

Morning's Blaze Advantage to ...

igned by Revision ...

s fire, by which the Government street ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

er and Engineer but wait, while the growth of the ...

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL

WHITE PASS RAILWAY

BERESFORDS' COUNSEL

ON SIBERIAN PRISONS.

ROUGH ON THE SENATE

Senatorship Offered to Man in His Eightieth Year—Still Another New Stamp.

Provincial Premiers Claim Land as Well as Fishery Rights Within Three-Mile Limit.

Mail Steamers Sailing Dates—Mayorality Secured by French Canadian Candidate.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Jan. 3.—Sailing dates for English steamers have been changed for the balance of the winter.

The post office department has only one month's supply of three-cent stamps on hand and no more will be printed.

Lord Herschell, Sir Louis Davies and Sir Richard Cartwright left for Washington to-day.

The fisheries conference resented in nothing definite being accomplished.

Aid, Payment, a French-Canadian Catholic, was yesterday elected mayor of the city.

Winnipeg, Jan. 3.—Dr. Gordon Bell, of this city, has declined to act on the commission.

His Collections for Last Financial Year the Greatest on Record.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—(Special)—Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, in the course of a brief speech at the Montreal National gathering last night.

Loss in stock, \$1,500, to be made up by the Government.

MISSIONARIES LOCKED UP. Chinese Have a Number of German Catholics in Custody.

Coloqne, Jan. 3.—The Volks Zeitung announces that it has received news of the imprisonment of German Catholic missionaries by Chinese at Haiin.

GRAND FORKS NO MORE. Rising Young Town of Boundary District to be Re-Named Columbia.

Herschell Says There May Be No Treaty and No Sacrifice of Canadian Interests.

Dr. Milne Asks Railway Subsidy and Harbor Works—Old Provincial Accounts.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—Before his departure for Washington, your correspondent had a brief conversation with Lord Herschell.

The board of arbitration in connection with the disputed accounts between Ontario and Quebec and the Dominion.

Dr. Milne, of Victoria, left for home to-day.

A party of about 100, consisting of government and strongly urged the subsidizing of the V. V. & E. railway.

Chinook Winds Have Been Keeping the Yukon River Open This Side of Selkirk.

Ross Eckardt and D. Carmody Make a First Trip Over Ice From Dawson.

Between thirty and forty men who have just come out from Dawson on the ice reached Selkirk on Sunday evening.

MR. FIELDING'S SURPRISES. His Collections for Last Financial Year the Greatest on Record.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—(Special)—Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, in the course of a brief speech at the Montreal National gathering last night.

Loss in stock, \$1,500, to be made up by the Government.

MISSIONARIES LOCKED UP. Chinese Have a Number of German Catholics in Custody.

Coloqne, Jan. 3.—The Volks Zeitung announces that it has received news of the imprisonment of German Catholic missionaries by Chinese at Haiin.

GRAND FORKS NO MORE. Rising Young Town of Boundary District to be Re-Named Columbia.

Probability That the Road Will Be Extended for Several Hundred Miles.

Over Four Million Worth of Supplies Would Be Required in Construction.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 3.—The Hongkong correspondent of the Times says: Lord Charles Beresford, addressing the chamber of commerce here to-day (Tuesday) on the necessity of firmness in opposing the Russian encroachments.

Chinese Affairs in Deplorable Condition But Reforms Would Not Be Difficult.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Privy Councillor Salomon, of the prisons administration, has just returned here from a five months' tour in the prisons of the empire.

Banishment Useless and Undesirable as Prolonging Complete Moral Degradation.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Privy Councillor Salomon, of the prisons administration, has just returned here from a five months' tour in the prisons of the empire.

Joint Vote in Case of Conflict and the Majority to Prevail.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—At the Monument National meeting last night in the course of his speech Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that as to the Yukon railway it had been the conviction and policy of the government that Yukon should pay for Yukon, and its policy was to build a Yukon affording access to the country by the best practicable route.

"Yukon Should Pay for Yukon" Excuse for Starvation of Northern Country.

Special to the Colonist.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—At the Monument National meeting last night in the course of his speech Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that as to the Yukon railway it had been the conviction and policy of the government that Yukon should pay for Yukon, and its policy was to build a Yukon affording access to the country by the best practicable route.

A Chivalrous and Foreign Policy Towards China and Foreign Powers Interested.

Chinese Affairs in Deplorable Condition But Reforms Would Not Be Difficult.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 3.—The Hongkong correspondent of the Times says: Lord Charles Beresford, addressing the chamber of commerce here to-day (Tuesday) on the necessity of firmness in opposing the Russian encroachments.

Banishment Useless and Undesirable as Prolonging Complete Moral Degradation.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Privy Councillor Salomon, of the prisons administration, has just returned here from a five months' tour in the prisons of the empire.

Joint Vote in Case of Conflict and the Majority to Prevail.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—At the Monument National meeting last night in the course of his speech Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that as to the Yukon railway it had been the conviction and policy of the government that Yukon should pay for Yukon, and its policy was to build a Yukon affording access to the country by the best practicable route.

"Yukon Should Pay for Yukon" Excuse for Starvation of Northern Country.

Special to the Colonist.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—At the Monument National meeting last night in the course of his speech Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that as to the Yukon railway it had been the conviction and policy of the government that Yukon should pay for Yukon, and its policy was to build a Yukon affording access to the country by the best practicable route.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

COBDEN CLUB.

Territorial Expansion of Great Powers.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—The executive committee of the Cobden Club has issued a manifesto signed by Baron Farrer, pointing out that the policy of territorial expansion on the part of all the great powers has raised the question of free commercial intercourse in a new and extremely important form.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

ROUGH ON THE SENATE.

Joint Vote in Case of Conflict and the Majority to Prevail.

By Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—At the Monument National meeting last night in the course of his speech Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that as to the Yukon railway it had been the conviction and policy of the government that Yukon should pay for Yukon, and its policy was to build a Yukon affording access to the country by the best practicable route.

"Yukon Should Pay for Yukon" Excuse for Starvation of Northern Country.

Special to the Colonist.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—At the Monument National meeting last night in the course of his speech Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that as to the Yukon railway it had been the conviction and policy of the government that Yukon should pay for Yukon, and its policy was to build a Yukon affording access to the country by the best practicable route.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Arbitrator has received the price of granulated sugar 1-16 per pound, making their price just that much below the quoted price of the American Sugar Company and several of the independent refiners.

THE SUGAR WAR.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum.

WENT DOWN AT SEA. Steamer Protection from Seattle Springs a Leak and Founders Off Columbia River.

Cr.w Rescued by British Bark Almost Dead From Terrible Exposure.

Astoria, Ore., Jan. 3.—The British bark Colgate, Capt. Griffiths, arrived here to-day having on board Capt. O. Erickson and fourteen of the shipwrecked crew of the steamer Protection, which foundered on thirty miles off the mouth of the Columbia river at 4 o'clock on the morning of January 1.

The Protection left Seattle at 2 o'clock Thursday, December 29, with 800 tons of coal for San Francisco.

The vessel was listed to starboard and her stern was seen to be fast going.

At 4 o'clock on the morning of January 1 the lifeboats were ordered lowered.

After much difficulty the lifeboats were launched and the steamer abandoned.

As the boats pulled away the Protection was labouring in the heavy sea.

The Protection was a steam schooner, about 400 tons burden, and was engaged in the trade between Coast ports and San Francisco.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum.

WENT DOWN AT SEA. Steamer Protection from Seattle Springs a Leak and Founders Off Columbia River.

Cr.w Rescued by British Bark Almost Dead From Terrible Exposure.

Astoria, Ore., Jan. 3.—The British bark Colgate, Capt. Griffiths, arrived here to-day having on board Capt. O. Erickson and fourteen of the shipwrecked crew of the steamer Protection, which foundered on thirty miles off the mouth of the Columbia river at 4 o'clock on the morning of January 1.

The Protection left Seattle at 2 o'clock Thursday, December 29, with 800 tons of coal for San Francisco.

The vessel was listed to starboard and her stern was seen to be fast going.

At 4 o'clock on the morning of January 1 the lifeboats were ordered lowered.

After much difficulty the lifeboats were launched and the steamer abandoned.

As the boats pulled away the Protection was labouring in the heavy sea.

The Protection was a steam schooner, about 400 tons burden, and was engaged in the trade between Coast ports and San Francisco.

B. C. FISHERY RIGHTS

Unrepresented at Conference Which Brings All Maritime Premiers to Dominion Capital.

Ministers of This Province Must Stay Home to Save Their Political Lives.

Claim of Provincial Jurisdiction Within Three Mile Limit and for Halifax Award.

Ottawa, Jan. 1.—The premiers of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, with several of their ministers, have arrived to attend the fisheries conference to-morrow.

Expected Knights-errant Late in Arriving—Responsibility for Choice Laid Upon Governor-General.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Jan. 1.—No word has reached the government of any Canadian included in the New Year's list of honours by Her Majesty.

