WINNIPEG AND ITS INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

The voyageur smiles as he listens To the sound that grows apace: Well he knows the vesper ringing Of the bells of St. Boniface. —Whittier.

SUNSHINE

Vol. XV. No. 7

MONTREAL

JULY, 1910



WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.—St. Boniface Roman Catholic Cathedral.

# SUNSHINE

PUBLISHED BY THE

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA, AT HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

A. M. MACKAY, Editor.



HEAD OFFICE BUILDINGS

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#### Westward Ho!

Many of the people of our new Western Provinces, and, in fact, from all over the Dominion, will flock to the beautiful and progressive city of Winnipeg to participate in the great Industrial Exhibition to be held there on the 13th-23rd July, 1910. Our western friends are making wonderful preparations, and are bound to make this the grandest exhibition Canadians have yet had the privilege of visiting. Sunshine joins with all loyal Canadians in hoping that expectations will be fully realized and that great good to the city and province of Manitoba will result. Our energetic manager for Manitoba, Mr. H. Walker, and his staff, have arranged for suitable quarters on the grounds and will be daily in attendance, where they will be pleased to greet policyholders of this Company, and glad to welcome prospective members to the ranks of the assured.

## Public Health Campaign.

It is understood official announcement will be made shortly of the appointment of Dr. Charles Hodgetts, secretary of the Ontario Provincial Board of Health, to take charge of the health branch of the Conservation Commission's work. A far-reaching campaign of education and of practical endeavor in respect to the prevention of the spread of tuberculosis, the pollution of streets by sewage, municipal sanitation, etc., is contemplated by

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the Commission, with the co-operation of the Federal and Provincial governments. Dr. Hodgett's has been asked to accept the position, and it is understood he has accepted.

With the Government forces co-operating with the leading life assurance companies, the campaign in favor of public health and against all kinds of preventable diseases must, of necessity, result in better sanitary conditions and a greatly improved mortality experience among the life assurance companies.

29630

## Winnipeg Exhibition.

Twenty years ago, when Winnipeg, the newest metropolis of the commercial world, was yet a struggling, squalid village, its citizens founded the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition. This annual fair has been a vigorous pacemaker for the bounding growth of Western Canada from that day to this. It is now one of the largest and most important annual fairs held on the western continent. It holds a place of unique and peculiar interest among exhibitions of its kind because the country of whose development it is an epitomist, is the great Land of Promise of to-day—the section of the world where the most rapid development is taking place, where the promise of greatness to come looms largest on the horizon; where vigorous, militant optimism is the foremost characteristic of every man.

It is in Western Canada that the worldold following of agriculture has found a continent, a wide vigin field for the application of its modern aids of science and mechanical invention; that a whole untouched continent of potential natural wealth has been opened to the advancing march of civilization. The Winnipeg Exhibition shows the products of the finest farming lands of the world; lands

where farms may still be had for the asking. It has the most important annual showing of agricultural machinery held in America. The arts, industry and material advancement of modern times are expressed in full and complete exhibits from all parts of the globe. As in other phases of development Western Canada excels in its schools, which is exemplified by exhibits reflecting every phase of scholastic and technical educational work. There are sports, fetes and races, and a concourse of two hundred thousand representatives of the alert, progressive people of a new country. The Exhibition covers ten days, from July 13th to the 23rd.

## During First Five Years.

A very interesting table has been issued by an American life company, showing the death claims paid in five years, from 1905 to 1909, where only premiums had been paid from one to five years. It is as follows:

r Premium . 2 Premiums . 3 Premiums . 5 Premiums	Premiums Received. \$20,242 34,517 58,408 97,332	

Those who paid only one premium realized about \$449 for \$20 paid; those who paid five premiums realized \$429 for \$97 paid.

The other fact worthy of careful consideration by those who think they are sure of living and therefore need no life assurance is that so many who not only think they are good risks, but whom also the company believes to be such, after a most careful medical examination die within a few months or a few years after they are pronounced safe and sure.

Nearly 20 per cent. of the total death claims represented risks that did not survive five years. Is there anything surer than death or less certain than life?

#### The City of Winnipeg.

" I hear the tread of pioneers Of nations yet to be;

The first low was't of waves where soon Shall roll a he man sea.

The rudiments of empire here
Are plastic yet and warm;
The chaos of a mighty world
Is roueding into form!''
—Whittier.

