

MR. ASQUITH CALLS ON KING ORIGINAL PROGRAMME CHANGED AS TO PROBLEM OF LORDS

Government Refuses to Surrender to the Extremists and May Present Scheme in Which Elective Principle Will Take the Place of Hereditary Practice.

London, Feb. 26.—Premier Asquith had an audience with King Edward at Buckingham Palace this morning, and the meeting has given rise to many fantastic reports. The fact seems to be that the Premier after yesterday's cabinet council asked for today's audience with the object of acquainting his majesty with the proposed modifications of the Government's attitude toward the principal questions dealt with in the speech from the throne. That modifications of the cabinet's original plans have been forced by the Radicals and Nationalists is not to be doubted, but the cabinet is represented as having decided not to countenance the demands of the extremists that all mention of a reform of the House of Lords should be dropped from the Government's plans.

Asquith's Views.
The ministerial view—the view of an important section of the ministry—is that if its programme is confined to a proposal on the question of veto, pure and simple, it would in effect be a proposal for a single-chamber Government.

WEST LONDONERS FEAR A JAM ICE MIGHT CRUSH RIVER WALL

Ald. Jeffries Is Determined to See That All Is Done That Can Be Done to Prevent a Flood This Spring—Bags of Sand May Be Placed Ready to Plug Breaks.

There is no disguising the fact that the residents of West London are very much alarmed over the possible break-up of the River Thames.

There is such an abnormal quantity of snow all over the country, that a sudden thaw would produce an immense flow of water, so great, they fear that the breakwater would be unable to withstand the weight of ice, and as a result the west side of the city will be badly flooded.

As a result, some of the aldermen have been talking the situation over, and it is probable that special precautions will be taken to protect the city from a flood.

Ald. Jeffries had a consultation with Mayor Beattie today, and also with Ald. Hancock, chairman of the board of works, as to the precautions necessary to be taken.

CHINAMAN WAS ASSAULTED YOUNG MAN HEAVILY FINED

Magistrate Love Told Sidney Lawrie He Was a Coward—Brutal Attack on a Foreigner in a Local Hotel Was Entirely Unprovoked.

Sidney Lawrie, a young man giving his age as 20, and his place of residence as 343 Thames street, was fined \$30 and \$7 costs or three months in jail this morning by Magistrate Love for assaulting Tom Lee Sing, a Chinaman, who keeps a laundry on Talbot street, between Fullerton street and Queen's avenue.

Unprovoked Assault.
The assault took place in the City Hotel, when the Chinaman was around collecting laundry, and was apparently entirely unprovoked.

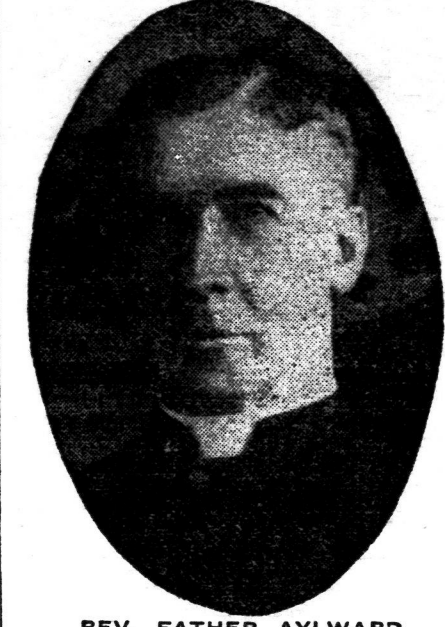
William Leslie, Charles Reid and William Sedler all told the court that they saw Lawrie smash the Chinaman in the face and then kick him.

NEW BISHOP AND REV. INKSTER HAVE MET ON THE GRIDIRON

Rev. Father Aylward, Rector of St. Peter's Cathedral, Returns From Buffalo—Tells of Father Fallon—A Man of Wonderful Powers—Well Liked by All.

Rev. Father Aylward, rector of St. Peter's Cathedral, who has just returned from Buffalo, where he conveyed the Papal Bull of confirmation of the appointment to the bishopric to Rev. Father Fallon, the new Bishop of London, was seen at the palace this afternoon by The Advertiser. He stated that in all probability the ceremony of consecration would be held on April 26, which is Monday, the Feast of St. Mark.

This date has not been absolutely set as yet, as circumstances might arise



REV. FATHER AYWARD.
Who Has Returned From Buffalo, Where He Had Interview With Bishop Fallon.

FIVE CHILDREN ILL WITH SCARLET FEVER

Asklin Street Family's Troubles Increase—53 Cases Now in the City.

Three more cases of scarlet fever were reported yesterday, making in all 53 that have developed so far and are under treatment. Several of the little children who are in the contagious wards in Victoria Hospital are in a very critical condition, and it is stated that they have a type of scarlet fever that is of the most malignant variety. In some instances there are several little ones in the hospital from one family. Another little child belonging to Mr. R. Giese, of Asklin street, has developed the fever, and was taken to the hospital yesterday. Mr. Giese has been particularly unfortunate, having lost a little girl with the fever yesterday morning, and he has four more children in the hospital now.

MAKE THE CONTRACTORS REPAIR THE PAVEMENT

King Street Roadway Is Again in the Limelight—What May Be Done.

The King street pavement is again in the limelight, and it is now up to the city to keep the pavement in repair, or compel the contractors to do so.

The Kentucky rock asphalt was only guaranteed for one year, but the contractors, Blight & Fleider, guaranteed to keep the pavement in repair for a term of five years.

To this end \$800 of the contract price was kept back, and is still in the hands of City Treasurer Bell.

The contractors can be compelled, so it is stated at the city hall, to keep the street in proper repair.

What constitutes keeping it in repair is hard to agree upon, but the board of works will have to decide that matter themselves.

At the next meeting of the board of works the question of the pavement will be discussed, and it is stated that the committee will recommend that certain repairs be made to the street.

It is a gravel road, but can be made fairly good with the expenditure of a couple of hundred dollars.

It cannot be repaired until such a time as the debentures covering the street are redeemed.

BRITAIN SOLD MORE TO UNITED STATES

Increase of Forty-Five Millions for Seven Months in U. S. Imports From United Kingdom.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Imports and exports between the United States and foreign countries for the seven months ending with January, 1910, were largely in excess of the imports and exports at the corresponding period of the year before, according to detailed figures compiled by the department of commerce and labor.

From the United Kingdom the value of imports in the last seven months was \$156,640,299, as compared with \$111,287,676 in the seven months of the year before.

From Germany, \$101,201,238, as against \$50,856,904.

From France, \$84,377,518, as against \$58,203,066.

Exports to the United Kingdom for the last seven months were valued at \$29,230,019.

To Germany, \$164,419,580.

To Canada, \$116,130,775.

To France, \$87,460,132.

An increase everywhere except to the United Kingdom, which showed a slight falling off.

THE WEATHER
TOMORROW—SLEET AND RAIN.
FORECASTS.
Toronto, Feb. 26—8 a.m.
Fresh to strong southerly winds; mild; light falls of snow, sleet or rain tonight and on Sunday.

A JOINT STOCK COMPANY TO PROVIDE FACTORY SITES AS A LONDON INDUCEMENT

Businesslike Suggestion Was Made at the Meeting of the Board of Trade—City Should Go After an Automobile Industry—London Must Do Something to Compete With Other Places.

The purchase of factory sites for the bringing of industries to London was the cause of a long debate at the meeting of the board of trade last night, and several suggestions were made as to the best method of accomplishing the end in view.

Mr. T. B. Escott suggested that a joint stock company be formed to purchase land outside of the city to be given as factory sites. The land could be purchased at comparatively low figure and could be leased to manufacturers for a long term of years. This company would not be bound by acts of legislatures, being independent, but they would, of course, work in harmony with the city council and the board of trade. These outlying sections could be brought into the city from time to time, and the city reason of this unfair treatment, especially in view of the fact that Windsor and other cities could purchase lands for this purpose.

A Joint Stock Company.
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DOG-CATCHER WAS ARRESTED SPENT NIGHT IN THE CELLS

"Ben" Blackstock Created a Row at Grand Opera House and Was Promptly "Bagged" by P. C. Noonan—Magistrate Love Is Puzzled to Know What to Do With Man Appointed by the City to Catch Dogs.

Ben Blackstock, the city dog-catcher, was arrested by P. C. Thomas Noonan last night in the lobby of the Grand Opera House, as he was trying to force his way into the theatre, and was rudely jostling many ladies and others who were coming out at the close of the performance.

"Benny" has been steadily "cutting into the grapes" since he was appointed dog-catcher, and he has given you every chance and you don't seem to want to be helped. I am going to bail you to appear in court on both charges two weeks from today."

Chief Williams' Opinion.
"I think Blackstock is unquestionably crazy, and should be put in the asylum," Chief Williams told The Advertiser. "He is not a fit man to be at large."

It is alleged that Blackstock made the continued the eloquent Benjamin. "I want the dogs that are in this theatre, and no person can stop me from catching them," said the big Irish look after himself.

ARM WAS TERRIBLY MANGLED IN AN AUTOMATIC CARRIER

James Tiney, Employed by the McCormick Mfg. Company, Suffered Fearful Accident While at Work Today—Arm Was Ground So Badly It Will Likely Have To Be Amputated.

James Tiney, a young Englishman, employed at McCormick's, met with a very serious accident this afternoon at the works, when he had his arm caught in a carrier, and it was smashed and ground so badly that it is feared it will be necessary to amputate it at the elbow.

TWO-POUND LOAF DEMANDED BY LOCAL REAL ESTATERS

Resolution Will Be Presented to the Legislature Praying for the Amending of the Ontario Bread Act—Some Talk of a Four-Pound Loaf, But Nothing Was Done.

At Friday night's meeting of the Real Estate Owners' Association it was unanimously decided to recommend to the legislature the passing of a statute requiring bakers to make and sell a standard loaf of two pounds and a fancy loaf of one pound, with the option of making whatever other kinds of loaves they like.

It was also decided to recommend that a change be made in the inspection so that the bread inspector may be given more power. It was suggested that the inspector be allowed to investigate bread at any time, either in the shop or in the wagon, instead of being limited as he is now.

Outside Bakers.
The question of asking the Legislature to allow municipalities to license outside bakers who compete with those at home, caused considerable discussion, and it was finally decided to leave the matter over for further discussion.

A resolution asking for a standard two-pound ordinary loaf, and a standard one-pound fancy loaf, will be forwarded to Toronto in time to be presented at the meeting on Tuesday, when the question comes up in the House.

A Four-Pound Loaf.
The question of asking for a standard four-pound loaf, such as is sold in England, also came up, and the members decided that if a two-pound loaf is made and the bakers are required by law to give it to everybody asking for it, it would be satisfactory.

GRAND TRUNK TO RELAY LINE WITH HUNDRED-POUND RAILS

Already 200 Miles of the Main Line From Montreal to Napanee Has Been Relaid—A Big Scheme to Improve the Roadbed.

The Grand Trunk have a proposition to relay their whole line from Montreal to Chicago with 100-pound rails, and use the present 80-pound rails for switches and sidings. Already 200 miles of the main line from Montreal to Napanee has been relaid, and the remaining 133 miles into Toronto will be gone on with at once. After that the work of relaying the rails through to this city, Detroit and Chicago will be gone on with.

The Work Here.
The work of relaying in this district will probably be commenced during the coming summer. Assistant Superintendent Bowker told The Advertiser this afternoon, "The idea is to make a better roadbed."

In the last few years the size and weight of the engines has enormously increased, and so also has the hauling capacity. Trains of 50 and 60 cars are common now, and unless the roadbed is heavy enough to stand the strain, particularly in the frosty weather,

UNIVERSITY MEN WILL GRAVE ANOTHER TALK WITH SIR JAMES

Premier Whitney Will Be Sounded as to How He Would Feel If Confronted by Another Deputation From the Western—A Meet of Board Held This Morning.

"Come now, let us reason together." Such will be the message sent to Sir James Whitney by the board of governors of the Western University. It may not be couched in this precise language, but such will be the burden of it.

A meeting of the board was held this morning, at which the matter was thoroughly discussed, and it was decided to ask Sir James to meet another deputation at the earliest possible moment, and to suggest the number of delegates he would prefer.

No information was given as to what the nature of the request would be, but the gentlemen who are interested in the university's future are hopeful that a more reasonable attitude will be shown towards the university.

Seek Another Meeting.
"We merely talked the situation over, and came to the conclusion that we should ask Sir James to meet us again," said Mayor Beattie, spokesman of the board. "We will talk with him on the situation at as early a date as will be suitable to him. He will be asked to

give the number of delegates that would suit his purpose."

The request will be sent to Sir James Whitney at once, and it is expected that an answer will be received shortly.

Mayor Guest, of St. Thomas, was one of the members present, and he declared that his section of Western Ontario was keenly alive to the rights of the Western.

