

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1894

Vol. XXIII. No. 18

The Charlottetown Herald
—PUBLISHED—
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—BY—
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Correspondence should be addressed to the proprietors as above or to the Herald.

R. E. MORAN, J. M. SULLIVAN.

Calendar for February, 1894.

Day of the Week	Moons	High Water	Low Water
1st	4 58	9 45	9 53
2nd	6 59	10 28	9 42
3rd	8 58	11 05	9 29
4th	10 55	11 37	9 13
5th	12 48	12 05	8 55
6th	1 38	12 28	8 35
7th	2 25	12 45	8 13
8th	3 10	1 00	7 50
9th	3 52	1 12	7 25
10th	4 32	1 22	7 00
11th	5 10	1 30	6 45
12th	5 45	1 35	6 30
13th	6 18	1 38	6 15
14th	6 48	1 38	6 00
15th	7 15	1 35	5 45
16th	7 38	1 28	5 30
17th	8 00	1 18	5 15
18th	8 18	1 05	5 00
19th	8 32	1 00	4 45
20th	8 42	1 00	4 30
21st	8 48	1 00	4 15
22nd	8 50	1 00	4 00
23rd	8 48	1 00	3 45
24th	8 42	1 00	3 30
25th	8 32	1 00	3 15
26th	8 18	1 00	3 00
27th	8 00	1 00	2 45
28th	7 38	1 00	2 30
29th	7 15	1 00	2 15
30th	6 48	1 00	2 00

North British and Mercantile FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
—OF—
LONDON AND LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1800.
Capital £1,000,000.
Assets £1,000,000.
This Company insures every description of Fire and Life Insurances on the most favorable terms.
This Company has been well and favorably known for its prompt payment of losses in this Island during the last thirty years.
FRED. W. HEDDAR, Agent.
Stamper's Block, Upper, Victoria Row, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Jan. 21, 1893-37

Dr. T. G. Robins,
SURGEON DENTIST.
OFFICE—Prince Street, Opposite St. Paul's Church Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Mar 12 '93

C. M. B. A. DIRECTORY.
Branch 214, Alberton.
Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday evening.
President—Rev. A. E. Keefe.
Sec. Secy.—John A. Keefe.

Branch 215, Summerside.
Meets at Compton's Hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.
President—Rev. D. J. G. Macdonald.
Sec. Secy.—John B. Strong.

Branch 216, Charlottetown.
Meets at the Lyceum every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.
President—J. B. Macdonald.
Sec. Secy.—S. P. Paul.

SHORT and SWEET.
(ANYthing a large space. We will do all small articles we can't equate in time, space or money. But we will do the cheapest custom made clothing on P. E. I. Cut and sew up, for Hats, Ties, Shirts and Suits overcoats or pants.
JOHN McLEOD & CO.
Merchant Tailors

Only a Step
from Weak Lungs to Consumption, from Depleted Blood to Anemia, from Diseased Blood to Scrofula, from Loss of Flesh to Illness.
Scott's Emulsion
The Cream of Cod-liver Oil, prevents this step from being taken and restores Health. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.
Don't be deceived by Substitutes!
Scott's Emulsion, Solely, All Druggists, P. E. I.

From all Quarters.
Thursday, June 21st, has been chosen for the assembly at Ottawa of the great inter-imperial conference, to discuss the question of Australian trade and the Pacific cable scheme. The imperial government seven Australasian colonies and the crown colony of Fiji have been invited to send representatives.

Edward F. Putnam, an ex-official and recently a prominent member of the American Prominent Association, has created a sensation at Chelsea, Mass., by publicly denouncing that order. He states that its real purposes are not as set forth in its declarations, but are wholly political and sectarian.

William Howe, the celebrated American artist, now resident in Paris, was once a window trimmer in a dry goods store at Grand Rapids, Mich. He also held a similar position in St. Louis, where he found a friend who advanced him money with which to study art. He now is one of the greatest animal painters in the world.

A woman has been ordained a minister in the Congregational denomination in Boston. She is the Reverend Mrs. Amelia A. Frost. It was a roll day for Saint Paul when this hard frost overcame his injunction that women should keep silence in Church. But what respect have our friends for the Bible, any how, if they are to defy it in this manner?

The financial condition of the city of Chicago is deplorable, and the wages of the policemen, the firemen and other public employees have been reduced. The mayor of the town who, by the way, is a Catholic, has voluntarily cut off ten per cent. from his own salary although by agreement of law no reduction could be forced on him, and has directed that that amount be turned back every month into the general fund. Although the A. P. A. was against his action, the Honorable John Patrick Hopkins is proving to be an exemplary head official for the chief city in Illinois.

A rather wonderful discovery has been made at Sicily. A gold coin was found in some depth of the earth, the finder thinking he was coming on some buried gold mine, excavated further. Instead of finding more coins, the foundations of a church were discovered, which was built in the fourth century. It contained two pavements of mosaic, one of which has Greek inscriptions set into it, and the other Latin. A great many articles of value were brought to light, some of which have been taken to the museum at Palermo, and others carried away by the people of the neighboring villages.