Only forty-five years ago one might have looked in vain over the maps of the North-West for the name of Winnipeg. The now splendid city did not then exist. Some fur-trading posts were indicated here and there in the vast unknown region and among these was "Fort Garry," now Winnipeg, the half-way house between the two oceans.

There are said to be one hundred thousand words in the English language. In spite of this ample vocabulary it is difficult for a Westerner to find the necessary words to picture the vast resources of the region of which Winnipeg is the commercial centre, and its marvellous development during the last half century.

Speaking of Winnipeg itself—as late as 1875 it was a village of a thousand inhabitants; it is now a modern city of one hundred and sixty thousand souls. It is the capital city of the province of Manitoba and the gateway to the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. These are enormous provinces with immense stretches of fertile fields capable of sustaining a vast population. Their exports must pass eastward through Winnipeg, their imports must of necessity pass westward through Winnipeg. The development of this city must then progress pari passu with that of the half-continent beyond.

Three railway systems will pass through the city. The pioneer line, the Canadian Pacific Railway, and two partially completed transcontinental roads—the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific. These three lines all maintain large shops, which give employment to no less than 3,600 men. The yards of the Canadian Pacific Railway form the largest individual railway yards that any city in the world can boast. The tracks extended would stretch out 110 miles.

The growth in all other lines is most marked; there are to be found streets of wholesale warehouses with fine transportation facilities; banks with the most modern and beautiful office buildings; churches and colleges; public schools which any city twice the age of Winnipeg and twice its size might be proud to possess; wide and splendidly paved thoroughfares; good car

service; and many other features which give it the true metropolitan appearance.

The city has a most energetic Park Commission, and as a result there are to be found miles of beautiful boulevards and several pretty parks in different parts of the city. The new Assiniboine Park to the west, facing the river of the same name will be, when the work of its development is completed, a most attractive spot alike for citizens and visitors.

Nor is Winnipeg neglectful of facilities for the education of the youths of the new nation. The following colleges prepare students for the University examinations; St. John's, Episcopal; Manitoba, Presbyterian; St. Boniface, Roman Catholic; Wesley, Methodist.

Of course in a centre of such agricultural activity there is demand for a high-class college of agriculture. This need has been met by the Government in its Agricultural College, which attracts a large attendance, and where all branches pertaining to the country, the farm and its advancement receive every attention. Winnipeg is also the home of the Manitoba Medical College.

Although such a new product, Winnipeg is a city of homes. In the residential districts and outlying suburbs there are large numbers of handsome residences, surrounded by well-appointed grounds and gardens,

Necessarily there are as yet few places of marked historic interest. Old Fort Garry would have constituted one of these, but in the early eighties when the "boom was on" and sentiment was at a low ebb, the fort was destroyedan act which the citizens of to-day all deeply regret. Fortunately the gateway was preserved, and still stands a link between the days of fur trading and the buffalo hunt, and the present day of development. Some few years ago the Hudson's Bay Company deeded this landmark with its adjoining area to the city, and it is now maintained as a recreation ground. However while we grieve over the demolition of the old fort it is a satisfaction that within easy access is Lower Fort Garry, preserved in its entirety and situated on the Red River some eighteen miles north of the city, and accessible by suburban car.

Situated as Winnipeg is, its citizens have to look elsewhere for their summer recreation grounds, and there are now three popular resorts within easy reach. Winnipeg Beach is perhaps the most popular, on account of its nearness. It is situated on the western shore of Lake Winnipeg, some forty-eight miles north. Then there is the Lake of the Woods district, east, on the



WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.—OFFICE AND FIELD STAFF, 

 1. Robt, Work,
 2. J. St. Clair Clark.
 3. A. M. McMurchy.
 4. J. H. Woolsey.

 5. R. P. Lewis.
 6. Dr. Jas. Patterson, Medical Examiner.
 7. N. T. Truell

 11. Geo. E. Sherwood.
 12. Miss D. J. Barrie, Stenographer.
 13. F. H. Dixon, Cashier.

line of the C. P. R., and the Detroit Lakes in Northern Minnesota. Each of these points has attractions of its own.

During the month of February, the curling bonspiel holds sway, and the knights of the "besom and stanes" are in evidence everywhere. Curling, the like of which is perhaps not seen the world over, is witnessed during the ten days the contests are on.

Charitable and philantropic work is not neglected, and the city has the Winnipeg General Hospital, St. Boniface and Salvation Arm; Hospital, the Old Folk's Home, Children's Home, Children's Shelter, Children's Aid Society and Children's Hospital (under construction) and Free Kindergarten. All of the above institutions are of a most modern order, and each accomplishes a great work.

