
| Warwick, Knox Ch ... | 1.40 | Ayr, Stanley Strect ...... <br> Caledonia Sutherland St | 44.80 6.00 |  | \$569.33 |
| Chelse̊ß ................. | 4.79 | Centre Bruce.............. | 2.50 |  |  |
| do SabSo.. | 15.21 | Langside | 2.00 | Widoms' Fund. |  |
| Pembroke, Calvin Ch .... | 51.45 | Acton, Kno | 46.01 | Widors ${ }^{\text {a }}$ END. |  |
| Perrytown | 5.00 | Chesterfield | 10.00 | Received to 2nd April... \$ | 2249.81 |
| Kirkhill | 10.00 | North Sherbrook | 5.00 | Harriston, Guthrie Ch. | 4.00 |
| Leaskdale | 2.44 | Wingham ... | 7.25 | Eastern Seneca. . ..... | 2.00 |
| Glenmor | 30.00 | Derry West | 2.68 | Westminster . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.00 |
| Cayuga | 38.00 | Woodstock, Knox Ch..... | 29.00 | Harriston, Knox Ch...... | 7.60 |
| Barrio.. | 13.70 | $\mathrm{do}^{\text {do }}$ W S Sc | 31.00 | Millbank .................. | 10.00 |
| Cookstow | 14.60 | Brussels, Knox | 10.00 | Centrevi | 8.00 |
| Trenton, St Andrew's | 4.00 | Almonto, St Andrew | 20.00 | Toronto, Kn | 100.00 |
| Vittoria | 5.00 | Warwick, Knox Ch | 2.75 | Underwood | 3.00 |
| Kippen | 19.32 | South Caledon, MelvilleCh | 11.00 | North Bran | 00 |
| Hillsgreen | 5.68 | Mono Centre | 655 | Ottawa, Knox Ch ........ | 4.10 |
| Smith Church | 6.00 | Friend, McKillop | 0.25 | Ashton . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.00 |
| Seymour, St Andrew's | 15.00 | West King . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 14.00 | Baltimor | 10.00 |
| Lindsay | 10.00 | Markham, St Andrew's, |  | Saltfeet, Cheyne Ch...... | 4.50 |
| Woodvil | 72.22 | Stouffille \&c......... | 25.00 | Binbrooke, Knox Ch..... |  |
| Hespoler. | 19.26 | Richmondhill ............. | 5.00 | Mrs A Wilson, Srlttleet.. | 0.50 |
| Dalhousie M | 7.00 | Thornhill... | 5.00 | Wellesley ... ${ }^{\text {a }}$.......... | 8.00 |
| West Lorne <br> Coledon Contre Roid, | 4.00 | London, 1st Pbyn Ch...... | 22.56 | Ayr, Stanley Street....... | 10.00 8.00 |
| Caledon Centre Road, | 4.00 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { do do } \\ \text { Collingwood ............... } \end{array}$ | 27.73 6.00 | Caledonia, Sutherland St. Centre Bruce........... | 8.00 2.00 |
| Orillia.... | 12.00 | Union...... | 40.65 | Grafton | 6.00 |
| Tara. | 600 | Norval | 16.00 | Langside . .............. . . . | 3.00 |
| Hamilton, Knox | 30.00 | Guelph, Knox Ch ........ | 50.00 | Ramsay . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9.00 |
| Hanover \& West Bentinck | 6.00 | Fingal ........ | 40.00 | Dalhousie . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.00 |
| Strathroy, St Andrev's . | 10.00 | Norwich. | 15.00 | North Sherbrooke..... .. | 5.00 |