It is rather amusing to watch the changes made by time. If a man would address an Evangelical meeting at Exeter Hall ten years ago on establishing St. Peter's, he would raise such a storm round his head that his exit from the place would be necessary. "And yet," says the Liverpool Times, "the Pastoral Aid Society, which represents the Evangelical section of the Church of England, are about to start St. Peter's, who will live in community, but will take no vows. It is rather late in the century for the Liverpool Church people to turn their feet Romeward. The High Church party are far in advance of them." Dr. Pusey and the present Duke of Rutland, then Lord John Manners, established the first Anglican Sisterhood in 1845. Since that time their numbers have increased very fast. These Evangelical Sisterhoods are to have the peculiar Exeter Hall mark of them.

The Ladies Home Journal.

The personality of a famous man can at times be brought delightfully close to us, and this is particularly true of the picture we get of Nathaniel Hawthorne in his youngest daughter's description of "My

Father's Literary Methods" in the March Ladies Home Journal. Truly it is certain that he has long hidden Hawthorne from view gently raised. Many mothers will have cause to thank Mrs. Burton Kingland before she finishes her series of articles on the wisest training of "A Daughter at Sixteen," the first of which is appearing in this issue. The Rev. Lyman Abbott writes vigorously and critically of the different relations of a church to its choir, and Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney gives the second of her delightful "Friendly Letters to Girl Friends." The biography of the number consists of an interesting sketch, with portrait, of Mrs. Charles H. Parkhurst, and of an equally delightful one, with portrait, of President Tyler's daughter, who was at one time mistress of the White House. Mr. Stockton carries "Pomona" still further in her travels abroad, and makes her adventures funnier with each letter. "My Literary Passions" continues to afford Mr. Howells opportunity for expressing his estimate of books and their authors, while the editor discusses with much force three or four phases of a young man's life in the outer world. Among the poets of the number are Eugene Field (whose first love song is given), Harry Rosine and Charles B. Gilling. Madeline S. Bridges and Edward W. Bok each contribute their first "pastels." Three exquisitely illustrated fashion pages "The Art of Dressing the Bride," "The Early Spring Gowns," and "The Early Spring Gowns," are given by Mrs. Mallor, and Miss Hooper contributes two equally valuable ones on "Olds and Materials for Spring" and "The First Spring Sewing." H. H. Battles writes of "The Etiquette of Flowers" and Eben E. Rexford gives much valuable advice on "Making and Caring for a Lawn," while Miss Scoville gives much practical counsel on "What to do in Emergencies." The cover of this March issue, typical of Phillips Brooks' covers, which always hover round Trinity Church, and do still, the work of Henry Sandham, is most artistic and makes this magazine a thing of real beauty. Published by the Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia, for ten per cent copy and one dollar per year.

Good Story of Edward Blake.

From the St. Louis Republic.

One day a near friend ventured to suggest to Mr. Blake that it would be polite to unband a little—in short, to have more of Sir John's bon camaraderie. Mr. Blake listened, gentle and without vanity, as great men are apt to be, and said that he would willingly oblige if his friend would tell him how. The friend felt embarrassed. It was one thing to suggest a look in a man, but another and wholly different thing to suggest a remedy. However, he would do his best. He urged upon the liberal leader the necessity of a little jocoseness, a nodding of every day affairs and not this constant absorption in great matters.

"Well," said Mr. Blake patiently. "Well," replied his friend in despair, looking about for a moral to adorn his tale of advice, and noting the fierce snow storm blowing against the windows. "For instance, as you go to the house this afternoon you will be sure to meet some one you know battling along in the storm on Parliament hill. And he is equally sure to say something to you about the snow fall. That will be your opportunity. Say jauntily, 'Oh, that's snow matter' and see how amused and pleased he will be!"

Mr. Blake laughed, repeated to himself "That's snow matter" two or three times, and his candid friend felt that a beginning had indeed been made.

Later on Mr. Blake ventured out. As he crossed the plateau the snow whirled about his stalwart form and tossed freezing particles into his face all unheeded, for the statesman was deep in thought. Finally he bumped into a man walking in the opposite direction. It was a prominent member of his party.

"I beg your pardon," gasped the man. "I didn't see you, Mr. Blake, for the snow is in my eyes. We are having sharp weather, are we not?"

"Oh!" said Mr. Blake, rousing and dully feeling that this was his cue. "That's—that's that's in material!"

Chief Justice Jeremiah Black of Pennsylvania, in reviewing a case which came up from the court of the old friend, Judge Moses Hampton, remarked that "Surely Moses must have been wandering in the wilderness when he made his decision," and sent the case back to the lower court. Judge Hampton, on its second trial, took occasion to remark that, although he would have to submit to the higher authority, yet he still thought he was right, "in spite of the lamentations of Jeremiah." The Green Bag.

A Cent to Keep Him Warm.
In Memoriam of His Friends at the Capital.
Presentation of an Address of Congratulation to the New Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island—Hon. Mr. Howland's Reply.
Ottawa, Ontario.
Hon. G. W. Howland, Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island, was treated to a genuine surprise yesterday afternoon. He was summoned to one of the parlors of the Russell to receive, as he supposed, the felicitations of some of his numerous friends upon his appointment. The friends were there and the congratulations were forthcoming, but in more formal and tangible fashion than Mr. Howland was prepared for. A circle was made about the new lieutenant-governor composed of the gentlemen named hereafter. Then Mr. M. J. Gorman stepped forward a little with a scroll in his hand and ex-ald Hensley stepped back a bit, concealing behind him a bundle which looked suspiciously like a beautiful fur lined coat, straight from R. J. Devlin's. Mr. Gorman then unrolled what proved to be a noisy, though hastily gotten up address, and read it to the ex-cessator and newly appointed governor.