Only forty years of its history have passed away. At such a rate of progress what may not the second period of forty years see accomplished in the development of the city? It is impossible to prophecy. We will, however, present some statistics and with these our readers may make such forecasts as they will.

Population in 1870, 215. Population in 1910. with suburbs, 160,000.

In 1900, 16 schools with 7,500 in attendance. In 1908, 33 schools with 12,500 enrolled.

Bank clearings, in 1902, \$188,470,003; in 1908, \$684,111,801.

Electric railway carried 3,000,000 passengers in 1900, and 22,000,000 in 1908.

New building record for the last six years over \$50,749,580. There is under construction a municipal electric plant of 60,000 horse-power. There are to-day 185 electric cars operating 62 miles of city track, and 44 miles suburban track.

The greatest grain market in the British empire, handles 200,000,000 bushels annually.

## A Chance for All.

There was little doubt in the minds of those who were invited to the wedding of Augustus Clay Johnson to Chloe Matilda Baker, as to the cordiality of the invitation. It was clearly printed and read as follows:

"You are invited to attend the marriage of Mr. Augustus Clay Johnson and Miss Chloe Matilda Baker at the house of the bride's mother. All who cannot come may send."—The Youth's Companion.

"My husband is so poetic," said one lady to another in a car the other day.

"Have you ever tried rubbin' his j'nts with hartshorn liniment, mum?" interrupted a beefy looking woman with a market basket at her feet, who was seated at the lady's elbow and overheard the remark. "That'll straighten him out as quick as anything I know of, if he ain't got it too bad."

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WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.-PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE BUILDING.



WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER-CITY HALL SQUARE, TAKING IN THE CITY HALL AND UNION BANK BUILDING.

#### Breaks Canadian Records for New and Total Business.

The record of expansion of such a company as the Sun Life Assurance Company can be accepted as an unfailing s gn of the development and prosperity of the whole country. The corporation has come to constitute so important a part of the business fabric and its statement showing over twenty-one millions of paid for business in one year, is the best possible evidence of the increase in individual wealth. Ir therefore means something more than a mere recital of an assurance company's striking success, to say that in its annuity department the Sun Life received no less than \$648,000 in annuity premiums in 1909. It reflects the growing impulse to provide for the future among the public at large and the steady broadening of confidence in the corporation which, as a result, is making remarkable strides forward. . . . .

It may also be pointed out that the Company's striking increases from year to year are being obtained with a steady reduction in the ratio of expenses .-Peterborough Times.

## Exact Obedience.

A lady staying in a hotel was frightened by a noise like that of a person running about in a room over the one she occupied.

The noise went on at intervals for two nights, and then changed, as if the occupant on the floor above had gone mad and was skipping about. The lady did not believe in ghosts, but she was afraid of them, so she asked the proprietor to investigate the mystery.

It was a sick foreigner obeying the imperfectly understood directions of an English medical man: "Take the medicine two nights running, then skip a night."-Exchange.

## SUNSHINE

#### Spend as You Go.

"O, make it two crates of the best oranges you've got."

"You always want the best and plenty, don't you?" remarked the merchant genially, catching a whiff from his customer's choice cigar.

"The very best. I've got a good family and I want to treat 'em right. Apples we've tired of and it is oranges we crave. And don't forget us on those fancy brands of ham and bacon. The best, remember."

Passing on to the cigar store he obtained a couple of boxes of 25-cent cigars which he stowed under the seat of his auto which was to take him back to his farm. Then a few new cravats and an extra pair of shoes all round for the wife and children, and he was off for home.

At the door his wife met him, with kiss of welcome, and the children came to hunt through his pockets—their almost daily hunt, always well rewarded.

"They'll send over the oranges and things, Mame. How about the whist party for to night?"

"O, fine. All are coming, at least four tables. And Susan's making the cream."

"What else? Nothing but cake? Well, I guess—Here, phone over to the store for some strawberries. I saw them as we came along. Yes, strawberries—way ahead of the season. Get six quarts. Then get up some salad and things of that sort; the boys will be hungry by eleven o'clock."

It was indeed a great "party," but only just such as Fred always had. Bless his generous soul! He and his wife were living it over in memory the next morning when a messenger brought a package, \$75 C. O. D.