| Kingston, St Andrew's... | 35.00 | Windham | 7.00 | Longwood, Guthrie Ch. . . | $5.00$ |
| Owen Sound, Division St. Mr Flowers, Owen Sound | 20.47 10.00 | Oakville | 10.00 | Sarnia, St Andrew's...... | 22.00 |
| Mr Flowers, Owren Sound | 10.00 13.00 | Percy ${ }^{\text {Camplel }}$ | 10.28 10.40 | Tiverton............... | 10.00 40.00 |
| Oxford | 10.00 | Rochestery | 4.00 | North Pelham and Port |  |
| A Clark, Smiths Falls | 50.00 | Hull. ... | 5.10 | Robinson............... | 3.00 |
| Fenelon Falls | 2.00 | Medonte and Floss | 10.00 | Thames Road . . . . . . . . . . | 8.54 |
| Brocliville, St J | 6.90 | glenallan ........ | 3.00 | Brussels, Knox Ch. ....... | 3.00 |
| Paisley, Knox Ch | 38.00 | Hol | 7.00 | Aylmer................... | 5.00 |
| do do Sabsc. | 15.00 | Harri | 20.00 | Carswright . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.52 |
| Angus..... | 4.00 | East Oxford | 3.91 | Ballyduff.... ........... | 1.75 |
| New Lowell | 2. 60 | Feversham \& Maxwell | 4.00 | Ingersoll, Erskine Ch.... | 10.00 |
| Woodstock, Chalmers St. | 51.75 | Meaford. | 5.00 | Osgoode ................... | 3.00 |
| Colborne . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.00 | North Mara | 9.00 | West King . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 12.00 |
| Brighton | 5.00 | Leas | 5.00 | Embro.. | 14.67 |
| Reserve | 2.36 | Glenmo | 30.00 | Ottawa, Daly Street...... | 21.00 |
| Botany | 2.58 | Barrie. | 19.15 | Collingrood............... | 4.00 |
| Southampton \& Arran.... | 12.00 | Bradford | 8.00 | South Kinloss \& Lucknow | 11.17 |
| Belleville, St Andrew's.. | 26.00 | Trenton, St Andrew's . . . | 2.00 | Norval .......... . ........ | 8.95 |
| Alexandria | 3.00 | Orillia......... ... ...... | 8.00 | McNab | 5.00 |
| Nassagawey | 9.70 | Tar | 6.00 | Fingal. | 18.00 |
| Ingersoll, Kınox | 61.00 | Hamilton, Knox Ch | 45.00 | Norwich | 6.00 |
| Laskey .................. | 11.00 | Madoc. St Paul's | 5.22 | Windham | 2.00 |
| Ottawa, Daly St Sab So... | 25.00 | Strathroy, St Andrew's... | 10.00 | Oakville. | 2.00 |
| Seaforth ... | 60.00 | Somerville ................ | 1.24 | Percy | 14.30 |
| Brantford, Zion | 100.00 | Fenelon Falls ............ | 3.17 | Campbel | 10.50 |
| Mono We | 3.50 | Brookville, St Johns | 10.75 | Huron .................. | 10.00 |
| Quelph, St Andrew's..... | 20.00 | Paisley, Knox Ch | 28.00 | Amberst island . . . . . . . . . | 2.50 |
| Kinloss \& Bervie. | 5.00 | do do SSc. | 10.00 | Glenallan | 4.00 |
|  |  | Angus | 4.00 | Hollin | 6.00 |
|  | 60.23 | Ailsa Craig, add | 1.00 | Harrington | 4.00 |
|  |  | Woodstock, Chalmor's Ch. | 20.00 | Medonte \& Floss | 12.00 |