Obtain Justice.
"We are very anxious to see the Western obtain justice," said Mayor Guest. "We want to have a heart to heart talk with Sir James on our rights, and I think we can convince him of the justice of our claims. The university has done good work in the past, without any aid, and will do better in the future with a little help. The graduates of the medical school at the medical college are higher than any other institution, showing that the quality of instruction is the equal of any."

Those present at the conference were Mr. Justice R. M. Meredith, Geo. C. Gibbons, R. C. McMillan, Rev. Father Tobin, T. R. Smith, Mayor Beattie, and others.

ICE CREAM THIEF ABROAD IN LAND

King Street Lady Had a Bad Fright Last Evening—Watch Your Supply.

The ice cream thief is abroad in the land. Last evening there was a party at the residence of a well-known businessman on King street, given by his daughter.

Everything had gone on very smoothly until the time came for refreshments. Then the hostess retired to make ready the viands. In a few minutes she rejoined the company almost white with fright.

While going to get the ice cream she had found two men in the act of removing it. It was placed on the step at the rear of the kitchen, but the thieves had taken it as far as the side door, when surprised.

The guests were given a shock at so narrow an escape from having lost so dainty a dish.

Of course, they fell to telling experiences, and more than one of the ladies confessed that the ice cream had been stolen from their doorsteps of late.

Many cases have been reported, and it is likely the police will be notified.

THREE YEARS FOR POSTOFFICE ROBBER

Judge Refused Clemency to Thomas Curry of Falkirk.

Thomas Curry, the Indian from the Muncey reserve, who was found guilty on Wednesday of having broken into the store of Mr. G. M. Shipley, of Falkirk, and stealing some suits of clothes and boots and shoes, and also of having entered the postoffice, which is in connection with the store and destroyed some of the mail, was arraigned for sentence before Judge Elliott this morning.

A friend of the accused was present to urge his honor to make the sentence as light as possible. But the judge, considering the nature of the case, did not consider that it was an instance where unusual clemency was justified, and consequently sentenced him to three years in Kingston Penitentiary.

STATE POLICE SHOOT AT BETHLEHEM RIOTS

Foreigners Hurl Missiles at the Troopers and Latter Are Ordered to Fire.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 26.—State police declared they fired into the air to scare the crowd, and that unfortunately one of the troopers aimed too low. The bullet struck Joseph Samko, 38 years of age, in the head. Another foreigner, whose name was not learned, received a slight flesh wound. Samko was removed to St. Luke's hospital.

The troopers had been dispersing the crowds of Hungarians all morning. In front of the Majestic Hotel, within half a block of the steel company's main office, the police encountered a crowd that showed considerable resistance. Missiles were thrown at the police, who were ordered to draw their revolvers and fire.

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AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
A. J. Small, Sole Prop.

TWICE TODAY
FISKE O'HARA
"The Wearing of the Green"
BARGAIN MATINEE—Prices 25c, 35c, 50c.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3
The Famous English Comedian
DALLAS WELFORD
(BUNKY DOODLE)
And His All-Star English Company, in the Comedy of Manners.

"MR. HOPKINSON"
PRICES 25c to \$1.50. MAIL ORDERS NOW. SEATS TUESDAY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 5 **ONE NIGHT ONLY**
THE MESSRS. SHUBERT have the honor of announcing the appearance of the distinguished artist

MME. NAZIMOVA
IN IBSEN'S MASTERPIECE
"A DOLL'S HOUSE"
PRICES 25c to \$2.00. SEATS THURSDAY. MAIL ORDERS NOW.

MONDAY, MARCH 7 — The most-talked-of musical comedy in years.

3 TWINS WITH **CLIFTON CRAWFORD**
70—ORIGINAL NEW YORK COMPANY—70

COME TO THE Cement Convention and Exhibition

At the Princess Rink, London, Ont.,
March 29, 30, 31, April 1, 1910
Admission Free. Reduced Railway Rates.

See the newest and best concrete-making machinery, the many uses of concrete, the modern building material, from house construction to a highway. This exhibition is as much for the layman as for cement makers or dealers. It will open your eyes to the possibility of cement, and the trip will pay you well.

If you handle anything used in building, you can get profit out of space at this exhibition. Write me for prices and full particulars.

A. M. HUNT, Manager, London, Ontario.

Ask your local ticket agent for a reduced rate certificate.

The Imperial Male Quartette

offers special inducements for dates March 8 to 11, between London and Windsor, Stratford and Goderich, or Stratford and Sarnia. Address 426 Huron road.

ERNEST THOMPSON SEATON

Auditorium, MARCH 17
Illustrated lectures. Matinee 4:15. Wild Animals I Have Known; prices 25c and 50c. Evening, The Personality of Wild Animals; prices 50c.

WHITE STAR LINE

New York-Liverpool, via Queenstown, New York-Plymouth-Southampton, via Cherbourg.
New York and Boston to Naples, Liverpool & Queenstown.
"Mauretania" Saturday, March 5.
"Plymouth" Saturday, March 5.
"Adriatic" Saturday, March 12.
For sailings, rates, services, and secure berths, early application necessary.

F. B. CLARKE

416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce.

WESTMINSTER RINK—CADET BAND

tonight. Fairland the Beautiful, Monday, a grand series of entertainment. Grand illuminated decorations. Cadet Band. Admission, 50c.

JUBILEE RINK—BAND TONIGHT

London (Medley) vs. Stratford (O. H. A. Inter-medley), championship hockey. Monday, Feb. 28. Admission, 50c.

SIMCOE ROLLER RINK—MOONLIGHT

skating will be repeated Thursday night of next week. Skates to be reserved by phoning 1-0-6.

TACK PATTERSON, COMEDIAN, LON.

Don't miss Harry Lander, just a few open dates left. Tuesday at Hyde Park. Friday at Auditorium. Wednesday, 8th. Masonic Hall. For terms apply to Secretary.

THE Y. M. C. A. OLIVE CLUB ENTERTAINMENT

March 9 and 10. Tickets, 75c and 50c. Plan for reserved seats open Saturday, March 5, at McLaughlin's Bookstore. Don't miss it.

EMPIRE THEATRE, EAST LONDON

will open Monday evening, Feb. 28, under new management. Entire new show.

LAST FEBRUARY SOCIABLE, MONDAY

evening, 28th, invited guests only. Private dancing lessons any hour. Classes as usual. Terms easy. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

W. THOMAS MELBURN, CONCERT

comedian. For terms, dates, etc., address 41 Waterloo street, London. Last.

MRS. ALICE HENDERSON, TEACHER

of Scotch and fancy dancing, 471 Adelaide street. Concert talent furnished.

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON

Harpists. Music furnished for all occasions. 181 Maple. Phone 150.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES

balls, banquets. Phone 150. Tony Vita's Italian Harpists, 121 Queen's avenue.

LEANS TO DANCE—R. B. MILLARD

345 Princess avenue. Special attention to waltz and foxtrot. Rapid teaching. Low rates. Lessons any hour. 211.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DEATHS.

BYRNE—At Windsor, Man., on Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1910, William Byrne, beloved husband of Rowena Byrne, and the youngest son of Mrs. Mary and the late Patrick Byrne.

Funeral from the residence of his brother, Mr. James Byrne, 24 Cleghane street, on Monday, Feb. 28, at 8:30 a.m., to St. Peter's Cathedral, Requiem high mass at 9 o'clock. Interment at St. Peter's Cemetery.

BYRON—In St. Louis, Mo., on Feb. 24, 1910, Fanny, wife of Harry C. Symonds, formerly of this city.

Funeral notices will appear in Monday's Free Press.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

CONSIGNMENT FURNITURE, STOVES, chairs, extension tables, portable oven, organ. Jos. Brown, 97 Carling street. b

MAD DOGS BITE, BUT W. J. DODDS' Brown Leghorn hens are not equalled in London. Cockerels and eggs for sale. Call after 6 o'clock, 32 Inverness street. b

CANADIAN MARCONI WIRELESS shares at \$2 share. Phone John A. Moody, 179 Dundas, London. b

GOOD HORSE FOR SALE, CHEAP: also wagon and harness. 538 Philip street, near McClary's foundry. 12c

FRAME BUILDING FOR SALE, TO BE removed. Apply 540 York street. 13c

A HANDSOME MUSK OX ROBE, UNLINED, for sale. Apply Dr. Finkel, London. b

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD effects, including ranges, carpets, lamps, mangle, etc. 712 Maitland street. b

EIGHT WHITE WYANDOTTE PULLETS and cockerel; also ten Penedel Wyandottes; the cock won first at Guelph, George B.—, 459 Dundas street, London. 13u

FOR SALE—NICE DRIVING MARE, 4 years old, 1,100 pounds, dark sorrel, sound and gentle; \$175. Inquire 438 Queen's avenue. b

FOR SALE—SEVEN BOWLING ALLEYS, roll-top desk, 8-foot showcase, electric and gas lights, ceiling fan, pin setters, chairs, phone, cabinet, etc. Apply Graham & Martell, 135 King street. 11c-wty

FOR SALE—ONE NEW MILCH COW, George Jackson, 37 Wellington street. 12c

FOR SALE—YOUNG STANDARD AND registered brown trotting mare, by Monbars (231); height, 15.2, weight, about 1,000 pounds; sound; price for immediate sale, \$25. Mat Mitchell, 232 Ottawa avenue. 5c

THE TIME IS RIPE TO SPRAY OR wash your fruit or ornamental trees with our whale oil soap, to kill all pestiferous insect eggs or lubricating clays. Sold in tubs and barrels. The London Soap Company. 11c-wty

REMEMBER—THERE'S ONE THAT gives entire satisfaction. Nuttall's Fruit Cake. Sold by grocers. b

MILCH COW FOR SALE. APPLY J. McPherson, Iderton. 12u

FOR SALE—SPLENDID SECOND-HAND organ, in perfect condition; low price for quick sale. 24 Dundas st. 11c

ONE WORK MARE, CHEAP. APPLY Walker's blacksmith shop, Wellington road. 11c

Couldn't I Figure on your lumber requirements? Doesn't matter how large or small, I'll be glad of the opportunity.

GEORGE H. BELTON, RECTORY ST., NORTH OF G. T. R.

TWO GOOD DRAYS, ONE LIGHT DELIVERY sleigh, one cheap cutter, three good delivery wagons, one platform wagon. Smith's, Maple street.

LATE PATTERN MOTOR CYCLE FOR sale, in new condition; easy terms. Bicycles overhauled at reduced winter prices. Cunningham, East London. ywt

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD and soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Front delivery. ywt

Wood \$2 Per Load Best alash, 150 per length

FIRST CITY BENT GOODS CO 155 BATHURST STREET, PHONE 700. ywt

SKATING TONIGHT will be a pleasure if you have a smooth, well edged on your skates. The kind that is put on by PERRY DAVID, the skate grinder. Keya, 25 Dundas street. 21c

FOR SALE—A NEW SINGER MANUFACTURING sewing machine; never been used; also 25 yards all-weather Wilton carpet. Address Box 53, Advertiser. 9c

DOG MUZZLES, COLLARS, CHAINS, leashes, locks, remedies for dog diseases. Gurd's, 181 Dundas. b

HIGH-CLASS CUPBOARD, BASEBURNERS and ranges for coal or wood, at 15 Masonic Temple, F. Keene. b

Account Books Order Forms Loose Leaf Sheets Any kind to your order. Lowest prices.

THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO. PHONE 270. 91 DUNDAS ST.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 25c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month; \$2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CREDIT, Canadian Cady Credit Co., 203 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

DOG MUZZLES. We have them in all sizes and styles. Dog Foods, Medicines and Disinfectants. Dog Diapers, Collars, Chains, Leads and Whips. Dog Harness and Blankets. Dog Books, Papers and Picture Postcards. Book on "Care of Dogs" free. Everything for Dogs.

A. J. MORGAN, 113 DUNDAS STREET

GLASS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. HOBBS MFG. CO. LTD. Ridout Street. Phone 2803.

GREAT SALE OF LACE, EMBROIDERY, white and hosiery at Gode's, South London. Open evenings. ywt

SALE OF SLEIGHTS, CUTTERS, CHEAP. Factory sewing machine, cost \$20, for \$30. \$400 now \$70. Scott, Oxford street, opposite Barracks. ywt

CEMENT—We carry only the Best Brands. Get our prices. Apply to Anchor Brand—the plaster that sticks. Try it.

WM. COPP 93 YORK STREET, PHONE 1044.

CHAMBERLAIN'S WEATHER STRIP. Keeps out the cold. Sold by C. McLaughlin, 90 Wharfcliffe road. Phone 2362. ywt

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

WOOD, TWO DOLLARS PER LOAD: coal, \$5 per ton. Dominion Coal Company. Phone 50.