SKATEE'S MARVELLOUS ESCAPE

Blown Over Falls and Rescued Floating Unconscious on Ice Stream.

Galt, Jan. 1.—(Special)—James Hindmarsh, aged 14, had a frightful experience yesterday. His escape from death was marvellous.

EATON'S GREAT BANQUET

Twenty-five Hundred Employees Entertained at a New Year's Feast.

Toronto, Jan. 1.—(Special)—Timothy Eaton, head of the big department store, dined his 2,500 employees on Saturday evening.

TAKING HOME SPANIARDS

Beaver Line Steamer to Carry Two Thousand From Havana.

Halifax, Jan. 1.—(Special)—The Beaver line steamer Lake Ontario, which arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, has been chartered by the Spanish government to carry home from Cuba repatriated soldiers.

NOTED MEN'S AILMENTS

Lord Strathcona Progressing Towards Recovery—Mr. Dingley's Condition Serious.

Montreal, Jan. 1.—Lord Strathcona's condition is much improved.

SUSPICION OF HERESY

Ontario Methodist Minister's Beliefs to be Investigated.

Toronto, Jan. 1.—(Special)—Charges of heresy have been preferred against Rev. Dr. Workman, of the Bay of Quinte Methodist conference, and an investigation has been ordered to be held on February 14.

A VANISHING STAMP

No More Three's Will be Issued—Two's About to Change Color.

Winnipeg, Jan. 1.—(Special)—It is learned by wire from Ottawa that the three-cent stamp no longer being required, there will be no more issues of it after the present supply is exhausted.

RAILWAY MANAGERS

Head of Soo Road Transferring to Baltimore & Ohio System.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 1.—The Globe says that Frederick B. Underwood, general manager of the Soo road, is to be general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio system, and that he will be succeeded on the Soo road by W. F. Fitch, general manager of the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic road.

CUBANS WANT PAY

Havana, Jan. 3.—General Maxim Gomez, from his camp, 20 miles westward, near Narciso, has addressed a proclamation to the Cuban army, directing against disbanding until the proceedings at Washington, regarding the pay of the insurgent troops, have been completed.

HATCHERY MAN'S MISFORTUNE

Two Day's Absence Causes the Loss of Whole Season's Work.

Claim of Provincial Jurisdiction Within Three Mile Limit and for Halifax Award.

AGAINST THE NUNS

A New York Decision Against the Religious Order in State Aided Schools.

Albany, Dec. 29.—Charles R. Skinner, state superintendent of public instruction, has decided the case of Edward Kruger, against the Board of Education of the city of Poughkeepsie, in favor of the appellant.

THE NEW YEAR HONORS

Expected Knights-errant Late in Arriving—Responsibility for Choice Laid Upon Governor-General.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Jan. 1.—No word has reached the government of any Canadian included in the New Year's list of honours by Her Majesty.

SKATEE'S MARVELLOUS ESCAPE

Blown Over Falls and Rescued Floating Unconscious on Ice Stream.

Galt, Jan. 1.—(Special)—James Hindmarsh, aged 14, had a frightful experience yesterday. His escape from death was marvellous.

EATON'S GREAT BANQUET

Twenty-five Hundred Employees Entertained at a New Year's Feast.

Toronto, Jan. 1.—(Special)—Timothy Eaton, head of the big department store, dined his 2,500 employees on Saturday evening.

TAKING HOME SPANIARDS

Beaver Line Steamer to Carry Two Thousand From Havana.

Halifax, Jan. 1.—(Special)—The Beaver line steamer Lake Ontario, which arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, has been chartered by the Spanish government to carry home from Cuba repatriated soldiers.

NOTED MEN'S AILMENTS

Lord Strathcona Progressing Towards Recovery—Mr. Dingley's Condition Serious.

Montreal, Jan. 1.—Lord Strathcona's condition is much improved.

SUSPICION OF HERESY

Ontario Methodist Minister's Beliefs to be Investigated.

Toronto, Jan. 1.—(Special)—Charges of heresy have been preferred against Rev. Dr. Workman, of the Bay of Quinte Methodist conference, and an investigation has been ordered to be held on February 14.

A VANISHING STAMP

No More Three's Will be Issued—Two's About to Change Color.

Winnipeg, Jan. 1.—(Special)—It is learned by wire from Ottawa that the three-cent stamp no longer being required, there will be no more issues of it after the present supply is exhausted.

RAILWAY MANAGERS

Head of Soo Road Transferring to Baltimore & Ohio System.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 1.—The Globe says that Frederick B. Underwood, general manager of the Soo road, is to be general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio system, and that he will be succeeded on the Soo road by W. F. Fitch, general manager of the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic road.

CUBANS WANT PAY

Havana, Jan. 3.—General Maxim Gomez, from his camp, 20 miles westward, near Narciso, has addressed a proclamation to the Cuban army, directing against disbanding until the proceedings at Washington, regarding the pay of the insurgent troops, have been completed.

THE BOERS CUTTING UP

Prediction That British Troops Will Regulate Them Before This Year Closes.

Tonics and Kilts of Slain British Soldiers Offensively Shown to Travellers.

Kruger Professes Friendliness but No Prospect of Redress for Uitlanders.

By Associated Press. New York, Jan. 1.—The London correspondent of the Tribune, writing to-day regarding affairs in the Transvaal, says: "The efforts of several journals to magnify the last flurry of discontent in the Transvaal have failed. There is a prospect that the island will soon be populated solely by Christians and that they will enjoy prosperity hitherto unknown to them."

THE RAILWAY BLOCKED

Record Fall of Snow Delays Trains for Several Hours.

Yesterday's train from this city did not arrive in Nanaimo until 5 o'clock in the evening, while the down-bound express, due here at noon, was delayed by the accumulated snow until 6:30, when it pulled into Russell.

NEW MASTERS FOR CUBA

Transfer Formerly Made and Natives Not Even Permitted to View the Ceremonies.

Havana, Jan. 1.—The sovereignty of Cuba passed from Spain to the United States at noon to-day.

DUEL TO THE DEATH

Hungarian Premier and His Enemy Meet and Experience an Awful Fright.

Their Bullets Lodged in Ceiling and Walls and Bravos Left "Scowling Fiercely."

By Associated Press. London, Jan. 3.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The duel between Baron Bffy and M. Horanszky was a ludicrous affair. The seconds had arranged a fight to the death at twenty paces. M. Horanszky, however, when he faced his opponent, was agitated beyond all control, and Baron Bffy was hardly more comfortable. Each discharged four shots but all so wide of the mark that the bullets were found lodged in the roof of the hall, in the ceiling, in the walls and in the floor."

A SUNDAY LOST

Christmas Falling Upon the First Day of the Week Takes Away Its Religious Character.

London, Dec. 29.—The Rev. Forbes Phillips, vicar of Gorleston, has decided that in 1898 there were only 51 Sundays, ecclesiastically speaking. He says the fact that Christmas falls on the first day of the week takes away the religious character, and he has, therefore, advised his parishioners to stay at home and enjoy themselves with games and other amusements as they would had Christmas fallen on any other day of the week.

HELPLESS ON ATLANTIC

British Steamer From Philadelphia Found Without Propeller in Storm. Two Fierce for Assistance.

Queenstown, Jan. 3.—The British steamer Newby, Captain Clark, from Philadelphia on December 16, reported having met the British steamer Dart, Captain Clark, from Philadelphia on Dec. 13 for London, on Dec. 29, in lat. 49 N. long. west, with her propeller carried away.

LESE MAJESTY INDEED

New York Publisher Offers the Kaiser Five Thousand for an Article.

London, Jan. 1.—The Observer's Berlin correspondent writes for the story that the Emperor recently received a check from New York for \$5,000 with the request that His Majesty write an article giving his views on the Spanish-American war.

PUBLIC SCHOOL PUPILS

Two Hundred and Fifty the Net Increase for Year Just Closed.

The increase in the number of pupils attending the Victoria public schools was 250 in the average attendance. The number of pupils now enrolled is 2,625.

C. P. R. TRAFFIC

Montreal, Jan. 3.—The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s traffic receipts for the week ended December 31, 1898, were \$91,000, for the same week of 1897, \$79,000.

PROSPERITY FOR CRETE

Prince George Will Rule With an Iron Hand—Moslems Making Hasty Exit.

One Foot of Snow and Every Sleigh Rushed Out Before Prospective Thaw.

Wellsback Light Company Look to British Columbia for Their Raw Material.

Limb Lost Through a Bicycle Accident—Old Citizen of Westminster Dead.

From Our Own Correspondent. Vancouver, Jan. 1.—Col. Barrows, president of the Wellsback Light Co., says, who is a multi-millionaire, and Dr. Day, president of the Geological Society of Washington, have written that they will personally take the British Columbia mining camps next spring in search of metals required in the manufacture of the Wellsback Co.