SUBSEQUENT CELEBRATION.

The formalities of the presentation and reception over, refreshments were ordered in. Then the glasses were charged and Mr. Jas. Johnson proposed the health of the new Lieutenant Governor in a neat little speech, in the course of which he reviewed the eminent Islander's public career and paid a pretty tribute to his brilliant social qualities.

His Honor made a characteristic happy reply, acknowledging the hospitality of the good people of Ottawa among whom he has lived so long and so pleasantly. "Our bono is so far from the Dominion capital," added Mr. Howland, "that Mrs. Howland and I have been unable to return these hospitalities as we would wish. But it has been my pretious and privilege these many summers regularly to watch the arrival of the St. Lawrence steamer, enquire if there was any Ottawa people on board, and if fortunate enough to find one, make him or her my guest while the steamer remained in port, regardless of course, of whether or not we had been previously acquainted."

All this, and much more, Mr. Howland told in his matter of course, off-hand, hearty fashion, and broke in upon the applause which followed with a warm expression of thanks to the friends there gathered for their kindly remembrance of him.

Mr. J. Hughes, an enthusiastic Prince Edward Islander, by way of conclusion, said a word of thanks to the Ottawa friends who had thus marked their appreciation of the honor conferred upon his friend.

THE ADDRESS.

"To His Honor George William Howland, Esquire,
Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Prince Edward Island, &c., &c.

"Your many friends at the Capital cannot permit you to leave Ottawa without tendering you their sincere congratulations upon your well-deserved elevation to the high and honorable position of Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island.

"Ever since you came among them, over twenty years ago, they have watched your career with interest and with pleasure, and the regret which they feel at being called upon to terminate so lengthened an association is tempered by the reflection that you are about to assume the highest office to which you could aspire in the Province which claims you as one of its sons.

"Your appointment is an evidence of the height to which industry and integrity can attain, even when supported by any fortuitous advantage of family or of wealth. Your indomitable perseverance has raised you to be the representative of the Sovereign in one of the fairest colonies of the British Empire.

"May your term of office be blessed both to yourself and to the people whom you will preside; and when it shall have closed, your friends hope to see you returning among them to resume the work of legislation which you are now laying down.

"As a slight token of their esteem they ask your acceptance of the accompanying testimonial, which, while it may serve to relieve the discomforts of a midwinter journey to your distant Island home, will, they trust, tend to preserve in your memory the recollection of the many Ottawa friends, whose hearts will ever remain warm to you.

"To Mr. Howland they extend also their congratulations and hearty wishes for health and happiness.

"On behalf of your Ottawa friends (Signed) John Hensley, G. P. Brophy, P. McDougall, J. H. Parnell, J. Percival Berphy, M. J. Gorman, Fred Cook, I. B. Tackaberry, Patrick Clarke, John D. Grace, Roger Ryan, William C. Desbriary, W. D. Davis, R. J. Devlin, James Incester, P. Baskerville, Geo. Goodwin, Peter Dunne, J. W. Hughes, F. X. St. Jacques, R. M. McLeod, M. Starrs, R. W. Stephen, J. A. J. McKenna, Douglas Stewart, Martin Battle, Jas. Johnson, P. A. Hughes, M. B. Trainor."

THE REPLY.

"Gentlemen," said Hon. Mr. Howland in reply, "permit me to thank you very sincerely for your too flattering address, and also for your generous gift, which shall always remind me of my warm-hearted friends in Ottawa. It is now over twenty years since I first became acquainted with the city of Ottawa and its people, and it is a pleasure and a gratification to me to learn that I have conducted myself during that time, in such a manner as to merit your esteem. I hope I shall conduct myself during the next five years as Lieutenant Governor of my Province so as to retain your regard and warrant the confidence which has been reposed in me. I shall carry away with me to my Island home the kindest remembrance of the great hospitality and consideration which I have always received from the people of Ottawa.

"In conclusion let me thank you for your kindly reference to Mr. Howland, to whom I shall have great pleasure in conveying your good wishes for health and happiness.

The Catholic Editor.

In an article on "The weak points of the Catholic press," in the American Ecclesiastical Review for February, L. W. Ralby says:

To natural ability for literary work and a thorough college course—including two years of philosophy—the ideal director of a Catholic journal should have added a special course of study in theology, church history, social economy, physical science, education, American history, etc., in order to equip him suitably for his life work. He should have done serious on the daily press, so as to have gotten the benefit of its experience and training and have been made to live in the present age. He should have cultivated style and be able to produce solid articles acceptable to the metropolitan journals and the secular magazines. Latin he should know almost as well as English, and a smattering at least of Italian, French and German would not come amiss. At the same time his sympathies should be sufficiently broad and his editorial sense practical enough to enable him to cater to low as well as to high, to the children as well as to grown folk, to the laity as well as to the clergy, to the women as well as to the men of his motley clientele.