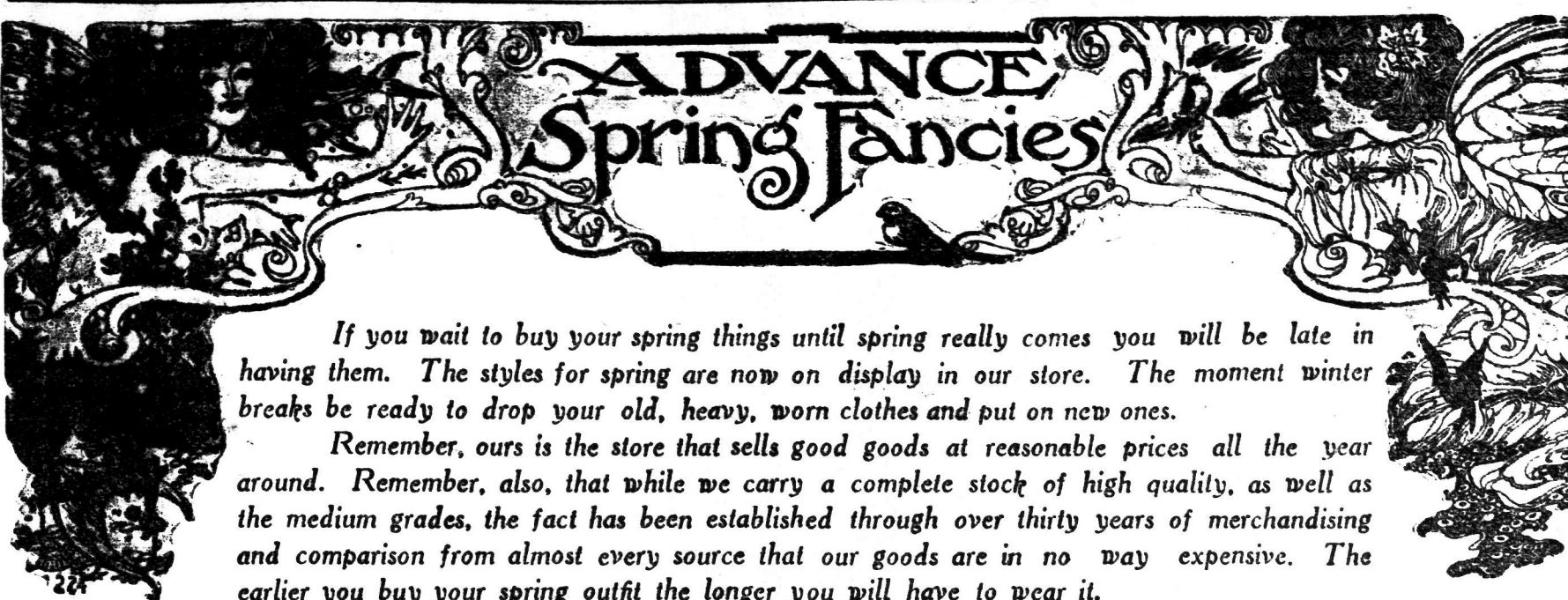
SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

HEINTZMAN & CO'S FEBRUARY clearance sale now on—Five pianos at \$100, three pianos at \$75, four pianos at \$50, payable 10 to 15 cents per week. Heintzman & Co., 35 Dundas street.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, LIMITED.

WEATHER PROBS: FAIR AND COLD.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, LIMITED



ADVANCE Spring Fancies

If you wait to buy your spring things until spring really comes you will be late in having them. The styles for spring are now on display in our store. The moment winter breaks be ready to drop your old, heavy, worn clothes and put on new ones.

Remember, ours is the store that sells good goods at reasonable prices all the year around. Remember, also, that while we carry a complete stock of high quality, as well as the medium grades, the fact has been established through over thirty years of merchandising and comparison from almost every source that our goods are in no way expensive. The earlier you buy your spring outfit the longer you will have to wear it.

Sale of Tapestry Cushion Tops

Oriental designs, in green, red, tan and ecru backgrounds, size 20x20. Special, each 21c
ART COUNTER—EAST AISLE.

Madam Butterfly Silks

36-Inch \$1.00 Yard

One of our new Silks from Japan, French dye, very soft and rich in finish; a pretty summer silk for ladies' and children's dresses or waists; economical because of its wide width, and reasonably priced; shown in navy, brown, olive, reseda, ochre, ivory, white and black; 36 inches. At, per yard \$1.00

These New Silks Have Also Arrived

Colored Paillette Silks, 20 inches. A yard 85c
Colored Paillette Silks, 19½ inches. Special, per yard 59c
Colored Louisine Silks, 20 inches. Special, a yard 75c
Colored Honan Silks, 34 inches. Price, a yard \$1.00
Colored Bengaline Silks, 21 inches. Price, a yard \$1.00
Skinner's Colored Satins, 27 inches. Price, a yard \$1.25
Skinner's Shepherd Check Taffetas, 21 inches. Price, a yard \$1.25
Swiss Shepherd Check, 20 inches. Price, a yard 75c
Colored Japanese Taffeta, 27 inches. Price, a yard 50c
Colored Japanese Silks, 23 inches. Price, a yard 25c
Black Japanese Taffeta, 27 inches. Price, a yard 50c, 60c and 75c

SPECIAL—We are selling an extra fine quality Shantung Silk (natural color only), 34 inches wide. At, yard, 59c
REAR/FIRST AISLE—WEST OF MAIN.

Chamois Gloves Are In

Many are waiting for a pair of these. Although we imported largely the demand for these far exceeded our expectations; but we have an abundance now in all sizes, in natural, pique sewn, one pearl clasp, at \$1.00

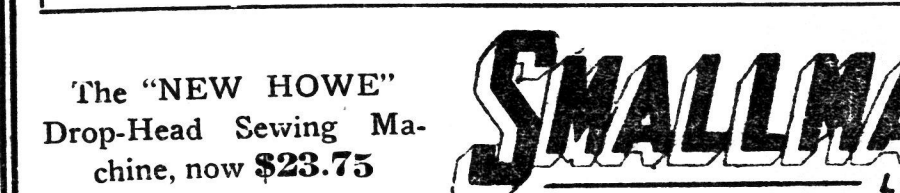
Also in white over-seams, with two clasps, at a pair 95c

These look as good as new after washing.

Mail orders promptly filled.

Another Big Shipment of BLACK DRESS GOODS received this week—Voiles, Crepes, Residas, Mohairs, Worsteds, Serges, Diagonals, Stripes and Plain.

The "NEW HOWE"
Drop-Head Sewing Machine, now \$23.75



ARTICLES FOR SALE

IF YOU WANT TRANSMISSION SUPPLIES 'phone 1860, and our staff is at your service.

SCOTT MACHINE CO., LTD.
York St. Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT reasonable prices for cash or on installments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 354 Hamilton road.

D. TRIPP, 90 KING STREET—RUBBER boots, for Mackinaw socks, same price as last year.

300 TONS Baled HAY and STRAW. Manitoba and Ontario oats, delivered to all parts of city. Phone 94. James McCartney & Son, 141 Queen's avenue.

CANADIAN POULTRY REVIEW, \$5 TO 25 pages monthly; bright, practical, fully illustrated; every department in charge of a specialist; 24th year of publication; 50c a year, three years, \$1. anywhere in Canada, outside Toronto. Address, Canadian Poultry Review, Toronto, Ont.

TO LET—HOUSE, NO. 3 MCGARVEY Terrace, York street, near Richmond street, eight rooms and modern conveniences. Rent, \$18 a month. Apply Smallman & Ingram, Limited. 12c

STORE, 702 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON; present occupant, druggists, moving to larger premises. Apply 212 Queen's avenue. 11c

A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, NO. 15 CENTRAL avenue. Apply at drug store, corner Richmond and Central avenue. 11c-wty

TO LET—10-STOREY BUILD. ALL CONVENIENCES and verandah. 28 Byron avenue. 11c

TWELVE UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO let, within five minutes' walk of post office. Apply 208 Central avenue. Phone 333. 10c-wty

LARGE FRONT PARLOR BEDROOM, well furnished and heated, also single room; hot and cold water; very central; strictly private. 523 Talbot street. 11c-wty

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 87½ Waterloo street. Apply next door north. 51c-wty

20c pair of Half-Soles 15c
7c pair of Hosiery 15c
25c Hockey Stocks 15c
10c Granite Dinner Plates 50c
25c Glass Pitchers 15c
8c Lantern Globes 50c
5c Lamp Chimneys 10c
15c bar Laundry Soap 10c

PHONES 1134, 2961, 1141

ARTICLES FOR SALE

STANDARD
House Furnishing Co.
Complete House Furnishers.
656 Dundas St. CASH OR CREDIT.

ONE-CENT VALENTINES, RED STAR News Company, 10 Market Lane.

FISH AND OYSTERS, SEAL-SHIP, all meat. 8c. Onn. Phone 1286.

HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET.

FOR SALE—FOUR EIGHT-ROOMED modern houses on Edward street, near Woodwood avenue, at a bargain for quick sale; also eight-roomed modern house to let. Apply 133 Langarth street, or phone 245.

TO LET—SIX-ROOMED COTTAGE; hard, soft water, large barn, variety of fruit trees. 6 St. Patrick street. b

FURNISHED HOUSE—HIGH, DRY situation, hot water heating. Apply Miss Nelles, morning or evening, 55 Ridout street, South London. 13c-wty

TO LET—HOUSE, NO. 3 MCGARVEY Terrace, York street, near Richmond street, eight rooms and modern conveniences. Rent, \$18 a month. Apply Smallman & Ingram, Limited. 12c

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15c bar Laundry Soap 10c

PHONES 1134, 2961, 1141

HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET

COTTAGE TO LET—12 BATHURST street, 6 rooms, bath and closet. Apply 119 Bathurst street. 12c-wty

TO LET—TWO FRONT ROOMS, WITH all conveniences; with or without board. 213 Queen's avenue. 11c

PLEASANT, COMFORTABLE FRONT rooms, central; furniture, gas, hot soft water in bath. 123 Maple street. 8c

TO LET—THREE FRONT ROOMS, suitable for light housekeeping; water and other conveniences; 192 Central avenue. Apply 190 Central avenue. 7c

TO LET—PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY on Dundas street, East London. Apply 736 Dundas street. 7c

SHOP, CORNER DUNDAS AND ADELAIDE streets, with fixtures, complete, storeroom and three fine cellars, from April 1; now occupied by N. McLeod. Apply to Lilley, 404 Adelaide. 6c

FOR RENT—A WELL-FURNISHED room in all-modern house, near the C. P. R. station. Apply for further particulars to Box 37, this office. 4c

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS—Largest in city. Good storage. 355 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

FOR RENT—IMPROVED MOVING VANS—Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and piano carefully moved. W. A. Broughton (successor to John Biggs), Storage, 37 Darling street. Phone 152; residence, 144.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs, residence, 144.

IDEAL MOVING VAN—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. Good service. H. F. Day, 37 Wellington. Phone 287.

GARMENT CUTTING.

DRESSMAKERS AND LADIES' TAILORS who design without "high and low" bust measure are behind latest methods, and should investigate. Open evenings. Cutting School, 245 Dundas street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GOOD DRAY BUSINESS, WAGONS and sleighs; owner leaving city. 439 Pall Mall. Phone 351.

13c

INSURANCE.

P. M. MILLMAN
INSURANCE AGENT.

Archibald McPherson Insurance Agency. Phone 745, 1009.

E. J. MacRobert Insurance
Agency. Phone 49, 1500.

Offices, 176, 107 Masonic Temple, Fire, Accident and Life Insurance.

G. M. GUNN & SON—ESTABLISHED from 1824. General Insurance agents. Ten fire companies. Next Press Press Street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

GOULD & MOHAN HAVE REMOVED from 22½ Dundas to Wellington, between King and York.

PERSONAL.

LADIES WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumphant Pills, always dependable. "Relief" and satisfaction free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis.

SAMUEL A. FOSS, MEDIUM, ASTROLOGIST, foretells your future for dime stamp and birth date. 1490 North Clark street, Chicago.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD—YOUR PAST and future can be

Knott & Sangster

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650

CARFARE CRESCENT—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT \$13 PER FOOT.

BELLEVUE AVENUE—A NEW SURVEY, RUNNING SOUTH FROM GRAND AVENUE, OPPOSITE CHARLES HYMAN'S RESIDENCE. THERE ARE ONLY 12 LOTS IN THIS SURVEY, AND THEY ARE ONLY TWELVE MINUTES WALK TO THE CITY. THESE LOTS WILL BE SELLING AT \$100 PER ACRE IN A FIRST-CLASS LOCALITY, AND A NUMBER OF THEM HAVE NICE BEARING FRUIT AND SHADE TREES ON THEM. CALL AT ONCE AND GET THE BEST OF THEM.

MCKENZIE ESTATE, NEW SURVEY, SOUTH LONDON. CALL AND SEE PLAN AND GET PARTICULARS.