THE RAILWAY BLOCKED

Record Fall of Snow Delays Trains for Several Hours.

Yesterday's train from this city did not arrive in Nanaimo until 5 o'clock in the evening, while the down-bound express, due here at noon, was delayed by the accumulated snow until 6:30, when it pulled into Russell.

NEW MASTERS FOR CUBA

Transfer Formerly Made and Natives Not Even Permitted to View the Ceremonies.

Havana, Jan. 1.—The sovereignty of Cuba passed from Spain to the United States at noon to-day.

DUEL TO THE DEATH

Hungarian Premier and His Enemy Meet and Experience an Awful Fright.

Their Bullets Lodged in Ceiling and Walls and Bravos Left "Scowling Fiercely."

By Associated Press. London, Jan. 3.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The duel between Baron Bffy and M. Horanszky was a ludicrous affair. The seconds had arranged a fight to the death at twenty paces. M. Horanszky, however, when he faced his opponent, was agitated beyond all control, and Baron Bffy was hardly more comfortable. Each discharged four shots but all so wide of the mark that the bullets were found lodged in the roof of the hall, in the ceiling, in the walls and in the floor."

A SUNDAY LOST

Christmas Falling Upon the First Day of the Week Takes Away Its Religious Character.

London, Dec. 29.—The Rev. Forbes Phillips, vicar of Gorleston, has decided that in 1898 there were only 51 Sundays, ecclesiastically speaking. He says the fact that Christmas falls on the first day of the week takes away the religious character, and he has, therefore, advised his parishioners to stay at home and enjoy themselves with games and other amusements as they would had Christmas fallen on any other day of the week.

HELPLESS ON ATLANTIC

British Steamer From Philadelphia Found Without Propeller in Storm. Two Fierce for Assistance.

Queenstown, Jan. 3.—The British steamer Newby, Captain Clark, from Philadelphia on December 16, reported having met the British steamer Dart, Captain Clark, from Philadelphia on Dec. 13 for London, on Dec. 29, in lat. 49 N. long. west, with her propeller carried away.

LESE MAJESTY INDEED

New York Publisher Offers the Kaiser Five Thousand for an Article.

London, Jan. 1.—The Observer's Berlin correspondent writes for the story that the Emperor recently received a check from New York for \$5,000 with the request that His Majesty write an article giving his views on the Spanish-American war.

PUBLIC SCHOOL PUPILS

Two Hundred and Fifty the Net Increase for Year Just Closed.

The increase in the number of pupils attending the Victoria public schools was 250 in the average attendance. The number of pupils now enrolled is 2,625.

C. P. R. TRAFFIC

Montreal, Jan. 3.—The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s traffic receipts for the week ended December 31, 1898, were \$91,000, for the same week of 1897, \$79,000.

WINTER IN VANCOUVER

One Foot of Snow and Every Sleigh Rushed Out Before Prospective Thaw.

Wellsback Light Company Look to British Columbia for Their Raw Material.

Limb Lost Through a Bicycle Accident—Old Citizen of Westminster Dead.

From Our Own Correspondent. Vancouver, Jan. 1.—Col. Barrows, president of the Wellsback Light Co., says, who is a multi-millionaire, and Dr. Day, president of the Geological Society of Washington, have written that they will personally take the British Columbia mining camps next spring in search of metals required in the manufacture of the Wellsback Co.

THE RAILWAY BLOCKED

Record Fall of Snow Delays Trains for Several Hours.

Yesterday's train from this city did not arrive in Nanaimo until 5 o'clock in the evening, while the down-bound express, due here at noon, was delayed by the accumulated snow until 6:30, when it pulled into Russell.

NEW MASTERS FOR CUBA

Transfer Formerly Made and Natives Not Even Permitted to View the Ceremonies.

Havana, Jan. 1.—The sovereignty of Cuba passed from Spain to the United States at noon to-day.

DUEL TO THE DEATH

Hungarian Premier and His Enemy Meet and Experience an Awful Fright.

Their Bullets Lodged in Ceiling and Walls and Bravos Left "Scowling Fiercely."

By Associated Press. London, Jan. 3.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The duel between Baron Bffy and M. Horanszky was a ludicrous affair. The seconds had arranged a fight to the death at twenty paces. M. Horanszky, however, when he faced his opponent, was agitated beyond all control, and Baron Bffy was hardly more comfortable. Each discharged four shots but all so wide of the mark that the bullets were found lodged in the roof of the hall, in the ceiling, in the walls and in the floor."

A SUNDAY LOST

Christmas Falling Upon the First Day of the Week Takes Away Its Religious Character.

London, Dec. 29.—The Rev. Forbes Phillips, vicar of Gorleston, has decided that in 1898 there were only 51 Sundays, ecclesiastically speaking. He says the fact that Christmas falls on the first day of the week takes away the religious character, and he has, therefore, advised his parishioners to stay at home and enjoy themselves with games and other amusements as they would had Christmas fallen on any other day of the week.

HELPLESS ON ATLANTIC

British Steamer From Philadelphia Found Without Propeller in Storm. Two Fierce for Assistance.

Queenstown, Jan. 3.—The British steamer Newby, Captain Clark, from Philadelphia on December 16, reported having met the British steamer Dart, Captain Clark, from Philadelphia on Dec. 13 for London, on Dec. 29, in lat. 49 N. long. west, with her propeller carried away.

LESE MAJESTY INDEED

New York Publisher Offers the Kaiser Five Thousand for an Article.

London, Jan. 1.—The Observer's Berlin correspondent writes for the story that the Emperor recently received a check from New York for \$5,000 with the request that His Majesty write an article giving his views on the Spanish-American war.

PUBLIC SCHOOL PUPILS

Two Hundred and Fifty the Net Increase for Year Just Closed.

The increase in the number of pupils attending the Victoria public schools was 250 in the average attendance. The number of pupils now enrolled is 2,625.

C. P. R. TRAFFIC

Montreal, Jan. 3.—The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s traffic receipts for the week ended December 31, 1898, were \$91,000, for the same week of 1897, \$79,000.

WOMEN IN THESE HOMES

Rapid City Man Shoots at His Wife—Child Burned to Death—Heart Failure.

Winnipeg, Jan. 1.—At Rapid City Geo. Flickering, while drunk, purchased a revolver and going home fired at his wife. The pistol missed fire and a brother-in-law prevented further attempts. Flickering has disappeared.

Windsor, Jan. 1.—Norbrey Quiette, aged eight, was found dead yesterday in a field near Walkerville. It is supposed he was passing through the field when he was stricken with heart failure and expired.

Alvinston, Jan. 1.—The four-year-old daughter of Lachlan McNeill was fatally burned yesterday by her clothes catching fire from a stove during the momentary absence of her mother.

Toronto, Jan. 1.—Thos. Kirkland, principal of the Normal school, died on Saturday afternoon, very suddenly of heart failure. The deceased was a well-known educationalist.

WEE-HAI-WEI IMPREGNABLE

When Properly Fortified It Will Be Strongest Naval Base in the East.

London, Jan. 1.—The annual report read to the war office on the survey of Wei-Hai-Wei states it can form the strongest naval base in the East, being even better than Port Arthur.

The harbor requires little dredging to accommodate the largest warships and the port has two entrances, making it accessible in any wind. The land has possibilities, which, when fortified, render the port impregnable.

STORM IN THE CHANNEL

Weather So Bad That All Ferry Services Is Suspended.

London, Jan. 1.—Violent storms prevail along the English coast, and all across-channel service is suspended.

A TRADE WITH FRANCE

African Tract Offered by Salisbury in Exchange for Rights in Newfoundland.

Great Britain Acquires Territory From Portugal in Return for Promise of Help.

By Associated Press. London, Jan. 1.—For the week there have been almost continuous diplomatic negotiations in progress at the foreign office between Lord Salisbury and Ambassador Cambon of France.

Two proud diplomats have been endeavoring to effect a settlement of the long-standing colonial disputes between England and France that have time and again almost precipitated war. Ambassador Cambon left London to-day to return to Paris and report to Foreign Minister Delcasse the results of the negotiations.

According to information obtained at the British foreign office, Lord Salisbury proposes a general settlement of the disputes, but his terms are such that it is not believed France can accept the proposal for a general entente, because Great Britain demands too much and concedes too little.

Salisbury's proposals include the cession of Cambia, a part of Sierra Leone, in Africa, in exchange for the surrender of the French rights on the shores of Newfoundland, except St. Pierre-Miquelon, which was to be retained by France, but not to be ceded to France.

France would not be asked to vacate the island of Obock, at the entrance of the Red Sea.

Lord Salisbury lays claim to a British sphere of influence in Central Africa, and in return for this he has granted trading access to the White Nile. While these African differences are being settled, the disputes between the two countries in the Far East, namely Siam and China, would be considered.