The late P. V. Hickey, founder of the Catholic Review, had nearly all of these qualifications. But who else has? Excluding the half dozen period editors, what layman now working on the Catholic press would be selected by the hierarchy as the champion of the public opinion against such assailants as Huxley, Schaff and Ingersoll? If such a knight were needed tomorrow for an intellectual tourney, would one of our editors be selected? Would all of them do? A stream will not rise higher than its source, nor, as a rule will employees be worth in the long run more than their pay. The Catholic papers are poor payers and they get poor writers. If a man engaged by any of them develops uncommon ability as a journalist he can always make more than the salary the best of them offer by giving his services to secular literary enterprises. He might choose to practice poverty himself, but if he be married the claims of his wife and children to a home and a competence will likely call him away from the Catholic press to occupations wherein these goods are possible of attainment. They have called away some of the cleverest writers our papers have had.

Reverence is due to the gifted laymen who have sacrificed their temporal interests in pursuit of a Providential vocation on the Catholic press. But who respects a poor man? Who courts his friendship? Who invites him to table?

General Mallard died the other day in France. He was Grand Master of the French Masons. He was recalled to the Church before his death and expired clapping the Credits with both hands.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Catholic Notes.

The number of Protestants in France is put down as 65,000 in a population of 35,000,000. This number is less than it has been at any previous time during the past two centuries.

Senator White, of Louisiana, the new assistant judge of the U. S. Supreme Court, is a Catholic—and a good one. He is the second Catholic on the Supreme Bench, the first having been Roger Brooke Taney, appointed Chief Justice by President Jackson.

Bishop Rademacher was awarded \$600 in his suit for criminal libel against William P. Bidwell, the proprietor of the "American Eagle," of Fort Wayne, Ind. The "American Eagle," which is an A. P. A. paper, published libelous matter concerning the Catholic Orphan Asylum in Fort Wayne.

The Catholics of Tacoma, Washington, have begun to fight the A. P. A., the Young Men's Institute, a Catholic organization, having appointed a committee to interview every candidate for public office and ascertain his standing towards the A. P. A. and if he is a member. The A. P. A. claims control of 2,000 votes in Tacoma.

Who are the most famous writers and artists of both continents? The Cosmopolitan Magazine is endeavoring to answer this inquiry by printing a list from month to month—in its contents page. This magazine claims that notwithstanding its extraordinary reduction in price, it is bringing the most famous writers and artists of Europe and America to interest its readers, and in proof of this claim, submits the following list of contributors for the five months ending with February: Valdes, Howells, Paul Hayes, Françoise Sarcey, Robert Grant, John J. Ingalls, Lyman Abbott, Frederick Mason, Agnes Repplier, J. G. Whittier, (posthumous) Walter Besant, Mark Twain, St. George Mivart, Paul Burget, Louise Chandler Moulton, Flammarion, Tiesner, F. Dempster Sherman, Adam Badeau, Capt. King, Arthur Sherburne Hardy, George Elers, De Manpassant, Sir Edwin Arnold, Spilohagen, Andrew Lang, Berthelot, H. H. Boyesen, Hopkins Smith, Lyman J. Gage, Dan C. Gilman, Franz Von Leubach, Thomas A. Janvier. And for artists who have illustrated during the same time: Virgilio, Reinhardt, Marold, F. D. Small, Dan Beard, Jose Cabriny, Oliver Herford, Remington, Hamilton Gibson, Otto Becker, H. S. Mowbray, Otto Guillonet, F. G. Atwood, Hopkinson Smith, Geo. W. Edwards, Paul de Longpre, Habert-Dys, F. H. Schell. How this is done for \$1.50 a year, the editors of The Cosmopolitan alone know.

The Professor's Revenge.

When Professor Sobell, the German poet, was staying in Italy for the benefit of his health, he received from a friend in Berlin an unstamped letter, containing nothing but the following words: "I am quite well, Yours truly, B." Amused at having to pay double postage, the poet packed in a case a very large stone and despatched it to his friend by express, collect. The letter, in the belief that the package contained something of considerable value, willingly paid the high charges and opened the case. His feelings may be better imagined than described when he saw the stone and the label attached to it, which bore the following words: "On receipt of the news as to the state of your health, my heart was relieved of this load."

A Voice From the Grave.

When Cardinal Manning was dying three years ago he spoke a few words for posterity into a phonograph which was kept carefully preserved till last week by Cardinal Vaughan. A small company of distinguished persons, met then on the invitation of the cardinal at the archbishop's residence to listen to this revival of a voice that is still. The voice was very distinct and clear. There were long pauses between the words. The message was not in itself of great import, beyond showing the predominant thought in the mind of a man just before death. It follows:

To ALL WHO MAY COME AFTER ME: I hope that no word of mine, written or spoken in my life, will be found to have done harm to any one after I am dead.

HENRY EDWARD MANNING, Cardinal Archbishop.

Rome's Wonderful Choir.

THE FINEST MUSIC IN THE WORLD HEARD AT ST. PETER'S.