| Port Dover, Finox Ch | 5.00 | Kinloss \& Bervic | 4.00 | Scarborough, St Andrews. | 23.45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MeIntosh | 3.97 | Belleville, John St | 10.00 | do St Johns.... | 18.58 |
| 'Parie, River Street | 15.00 | - |  | Oro, Willis Church | 3.00 |
| Roxboruugh, Kinox Ch.., | 8.00 |  | \$1174.63 | do Esson Cpurch ........ | 2.00 |
| 'East Oxford, St Andrew's | 0.35 6.00 |  |  | MoNabb | 17.00 |
| Pakenham, Victoriast.... | 6.00 3.00 | colleges, |  | Guelph Knox Church ... | 55.00 |
| Fevershmm \& Maxwell | 4.00 | Collegrs, | Fuxd. | Windhan | 5.00 3.00 |
| Kirkhill.. | 60 | Received to 2d April 7 \% | \$3731.01 | Nelson and Waterdown.. | 19.00 |
| Leaskdal | 4.60 | Marriston Guthrio Church | 5.00 | Oakvilie. ........,....... | 26.00 |
| Barric | 21.15 | Eastern Seneca | 4.00 | Grims | 25.00 |
| Bradford | 8.00 | Fishervilte..... | 6.00 | Muir Settle | 6.00 |
| Alex Muirhead, sr, York- |  |  | 1.75 | Port Dover, İ ${ }^{\text {nox }}$ Church | 20.00 |
| township.............. | 25.00 |  | 10.00 | Percs .................... | 19.40 |
| Bristo | 4.00 60 | Innerkip | 12.67 20.33 | Camp | 6.45 8.00 |
| Somerville | 1.07 | Millban | 10.00 | Auron. | 8.00 |
| Fenelon Falls | 2.39 | Millbrooke | 5.00 | Glenalian | 9.00 |
| Mamilton. Knox | 300 | Centerville | 909 | Hollin | 10.00 |
| Paisley, Knox Cb | 17.01 | Peterburgh, St Paul | 110.00 | Harringt | 20.00 |
| Blyth | 16.00 | Toronto, Knox Chur | 550.00 | Medonte and Flo | 12.00 |
| Belgra | 12.23 | Malton | 5.00 | Toronto Bay street | 21.00 |
| Angus | 8.00 | Enderwood. <br> North Bran | 4.00 | IIcIntosh Station. | 5.60 |
| New Low | 2.00 | North Bran Ottawa Kn | 88 | Smiths' Falls. St Andrews | 15.00 |
| Bonnytown. | 2.00 | Ottawa. Knox Church.... | 40.35 | Paris, River Street....... | 35.00 |
| Port Hops, 1st Pbsn Ch... | 15.00 | Rer Robt. Hamilton, Mothervell |  | East Oxford, St Andrews. | 0:50 |
| Southamrton \& Arran | 8.00 |  | 10.00 | Kirkton | 11.00 |
| Alcxandria | 9.00 | Port Hone | 20.00 | Pakenham, Victoria strect | 15.00 |
| Oshama | 10.100 | Baltimor | 3500 | Feversham and Maxwell. | 5.00 |
| Colborne | 9.00 | Newcastle <br> Snltfleet Cherne Church. | 6.00 | Iry | 5.00 |
| Brighton | 1.00 | Saltfleet Cheyne Church.. | 10.50 | Meaford | 6.00 |
| Scaforth | 10.00 | Binbrook. Wien . ${ }^{\text {arait }}$ | 10.60 | North Ma | 5.00 |
| Calcdonia, Argyle Street |  | Mrs Andrer Wilson, Sait- |  | Chatham, St | 7.00 |
| Alan Settlement | 27.00 | Caistor | 1.51 | Perrytor | 1.00 |
| Brantford, Zion Ct. | 20.0. | Caistor.... <br> Wellesley | 1.22 | Leaskdale | 12.00 |
|  |  | Caledonia, Sutherland St, | 16.00 | Cayuga. | 39.00 |
|  | 139.17 | Caledonia, sutherland St, <br> Centre Bruce | 16.00 3.00 | Parric. | 11.00 |
| With Rates from Revds T |  | Centre Brace | $\begin{array}{r} 3.00 \\ 20.00 \end{array}$ | Bradfo | 10.00 4.00 |
| J Mackie, W Richardson. | son, | Beleraro | 1.5 .00 | Trentor Lindsa | 4.00 10.00 |
| Gray, D L MeKechnic, J | Mur- | Grafton.. | 20.00 | Woodvi | 58.25 |
| ray, W Craigic. Jos IVh | te. $G$ | Lanrside . $\because$............ | 6.09 | Orillia. | 22.00 |
| Craw, J Paterson, J M Iif | nf, A | Scarborough, KnoxChurch | 102.10 |  | 6.00 |
| Grant, Dufferin, A Young, S | loung, | North Arthur | 6.00 | Hamilton, Knox Church. | 152.09 |