The Premier has also notified the French ambassador that the French opposition to the Anglo-German agreement concerning the Portuguese possessions will be ignored. The negotiations for the division of Portuguese territory in South Africa have progressed recently, and there is good ground for the statement that protocols have been exchanged between Great Britain and Portugal regarding these possessions.

It is understood that this syndicate will pay the \$9,000,000 award of damages rendered against the government by the Swiss arbitration tribunal for the seizure of the railroad.

In this division of African territory, as agreed between England and Germany, the latter is also to get some rich positions in the region of Delagoa Bay. Germany is to have the territory extending to the northern bank of Quillimane river as far as Cape Delagoa.

It is believed that the entente arranged between Great Britain and Portugal includes a guarantee of assistance from the British fleet and forces in the event of Portugal being involved in war.

The opinion is expressed in diplomatic circles that an entente of disputes between England and France on the basis of Lord Salisbury's proposals is a long way off. The Portuguese agreement, especially after Delcasse's name is rendered against the government by the Swiss arbitration tribunal for the seizure of the railroad.

In this division of African territory, as agreed between England and Germany, the latter is also to get some rich positions in the region of Delagoa Bay. Germany is to have the territory extending to the northern bank of Quillimane river as far as Cape Delagoa.

It is believed that the entente arranged between Great Britain and Portugal includes a guarantee of assistance from the British fleet and forces in the event of Portugal being involved in war.

The opinion is expressed in diplomatic circles that an entente of disputes between England and France on the basis of Lord Salisbury's proposals is a long way off. The Portuguese agreement, especially after Delcasse's name is rendered against the government by the Swiss arbitration tribunal for the seizure of the railroad.

In this division of African territory, as agreed between England and Germany, the latter is also to get some rich positions in the region of Delagoa Bay. Germany is to have the territory extending to the northern bank of Quillimane river as far as Cape Delagoa.

It is believed that the entente arranged between Great Britain and Portugal includes a guarantee of assistance from the British fleet and forces in the event of Portugal being involved in war.

The opinion is expressed in diplomatic circles that an entente of disputes between England and France on the basis of Lord Salisbury's proposals is a long way off. The Portuguese agreement, especially after Delcasse's name is rendered against the government by the Swiss arbitration tribunal for the seizure of the railroad.

In this division of African territory, as agreed between England and Germany, the latter is also to get some rich positions in the region of Delagoa Bay. Germany is to have the territory extending to the northern bank of Quillimane river as far as Cape Delagoa.

It is believed that the entente arranged between Great Britain and Portugal includes a guarantee of assistance from the British fleet and forces in the event of Portugal being involved in war.

The opinion is expressed in diplomatic circles that an entente of disputes between England and France on the basis of Lord Salisbury's proposals is a long way off. The Portuguese agreement, especially after Delcasse's name is rendered against the government by the Swiss arbitration tribunal for the seizure of the railroad.

In this division of African territory, as agreed between England and Germany, the latter is also to get some rich positions in the region of Delagoa Bay. Germany is to have the territory extending to the northern bank of Quillimane river as far as Cape Delagoa.

It is believed that the entente arranged between Great Britain and Portugal includes a guarantee of assistance from the British fleet and forces in the event of Portugal being involved in war.

WARRING ON ALLIES

American Troops Landing at Iloilo to Recover City From the Philippines.

Spanish Commander Might Have Held Position But Evacuated in Insurgents' Favor.

A Russian Grand Duke in Corsica Says America Is Welcome in the East.

By Associated Press. Washington, Jan. 3.—Gen. Otis has cabled from Manila to the war department that in his opinion Gen. Miller has the situation well in hand at Iloilo and the present to be not to crowd the insurgents unduly. It is highly desirable that a hostile collision be avoided at all hazards at least pending the ratification of the peace treaty.

The officials here are now fully satisfied that the trouble in Iloilo might be traced directly back to the Spanish officer who was the senior Spanish army in command of the Viscayas group, including the province of Panay and the city and garrison of Iloilo.

Gen. Otis reports that though beset with 800 soldiers in Iloilo by a had repulsed every attack for commander would there was no reason why they should have resumed the fight. It is significant that Otis did not mention the fact that Iloilo had become informed that the Americans were coming and that it was curious to learn that the movement of the movements of the American connection.

Manila, Jan. 1.—The following despatch, dated Friday afternoon, December 30, at Iloilo, Manila, P. I., has just been received here by boat, telegraphic communication with Iloilo not having been resumed.

"The situation at Iloilo is grave. Fifteen hundred natives fully armed are in a suburb of Iloilo. Seventeen thousand more, under the command of Gen. Aguinaldo, are on the march from the island of Negros, fifteen hours' sail from Iloilo."

"All the women have withdrawn, and many families have taken refuge with the Americans. The rebels, after a consultation, have upon the 29th inst. Gen. Aguinaldo shall have been heard from. Gen. Miller, when this demand was first made, declined to cede them time and insisted upon an immediate evacuation by noon to

THE SESSION.

Very considerable interest attaches to the session of the legislature which opens to-day. Owing to the occurrence of unexpected circumstances, the outcome of the day is at the present writing uncertain. If all the members were in their places, the house would probably divide 20 to 18 on the vote for speaker, but two gentlemen who are with the opposition, Messrs. Turner and Neilson, will be absent, and there is some uncertainty as to whether some of the others will feel warranted in taking their seats. The government expect to have no difficulty in electing the speaker by a small majority, but if Mr. Turner and Mr. Neilson were present, a very different face would be put upon the situation in view of the objections against certain supporters of the government taking part in the vote. As matters now appear, the likelihood is that, having elected the speaker, the government will find itself, if not in a minority, at least without a majority. A persistent rumor is in circulation in government circles to the effect that a dissolution may occur at any time. Possibly this is intended as an inducement to members to support the ministry and thereby avoid the trouble of another contest, but if so, it will utterly fail of accomplishing its purpose. We refuse to believe that Mr. Semlin will meet the house with the Lieutenant-Governor's promise of a dissolution in his pocket, or that he will necessarily be granted a dissolution in the event of his being defeated, or finding himself unable to carry on business. One feature of the situation is likely to cause some embarrassment to Mr. Semlin. It has been understood that an agreement was made between him and Mr. Martin, whereby he was to retire from the premiership when the house met. He will not care to carry out this agreement, but if Mr. Martin does not insist upon his pound of flesh, he will hold his reputation as a political Skyhook. Even if he should be content to wait a little in order to what his appetite, no one will for a moment suppose that he will be content to follow Mr. Semlin's lead in the house. He refused to follow it in Cowichan for it is well known that, as soon as he learned that Mr. Sworn was selected by Mr. Semlin as a candidate, he passed the word to his wing of the cabinet to keep out of the fight. The division existing in the cabinet itself cannot long be kept concealed. It is likely to take the form of an open rupture at any time. Whether it shall be long or short, we look for a very interesting session. The constitutional question involved in the admission of the late government will undoubtedly be brought to length. The recent dismissals will naturally come up, and there are other subjects, the discussion of which ought to give rise to very lively sessions.

SOME INTERESTING QUESTIONS. Two very interesting questions arise in connection with the opening of the legislature to-day. One is as to the right of Mr. Higgins to vote for speaker. Under the law he does not appear to be in a position to do so. At the general election Messrs. Pooley and Bullen were elected in Esquimalt district, and under the provisions of the law, the returning officer returned the writ so endorsed. This return stands until it has been amended by the house in pursuance of the judgment of the court in the election case, unseating Mr. Bullen on the recount and seating Mr. Higgins. Section 152 of the law relating to elections provides as follows: "The returning officer shall immediately after the closing of the election transmit to the registrar of the Supreme court the writ of election and his return thereon. This is the record of the result of the election and stands until it has been amended by the house in pursuance of the provisions of the law. Section 231, subsection 5, provides as follows: "At the conclusion of the trial the judge who tried the petitions shall determine whether the member whose return or election is complained of was duly returned or elected, or whether the election was void, and shall forthwith certify in writing, under such determination to the Speaker and upon such certificate being given such determination, subject to the right of appeal hereinafter contained, shall be final to all intents and purposes. It is to be assumed that the judge before whom the recount was held has transmitted the certificate to the Speaker. But there is no Speaker, because the house has not yet been organized. The interpretation section of the act provides as follows: "Speakers" shall be deemed to include the person for the time being lawfully acting as Speaker; and when the office of Speaker is vacant, the clerk of the legislative assembly or any other officer for the time being performing the duties of the clerk of the legislative assembly shall be deemed to be substituted for and to be included in the expression "the Speaker."