NEW SURVEY OF FINE BUILDING LOTS BETWEEN PICCADILLY AND PAUL MASON'S, NEAR ADELAIDE STREET. ONLY TWO BLOCKS FROM CENTRAL AVENUE CAR. NEW BUILDINGS, TREES PLANTED, FINE, DRY SANDY SOIL. ONLY \$50 EACH. EASY TERMS. SPECIAL PRICES TO PARTIES WHO WILL BUILD IMMEDIATELY.

PRINCESS AVENUE—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x120 feet. Call for particulars.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x120 feet. Call for particulars.

EVA STREET—1½-story cement block, 3 bedrooms, room for bath, piped for gas, electric and drive house, lot 32x120 feet. Call for particulars.

SPLENDID CORNER GROCERY AND DWELLING, 14-story frame, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, verandah, lot 50x70 feet. Only \$12,000.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—Brick-veneer cottage, 3 bedrooms, lot 32x115 feet. Price, \$1,500.

FIVE ACRES BLACK LOAM, orchard, small fruits, frame 1½-story house, post foundation, 3 bedrooms, small barn, hen-house. Only \$2,500.

PICCADILLY STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, bath and w.c., hot water heating, verandah, lot 26 feet 8 inches by 125 feet, barn, Price, \$2,000.

SHIRLEY STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, bath, lot 36x75 feet. Price, \$1,200.

DUNDAS STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, gas and fixtures, verandah, lot 32x120 feet. Call for particulars.

THIRD LANE—Corner of Grosvenor and Colborne streets. Must be sold.

COLBORNE STREET—14-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah, lot 65x127 feet. Will sell on easy terms. Call for particulars.

ELMWOOD STREET—2½-story red pressed brick, cement block foundation, slate roof, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x110 feet. Call for particulars.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Two-story and attic brick-veneer, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah, lot 40x120 feet and right of way. Call for particulars.

YARROW LOT on Mount Pleasant avenue. Call for particulars.

ENGLISH STREET—14-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, bathroom complete, electric wiring, lot 32x120 feet. Price, \$2,100.

RICHMOND STREET—Two-story frame, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x120 feet. Call for particulars.

LORE AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, bath and w.c., water in house, small fruit trees. Call for particulars.

LANCASHIRE STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, water inside, gas, chicken coop, lot 20 feet frontage. Call for particulars.

WILSON AVENUE—Brick cottage, concrete block foundation, 3 bedrooms, furnace, gas and fixtures, lot 45x115 feet. Price, \$1,500.

WELLINGTON STREET—Two-story frame, brick foundation, modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

HAMILTON ROAD—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, lot 75x120 feet. Call for particulars.

DUNDAS AVENUE—Two-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, bath and w.c., piped for gas, gas and fixtures, verandah, barn, Price, \$2,200. Will sell on easy terms.

WILSON AVENUE—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, electric light and fixtures, lot 23x120 feet. Price, \$1,500.

WELLINGTON STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, room for bath, piped for gas, furnace, water inside, electric light and fixtures, verandah, lot 23x110 and right of way. Price, \$2,200.

WILSON AVENUE—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, good cellar, hard and soft water and sink in lot. Price, \$1,200.

LANCASHIRE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, water and sink in house, woodshed, tile drained, lot 60x120 feet. Price, \$1,000.

WORTLEY ROAD—Brick cottage, 2 bedrooms, lot 24x120 feet. Call for particulars.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story red pressed brick-veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, furnace, piped for gas, verandah, lot 32x120 feet. Price, \$2,200.

50 acres, lot 6, con. 14, East Williams; 6 acres timber, clay loam soil, 2 acres orchard apples, plums and pears, two-story frame house, good cellar, barn No. 1, 54x30, No. 2, 32x30, henhouse 16x24; these farms are not upon a wall, but Mr. Campbell has the material on the ground all ready for erection. As Mr. Campbell has gone into this business, he has asked us to draw your special attention to this farm, as it is first-class in every respect and well worth consideration.

50 acres, lot 11, con. 5, Lobo Township, owned by James D. Campbell; 80 acres cleared, 5 of timber (principally maple), 8 acres mowed, 15 in pasture, soil clay loam, land all level, naturally undrained, watered by spring creek, 2 acres orchard apples, plums and pears, two-story frame house, good cellar, barn No. 1, 54x30, No. 2, 32x30, henhouse 16x24; these farms are not upon a wall, but Mr. Campbell has the material on the ground all ready for erection. As Mr. Campbell has gone into this business, he has asked us to draw your special attention to this farm, as it is first-class in every respect and well worth consideration.

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PROPERTIES FOR SALE P. WALSH'S BULLETIN**W. E. WISMER**

Real Estate and Financial Agent

PHONE 1098 418 PARK AVE LONDON LOAN BLOCK

Houses for Rent

\$10.00 MONTH—Hope St., 6 rooms, 2-story house in good repair.

\$12.50 MONTH—Clarence St., 8 rooms, immediate possession.

\$15.00 MONTH—Dorrie St., 8 rooms and bathroom, key at office.

\$17.00 MONTH—Colborne St., 8 rooms, furnace and bathroom.

\$20.00 MONTH—York St., 8 rooms, bath, furnace.

\$21.00 MONTH—Adelaide St., new, 8 rooms, decorated, furnace.

Offices for Rent

\$ 8.00 MONTH—Richmond St., 9x11, steam heated, electric fixtures.

\$10.00 MONTH—Dundas St., 12x12, steam heated.

\$12.50 MONTH—Richmond St., 11x14, steam heated.

\$15.00 MONTH—Dundas St., corner of office, new, steam heated, electric fixtures.

\$25.00 MONTH—Dundas St., near Richmond, 16x49, new and thorough modern.

\$30.00 MONTH—Dundas St., 2 offices, 17x21 and 7x10, vault, heat and partitions.

Vacant Lots for Sale

\$125 PER LOT—Worth \$200, 40x167, near Exhibition grounds.

\$190 PER LOT—Near McClary's, 35 frontage.

\$275 PER LOT—William St., 37 feet frontage.

\$300 PER LOT—Nelson St., exactly frontage.

\$350 PER LOT—Adelaide St., 35x100, near Hamilton road.

\$330 PER LOT—Simcoe, 32x100, near Adelaide St.

\$1000 PER LOT—North End, 50x120.

Houses for Sale

\$1,000 New brick house, no payment down, \$10 per month until paid.

\$1,025 New brick house, modern improvements, good wagon shed.

\$1,300 North End, 1½-story, 6 rooms, good property.

\$1,350 Lorne Ave., 6 rooms, furnace, water.

\$1,500 North End, 6 rooms, \$100 down and \$12 month.

\$1,750 Inkerman St., 6 rooms, gas, water.

\$1,800 Wellington, new, 8 rooms, gas, chicken house.

\$2,300 Princess Ave., 7 rooms, furnace, bath, room, decorated.

\$2,400 North End, lot 40x150, 7 rooms, bath, furnace, oak finish.

\$2,400 North End, 8 rooms, bath, \$200 down.

\$2,450 Princess Ave., 7 rooms, bath, furnace, gas and electric, stable, 30-foot lot.

\$2,500 King St., detached, 7 rooms, detached, easy terms to reliable man.

\$2,600 North End, lot 68x127, 7 rooms, bath, furnace, gas, \$500 cash.

\$3,000 HINDLEBERRY RESIDENCE, stone foundation, slate roof, finished in style, oak floors, hot water heating, large lot, inspection invited.

TALBOT STREET—CENTRAL—Brick cottage, 8 rooms, modern improvements; lot 40x100 feet. At a reasonable figure.

PICCADILLY STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, lot 40x120 feet, \$1,700.

CATHART STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, modern improvements, lot 40x100 feet. Price reduced. Call if you wish to see.

WORTLEY ROAD—New two-story brick house, 8 rooms, all modern improvements, good lot. Price reduced.

ELMWOOD STREET—A new brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, nice lot. Price, \$2,500.

RENNICK AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick house, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, all modern improvements, good lot. Price, \$2,500.

ENGLISH STREET—A new frame cottage, 7 rooms, nice lot. Price, \$1,750.

COLBORNE STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, lot 40x120 feet, near Oxford street—A new 1½-story brick house, 10 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 32x120 feet. Price, \$2,500.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, 418 Dundas street, 4th floor, Graydon.

STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS, etc., 98 Dundas, Money to loan. A. H. Stuart, K. C.; T. W. Scandrett.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., corner of Dundas and Caroline, George C. Gibbons, K. C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

W. H. BARHAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., Office, 99 Dundas street, Murphy.

MCKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, above Bank of Nova Scotia, J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

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LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 435 Richmond, Phone 134. Goods called for and delivered. Our prices are very low, but we can do first-class work, and we will be happy to do it, but you do not get quality of work.

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DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. HUGHES, 24 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Telephone 536. Hours, 11 A.M. to 7 P.M.

J. J. MARON, B.A., M.D., 50 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Specialty, surgery, including diseases of women.

D. H. HUTTON, HOGG, M.D., C.M., Surgeon, etc., etc., Corner York and Talbot streets.

DR. E. PARDNER BUCKE, 27 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. ALICE JAMIESON—REMOVED TO 289 Queen's avenue. Phone 1223 for appointments.

JOHN D. WILSON, M.D., C.M.—OFFICE and residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Office hours, 12-2 P.M. and 5-6 P.M. Surgery and diseases of women a specialty.

DR. SEYMOUR THOMSON, 48 PARK AVENUE, CORNER QUEEN'S—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS—PHYSICIAN.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT—Hours, 10 to 4, 4 to 7, 7 to 9, Sundays by appointment only. 544 Richmond.

F. I. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Specialist, treatment of women, children, Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 238.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England). 297 King, Phone 830.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON. Electrical treatment. Diseases of women a specialty.

DR. G. L. CLARKE (RETURNED FROM EUROPE)—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 473 King street.

DR. BOYLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 12.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2, 4, 7, 8, and appointment.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER PARK and Dufferin avenues—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

HEALTH INSTITUTE.

R. C. BARKIE, PHYSICAL CULTURIST—Specialty, body-building. Phone 2565. Corner Maple and Talbot.

HOTEL CARDS.

BIG EIGHT-COURSE DINNER AT THE PALACE CAFE.

CHANGE IN PRICES.

Seven tickets for \$1.00 or twenty-one for \$3.00. Single meal, 20c. Ynt.

DUKE OF YORK HOTEL, DUNDAS STREET EAST—Modern, up-to-date. \$1.25 and upward. J. M. Young, proprietor.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL—41 AND 43 WARD DUNDAS and Wellington. Wm. J. Wright, proprietor.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MR. BERT WEIR, ACCOMPANIST, 43 Adelaide street.

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIRECTOR Grand Opera House—Violin, piano and orchestra instruments. 433 King street.

MISS JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF EDUCATION, Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 261 Dundas street.

MR. BERT WEIR, PIANIST AND ACCOMPANIST, 43 Adelaide street.

MR. CHARLES E. WHEELER HAS resumed teaching. Studio, 423 Waterloo street. Telephone.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**HOUSE FOR SALE**

256 Wortley road, modern; lot 37.6x220

R. H. SMITH

15 BRIGHTON STREET, Y.W.T.

MARRY RICH—BIG LIST OF DESCRIPTIONS and photos sent free, sealed. Address Standard Corresponding Club, Box 607, Graylake, Ill., 18141.

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS—120 acres will exchange for small property, conveniently situated. John Turnbull, Komoka, Ont. 917-yt.

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BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., corner Talbot and Carling, Phone 38. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

CRONIN & BETTS & COLERIDGE, BARRISTERS, etc., Huron and Erie buildings. Private funds to loan, lowest rates.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

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London Advertiser
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LONDON, SATURDAY, FEB. 26

POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

At least two propositions may be safely affirmed of the present political situation in this country:

1. At no time since 1896 has the position of the Ottawa Government been more comfortable and apparently more secure. There is not even a manufactured scandal hanging over its head. There is not even a trumped-up charge of misadministration against any Cabinet minister. The supporters of the Government were never more united. There are no issues impending which threaten to divide the party. The country has entered upon another period of extraordinary prosperity and the public revenues are likely to be buoyant for several years. The ascendancy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is never greater and more unquestioned.

2. The Opposition is not more formidable now than at any time since 1896. Upon the one important issue upon which its leaders have challenged the Government—the naval question—it is divided and distracted. Mr. Borden's leadership has not developed new strength, and he is still handicapped by association with Mr. Foster. The Opposition is without a constructive policy to oppose to the Government's record. If a general election were held tomorrow, the Opposition would be without real weapons or fighting ground. It seems that only a serious blunder on the part of the Government could furnish its opponents with a valid campaign cry.

THE FARMERS AND THE HYDRO-ELECTRIC.

