POOR COPY

The man does not do justice to his business who spends less in advertising than he does in rent.—A. T. Stewart, of New York.

The Gleaner.

The man does not do justice to his business who spends less in advertising than he does in rent.—A. T. Stewart, of New York.

VOL. V. FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1888. No. 58

Professional Cards

G. D. CARTER, Dentist.
EXTRACTION AND PROSTHETIC DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
DENTAL ROOMS OVER F. J. M'CAUSLAND'S JEWELRY STORE 250 QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.
Fredericton, July 17th, 1888.

FRED ST. JOHN BLISS, Barrister, Notary, Etc.
OFFICE:
QUEEN STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
Fredericton, May 5th, 1888—1yr

DR. H. D. CURRIE, Surgeon Dentist,
164 QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

WILLIAM WILSON,
SECRETARY-TREASURER, YORK,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
CONVEYANCER, &C.
OFFICE: QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
ACCOUNTS COLLECTED, LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

GEO. F. GREGORY,
(OF LATE FIRM OF GREGORY & BLAIR.)
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
NOTARY PUBLIC.
OFFICE: NEXT BELOW QUEEN HOTEL, LATELY OCCUPIED BY GREGORY & BLAIR.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

B. H. TORRENS, D. M. D. Dentist,
FISHER'S BUILDING,
Queen Street, Fredericton.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

DR. CROCKET,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
CARLETON STREET.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

F. J. SEERY, M. D., C. M.
LICENTIATE OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF EDINBURGH;
LICENTIATE OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF EDINBURGH;
LICENTIATE OF THE FACULTY OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF GLASGOW.
SPECIAL CERTIFICATE IN MIDWIFERY.
OFFICE: FISHER'S BUILDING, COR. PHŒNIX SQUARE.
RESIDENCE, 109 BRUNSWICK STREET.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

GREGORY & GREGORY, Barristers and Notaries.
OFFICES: CARLETON ST., FREDERICTON
ALBERT J. GREGORY, FRANK B. GREGORY, Registrar of Probates.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

C. E. DUFFY,
Barristers and Attorney-at-Law
Notary Public, Etc.
SEC'Y-TREASURER OF SUNBURY
ACCOUNTS COLLECTED, AND MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Offices: West Side of Carleton Street, Second Door from Queen.
Fredericton, Nov 1st, 1887

Livery Stables

BARKER HOUSE STABLES.
COACHES AND CARRIAGES
Furnished with all Possible Despatch.
HORSES BOARDED AT MODERATE TERMS
JOHN B. ORR, - Proprietor.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

GEORGE I. GUNTER,
HACK AND LIVERY STABLE,
Queen Street,
OPPOSITE CITY HALL.
COACH ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Telephone Communication.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

Auctioneers

E. H. ALLEN
AUCTIONEER AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
REGENT STREET NEXT TO CAPITAL OFFICE
Goods of all descriptions received and Sold on Commission. Quick Sales and Prompt Returns Guaranteed.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

H. C. C. WETMORE
AUCTIONEER, &c.
Has taken a Store on the Upper Side of
PHŒNIX SQUARE,
Next to L. P. LaForest, Tin Smith, where he is prepared to receive Furniture and Goods of all kinds for Auction or Private Sale. He will also give attention to Auction Sales of every description.
Terms moderate. Returns prompt. All business confidential.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

Insurance

The North American
LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y,
OF TORONTO
HON. ALEX. MACKENZIE PRES'T.
Guaranteed Capital, - - $300,000.00
Full Government Deposit.
New business for 1886 over - $2,500,000.00
THE various popular plans of the "NORTH AMERICAN," embracing Life, Return Premium, Endowment, Tontene, Semi-Tontene, and Commercial Plan, have proved so acceptable to the insuring public, that the Company can to-day present a showing unequalled by any other home Company at the same period of its existence, and its progressive record and sound financial standing, coupled with its prompt and satisfactory settlement of death claims are the recommendations which this Company offers for public patronage.
The Company's rates are according to their various plans so arranged as to suit the convenience of all, as by the commercial plan insurance is given at the actual cost, while by the endowment and tontene the attractive investment feature is combined with insurance.
All information given and applications received by
C. E. DUFFY, Agent, Fredericton
Oct. 29, 1887—w tw—1yr.

THE ATLAS FIRE ASSURANCE CO'Y,
Of London, Eng.
Established in the Year 1808.
CAPITAL, - - $6,000,000.00
Risks against loss or damage or by fire taken on all kinds of insurable property in both town and country at the lowest rate and losses adjusted in the most prompt and liberal manner. Unsurpassed security given to policy holders by this Old and Reliable English Company.
C. E. DUFFY, Agent.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

Undertaking

JACKSON ADAMS,
Principal Undertaker,
COUNTY COURT HOUSE SQUARE
(OPP. QUEEN HOTEL)
FREDERICTON, - - - - N. B.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

Hotels

BARKER HOUSE,
QUEEN STREET, - - - FREDERICTON.
NEWLY REFITTED, AND NOW ONE OF THE LEADING HOTELS OF THE MARITIME PROVINCES.
SAMPLE ROOM AND LIVERY STABLE.
Modern Improvements constantly being made.
F. B. COLEMAN, - Proprietor.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

QUEEN HOTEL
FREDERICTON N.B.
J. A. EDWARDS, - Proprietor.
FINE SAMPLE ROOMS IN CONNECTION.
—ALSO,—
A FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

New Advertisements

WEST END
SAWMILL AND LUMBER YARD
SEASON 1887.
THE Subscriber, intending to pay greater attention to the RETAIL LUMBER BUSINESS than for the last few seasons, begs to inform the public generally that beside the usual stocks of SPRUCE, PINE, and HEMLOCK LUMBER on hand or sawn to order, will keep constantly on hand
DRY SPRUCE FLOORING AND SHEATHING,
PINE SHEATHING, DRY HEMLOCK
SPRUCE AND PINE BOARDS, AND PLANK PLANED ON ONE SIDE.
Also intends to keep LATHS and PICKETS constantly on hand.
and all sorts of CEDAR SHINGLES well and Smoothly Sawn and Very Carefully Assorted.
☞ Office on QUEEN STREET, directly opposite mill
R. A. ESTEY.
Fredericton, Oct 6th, 1887

IMPORTANT.
WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELLERY,
MARKED DOWN TO SUIT ALL.
GOODS ALL NEW.
A FINE LINE OF
SILK CHAINS
AT
F. J. McCAUSLAND'S
Fredericton, Dec. 15th, 1887

For Sale or To Let.
THE PROPERTY on Regent Street, with all the Household Furniture, Bedsteads, Beds and Bedding, Tables, Piano, Dishes, Stoves and Stove Pipe, Carpets and Couches, Window Blinds and a variety of other articles. Also a good Milch Cow; Hens and Chickens. Also, Bellows, Anvil, Vise, Drilling Machine, Sledge and Swedges, Tins, &c. If not disposed of by the 15th of September, will be sold at Public Auction. Terms easy.
JOSEPH DOUGHERTY
Fredericton, Aug. 25th, 1888.

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallet & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at his work. All succeed.

Girls Wanted.
THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR GOOD GIRLS AT THE BARKER HOUSE.
☞ Reference Required.
Fredericton, Sept. 4th, 1888.

New Advertisements

BELDING, PAUL & CO. On the End of the Spool.

LADIES, LADIES.
Spool Silk
THAT BEARS OUR NAME,
BELDING, PAUL & CO.
On the End of the Spool is Superior to all Others.
Ask for It. Ask for It.
BELDING, PAUL & CO.
ON THE END OF THE SPOOL.

BELDING, PAUL & CO. On the End of the Spool.

NOW IN STOCK
FOR FALL TRADE
—AT—
WM. JENNINGS
Merchant Tailor.
WIDE WALE WORSTED OVERCOATINGS IN A GREAT VARIETY OF PATTERNS.
ALSO:
A Fine Selection of Fashionable Trowserings and Suitings.
WM. JENNINGS
COR. QUEEN ST. AND WILMOT'S ALLEY.
Fredericton, Sept. 4th, 1888.

JUST RECEIVED.
Cox's Gelatine;
Harvest Moon Flour;
Star Flour. Codfish.
EXPECTED DAILY:
CORNMEAL!
Per "Ella J."
One Car Load of
New Mess and Clear Pork.
A. F. RANDOLPH & SON.
Fredericton, Aug. 15.

SEWING MACHINES CLEANED AND REPAIRED.
Furniture Repaired.
Jobbing in Carpentry
Attended to by
W. S. HIMELMAN
192 GEORGE STREET
All work guaranteed so far as possible.
All orders left at above address will receive prompt attention.
Fredericton, Oct 10th, 1887

WE WANT POTATOES.
WE HANDLED 60,000 BUSHELS POTATOES LAST SPRING.
And made money for our Shippers. Having decided to sell in small lots from Store, to get outside prices, we want a few more good shippers. Write us and ship to
HATHEWAY & CO.
General Commission Merchants,
22 CENTRAL WHARF BOSTON, MASS
Members Chambers of Commerce, Established 183
Boston, Oct 4th, 1887

G. W. DYKEMAN & CO.
AGENTS,
DOMINION ORGAN
—AND—
PIANOS,
Sewing Machines
OFFICE: QUEEN STREET,
Next Door Below Z. R. Everett
Fredericton, April 26th, 1888.

Hay for Sale
A LOT OF
Pressed Hay at
Ely Perkins's.
Fredericton, Aug. 9, 1888.

The Boot, Shoe & Hat Business
Managed by D. LUCY, will in future be carried on under the firm of
LUCY & CO.
Trusting that the new firm will continue to receive the same generous patronage accorded to me while in business,
I remain, respectfully yours,
D. LUCY.
Fredericton, Sept. 1, 1888.

KEEP YOUR OPTIC ON THIS.
The Fall Goods are arriving daily, and some very Pretty Patterns to Choose Fall Suits and Overcoats from.
Leave your orders early and have them made up in Latest Styles before the great rush commences.
The Latest Fashions Monthly.
Cutting attended to promptly.
W. E. SEERY,
WILMOT AVE.
Fredericton, Sept. 6th, 1888.

SPECTACLES. EYE GLASSES.
Lazarus & Morris's Celebrated Perfected Spectacles and Eye-Glasses

ARE THE ONLY KIND ADAPTED TO EVERY CONDITION OF HUMAN VISION.
Their Copyright system of fitting is an unerring guide for ascertaining the exact requirements of all who need Optical aid.
YOUNG OR OLD, FAR OR NEAR-SIGHTED
A full and complete assortment always on hand
JUST RECEIVED.
THE most complete line of SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES in the city. Our genuine Lazarus & Morris's Spectacles and Eye-Glasses are within the reach of the working man and good enough for the wealthy. And we guarantee you a perfect fit.
Remember that we are the only concern in the city agents for the genuine LAZARUS & MORRIS Spectacles. Don't be deceived by similar names used to take in the public by an inferior article.
S. F. SHUTE,
302 Queen Street.
Sole Agent for the Rockford R. R. Watches!

PARIS GREEN.
Just received a fresh supply of Pure Paris Green.
ALSO:
LAND PLASTER,
VERY FINE.
Suitable to mix with Paris Green.
W. E. Miller & Co.
155 and 159 QUEEN STREET.
Fredericton, June 30, 1888.

TOBACCO
—AT—
G. T. WHELPLEY'S
Lily, Solace, Myrtle Navy, Briar, Rough and Ready, Pace's Twist, Pilot, Index, Myrtle Navy Fine Cut, Beaver, Jubilee, Napoleon, No. 1 Crown.
☞ TRY THE "LILY" SMOKING TOBACCO.
G. T. WHELPLEY,
310 QUEEN ST., - - FREDERICTON.
Fredericton, Aug. 2, 1888.

FROM THE COUNTRY.

News from the Districts About Us

As Reported by Our Active Correspondents.

Accidents, Personal Intelligence, and Things in General.

CANTERBURY STATION.

Our Active Correspondent's Regular Big Weekly Budget.

CANTERBURY STATION, Sept. 8. We enjoyed a very rich treat Sunday when Rev. Thomas Todd occupied the pulpit in the Baptist church.

A strange phenomenon may be observed in Mr. Erastus Darling's orchard, where may be seen a tree loaded with apples and with white blossoms also.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Sawtelle, of Waterville, Maine, are visiting friends here.

Mr. Wm. Lees is dangerously ill.

Mr. H. N. Grant is preparing to rebuild.

Mrs. D. Donovan is receiving congratulations on a certain domestic event.

Mr. Brain is making himself quite familiar about here.

"The Ideal Troubadours," jubilee singers, gave a concert here Wednesday evening, which was largely attended and appreciated as it should be. Their plantation melodies were exceedingly well rendered.

Miss Landon, one of our very popular store keepers, has just got in a new stock of very fine goods. Call and examine is the cordial invitation extended to all.

The misses Fannie and Caroline McMullin have gone to Marysville, where they purpose remaining some time. The members of Flower of the Forest Council, in which they held offices, presented them with an address, thanking them for the great interest they had always taken in the council, regretting their departure and wishing them health, happiness and prosperity.

Like pilgrims around an ancient shrine tourists still linger about the pleasure grounds of Skiff Lake.

Mrs. George Glew is receiving congratulations on a certain domestic event.

A destructive fire occurred here Saturday morning, which burned an entire block, and it was by the most strenuous efforts that the whole village was saved. The buildings burned were owned by the following: A dwelling house, store and barn, owned and occupied by Mr. Ratigan; store, storehouse and barn, owned by H. N. Grant; a small building used as a storehouse and owned by Thomas Falconer. It was with difficulty that Mr. C. G. Maines' residence and store, in which the post office is kept, and Mr. T. Falconer's residence and store were saved. A number of our young men heroically battled the flames until their faces, hands and arms were badly burned. The rain which began about five in the morning greatly aided them in their work.

The weather Sept. 1st was not very promising, still we hope for something brighter in the near future.

The members of the Free Baptist church purpose giving a harvest supper Sept. 15, for the benefit of their new church.

The pie social at California was well patronized, and those who remained to trip the light fantastic seemed to enjoy it very much.

It is with profound regret we learn of the intended departure of our school inspector, Mr. I. B. Oakes, who leaves New Brunswick to assume the principalship of a college in Nova Scotia. His numerous friends here wish him the success we feel certain he merits.

HAMMONDVILLE.

The Temperance Duett and Their Work—In the Parish Court—Business Notes.

HAMMONDVILLE, Sept. 11. The Temperance Duett visited this village a short time since and addressed two meetings, the first in the hall and the other in the Baptist meeting house. On the last evening they organized a temperance council, with G. A. Hammond as select councillor, said council having a membership of 35. It is to be hoped that this worthy body may be the means of wiping out King Alcohol from our midst and establishing a desire among the inhabitants, one and all, that temperance is superior to indulgence in strong drink.

Two individuals were last week brought before George McEwin, parish court commissioner, on a charge of having articles in their possession not their own. Many of legal fraternity from the capital were present, thereby making the excitement more intense in this respect than it has been for some time in this section.

Mr. Joseph Holyoke has shipped a large quantity of plums this season from his orchard with more to follow, in all about 200 pecks.

Dr. Campbell has returned from his tour of the several parishes and states that business is good in his line and the crops along the way look fine.

Owing to the heavy frosts of late the farmers have sustained heavy losses to crops that were not matured.

Mrs. R. C. Close is recovering from her illness, now being able to be about her room for a short time each day.

Poquioc Extract Works, so report says, has fallen into new hands and the people of that place are much elated over the anticipated coming boom.

John S. Moore, merchant, is doing a large business, being engaged at the present time in erecting an ell to his now commodious store, thereby showing that he has an eye to business.

G. A. Hammond, merchant, is doing a good business and is daily adding new stock to his already well supplied store.

C. Kiley, the village smith, is erecting a new shop and states that before long he will be ready to wait upon all who may call upon him for work in the iron line.

Mr. B. Long, our popular hotel proprietor, has been making improvements to his buildings and is now ready to accommodate the travelling public at cheap rates and short notice.

BLACKVILLE.