It may be claimed that under this section the clerk of the assembly has the right to deal with the certificate of the judge, but we do not think this position can be sustained, because the act directs that it is to be done with such certificate, and what is directed cannot be done until after the house has been organized and begun its regular business. We refer to section 251 of the act: "The legislative assembly upon being informed of such certificate and report or reports, if any, shall order the same to be entered in the journals and shall give the necessary direction for confirming or altering the return. Until the return has been amended by

the legislature Mr. Higgins cannot lawfully take his seat, and the return cannot be amended until after a Speaker has been elected, which is the first act of the legislative assembly. So even if we grant that the clerk has the right to open the report made by the judge, there is nothing that the house can do with it until after the Speaker has been elected. There is a precedent on the subject, and curiously enough it comes from Esquimalt. Some years ago Mr. Pooley was seated on a recount, his opponent having been returned as elected. Mr. Pooley did not take his seat until after election of the Speaker and the house had ordered the return to be amended. The Colonist does not know how Mr. Higgins will look at the matter, but it fancifully he will not care to do an act of doubtful legality. Another interesting question is raised by the petition against Mr. Prentice. It was expected that the case would have been disposed of before the house met, but an adjournment having been unavoidable, Mr. Prentice finds himself confronted with a rather serious problem. If the point upon which the petitioner relies as to Mr. Prentice's qualification is well taken, there is no doubt that he cannot take his seat. The law imposes a penalty of \$500 a day upon any person who sits or votes in the house when disqualified. It would be unreasonable to expect Mr. Prentice to take the very great chance of subjecting himself to such penalties, and we think in fairness to him it may be assumed that he has no desire to occupy his seat, if he is not legally entitled to it. The position of Mr. Hall has been considered by some persons as one of jeopardy, but we do not think the law warrants such a contention. Mr. Hall applied coal to the Lieutenant-Governor and was paid for it by a treasury check. It is contended that this disqualifies him. We do not think so, nor do we think that any lawyer will contend that it does. The section of the law applicable is as follows: "No person whosever holding or enjoying, undertaking or executing directly or indirectly, alone or with any other person or by the interposition of any trustee or third party, any contract or agreement with Her Majesty or with any public officer or department, with respect to the public service of this province in which any public money of this province is to be paid for any service of work, shall be eligible as a member of the legislative assembly nor shall he sit or vote in the same."

This section, being in restraint of individual rights, must be construed strictly. It cannot be claimed that if the Lieutenant-Governor or the Private Secretary or any one else orders something for government House, the person furnishing it performs a service or work. No court would hold that a contract by which a person engaged to perform "service or work" in the absence of such thing else, that he should furnish goods and merchandise, but this is not very material, for the section requires that an antecedent contract or agreement shall have been made with Her Majesty or some public officer or department to make the receipt of public money a disqualification. If the Lieutenant-Governor should ring up a coal merchant and tell him to send a ton of coal to government House, no sensible man would say that this act, even if followed by the delivery of the coal, amounted to an agreement with Her Majesty. Neither could it be said to be an agreement with "any public officer or department" within the meaning of the act, for the Lieutenant-Governor is neither such a public officer nor such a department as the act contemplates. He is a federal officer and no provision of the legislature applies to him unless it is expressly stated therein, that is, when the legislature speaks of public officers it means provincial officers only. We draw attention to the fact that the simple payment of money to an individual for service or work does not disqualify him. There must first be a contract or agreement with certain persons, who are specified, and in the absence of such a contract or agreement, the simple fact of the payment of money out of the revenue of the province is not a disqualification. We think, therefore, that Mr. Hall's position is very clear and that he is not disqualified. In regard to Mr. Neill, the Colonist has been informed, upon what it cannot but regard as very excellent authority, that he at the time of his election was a party to a bond given in a criminal case. If this is true, then he is under a contract to Her Majesty, and clearly was ineligible as a candidate and is now disqualified from sitting in the house.

MR. COTTON AGAINST MR. DUNSMUIR. The Colonist must apologize for having overlooked an article which appeared in the News-Advertiser on the E. & N. railway matter in its issue of the 23rd ult. The only excuse that we have to offer is that the article appeared just before Christmas, and there were other things to think about at that time. The News-Advertiser begins its article by a reference to the Colonist, which is intended to be insulting, but is simply contemptible. It alleges that the writers for the Colonist are employed by Mr. Dunsmuir just as section men are employed on the E. & N. railway, and that when the Colonist defends Mr. Dunsmuir, what it says ought not to have any weight, because it is practically Mr. Dunsmuir defending Mr. Dunsmuir. Without commenting upon the manner in which the staff of the Colonist is employed, except to say that it is false, we proceed at once to admit, for the sake of the argument, that what it says is right, and that when the Colonist defends Mr. Dunsmuir it is a case of Mr. Dunsmuir defending himself. This is not true, because Mr. Dunsmuir is not consulted as to what appears in the Colonist, but he is willing to admit for present purposes that he is not so consulted, but that the articles are submitted to him for approval. We are prepared to concede that, as Mr. Francis Carter-Cotton, Finance Minister, says in his newspaper, when the Colonist undertakes to discuss matters connected with Mr. Dunsmuir's interests, it is "only Mr. Dunsmuir defending Mr. Dunsmuir, the railway magnate and colliery proprietor." Such a defence, the News-Advertiser tells the public, "ought not to have any weight."

There is not in this community a man so base who has not the right to defend himself. Why should this right be denied to Mr. Dunsmuir? It is denied him in what he says no weight because he says it. The Colonist's statements in defence of Mr. Dunsmuir's policy consisted of statements of fact. There was not an expression of opinion in the "defence," from beginning to end. We stated that a certain number of claims had been filed in the E. & N. belt, that persons who desired to perfect their title to their claims had been in all respects liberally treated by the company. The News-Advertiser tells the public that these statements are not entitled to any weight, because they are made by Mr. Dunsmuir. The Colonist is not accused of stating what is not true. Mr. Solly, who is quoted by the Colonist as authority for the statistics, is not charged with misstating them. The correctness of the references to the records of the company are not disputed. The News-Advertiser contents itself with informing the public that anything which Mr. Dunsmuir states in his own defence is simply not entitled to any weight whatever. The Colonist ventures to say that what Mr. Dunsmuir may assert, either in his own defence or otherwise, will be regarded as entitled to weight against the word of the News-Advertiser or any one connected with it. It has certainly come to a very pretty pass in this province, when a gentleman, with the personal standing of Mr. James Dunsmuir, can be represented in a newspaper to be such that his statements are entitled to no weight when made in connection with his own interests. A more scandalous insult to a honorable man never found its way into public print. It is a base libel, which the Finance Minister should have felt ashamed to put in his paper. Having made this allegation in regard to Mr. Dunsmuir, the News-Advertiser charges the Colonist with not letting its readers have a report of what Mr. Cotton did say at Cobble Hill. If by this the News-Advertiser means that we did not print Mr. Cotton's speech, it tells the truth; if it means that the Colonist did not correctly state the position which he took, it states what it knows is false. The remainder of the article calls for no comment. It is in defence of Mr. Cotton, and by Mr. Cotton's own principles, what Mr. Cotton as newspaper editor says in defence of Mr. Cotton, Finance Minister, is "entitled to no weight."

A correspondent, whose letter was printed yesterday, would "like to know whether you (that is the Colonist) really believe that the correspondent of the Associated Press ever got any information from the British foreign office or any other office about Lord Salisbury's doings or intentions with France or any other country." We would like to know, if it is not too late, what the request is, as Artemus Ward used to say, "write me back, nevertheless it is worth a reply." For the purpose, if for nothing else, of showing certain superior people that newspapers are not run on guess work, we may say that the Associated Press correspondent obtained his ideas of Lord Salisbury's intentions in regard to France from Lord Salisbury's published despatches, of which a summary was telegraphed, and the Colonist supplemented the information thus obtained by perusing the despatches in extenso. For the further information of our correspondent, we may add that we do not suppose that the Associated Press correspondent is in the confidence of Lord Salisbury or obtains any information from him, except on the most casual basis, when he has expressly quoted statements made by His Lordship for publication. THE RIVAL CANALS. We hear more talk about the Nicaragua Canal than about that of Panama, but very recently some reports have been published about the latter, which indicate that it, rather than the more northern route, is likely to be the great inter-oceanic waterway. The Panama Canal is well advanced towards completion and the cost of what remains to be done can be very closely estimated, and it is very much less than the estimate of the cost of the Nicaragua Canal. All estimates in regard to the latter must be received with many grains of allowance, because there are engineering problems to be taken into account of really unknown magnitude. The estimates made are dependent upon the correctness of certain theories in engineering, which are to have their first trial in the construction of the canal. If we may argue from experience in other cases, we would find ourselves forced to the conclusion that the first trial of these theories is likely to be much more expensive than their advocates anticipate. The Nicaragua Canal route is much the longer of the two, and a very troublesome river must be contended with in a country where the rainfall is enormous. There are no harbors at either termini of this canal, while at the termini of the Panama route, there are excellent harbors. The sea approach to and departure from the Panama termini are very much better than from those of the Nicaragua route. The greater length of the northern route would add to the cost of maintenance and to the charges of operating. Another recommendation in favor of the Panama