"Unbusinesslike" is too mild a term to apply to the methods of some of the hydro-electric agents in bargaining with the farmers over the right of way easements for Niagara power lines. They appear to have worked on only one rule: pay as little as the farmer can be bamboozled or bullied into accepting. The compensation received by each owner depended upon his liability. There was no system of valuation and no regard for equity. Some of the specific cases of injustice brought to the attention of the Legislature by Mr. MacKay and Mr. Reid (South Wentworth) should be given publicity.

Wesley Smith, of Glandford Township, Wentworth County, was offered \$255 by hydro-electric "scouts" for the right of way over his farm. He asked more, and the offer was raised to \$600. He went to arbitration, and was awarded \$550. The agents then wished to spread the payments over 20 years, although they had paid other farmers along the line the whole amount due them in cash. Smith held out for full payment, and the towers are still lying on his ground.

W. A. Lovatt, of the same county, was offered, and refused, \$200 for the right to place nine towers on his land. A little later he was offered \$400. Arbitration was broached, and the agents raised their price to \$1,250. Lovatt again refused, insisted upon arbitration, and was awarded \$1,500 as a fair sum for the privileges which hydro-electric agents tried to extort from him for \$200.

The case of Samuel Hanna is equally flagrant. The agents tried to hurry him into signing a contract for the right of way for three towers at \$20 each, and \$75 for the destruction of trees on his farm, or \$115 in all. They told him that the Government had fixed the price, that they could pay him no more, and that he could get no more. He refused, and they raised their offer to \$250, then to \$200, and finally "after a year of dickering and threatening," to quote Hanna's words, they offered \$700 or arbitration. Hanna accepted notice of arbitration, and immediately was tendered \$875, which he accepted in order to avoid legal proceedings. He considered he was not getting fair play for the damage done his farm, or the inconvenience of working around the towers for several years.

Here is a signed statement by another farmer, Rufus Goodale:

"First they offered me \$150 for three or four towers, and some trees, and distinctly stated the Government had fixed \$20 as the highest price for towers. For nearly a year they came back trying to get me to take their price. They did considerable damage to my barley, peas, etc., in erecting their towers. I am prepared to swear I only settled with them finally for \$625 when they threatened to take forcible possession, and to avoid legal trouble, and I don't consider I got anything like fair value for the damage done to my farm."

Mr. Reid said he could name hundreds of farmers who had received similar treatment. "In my own municipality," he said, "they kept running back and forward for over eleven months, badgering these men every

once in a while, threatening them with arbitration, telling them they had the power to take the land, and they were going on taking it." Mr. MacKay indicated the policy which should have been pursued:

"There is no reason under the sun why the commission could have sent out two or three competent men who would be able to value these easements according to the conditions, the number of towers to be erected, the number of trees to be hedged spoiled, and go at once, and not start dickering and brow-beating, and offering \$200, and ending by giving \$1,200 or \$1,500. Competent men would have gone over the ground and told the farmer exactly where they intended to place the easement and run the line, and then would have told him what they considered a fair and adequate allowance for that easement, and if he was not satisfied with that, tell him he must go to arbitration; and let there be no dickering and no grumbling. (Applause.)

"The Province of Ontario ought to act like a province. It doesn't matter if it is the agents of the Province, it is the Province that is acting just the same, and it ought to act in a manly, straightforward, equitable way, and not in a brow-beating way."

GOOD ROADS IN ONTARIO.

Nineteen counties in the Province have adopted the good roads system and planned the improvement of three thousand miles of their leading highways. The Good Roads Association of Ontario considers the time favorable for a general advance in the construction of good roads throughout the whole Province. With this in view they are arranging for a widely-representative convention to be held in Toronto on March 2, 3 and 4. Efforts are being made to secure the attendance of members not only of county councils, but from the township bodies, and all other associations that are interested in improving the roads of the country, such as the farmers' institutes, agricultural societies, fair associations, various live stock associations, fruit growers and others. The movement is spreading also to the towns and cities.

The programme will provide for a valuable series of addresses from superintendents of county road systems already in operation, explaining the method of designating roads, the machinery and material used, the cost, and how the money is raised. Experts, in addition, are being secured from New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and other states, where the finest roads in America have been built. After a thorough discussion it is proposed to decide upon some policy that will include the most valuable points of all these systems. During the convention a huge delegation will wait upon the Provincial Government to consult with it as to future assistance.

As over five hundred delegates are expected to attend, special railway rates have been secured. Middlesex should be well represented.

THE BRITISH POPULAR VOTE.

The popular vote in Great Britain has been figured out as follows:

	Liberal	Conservative	Unionist
England.....	2,538,889	2,538,882	2,538,882
Scotland.....	292,226	268,801	268,801
Wales.....	206,288	97,123	97,123

The Liberals and Laborites have therefore a majority of 51,007 in England, 109,162 in Wales, and 126,265 in Scotland—a total of 286,534. The uncontested constituencies are included in these figures, by allowing 80 per cent of the votes in each riding to the candidate elected by acclamation. It is estimated that the Unionists profited to the extent of 300,000 votes through the scandal of plural voting, so that they would have been in a minority of nearly 600,000 if the "one-man-one-vote" system had prevailed.

The Liberals and Laborites did not secure a majority in the House of Commons proportionate to their strength in the country. For instance, they are in a minority of 13 seats in England, although they polled 51,000 more votes than the Unionists. The figures for the last four elections show that the popular vote has not worked out equitably:

	Majority	Majority in Seats
1895.....	1,310,632	1,213
1900.....	1,332,974	1,195
1904.....	1,426,418	1,239
1910.....	1,286,534	1,632

None of the figures above include Ireland. The Nationalists had an aggregate majority of 200,000 over the Unionists in the recent election.

These are the days when poor Rover leads a dog's life.

The Opposition's naval policy is the latest thing in mosses.

A classical quotation from Hansard, Feb. 23, page 4,222:

An Hon. Member—Rats!

If dogs are to be killed, the local authorities should provide a merciful method. Is there a lethal chamber at the pound?

Somebody has sent the Toronto Star \$50 toward buying a Dreadnought. The Star will no doubt gladly acknowledge the receipt of the remaining \$10,999.950.

A contemporary says that Hon. Joe Martin has not lost his unconventional habit of calling a spade a spade. But Martin habitually calls it a blankety-blank shovel.

Our local contemporary scores Professor McCurdy, and then gives him an opening by speaking of Mohammedan India. A well talk of Catholic England or Protestant Ireland.

A successful public speaker is usually a learned man; but learning alone does not teach the art. A scholarly address to which citizens listened not long since was full of food for thought, but the food was thrown together like a dog's meal.

Madame Melba has bought a dairy ranch in Australia. The prima donna

will probably be an agriculturist, as distinguished from a farmer. A farmer makes money in the country, and spends it in the city. An agriculturist makes money in the city and spends it in the country.

If Canada had seventeen million people instead of seven, would any Canadian advise hiring other men to defend his country? Certainly not. Canada will have 17,000,000 people in the not distant future, and we may as well begin doing big things.

CANADIANS AND THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

(Toronto Star.)
The Asquith Government was a democratic government, a government that stated its existence upon measures of social justice and social reform. It had substituted old-age pensions for the degrading degradation of the pauperous. It had fought the evils of intemperance and ignorance. It had endeavored to make wealth and industry bear its fair share of taxation. It had tried to restore the land to the people.

In such a contest the sympathies of Canadians would be with the victims of social injustice, rather than with the privileged classes. Canada was not peopled or settled, or built up by privileged classes, but rather by the victims of social injustice in Great Britain and Ireland. The children of privilege do not emigrate. Those who leave their old homes to build up new homes in a new country are either the victims of a wrong social system, or they are strong and adventurous spirits, who are willing to trust to their own arms and brains under conditions of equality.

SOAKED.

(Cleveland Leader.)
"What time is it?"
"I don't know."
"Don't your watch going?"
"Worse—it's gone."

WATCH FOR SCAREMONGERS.

(Cleveland Plaindealer.)
Germany wants a \$100,000 loan. It will not take the English experts long to figure out that this means 24 battleships at \$5,000,000 apiece.

A BEAUTY CURE.

(London News.)
The beauty cure that is engaging the attention of fashionable society at the moment is the milk cure, and its only fault is that it is ridiculous. Cheap for a cure adopted by fashionable society. The milk is taken inwardly and outwardly. A glass of hot milk slowly sipped at night composes the mind and prepares the body for restful slumber. Milk is rubbed into the face at night with a piece of soft linen and allowed to dry, and in the morning the face is washed in milk, but no soap must be used. Skin regularly washed in milk is declared to be proof against sunburn.—Health.

A USURER REBUKED.

(New York Sun.)
Shellock was bargaining for his pound of flesh.
"Nothing doing," answered Fortia: "we are on the vegetable wagon."
Not understanding the term, Shallock wrote up a different version.

PREJUDICE AGAINST SLEEP.

(Family Doctor.)
Why can some men sleep at will, and some nervous men, too, while others, sometimes very "heavy" men, with apparently unmovable nerves, are tortured by insomnia? Why, too, do some men seem to obtain sufficient rest in five hours sleep, while others require nine? Do some men "sleep slow," as Mr. Smiley facetiously argued in one of his amusing stories, or do they actually require more sleep?

The popular prejudice against sleep works an infinity of mischief. There are plenty of shuagards even among the cultivated class, but the sleep shuagard is in that class a very rare specimen. The tendency of the educated is to wakefulness, and the man who does intellectual work and exhibits what his friends think a disposition to overwork is actually a healthy instinct. Sleep recuperates him and he knows it.

A FIT.

(Hamilton Spectator.)
Wise-haired Tories should feel right at home in those metal muzzles.

ENTHUSIASM.

(Chicago Record-Herald.)
When there is nothing left for a man to be enthusiastic over he might as well be dead.

MUZZLIN'.

(Toronto Star.)
As the fashion journals so aptly remark, muzzlin' is much in vogue just now.

HUMAN NATURE.

(Philadelphia Record.)
Cynics—When a man gets all the money he needs there's only one thing he wants.
Silly—And that is, Cynics—More money.

AMBIGUOUS.

(Belleville Intelligencer.)
A country paper says in an obituary: "He leaves two sons, both married, to whom we extend our sympathy." Looks like a chance for a disagreement.

CHEAP POWER.

(Montreal Gazette.)
The London Street Railway Company, it is reported, is being asked to pay \$3 a year for electric power supplied through the Hydro-Electric Commission. Again it may be remarked that it was thought the Ontario scheme was to give consumers cheap power. There will be no great race of big power-using industries to the commission belt if they have to pay at that rate.

BAD KIND.

(Philadelphia Record.)
Nell—Don't you think Maude dresses with a great deal of taste?
Belle—Yes, but it's generally bad.

JOHN BURNS.

(London News.)
It is a matter for sincere gratification in this country that John Burns has retained his seat in the House of Commons, and by an unexpectedly large majority. He is much more than a Liberal leader of marked ability. Were he only that, we should feel no more interest in him than in Mr. Lloyd George, nor so much as in John Morley. But he is a conspicuous representative of the finest product of the world-wide movement of organized labor. He is a clear-headed, fair-minded, courageous and astute statesman, and he has learned his difficult art in the hard and uncertain school of experience. It is not many years ago that he was a passionate and violent agitator, from whom nothing but disturbance in season and out of season, was to be expected. Today certainly his sympathy with his own class is not less passionate, but his view of their rights, powers, policy and aims is broad and practical.—New York Times.

For Edison and Columbia machines and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 291f-t

Special Sale of 5 Dozen Ladies' Knitted Golf Jackets

All sizes; navy, white, cardinal and mixed. Regular \$2.25 to \$3.00 each.

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Mail and phone orders filled.

New Blouses Now on Sale
Prices 50c to \$15.00

Famous for Dress Goods

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THE LAST DAY

Studies in Music Free For One Year

CAN YOU AFFORD TO MISS SUCH AN OFFER AS THIS?

With the purchase of a Great New Scale Williams Piano we give you a Free Scholarship which will entitle you, or any person of your choice, to one year free tuition in music under any professional teacher in the city of London.

Yes, we know this is an expensive way of advertising, but it is the kind that is not soon forgotten.

TODAY IS THE LAST DAY.

WILLIAMS PIANO CO., Ltd

261 DUNDAS ST. H. P. BULL, Mgr.

BEEF BARONS CHARGED WITH CHEATING PUBLIC

Indictments Out for Six Big Companies and Twenty-One Packers.

New York, Feb. 25.—The beef trust of the United States, embracing six great packing companies and 21 packers, several of them multi-millionaires, socially and industrially prominent, were indicted by a grand jury in Hudson County, New Jersey, today, charged with conspiracy in limiting the supply of meat and poultry.

The indictment is drawn under the law of New Jersey, which provides upon conviction a maximum penalty of three years in the penitentiary or a \$10,000 fine, or both. The offence is extraditable, which means that practically all the meat barons of this country must either successfully resist extradition, or come to Jersey City for trial.