| T Lowry, A Grant, Kentai | \$16. | Otawa, Saint Andrews | 175.00 | Madoc, St Pauls........... | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | $15 . c 0$ | do St Columba | 4.80 |
|  |  | Carlingfor | $\text { In. } 60$ | Fanover and Bent | 5.00 |
|  |  | Dalhousie. | 5.60 | Kingston, St Andrer' | 200.00 |
| Aged and Infiry Minis | R8' | Vork Mills | 5.10 | Fenclon Falls........ | 3.53 |
| Aged lid lumira Minis |  | Wingham | 25.00 | Paisley, Knox Church. | 45.00 |
| Find. |  | Sarnia, St Andrew | 70.00 | Angus ............... | 6.00 |
| eceived to 2nd April.... |  | Woodstock. ${ }^{\text {Wiverton }}$ | 13.00 100.00 | Ners Iowell. ............... | 2.00 |
| Toronto. linox Ch ...... |  | Melrose, Lonsdale and | 100.00 | Woodstock, Chalmers' Ch | 30.00 |
| Mrunt Pleasant, Presby- |  | Shannonville ........... | 10.00 | Belleville. John Street | 75.00 |
| tery of Toronto......... | 5.70 | Normanby, Orchardville |  |  |  |
| Caistor. | 1.60 | Station ......... ...... | 3.00 |  | 0 |
| Ramsay | 8.00 | Thames R | 35.00 | Bric |  |
| Chesterfield | 5.00 | Brussels, Innox Church... | 15.00 |  | 16.00 |
| Mount Pieasant, (Presby- |  | Storrington................ | 23.00 | Southampton and Arran. <br> Belleville, St Andrerrs... | 16.00 40.00 |
| tery of Toronto, add.... | 0.50 | Pittsburgh. | 16.00 |  | 40.00 |
| Fingham..... | 12.00 | Soath Caledon, Melville |  | Nassagames | 20.00 |
| Saroia, St Andrew's . . . . | 22.00 | Church.................. | 8.00 | Ingersoll, Knox Church.. | 60.00 |
| Normanby, Orchardville |  | Carturight ........ ...... | 2.57 | Fingston, Chalmers' Ch. | 238.75 |
| Station .... | 3.09 | Ballyduff. | 2.43 | Kinloss and Berric. | 5.00 |
| Chinguacousey is | 7.25 | Port Elgin ...... ........ | 11.51 |  | 20.00 |
| do 2 n | 13.00 | Glenvale \& Harrorsmith. | 5.00 | Brantford, Zio | 100.00 |
| Guelph, Fnox Ch...... . | 21.00 | Ingersoll Erskine Church | 10.00 | Caledonia, Argslo Street | 100.00 |
| Thamesville. | 5.16 | West King . . . . . . . . . . . . | 14.00 |  |  |
| Tankleckhill | 10.00 | Collingwood .............. | 10.00 | Biddulph and Fraser Ch.. | 3.00 5.00 |
| Iry . $\ldots$................... | $3 .(0)$ | Ottama, Daly Street...... | 46.00 | Bidduiph and Fraser Ch.. | 5.00 |
| Mos Black, sr, Temnline. | 1.00 | Toronto, East Church..... | 75.00 |  | 06.06 |
| Meaford | 3.00 | Western-addl | 5.00 |  | .00 |
| A. Muirhead, sr, Yorktown- |  | Markham, St. Andrews, |  |  |  |
| ship | 25.00 | Stoufville sic. | 25.00 | Kiox College Buildisg | UND. |
| Orillia................... | 8.00 | Richmond Hill | 15.00 |  |  |
| Hanorer \& West Bentinck | 5.00 | Thornhill. | 8.00 | Recoired to 2d April'77. | 65 |
| Oxford | 4.60 | London, 1st Pbyn Church. | 100.00 | Princeton | 60.00 |
| Ailsa Crais | 6.58 | South Kinloss and Luck- |  | Malton. | 11.00 |
| Carlisle | 4.12 |  | 29.45 | Erin. | 38.00 |
| Nairn | 3.12 | Streetsrille. | 50.00 | Toeswater................. | 39.00 |
| Woodstock, Chalmer's Ch | 25.00 | Gcorgctown | 12.50 | R Coulthard, Strathburn. | 8.00 |
| Quebec, do | 35.00 | Limehous | 12.50 | West King . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 50.00 |
| ceserre | 1.51 | Vaughan | 33.00 | Vaughan \& Albion | 14.00 |
| Sotany ................... | 2.34 | Albion..................... | 25.00 | Wellesler.. | 18.00 |