An Interesting Budget from a Newsy Section

BLACKVILLE, Sept. 8. Mr. Andrew Cowie has arrived in our town with his photograph saloon and is ready for business. He has the reputation of being a good artist.

Salmon have been so very scarce hereabouts during the summer that we were about forgetting what they look like. However, since the close season began a few are being captured despite the best efforts of our active fishery officers.

Miss Clara Coburn, of Sheffield, our music teacher during the past six months, left us for home to-day. The position of organist in the Presbyterian church made vacant by her departure will be taken by Miss Maggie McIntyre. Miss Coburn was accompanied by Mrs. W. H. Grindlay and R. M. Grindlay, who intend visiting Nashwaak and Fredericton friends.

Mrs. James McDonald, who has been ill for some time, died at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Butnar, yesterday morning, a victim of consumption. The remains will be taken to Cross Creek by to-morrow's train for burial.

The severe frosts of the nights of last Thursday and Friday wrought considerable injury to late buckwheat, potatoes, beans, etc., and the fear is expressed that late oats have been damaged to some extent.

The Methodists of Chatham are to come by special train to picnic near the station to-morrow.

Rainsford Gratz returned on Saturday from the Short Line works in Maine where he had a job. Mr. Gratz, who is a practical railroad man of considerable experience, reports the character of the work there as very heavy, and does not believe the completion of that road will be accomplished this year.

GRAND MANAN.

An Interesting Budget of Items from the Island.

CASTALIA, Grand Manan, Sept. 8. Your correspondent is very glad to be able to report that we were favored with a few days of fine weather this week. Hope it has come to remain with us the rest of the season.

Potatoes gave promise of being a fine crop, but in consequence of so much wet weather, they are beginning to rot pretty badly, especially where the land is low.

We had a very heavy frost last Thursday night which did considerable damage, having killed a large quantity of squash, beans, cucumbers and other vegetables. One of our most enterprising farmers, Mr. Geo. Scofield, told your correspondent last evening that he had vegetables damaged to the value of twenty dollars. Such a heavy frost so early in the season is an unusual occurrence here. Hence it took our people by surprise.

Last Monday was a lovely day and the young people of our pretty quiet village enjoyed it immensely, it being our S. S picnic day. At an early hour in the afternoon the children of the Methodist S. S. of this place, their parents and a large number of others might be seen hastily and merrily wending their way to the beautiful grounds of Mr. John Bleumortier, where a very pleasant time was spent by all in attendance. The usual picnic sports were engaged in during the afternoon. I may remark that our Sabbath School is a flourishing one. It is an evergreen one. The attendance is good and the interest well sustained the year round. Our officers and teachers, having their important and meritorious work at heart, spare no pains in fitting themselves for the due performance of their respective duties. As the years roll by may their manifest interest in the noble work continue to increase, ever feeling assured their worthy efforts will not be in vain if put forth with an eye single to God's glory and the salvation of precious souls.

At present there are four ministers, two F. C. Baptists, one Episcopal and a Methodist, laboring in behalf of the spiritual interests of our people. It seems, however, that the interests of all are not served yet, for one or two parties have sent for a Unitarian minister, who arrived in to-day's boat.

At this writing your correspondent is not aware how long he is to remain here. It is to be hoped that before leaving he will convince the parties who have brought him here that there is a God, and that they possess immortal souls, things they do not pretend to believe now. At present there are no Unitarians on the island except the new arrival.

Joseph Gaskell, son of Eben Gaskell, one of our island capitalists, and Miss Maud Ingersoll, daughter of Frank Ingersoll, another of our capitalists, were married in Calais, Me., last Wednesday, and returned to the island in to-day's boat. We wish them much happiness.

Dr. Cameron reports a case of diphtheria at North Head. It is to be hoped the dread disease will not spread.

Miss Grace Guptill, of Digby, N. S., is visiting her island friends.

Some nice large net herring were taken last night by several who had their nets set. The herring taken in the weirs this season have been quite small.

Has the steamer Oscar Wilde reached Fredericton yet?

FREDERICTON JUNCTION.

The Sabbath School Picnic—Magic Lantern Entertainment.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION, Sept. 11. The annual Sabbath School picnic of Fredericton Junction was held on the 30th ult. on the grounds of the Misses Hartt. The day was all that could be desired, being one of the finest of the season. At an early hour a large number assembled to witness and partake of the amusements and sports that had been provided for the day. The ladies prize in archery, a fine gold ring, was awarded to Miss Maggie Alexander. The gentlemen's prize in archery being a silver watch, was won by Mr. E. Hartt. The refreshment table was the centre of much attraction, and many a young gallant led his "fair one" thither for the purpose of being refreshed. Croquet seemed to be thoroughly enjoyed, especially by those who reached "home" first. A triumphant smile lighted up their countenance shedding a halo of glory thereon, which the brilliancy of the setting sun failed to surpass. As the shades of evening drew nigh all repaired to their respective home well pleased with the enjoyments of the day. The proceeds amounted to $75.00, which will be in aid of the Sabbath School library.

A magic lantern show was held in the hall on Saturday evening. Owing to the heavy rain, which had been threatening all day, only a few gathered to witness the performance.

The late frost has brought the blueberry business to a close. Mr. Eugene Farnsworth, who has been here this season busily engaged in buying blueberries, took his departure this morning for his home in Massachusetts.

Mr. Chandler and Miss Maggie Alexander returned to their schools last week after a vacation of two months. They will be very much missed by the community.

Quite a large number of our towns folk drove up to the district meetings at Rusagornish on Sunday last.

Mr. Henry Muirhead, of Chatham, Mr. Harvey, of Belfast, Ireland, and Mr. Rodgers, of the Fishery Department, are registered at the American House.

Quite a number of gentlemen from Woodstock missed the Saturday express train and were detained at the American House, Fredericton Junction, over Sunday.

HARVEY STATION.

The Damage to the Crops—Rebuilding—Personal.

HARVEY STATION, Sept. 10.—Miss Maud Glendinning, daughter of our popular postmaster, returned to-day from a visit to Woodstock.

Miss J. S. Heron, of Marysville, is here on a visit.

Two young ladies from Butternut Ridge are visiting at our worthy physician's.

Alex. Burrell takes the lead in this section in the oat line, having harvested grain the straw of which measured six and one half feet.

The severe frost of Thursday night or Friday morning caused a great loss here. The buckwheat, especially that sown late, is totally ruined, while the potatoes have been reduced one half. Pancakes will be a luxury this winter.

Station agent DeVeber's place here has been taken by a young man named Mr. Geo. McKeil, who lately occupied the Fredericton office.

Mr. Daniel Holland, determined not to be conquered by the late fire which consumed his property, has commenced the foundation of another house and store.

A band of gypsies camped on the road side opposite James Wilson's on Saturday.

Mrs. Cass, of Zionville, is visiting at Mrs. Jas. Thompson's.

BIRDTON.

Haying Finished—School House—Gored by a Bull—Personal.

BIRDTON, Sept. 7th. Haying in this part of the county is done for this year, although, owing to the wet weather, the farmers had a long siege at it.

A number of our young men have gone to work at the boom, among whom were Messrs. Densmore Bird, Emerson Brewer and T. Griffiths.

Our new school house in course of erection under the workmanship of Mr. Richard Staples is progressing well.

It is feared that Mr. Peter White will lose one of his horses, as it was gored very badly by a large bull belonging to one of his neighbours. This animal seems to be disturbing the whole community occasionally.

The temperance picnic at Keswick last Tuesday proved a success. It was attended by some friends from here who partook of the sumptuous spread provided by Mrs. Wm. Pugh. The afternoon was spent very pleasantly.

Miss Alice Dunlap, of Fredericton, was visiting her friends at Mr. Urquhart's last week.

Rev. D. P. Harris paid us a flying visit Saturday and Sunday.

LOWER CANTERBURY.

The Frost and the Crops—Home after a Long Absence.

LOWER CANTERBURY, Sept. 10. We had a very heavy frost two mornings of last week which did a large amount of damage to late grain, buckwheat especially.

The younger portion of Mr. W. C. Watson's family returned to their native city, Spencer, Mass., a short time since.

Mr. Roland H. Hartley, a former resident of this parish, lately of Minneapolis, Minn., accompanied by his bride, who are paying his many relations in the counties of York and Carleton a flying visit, spent a portion of last week at his former home near Shogomoc. Mr. Hartley is a very pleasant person to talk to, and gives his listeners such an accurate description of his western home that they cannot fail to be charmed by the attractions of such a pleasant city. Mrs. Hartley, who is a native of Minneapolis, is a very estimable lady and has won many friends among the people of New Brunswick by her cordial and pleasant manner during their brief but memory refreshing tour in the province.

RICHMOND.

An Enjoyable Entertainment—Personal Intelligence.

RICHMOND, Sept. 10.—Mrs. T. W. Coleman and nephew returned to Boston on Monday, September 3rd.

The Women's Auxiliary Mission Band of the Methodist Church held an entertainment in the church at McKenzie Corner, on Wednesday evening, the 5th of September. Quite a lengthy programme was carried out, as follows:

1. Singing, "O sing the love of Jesus," by the choir;
2. Prayer, by Rev. S. Howard;
3. Scripture Reading, by Rev. S. Howard;
4. Singing, "Go tell the world of his love," by the choir;
5. Reading, "Eastward, Ho!" by Miss A. Howard;
6. Solo, "Battle cry of the Republic," by Miss Effie Kirkpatrick;
7. Recitation, "Enough to do at home," by Miss Maude Harron;
8. Duet, "Must I go and empty handed," by Miss Jennie Cullins and Ada Flemming;
9. Reading, "The voices of the Women," by Rev. Mrs. Howard;
10. Duet, "He that goeth forth and weepeth," by Ernest Kirkpatrick and Miss A. Howard;
11. Recitation, "The brave Scottish maiden," by Miss Effie Kirkpatrick;
12. Singing, "Lo! the golden fields are smiling," by the choir;
13. Medley, consisting of singing. The pieces sung were, "Say ye not," "Oh, where are the reapers," "Bringing in the sheaves," "The reapers," "Weary gleaners, whence comest thou;"
14. Singing, "Busy little gleaners," by Bertie Euphemia, and Clara Carson;
15. Quartette, "Eternity is drawing nigh," by Miss A. Howard, Mrs. C. W. Dickison, Mr. John Flemming and Mr. Manzer;
16. Recitation, "Counting the pennies," by Miss May Atherton;
17. Singing, "Our war cry," by the choir; Miss A. Howard presided at the organ.

A very heavy frost visited this place a few nights ago. It did considerable injury, killing the beans, squash, pumpkins, corn, tomatoes, cucumbers, and it also injured the oats and buckwheat. Some, only a few, of the farmers around have begun to cut down their grain.

Rev. R. MacKay, pastor of the Presbyterian congregation at McKenzie Corner is soon to withdraw from the Presbyterian church of Canada and join that of the United States.

The weather is still unsettled, and not very well suited for harvesting.

FOSTERVILLE.

A Few Notes from a Remote District.

FOSTERVILLE, Sept. 10. Harvesting has commenced.

The frosts of the 3rd and 4th inst. did considerable damage to the crops.

Samuel Patterson, of Forest City, is at work repairing the church here.

The Orangemen's picnic was a grand success. The day was fine and all enjoyed themselves.

A MATRIMONIAL CATECHISM.

It Is Sometimes Well to Practice What You Preach.

He was very practical, and in order to have everything fair and square beforehand he said:

"You know, darling, I promised my mother that my wife should be a good housekeeper and a domestic woman. Can you cook?"

"I can," she said, swallowing a great big lump in her throat.

"Can you make good bread? That is the fundamental principle of all housekeeping."

"Yes; I went into a bakery and learned how to make all kinds of bread." She added under her breath "may be."

"And can you do your own dressmaking? I am comparatively a poor man, love, and dressmakers' bills would soon bankrupt me."

"Yes," she said frankly, "I can make everything I wear, especially pattern bonnets."

"You are a jewel," he cried with enthusiasm, "come to my arms"——

"Wait a minute—there's no hurry," she said coolly. "It's my turn to ask a few questions. Can you saw wood and carry in coal?"

"Why, my love, I should hire that work done."

"Can you make your coats, vests, trousers and other wearing apparel?"

"But that isn't to the purpose."

"Can you build a house, dig ditches, weave carpets, and"——

"I am not a professional."

"Neither am I. It has taken the most of my life to acquire the education and accomplishments that attached you to me. But as soon as I have learned all the professions you speak of I will send you my card. Au revoir," and she swept away.

And the disconsolate young man went to the nearest drug store and bought a two-for-a-quarter cigar, with which he speedily solaced himself.—Detroit Free Press.

How He Can Learn.

Boucicault says it is of the highest importance, before trying to act, that an actor should know how to walk. Let the actor go out with a snap company; by the time he gets home he will know how to walk.—New Orleans Picayune.

Life at Mt. Desert.

He (who has just been accepted)—Were you ever engaged before?

She—Only once this summer.

He—What! And here is the last of August!

She—But I only came last week.—Life.

POOR COP

The Gleaner.

JAS. H. CROCKET . . . EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1888.

LORD STANLEY'S WELCOME.

Toronto's welcome to our new governor general, Lord Stanley, on Monday last was most hearty, and in every respect worthy of that grand city. And all Canadians are pleased. Our people may not, and no doubt many do not, favor the practice of the mother country appointing Canada's governor general, but they, nevertheless, respect their chief ruler. Here he represents the sovereign, and under the advice of her ministers his function extends over her largest colony, and it requires not a little ability on his part to fulfil the duties pretaining to the office, which are popularly believed to be few, but which in reality are many, and require the exercise of much judgment and tact. In this country Lord Dufferin began the diplomatic career which put him in the front rank of European statesmen, and he owes not a little of his success, as he himself has admitted, to the opportunities which the Governorship of Canada gave him to exercise and cultivate the qualities that are in him. Lord Lansdowne, like Lord Dufferin, also developed his talents here, and was called hence to one of the most important positions under the Crown, a position which demands the possession of superior talents, to which he would not have been recommended were the ministry not satisfied that he would deal wisely with the affairs of even such a great country as India. Lord Stanley comes among a free people, whose system of government will compare favorably with that of any country in the world, and he will no doubt gather valuable lessons from our new land, which will be of service to him in future life.

CLEVELAND'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

President Cleveland's acceptance of the nomination has been a long time in coming, but it has come. The letter is largely devoted to tariff reform and contains only the briefest allusion to the retaliation measure. The President lays down the principle that the people should only be called upon to contribute to the treasury what is actually necessary to carry on the expenses of government. "It seems clear," he says, "that when the government, an instrumentality created and maintained by the people to do their bidding, turns upon them and through an utter perversion of its powers extorts from their labor and capital tribute largely in excess of public necessities, the creature has rebelled against the creator and the masters are robbed by their servants." The President gives point to this contention by stating that over one million dollars of the people's money is extorted from them every year, over and above the amount actually required for the necessities of government. The letter contains little of importance beside the question of the tariff, but if only the president's suggestions in this particular be carried out, the neighboring republic will have what he himself calls a "righteous and beneficient reform."

WAGE COMPARISONS.

American Republican papers seize every opportunity of dilating upon the fact that certain kinds of laboring men and mechanics receive higher wages in the United States than in England. There is no harm in doing this but when they assign the protective tariff as the cause they carry the thing a little too far. The rate of wages is no more influenced by the tariff either in the United States and Canada than Sir John Macdonald is influenced by the last addition to his cabinet. The London Advertiser which has taken up the subject writes as follows upon it:—

"Whenever the protectionist finds any kind of a laborer paid more per day in America than in Great Britain he straightway sets up a shout of triumph, and calls heaven to witness that all that stands between labor and the poor-house is the tariff, but when it is disclosed that wages in the same industry vary a hundred per cent. as between two of the United States what becomes of such nonsense? Isn't it above to be nonsense and nothing else? The fact is that the protective tariff has nothing to do with wages except to lower them. The protected industries pay less to labor than the unprotected. Those which have the less "protection" pay better than those which have the more. Take for instance the woolen in contrast with the cotton industry. The former with an average tax on the staple of about 55 per cent. and a protective duty on the finished article of about 70 per cent. pays labor an average of 16½ per cent. on the value of the product. The latter with no duty on the staple and a protective duty of about 46 per cent. on the finished product pays labor an average of 21.88 per cent. or 32 per cent. more of the product.