"Yes, yes," he exclaimed. "That's my spring suit. I'll borrow the \$75 from

you now and, for interest, I'll pay \$100 for yours when it comes. Then we'll go to the city for a week and take in the theatre and everything. We'll have a grand good time, Mame, and bring a barrel of candy and toys home for the kids."

But they did not go to the city. The next week the generous hearted man was sick with a cold, and it struck deep.

A week later a neighbour was saying to another neighbour, returning from the funeral: "Too bad, too bad. Fine a fellow as he was, he didn't leave a cent. Everyone is chipping in something for the family."—The Phoenix.

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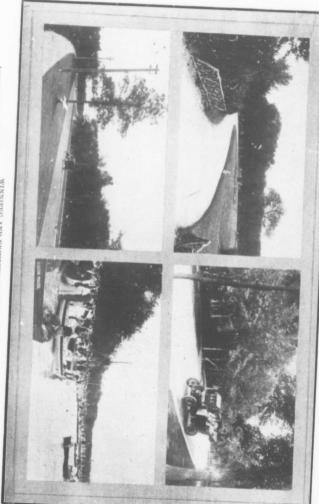
### From the Monetary Times.

It is a satisfactory incident, when, after a year's business greatly increased over its predecessor, a life company can report the larger business done at a decreased ratio of expense. This is the condition reported by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, which announces in 1909 the great sum of \$21,509,000 assurance issued, an increase of \$1,725,000 over 1908.

These are splendid figures—all the more splendid if contrasted with the corresponding figures of ten, twenty, or thirty years ago.

An item that arrests attention in the report is the extent of the Company's annuity business, the premiums of which last year amounted to \$648,000.

The Company's assets must be well invested, for the profits declared are very cheering. Any company that can earn a million dollars profit in a year, and pay a third of it to policyholders in that year, is not likely to lack that most pleasing kind of advertising, the grateful announcements to their friends made by persons who have had the advantage of such profits.



ASSINIBOINE PARK, WINNIPEG, DRIVEWAY, CRESCENTWOOD SCHURBS, WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.

DRIVEWAY, ARMSTRONG PARK, GALA DAY AT WINNIPEG BEACH,

#### Words of Congratulation.

Sydney, March 18, 1910.

W. J. MARQUAND, Esq., Manager Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

Halifax, N.S.

Dear Sir, -This letter is to express my gratitude to your Company, for the really fraternal manner in which they treated me, shortly after the death by accident of my late husband. I had no expectation of receiving any payment whatever, on account of life assurance, as my husband's policy with your Company had practically lapsed, there having been but two full years' premiums paid when death took place.

My husband paid half-yearly and but five half-yearly premiums were paid, the 6th being some nine months over due.

It was therefore a very great surprise and relief to me to have your Sydney agent, Mr. J. W. Betcher, present me with the full amount of insurance carried by my husband with the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, less the amount of premiums not paid at the time of his death. Again thanking you, and wishing your Company every good wish. I am yours truly,

GEORGINA MATHESON,

NEWARK, N.J., April 16, 1910. GEORGE A. MONCUR, Esq.,

District Manager,

Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Union Building, Newark, N.J.

Dear Sir,-I wish to express my deep appreciation and to commend your Company for its promptness in payment of all claims with added bonus under policy No. 97265 on the life of my late husband, William Davis, and I will recommend my friends who are considering life assurauce to take a policy in the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada. Respectfully,

MARY DAVIS, No. 9 Lee Place, Paterson, N.J.

ALERT BAY, B.C., Feb. 5th, 1910.

JOHN H. POFF, Esq., Manager Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, Vancouver, B.C.

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure in acknowledging receipt of your letter of February 1st informing me that a bonus of \$62.90 is due on my policy No. 84936.

I presume that as in the previous bonus on

the same policy after paying the premium due of \$33.60, that a cheque for the remaining \$29.30 will be sent me.

You did not enclose the cheque, but as I know from past experience with your Company that even if I do sign a receipt acknowledging receipt that it will come all right.

I am well satisfied with my dealings with your Company, and when I know of anyone who wishes to take out any assurance I always recommend the Sun Life of Canada. Thanking you for the handsome return,

I remain, sincerely yours,

W. M. HALLIDAY.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 15, 1910. E. C. PEED, Manager,

Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, Baltimore, Md.

Dear Sir,-I hereby acknowledge receipt of draft in full settlement of claim under policy No. 102227, issued by your Company on the life of my late mother, Mrs. Barbara Miller, and desire to thank your Company through you for this settlement.