route is that it is all through one country, and that via Nicaragua is on the borders of three countries, which are usually on very bad terms with each other. Moreover, the Nicaraguan franchise is wholly repudiated by one of the governments by which it was originally granted. So strong is the case in favor of the southern route, that there can hardly be a shadow of doubt that, if it were not for the national pride of the people of the United States, they would not give the Nicaragua project any further consideration. THE DEFEAT OF MR. SWORN. Viewed as a political incident, the defeat of Mr. Colin B. Sworn in Cowichan has a special significance. Mr. Sworn was the chosen candidate of the Premier and the chief issue upon which the voters were asked by the government to pronounce was one, which two members of that body have declared to be one of the main points in their policy, namely, the anti-E. & N. legislation. Mr. Sworn had an advantage over Mr. Robertson in being an experienced politician. It used to be said that he furnished brains for his party. His candidature was backed up by all the influence of the government, for the Premier took particular care to go to the constituency and tell the people that there is not nearly enough money to go around, and that if Cowichan wished to get its share of the public expenditure, it would do well to elect a man who had the ear of the government. A defeat under such circumstances is the strongest condemnation that could be given to the government. There is another feature connected with this election which gives it special interest. While Mr. Semlin and Mr. Cotton were conspicuous in their efforts to elect Mr. Sworn, it is interesting to note that neither of the other three members of the government took any part in the contest. It seemed as if these gentlemen had said to Messrs. Semlin and Cotton that they might go in and show the people just how strong they were. They did so, and whether the glory of Mr. Martin and his wing of the cabinet is enhanced thereby, we do not know, but certain it is that the very much dimmed. An incident like this occurring on the very eve of a session is not calculated to strengthen the government among its followers. It renders the result of the meeting of the house even more uncertain than it has been.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, but do no harm. They are sure to please. Try them.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR. A LIBERAL LEADER. "Why, man, he doth bestride the narrow world like a Colossus; and we petty men walk under the bottom like little boys to him. He doth himself out of ourselves dishonourable graves."

Worthless Home Dyes That Cause Serious Losses in Many Homes. Many of our Canadian women have been so grossly deceived in the year just closed by the use of cheap dyes, that some have determined never again to try what is really a pleasant and profitable work when the Diamond Dyes are used.

TO YOU WOMEN. May it be a happy and prosperous one for us all. Heartily thanking our friends and customers for the generous patronage of the past year we shall in 1899 make special effort to maintain a continuance of the pleasant relations now existing.

1899 A New Year 1899. 1899 Dixie H. Ross & Co. 1899. Overcoats--- Winter Suits - \$5.00, \$7.50 ---\$5.50 Heavy Underwear, Winter Caps, Gloves, Mitts, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets. 7.50 10.00 B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters, 97 Johnson Street.

PAINTS AND VARNISH. WHY IS THE NAME OF THE CANADA PAINT CO., LTD., a guarantee of the contents of every package which bears it? BECAUSE they are primary makers and not merely color grinders, i.e. (a) They operate their own deposits of Canadian minerals, which are among the best in the world. (b) They manufacture their own colors from the primary chemicals. BECAUSE as makers of their own pigments and colors they have absolute knowledge of the materials they use and assure purity in their quality, besides this, They save the first profit and custom duty paid by other makers, who purchase their pigments. BECAUSE their manufactures are tested by their own practical experts, who know their business in every detail. BECAUSE by the most improved machinery and manufacturing in large quantities every economy is exercised, and the price is the best of this. BECAUSE upwards of a million packages of their goods are used every year with complete satisfaction, and their trade is steadily increasing. YOU ARE SAFE therefore in purchasing for your own use any package of Paint or Varnish which bears the name of THE CANADA PAINT CO., LTD.

THE SEALING FLEET--Articles of Incorporation having been completed and ratified at a meeting of the sealers yesterday morning all that is now necessary to effect the long desired sealing combine is the signatures of all owners. It is said that two-thirds of the fleet will leave port during the next three months for cruises along the coast. Two of those Messrs. Hall, Gospel & Co., the agents of the Geneva, have received a letter stating that the schooner had called at Santa Cruz to land a sick seaman named Scott. On entering port, however, Captain O'Leary changed his mind and taking the man to San Francisco landed him there. Relative to the schooner Enterprise calling the San Francisco Call says: "She was out in the north-wester and had a very rough time of it. Not one kind word, not one friendly expression of approval, not even an exhortation of the common salutations of the day--this was the only reward for her engagement in the service of the Honorable Senator Templeman."

After the Fire--Although it is not yet definitely known whether or not the section of the Heathorn block that immediately adjoins the old post office will be rebuilt at once, that part including the Fletcher Bros. and Wenger establishments will be converted without delay into advantageous two-story premises. The other part will be torn down immediately, but the owner in England will plan to be heard from ere permanent plans are decided upon. Messrs. Hamber & Campbell are once more in business, not at "the old stand," but very near in the post office building, of which they will become regular tenants, one-half being taken by them, to be adapted to the purposes of a modern business house.

Preserved for Posterity--That their children and their children's children may not go down to their graves without having enjoyed the sweet music of Victoria's "Big Four" quartette, Messrs. Jones, Lenny, Sehl and Finn entertained a select selections yesterday, and "Take the News to Mother" may in the dim hereafter be heard just as it is given by the quartette, by the mere insertion of a needle in the proper place.

Public Meeting of That the Law Be Enforced. A Night of Disorder With the Adoptions on Mor...

The public meeting last night to discuss police commissioners' December 29 was of the good deal of difficulty, but towards the moderate tone prevailing was quite a difference of opinion. The hall was crowded by somewhat unusual where meetings are held. Mayor Reidern, who was accepted by unanimous applause and proceeded to a motion calling the meeting to order. The speaker moved that the chairman be named by Mr. Reidern, who was accepted by unanimous applause and proceeded to a motion calling the meeting to order. The speaker moved that the chairman be named by Mr. Reidern, who was accepted by unanimous applause and proceeded to a motion calling the meeting to order.

INSOMNIA. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE RESTORES REST AND HEALTH. If the digestive organs refuse to do their work, indigestion and dyspepsia follow like lightning's flash--the nerves are shattered and insomnia results. The patient is on the road to the mad-house or insane asylum. A well-known Toronto newspaper man was a victim of nervous prostration and fell into a deep sleep--retiring at night was more of a dread than a welcome. He had tried all the remedies, but in vain. He was told to try South American Nerve. He took it and the next morning he was up and about. He was told to try South American Nerve. He took it and the next morning he was up and about.

1899 A New Year 1899. 1899 Dixie H. Ross & Co. 1899. Overcoats--- Winter Suits - \$5.00, \$7.50 ---\$5.50 Heavy Underwear, Winter Caps, Gloves, Mitts, Scarfs, Cardigan Jackets. 7.50 10.00 B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters, 97 Johnson Street.

PAINTS AND VARNISH. WHY IS THE NAME OF THE CANADA PAINT CO., LTD., a guarantee of the contents of every package which bears it? BECAUSE they are primary makers and not merely color grinders, i.e. (a) They operate their own deposits of Canadian minerals, which are among the best in the world. (b) They manufacture their own colors from the primary chemicals. BECAUSE as makers of their own pigments and colors they have absolute knowledge of the materials they use and assure purity in their quality, besides this, They save the first profit and custom duty paid by other makers, who purchase their pigments. BECAUSE their manufactures are tested by their own practical experts, who know their business in every detail. BECAUSE by the most improved machinery and manufacturing in large quantities every economy is exercised, and the price is the best of this. BECAUSE upwards of a million packages of their goods are used every year with complete satisfaction, and their trade is steadily increasing. YOU ARE SAFE therefore in purchasing for your own use any package of Paint or Varnish which bears the name of THE CANADA PAINT CO., LTD.

THE SEALING FLEET--Articles of Incorporation having been completed and ratified at a meeting of the sealers yesterday morning all that is now necessary to effect the long desired sealing combine is the signatures of all owners. It is said that two-thirds of the fleet will leave port during the next three months for cruises along the coast. Two of those Messrs. Hall, Gospel & Co., the agents of the Geneva, have received a letter stating that the schooner had called at Santa Cruz to land a sick seaman named Scott. On entering port, however, Captain O'Leary changed his mind and taking the man to San Francisco landed him there. Relative to the schooner Enterprise calling the San Francisco Call says: "She was out in the north-wester and had a very rough time of it. Not one kind word, not one friendly expression of approval, not even an exhortation of the common salutations of the day--this was the only reward for her engagement in the service of the Honorable Senator Templeman."