We see by the foregoing, first, that the tariff does not regulate wages, because there is a greater difference between rates in different parts of the United States than between New York or Massachusetts and England; second, that, as in the case of cotton manufacturing, the rate of duty—45½—does not show at all in the price of labor as compared with England; third, that in the two representative protected industries, the rate of wages is 32 per cent. higher in the one which has the lower protective duty on finished product and no duty at all on the staple raw material.

On the average no doubt, higher wages are paid in America than in Great Britain. They are paid because they are earned for one thing. But the average is made high by the wages of that 90 per cent. of all the workers who are not protected by the tariff."

MISREPRESENTATION.

It was only a short time since that Manitoba and the Northwest were characterized in the Old Country as the "Canadian Siberia." Now this has changed, and a Scottish immigrant, John McIver by name, who tried railroading near Winnipeg, and becoming disgusted with the people, climate, water and country, worked his way home again, says the heat is too great, and in his wrath is ready to say that emigration agents are liars, and the country they recommend so highly a Hades on earth. Mr. McIver is now planning a campaign of the island of Lewis, to dissuade his kinsmen from ever thinking of going to so bad and hot a land as Manitoba. The history of his adventures will soon be told, and while he will no doubt find some to listen and a few to believe his tale, the speedy arrival of wheat-laden ships from the country which was too live and pushing for him, will be the best contradiction of his detractions. There are homes and lands awaiting the industrious and energetic in all parts of Canada, but for the un thrifty and never-do-wells there is no demand. To those willing to work there is no better country under the sun, and Mr. McIver would have found that out if he had sought success in the right way.

Personal.

Sir Leonard Tilley and Lieut Gov. McLellan and Mrs. McLellan, of Nova Scotia, came up from St. John by boat yesterday afternoon and registered at the Barker. The party visited the several points of interest about the city and drove up to Marysville this morning and will return to St. John by rail this afternoon.

Hon. P. G. Ryan is registered at the Queen.

Mr. N. W. Brown, of the Collegiate school staff, delivered an interesting lecture in the church at Southampton Sunday evening. His subject was William Pitt. There was a large audience present.

Mr. J. F. McMurray and Mr. Geo. S. Clarke leave to-morrow for the upper provinces, and will visit Boston and New York before returning.

TOO MUCH FLESH.

A Question Which Troubles the Fat World. What Doctors Say.

Probably no question of personal hygiene has occupied so much attention from laymen or laywomen as the question how to avoid growing fat. Doctors, we think, as a rule take little interest in it as long as it does not result in some form of illness. About the inconvenience of being fat, there is generally little use in consulting them. Until within about twenty-five years the fat people, if we may use the expression, lie down under their fat. The opinion that fatness was irremediable was in fact widely diffused. Mrs. Fanny Kemble used to say, in her grand manner, that "when there was a constitutional tendency to fat, no diet, nor exercise, nor sorrow would avail."

Since she took this view, however, a great change has come over what we may call the fat world. Fat people refuse any longer to accept their fatness as hopeless. They deny that any portion of the human family has been set apart by Nature as the prey of obesity. This great awakening was due in a large degree to the celebrated Banting, an immensely fat man, who, by greatly reducing his weight by confining himself to nitrogenous food, filled all fat people with the anticipation of a better day. Tens of thousands followed his example, and cut down their size immensely. Unfortunately he died very soon after he became lean, and a panic spread through his followers. Distrust about the effect of his system on the general health began to gain ground. Many people suffered severely in strength and spirits by following his regimen too strictly, and it fell into more or less discredit. It would now be as hard to find an original out-and-out disciple of Banting as of Priessnitz, the hydropathist, or of Hahnemann, the homœopathist. But many still follow him in a slight degree, by eschewing butter, eating but little bread and potatoes and sticking steadily to lean meat.

If his teachings and example had had no effect at all, however, it would have proved that the fat people were less enterprising and energetic than other civilized men in our day ever are. They refused to consider Banting's failure as final. They declined to accept the doctor's advice to "let well enough alone." They continued their demand that obesity should be treated as a disease, and a cure found for it. Accordingly every few years a new fat doctor appears on the scene, and the quacks fill up the intervals with the sale of more or less deadly specifics. No great progress was made, however, until Bismarck became dissatisfied with his fat, and called for a physician who could relieve him of it. This physician appeared in the person of a certain Dr. Schweniger, who cut down the chancellor's weight to such an extent that he had him nominated to a professorship in the faculty of medicine in the Berlin university, and insisted on his appointment in the teeth of the opposition of the other doctors, who had either never heard of Schweniger before, or heard what was bad. To the argument that he had won no distinction in the profession, the answer was that he had taken fifty or sixty pounds off the prince's huge frame. Schweniger accordingly rapidly became an authority on fatness, and the pamphlet containing his system is sold by tens of thousands.

The well known Dr. Yeo, of London, discusses this system in The Nineteenth Century. It ought to be said en passant that Schweniger's cure is claimed also by Professor Oertel, of Munich, who says he discovered it, but this avails him little, because he did not treat the chancellor. Schweniger maintains that the chief cause of fat among men, as among animals, is eating too much, no matter of what, and drinking too much, even of water, at one's meals, but especially of wine, beer and spirits. The central principle of this system is, that unless you live by muscular toil you must cut down the quantity you eat, and must drink but little, if any, with your meals. Of course he has minor rules, and makes distinctions between different articles of food, but to him quantity is the great enemy of the obese. After him comes a certain Ebstein, who also has his system, which differs from both Banting's and Schweniger's, but all three agree that to be lean you must greatly reduce your consumption of the carbo-hydrates or starchy things.

Germany is the country where the most vigorous fight with fat is carried on, and where fat cures excite most interest, owing, it is said, to the great prevalence of obesity, a result in part of the consumption of beer, and in part, doubtless, of the frequency and heartiness of the meals. Accordingly the number of people who go to the various baths for simple corpulency is very large. Oertel makes provision for this class by prescribing carefully graded walks, in which the ascent will stimulate the heart's action and strengthen it.

All the masters agree that it is mainly through its effect on the heart that fat becomes dangerous. If you surround your heart thickly with fat you impede its working, and it gradually grows weaker, and then, some fine day, when you have put a little more fat on it and call on it for extra exertion, it stops short and down you go. Fat does not greatly trouble the young and active in any country. It is when, in middle life, exercise begins to be distasteful, but the appetite remains as good as ever, that it comes on people like a strong man armed, and makes exertion, especially in hot weather, very formidable. But the fat people are aroused, and we feel sure their number, in proportion to population, will hereafter be diminished.—New York Evening Post.

Elastic Concrete for Pavements.

An ingenious employe of a New Jersey concrete firm has invented a paving composition which has some very remarkable features. He claims that his preparation, the composition of which he keeps secret, is just as durable as stone, but is soft and elastic to the tread, so that it is not only pleasant to walk upon but actually gives the foot an impulse like that—in a lesser degree, of course—gained from a springboard. Whether his invention be a possibility or not, something of the kind would certainly be acceptable to tired townfolk whose feet ache and blister as they stamp along on the hard and noisy pavement.—Chicago News.

NEWS OF THE WORLD CONDENSED

From Our Own Telegraphic Reports and Our Exchanges.

Personal, Political and Religious News of the Day.

Cable, American, Canadian and General Topics.

Cable.

The French harvest is estimated to be 40,000,000 hectolitres short.

A famine is feared in Egypt; all hope of a further rise of the Nile has been abandoned.

The amount required for the German expedition for relief of Emin Bey has been obtained.

Advices have been received at Berlin to the effect that the St. Petersburg government has dissuaded General Boulanger from visiting Russia.

At the fortnightly meeting of the National League at Dublin yesterday, it was announced that the receipts since the previous meeting amounted to £1,833.

It has been discovered that director Politan of the secret police of St. Petersburg is in the pay of bandits and thieves, and has been receiving heavy tribute.

The London police have made a number of arrests in connection with the recent brutal murders of women in Whitechapel. In each case, however, the prisoner has been discharged, the evidence being insufficient.

Floods in the provinces of Lombardy and Venice have destroyed a number of bridges and done much damage to property. Many persons have been drowned. There are now signs of the waters subsiding.

The North German Gazette, referring to the Afghan troubles, expresses the opinion that Ishak Khan believed himself to be sure of success when he unfurled the standard of rebellion. The Gazette thinks that the Ameer being sick can only rely upon the doubtful loyalty of his followers.

American.

A premature explosion of a blast in the south face of Wick's tunnel on the Montana Central railway, south of Helena, Tuesday morning, killed ten men and seriously wounded five.

A number of plantations were destroyed and hundreds of cattle drowned by the recent hurricane in Cuba. From all points come reports of loss of life. The total number of human bodies recovered as reported is 147.

One of the worst floods ever known commenced to subside at Augusta, Ga., Tuesday night. To give an idea of the extent of the flood it is only necessary to state that river steamboats could have easily navigated many of the streets. The loss is great.

The cotton crop of the United States for the year ended Sept. 1, 1888, as compiled by the Financial Chronicle, amounted to 7,017,707 bales against 6,513,662 bales in 1887, 6,550,215 bales for 1886. The largest previous crop was in 1882-83, which amounted to 6,992,230 bales.

Prof. Richard A. Proctor, astronomer, died at Willard Parker hospital, New York, last evening of black vomit. He came from Oaklawn, Fla., where his observatory is situated, arriving there Monday. The health officers will not state where Proctor was stopping before taken to the hospital. He had already engaged passage to Europe and was to sail Saturday. The family are in Oaklawn where no cases of yellow fever have been reported.

Canadian.

Mr. Blake's health is reported as improving.

The general board of Methodist Missions is in session at Winnipeg.

Hon. Mr. Dewdney was elected yesterday by acclamation for East Assiniboine.

The 21st annual meeting of the Canadian Medical Association is in session at Ottawa.

The exhibitions at Toronto Kingston and Brantford, Ont., were formerly opened Tuesday.

A branch railway line is to be built connecting the extension of the Manitoba road in Manitoba with the Canadian Pacific at Calgary.

Cigar makers are memorializing the government to reduce the manufacturers' license from seventy-five dollars to six dollars.

The post office department has been notified that the direct mail service between Victoria and San Francisco has been resumed.

John Shaw Carney, cigar dealer, committed suicide Tuesday by cutting his throat. He was a great sufferer from neuralgia.

H. Morton, trader in oils and essences, has left Montreal and a large number of creditors. His liabilities are large and his assets next to nil.

John Gardy, a Canadian Pacific brakeman, resident of Sherbrooke, was instantly killed at Richmond, Que., yesterday by a train which passed over his chest.

The government have decided to patronize the new Halifax and West India steamship line in the transmission of West Indian mails, which have been litherto sent via New York.

Off Murray Bay, some ladies and gentlemen in a canoe saw the bodies of three well dressed men floating. The ladies were afraid to venture near them, and insisted on being put ashore. When the men returned to rescue the bodies they were not to be found.

It is rumored in railway circles that an eight million dollar railway scheme has been successfully floated, which will include the purchase of the North Shore line from Quebec to Ottawa, and an extension of the Central and Pacific line to Sault Ste Marie, making a direct connection between the Intercolonial and Lake Superior.

The wedding tour of A. Shirley Benn, of Mobile, Alabama, was cut short Tuesday when he was arrested on a capias at the Windsor Hotel, Montreal. The capias was issued at the instance of Hon. Peter Mitchell who alleges that Benn is indebted to him to the amount of $600 which he lent him in St. John, N. B., some years ago, and for which he held a draft until last August, when it was destroyed in the Herald building fire.

No Danger.

Burglar—I have followed the profession of housebreaking for ten years and have never been arrested. I have a new job nearly every night.

Pickpocket—But aren't you afraid the police will get the drop on you?

Burglar—Not much. I live next door to the station house.—Hotel Mail.

The Correct Time.

Dumley (who has sold a watch)—You told me, Robinson, that if I would let you have the watch you would pay me in thirty days. It's a good deal more than thirty days now.

Robinson—Not by that watch; that watch loses twelve hours out of the twenty-four.—New York Sun.

Identified.

Belle—Introduce me to your Pittsburg friend, dear. I hate to see a girl want all the good things in life.

Nell—How did you know he was a Pittsburg man?

Belle—By his ironical smile and steel blue eyes.—Boston Budget.

Had Had Opportunities to Learn.

"My son," said the judge, blandly, to the youthful witness, "do you know the nature of an oath?"

"I think I do, sir," replied the little boy, timidly; "my father has been betting on the Detroits this season."—Chicago Tribune.

A Case in Point.

"Be mine," he cried with voice surcharged with anguish. "If you refuse me I shall die!" That was forty years ago, and the heartless girl refused him. Yesterday he died. Girls, beware.—Binghamton Republican.

HARVESTING POTATOES.

Practical Suggestions That Cannot Fail to Prove Useful.

The harvesting and storing of the potato crop is an important matter, hence practical suggestions on the subject can hardly fail to prove useful. A very common mistake is the one delaying the harvesting of the tubers until too late. The tops have been dead some weeks, a copious growth of weeds has taken their place, the ground has become muddy with autumn rains, and the potatoes when thrown out are more or less covered with mud. They are then, muddy as they are, thrown into the cellar or piled in heaps out of doors, to be covered with straw and earth as protection against the freezing cold of winter. The mud which adheres to them tends to increase the tendency to rot, which is further hastened by the warm temperature of the cellar during warm autumn days.

A better plan, says Country Gentleman, is to dig the crop before the fall rains have reduced the soil to mud, and if possible before the rot has commenced its work of destruction. For this purpose early maturing sorts, as for instance the Ohio and Hebron, have the advantage over later varieties. Being clean and dry, they may be placed on a broad slatted floor on the north or cool side of an out house, so situated that the air can circulate freely from below and pass up through the potatoes. They should not be placed in too large masses, as as to obstruct ventilation. Crops which would rot badly in wet ground, would not seriously suffer if properly treated in this way. In some unfavorable seasons, when more than half the crop was ruined by rotting when dug, the selected and sound remainder, thoroughly cleaned and placed on such slatted floor, has nearly or entirely ceased from decay, so that not one bushel in thirty has suffered. It is very important, however, that the work be done thoroughly and in the best manner, for if carelessly performed it would be of comparatively little use.

When cold weather approaches the tubers are either removed to the cellar intended for them or turned out of doors in heaps or pits. When buried, they must be protected from the adverse influences of light and frost and means of ventilation supplied.

To return to the slatted doors. Their effect would be more perfect if the apartments of which they form the floor were separate from the rest of the building by non-conducting walls, and access to the outside controlled by shutters to the windows. During the heat of warm days these shutters would be closed, but opened on cool nights for the admission of cold air. In this way the temperature may be kept low all the time, and the danger of rotting lessened in autumn or winter, and premature sprouting prevented in the warm weather of spring. These views naturally suggest a storage house such as many large growers build.

When small quantities of potatoes are kept in cellars, and only for family use, the authority quoted from suggests that the vegetable apartment in which they are stored must be kept separate from all the other apartments—from the one for fruit, or for dairy produce, or for furnace coal—and be so situated that by closing or opening windows a uniformal low temperature may be secured. A convenient place for storing in cellars is in large oblong boxes holding twenty bushels, more or less, having slatted bottoms, and raised several inches from the cement floor. Potatoes do not dry and shrivel so readily as apples, and the basement should not be a wet apartment nor a dirty one. It is hardly necessary to add that wherever they are stored, they are to be kept from the light with a thin covering of straw or coarse sacking.

Those who would succeed with potatoes should remember the essential requisites of harvesting early before the advent of mud and the rot, handling carefully to prevent bruising, preserving the tubers clean and providing sufficient ventilation, whether in heaps out of doors or in cellars or apartments.