As this policy has been kept in force through the Nonforfeiture provision of same, I realize the advantage of my mother being insured with the Sun Life, knowing that had this policy been taken out in a good many other companies which do not have the Nonforfeiture provision, there would have been no claim against them at the time of her death.

Again thanking you for the settlement, I am, with best wishes for your Company's continued success,

Very truly yours,

MRS. MARY HITTEL.

Life assurance preserves the nation because it protects the home. Every time an agent sells a policy to a husband or father he helps to keep a foundation stone in place, and is doing an invaluable service to his country.

There is a difference between working and being busy. Some of the busiest members of society accomplish very little of real worth for themselves or for others. Work presupposes a well defined purpose and the endeavor to accomplish it by persistent and systematic effort.

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WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.—VIEW OF PORTAGE AVESUE, LOOKING EAST TO MAIN STREET.



WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.-VIEW OF BROADWAY, WINNIPEG.



WINNIPEG AND EXHIBITION NUMBER.—CARNEGIE PUBLIC LIBRARY, WINNIPEG

## Life Assurance as an Investment.

Life assurance is a good investment for all men who need life assurance, and few men are without that need, says L. Bracket Bishop. It is the first investment a young man should make, as it does what no other small payment can do -creates for him an immediate estate. In fact this is the chief function of life assurance for young and old.

First class stocks, mortgages and bonds are investments of the first rank, and life assurance supplements and protects all these other investments.

The true life assurance agent does not advise a man to place all his surplus earnings in life assurance, but recommends him to do what all sane and prudent men do, to invest in life assurance in due proportion to his needs and his other investments.

No other investment compares with life assurance for the safe investment of small sums of money. The policyholder's

money is invested in the soundest securities in the country-bonds, mortgages, etc.-which he could not buy in small quantities with the sums he pays annually for life assurance, and in nearly all cases could not select to as good advantage as the great expert investors of the life assurance companies.

Life assurance as an investment for a man if he lives is of great importance as giving "peace of mind" and self respect, and the respect of others. As illustrating the latter: A new agent in Chicago wrote twenty applications in the first six months on young unmarried men, all made for the benefit of their mothers. The vice-president of the company, happening to hear of this, said that if any of these young men wanted a position he would give him one without any other recommendation than that he had shown by his action in protecting his mother that he possessed the right underlying principle.

Life man's indisp The

the li policy of life



WINNIPEG AND EXHIBIT ON NUMBER,
Residence of Hugh Sutherland,
Executive Agent C. N. R.
Residence of Wm. Whyte, and Vice-President C. P. R.,
Residence of A. M. Nauton, of Osler, Hammond
K. Nauton,

Life assurance as a protection to a man's estate is a first-class investment and indispensable.

The immense sums of money paid into the life assurance companies by their policyholders show the public's opinion of life assurance as an investment.

The Sun Life of Canada is Prosperous and Progressive."

#### He Did Not Like the Tune.

A poor foreign musician was doggedly wrestling with his trombone outside a village inn, says the Dundee Advertiser. He knew that "The Lost Chord" was somewhere in that instrument, but the latter seemed loath to part with it. At length the landlord appeared at the door. The poor musician

bowed, and doffing his cap, said, "Musig have jarms," and smiled. The innkeeper smiled also, and kindly.

"Well, not always," he said. "But try that tune outside that red brick house and I'll give you sixpence."

Three minutes later the trombonist was back again, mud bespattered and forlorn.

"You vos right," he said, slowly and sadly, "musig hath jarms not always—no. A mad vellow out of that house came und me mit a brigg he knocked me down—yes. He not like that tune—no, no," and he rubbed the back of his head.

"I thought he wouldn't," said the landlord. "He's just done a month's hard labor for stealing a clothesline from a back garden."

## Farmers from the United States.

One million dollars in property value and 1,500 people is the quota furnished by the Omaha district to the tremendous sum of money and the army of farmers which have this year left the United States and gone into Western Canada.

Out of 300,000 American immigrants during the past six years 200,000 were practical farmers.

#### Don't Lapse.

Because: You are older than you were when you joined, and can never get another certificate on as favorable terms.

Because: If you lapse the policy you sustain a serious loss and deal a staggering blow at loved ones.

Because: Market fluctuations, adverse financial conditions, etc., do not affect its value. So long as the premiums are paid promptly, it is always good for its value.

Because: Physical disability, coming suddenly, or perhaps even now present and still unexpected, may prevent you from getting another in any company.