Pierre Garven, the public prosecutor of Hudson County, announced tonight that he would forthwith notify the defendants of their indictment, and would be ready to force extradition in each and every case where the individual concerned is not willing to face trial voluntarily. None, he says, will be spared.

Dribblets Let Loose.

The indictment goes on to state that mere dribblets of the supply were put on the market at stated intervals, small quantities agreed upon by the defendants, thus to curtail and restrict the supply "for the purpose of feloniously, arbitrarily and unlawfully increasing prices to the public."

Interesting and significant relations between the Armour, Swift and Morris interests, through the medium of the National Packing Company, are set forth in the document. In order to carry out the conspiracy, it is charged, certain adjustments in the directorate of the National Packing Company were necessary. At this end, the indictment says, a meeting was held in Jersey City, Dec. 11, 1908, at which various directors of Armour & Co., Swift & Co., and Morris & Co. were elected directors of the National Packing Company, constituting a majority and controlling the board. The Armour interests were represented by J. Ogden Armour, Connors and Mesker, the Morris interests by Edward Morris, the Wilson and Kenneth K. McLaren, a resident director (McLaren was not indicted), and the

Swift interests by Edward F. and Louis P. Swift and L. A. Carlton.

What Trust Controls.

The make-up of the directorate of the National Packing Company indicates how wholly representative it is of the great packing interests of the country, while in turn the company owns the capital stock of the following: Fowler Packing Company, St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision Co., Fowler Canadian Company, Ltd., Fowler Brothers, Ltd., of Liverpool, Ontario Packing Company, Hammond Packing Company, G. A. Hammond Company, Anglo-American Provision Company, United Dressed Beef Company. The National Packing Company was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey in 1903, and has a capital stock of \$15,000,000.

STONE TOWN NEWS

Serious Illness of Mr. Hugh Fraser—Children Nearly Set Their Home on Fire.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
St. Marys, Feb. 25.—Mr. Hugh Fraser, of the west ward, suffered a paralytic stroke on Sunday, and after partly recovering from its effects, he had another slight stroke today. Three doctors are in attendance. At present he is in a very precarious condition. A carload of horses was shipped from here today for the west.

The Baptist Sunday school room in

the basement of the church is undergoing painting and decorating by W. H. Judd.

The preliminary investigation of the trial of Dale vs. Blanshard in reference to the voting of the \$20,000 bonus to the St. Marys and Western Ontario Railway Company by Blanshard Township took place at Stratford this week. A Water street family had a bad scare by the careless handling of matches by children on Wednesday. The curtains on a window in a room caught fire and dropped to the carpet on the floor, but burned out before much damage was done.

NOTES FROM WALLACEBURG

An Esteemed Resident Near Death's Door—A Washington's Birthday Party.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Wallaceburg, Feb. 25.—Mrs. Pigeon, who had a severe stroke of paralysis yesterday, lies in a very critical condition. Slight hopes are held out for her recovery.

Edwin McCreary, of Toronto, was called here yesterday to be in attendance at the bedside of his father, who lies at the point of death.

Miss Ruby Joiner, of Detroit, is spending a few days at the home of her parents.

Mrs. W. D. McRae, entertained a number of ladies at 6 o'clock dinner on Washington's birthday, Feb. 22.

John Sweeney, of Oil Springs, is the guest of his brother, Charles Sweeney, who has been residing with her niece, Mrs. Thomas Forhan, died yesterday. The funeral takes place to the Catholic Church. Inquest will be made in Wallaceburg tomorrow.

REV. MR. HICKS' RECEIPT

Investigating Committee of Essex Church Say He Should Produce It. Essex, Ont., Feb. 26.—The committee appointed to investigate the departure of Rev. David Hicks, the Methodist minister, has decided to hold a formal inquiry into the case within about three weeks. It is said that the charges against the minister will number three, with twelve counts. The members of the committee declined to express any opinion on the case, except to say that if Mr. Hicks has a receipt for the \$219 collected from his congregations for missionary purposes, and alleged to have been sent to the board at Toronto, he should produce the document.



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London Life

POLICIES

GOOD AS GOLD

Geo. McBroom, Inspector. Geo. F. Emerson, District Agent. R. P. Pearce, Supt. Industrial Branch.



The Advertiser Robin
Is now upon the scene;
How about that new spring suit—
One that's a perfect dream?

Now, we make suits at Andrews'
From morn till close of e'en;
Their equals elsewhere can't be had
You'll agree, when you have seen.

We wish to announce to our friends and patrons that we are enlarging and remodelling our workshop over our store so as to be in readiness for this spring's rush, thus doing away with all possibility of not being able to get suits out when promised.

We have secured the services of Mr. Jos. Koup, of New York, to take charge of the designing and cutting. Mr. Koup has, prior to his coming over to us, been connected with the A. F. Hubbard Tailoring House, of New York city and is held in the highest esteem by all connected with tailoring in any form. He is an artist in his profession, and we are positive our past and prospective customers will be treated to a class of strictly custom tailoring equal to the best found in large centres.

Our aim is to furnish our patrons with the BEST and most perfect-fitting garments that can be turned out in the tailoring trade, and price our suits so as to be within reach of all, and to give to each garment an artistic character and individuality of its own, found only in strictly custom-tailored garments.

We solicit patrons with an individual taste, and feel sure they will be pleased with the result of our efforts.

CUSTOM TAILORED SUITS \$15.00 to \$25.00

ANDREWS' TOGGERY

Direct Woollen Importers No Middleman's Profit

This is the reason we can offer you better woollens than are obtainable elsewhere, and having our own tailor shop makes it unnecessary to send our suits to clothing manufacturers in outside towns to be made up, thus insuring you the best-fitting garments.



CORRESPONDENCE.

Collegiate Institute Fees.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:
At the last meeting of the board of education I moved for a reference to No. 1 committee on the question of Collegiate Institute fees. I did so because, in my opinion, the time has come when it is proper to reopen and consider the matter.

The whole question of how far the public taxpayer should carry free education is before us. No one now denies that every child born into the world is entitled to a fair chance in the battle of life, and his least possible equipment is the ability to read and write. Without these two accomplishments no one, in this age, can possibly compete on fair terms with those only as a start many of the greatest men have been their own way to learning and distinction.

In our day and province and city we go a long way beyond those two simples and give free to all corners a fair beginning in many other useful branches, art, literature, geography, history, mathematics, natural science, and last, but by no means least, that co-ordination and co-operation of hand and eye, and intellect known as manual training.

All this is done in the public schools and almost wholly at public expense.

and of this every child in the community gets or may get the benefit. We go further and, as by law we are obliged to do, we give to all the benefit of one year's free in the Collegiate Institute. This I believe to be right. A year of introduction to new studies, new teachers, and new companions broadens the child's field of vision and gives him and his parents a juster view of his bent and of his capacity. He is best fitted for trade, business or profession. Anything beyond that first year will be either directed toward the chosen calling or may be considered the luxury of those not yet able or willing to choose a calling. The question then arises, should the expense of this special training or of this luxury, both undoubtedly good, be charged up to the city treasury? There is an increasing disposition to answer that question in the negative.

For good citizenship everyone must read and write and have a certain facility of hand and eye so that he may earn his living. For his own protection from ignorance and pauperism the state must see to these things. To enter a learned profession a boy must have Latin and, perhaps, Greek, and many other things quite valueless to the merchant, and the mechanic, and quite unnecessary in themselves to good citizenship. Then why should the mechanic take of his wages and

the merchant of his profits to furnish this special learning to the others? It is hard to say why.

Of course we must have teachers, and those teachers, to have the respect of their scholars and of the community, must have much more learning than the trifling amount they directly communicate, and few teachers come from the ranks of the wealthy. Some, to be sure, are in that noble profession who are out of place there, but in general it may be said that the public owes some assistance to the really fit young men and women who volunteer to take up that important and not very remunerative public service.

I would go even farther and say that the public owes it to itself and to the intellectual welfare of the world to see to it that child penny shall not form an impassable obstacle in the path of learning to any youth of that rare intellectual ability to which the world looks for its progress.

I therefore propose as follows:

1. Leave the first year free as at present.

2. Raise the fee for the remaining years to say \$3 a month, instead of as at present, \$15, with an enrolment as now of say four hundred resident students in those years, would effect a saving of \$8,000 a year in tax-paid fees.

3. In order that no student of extraordinary merit should be driven out by inability to pay this larger fee, I would provide that a certain number of students, say twenty, the best in each year, should have the next year free of fees; that say, fifteen others, the next best should pay but \$1 a month, and still fifteen others, the next best, should pay but \$2 a month for their second year. This would be fifty scholarships in all out of a first year enrolment of say 300, a very good incentive to diligence. Similarly, let the best ten in the second year have their third year free, the next five to pay \$1 a month, and the next five to pay \$2 a month. Similar scholarships for the fourth year, say five, three and two students, would make a total reduction from the \$8,000 saving above mentioned of \$1,950, but would still place the treasury \$6,050 a year better by the change.

4. It may be hoped, too, that increasing the fee would drive out of the school a certain percentage of scholars who are now idling away their time there, and who cannot be persuaded nor compelled to work. If so, it would be a good thing. It costs more to try to teach an idler or a dullard than to teach a youth of some capacity and industry, and such a scholar is a constant drag upon the progress of his betters. Parents have no right to send such boys and girls to the Collegiate as a free nursery for the half-grown-up. As the fees suggested would not pay the whole cost, the better students must be encouraged, and their parents must be encouraged to look upon London as their city. If it be their educational centre they will become acquainted with it, and look to it for their business, and, finally, in many cases, for their residence.

G. N. WEEKES.

London, Feb. 26, 1910.

Local Option and the Hotelkeepers.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Kindly permit me to draw attention

to an item in your Thursday evening's paper, headed, "Hotelkeepers Are Watching the Local Option Movement."

The article in question says that the Tecumseh House, the Grigg House, the Dominion House, and several other houses are filled to capacity every night, while on special occasions there is no room for the proper accommodation of guests. They are told that some of these houses, the Tecumseh House and the Grigg House, especially, have extensive improvement plans under consideration, but that nothing will be done until definite information is forthcoming on the local option question.

This seems very strange, indeed, sir. There must be some misunderstanding on the part of the management of these houses about the nature of local option. There seems to be an impression in the minds of these hotelmen that local options lessens the number of people who travel or who take holidays of who go on excursions. This is an entirely wrong notion. If local option has any effect at all, it rather increases the number of these.

So if the Tecumseh House needs from 50 to 100 rooms extra, now, it will need them after local option carries, and so with the Grigg House or any other house that has improvements under consideration.

The hotelmen of this city surely do no wish to leave the impression that if the travelling public is not properly accommodated, the local option people are to blame. They are too honest for that.

All that local option does is this: It takes the barroom, with all its attendant abuses, out of our otherwise excellent hotels; and by so doing it increases the number of rooms at the disposal and for the comfort of those who travel.

In conclusion, sir, permit me to express the hope that the leaders of the temperance forces of our city may launch a local option campaign this year.

H. A. GRAHAM.

London, Feb. 25.

TURMOIL IN CANE FIELDS

The Foreign Consulates at Point-a-Pierre Placed Under Guard.

Point-a-Pierre, Guadeloupe, Feb. 25.—Forces of police have gone to St. Francois to protect the natives there, several of whom have been killed during the disturbances arising from the strike of sugarcane cutters. The strikers have gathered in considerable numbers about St. Francois, and are pillaging the surrounding country.

The foreign consulates are guarded by the police. Several sugar-grinding factories have been burned. Governor Gautier today announced the arrival of reinforcements of troops from Martinique, and that the French armored cruiser Victor Hugo was on the way here to aid in preserving order.

A MEDAL FOR REYNOLDS.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Tom Reynolds, the conductor who distinguished himself in the Spanish River wreck last month, has been awarded the King's medal for bravery.

For Columbia and Edison machines and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 291-t

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES

DIPHTHERIA.

A Safe Place to Put Your Savings

This company offers you as security its \$2,000,000 of Assets. These Assets are of the highest grade, consisting almost entirely of first mortgages on first-class real estate. You really cannot find a safer place to leave your savings than with us.

—3 1/2%—AGRICULTURAL SAVINGS & LOAN CO.—4%—

109 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

EXPRESS HITS AUTO

Widow of General Flagler Fatally Injured at Niagara Falls.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Benjamin Flagler, widow of Gen. Flagler, was instantly killed, Mrs. George P. Nye was fatally injured, and her daughter, Miss Nye, seriously hurt today, when a New York Central express train at a crossing near here struck the automobile in which they were riding. The chauffeur, William McNeil, was uninjured. All were Niagara Falls people.

FIRE AT UEBEC.

Quebec, Feb. 25.—Fire, which broke out this morning in the stables of J. H. Gignac, proprietor of the extensive sawmills on Church street, did damage to the extent of \$2,000. There was great danger for a time of the fire spreading to the factory and extensive woodyards nearby.