After the Fire--Although it is not yet definitely known whether or not the section of the Heathorn block that immediately adjoins the old post office will be rebuilt at once, that part including the Fletcher Bros. and Wenger establishments will be converted without delay into advantageous two-story premises. The other part will be torn down immediately, but the owner in England will plan to be heard from ere permanent plans are decided upon. Messrs. Hamber & Campbell are once more in business, not at "the old stand," but very near in the post office building, of which they will become regular tenants, one-half being taken by them, to be adapted to the purposes of a modern business house.

Public Meeting of That the Law Be Enforced. A Night of Disorder With the Adoptions on Mor...

SALMON CANNERIES

Last Year's Pack was Far Short of That of the Previous Season.

Half a Million Cases Represents the Output of the Whole Province.

The British Columbia salmon pack for 1898 was a small one compared with that of the year before—in fact the smallest since 1894, as the following table shows.

Table with columns for Year, Cases, and Cans. Lists data from 1882 to 1898.

The cannery and made preparations for a good-sized pack and naturally the failure of their expectation did not make the year a profitable one.

Table titled FRASER RIVER with columns for Name, Cases, and Cans. Lists various cannery companies.

Table titled SKWAMIA RIVER with columns for Name, Cases, and Cans. Lists various cannery companies.

Table titled NAAS RIVER with columns for Name, Cases, and Cans. Lists various cannery companies.

Table titled WEST COAST with columns for Name, Cases, and Cans. Lists various cannery companies.

Table titled PACIFIC DISTRICTS with columns for Name, Cases, and Cans. Lists various cannery companies.

Table titled DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS with columns for Name and Amount. Lists various companies.

London and British Columbia Goldfields—The View of the Company's Investments.

The Financial News, London, Dec. 15. The directors of the London and British Columbia Gold Fields, Limited, in their annual report dealing with the financial year ending September 30 last, state that interests and properties held by the company include shares in the Ymir Gold Mines Limited, the Whitewater Mines Limited, the North Mines, Limited, the Ymir Gold Fields, Limited, and the Ymir Copper Syndicate, Limited; the mining properties owned by the company are the Alma group of claims and the Norfolk group of claims and the mining options on properties at the Washington and Sloan Bay and the Toronto group of properties. The Ymir Gold Mines Limited was formed with a capital of £200,000, in 20,000 ordinary shares of £1 each for the purpose of taking over the Ymir gold mines. The mines comprise 163 shares, together with mill site and water rights sufficient for the purpose. The company has handed over the Ymir Gold and mine equipment, buildings, and other property to the Ymir Gold Mines Limited, and is continuing to work on the Ymir gold mines. The Ymir Gold Mines Limited is a public company, and its shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange. The Ymir Gold Mines Limited is a public company, and its shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange.

THE BEARING OPENED.

Charge Against W. H. Pennock of Stealing a Valuable Diamond Ring.

Complainant Gives His Evidence Before the Police Magistrate Yesterday Morning.

The hearing of the charge of stealing a diamond ring, laid by R. W. Stoddart, against W. H. Pennock, was opened in the City Police Court yesterday, before Magistrate Hall. But one witness, the complainant himself, had been examined before the court adjourned at 11:30 this morning. Mr. Fred Peters appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. George Morphy for the defence.

Mr. Stoddart said that he had first missed the ring on December 13th, and that the diamond, without the setting had been returned to him by his son, Fred, the day before he laid the information against Pennock. The ring was worth £85 to £90, and he could identify the diamond by the cutting, its whiteness and its weight. The one produced being exactly the same as the one in the ring which was stolen. From what he had heard he believed that Pennock had the stone and he sent his son for it. His son went three times to the jeweller, but he did not bring it back. In the last fifteen minutes of the day he had seen some seven miles of the ring which had been taken from him. He first lost a watch and a diamond ring, valued at £180 and since then had lost half a dozen carbuncle rings, valued at £100, and a watch, valued at £100. He had also lost a watch, valued at £100, and a watch, valued at £100. He had also lost a watch, valued at £100, and a watch, valued at £100.

FRIENDLY HELP SOCIETY. Work Done During the Month to Brighten the Homes of the Needy.

The Friendly Help Society had their monthly meeting yesterday morning when the usual reports were read and the work done by Christmas committee discussed. The society expressed their appreciation of the work done by the committee and especially of the work of the chairman, Mrs. McMicking, and the secretary, Mrs. McMicking. The committee had been very successful in their work, and had been able to help many of the needy. The committee had been very successful in their work, and had been able to help many of the needy.

THE OLD MAN DECLINES. Thinks Eighty Too Advanced an Age to Promote Reform of Senate.

Halifax, Jan. 3.—(Special)—J. W. Carmichael, of New Glasgow, has decided, on account of advanced years, to decline to accept the seat in the senate rendered vacant by the death of Senator Macfarlane. Mr. Carmichael is in his 80th year. To prevent check rems from slipping off their hooks an Iowa man has designed the one body in its entirety rather than a second which a second disk is almost cut, leaving a portion uncut at the rear, with a slit in the inner disk, which fits tightly over the hook.

SMOOTHING PUPINS.

GERMANY'S MONARCH.

Kaiser William Differs From His Aged Chancellor on Important Matters of Policy.

Hohenlohe Protests Against the Expulsions Which So Deeply Offend Austria.

When one stops for a moment to consider the figures that the British Columbia's mining industry has advanced cannot be thought of as a remarkable. In the year 1890 and 1897 the output was a half million dollars and a half million dollars. In 1898 the figures were a half million dollars and a half million dollars. Here is a comparison of the output of the mining industry in the past nine years:

Table with columns for Year and Output. Lists data from 1890 to 1898.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Upon full consideration the authorities here have decided to adhere to their original intention and without publication of the proclamation to be addressed to the Philippines by General Otis, the military commander of the islands, until the document has been given to the general. The proclamation is very long, covers in great detail into the conditions in the islands, and outlining as far as possible at this time the intentions of the administration at Washington to the people of the islands, and the welfare of the islands depends upon their conduct now.

Havana, Dec. 31.—The city is quiet. The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Rapido and the Spanish torpedo boat Marqués de Ensenada, Galicia, Marqués de Diego Velasco, sailed to-day for Spain. The Rapido had on board Admiral Manteiga, Spanish minister of the navy, and the Patriot, another Spanish auxiliary cruiser, takes the Spanish naval officials. The admiral is accompanied by the Patriot, another Spanish auxiliary cruiser, takes the Spanish naval officials.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL. New Year's Gift for Fishery Officers—Interest in Majority Contest—Lord Minto's Reception.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Dec. 31.—The report is current in Ontario fishery officers are to be dismissed. Premier Murray of Nova Scotia is here to arrange for the transfer of the inland fisheries to the province to the local government.

FROM THE MASTODON'S RIVAL. Wyoming Presents the Remains of a Prehistoric Animal 130 Feet in Length.

Wyoming is writing a strange chapter in the world's geological history. The big sage brush country is scoring a big triumph in fossil formation by unearthing the remains of a prehistoric animal which was taken from the earth's strata. This stone monster was a dweller in the Jurassic age—a dinosaur, measuring 130 feet in length and 20 feet in height at the hips and 25 feet in height at the neck. It is believed to weigh more than 40,000 pounds.

INLAND REVENUE.

Collections Made in the Victoria Division for the Year.

Table with columns for Month and Amount. Lists monthly revenue collections for 1898.

Losses by Fire. Recent Fires Places This Year's Losses at the Largest in Many Years.

The records of eleven years in Victoria show annual losses ranging from \$23,500 in 1887 to \$206,648 in 1898. The largest loss was \$206,648, tobacco, \$38,172; real estate, \$37,777; cigars, \$10,064; petroleum, \$108; other receipts, \$626.

FAME'S PATHWAY. Seth Low will deliver the oration at the celebration of Washington's birthday at the University of Pennsylvania.

TORONTO IN GREENWOOD. Capitalists Who Have Profited From Roseland Mines Make Further Investments.

Toronto, Dec. 31.—(Special)—Byron E. Walker, general manager of the Bank of Commerce, Senator Cox, Robert Jaeger, and Dr. Mann have just put through a deal by which they get control of the Idaho, Brooklyn, and Roseland mines, which are in Greenwood camp, British Columbia.

PASSENGER RATES GO UP. Increase in the Fare Between Toronto and Winnipeg.

Toronto, Dec. 31.—(Special)—On January 1st the Canadian Pacific railway will advance the first class fare between Toronto and Winnipeg. Tickets which are now \$83.35 will then cost \$94.40, an advance of 13 cents per cent to the coast are not interfered with.

DIED WITH THE YEAR. Clergymen Takes Fatal Chilling Return From a Wedding—Another Skating Fatality.

Kincardine, Dec. 31.—Rev. John Stewart, retired Presbyterian clergyman and a resident of this place for a number of years, died at Kincardine, Ontario, on Monday. He had been in the country in a sudden attack of pneumonia, and died at his home in Kincardine, Ontario, on Monday.