These remarks are made rather in the way of suggestion than as laying down fixed and unalterable rules, and we trust they may aid young cultivators in the successful management of their crops.

GEN. HARRISON'S LETTER

Accepting the Republican Nomination for the Presidency.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 11. The letter of Gen. Harrison accepting the Republican nomination to the presidency was given to the press to-night. The letter contains 3,500 words. He declares for a system of protection, and asserts that the tariff reform movement of the administration means ultimate free trade. He advocates a strict regulation of immigration and the exclusion of the Chinese; demands protection for colored voters in the exercise of their franchise, and charges the Democrats with suppressing the colored vote in the south; advocates national aid to education in the states, and favors the admission of all territories to statehood except where polygamy prevails. He also favors legislation against trusts; liberal pensions to soldiers; civil service reform; settlement of the fisheries dispute by a firm, dignified and consistent diplomacy.

Have You Thought About It?

Why suffer a single moment when you can get immediate relief from all internal or external pains by the use of Polson's Nerviline, the great pain cure. Nerviline has never been known to fail in a single case; it cannot fail, for it is a combination of the most powerful pain subduing remedies known. Try a 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline. You will find Nerviline a sure cure for neuralgia, toothache, headache. Buy and try. Large bottles 25 cents, by all druggists.

THE WONDERFUL PHONOGRAPH.

Speeches Delivered by Erastus Wyman at New York Brought to Toronto, and Poured out at the Exhibition.

TORONTO, Sept. 12.—Much interest is being centered at the industrial exhibition in Edison's phonograph, the first ever introduced into Canada. Erastus Wiman delivered four speeches into the instrument before it left New York, which were heard this morning by large numbers of astounded visitors to the fair. Modulation of Mr. Wiman's voice, his exact tones and his exact words are reproduced and, as showing the great possibilities of the phonograph, Mr. Wiman had coughed twice while making one of his speeches and the coughing was reproduced just as naturally as if he, himself, was in the phonograph. The speeches are on reciprocal trade, the power of commerce, telephone and phonograph.

If all so-called remedies have failed, Dr Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures.

A Few Words from Martin Butler.

DEAR GLEANER:—As I once more set eyes again on the St. John River after an absence of nearly a year, I cannot resist the temptation, (although long ago out of the journalistic arena) of sending a letter to THE GLEANER as a message of love and good will to my many kind friends in this part of the country. Starting from St. Stephen on Aug. 18 with my new cart, the Canadian Democrat, which I propelled over hill and dale from the clam flats of Oak Bay to the Blueberry Plains of Brockway; thence over the chain of hills that connect the thriving settlements of Magaguadavic, Blaney Ridge, Magundy and Lake George, to the river. Times have changed and seasons came and gone, and many, whom we greeted so warmly, are here no more. One particular friend, whom I cannot forbear to mention, and whose sad and sudden death cast a gloom over the people of Lake George, Mr. Leonard Lawson, who died in the 37th year of his age, by all who knew him. His funeral, which was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Ross, was the largest known in this section of the country, which testifies to the esteem in which he was held.

I hope ere long to have the pleasure of shaking hands with THE GLEANER'S editor and staff.

MARTIN BUTLER.

DIED.

At Scotch Lake, Sept. 7th, Mrs. Jane A., wife of Adam Jackson, aged 53 years. Her end was peace. Funeral service on Sunday at the Hall by Rev. J. H. Tupper. Messenger and Visitor please copy.

HOW LOVELY WOMAN DRINKS.

While the Thirsty Hordes of Men Look on with Envy.

THE hottest day this summer two young ladies approached the ice water tank in the waiting room of the Staten Island ferry. They wanted a drink of the water. Near by stood a man who also wanted a drink of the water. He'd been out with the boys the night before, and he wanted a drink of it pretty badly.

"You drink first, Flo," said one of them.

"Oh, no, you, Bess."

"Never! Go on, Flo."

"I won't do it. Drink yourself, Bess."

There were now two men waiting.

"I think you're mean—when you know I want you to!"

"I don't care—you've got to drink first, because I won't."

"Well, then, if I must I suppose I must."

There were now four thirsty men in line waiting anxiously

"My, but it's cold."

"Is it?"

"Awful."

"Don't drink it too fast or it'll make you sick."

"No, 'twon't. I ate three dishes of ice cream with Charlie the other night as fast as I could swallow them, and it didn't make me sick."

There were eight men waiting to get a drink now.

"'Tis cold, isn't it, Bess?"

"Cold as ice

"I s'pose there's ice in it."

"Of course."

"I'm going to drink real slow."

"That's right—the boat won't be here for a long time."

Sixteen men

"It hurts my teeth."

"Does it?"

"Yes—makes 'em ache."

"It never does mine."

"It always does mine—real hard."

"That's funny."

"It does though. Don't you want some more?"

The census was taken at this point, and thirty-two men found gazing longingly at the ice water tank.

"Say, I guess I did want some more."

"'Course you did; drink a whole lot."

"Don't you want some more?"

"Yes, after you get through."

"I've got enough—couldn't drink another drop."

"Oh yes, you can."

"No, I can't."

Sixty-four men reported. Those who had first fallen into line were now speechless with thirst.

"I'll just kill myself drinking so much. I know I shall."

"Oh no, you won't."

"But the horrid stuff is so awfully cold."

"That don't make any difference."

The crowd of thirsty men was now too long to count, but a careful estimate placed the number at one hundred and twenty-eight.

"Let me have just a little more."

"Why, you'll kill yourself—I never saw anybody drink ice water so in my life."

"Oh, pshaw, I haven't drunk much. You'll want some more yourself before you go."

"Don't know but what I will—just push down on that thing again, won't you?"

"Oh, here's our boat—hurry up or we'll get left!" and then the dear creatures left the tin cup swinging at the end of the chain and rushed for the gate.

Then that crowd of men fought with one another, and surged around that water cooler, and those who were not too far gone with thirst made remarks short but deep; and perhaps a quarter of them managed to get a drink before the boat started.—New York Tribune.

A Christian Spirit.

Mr. Isaacstein—I sells you dot coat, my frent, for sayventeen tollar; you dake hum along?

Customer—I thought, Isaacstein, that you didn't do business on Saturday. Isn't this your Sunday?

Mr. Isaacstein (in a low, reverent tone of voice)—My frent, to sell a coat like dot for sayventeen tollar vas not peesness, dot vas charity.—Time.

No Excuse for Him.

Leader of Lynching Party—Now, young man, make a full confession or up you go.

Prisoner—I was fooling with a gun. I pointed it at my brother, and——

"You didn't know it was loaded?"

"No."

"Men, pull on the rope and let him swing."—Lincoln Journal.

Consolation.

Invalid—I have been here at these springs, doctor, six weeks, and I don't see that the water has had the slightest effect.

Dr. Candid—You must have patience. There was a man here last season who didn't die until after he had been here two months.—Texas Siftings.

His Chief Suffering.

Old Gentleman (to tramp)—I suppose, my friend, that in the nomadic life you lead there are a great many drawbacks.

Tramp (bitterly)—Yes, sir; there are some drawbacks, of course, but I suffer more from "move ons."—Time.

A Bright Prospect.

Weinstein—Sandmeyer, I vos in luck.

Sandmeyer—How vos dat, Ike?

Weinstein—I haf bin accepted by Guggenheimer's widow! Mose Guggenheimer vos just my size, and you know vot a wardrobe dot feller had, Yakey.—Time.

An Indian Sioux.

We understand the Sioux will require a Sioux more days' consideration of the treaty before they can make up their minds definitely as to what they will Sioux. Whoux?—Rochester Post-Express.

A Score.

Hard Up Gent—Say, boss, can't yer give a feller a few cents to help him along?

Mr. Delaway—Why don't you do something faw yaw own living? You bad beggah ask for bwains instead of money.

Hard Up Gent—Well, boss, I asked yer for what I thought yer had the most of.—Life.

A Natural Solution.

An almond eyed washerman boarded a cable car yesterday with his hamper of clothes. As the grip neared the corner where he was to get off, the driver, who is a good natured Irishman, said to a passenger: "Dy'e see that haythun? Watch me and see me throw him."

At the corner the Celestial made a leap, and the driver applied his brake so as to give the grip a lurch. The laundryman turned a somersault in the air, came down on his feet, grinned, and asked:

"What le matter—stling bloke agin?"—Chicago Mail.

Care in Diet.

Mr. Shentpershent (at hotel table, a summer resort)—Mein cracious! Isaac, you little fool! Vat fror you ask for bret?

Little Isaac—I vant bret mit my meat, fadder.

Mr. Shentpershent—Shust hear dat! He vants bret ven bret sell for only fife cents a loaf, an' he gan't eat a kavater off a loaf, an' I pay fife tollars a day at dis hotel. Here, Isaac, eat dis bottle off olives. Dey cost von tollar a bottle.—The Cartoon.

A Conversation Overheard.

"Don't."

"Why? Don't you like it?"

"Yes, but don't."—Life.

MONEY TO LOAN.

FRED ST. JOHN BLISS, BARRISTER.
Office—Queen Street, Fredericton, opposite Post Office.

London and Lancashire
FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y

Risks accepted at lowest rates.
Claims promptly and equitably settled.

FRED ST. JOHN BLISS,
AGENT, FREDERICTON, N. B.

Fredericton, Aug. 14th, 1888.

SPECTACLES ON SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES

D. HARRIS, ENGLISH OPTICIAN.
53 Germain Street.
St. John, N. B., near Market.

Mr. Harris is enabled to suit perfectly even most difficult cases, and his stock being made up on purely scientific Principles, he can with confidence submit them to the contest.
Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Saturdays, until 10 p. m. Jan. 10th—1y tiw

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate of interest.

GREGORY & GREGORY,
Fredericton, N. B., July 17, 1888. 3mwtw

September 1st.

NEW PLAID DRESS GOODS
JUST OPENED AT
JOHN J. WEDDALL'S.

September Fashion Papers and Catalouges just to hand. "Free to all."
"Bazaar Dressmaker" only 25 cents. Every lady should have a copy.

JOHN J. WEDDALL.

NEW CROP TEAS!
Just arrived at
YERXA & YERXA'S.

We can recommend these Teas. Give our 25, 30 and 35 cent Teas a trial and they will recommend themselves.

Also just in: A Fresh Stock of Christie, Brown & Co., and Rankin's CAKES and BISCUITS—Jelly Cakes, Moss Cakes, Farina Wafers, Graham Wafers, Graham Biscuit, Cocoanut Cakes, Wine Biscuit, Fruit, Lemon and Cinnamon, Oat Cakes, Sponge Wafers, Ginger Nuts, and many other kinds, at

YERXA & YERXA'S.

Fredericton, Aug. 22nd, 1888.

'88 SEPTEMBER 8. '88

DEVER BROS.

TWEED SALE.

We will Place on our Counters on Monday, Sept. 10th, 1,000 YARDS BOYS' TWEEDS, which we will sell at 30 Cents Per Yard.

DEVER BROS.

Fredericton, Sept. 8th, 1888.

1888. 1888.
FALL AND WINTER

Joseph Walker,
PRACTICAL TAILOR.

I Have just opened one of the finest stocks that has ever been placed before the public in this city, in the Tailoring Trade. All the latest designs in the following goods:

Wide Wale Overcoating, Corkscrews, Meltons, Beaver, Naps.

Fancy Trouserings a Specialty.

☞ Call and Examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Always a First-Class Fit Gauranteed.

PRICES MODERATE.

Joseph Walker,
Next door above W. H. VanWart's grocery store.
QUEEN STREET.
Fredericton, Sept. 8th, 1888.

Fresh for Saturday.

Fig Paste, Italian Cream, Family Mixture, Molasses Candy.

White & Co
FREDERICTON

Fredericton, Sept. 8th, 1888.

LOST.

A GOLD BRACELET, between Fredericton and Maryaville. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at the GLEANER Office.
Fredericton, Sept. 8th, 1888. 3 ins, tw.

NEW GOODS!
TENNANT, DAVIES & Co
202 Queen street.

We are now showing a splendid stock of
NEW BERLIN & ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
WRAPS AND SCARFS
In all the New Shad. Just the Thing for these Cool Evenings.
Fredericton, Aug. 16. T., D. & CO.

NEW BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

JUST RECEIVED:
500lbs. of NEW BUCKWHEAT MEAL.
ALSO:
20 Boxes Mooer's Arctic Plums,
Which will be sold very low at
J. W. TABOR'S,
Corner Queen and Westmorland Streets,
Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 13, 1888.

POOR COPY

FREDERICTON AND VICINITY.

Record of Current Events About Town.

Clothes Line Thieves at Work --Accidents.

Narrow Escape from Drowning--Sudden Death.

Gone to the States.

Three of the members of the 71st battalion band have gone to the States to try their luck there. They are greatly missed by the band.

Narrow Escape From Drowning.

Our Fredericton Junction correspondent writes: W. E. Perley had a narrow escape from drowning while supervising the breakwater at Hartt's Mill, by slipping off a plank, but was rescued by Chas. Ward, of Oromocto, after the elapse of some five minutes.

Assault Case Withdrawn.

At the police court yesterday Charles McCluskey complained of Hugh Edgar, of St. Mary's, for assault. The case was to have been tried this morning, but McCluskey withdrew the complaint and paid the costs. The case arose out of a dispute between the two men on the streets yesterday.

Serious Accident.

Mr. Arthur Glasier, M. P. P., for Sunbury, met with a serious accident near his home a few days ago. In jumping after a bunch of cherries he missed his footing and fell upon a sharp stake, some three or four inches of which entered his body. He was seriously but not dangerously hurt. At last accounts he was doing well.

Prince William Railway.

It is stated that the Prince William Railway Co. have decided upon running their road from Fredericton to Springhill along the bank of the river, thence going up Murray's Creek about three miles, thence across the country to Long's Creek, thence to the bank of the river, which will be followed the remainder of the distance to Woodstock.

The Elopement Case.

Mrs. Milliken, nee Nettie Lucas, who eloped with the photographer, Frank Perrigo, of Bactouche, writes to the Transcript from Houlton, Me., giving a statement of her forced marriage with Milliken, which she considers illegal, as she claims a Presbyterian minister cannot marry a man to a deceased wife's sister.

Fingers Taken Off.

A young man named William Hallet, of Gibson, had three of the fingers of his right hand taken off in Edgecombe's carriage factory Tuesday afternoon. He was working at the planer, when his hand was caught and drawn into the machine. A physician was summoned, and his injuries attended to. The accident will prove a serious drawback to the young man.

Toronto Exhibition.

Return tickets are on sale at F. B. Edgecombe's, to Toronto and return via Northern & Western Railway for $23.90. Sale will continue until Saturday 15th inst. Quite a number from Fredericton and vicinity have availed themselves of the cheap rate to visit the garden city of the west. Tickets for all western points are on sale, via N. & W. R'y, at F. B. Edgecombe's.

Picnic To-Morrow.

The picnic under the auspices of the Young People's Union of Baptist church, advertised for to-day, has been postponed until to-morrow (Friday) on account of the uncertain weather. A good time then may be expected. There will be the usual sports including, it is hoped, a baseball match. The sail up the Nashwaaksis to-morrow will be pleasant, and no doubt many will take the advantage of this opportunity. Refreshments will be sold on the grounds.

Clothes Line Thieves.

Mrs. Donohue, of St. John street, who does washing for a large number of families in the lower part of the city, had her clothes lines stripped clean on Monday night. The value of the articles stolen is over thirty dollars. The articles all belonged to outside families, and the owners' names were marked on most of them. The case has not yet been reported to the policemen, but an effort should be made to search out the thieves and punish them as they deserve.

Sparring Exhibition.

A grand sparring exhibition will be given in the city hall on Saturday evening, which promises to be one of the best entertainments of the kind ever given by local talent. The principal sparrers of the place will appear. A four round glove contest between B. Quinn, of Boston, and his friend Jimmy Clark will be among the events of the evening. Billy Dryden and Billy Rolson will also appear in a glove contest. Other exciting matches may be expected. Clog and jig dancing and Indian club swinging are also included in the programme. The Heron brothers, of Marysville, are to take part.