SHOCKED TO DEATH.

Nicolet, Que., Feb. 25.—Aldair Beaudouin, an electrician employed by the Nicolet Light Company, received an electric shock this morning while working on top of a pole, and was instantly killed. He was 29 years of age, and single.

LEAGUE MAY EXPLODE.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—There is a big chance that the National Hockey Association will explode at its meeting in Montreal Monday night, owing to the many protests over the jumping of players. If it does, Ottawa will arrange home-and-home games with the winner of the Renfrew-Wanderer game at Renfrew tonight to decide the championship. If Ottawa wins, Berlin's challenge for the Stanley cup will be accepted.

BLACK HAND JUNIORS.

New York, Feb. 25.—Two boys were arrested in Central Park in connection with a "Black Hand" letter received recently by Mrs. Louise Havemeyer, widow of Henry O. Havemeyer. The letter was written in a boyish scrawl, signed "Black Hand," and embellished with a dagger-pierced heart, a revolver and a bottle marked poison.

The letter demanded \$2,500 to be placed in a tin box which would be found on Feb. 24, at a point behind the park wall, opposite Mrs. Havemeyer's Fifth Avenue house.

Mrs. Havemeyer and two detectives found the tin box and placed in it a roll of paper, wrapped in a one-dollar bill. The detectives arrested the boys when they came for the box, an hour later. The boys maintained that they had been paid by an Italian to get the box.

A printed list of books of blood-curdling adventures was found in one of the boy's pockets, and the police are not inclined to believe their story.

LATE HOURS PUNISH THE FAT FOLK

It is the wisdom of ancient days that the fatter you become the quicker you weary. One sits out more dainties than formerly, the flesh grows weaker after eating of the waist measure. Fat is holding the balance and the cash for it.

You may reduce that fatty overhang, and so revive your flagging energies, if you will, in the simplest way. You can take off a pound of it a day, if you wish, without causing weakness, or wrinkles, or calling upon exercising, or spending for help. For years fashionable fat people have been using the famous Marmola Prescription, 1/2 oz. Marmola, 1/2 oz. FL. EX. Cascara, Aromatic, 1/2 oz. Peppermint Water. Now these same proportions have been combined, most elegantly, into a tablet, the Marmola Prescription Tablet.

You may take one tablet or many daily without injury, as an offset to the fat, and a sure restorer of that springy, lumpy, lithesome agility and tireless endurance you have begun to learn to yearn for. Tender 2 cents to your druggist for a case, or write to the distributors, the Marmola Company, 191 Farmer building, Detroit, Mich. Why not?

Catarrh Disappears

RELIEF COMES IN TWO MINUTES—ABSOLUTE CURE IN A FEW WEEKS.

Don't go on hawking yourself sick every morning; it's cruel, it's harmful, and it's unnecessary.

If after breathing Hyonol, the wonder-worker, you are not rid of vile catarrh, you can have your money back.

No stomach dosing—just take the little hard rubber packet inhaler that comes with each outfit, and pour into it a few drops of Hyonol. Breathe it in according to directions. In two minutes it will relieve you of that stuffed-up feeling. Use it a few minutes each day, and in a few weeks you will be entirely free from catarrh.

Breathing Hyonol is a very pleasant way to kill catarrh.

Get an outfit today on the money-back plan. It only costs \$1; it's worth \$1,000 to any catarrh sufferer. For sale by druggists everywhere. Mail orders filled by the R. T. Booth Company, Limited, Fort Erie, Ont.

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOMACH

Spring Humors are due to the impure, impoverished, devitalized condition of the blood brought about by the unhealthful modes of living during the winter, too close confinement, too little outdoor air and exercise, too heavy diet.

Most Satisfactory—"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for years, as a spring medicine, and have always found it very beneficial. We have tried different remedies but find Hood's the most satisfactory."

Miss Dorothea McDonald, 10 Buckingham Ave., Montreal, Que.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

For

The Blood, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Possesses Medicinal Merit Peculiar to Itself.

Has an Unequalled Record of Cures.

100 Doses One Dollar.

Sold Everywhere.

Spring Humors are due to the impure, impoverished, devitalized condition of the blood brought about by the unhealthful modes of living during the winter, too close confinement, too little outdoor air and exercise, too heavy diet. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures them.

Most Satisfactory—"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for years, as a spring medicine, and have always found it very beneficial. We have tried different remedies but find Hood's the most satisfactory."

WON'T GET THE BIG BREAD LOAF

One Baker Tells the Real Estate's Exactly Where They Are At.

TOO MUCH FOR 5 CENTS

Present Prices of Wages and Commodities Are Urged as Reasons Why Cost of Bread Has Gone Up.

The bread bill, which is coming up in the Ontario House next week, is of the greatest interest to both bakers and residents of this city.

It may not be generally known that besides supplying the local trade London bakers send thousands of dollars' worth of bread and buns out of the city every year to all parts of the district.

It is stated on reliable authority that the express companies alone receive in charges on bread and buns shipped out of London a sum exceeding \$20,000 a year. This bread goes into all the small towns and villages between London and Windsor, and many miles east, north and south of the city.

The Two-Pound Loaf.

Bakers spoken to by The Advertiser today in regard to the demand for a two-pound loaf expressed the opinion generally that there is very little demand for it.

"When we made pound-and-a-half and two-pound loaves," said one baker, "it was only occasionally that we got any call for them. People wanted the smaller and fancier loaves, and they still want them. I venture to say that if we made two-pound loaves tomorrow, there would only be a very few people who would want them. There are always a few people of that sort who want to get the most they can for their money, but my experience is that the great majority will take the smaller loaves as long as they are of the best quality."

Want a Five-Cent Loaf.

"People who are not in the bread business have not the faintest idea of the opposition there is to any loaf that costs more than five cents," said another baker.

"An increase of one cent in the price of a loaf would be regarded as an outrage by hundreds, and they would immediately commence baking their own bread. Flour is now selling at \$5.70 per barrel, as against about \$3.50 five years ago."

"How is it that in England bakers can sell a four-pound loaf, made out of Canadian and American flour for 12 cents, while here we have to pay 5 cents for a 20-ounce loaf?" one baker was asked.

English Bread.

"I cannot explain it at all," he said, "unless it is because the bread is of inferior quality, and I do not think that is the case, because English people would not stand for it. I have noticed the quotations in English papers, and have often wondered how it is that our flour and our meat are sold over there at exactly the same prices we pay here."

What They Won't Get.

"I notice," said another baker, "that the Real Estate Owners are after a two-pound loaf. They will probably want it for five cents. Well they won't get it. They can't get it under present conditions. Many of these same fellows have raised their rent on stores and houses, and are getting 25 per cent more than they were a few years ago. They are partly to blame for the rise in prices. Flour runs now at \$5.70 that a few years ago sold at \$3. For fancy breads we have to use large quantities of sugar, milk, lard, and other things. All have advanced in price. Lard, for instance, is now selling at 18 cents a pound by the barrel, where we used to get all we wanted for 6 cents a pound by the barrel. Sugar has advanced rapidly."

It Seems Hard!

"Bakers have to have horses. Just look up records and see how they have advanced, and also the cost of feed. I have looked up my records, and they show that the average family uses from 25 to 30 cents' worth of bread a week. Many a man in any of these families will think nothing of calling a few of his friends into a bar-room and spending 50 cents or a dollar in a few minutes. He doesn't make any kick on the price of the drinks, but when he hands out a cent at the end of the week to a baker for a necessity, he thinks he is being robbed."

Prices in England.

"You hear a lot of talk about English bakers selling a four-pound loaf for 12 cents. In England journeymen bakers get the large sum of 24 shillings, or less than \$6 a week. They also work for 14 hours a day, and in some cases, after that they hitch themselves to a cart and go around and deliver the bread. Here we have a law that no baker shall work more than 10 hours a day without being paid overtime."

The Wages Question.

"We cannot get any kind of a baker at all for less than \$12 a week, and in my shop there are six-month apprentices getting as much as English journeymen do. That is the difference, and that is why English bakers can sell cheaper than we can. Another item of importance is wood. A few years ago we could get plenty of wood at \$4 a cord, and now it is \$7 and \$8."

NATIONALIST ULTIMATUM TO PREMIER ASQUITH

Will Not Support the Govt. By Election Candidates Unless Veto Bill Is Assured.

London, Feb. 25.—Premier Asquith's predisposition to extreme reticence makes a judgment on the political situation a matter of great difficulty.

While it is easy to see by the numerous prolonged cabinet meetings that the Government is facing grave problems, it is not easy to forecast the issue. Several conferences of the cabinet have already been held, and another cabinet council has been summoned for tomorrow.

The Liberals, Radicals and Nationalists, in addition to the difficulty arising out of depleted party funds, fear that a general election now would bring a Unionist triumph.

On the other hand, the Unionists are aware that time is on their side, and that while the Liberal Ministry is floundering along, the Conservative organization and tariff reform propaganda may be pursued throughout the country to their ultimate defeat.

Mr. Asquith's statement that he had not sought guarantees from the King is interpreted on all sides as a confession that the result of the elections was too inconclusive to justify his asking for such guarantees, and the essence of the difficulties facing him lies in the impossibility of reconciling the divergent views of his supporters on the manner of dealing with the House of Lords. Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, Lord Lloyd George and Winston Spencer Churchill are said to favor reforming the second chamber on the elective principle.

The Radicals led by Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke, oppose the reform of the House, and want merely to abolish all power of veto by the Lords, both financial and legislative.

The Nationalists also want to abolish the Lords' power of veto, while the Laborites make a still more extreme demand—the abolition of the House of Lords altogether. A large section of the moderate Liberals probably would be satisfied if the Lords were debarré from interference in the matter of finance.

Cabinet in Session.

The cabinet held two sessions today to consider the policy to be adopted in regard to the House of Lords. No definite announcement was made, but it is understood that Premier Asquith will make an important statement on Feb. 25.

The advanced section of the Radicals held a meeting today at which a report was made that a committee had interviewed Prime Minister Asquith in regard to the Parliamentary programme.

The Premier, the committee stated, promised to bring the views of the Radicals before his colleagues in the cabinet at the earliest possible moment.

It is understood that these so-called Ministerial discontents told Mr. Asquith that nothing but the abolition of the veto power of the House of Lords would find support on the Liberal side of the House.

Perhaps a Referendum.

Premier Asquith's statement in the House of Commons next Monday when he will move to appoint the whole time of the House for Government measures is awaited with feverish impatience.

The lobby reporter of a Radical newspaper says he learns that the Government is seriously contemplating resorting to a referendum on the question of the Lords' veto. Another rumor says that Premier Asquith contemplated resigning in connection with the veto.

The United Irish League's announcement this afternoon was an important feature of the day.

The league declares that unless the Government before introducing a budget or other legislation seeks guarantees that the House of Lords' veto measure shall be passed this year it cannot ask Ireland to support the Government candidates at elections.

The decision of the United Irish League is of more than local interest, inasmuch as many English and Scottish Liberals owe their seats to the Irish vote. The decision was held for the purpose of considering what action should be taken in connection with the coming by-election in St. George's, in the east (Tower Hamlets).

Veto or Reform.

London, Feb. 26.—The Daily Telegraph asserts that the cabinet has decided all ideas of reforming the House of Lords, and will now direct its whole energies to limiting the veto power of the Lords. In this, the Telegraph says, the Government will proceed by bill, not by resolution first, and bill afterwards, as originally intended. This concession to the Radicals will not satisfy the Redmonites, the paper thinks, because the ministers have not yet decided to put the veto question before the budget.

The Radical Chronicle partly confirms the foregoing, by stating that the Government resolutions will deal with the veto, leaving the question of the reform of the Lords for future consideration.

London, Feb. 25.—The political storm is again threatening the existence of the cabinet, and the feeling among the Liberal politicians is most pessimistic as a result of the conviction that the Irish mean business, as foreshadowed in the Freeman's Journal of Dublin this morning. This conviction was strengthened both by the decision which the United Irish Land League reached at a meeting, and by the support the new junior lord of the treasury, William Wedgwood Benn, in the by-election in the St. George's division of Lower Hamlets, made necessary by his appointment to the ministry.

The league holds that until assured that the Government intends to seek guarantees from the crown enabling it to pass the veto bill into law, and before the introduction of the budget and other legislation, the Irish cannot be expected to support any Government candidate.

Resignation Rumors.

Rumors were again today to the effect that Premier Asquith contemplated resigning unless his restrictive

When Starting on That Winter Trip Don't Forget NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE



One of the Essentials

On your winter vacation you will most certainly want a bottle of Herpicide. This is doubly true if your trip contemplates a visit to a warmer climate. It is under conditions of warmth and humidity that the viciousness of the dandruff germ is particularly noticeable.

AS IMPORTANT AS HER TOOTH BRUSH.