Antigonish Bible Class for

SouthSea native teachor Contributicns by the Con. of Strathalbyn, P. E.I. for 1876.
Scotsburn
St Andrew's Ch, Malifax.
Dundas, for 18 i 6
Mrs Maxwell, West Ner Glasgow .............. James Henry, Salisburs..
Mary A Henry, Salisbury
Port Hastings and River Dennis.
St James, Ch, Charlotetown, for Trinidad Catchist
WW E Smith. Harvey York Thankofferizis....
Tete-n-soucho.
Belledunne
Redbank...................
Tho Misses Stark Baznar Moodstock,for Trinidad Mission.
Misses Stark’s Bazaar. Woodstock, for India Mission
Brookfield, Section of Rer E Smith's Cong
Campbell Sett. and Londonderry; N B B St Stephen's Ch, St John,
NB..... .............
St Matthew's Ch, Halifar
Earltown.
St John's Ch, Halifaz....
West Truro. $\qquad$
14.60
47.00
78.00
43.02
7.00
2.00

150
050
800
60.00
20.00
1.20
2.30
6.00
40.00
10.00
4.50
4.00
43.52
501.16
9.51

6000
65.70

88,873.83
Datspring and Mission Schools.
Acknowledged alreadr. $\$ 1,902.44$
Yhycocomagh CB
22.23

Stanley SS. PEI
${ }^{4} 00$
St Joseph SS Montreal.
20.00

Princeton-addl
SS of Greenock Ch, StAndrews
Chetecamp. Margareo.....
St Andrews, Sydney......
Clyde River \& Barrington
Gouth Cornmaliis, Wolfville
Pearl St S S. Hinmilton....
Willis St SS. Clinton
Chalmer's Ce's S. Halifar
SS of Coté $\mathrm{St}_{\text {, }}$ Miontreal.
\$2,155.97

## Hoze Missions.

Acknomiedsed alreadr. $\$ 4,143.99$ Moncton
25.00

Middle Rirer, CB, for M Mactiregor...
15.00

Liztle Narroms.
Bay Fortune, Souris and
Grand River.............
Ist Pres. Traro, for is:̈ó..
StJohn's Cb, St John .2..
Elmadalo
Nine Mile River.
R. Wingood. Hamilton,

Bermuda
princeton, $\dddot{P} \dddot{E} \overline{\mathrm{I}}$.
Minrray Harbour, PME..
Ladies of Higkinsrille ...
St Stophon's Ch, Amberit
A. Mcleod. Halifix. to aid PRedbank in Manse building

Port Hastings and River
Dennis. $\dddot{3}$...... $10 . \%$ in
9.50

促
W. W. E. Smith Harves,

York Thank Offering...
Stanley.o.
Carleton,
B................
Carleton, NB.
Redbank
28.00

Brookfield Section of Rev
E Smith's Cong.
Campbell Sett. and Lon-
donderry, N B...........
4.00

St Mattherr's Ch Halifax 200.00 St John's Ch, Halifux..... 30.10
\$1,797.36

## Supplemphiting Fend

Acknomledred already.. $\$ 3,985.58$ Loke Ainslie. ............ 6.00 $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Richmond, } \\ \text { Maitland.................... } & 9.00 \\ 40.00\end{array}$ Mabou...
Bay Fortune, Souris, and
Grand River
15.43

Ist Pres, Truro, for isí6..
50.00

St John's Ch, St John....
R. Wingood, Hamilton,
12.00

Bermuda.............:
10.00

St Peters and Brackley
Pt Roads
$20 . \mathrm{m}$
St Stephen's Ch, Amherst
Greenock Ch, St Andrews
St Matther's Ch, Halifax

14.08
8.00
265.0
3.50
40.00
$\$ 3,496.10$

## Collage Fund.

Acknomledged alreads. $\$ 4,463.61$ Bay Fortune, Souris, and
Grand River. Elmsdale.
6.00