His Perfidy Discovered.

A Moncton despatch says: High street is excited over the strange conduct of a married man living in that locality. He has for some time been paying attention to a young lady living in Painsec, who was unaware that he had a wife living in Moncton and a marriage was to have taken place on Saturday night. The expected bridegroom, however, did not show up, and the young lady and her sister drove to Moncton early on Sunday morning, when they met his wife and ascertained the true condition of affairs. On being confronted by his wife with proofs of his perfidy the man left the house and has not been seen since.

Harrington Concert Company.

The Harrington Concert Company's appearance in the city hall, Tuesday evening, drew a packed house, and many were content to stand in the aisles during the whole performance. The programme included sacred and secular selections, and their rendition was very fine, all the singers possessing clear and powerful voices of rare excellence. The concert was a rich musical treat. A silver collection was taken up. The company has organized classes for musical instruction, and has a large number of pupils.

The Picnic at Jemseg.

The picnic on Tuesday under the auspices of the Maugerville, Sheffield and Burton temperance lodges proved one of the most successful of the season, financially and otherwise. The attendance was very large, the boat being taxed to its utmost capacity when it left Sheffield. The weather all day was delightful, and the sail down the river was much enjoyed. The picnic grounds afforded a grand chance for sports of all kinds, and there were lots of competitors for the different prizes. Dancing was the chief attraction for the young people, the Fredericton Brass Band furnishing the music. It was after nine o'clock when the boat returned with the Fredericton party.

Sudden Death.

A Queens Co. correspondent writes: On the 29th ult., at Upper Mills, Queens Co., a very sudden death occurred. On that date Mrs. Jane Fulton, wife of the late Francis Fulton, passed away to her long home. On the previous evening she had retired apparently as well as usual. In the morning she arose as usual, but when she was called to partake of the morning repast her friends had the sad experience of finding her body a lifeless corpse in what had been her room. Deceased was a native of Donegal, Ireland, but had spent upwards of 60 years on this side of the Atlantic and was in the 79th year of her age. She was a widow and leaves a large family circle, a still larger circle of grandchildren and many relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

BITS OF NEWS.

Gathered and Condensed for the Readers of the "Gleaner."

The local government will meet this evening.

The water has fallen again and the Florenceville is idle.

Nealis Scully deposited $5 with the police magistrate this morning for drunkenness.

A battery is to be organized here in connexion with the N. B. Garrison artillery.

The upper story of the post office building is to be fitted up for the janitor and his family.

An Italian was badly hurt by being thrown off a truck on Brunswick street yesterday afternoon.

Several Frederictonians went down to St. John to-day to witness the races at Moosepath Park.

The proprietor of the Queen Hotel, Moncton, has been fined $50 for violation of the Scott Act.

The third district meeting of the Free Baptists will be held at Upper Hainsville on Wednesday next.

The Tobique murder examination has been further adjourned until Monday next, pending the arrival of more witnesses.

Mr. Wm. McGinn, engineer at the Fredericton Electric Light station, leaves for Hartford, Ct., to-morrow on business for the company.

The water overflowed from the tap in a room over H. C. Charters' store, Moncton, Tuesday night, and yesterday morning it was found that $2,000 worth of stock was damaged.

A meeting of Moncton electors last night rejected the gas and water company's tender and instructed the council to procure the necessary plant for 60 electric lights and to procure a survey for the water supply.

The case of Carney against the Caraquet Railway Co. has resulted in a verdict of $1,000. The case arose out of an accident at Little River bridge last December, and aroused much interest. $20,000 was claimed.

Temperance Matters.

The members of Pro Patria, Fredericton and Albion lodges, I. O. G. T., assembled in the hall in Fisher's building Tuesday evening, and listened to an interesting and instructive address by P. G. C. T. Pidgeon, Grand Lecturer of the order in New Brunswick. He spoke very encouragingly of the good work the order was doing in the cause of temperance throughout the whole province, and of the rapid strides the temperance movement was making everywhere. Speeches were also made by S. R. Burt, D. C. F., of Union Lodge; F. J. Todd, D. G. C. T., of Albion Lodge, No. 44; Sgt Major McKenzie, R. S. I; W. Schleyer, of Albion Lodge; and J. Brown, of Fredericton Lodge. A musical and literary programme was rendered during the evening, a solo by Mrs. L. Duncan and a reading by Miss M. Walker being highly appreciated. Before the meeting broke up the members partook of a repast, provided by the ladies of the several lodges.

Mr. Pidgeon will deliver lectures throughout York County in the interest of the order during the next two weeks.

A Carleton Man Murdered.

About one month ago word was received in St. John that Capt. Ray of the barque George E. Corbett, had died at Santos. No particulars were given regarding his death. Tuesday a letter was received stating that Capt. Ray had been stabbed by the second mate of his vessel on July 30th, and that he died on the 3rd of August after great suffering. Capt. Ray belonged to Carleton, and he married Miss Napier of that place. Mrs. Ray was on the vessel with her husband.

STRAY NEWSPAPER ITEMS.

It is announced that there will be another "Passion Play" at Ober-Ammergau in 1890.

Of the 8,000,000 francs worth of china made last year at Limoges, one half came to America.

Engines of 20,000 horse power have been ordered for the new cruiser Blake, at a cost of £140,000.

It is said that barely half a dozen watering place hotels thus far have met their expenses.

The reports of extravagance and show at our watering places are not so loud nor so numerous as usual.

The daily opening of the churches is being advocated heartily by Lord Carnarvon and the bishop of Cambridge.

Parisian swells steadily give way to English fashions. They now wear the regular short white tie for evening dress, instead of their former black butterflies.

A newspaper in Constantinople says that 212 Christians and Jews have become Mohammedan during the past year, a larger number than those who have abandoned Mohammedanism for other religions.

A Michigan peddler who sold goods on the cars, first singing a comic song to attract attention and please his customers, dropped dead in a train a few days ago. He is believed to have left a fortune of $200,000, accumulated in this manner.

Germany is doing considerable foreign missionary work nowadays. It has eighteen societies and supports 522 missionaries, who look after their 210,000 converts. Last year the total receipts in money were over $700,000.

Three Chinese pheasants attacked a 14-year-old boy near Vinegar Springs, Ore., a short time ago, and fought him so hard that he dropped a sack of wheat he was carrying and fled for safety. When the neighbors went to the spot the wheat and birds had both vanished.

An Australian football club has arranged with an accident insurance company to pay any of its members who are disabled while playing the game 30s. per week as long as they remain on the sick list, and £200 to the relatives if the injuries received in the football field should terminate fatally.

The great white marble palace which Wilbur F. Storey, of Chicago, built, and which is one of the features of that city, is again offered for sale. Although still unfinished, more than $600,000 has been spent on it, while it is doubtful if one-quarter of that amount will be offered by a purchaser.

Bolivia, which has an area of 500,000 square miles and a population of 2,000,000, is without a single Protestant missionary. Two American teachers, encouraged by Bolivian gentlemen and recommended by the Presbyterian board of missions, expect soon to establish a school in La Paz, the capital.

An Englishman who was playing billiards in a public house in Bromley made a bet that he could get one of the ivory balls into his mouth. He did get it in, and there it stuck, in spite of all his efforts to dislodge it. The surgeon who was called in extracted the lump of ivory, but only after taking out several of the "experimentalist's" front teeth.

At Spezzia, Italy, the whole Italian fleet is to assemble for a two months' exercise. One of the items of the programme is to show the facility with which a large force can be disembarked, fully equipped for attack, and English alarmists predict that it will show how easily England could be invaded before a defensive force could be gathered at any point.

A monument to the memory of Emperor William will be erected by the inhabitants of the upper Fichtel mountains on a peak rising nearly 4,000 feet above the level of the sea. The spot affords on one side a view of the Saxon lowlands, on the other that of the Bohemian forest, with the Keiberg close by and the spires of Carlsbad in the distance.

A Bridgeport paper says that a cat was caught by a locomotive the other day and cut in two by a wheel, which passed over the body back of the shoulders. "After the locomotive had passed," says the paper, "the forward parts of the cat's body dragged themselves to the home yard, two or three rods distant, and there the little life remaining flickered out in a few seconds."

THE SPORTING WORLD

What is Talked About in Sporting Circles.

O'Connor and Teemer--What Mr. St. John Says.

Lawn Tennis Tournament--Chicago Climbing on New York.

BASE BALL.

The National League.

Tuesday—Indianapolis defeated Boston; Chicago got away with New York; Detroit with Philadelphia and Pittsburg with Washington.

Wednesday—Boston was beaten by Indianapolis again. At Chicago quite a lively scene was enacted, Ewing of the New Yorks doing some tall "kicking" and finally withdrawing his team from the field at the end of the fifth inning. The score was then 4 to 2 in favor of Chicago. The umpire, New York refusing to play, awarded the game to Chicago by a score of 9 to 0. Philadelphia beat Detroit, and Pittsburg blanked Washington.

The league standing to date is:

	Won	Lost	Per cent won
New York	68	40	.629
Chicago	64	47	.576
Detroit	58	50	.537
Boston	57	53	.518
Philadelphia	54	53	.504
Pittsburg	53	55	.490
Indianapolis	43	69	.384
Washington	38	70	.350

Around the Bases.

The New England league championship season for 1888 closed Monday, and Lowell has won the pennant for the second year in succession.

The Portsmouth base ball club has disbanded.

LAWN TENNIS.

The Tournament This Afternoon.

The lawn tennis tournament, which had to be postponed yesterday afternoon on account of the unfavorable weather, is taking place in the Officers' Square this afternoon. A large number are witnessing the contests. The I. S. C. Band is in attendance. The ladies' singles to be played are as follows:

Miss Wetmore, Miss Allen.
Miss M. Powys. Miss Winslow.
Miss Powys, a bye.

The gentleman's singles are as follows:

W. Forester, R. Inglis.
T. C. Allen, S. Skinner,
H. Fenety, C. Skinner.
Prof. Roberts, Lieut. Wood.
A. Akerley, F. S. Hilyard.
G. Roberts, Lieut. Benn.
J. Wetmore, Col. Maunsell.
A. Akerley, a bye.

The doubles will probably be played tomorrow afternoon.

THE TURF.

The Meeting at St. John.

The unpleasant weather yesterday afternoon interfered with the attendance at the races at the Moosepath Park, St John, and at 3 o'clock only 300 people were present. The track was very heavy, and it seemed doubtful at one time if the races would be called at all. However, at three o'clock the four-year-olds were called. Seven horses—all that were entered—started and the first heat ended with the animals in the following order: Gammon's Wild Flower (of Pictou) first, C. W. Bell's John A., Carvill's Lady Max, John McCoy's Maggie T., W. W. Dunbrack's Willie Watty, A. L. Slipp's Lucy Derrick, D. J. Stockford's Frank Nelson. Time, 2.53½.

The three minute class was next called on. The starters were Gordon's H. B. Gordon, Stockford's Edward Allright, Cameron's Blackbird, (of Pictou), Bell's Lady Sim, and Slip's Melbourne King. They came in in the following order: Blackbird, Edward Allright, Melbourne King, Lady Sim, H. B. Gordon. Time, 2.50½. There were ten entries for this race.

The second heat of the four-year-olds was finished in the following order: Lucy Derrick, first; Maggie T., second; Frank Nelson, third; Willie Watty, fourth; John A., fifth; Wildflower, sixth; and Lady Max, seventh. The time of the winning horse was 2m. 56s. Lady Mac was put back for running.

The rain falling heavily it was decided to postpone the races until this afternoon.

AQUATIC.

Teemer and O'Connor.

Boston Herald.

A week ago Champion John Teemer was left without a backer, and he sent his partner, Al Hamm, to Toronto to inform Mr. Rogers, the backer of O'Connor, that Teemer had decided to forfeit the championship, as he was without backing, and he thought it just to O'Connor that the real situation should be known to the Canadian at the earliest moment. Without solicitation, Mr. St. John, of whom he has not always spoken in a complimentary way, has now become Teemer's benefactor, and has, through Hamm, sent word to him "that he need not forfeit the championship for want of backing." Said Teemer: "I'm mighty glad of it. Tell Mr. St. John that his kind offer is accepted, and that I am at his bidding." No time was lost in wiring this to Mr. St. John, and an answer was wired Teemer at Hammondsport, N. Y., telling him to meet St. John at Buffalo, N. Y., on Monday last. Teemer, with new life and energy, at once began training, and sent Hamm to meet Mr. St. John, as he didn't wish to lose a day's rowing. He wanted to show Mr. St. John that he would do his best to keep the championship here.

Hamm and Mr. St. John met in Buffalo on Monday last, and, as the latter was on his way East, he had not much time to talk, so that what conversation took place was on the train. Mr. St. John told Hamm to tell Teemer to be true to himself, and prepare faithfully for the race, and he would put up the $1,000 for him. Personally, Jake Gaudaur is Mr. St. John's favorite. He prefers to see him the champion instead of Teemer, but rather that let a good, game oarsman like Teemer forfeit the championship without a race, and after consulting with Gaudaur, he has decided to back Teemer.

To the surprise of almost every one, Mr. St. John arrived in this city yesterday afternoon, direct from St. Louis. He called at the Herald office last evening, and one of the first questions he asked was: "Has O'Connor a deposit here?"

"Yes, there is a deposit of $100 for a race for the championship and $1,000 a side," was the reply.

Mr. St. John took $100 out of his pocket-book and to the sporting editor said: "This is for Mr. Teemer; I am to back him against O'Connor, and you can look to me for the rest of the stakes."

"What do you think of O'Connor?"

"I think he is a great sculler, but it is my opinion that either Gaudaur or Teemer can beat him. I do not want the championship to leave this country, and, feeling this way, I am going to make the match for Teemer."

"When and where will the race be rowed?"

"That has not been decided on yet, but probably at Silver lake, New York, and some time during the first week in October. I will be in Boston for 10 days, and by that time all the arrangements will be made."

Only One "Showed Up."

Of the forty citizens who signed the petition, which was presented to the city council at its last meeting asking for a conference with the council to discuss the question of paving Queen street, only one put in an appearance on Tuesday evening, the night arranged for the joint meeting. The committee from the council were all present, but nothing was done with reference to the matter.

A Two-Headed Baby.

Mrs. Joseph Cantara, wife of the section hand in the weaving room of the York corporation, living on River street in Biddeford, was delivered of a child, Wednesday, Sept. 5th, having two heads. The body was that of a male, while one of the heads resembled that of a boy and the other of a girl. The body was perfectly formed, and from the shoulders two distinct heads and necks grew. This freak of nature weighed 12 pounds. It was born about two o'clock, Wednesday morning, and lived a quarter of an hour. Mrs. Cantara is a handsome woman of French Canadian extraction, weighing about 145 pounds and has before this had seven children. Hundreds of people visited the Cantara house, Wednesday, to see the curiosity.—Aroostook Pioneer.

In for the Prizes.

The following are among the local horses to be entered at the coming show and fare: Isaac Peabody's Clyde stock, which compare favorably with any in the province, and his Blackmont mare and colt by Kearsarge; John Flemming's Duke of Cambridge mare with colt by Kearsarge; J. A. Edward's handsome pair of chestnuts, which he recently purchased; D. F. George's Blackmont mare with colt by Kearsarge; and last but not least J. H. Reid's Kearsarge, and his two year old stallion, Kearsarge Chief.

Probably a Fatal Accident.

A man named Malaney, 82 years of age, an inmate of the Alms House, had his thigh badly broken on Monday last. He was removed to the Hospital to-day. It is not thought he will recover.

SERVANT GIRLS FROM INDIA.

Queen Victoria Delighted with Them. Factory Versus Kitchen.