In the choir at St. Peter's in Rome there is not a female voice, and yet, says a recent traveller in Italy, the most difficult oratorios and sacred music written in rendered in such a manner as to make one think that Adeline Patti's high soprano is leading. The choir is composed of 60 boys. They are trained for the work from the time they get control of their vocal chords, and some of the best singers are not over 9 years old. At the age of 17 they are dropped from the choir. To say that in that famous edifice one hears the grandest church music that the world has ever known sounds commonplace, so far short does it fall of apt description. I am something of a connoisseur, have been a profound student of music all my life, and have heard every great opera produced by the most famous organizations, but until a few months ago, when I heard St. Peter's choir, I had no idea that the human voice was capable of such performances.

Has Two Noses.

Mr. Alfred Booth, New York of the Eden House, New York, arrived in the city last evening, and took his supper at the Walker house. He had just returned from an Indian settlement near Edmonton, N. W. T.

Accompanying him was an Indian youth, probably 19 years of age, dressed in native costume. The lad had two noses. One is in its usual place, and the other branches from it on the left side, and is perfect. The young Indian does not speak English, and therefore could give no account of himself. Mr. Booth, however, told an Empire reporter that a friend of his had seen the boy last summer at Edmonton, and reported the fact at New York. Three weeks ago he started to secure the boy for exhibition purposes. He had experienced great trouble in gaining the consent of his mother, who did not wish to part with him. Finally it was arranged that the mother should receive \$100 each month, and the boy will be returned next September. They left on the C. P. R. last evening for New York.

WERE HOOD'S WRITS.

President Lincoln said, "You cannot fool the people a second time. You can fool them to recognize real merit or lack of it, and cling only to those things which they find to be what is claimed for them."

It is especially gratifying that the sale of Hood's Sarsaparilla increases most rapidly in those sections where it is best known.

The inference is plain. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proven that it possesses genuine merit. It maintains a high standard, which others cannot even approach. It is the people's favorite blood purifying and building up medicine, and is more popular this year than ever before. All this because Hood's cures.

A Boston Boy's Eyesight Saved—Perhaps His Life.

By Hood's Sarsaparilla—Eliot Prescribed by Canker.

Read the following from a grateful mother: "My little boy had Scarlet Fever when a year old, and it left him very weak and with blood-poisoned with canker. His eyes became inflamed and his sufferings were intense, and for seven weeks he lay in bed."

Could Not Open His Eyes.

I took him to the doctor during that time to the eye and eye-surgery on Charles street, but after two weeks he did not do better. The doctor's medicine did not do him any good. I was very anxious to get him better, and I was told that Hood's Sarsaparilla was a good medicine. I bought it and gave it to him. He was able to open his eyes in a few days. I am very glad to say that he is now well and happy. I can never say enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

because of the wonderful cure it has effected in the case of my little boy. I have never known any other medicine so successful in curing blood-poisoned children. I have tried many other medicines, but none have done him any good. I can never say enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla."

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AND BIRD. REDUCED HALF PRICE.
BROS
men in Town
for this Store.
this month we will sell you Fur Coats, Sleigh Robes, Great Sacrifices until Out.
make the statement with or of contradiction that our of Ready-made Clothing best and selling out cheap.
cheap Cottons, Cloths, lowest prices.
Gold & Co.
STREET.
LOTHING!
Overcoats & Suits do do
of Heavy Winter Wear inspection. Our Prices ment the largest on the
and Blanketings MAKE.
OLEN CO.
WARE
& RETAIL
Rebuilt
MAY, 1893
hardware and Carriage goods.
ON & CO.
OD & CO'S
and all kinds groceries.
and fresh and to please.
OF OLD STAND
Queen Street.
ICAN
E OIL!
Cheapest.
Oil because it is a little highest grade. It is false the dearest in the long
so long as the better your chimneys and make cause.
the BEST AMERICAN that ever before, and we sell TO BE THE WHITE.
It refilled at
GOFFE.

London House
Sale of Remnants.
ENDS OF
Prints, Dress Goods, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Tweeds,
Bargains in Ready-made Clothing.
HARRIS & STEWART
LONDON HOUSE.
LOW PRICES!
Shovels, Forks, Axes, Handles, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Bar Iron, Sleigh-shoe Steel, Disston's Cross Cut Saws, Disston's Files and Rasps, Cart and Truck-wagon stock, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Galvanized Iron Well Buckets.
FENNELL & CHANDLER
CHARLOTTETOWN.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1894.

Once More.

No one has yet been vested with the Senatorial dignity. Rumor has it that the appointment will not be made for some time. When the Governor-General-in-Council may be pleased to call this one to fill the vacant seat is a matter of very little moment. Of the highest concern to the people is the selection which must eventually be made. All fair-minded right thinking persons agree that, this time at least, the just rights of one sixth of our population should not be, in fact, cannot be very well ignored. Who, in our estimation, is best entitled to receive the preferment, we have already stated in these columns. In justice to the portion of our population, whose representative we last week gave it as our opinion that Mr. J. O. Arsenault, M. P. should be the one called to fill the vacant seat. Since then we have not ascertained anything tending to shake our belief. Rather, upon more mature consideration, it has been intensified. We take no stock whatever in the claims of certain ones for positions of this nature can be attained with less results to party or otherwise. If it be an offence to advocate what one believes to be just and equitable, then previous have we sinned. But such cannot be such a grievous transgression. Like causes, we presume, produce like results. If past booms failed to mar the harmony of party spirit we fail to see what ill effects are likely to result from the present ones. If such they do and anyone should take umbrage on account of the belief of his being unjustly dealt with, then we say the party is better—a thousand times better—of so super-sensitive a supporter.