Because: When you secured a policy you had confidence in the company, and it is more your friend to-day than ever before, standing ready to serve and help you in your hour of need.

You should be as prompt in the payment of your premiums as you expect the company to be in payment of your claim when it matures.—Exchange.

## Tongue Twisters.

Repeat any of the following sentences five times, as rapidly as you can, and note the expression on the faces of those who happen to be nigh: "She sells sea shells." "The sun shines on the shop signs." "A big black bug bit a big black bear." "He thrusts his fists against the posts and still insists he sees the ghosts." "Three gray geese and three green ganders, gray were the geese and green were the ganders." "She sawed six, slick, sleek, slim, slender saplings." A funny play on words which has caused amusement the world over is the following question: "How much chuck would a woodchuck chuck if a woodchuck could chuck wood?"

The Shn Life of Canada is "Prosperous and Progressive."

#### Growing Stronger.

The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada is one of the most progressive companies doing business to-day in the world. In looking over the annual statement for the past year we find that large gains were made in all important items. The Company is growing stronger as each year rolls around.

Last year the assurances issued and paid for in cash amounted to over 21½ millions. The cash income amounted to over 7¾ millions. The assets stand at over 32¾ millions. The surplus, according to the Company's standard, is \$3,308,534. This item, according to the Dominion Government's standard, amounts to nearly five millions.

The Company's growth during the past ten years is as follows: Income in 1899, \$2,596,207—in 1909, \$7,778.132; assets in 1899, \$9,247,664—in 1909, this item is \$32,804,996; the life assurances in force in 1899 were \$52,806,035—in 1909 this item is nearly 130 millions.

This is certainly fine progress, and one the officers and stockholders may be proud of. The Company is well managed by President Robertson Macaulay and Managing-Director T. B. Macaulay.

They are piloting this stanch old company along safe lines and have built up an institution which is looked upon as one of the strongest life insurance companies in the world.—Insurance News, Philadelphia.

"And the name is to be?" asked the suave minister, as he approached the font with the precious armful of fat and flounces.

"Augustus Philip Ferdinand Codrington Chesterfield Livingstone Snooks."

"Dear me!" (turning to the sexton).
"A little more water, Mr. Perkins, if you please."—Tid-Bits.

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 $WINNIPEG\ AND\ EXHIBITION\ NUMBER. - Joint\ Terminals\ C.N.R.\ \&\ G.T.P.\ Railways\ (under\ construction.)$ 



# Sun Life Assurance of Canada

## The Results for 1909

### Assurances Issued during 1909

Assurance issued and 1	paid	for	in	cas	sh	du	ring	5	1909				\$21,509,273.16
Increase over 1908					*	*				٠			1,725,601.95

#### Income

Cash Inco	me f	rom	Pren	ii	1111	us,	I	nte	ere	est	, I	Rei	nts	, 6	etc			7,778,132.05
Inc	rease	over	1908		٠	*	*	٠		*		٠	٠					828,530.07

#### Assets

Assets as at 31st December,							32,804,996,77
Increase over 1908	 ,						3,566,471,26

#### Surplus

Surplus distributed to po	licyho	old	ler	S	en	tit	lec	1 t	0	pa	irt	ici	pa	te	
in 1909						,									378,010.60
Added to Surplus during	1909			*			*		*						712,230.58
Surplus earned in 1909													į.		\$1.090.241.18

	H	e 1	th.	1	are	and	capital according to the Company's St
\$3,308,534.53							Table, with $3\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 per cent. interest
4.940.556.77							Surplus, Dominion Government Standard

#### Payments to Policyholders

Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Profits	aı	nd	ot	he	r	pay	y-	
ments to policyholders during 1909								2,824,184.01
Payments to policyholders since organization								23.243.167.45

#### Business in Force

Life Assurances in force December 31st	1909 .		,					129,913,669.52
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## The Company's Growth

										INCOME	E	ASSETS relusive of Uncalled Capital		ASSURANCES N FORCE
1872.										\$ 48,210.93	8	96,461,95	8	1,064,350.00
1879 .									١,	172,528.42	1	397,777.32		3,615,124,38
1889 .										563,140.52		2,233,322.72		13,337,983.08
1899 .		*				٠				2,596,207.27		9,247,664.61		52,806,035.93
1909	٠		٠	٠	*	*	٠	٠		7,778,132.05	32	,804,996.77	129,	913,669.52