R Wingood, Bermuda.. $\quad 10.00$ Princeton Muray Harbour, PEI.. Greonock Ch, St Andrews Port Hastings and River Dennis
St Paul's, Truro
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Sheet Harbour-Quoddy. } & 6.29 \\ \text { Redbank................. } & 4.55 \\ 5.60\end{array}$
St Matther's Ch, Malifax 306.00 Earloma.
${ }_{6}^{4} 32$ St John's Ch, Yalifax....
\$4,951.79

## Fresch :Evangeinzation

Acknomledged already. . $\$ 2,554.16$ Mr. McNaughton, Toney
River......................
Grand River..............
R ingood. Eermuda ... Murras Harbour, PE E... 39.29 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mabou Miss Sociats..... } & 9.00\end{array}$ SS of East River, St. MaJames Henrs Salisbure.
1.83 James Heprs, Salisbury.. 1.50 S S Port Hastings and Riv


| Jomi A. McDonald Fond. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ladies of United Ch, NowGlasgow...... ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  |
| Aged and Infira Minis |  |
| Middle Mrusquodoboit .... | 3.00 |
| Pd. R. S. Patterson, N. |  |
| St. John's Ch., St. ${ }^{\text {St. }}$ |  |
| N.B.... |  |

Widows' and Oephans Fuid
Late in connection with the Church of Scotland.
James Croil, Montreal, Treas.

| da |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Stirling. | 15.00 |
| Vaughan.. | 16.00 |
| Cornwall. | 70.00 |
| Chatham. | 12.00 |
| Belleville | 34.00 |
| Galt | 18.00 |
| Lancasto | 12.00 |
| Eldon. | 4.00 |
| North Williamsburg | 12.00 |
| North Easthope | 5.00 |
| Brochville | 7.20 |
| Oxford | 8.00 |
| Melbourae | 12.00 |
| Point Leri | 12.00 |
| Finch | 6.00 |
| St Gabriel's, Montreal... | 80.09 |
| Lachine. | 32.00 |
| Port Hope, Mill Street | 8.00 |
| Becchridge.... .... | 9.00 |
| Mountain \& South Gower | 5.00 |
| Beckwith...... ... | 16.00 |
| Iondon, St Jame's Ch.... | 72.00 |
| Clifton. Ont | 12.00 |
| Stratford. | 15.00 |

Presbytyblan College, Montreal

## Warden King, Treazurer.

Ordinary Revenue.
Amount last reported ... \$2049.25
Knox Ch, Hemmingford.. 1.40
St Andrev's Ch, do ... 6.60
Minnotic \& Gloucester.... $\quad \mathbf{5 . 2 5}$
Laquerre .................... 5.00

Inverness .................... 20.00
Bristcl .

| Dalhousio Mills ............ | $\mathbf{6 . 0 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alexandria . .......... | 5.00 |

Remitted be Ror Wm
Reid. D D, Toronto, less
50 e collecting.
76.95
$\$ 2214.45$
Scholarship Fund
H McLennan, Montreal. . 25.00

| JW Kclly, | do | $\cdots$ | 10.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hukh Mackay, | do | $\cdots$ | 60.00 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Hukh Mackuy, do } & \text { do } & 60.00 \\ \text { Geo Stephen, } & \text { do } & . . & 50.00\end{array}$