Our principle reason for thinking that Mr. Arsenault is entitled to the vacant seat is on account of his being the chief representative of the Acadian people of the Province—a portion of our population which, in the matter of receiving their share of the official sweets, have not in the past been accorded that justice which is their due. Now an opportunity to deal out even-handed justice presents itself, and we feel constrained to mingle our voice with those on the side of right. The Acadians of the Province have never yet been represented in the Senate, although proportionately they are entitled to at least one out of the eight who have already been appointed to that branch of the legislative concern. All our other nationalities—English, Irish, Scotch—have been singularly favored in this respect. This is not generally Conservative we believe that in the whole Province there are only two Acadians occupying positions of emolument. And these offices are of very little importance. This anomaly is, in itself, argument enough to show that justice is not meted out to them. The only majorities worth mentioning in the last local contest were Acadians. One of these was received by Mr. Arsenault, who in the face of great odds converted a previous majority of two into one over forty-eight times as large. This fact not only shows the popularity of the man, but also his ability and fitness for a post of honor and distinction. In the light of previous appointments to the Senate the possible objection that Mr. Arsenault has never been in Dominion politics, must topple over. Though never a candidate for Dominion honors he has been an active and forcible friend to his party's candidates in these contests. His influence has kept intact the Conservative Acadian vote, and enervated the whole body so frequently predicted as likely to occur. Neither Senators Prowse, Macdonald nor the late Governor Carvell were ever candidates for the House of Commons, and yet it did not prove a bar to their being called to the upper chamber. Those silly enough to advance such an argument must be ignorant of current history.

There are, no doubt, others available who possess all the personal requisites necessary for the position of Senator; but none of them have such strong reasons for receiving the appointment as has Mr. Arsenault. Even were the position open to the whole Province we would just as warmly support him. But as the preferment must go to Prince County his claims are necessarily strengthened, and we fail to see how they can be reasonably ignored.

Mr. Wiman evidently has not viewed that implicit confidence in the Americans he wished all Acadians to have.

How Contented!

The Examiner deplors the fact that a portion of the press has discussed the respective "claims" of those whose names have been mentioned in connection with the vacant senatorship. To some the shedding of these crocodile tears by our contemporary may appear quite in order, but to act a few his laudatory attitude is extremely amusing. We might, perhaps, be constrained to agree with our contemporary if his sentiments contained in its remarks of the 1st inst. always formed the spirit of its dreams. But such such is not the case. In just how great a degree the Examiner possesses that firmness of character, which is so frequently referred to as a priceless jewel following from its own columns ably testify:

DAILY EXAMINER, March 9, 1894. It is to be regretted, we think, that some of the papers have begun to discuss the "claims" of those whose names have been mentioned in connection with the vacant senatorship. The good of the country, and not the "claims" of this or that individual, is the proper subject of a newspaper's editorials. It is a new thing to see a newspaper's editorials in the name of a Senator, and not in the name of the country. It is a new thing to see a newspaper's editorials in the name of a Senator, and not in the name of the country. It is a new thing to see a newspaper's editorials in the name of a Senator, and not in the name of the country.

Even though he has been denied the desire of a seat in the "cabinet" Mr. Bell is determined to show that his is the brains of his party. His numerous "suggestions" to the government through the editorial columns of the Pioneer must be extremely pleasing to Mr. Peters. In the past the Premier has been accustomed to have his way, and no doubt he will enforce the rule in the future. He alone must do the thinking; his subs are but to aid in perfecting his ideas.

Mr. Pottinger came this way to inspect our railway system he will find sufficient food for contemplation. We trust that the parties most affected by the incongruities of the train service will say their grievances before him. But surely when he takes a trip over the road and notes the crying need for new passenger, and mail coaches, and a change in our time table no further argument will be necessary. Mr. Pottinger has a reputation for perspicacity.

Almost all the upper province papers have fallen into the error, which in some way or another started at Ottawa, that our local legislature would meet on the 25th inst. We may not be a very sanctimonious people, but it is unfair to our representatives to say that they will begin business on Easter Sunday. Goose shooting and fishing on Sundays may take with some of them, but we hardly think they would all do so irreligious as to meet on that day for the despatch of business.

Gladstone Resigns.

MR. GLADSTONE'S retirement from the premiership of Great Britain is a matter for regret, if only for the reason of his long association with British politics. He is the most striking personality on the political stage today. In England he is the centre around which all the other politicians gravitate. While the loss to his party is not altogether irreparable, it is doubtful if his successor, or those who come after, will exert the same influence over their followers as did the grand old man. His great personal magnetism greatly tended to keep the Liberal party, composed as it is of so many factions, intact. He was essentially a man of the people—the greatest commoner of the age. But the impetuosity of time have rendered it imperative that he relinquish the cares and responsibilities of office. His failing eyesight and deafness compel him to go to the rear, but physically he is as well as an octogenarian can expect to be. Under the leadership of Lord Rosebery the party will continue along the course mapped out by Gladstone. The widespread indignation against the Lords caused Labouchere and his Radical colleagues to vigorously oppose the selection of one from that chamber to lead the forces. But no doubts the great satisfaction and consolation will be given him as he returns to the city. About fifty of his personal friends are expected to accompany him. The delegation was headed by Hon. Peter Mitchell, and when Gladstone arrived at his residence at 22, Grosvenor Street, he was met by a large and subsequently given him at St. Lawrence Hall.