Queen Victoria, according to Truth of London, has become perfectly delighted with the female domestics that one of the ladies of the royal household brought to her from Bombay several years ago. She has recently sent orders for servants enough to perform the work in Osborne, Balmoral and Windsor castles. It is said that these girls from "India's coral strand" represent all the virtues and none of the vices common to the average city domestic. They entertain no beaus in the kitchen, eat none of the choice meats left over from a meal, have no impecunious relatives to supply with sugar and spices, do not want to go to a picnic every week, and never give notice that they are going to leave just before house cleaning time. They are represented as quick to learn, while they consider obedience as a virtue. They soon acquire enough of the English language to enable them to understand all that is said to them about their work, but never learn the words necessary to use "in jawing back." They are scrupulously neat and orderly in doing their work. When it is completed they go to their own apartments and nothing is heard from them.

It is thought that the fashion of employing Indian servants will extend from palace to mansion and from there to smaller houses. With all the complaints about the difficulty of obtaining employment in Great Britain, most housekeepers have trouble in securing domestics. As a rule no girl will accept domestic service if she can obtain employment in a store, shop or factory. There has been so much said and written about higher occupations for women that few are willing to work on the ground floor of a house.

Female human nature is the same in America as in England. The disposition in both countries is to leave the occupations that are fairly remunerative and which offer constant employment for those where the pay is small and the tenure uncertain. Housework is considered as menial, while doing piecework in a factory is regarded as elevating. It is claimed that there is a certain independence about work in a factory that does not pertain to employment in a private house. The sort of independence that girls have in establishments where cloth is made into garments that are to be sold to a great clothing house has been shown in the various articles now being printed in the newspapers. An exhibit has also been made of the pay they receive. A better state of things exists in factories where wool and cotton are converted into cloth, and even in places where cloth is made into garments by the firms that sell them directly to customers, but in neither case is there as large pay, as good treatment, or as much leisure as can be found in a private house presided over by an intelligent woman.

In a factory a girl learns scarcely anything that will be of benefit to her if she ever has a house to keep of her own. In the house of another, managed as the home of a refined family, she will have an opportunity of learning almost everything that will be of advantage to her in after life. She can acquire the art of cooking, if she is deficient in it, learn how to take care of furniture and how to receive and entertain company. A man and a woman who have a few domestics take an interest in them and are ordinarily good friends to them. It is hardly to be expected that the overseer of fifty persons will take an interest in any of them.—Chicago Times.

The "Yellow Jack" Microbe.

One of the most prominent authorities in New York on the turf and as modest and unpretentious a gentleman as one might meet in a day's journey on Broadway recalls to the interest of his friends the advance medical science has made in the treatment of yellow fever since he had it in New Orleans in 1867. The authorities at Jacksonville, Fla., have been firing cannon with the idea of killing the Yellow Jack microbe by concussion. The effect of this violent and shocking noise on the nerves of those suffering from the disease, says the sporting man, seems to be considered, and perhaps properly, a secondary consideration to the great end of putting a stop to the contagion. In New Orleans, where the fever began in July and had not worked its way up to the more aristocratic residence quarter until September, all church bells, bands, parades and noisy demonstrations were interdicted by the mayor from the first. A solemn silence reigned over the plague stricken city, which had theretofore been musical at almost every hour of the day with the chimes from some church spire.

A glimpse at the symptoms and treatment of the yellow fever patient at that time are given by the gentlemen alluded to in this way: One Friday afternoon he felt a queer sensation which he calmly pondered over as the probable beginning of the fever. The next morning on arising he saw in his toilet glass that the whites of his eyes had become yellow. He realized that his suspicions had been confirmed, locked up his office, gave the keys to the police of the nearest station and went to bed after receiving a hot mustard bath from his faithful colored servants. The following Friday the crisis of the disease had passed, it being the idea then to starve out the bile and alimentary juices and leave the patient weak but purged of infection. The Wednesday following that Friday he received his first stimulant from a physician trained in Martinique in the shape of a small glass of English porter. In the meantime "the quiet of the grave" had brooded over New Orleans.—New York World.

Not Wholly a Superstition.

Mrs. Slimdiet—Before going for your trunks, Mr. Newboarder, you might as well sit down to dinner. I will have an extra plate put on. Of course, I did not expect you today.

Mr. Newboarder—How many boarders have you, Mrs. Slimdiet?

"Twelve. You will make the thirteenth."

"Thirteen at table! I will wait until supper time. I fear if the thirteen of us sat down to table one of us would die. You have only arranged for twelve, you say?"

"Why? What would the thirteenth die of?"

"Starvation!"—Philadelphia Record.

That Altered the Case.

Dr. Pillsbury (to patient)—My dear sir, all you need is plenty of outdoor exercise. Now, here is a little work that I would strongly advise you to read. It will teach you how to gain and preserve health. Its title is "Physical Culture for the Million," and——

Patient—But, doctor——

Dr. Pillsbury—Well?

Patient—I wrote that book.—Tires.

BILL NYE'S FURNACE.

His Touching Experience with a Coal Consumer.

Last year I had an experience with a furnace which ought to be embalmed in song. I only regret that I am not a suitable embalmer that I might attend to it myself. In the prime of summer time I engaged a coal dealer to deal me some coals at a low rate. By this means I saved enough on my coals to purchase a buffalo overcoat to wear while carving at table during the winter, so it was a wise move.

We had a reddish furnace and I tried to win its confidence and mold its career during the winter. First it had to be cleaned out thoroughly in the fall. Previous people had used it apparently as a retort for clinkers. I desired to avoid the expense of hiring a man to clean it out, as it was not what would be called skilled labor, and so I did it myself. By this means I saved $2.50, to which I added $47.50 for the purpose of purchasing a new suit of clothes to take the place of the one ruined by getting it full of ashes.

This furnace had two cut offs, a jerker of a cold air flue, eleven dampers and a tape worm. I would go down at night and fill it full of coals, shut the cold air flue, examine the steam gauge, also the crown sheet, dump the clinkers and open the rear damper. I would then retire. In the middle of the night the humidity in my room would warn me that all was not well with the furnace. I would go below in my simple wrap and find the furnace suffering from an overdraft. I then sought to reduce the temperature and we fanned ourselves to sleep. In the morning the furnace was found to be extinct. This went on for a week or two. Then I asked the coachman to look after the furnace. I told him I would look after the horses and polish the crest if he would try to win the confidence of the furnace.

He resigned the second evening and left me with the barn and the refrigerator both on my hands. I then secured the services of a middle aged girl, who said she used to run the Jay Gould furnace. I told her ours was the same. Jay and I always bought our furnaces at the same place.

She said she used to have two nights out while she was with the Goulds. I told her that she would be treated equally well by us.

Her name was Lorena, and she did very well while on duty, but the great difficulty seemed to be that Lorena and the furnace both wanted to go out on the same nights.

I was her alternate with the furnace, and it made me mad to have Lorena absent when it was really my night out.

I told her that she might run Jay Gould that way, but she couldn't run me. I declined to take care of the furnace while she was sleeping it off. I told Lorena that she had better go back to the Goulds.

She did so.

I then began again to steer the furnace through a tempestuous career. I excused myself while dukes and titled people were at our house, in order to go down and jerk the furnace. I even tore myself away from a mush and milk sociable up stairs in order to go below and shovel coals upon the never ending appetite of this great bottomless pit.

And yet the basement was the only part of my house that was really warm. Up stairs I gradually froze, while I tried to seem genial and urbane. I wore a fur overcoat up stairs while the potatoes were sprouting in the cellar, and on the second floor the nurse and the governess were eating pemmican and waiting for a relief party. Goose flesh manifested itself on the exterior of those who sought to dress for a dinner party on the second floor, while in the attic my employes were eating blubber and hoping for congressional relief. This furnace also had a sound magnifier to it. Its sound magnifier, as a matter of fact, worked better than its other fire did. When I excused myself to our pastor, seeking at the same time to convey the idea that I was leaving the room for the purpose of some examination, it annoyed my wife much to hear a smothered roar, a rattle and some loud and florid remarks in my well known tones come floating up through the register.

It was a good furnace for everything but heating purposes, and I have often thought that if they had the same style in ancient times the Hebrew children got a good deal better press notices than they deserved.—Bill Nye in New York World.

The Effect of Exercise.

After the menagerie orator had eloquently described the habits of the Australian kangaroo, the finest living specimen of which species was there on exhibition, an open mouthed countryman inquired:

"What makes his hind legs so much bigger nor his fore legs, mister?"

"Because he exercises more on them, sir," explained the orator, indulgently.—New York Sun.

One Thing Lacking.

At a recent exhibition of paintings a lady and her son were regarding with much interest a picture which the catalogue designated as "Luther at the Diet of Worms." Having descanted at some length upon its merits, the boy remarked: "Mother, I see Luther and the table, but where are the worms?"

THE VICTOR VANQUISHED.

With the Hottentot and Bushman and the Terra del Fuegian
He had fought with frenzied fury, so he said.
At the Patagonian giants he had hurled his proud defiance,
And had painted all the Sandwich Islands red;
He had made all the native scatter in the jungles of Mahratta,
From the Rio de la Plata to the sources of the Nile;
He swept with his bravado realms of khedive and mikado.
And regulated all the earth in true imperial style.

With the catamount and tiger and the Abyssinian lion
He had grappled single handed and had never met defeat;
Every spouting hippopotamus he got his eagle eye on
Was sure to lay out, first or last, a dead brute at his feet.
With his blazing eye a-brightening he would dash about a-frightening,
Just like fabricated lightening lunging through the thunder storm,
Frightening with this facial feature every savage living creature
And make the sizzling atmosphere superfluously warm.

Then his wife came in the grocery store—a sorry interruption—
In the middle of a story on the jungles of Brazil—
How he fought a boa constrictor and came off a bloody victor
When the serpentine devourer chased him with intents to kill.
And she took him by the collar, bade the timid suppliant follow,
And we heard the fellow "holler" like a doomed soul for his sins.
"Come," she said, "and have some gumption, I want you for home consumption,
And while I do the washing you must entertain the twins."

—S. W. Foss in Yankee Blade.

The Young People.

A small boy sojourning on the coast of Maine sent the following clipping to his father in Boston:

Examiner—What would you do in the case of a man with clammy sweats?

Budding Sawbones—Advise him to give up clams.

The boy appended the following: "Dear papa, I thought you would appreciate the above, as you are having the sweat and I am having the clams."—Boston Journal.

A little girl in Lewiston who was ill the other evening called her mother to her bedside and said piteously: "Mamma, I am awful sick. I just swallowed upward," and her mamma sympathized with her deeply.—Lewiston Journal.

"You seem to have quite a sum in your bank, Bobby," remarked the visitor. "Yes," said Bobby, "ma gives me ten cents a week for coming to the table with clean hands and face." "Ten cents is a good deal of money for a little boy to earn every week." "Yes, ma'am, but I have to do a large amount of work for it."—New York Sun.

A boy's description of having a tooth pulled expresses it about as well as anything we have seen: "Just before it killed me the tooth came out."—Exchange.

Moments of Torture.

She—Hush! Not another word.

He—Oh, don't decide now; don't, I beg of you. Take time to consider. Remember the happiness of a life——

"Do hush! For mercy's sake stop. Wait"——

"Wait? I'll wait a century if need be. Like Jacob, I'll serve"——

She (after rushing frantically around the room and peeping into all the corners)—He isn't here after all.

"Who — who? Oh, have I a rival — have"——

"Calm yourself, Mr. Nicefellow. I — I thought I heard my little brother in the room. Go on."—Philadelphia Record.

Cause for Regret.

It makes a man almost sorry that he moved when he reads in the advertisement in the paper next day the real estate agent's description of the advantages of the residence he has just given up.—Journal of Education.

Inherited.

"How fond Charley Roberts is of his father! He fairly worships him." "Yes; he takes after his father in that respect."—Harper's Bazar.

NEW FALL GOODS.

RECEIVED AT

Lottimer'sFashionableShoeStore

Ladies Fine American Rubbers,
Misses and Children's American Rubbers for Spring Heel Boots,
Ladies Jersey Lily Oxford Tie Shoes,
Ladies Kid Common Sense Shoes,
Ladies Oil Pebble Lace Boots,
Ladies Oil Goat Button Boots,
Ladies French Kid Button Boots,
Gents Kid Elastic Side Boots,
Gents Cowhide Long Boots,
Gents Kip Long Boots,
Boys Long Boots; Child's Long Boots.

Gilt Edge Dressing in Barrels; Velvet Oil, for oiling and blacking Ladies' Boots.

Don't forget to buy your Boots and Shoes at

Lottimer's Shoe Store, 210 Queen street.

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 27, 1888.

The Natural Result.

Peddler—I am introducing a new kind of hair brush which——

Business Man (impatiently)—I've no use for a hair brush. Can't you see I'm bald?

Peddler—Yes, sir. Your lady, perhaps—

Business Man—She's bald, too, except when she goes out.

Peddler—Yes, sir. Child at home, probably——

Business Man—Only a month old. Bald too.

Peddler—Yes, sir. You keep a pet dog, maybe——

Business Man—We do; but it's a hairless dog.

Peddler (desperately)—Can't I sell you a fly trap, sir?—Chicago Tribune.

Why She Kept It.

Jobson—What kind of an animal is that you've got there, Jepson?

Jepson—A hedgehog. It is one of my wife's pets.

Job.—Strange kind of a pet, I should say. Why does she keep such a thing as that about her?

Jep.—Well, I suppose it is because he has so many fine points about him.—Boston Courier.

A Swell Affair.

Mrs. Veneering (complacently lolling in carriage)—There, John, I told you our new turnout would attract a great deal of attention. Everybody seems to be looking at it.

Mr. Veneering (suddenly discovering three urchins seated on the back springs)—Hey, there, driver! Whip behind.—New York Sun.

Poor Fellow.

Smith—What has become of Dr. Cureall?

Jones—The man who advertised to cure every complaint under the sun?

S.—Yes.

J.—Oh! he died the other day from a complication of diseases.—Boston Courier.

Jumped at the Invitation.

The little son of C. E. Huntsberger, of Lyons, has a live frog in his stomach, and all efforts to expel it have failed. The boy held the frog in his hand and opened his mouth. The frog jumped at the invitation.—Omaha Herald.

A Summer Luxury.

"What do you keep that shivering little beggar of a dog for?"

"Why, dash boy, it makes me cool to look at him."—Life.

Following the Line of Duty.

Postmaster (pointing triumphantly at rat hole)—Do you see that hole? That's where so much of the missing mail matter has gone. The cat caught the rat a little while ago and dragged out a peck of letters, all torn and chewed into little bits. That vindicates me completely. It was the rat, sir—it was the rat.

Citizen (dubiously)—But didn't you know mail matter was missing all the time?

Postmaster—Of course.

Citizen—Then why didn't you catch the rat yourself?

Postmaster (with dignity)—I'm not paid to catch rats, sir. My business is to attend to the postoffice.—Chicago Tribune.

English in Karlsbad.

English is wrote at Karlsbad by a "taller" in this way: "Honorable Sir! I take me the liberty, to make you attentive on my Etablissement. There I please you, to favour me by some uses of clothes, with your visit, and always keep a large choise of anglisch, franch, and brunner materials and clothes shall made to measure on the best and newest facon; and I am like ready to full full your esteem wushes."—New York Sun.

An Expert at the National Game.

"Are you a ball player yourself, George?" she asked at the Polo grounds.

He smiled a sweet, superior smile.

"I can give those New Yorkers points on the game," he said.

Then a foul tip came from Johnny Ward's bat and George, the expert, fell over two rows of seats trying to get out of the way.—Time.

Might Overtax His Brain.

Mr. Isaacstein (to school teacher)—How vas dot leedle Jacob getting on mit arithmetic?

School Teacher—He is doing nicely, Mr. Isaacstein; he is in percentage now.

Mr. Isaacstein—Vas dot so? Vell, don'd you teach dot poy noddings less than von hundert per cent. He vas too young yet to study very hard.—New York Sun.

Both After the Same Object.

First New York Man—I see that Australia is complaining about a rabbit pest.

Second New York Man—Yes, they are like us and our street cars.

First New York Man—How is that?

Second New York Man—They say, "The bobtail must go."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Two Ways of Looking at a Thing.

"How old are you, Tommy?"

"Nine when I'm on my feet and 6 when I stand on my head."

"That's funny; how do you make it?"

"Why, if you stand a 9 on its head it's a 6, isn't it?"