DREYFUS' FATE IN BALANCE. Court of Revision Considers It Not Yet Necessary to Bring Him to Paris.

Paris, Dec. 31.—The court of cassation has decided that it is not necessary as yet to bring Dreyfus to Paris. The court is considering the appeal of the prisoner upon the evidence collected in the case, and the court will decide whether it is necessary to bring him to Paris.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST. Eastern Capital Forms a Grain Company—Vagrant With Fat Bank Accounts.

Winnipeg, Jan. 3.—It is understood that a new grain company has been organized in the province with headquarters in this city, the capital of which is about a million dollars. Several Toronto people are said to be large shareholders in the company, and the grain firm is also extensively interested.

SMOOTHING PUPINS.

GERMANY'S MONARCH.

Kaiser William Differs From His Aged Chancellor on Important Matters of Policy.

Hohenlohe Protests Against the Expulsions Which So Deeply Offend Austria.

When one stops for a moment to consider the figures that the British Columbia's mining industry has advanced cannot be thought of as a remarkable. In the year 1890 and 1897 the output was a half million dollars and a half million dollars. Here is a comparison of the output of the mining industry in the past nine years:

Table with columns for Year and Output. Lists data from 1890 to 1898.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Upon full consideration the authorities here have decided to adhere to their original intention and without publication of the proclamation to be addressed to the Philippines by General Otis, the military commander of the islands, until the document has been given to the general. The proclamation is very long, covers in great detail into the conditions in the islands, and outlining as far as possible at this time the intentions of the administration at Washington to the people of the islands, and the welfare of the islands depends upon their conduct now.

Havana, Dec. 31.—The city is quiet. The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Rapido and the Spanish torpedo boat Marqués de Ensenada, Galicia, Marqués de Diego Velasco, sailed to-day for Spain. The Rapido had on board Admiral Manteiga, Spanish minister of the navy, and the Patriot, another Spanish auxiliary cruiser, takes the Spanish naval officials.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL. New Year's Gift for Fishery Officers—Interest in Majority Contest—Lord Minto's Reception.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Dec. 31.—The report is current in Ontario fishery officers are to be dismissed. Premier Murray of Nova Scotia is here to arrange for the transfer of the inland fisheries to the province to the local government.

FROM THE MASTODON'S RIVAL. Wyoming Presents the Remains of a Prehistoric Animal 130 Feet in Length.

Wyoming is writing a strange chapter in the world's geological history. The big sage brush country is scoring a big triumph in fossil formation by unearthing the remains of a prehistoric animal which was taken from the earth's strata. This stone monster was a dweller in the Jurassic age—a dinosaur, measuring 130 feet in length and 20 feet in height at the hips and 25 feet in height at the neck. It is believed to weigh more than 40,000 pounds.

SMOOTHING PUPINS.

GERMANY'S MONARCH.

Kaiser William Differs From His Aged Chancellor on Important Matters of Policy.

Hohenlohe Protests Against the Expulsions Which So Deeply Offend Austria.

When one stops for a moment to consider the figures that the British Columbia's mining industry has advanced cannot be thought of as a remarkable. In the year 1890 and 1897 the output was a half million dollars and a half million dollars. Here is a comparison of the output of the mining industry in the past nine years:

Table with columns for Year and Output. Lists data from 1890 to 1898.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Upon full consideration the authorities here have decided to adhere to their original intention and without publication of the proclamation to be addressed to the Philippines by General Otis, the military commander of the islands, until the document has been given to the general. The proclamation is very long, covers in great detail into the conditions in the islands, and outlining as far as possible at this time the intentions of the administration at Washington to the people of the islands, and the welfare of the islands depends upon their conduct now.

Havana, Dec. 31.—The city is quiet. The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Rapido and the Spanish torpedo boat Marqués de Ensenada, Galicia, Marqués de Diego Velasco, sailed to-day for Spain. The Rapido had on board Admiral Manteiga, Spanish minister of the navy, and the Patriot, another Spanish auxiliary cruiser, takes the Spanish naval officials.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL. New Year's Gift for Fishery Officers—Interest in Majority Contest—Lord Minto's Reception.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Dec. 31.—The report is current in Ontario fishery officers are to be dismissed. Premier Murray of Nova Scotia is here to arrange for the transfer of the inland fisheries to the province to the local government.

FROM THE MASTODON'S RIVAL. Wyoming Presents the Remains of a Prehistoric Animal 130 Feet in Length.

Wyoming is writing a strange chapter in the world's geological history. The big sage brush country is scoring a big triumph in fossil formation by unearthing the remains of a prehistoric animal which was taken from the earth's strata. This stone monster was a dweller in the Jurassic age—a dinosaur, measuring 130 feet in length and 20 feet in height at the hips and 25 feet in height at the neck. It is believed to weigh more than 40,000 pounds.

SMOOTHING PUPINS.

GERMANY'S MONARCH.

Kaiser William Differs From His Aged Chancellor on Important Matters of Policy.

Hohenlohe Protests Against the Expulsions Which So Deeply Offend Austria.

When one stops for a moment to consider the figures that the British Columbia's mining industry has advanced cannot be thought of as a remarkable. In the year 1890 and 1897 the output was a half million dollars and a half million dollars. Here is a comparison of the output of the mining industry in the past nine years:

Table with columns for Year and Output. Lists data from 1890 to 1898.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Upon full consideration the authorities here have decided to adhere to their original intention and without publication of the proclamation to be addressed to the Philippines by General Otis, the military commander of the islands, until the document has been given to the general. The proclamation is very long, covers in great detail into the conditions in the islands, and outlining as far as possible at this time the intentions of the administration at Washington to the people of the islands, and the welfare of the islands depends upon their conduct now.

Havana, Dec. 31.—The city is quiet. The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Rapido and the Spanish torpedo boat Marqués de Ensenada, Galicia, Marqués de Diego Velasco, sailed to-day for Spain. The Rapido had on board Admiral Manteiga, Spanish minister of the navy, and the Patriot, another Spanish auxiliary cruiser, takes the Spanish naval officials.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL. New Year's Gift for Fishery Officers—Interest in Majority Contest—Lord Minto's Reception.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Dec. 31.—The report is current in Ontario fishery officers are to be dismissed. Premier Murray of Nova Scotia is here to arrange for the transfer of the inland fisheries to the province to the local government.

FROM THE MASTODON'S RIVAL. Wyoming Presents the Remains of a Prehistoric Animal 130 Feet in Length.

Wyoming is writing a strange chapter in the world's geological history. The big sage brush country is scoring a big triumph in fossil formation by unearthing the remains of a prehistoric animal which was taken from the earth's strata. This stone monster was a dweller in the Jurassic age—a dinosaur, measuring 130 feet in length and 20 feet in height at the hips and 25 feet in height at the neck. It is believed to weigh more than 40,000 pounds.

SMOOTHING PUPINS.

GERMANY'S MONARCH.

Kaiser William Differs From His Aged Chancellor on Important Matters of Policy.

Hohenlohe Protests Against the Expulsions Which So Deeply Offend Austria.

When one stops for a moment to consider the figures that the British Columbia's mining industry has advanced cannot be thought of as a remarkable. In the year 1890 and 1897 the output was a half million dollars and a half million dollars. Here is a comparison of the output of the mining industry in the past nine years:

Table with columns for Year and Output. Lists data from 1890 to 1898.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Upon full consideration the authorities here have decided to adhere to their original intention and without publication of the proclamation to be addressed to the Philippines by General Otis, the military commander of the islands, until the document has been given to the general. The proclamation is very long, covers in great detail into the conditions in the islands, and outlining as far as possible at this time the intentions of the administration at Washington to the people of the islands, and the welfare of the islands depends upon their conduct now.

Havana, Dec. 31.—The city is quiet. The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Rapido and the Spanish torpedo boat Marqués de Ensenada, Galicia, Marqués de Diego Velasco, sailed to-day for Spain. The Rapido had on board Admiral Manteiga, Spanish minister of the navy, and the Patriot, another Spanish auxiliary cruiser, takes the Spanish naval officials.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL. New Year's Gift for Fishery Officers—Interest in Majority Contest—Lord Minto's Reception.

From Our Own Correspondent. Ottawa, Dec. 31.—The report is current in Ontario fishery officers are to be dismissed. Premier Murray of Nova Scotia is here to arrange for the transfer of the inland fisheries to the province to the local government.

FROM THE MASTODON'S RIVAL. Wyoming Presents the Remains of a Prehistoric Animal 130 Feet in Length.

Wyoming is writing a strange chapter in the world's geological history. The big sage brush country is scoring a big triumph in fossil formation by unearthing the remains of a prehistoric animal which was taken from the earth's strata. This stone monster was a dweller in the Jurassic age—a dinosaur, measuring 130 feet in length and 20 feet in height at the hips and 25 feet in height at the neck. It is believed to weigh more than 40,000 pounds.