Disputed Christianity.

Rev. Dr. Monahan's Discourse. Sir,—In my last letter I pointed out how unjust and unwarranted it is to suppose that the Catholic Church is in any way divided, and how it is in fact, and always was, as far as doctrine is concerned, when that belief is attacked by those who are not Catholics. The Catholic Church is justified in holding the same doctrine. And if that Church is not divided, how can it be divided by those who are not Catholics? The Catholic Church is justified in holding the same doctrine. And if that Church is not divided, how can it be divided by those who are not Catholics?

It appears to be quite in order to publish all remarks concerning "Papists," but when the subject for consideration is any of the other denominations, mum is the word. To the honestly it is a matter for congratulation that ugly William Foster failed in his attempt to shuffle off this mortal coil. To discover another who would so readily admit the failing as did Willie, would be a far more difficult job than is surgeon Thorburn's.

Concerning Lieut Gov. Howland the Boston Pilot says: The Pilot is glad to add its congratulations to Governor Howland, an old personal friend, and always, while a loyal Canadian an unflinching advocate of friendship between his own country and the United States. He was one of the notes to numerous friends of the Union in the dark days of the Civil War. He is a far-seeing, broad-minded statesman, and Canada is never slow to honor him.

It is proposed to unite the cities of New York and Brooklyn into one municipal government. This is a very important question, and one which will affect the interests of both cities. It is proposed to unite the cities of New York and Brooklyn into one municipal government. This is a very important question, and one which will affect the interests of both cities.

Government Expenditure for the Charitable Schools for 1892.

Table with 2 columns: School Name, Amount. Total: \$2,981.35.

Remonstrance Against the Proposed Union of the Province.

The Province of New Brunswick, as it is now constituted, is a most happy and contented people. The proposed union with the Province of Quebec is a most unjust and unwarranted measure. The Province of New Brunswick, as it is now constituted, is a most happy and contented people. The proposed union with the Province of Quebec is a most unjust and unwarranted measure.

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Big Sale of Remnants CHEAP!

WE are all after BARGAINS, and you may, as well share in them, when you can get lots of choice goods at a fraction of their value. Remnants, Dress Goods, Print Cottons, Gingham, Flannellets, Cloths, White Goods, and a large assortment of various other goods. Remember, these are good goods, and you can get them CHEAP.

STANLEY BROS. Store Shades FURNITURE

ALL SIZES, Hartshorn's Tin and Wood Spring Rollers. This year's importation of Window Shades, with Dade and Roller, 40c. each; with Fringe and Roller, 60c. each. You can now purchase for midsummer months' coolness at cost price.

Mark Wright & Co., Ltd. Young and Old

Can be properly suited at our establishment. We never had a greater variety of superior cloths than we are showing to-day. The man who can't find exactly what he wants must be very hard to please. By the way, the gang which did so much damage to the buildings. Friday was the 16th anniversary of Lord X's coronation. He was great and congratulated by the Cardinal. In reply an address prepared by him was read by Cardinal Monahan.

There are 46,688 men, 9,988 women and girls out of employment in Brooklyn N. Y., or a total of 56,676. This information, which was obtained by a report made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to Mayor Sherman. Of the total number of unemployed, 10,000 are in need of assistance.

A street brawl occurred at Acquaviva del Friuli, Italy Wednesday evening. A member of the Municipal Guard tried to break up the riot, but was surrounded by the rioters. He met with resistance from the leaders' friends, and an effort was made to force him to retreat. He was surrounded by the rioters, and an effort was made to force him to retreat. He was surrounded by the rioters, and an effort was made to force him to retreat.

Two wealthy farmers are dead, twelve others lying at death's door and fifty others seriously ill from eating a cold dinner of the steamer which was in the harbor at Quebec, addressed to C. Hartman & Co., Quebec, which firm was never in existence there. Meanwhile the valuable goods from Great Britain were opened up and presumably disposed of in the United States.

Two colored men named Ben Baker and Wm Thompson entered the house of Moore Baker, a prosperous farmer, at Franklin Park, N. Y., early Thursday night. They were accompanied by a party of about a dozen men. The inmates of the house were Moore Baker, his wife and six children. Moore Baker was awake and saw the intruders but so paralyzed with fear that he could not utter a word. Thompson and Baker entered the house and searched for money. They found a small amount of cash and jewelry. They then fled with the loot.

A Toronto young man named William Foster, who was extremely sensitive about his personal appearance, and was consequently a great deal of trouble to his family, was recently in the city. He was in the city, and was a great deal of trouble to his family. He was in the city, and was a great deal of trouble to his family.

James Monahan, a successful surgeon, is the artist. Foster had a large nose, very thick and prominent, and being an entirely tapering end. Added to this his mouth was unconformably small. He was in the city, and was a great deal of trouble to his family.

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LOCAL AND

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Advertisement for CARLOADS OF CARPETS. JAMES FATON & CO., Carpet Warehousemen, 100, WATER STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN. JUST RECEIVED CARLOADS OF CARPETS. A CARLOAD OF CARPETS. The OLD RELIABLE PUSHER can do for you. JAMES FATON & CO. 100, WATER STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The steamer Blanche is in present load up to Fishon having her boilers cleaned.