| Buildina Fund | Interest............... 8.09 | Stodents' Missionary Society, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y Morntosh ........... $\quad 5.00$ | Princetown, PEE....... 11.20 | Presbyterian College,Montreil |
| Alexadria Congregation. 5.00 | A friend, per Rev R S | J. A. Anderson, Treasurer. |
| Juverile Mission to India. | ${ }_{\text {Patter3on..... }}$ Hi.... 5.00 |  |
| Juvirile Mission to midia. | Interest from funter ${ }_{\text {Bursary }}$ | Paltimore \& Coldsprings. $\$ 4.00$ |
| Miss Mfachar, Kingzton, Treas. | Interest from Mathew- | Thanct and The Ridge.. .0 |
| Bible Class, St Andrew's | son's Bursary ......... 50.00 | Thanct and The Ridge .... ${ }^{10.00}$ |
|  |  | L'Amable ................ $\quad 7.00$ |
| Campbellford Sab Sch... 3.00 |  | Thanet ............... 1.00 |
| St Andrew's ${ }^{\text {S }}$ S. Kingston 50.00 | idots' and Orphass Fond. | Stanley St. Ch.Miss-Soc., |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mrs Bissett, Montreal } \ldots . & 20.00 \\ \text { St Andrew's S } \\ \text {, Toronto. } & 50.00\end{array}$ | Of late Church of the Maritime | Montreal............. $\quad 25.00$ |
| Arnprior Sub Sc . ..... 20.00 |  | $1)$ Morrice. Montreal..... 10.00 |
| Martintown Sab Sc..... ${ }^{20} 000$ |  |  |
| Lakefield \& N Smith S S. $\quad 20.00$ |  | Ershine Church Mis. Soc., $\quad 100.00$ Montreal... ......... |
|  | Geo. Mithell, Mraigax. Mreas. | Conticook............ 19.00 |
| iFoung Mans Bursary Ford. | Rev WV Wilson, Chatham, | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Chalmer's Ch SS, Montreal } \\ \text { friend, Moutreal...... } & 20.00 \\ 2.65\end{array}$ |
| W. F. Knight, Halifax, Treas. | St John's, Nid, St And Ch 12.00 | - |
| Rev G M Grant-.......... 49.00 |  | Collection, Williamstown 11.37 |

## (500 ${ }^{2}$ ?

The missionaries of the Presbyterian Board in Persia held their annual meeting at Oroomiah. The reports from the stations were quite encouraging. In Oroomiah there were one hundred and twenty additions, the largest number received in one year since the mission was established, and in Tabreeze, five. In Teheran a church of twelve members was organized, to which five more were added. The meeting asked for two more missionaries and an immediate appropriation of $\$ 5,000$ for the purchase of land in Teheran.

Mr. Cameron, who was driven away from Madagascar in 1835, was enabled to return in 1863 , to be greeted by a vast prayer and praise meeting. On the spot where once stood the prison of the martrrs there now stande a beautiful memorial church, where Mr. Moss preaches to a thousand hearere every Sabbath day. A wide and effectual door is now opeu. There are now a thousand congregations in Madagafcer! The tunes of Phillips and Sankey have been set to, Malagasy hymns, and are sung in a manner that would do credit to meetings in Philadelphia.

$$
\text { Gix's } \overline{\text { moux }} \text { 㮰ux.' }
$$

As the story goes,-two Scotchmen occupied the same cottage, each being bound to keep his own side of the house well
thatched. They were sadly divided religiously, one being a Burgher and the other an Antiburgher. After repeated battles of words they were not on speahing terms. One day these men were at work on the roof each thatching his own side. They met at the top, and were forced to look in each other's faces. One of the men took off his cap, and, ecratching his head, said to the other, "Johnnie, you and me, I think, hae been very foolish to dispute as we hae done concerning Christ's will aboot our Kirke, until we hae clean forgot his will aboot ourselves; and so we hae fought so bitterly for what we ca' the truth, that it has ended in spile. Whatever is wrong, it's perfectly certain that it never can be richt to be unceevil, nneeghborly, unkind: in fac, to hate ane anither. Na, na, that's the deevil's wark, aud no God's! Noo, it strikes me that maybe it's wi' the Kirk as wi' this hoose: ye're working on ae side, and me on the t'ither, but if we only do our work weel, we will meet at the tap at last. Gie's your han', auld neeghbor !" So they shook hands, and were the best of friends ever after.

I heard the voice of Jesus say, "I am this dark world's light;
Look unto me, thy mornshall rise, And all thy das be bright!"
I look'd to Jesus, and I found In him my Star, my San;
And in that Light of Life I'll walls, Till trav'lling dass are dono.