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., Wall St., N. Y.

No. 190. Queen Street No. 190.

FALL GOODS.

R. M. CAMPBELL

Has received a new line of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Gent's Merino and Wool Underwear in medium and good quality. Top Shirts in Wool and Melton Cloth. Cardigan Jackets in Grey, Seal Brown and Black. Also a full line of Boys' and Youth's Shirts and Drawers for fall and winter wear, all sizes. Ladies' Underwear in Wool, Merino and Balbriggan. Also a full assortment of White Cotton do. Yours respectfully,

R. M. CAMPBELL, 190 QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

☞ To arrive this week, 50 doz. GENT'S SCARFS, in all the leading styles. R. M. C.

Fredericton, Aug. 29th, 1888.

Wiley's Drug Store.

MIRRORS ! PLASTERS ! !

Just Received—A Full Line of

HAND MIRRORS

In Celluloid, Plush and Wood: Finest quality of Plate. Also Cheaper Kinds, All Prices.

Also: One Case Grosvenor & Richards's

PLASTERS & BANDAGES.

JUST RECEIVED BY

JOHN M. WILEY, 196 Queen St

212 Just Arrived. 212

DRESS GOODS,
CLOTHS, YARNS,
FLANNELS,
CARDIGANS,
TOP SHIRTS.

JOHN HASLIN.

Fredericton, Aug. 9, 1888.

EDGECOMBE & SONS,

YORK STREET, - - FREDERICTON.

Now is the Time to Leave Your Orders for

SLEIGHS & PUNGS.

We Have on Hand, and are Finishing Up, 200 Double Seated and Single Seated Pungs and Sle

PARSONS' PILLS

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Parsons' Pills contain nothing harmful, are easy to take, and cause no inconvenience. One box will do more to purify the blood and cure chronic ill health than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 8 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

LAURANCE'S Spectacles and Eye-Glasses AT A BARGAIN.

I have a lot of LAURANCE'S BEST ENGLISH GLASSES, both in Glass and Pebbles, which I will sell at 20 per cent. LESS THAN COST. This is a rare chance to secure a first-class article at a LOW PRICE.

GEO. H. DAVIS,

Cor. Queen and Regent Streets, Fredericton, N. B.

Fredericton, Oct 8th, 1887

Sharp's Plums.

GREEN GAGE AND ARCTIC.

First lot to arrive on WEDNESDAY next, 29th inst. In the meantime please leave your orders, so the fruit may be delivered as soon as received when in best condition for preserving.

W. R. LOGAN,

Queen Street, Fredericton.

Fredericton, Aug. 22, 1888.

SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, NERVOUS HEADACHE, TAPLEY'S REMEDY

WILL RELIEVE AND CURE.

Persons who have been troubled with the above Distressing Complaints, and never Anticipated a Cure, have found it in using this Remedy, and scores of cures from one to twenty year's standing, are vouched for by most reliable persons in various sections of the country.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Fredericton March 6th, 1888

Canned Goods.

CORN, TOMATOES, PEAS, BEANS, PINE APPLES, PEACHES, OYSTERS, LOBSTERS, SALMON, CORN BEEF, LUNCH TONGUE, POTTED HAM.

Condensed Milk, Condensed Coffee.

FOR SALE LOW AT

S. L. MORRISON'S

Queen Street, Cor. of York.

Fredericton, June 21st, 1888.

OUR SHIP

Has just arrived from Hamburg with a complete line of

DECORATED CHINA TEA SETTS. DECORATED CHINA TOILET SETTS

DECORATED CHINA Porridge Setts. DECORATED CHINA Cups & Saucers

Also Dinner Setts, Tea Setts, Toilet Setts from England. These goods are all better value than ever.

LEMONT & SONS.

Fredericton, Aug. 28th, 1888.

R. COLWELL,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs and Pungs built to order in the latest and most durable styles. Material and workmanship of the best. Particular attention given to painting, trimming and repairing Carriages, etc. Terms, etc., to give satisfaction.

FACTORY

KING STREET, FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, Oct 6th

For Bargains in Hardware,

BUILDING MATERIAL, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, or anything in the Hardware line, try

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Fredericton, Sept. 4th, 1888.

MEN!

Our Specific No. 23 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cts. in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS for home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co., 343 Spadina Ave. Toronto, Ont.

IN THE BOER COUNTRY.

Hospitality of the Dutch Farmers—Patriarchal Habits.

The majority of the Boers in this part of the country are wool growers, and like the rest of their kind, are the most hospitable people on the face of the globe. Although living in almost abject poverty, they are ever ready to extend a hand of welcome to every stranger, particularly if he be an American. I have now traveled over 1,000 miles by cart in the colony, and it has always been with the greatest difficulty that I have persuaded the Boers to take from me the price of the corn the horses would eat.

For days we rode along without touching at a single village, and when night came on we made for the nearest farm house. As the farms are generally on elevated ground the folks can see the cart a long way off, and as we pull up in front of the house the old Boer and his wife step out to bid us welcome, although we are perfect strangers, and before we have done shaking hands the Kaffir servants are busy outspanning our horses, while the good wife, or "frau," as she is called, hurries away to procure the best cheer her humble dwelling affords.

The Boers, although so hospitable, make a distinction in their attentions to Englishmen and Americans, at least all my friends and I have found such to be the case. A few weeks ago, as I pulled up at a farmhouse about sundown, weary with my long day's ride and covered with dust, another cart containing four men pulled up at the same time. We were received in the usual manner, and although there was really no accommodation in the house for five unexpected guests, it never entered into the mind of our host to hint at such a thing. The occupants of the other cart were Englishmen, and my boy, Jan Fatboy, taking in the situation at a glance, and wishing to procure me the best possible quarters, told the old man that I was an American. The result was that my newly made friends occupied two beds, while I had one all to myself.

No matter how late a traveler may present himself, be he Jew or Gentile, Englishman or American, and ask a night's lodging, the Boer's door will instantly open to him and some one of the family will cheerfully turn out of his bed and give it to the stranger, and possibly find another for himself in the hayloft.

The Boer, in the construction of his dwelling, does not aspire to any higher class of architecture than what pleased his grandfather and father before him. It consists of four plain walls of unburnt brick. Its floor is the honest earth with a coating of pounded ant nests mixed with blood and cowdung. However repulsive this may seem to your ideas, it has a nice, sweet, wholesome smell, and were it not for the fleas which infest every Boer's house I could find no objection to it, as it has a very cool effect in the hot, dry weather.

There are generally only three rooms and a kitchen or "combase" in the house, the front room opening directly onto the stoop with two bedrooms on either side. The furniture is of the plainest kind; the chief ornament, as well as the most useful article, being the old Dutch clock which stands majestically in the corner, numbering the days as well as the seconds of the lives of these honest men. No expensive oil paintings adorn the walls, but conspicuously resting on an ornamental table of ancient date is the family Bible on which every Boer prides himself. I failed to find any other kind of literature, with the exception of a few school books and the "Ready Reckoner" which every Boer in the country possesses.

I am writing this letter at my friend's house—Farmer Von Dikpense. We have just finished the evening meal, and as I write he and his family sit with mouths wide open to see the pencil move so rapidly over the paper, for there is not a man of fifty miles around who could write his own name in letters smaller than his thumb nail. I am quite a lion among these people, being connected as I am with an American newspaper.

They are very religious, and naturally a peaceful people, but when their rights are tampered with they rise to a man and show that although they are ignorant farmers, they are skilled in the use of the rifle, and prove it with deadly effect upon their foes. They are very early risers and go about their work long before the sun is up. The men generally pile out of bed about 3 o'clock in the morning, and the first man up has to make coffee and call the rest. Such is the unwritten law. They work in the veldt till noon, when they have the heartiest meal of the day. The heat is generally intense at this hour, and as soon as the meal is finished the house is closed up to keep out the flies and every man, woman and child take themselves off to their beds, where they sleep soundly till the heat of the day is over, when they resume their work till sundown. In the evening, after supper, the people sit round the room barefooted, when a tub is passed round and each person bathes his feet in it. At first I used to object strongly, but found that the refusal gave offense. Now, however, I take care to get nearest the door, where I can have a better chance of using the tub first. It is an old custom and one, that induces sleep.

When this foot bathing is finished the old Boer gets down the family Bible and the prayers for the night are read. They sing without hymn books, and most lustily, too, and it is to be regretted that they know so few tunes, for the only one I have ever heard is the tune of the One Hundredth Psalm. They follow the teachings of the Dutch Reformed church, and every Sunday, no matter what the weather is, the horses are spanned into the cart at an early hour to take them to church, which in some cases is thirty miles away from their homes.—Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

Write on Yellow Paper.

A gentleman who has made a study of the eye says, for the benefit of the people who have to earn a livelihood with the pen: "Never write on white paper if you can get yellow paper. A sheet of the same shade placed on the wall over the desk will assist in giving the eye rest and this will facilitate the work." He has made this suggestion to many, and in each case has received the thanks of those who have been benefited by it. It is simple and does not require any philosophy to prove it.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Protection from Lightning.

In his recent lectures on protection against lightning, Mr. Oliver Lodge said: "A wire netting all over the house, a good earth connection to it at several points and a plentiful supply of that barbed wire which serves so abominably well for fences, stuck all over the roof, and you have an admirable system of defense. Now let us see how far most people agree, and where they begin to branch out and differ. The old and amusing political controversy between knobs and points has disappeared.

"Points to the sky are recognized as correct; only I wish to advocate more of them, any number of them, rows of them, like barbed wire—not necessarily at all prominent—along ridges and eaves. For a point has not a very great discharging capacity. It takes several points to discharge readily all the electricity set in motion by a moderately sized Voss or Wimshurst machine; hence, if you want to neutralize a thunder cloud, three points are not so effective as three thousand. No need, however, for great spikes and ugly tridents, so painful to the architect. Let the lightning come to you; do not go to meet it. Protect all your ridges and pinnacles, not only the highest, and you will be far safer than if you built yourself a factory chimney to support your conductor upon. At present the immediate neighborhood of a factory chimney or steeple is not a safeguard, but a source of mild danger."—Scientific American.

True it is that "the good men do is oft interred with their bones," but it is not very frequently necessary to enlarge the coffin for that purpose.—Boston Post.

If anger is not restrained it is frequently more hurtful to us than the injury that provokes it.—Seneca.

Birds Without Wings.

The most unhappy feature about being a jail bird is said to be its inability to fly.—Binghamton Republican.

The Ingenuity of Womankind.

A story was told the other day that admirably exemplified the ingenuity of womankind. It was told by a well known dock man as he was taking a trip around Grand Island the other afternoon. "They had no end of trouble in trying to keep cups for drinking purposes at the water coolers on the Periwinkle last summer," said he. "The captain was in despair. He had tried chaining the cups, but the women even broke the chains. Finally the engineer hit upon a bright and novel plan. 'I tell you what to do,' he said. 'Just prick a hole through the bottom of each cup. That will make them leak so that it will be impossible to carry them to the upper deck.' The captain was delighted, and immediately ordered a lot of new cups, which were carefully bored. Then the engineer made himself ready to smile at the passengers' discomfiture. The first person that tried carrying water upstairs was a small boy, who tested every cup and finally gave up the attempt.

"The engineer chuckled and hugged himself in diabolical glee at the success of his scheme, but a school girl fooled him just the same. She came down humming an air from 'Erminie,' filled up the first cup she got hold of and started. The engineer's delight was getting beyond bounds when he saw the water streaming along the floor. The girl saw it, too, and stopped short. She sized up the leak and then, going back to the cooler, deliberately refilled the cup, put her finger over the leak and carried the cup of water up stairs in triumph. That was the maddest engineer I ever saw, but instead of getting angry I roared when he told me of it, and said: 'Score one for the girl. Bless the dear things, anyhow. No matter how hard or how often a man may try to fool them, it is the girl who comes out ahead. Say what you are a mind to, they get there every time.'"—Buffalo News.

"School Treats" of England.

The school treats are one of the nice ways rich people in England take to spend their money. All the teachers and scholars in a London parish school are invited to the country seat of the giver of the treat, and every effort is made to render the holiday a pleasant and memorable one for the children. I was engaged to assist in entertaining nearly a thousand boys and girls at a school treat given by Col. North, the South American. He had a special train, and the children came in the care of their teachers and were accompanied by the curate of the parish. A generous lunch was provided, and it was nice to see the nosegays and a bevy of pretty young women, with big white housekeeping aprons on, busily employed in spreading butter, making sandwiches or cutting up big masses of wholesome cake.

The affair lasted from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. There were all sorts of games and the never to be omitted Punch and Judy show. Air balloons were sent up and every child received a toy of some sort. The country band supplied music, and it was great fun to see the importance of the bandmaster as he fussed about with an air of great importance. Her ladyship, the hostess, was treated like a queen by him and everybody else. Some time during the afternoon all the children were grouped for a photograph, and then they marched off for tea in a big tent. The curate said grace and the good things soon disappeared. I found these children easy to amuse, and they invariably laughed in the right place, which cannot always be said of older people.—New York Herald Interview.

Newspaper Enterprise in China.

Consul Hughes sends home from Shanghai some interesting notes on newspaper enterprise in China. In addition to religious and illustrated periodicals there are two daily newspapers—the Shen Pao and Hu Pao—published in Chinese at Shanghai. The Shen Pao has a daily circulation averaging 12,000 to 18,000 copies. During the Franco-Chinese war, its articles being written by patriotic Chinese to suit the popular taste, the circulation increased to 18,000 copies daily. Cheap as the paper is (less than a half penny), it is often sold after perusal, sometimes changing hands more than once during the day, and it is then bought by Chinese postoffice employes, who send it to the interior where steamers cannot reach. The circulation of the Hu Pao is also stated to be considerable, especially in this province. Both these newspapers, although owned by foreigners, are, we are assured, bona fide organs of educated Chinese public opinion. In international questions they do not always take the foreign side, but their influence, Mr. Hughes tells us, is on the whole exerted in favor of progress and civilization.—London News.

Charge of a Tiger.

As a general rule a tiger will endeavor to avoid an encounter with a line of elephants; on rare occasions it will await their approach, and charge home when within a few paces, but on still rarer occasions it will advance to the attack from some distance, mouth open, lips curling upward, ears down, tail on end, every hair on its body and head bristling with fury.

Whoever has had the fortune to witness such a charge will never forget the magnificent sight, nor the terrific sounds which accompanied the onward bounds of the enraged monster, filling the air around, and drowning the voices of all other living creatures in its awful depth and volume.

A large tiger viewed under such circumstances, when his head and body are greatly swelled out, and his appearance rendered most terrific by the bristling of his hair, is a very different creature from the listless, flat sided beast of menageries and zoological gardens.—Edward D. Baker.

Playgrounds for the Poor.

Says Dr. Weir Mitchell in his book, "Doctor and Patient": "When I see young girls sweating from a good row or the tennis field, I know that it is preventive medicine. I wish I saw how to widen these useful habits so as to give like chances to the poor, and I trust the time will come when the mechanic and the laborer shall insist on public playgrounds as the right of his little ones. I wonder that the rich who endow colleges do not even think of creating playgrounds."—New York Tribune.

G·M·D·

Thoroughly cleanse the blood, which is the fountain of health, by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, and bodily health and vigor will be established.

Golden Medical Discovery cures all humors, from the common pimple, blotch, or eruption, to the worst Scrofula, or blood-poison. Especially has it proven its efficacy in curing Salt-rheum or Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, Fever-sores, Hip-joint Disease, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Goitre or Thick Neck, and Eating Sores or Ulcers.

Golden Medical Discovery cures Consumption (which is Scrofula of the Lungs), by its wonderful blood-purifying, invigorating, and nutritive properties, if taken in time. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Catarrh in the Head, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. It promptly cures the severest Coughs.

For Torpid Liver, Biliousness, or "Liver Complaint," Dyspepsia, and indigestion, it is an unequaled remedy. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.

NEW RESTAURANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the Public generally, that he has opened a Restaurant in Lee's Building, end of bridge St. Mary's, where Meals at all Hours, will be served at a moderate rate.