The young men of Summerside are meeting in the matter of organizing an athletic club in the town.

The express of the Intercolonial railway clear in February is estimated at five thousand dollars a day.

The grand jury has thrown out the indictment against the Rev. E. J. Grant, M. P., for criminal libel on Justice Morrison.

Trains will be a grand entertainment in Bourke on St. Patrick's night. The proceeds are to be devoted to the purchasing of a library for the school.

The big symbol, was recently set up at the corner of Grand York street, England, for £150. She is 107 tons register, and was built at Prince Edward Island in 1894.

WELLSBORO BRASS was killed while chopping in the woods near Fort Eggleston, N. B., on Monday. A limb from a dry beech fell and struck him on the head.

A boy named William Acheson had his leg broken by a fall at St. Peter's school, on Thursday. He was removed to the hospital, where the limb was set.

A young man named Joseph Bond who is in the employ of Mr. Crawford of Beauce, was badly injured by a fall from a horse one day last week.

NOTICE

In hereby given that I have this day taken into partnership my brother, Mr. B. H. Johnson, and in future we will do business under the name of Johnson & Johnson.

CHARLOTTETOWN, JANUARY 17, 1891. A. S. JOHNSON.

With Loud Acclaim. The feast of Ireland's Patron Saint will this year be celebrated by Erin's sons and daughters in this Province with loud acclaim.

The mild weather of the last few days has made the snow on the streets to a considerable extent.

John McLean, the carpenter, Leonard Morris store, Summerside, will receive notices today from Sundry Messrs.

Barrow and Canadian capitalists have proposed an option on some 7000 acres of timber lands in different parts of Nova Scotia.

The sentence of death passed on Edward Wherry, of Fredericton, the deaf man who was charged with murdering his sister-in-law with an axe, has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

At a special meeting of Branch No. 215 C. M. B. A. held Thursday night, President Macdonald was installed by Rev. A. B. Isaac, when the Rev. appointed District Deputy for this Province.

The Guardian reports that a difficult operation was performed at the Charlotteville Hospital on Tuesday last.

Local and Special News.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism. K. D. O. restores the stomach to healthy action.

Minard's Liniment is not by Physicians. Don't suddenly deprive your friend of cheerful company by remaining a dull heavy doleful being.

Minard's Liniment, Lombard's Friend. Perhaps you have never heard of K. D. O. Many dyspeptic have heard of it.

THE BEST OF ALL. Minard's Cod Liver Oil is superior to all other preparations of Cod Liver Oil in digestibility, curative power, and pleasant flavor.

MINARD'S LINIMENT. I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

There are 11,000,000 hangers in Montreal. What if they were all to jump at once?

Rheumatism racks the system like a thorn. It is a cruel enemy, which purifies the blood.

At the beginning of the Christmas era the relative values of gold and silver were as 10 to 1.

Minard's Liniment is the Best. HOOD'S PILLS cure Nausea, Sick Head, Indigestion, Biliousness, etc.

CHARTOWN PRICES, MARCH 7.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including Beef (quarter), Butter, Eggs, and other goods.

TO be sold by public auction at the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, on Thursday, the 23rd day of March next.

TO be sold by public auction on Monday the 13th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

TO be sold by public auction on Tuesday the 14th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

TO be sold by public auction on Tuesday the 15th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

TO be sold by public auction on Tuesday the 16th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

TO be sold by public auction on Tuesday the 17th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

TO be sold by public auction on Tuesday the 18th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

TO be sold by public auction on Tuesday the 19th day of April, A. D. 1894, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

THE OWEN Electric Belt.

Don't suddenly deprive your friend of cheerful company by remaining a dull heavy doleful being.

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Fire Insurance.

Your patronage of the following great Fire Companies is respectfully solicited.

The Royal Ins. Co. of Liverpool, The London & Lancashire Ins. Co. of Liverpool, The United Fire Ins. Co. of Manchester, The Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.

These Companies command enormous monetary strength, and are noted for their prompt and liberal settlements of losses.

JOHN MACGACHERN, Agent for P. E. I. March 7, 1894.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED. A large range of new Prints, which we are selling from 4 cents a yard and upwards.

J. B. Macdonald & Co., 132 QUEEN STREET.

Bargains in Dry Goods. CASH SALE. LONDON HOUSE, KENSINGTON.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP. A CURRIE, SOURIS.

W. A. Weeks & Co., Wholesale & Retail, NEXT TO BEER & COFF'S.

Remnants

NS, and you may, as well lots of choice goods at a

other goods, and you can get

BROS. FURNITURE!

It moves, not by mysterious irits but by material hands inspired by immaterial prices.

Here, Away, Quick!—Slop p prices—away go goods.

ark Wright & Co., Ltd.

Young and Old

D. A. BRUCE Mortgage Sale.

WFUL HEADACHES. YEARS OF SUFFERING.

HAWKERS EYE AND STOMACH TONIC, and a box of HAWKERS LIVER PILLS.

W. A. Weeks & Co., Wholesale & Retail, NEXT TO BEER & COFF'S.