## Educational and Book Notices.

## BRANTFORD YOUNG LADIES' COLLEGE.

(In connection with the Presbyterian Church)
The Rev. Alex. Topp, D.D., Moderator of the General Aseembly, visitor and Honorary Director.
Rev. Wm. Cochrane, D.D., President.
Rev. A. F. Kemp, L.L.D., Principal.
With a staff of competent instructors.
All the branches of a thorough English Education together with a complete Collegiate Curriculum are taught in the College.
For Catalogues and information, apply to the Principal at the College.
The College Terms begin on the 7th September and 16th November, 1876, 8th February and 18th A pril, 1877.
Brantiord, Ontario,
Feb. 1st, 1876.

## BUTEHOUSE.

844 Sherbrooke Street, Montreal.
Eatablished for the Board and Education of Young Ladies.
Mrb. Watson-Successor to the Misbes (Neil) Holntosa.
The aim of this Establishment is to comSine Christian and moral training with instruction in the various branches of a superior Education. Special advantages for the acquisition of the French language.
The Autumn Term commenced on Friday, 8th September. a liberal deduction made in the case of Clergynien's daughters.

## Day \& Boarding School for Young Ladies

Mortyn Hotie, 348 Jartis St., Toronto. MISS S. E. HAIGET, PRINCIPAL, (Sucoessor to the Late Miss Seinieb.)
This School affords a thorough training in all the branches of a sound Exalise Edvoation. Frenoh, Geryan; Drawing amd Fainting, And Mrsio, are taught by accomplished Propessors. Boarding Ptpils are under the personal care of the Principal, and enjoy the comforts and kindly influences of a refined Ceristiax Home. Termb moderate.

Vacancies for a few Boarding Pupils.

## RRaESIDE ACademy, Cote des Neiges Near Montreal.

Boarding School for Boys. Healthy locality. Terme Moderate.
Prospectus sent on application.
Jamis MoGregob, M. A., Principal.

## GALT COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Clussics: Wm. Tassie, M.A.,L.L.D., Alex. S. Tassie. B. A., Wm. Wallace, U.G. Hiathematics: Alex. Murray, M.A., J. S. McRae, Wm. Wallace, U.G. English Classics and Modern Languages: G. A. Chase, B.A., Medalist. English; Head Master, English Classical Master, J. S. McRae, Wm. Wallace. Mfusic : Carl Martens, Prof. Baker. Drawing: H. Martin. Fencing, Drill, Gymnastics : Lieut. L. B. Sharpe, Angelo'e Fencing and School Londou, England.
The Head-Master would refer to the recent Matriculation Examinations in Toronto University, at which the Galt Institute gained more First Class Honors than any other institution. One pupil carrying off 5 first classes. W. TASSIE, M.A.,L.L.D. Galt, Feb. 1st, '76.

Head Master.


Four Departments: Arts, Preparatory, Comemercial \& Agricultural. 10 Pre fessors \& Teachers. Board, washing, Fuel, Light, $\$ \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{B}$. $\$ 2.50$ per week. Tuition from $\$ 5$ to $\$ 10$ per term. The picturesque Village of Richmond, on the Grand Trunk Railway, cannot be surpassed for ness, and convenience. No profit being made on the Boaraing Department, mahes this institution the cheapest Protestant College in the Dominion.

REV. CHARLES A. TANNER,
Principal.
THE WHITBY HIGH SCHOOL. WHITBY: ONTARIO.
THIS long-established and well-known School was re-opened August 23rd. The Head Master is now prepared to receive into his house a limited number of Pupils as Boarders, to whose progress in study and general behaviour the strictest attention will be paid. For particulars, apply to GEO. H. ROBINSON, MF.A., Head Master.

High School, Whitby, 1st Dec., 1876.

## HAMILION COLLEGLATE INSTITUTE.

[^0]
[^0]:    The Staff consist of lit teachers, 8 of whom are University honour men, each doroting all his time to his own special department; tho othors are Provincial teachers whose oxperience ranges from 5 to 20 sears. In the last 3 sears, 30 students from this school entered the Arts Course of Toronto and Iondon Universities, saining 79 honours and over $\$ 2000$ in Scholarships. Tho pupils from this school in 1875 and 1876 wero ranked abovo tho pupils from all othor Ontario Sohools in both Classics and Mathematics at tho matriculation oxamination in Arts in Toronto University. For record of the School appls to the

    HEAD MASTER.