Beans and Boston Brown Bread at all times, and

OYSTERS IN SEASON.

W. A. Lindsay.

St. Mary's, Aug. 16th, 1888.—1 m-tw-w

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

ODDS AND ENDS.

FROM MANITOBA.—"I have been cured of chronic diarrhœa by the use of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I used about twelve bottles of it and am now entirely free from the disease. William McLaren, Clearwater, Man.

A man out West fell dead at the dinner table the other day. The carving knife was sharp.

A DOZEN YEARS.—"Dear Sirs.—For twelve years I suffered from dyspepsia and liver complaint, and was so weak I could not leave my bed for eight months, and had little hope of ever being cured. Three years ago I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and am thankful to say I now enjoy good health, and I advise all who are afflicted to try B. B. B." Mrs. Harriett Hobbs, Muir Avenue, Brockton, Ont.

"Strange" and "queer" are synonyms; but "passing strange" and "passing queer" are not.

AN OLD FAVORITE that has been popular with the people for 30 years is Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for all varieties of summer complaints of children or adults. It seldom or ever fails to cure cholera morbus, diarrhœa and dysentery.

A woman may refuse to tell her age but she cannot conceal her rage. That speaks for itself.

CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCIES are often inherited, but the disease itself may gain a foothold through impure blood, bad diet, unventilated rooms, etc. Keep the blood pure and the circulation perfect by means of Burdock Blood Bitters, and thus ward off consumption, which is simply scrofula of the lungs.

So many persons now purchase their winter's supply of fuel four or five months in advance that it is generally a hot day when a ton of coal gets left.

PROMPT RESULTS.—"I was very sick with bowel complaint last summer. I tried other medicines but all was no use until I tried Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry. The next day I was like a different man." Geo. H. Peacock, Stroud, Ont.

The waltz has entered upon its one hundred and first season. We supposed that a great many more years had elapsed since the beginning of the whirled.

AN UNDOUBTED PROOF of the beneficial qualities of Burdock Blood Bitters is found in the thousands of authentic testimonials published by the proprietors. The original letters being in their possession, they can furnish proof positive as to their genuineness at any time.

The young lady at Fond du Lac who heard that bathers at the seashore were required to wear trunks, purchased two extra Saratogas for that purpose.

A Woman's Confession.

"Do you know, Mary, I once actually contemplated suicide"? "You horrify me, Mrs. B. Tell me about it." "I was suffering from chronic weakness. I believed myself the most unhappy woman in the world. I looked ten years older than I really was, and I felt twenty. Life seemed to have nothing in it worth living for." "I have experienced all those symptoms myself. Well?" "Well, I was saved at the eleventh hour from the commission of a deed which I shudder to think of. A friend advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did so. In an incredibly short time I felt like a new being. The 'Prescription' cured me, and I owe Dr. Pierce a debt of gratitude which I can never repay."

Sometimes the smallest watermelon can cause the largest man to gaze upon life with tears in his eyes.

A Pill in Time, Saves Nine!

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets are preventive as well as curative. A few of these "Little Giants," taken at the right time, with little expense and no inconvenience, will accomplish what many dollars and much sacrifice of time will fail to do after Disease once holds you with his iron grasp. Constipation relieved, the Liver regulated, the Blood purified, will fortify against fevers and all contagious diseases. Persons intending travel, changing diet, water and climate, will find invaluable, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In vials convenient to carry.

"You never find me hiding my light under a bushel," remarked Mr. McSwilligen, in the course of a discussion with his wife. "You don't need to," was the somewhat acrid reply; "A quart measure is quite large enough."

DR. FOWLER'S EXT: OF WILD STRAWBERRY

CURES CHOLERA Cholera Morbus COLIC AND CRAMPS DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY

AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

JOHN HARVEY,

Photo Artist,

STUDIO: 104 QUEEN ST

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, Feb. 11th, 1888.

10000 PRESENTS

TO FIRST ARRIVERS, WHILE THEY LAST. We will send by mail an apron, useful or ornamental, wife, mother or cousin—one to a family—who will try the BREADMAKER'S BAKING POWDER. Cut the red circle from the label and send it in a letter stating honest opinion after fair trial. Either a 5, 10 or 25 cent size will secure the gift. Any grocer or storekeeper knows where to get it if asked for by you.—Address—CHURCHILL & CO., TORONTO.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

York street, Fredericton.

GASFITTING & PLUMBING

Attended to in all its branches.

HOT AIR FURNACES PUT UP IN LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

With Dumb Register for ventilation. Hot and Cold Air.

Creamers, Milk Pans, and Strainers.

A. LIMERICK & CO.

Desires to inform the public that he has a Large Stock of the above articles, which he will sell Wholesale or Retail, cheaper than ever offered in the market before. Remember these Goods are of our own manufacture, and are of the very best material. Parties wanting Creamers or Milk Pans would do well by calling and examining before purchasing elsewhere.

Fredericton, April 12, 1888.

500 Bushels P. E. I. Oats

LANDING THIS DAY.

For sale by

ELY PERKINS.

Fredericton, Aug. 9, 1888.

A LEGAL LOVER.

BEFORE the waltz was over quite,
They sought a moment's brief respite
Out of the whirl and where the light
Was soft and mellow.

And there in happiness alone
They sat until the flute had blown
A trill to drown the final tone
That filled the 'cello.

Outside the window they could see
The snow upon the winter tree,
Whose twigs once trembled with the glee
Of summer's swallows.

And while upon this scene intent
They gazed, a ray of sentiment
Appeared, and conversation went
Somewhat as follows:

"Clarissa"—here he paused a while
To contemplate Clarissa's smile
And polish up his verbal style;
She, lightly drumming
Her fingers on the window, lest,
Embarrassed, he forget the rest,
Gave him a chance and meanwhile guessed
Just what was coming.

"Clarissa"—here he took her hand
To help his rhetoric to land;
She let him hold the fairy hand,
By squeezes judicious,
And gentle turning of her head,
She punctuated what he said—
An action which, interpreted,
Meant "How delicious!"

"Clarissa, darling"—after these
He suffered an emphatic squeeze—
"I love you!"—here upon his knees,
In true devotion,
He knelt before Clarissa, who
Was all uncertain what to do;
Her heart seemed practicing a new
Eccentric motion.

Then, like a fervent worshiper,
He told his beads of love to her;
Said he: "Clarissa, I prefer
To make life's journey
Along the paths of Paradise."
He said that sentence over twice,
And thought it sounded rather nice
For an attorney.

"I'm poor," he said (Love's truest art
Makes this a sotto voce part),
"But if you'll promise me your heart
In sweet surrender,
We shall not want for sordid gold;
Clarissa, you are wealth untold—
You are"—the metaphor was bold—
"My legal tender."

—Frank Demster Sherman in Life.

The Arizona Kicker.

Provender.—Our birthday occurs next week Friday—that being our thirty-fifth—and any little reminder sent in by the public will be warmly appreciated. We stand in need of shirts, socks, neckties, collars, etc., and it has been suggested that the ladies organize and contribute to a generous outfit.

Some of our friends declare that, in view of what The Kicker has done for this locality, a purse of $100 should be presented to us by the men. We should be thankful, of course, and more thankful if it was made $150. An editor should be modest, however, and we simply throw out these few suggestions without any thought of being personal.

P. S.—We wear a No. 15 collar and the shirts should be full in the back.

More Wind.—Professor Rose, who hit this town last spring to get up a class in music, and who has been here on his uppers ever since, doesn't like our way of dealing with him. Because we suggested last week that he quit dead beating and pick up the pick or shovel, he is around town calling us a fugitive from justice and asking why the police don't do something.

Gently, professor. When we left Xenia, O., the sheriff patted us on the back and lent us half a dollar. We are the only man in this town who doesn't turn pale when the stage comes in, and the only one who doesn't break for the sage brush when it is announced that the United States marshal is here. We ain't rich or pretty, but we are good, and the professor is barking up the wrong tree. We don't bear him any ill will, but the professor must retract his statements about us or we'll drop a line to Pinkerton asking if Yaller Jim, alias Professor Rose, isn't wanted somewhere.—Detroit Free Press.

Wanted, a Hen.

A man who subscribed to The News for three months writes: "I want to pay for my subscription, but I'm a little short of money; so I send you a half dozen eggs. If you'll put 'em under a setin' hen they'll hatch out enough chickens to pay for a year's subscription." Now, this is a new way to pay debts; but if somebody will give us a hen we will try the experiment.—Smithville (Ga.) News.

No Publicity Wanted.

"So there was a row at your house last night, Quigley?"

"Yes, my uncle was badly hurt. But how did you hear about it? I took every precaution to have the affair kept quiet."

"What precautions did you take?"

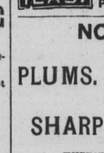
"I engaged several detectives to work on the case."—Lincoln Journal.

Had Enough to Last.

Woman (to tired tramp, who is resting at the gate)—If you'll come 'round to the back door I'll give you a piece o' pie."

Tired Tramp—Thanks, ma'am, not any; you gave me a piece of pie when I passed through this section last summer.—The Epoch.

BREADMAKER'S YEAST.



BREAD made of this Yeast took 1st First Prizes at Ontario Fall Shows in 1887. Over 10,000 ladies have written to say that it surpasses any yeast ever used by them. It makes the lightest, whitest, sweetest bread, rolls, buns and buckwheat pancakes. Bakers in nearly every town in Canada are using it. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

NOTICE.

PLUMS. PLUMS.

SHARP'S PLUMS

EXPECTED THIS WEEK.

GREEN GAGE & MOOER'S ARCTIC.

Peas, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Peaches, Apples.

☞ Fresh and nice at

W. H. Vanwart.

Fredericton, Aug. 28, 1888.

Harness Oil Blacking.

JUST RECEIVED 1 GROSS HARNESS OIL BLACKING specially prepared for preserving Harness, Boots and Shoes, and more particularly for winter or snow water. It is just the very best thing manufactured. For sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Fredericton, Sept. 11, 1888.

FOR

Reliable FURNITURE

GO TO

ADAMS'

COUNTY COURT HOUSE SQUARE

Chamber Setts,
Parlor Suites,
Pannelled Bedsteads,
Common Bedsteads
Lounges,
Rockers,
Cane Seat Chairs,
PERFORATED SEATCHAIRS
&c., &c.

ADAMS',

COUNTY COURT HOUSE SQUARE.

Fredericton, Aug. 25, 1888.

"GOLDEN FLEECE."

THE

CHEAP SALE.

—OF—

DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, COTTON, HAMBURGS, TWEEDS, HOMEPUNS, CRETONNES, FLANNELS,

Still Continues. Also, a Lot of

DRESS GOODS

For 8 and 10 Cents, former price, 25 and 30 cents.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

T. A. SHARKEY.

Fredericton, Oct 4th, 1887

DO

Not be Deceived, but Call at J. D Fowler's if

YOU

Would like to see the Finest Stock of Rich English Jewelry in Sets, Necklets, Rings, Lockets. Lace Pins, Scarf Pins, Gents Signet Rings, Buttons, etc. If you should

WANT

A Good Watch, we have them in Gold, Silver, Gold-Filled and Nickle Cases, at prices

TO

Suit all. In Silverware, our stock is now full in all lines, consisting of Tea Sets, Ice Pitchers, Cake Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Card Receivers, Castors, Vases, Napkin Rings, Jewel Cases. In looking for a Xmas Present you cannot

MAKE

Any mistake in examining my stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have a full line of Clocks, French, English and American, all styles and prices, ranging from $1.25 to

$100?

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE. ☜

JAS. D. FOWLER

Directly opposite Post Office

Fredericton, Dec 17th, 1887

JUST RECEIVED:

BATH SPONGES
Assorted Sizes

CARRIAGE SPONGES
Assorted Sizes.

FINEST TURKEY SPONGES
Assorted Sizes.

SLATE SPONGES,
All Sizes.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.

DAVIS & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

Cor. Queen & York Sts., Fredericton

Fredericton, Oct 4th, 1887

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

STANLEY'S ENGLISH SPECTACLES

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

GEO. C. HUNT,

Agent, - - - - - Fredericton.

See later Advertisement.

Aug. 22

To Travellers

Northern and Western RAILWAY

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect June 5th, 1888.

TRAINS RUN ON EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

A Passenger and Freight Train will leave Gibson every morning (Sunday excepted) for Chatham.

LEAVE GIBSON

6:30 a. m: Marysville, 6:45; Manser's Siding, 7:10; Durham, 7:25; Cross Creek, 8:05; Boiestown, 9: 0; Doaktown, 10:00; Upper Blackville, 11:30; Blackville, 11:50; Upper Nelson Boom, 12:45 p m; Chatham Junction, 1:20; arrive at Chatham, 1:50.

RETURNING LEAVE CHATHAM

7:00, a m; Chatham Junction, 7:40; Upper Nelson Boom, 7:55; Blackville, 8:05; Upper Blackville 9:30; Doaktown, 10:45; Boiestown, 11:40; Cross Creek, 1:00 p m; Durham, 1:40; Manser's Siding, 1:55; Marysville, 2:20; arriving at Gibson 2:50.

Connections are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. Railway for all points East and West; and at Gibson with the N. B. Railway for all Western points and St. John, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

☞ Tickets can be procured at F. B. Edgecombe's dry goods store.

THOMAS HOBEN,
Superintendent.

Gibson, N. B., June 2nd, 1888.

New Brunswick R'ly COMPANY.

ALL RAIL LINE.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

IN EFFECT JUNE 25TH, 1888.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

LEAVE FREDERICTON:

6 00 A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points, McAdam Junction, Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, Edmundston, and points north.

11 30 A. M.—For Fredericton Junction St. John and points east.

3 50 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East

ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON:

9 25 A. M.—From Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East.

2 15 P. M.—From Fredericton Junction, Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland Boston and points West; St John, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, and Woodstock.

7 15 P. M.—Express from St. John and intermediate points, St. Stephen, Houlton and Woodstock.

LEAVE GIBSON:

11 30 A. M.—Express for Woodstock, and points north.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON:

10 33 A. M.—Express from Woodstock and points north.

H. D. McLEOD, Supt. Southern Division. | F. W. CRAM, General Manager

A. J. HEATH, General Pass. and Ticket Agent.

St. John, N. B., June 25th, 1888.

YORK STREET RESTAURANT!

G. REX LEEK,

PROPRIETOR.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

OYSTERS

P. E. Island, Bustouche, Shediac, Providence River, and Virginia Plant. We make a specialty in the Oyster line.

PASTRY OF ALL KINDS.

We are prepared to Cater for Balls, Social Gatherings, Clubs, etc., at the shortest notice and on most reasonable terms.

Ham and Egg, Beefsteak, Chicken, Turkey, Tongue, Baked Beans, Hot Tea and Coffee.

BROWN BREAD & BEANS.

I am also prepared to furnish the above to parties on Sunday morning, delivering the same at their residence, but to obtain the same orders must be left at my Saloon not later than the Friday preceding.

The patronage of the public solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Fredericton, June 7th, 1888.

TRY OUR R. F. B. $1.00 UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS!

They are Reinforced Front and Back, and the best quality and fitting Shirt in the market.

FOR SALE BY US ONLY.

C. H. THOMAS & CO,

224 QUEEN STREET.

N. B.—Our terms for these Shirts at the above price are Cash, when booked we will charge $1.10

C. H. THOMAS & CO

Fredericton, May 19.

NOTICE!

FREDERICTON, N. B., 31st August, 1888.

THE FREDERICTON BOOM COMPANY will sell by Public Auction, at the office of A. F. HANDOLPH, Esq., Fredericton, on Monday, 17th September, next, at 11 o'clock, a. m., all the NO MARK LOGS rafted this season at the Fredericton Company's booms.

Sept. 1. H. J. OLIVE Secretary.

CALL AT

NELSON CAMPBELL'S

AND SECURE YOUR

Seamless Wigwams!

ALSO

Tennis and Bicycle

SHOES!

THE FINEST LINES OF

Men's, Youths & Boys

STRAWS

EVER OFFERED IN THE CITY.

Fredericton, May 19 1888.