"I find Newbro's Herpicide very beneficial for dandruff. I would not more think of going on a journey without a bottle of Herpicide than I would without my tooth powder. By using it often and thoroughly I find I do not require a shampoo as frequently, and my hair is much nicer."

Middlebury, Vt. MRS. M. J. WILTSE

AN OPINION FROM THE WORLD'S GREATEST LADY RIFLE SHOT.

"Travelling as I do—almost continuously, I have been troubled a great deal with dandruff and falling hair, and until I tried Herpicide I never found a remedy that was satisfactory. Herpicide is a delightful preparation and it really kills the claims you make for it, and no lady's toilet is complete without it. I heartily recommend it to my friends."

NUTLEY, N.J. ANNIE OAKLEY.

The germ is always busy. There is no escape except in the use of regular intervals of Newbro's Herpicide. Herpicide carries sure and certain death to this germ, and is the one really reliable remedy.

An imitation or something just as good won't do. Insist on having genuine Herpicide.

It Kills the Dandruff Germ--Stops Falling Hair

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY AT

Cairncross & Lawrence, 216 Dundas Street.
Anderson & Nelles, 268 Dundas Street.

One Dollar Bottles sold and guaranteed by all Druggists. Applications obtained at the best Barber Shops.

team quickly settles down. The Premier will make a statement of the Government's plans regarding the House of Lords, and Sir Henry Dalziel, one of the leaders of the revolting Radicals, will offer a hostile motion, asking the House of Commons to limit the cabinet's action to the abolition of the Lords' veto, and to disapprove all suggestions for the reform of the Upper House. Should this be pressed to a division, the Nationalists, if they remain in their present state of mind, are likely to give the motion their support.

The address in reply to the King's speech was adopted without division in the House of Commons today.

EGRESS FROM THE MOVING PICTURE SHOWS

All Films To Be Held Combustible and Law Enforced Accordingly.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Feb. 26.—The Legislature held a businesslike sitting yesterday afternoon, making good progress in dealing with the long list of bills on the order paper. An amendment was introduced to the act regarding egress from public buildings. This provides that in all theatres where celluloid films are used, the provisions of the law must be lived up to. Some theatre-owners, in order to evade the law, have claimed that the films they use are non-combustible. The inspectors hold that all films are combustible and the law will be enforced on that understanding.

The Passing of Bills.

By an amendment introduced by Hon. Mr. Foy, 30 days must elapse after a bill receives its third reading and is passed before it comes into force. This is to give the public an opportunity to familiarize themselves with its provisions. Heretofore a bill has become law immediately upon being passed.

The insurance act will be amended to provide that if a person takes out a non-contestable policy, and then commits suicide, payment cannot be refused unless the policy contained a specific clause against suicide.

The law regarding private detective agencies will be amended to prohibit agencies from advertising before they have taken out provincial licenses.

The factories act will be amended to provide that in cases of injury, action for damages may be commenced within six months, and in case of death, within a year.

Clerks of the crown will in future be allowed to appoint their own staffs instead of the appointments being in the hands of the patronage committee. Notices have been sent to the clerks telling them that appointments must be made purely on merit.

Before the orders of the day were taken up, Sir James Whitney spoke briefly regarding the question of exemption from school taxes. The provincial statutes, he said, showed the mind of the Legislature to have been distinctly opposed to interference with school taxes. The only exceptions had been in such out-of-the-ordinary circumstances as the Soo Indians.

"The Government," said Sir James, "will not consent to any legislation interfering with school taxes, except in cases so peculiar, and so out of the usual course, as to merit special consideration."

Mr. MacKay gave notice of an amendment to the department of education act, which will provide for the annual grants to urban public and separate schools being proportioned to the number of teachers in each school, instead of to the population.

LOCAL OPTION RECOUNT.

Clinton, Feb. 25.—The recount of local option ballots in Tuckersmith, which was held before Judge Boyle, has increased the majority for local option from three to four.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

Your Last Chance on Saturday, Feb. 26. On Monday We Retire From the Retail Fur Business

This is an opportunity to secure High-Class Furs at Most Remarkably Low Prices—Manufacturer's Cost, and in many cases Even Lower Than Cost.

Remember Your Last Chance, Investigate, Inquire. You Can Save Money by Buying Now

A great assortment of the most fashionable fur—Alaska Sable—a fur now generally quoted on a par with mink, at most reasonable prices.

A number of splendid Canadian Mink Muffs and Stoles to clear at cost.

Space will not permit us to mention the numerous lines and prices. But, remember, Saturday will positively be the last chance to secure good Furs at genuine sale prices.

About 25 High-Class Fur-Lined Garments for Ladies—Hamster Lock Squirrel, Muskrat and Grey Squirrel Linings—Prices \$20.00 and upwards.

Astrachan Jackets—About a dozen to clear, \$22.50 to \$35.00.

H. A. Sabine & Co., 152 Dundas St., London

DOCTOR FRITCH TAKES THE WITNESS STAND

Ex-Drumbo Man in Manslaughter Trial Testifies in His Own Behalf.

Detroit, Feb. 26.—True to the promises made by his counsel, Dr. George A. Fritch, formerly of Drumbo, Ont., defendant in the Maybelle Millman manslaughter trial, took the stand in his own defence, in Judge Phelan's courtroom yesterday afternoon.

With the testimony of the physician himself the defence closed its case. His appearance in the witness chair followed that of his wife, his sister-in-law, and nearly a score of patients and friends, all of whom had endeavored to account for the doctor's movements on the afternoon and evening of Aug. 27, the day on which, according to the claims of the state, Maybelle Millman forfeited her life in Dr. Fritch's office.

No witness for either state or defence manifested as little nervousness while on the stand as did the defendant. He told a story exonerating himself of any guilt of the offence with which he is charged, in rapid, eager manner. When Attorney Lodge, under whose coaching he was recounting his experiences on the day in question, failed to question him fully enough, Dr. Fritch amplified his replies that they might appear all the more convincing to the jurors. His recital of the events in which he figured on Friday, Aug. 27, fitted in nicely with the stories told him by the witnesses who had preceded him on the stand.

FRONTENAC'S REGISTRAR DEAD.

Kingston, Feb. 25.—J. D. Thompson, registrar of Frontenac, died early this morning, aged 83 years. Mr. Thompson suffered from a recurrence of stomach trouble and paralysis. He was born in Montreal, and had lived in Kingston since 1870. He was in the forwarding trade for years, and was Frontenac's registrar for 18 years. Mr. Thompson filled many municipal offices and was mayor for two years. He was an Anglican and a Liberal. A large family survive.



Eddie Foy at the Grand.

Eddie Foy attracted a large audience to the Grand Opera House Friday night when he appeared in his latest musical whimsicality, "Mr. Hamlet of Broadway." As a matter of fact, Eddie was right at home in this burlesque and pleased more than in any play of recent years.

There is plenty of scope for his quaint mannerisms, and his eccentricities, and he overlooked none of them. Age does not seem to bother him, nor does he destroy his popularity, and he would be certain of a big house on his next appearance here.

The burlesque on Hamlet was exceedingly funny. It is true that the authors did not rise to the possibilities with such a cast, but nevertheless, it was funny. One tombstone in the cemetery that made a distinct hit here was that of "Tommy" Burns, a victim of the "Black Hand," the inscription read:

The supporting company was very strong. Miss Belle Gold, for many years associated with McIntyre & Heath, made a decidedly good impression. She sings well, is very graceful, and can get away with a coon song, better than any lady heard here in a long time. Her most popular number was "Good-bye, Molly Brown." She was good.

Henry Coote, who was with Louise Gunning in "Marcelle" appeared in this piece. He had no numbers that did full justice to his magnificent voice, but many of his songs were excellent, and he, of course, made the most of them. Miss Laura Jaffray, Miss Ethel Intrinchi and Miss Josie Intrinchi were clever in their respective roles.

Eddie Foy was droll in this one. There were many "whistleable" songs in the piece. By the way, the dear girls of the chorus were well made persons, but there were not sufficient numbers on some of them for this Canadian winter. There was no complaint from the half-headed row, but some of the others thought an extra handkerchief or two would have

improved the early spring styles set by the ladies.

Lady Minstrels.

The lady minstrels of the St. John's Athletic Club have organized for the season, and it is the intention to put on an entertainment in the near future. Miss Minnie Raymond has been named musical directress, and the committee in charge are Mrs. J. E. Johnston, Miss E. Upthegrove and Miss B. McLeod. The actresses are Mrs. A. Beck, Mrs. W. C. Cox, Mrs. Francis H. Wago, Mrs. W. Schindler, Mrs. John Nicholson, Mrs. H. S. Blackburn, Mrs. H. G. Somerville, Mrs. T. H. Baker and Mrs. McKenzie.

HAMBURG COULDN'T PLAY

Trouble Over Piano Contracts Prevents Hamiltonians Hearing Great Pianist.

Hamilton, Feb. 26.—Owing to a mix-up in contracts, Mark Hambourg, the pianist, was unable to give his concert in the Grand Opera House last evening.

He has a contract with one piano company to use that make of piano solely on his Canadian tour, while the management of the Grand Opera House has another contract with another company to use only that make of instrument on the stage. The result was that both the artists and the opera house management were tied up, and the audience, which was large and fashionable, was dismissed, the money being refunded.

Miss Jeannette Lewis, who arranged the concert in aid of her effort to raise sufficient money with which to establish a sick children's hospital, appeared on the stage and announced that Hambourg would appear in the city at a local rink in April.

Dudley Causon, Hambourg's manager, blames the management of the opera house for allowing Miss Lewis to sign the contract without first instructing her that a certain make of piano would have to be used.

Miss Lewis, who says she was not informed by the opera house management of the state of affairs until this afternoon, will stand to lose over \$1,000 as a result.

Berlin has a population of 3,000,000 and an annual fire loss of less than \$15,000. Its fire department costs a little over \$300,000. Chicago's fire loss is over \$5,000,000 and its fire department costs over \$3,000,000. Chicago's population is two-thirds that of Berlin.

DRUNKARDS SAVED SECRETLY

Any Lady May Do It at Home—Costs Nothing to Try.



Every Woman in the World May Save Some Drunkard—Send for Free Trial Package of Golden Remedy Today.

At last, drunk no more, no more! A treatment that is tasteless and odorless, safe, absolutely so; heartily endorsed by temperance workers; can be given secretly by any lady in tea, coffee or food; effective in its silent work—the craving for liquor relieved in thousands of cases without the drinker's knowledge, and against his will, and he is cured. Give it to you? Then send the coupon below for a free trial package today.

FREE TRIAL COUPON.

Write your name and address on blank lines below and mail coupon today for free trial package of Golden Remedy.

Dr. J. W. Haines Co., 5322 Glenn Building, Cincinnati, O. I am certainly willing to use the free trial package of your Golden Remedy which you say can be given secretly and easily at home. It must be indeed a "Golden Remedy." Send it to me quickly.

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be meeting their paper with promptness, and there seems to be no reason for any fear. Everybody seems prosperous.

POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY, LTD., Battle Creek, Mich.

MADE FROM WHEAT AND BARLEY IS PLEASANT TO THE TASTE AND SO EASILY DIGESTED THAT SOUND SLEEP FOLLOWS A SUPPER OF THIS FOOD WITH CREAM OR GOOD MILK.

It builds up the body, brain and muscle and gives a rosy glow of health.

"THERE'S A REASON."

GRAPE-NUTS FOOD—

Refreshes the body for the activity of the next day.

But if the food we eat is not fully digested it is liable to ferment in the stomach and cause gas and that may disturb sleep so that we rise more tired than when we went to bed.

GODERICH OVERDOES LONDON'S FOUR GOAL LEAD BY 7 TO 3

ANOTHER CONTEST WILL DECIDE THE ROUND

Locals Will Do Well to Play More Combination When Teams Meet in Third and Final Match on Stratford Ice Monday Night.

REFEREE SPOULE CAME IN FOR SOME CRITICISM—GOAL UMPIRES CHANGED

Play Rough, But Pretty Clean—Offsides Called as Puck Went in Prevented Heavier Scoring—Rover Mullen, Hurt in a Collision, Had to Go Off for Ten Minutes—Prodgers Had Strenuous Evening.

MONDAY AT STRATFORD.

Secretary Hewitt, of the O. H. A., wired the management of the local Intercollegiate from Toronto, that the tie for the round will be played off at Stratford Monday night.

A special train will be run from London at 6:30, and a special car will be reserved for ladies. Tickets may be purchased from K. Casselman or W. R. Vining.

[BY OUR OWN MAN.]

With a four-goal margin, London just saved itself from utter defeat by holding Goderich to a score of 7 to 3. In the game at Goderich last night, London leaving a tie in the round of 9 to 3, and necessitating another game that will in all likelihood be played off in Stratford some time next week.

The half-time score was 3 to 2 in favor of Goderich. The game was a very close one, and the Goderich players were very good. The game was fast throughout, marked by close and hard checking that was responsible for a number of penalties. Other than this, however, the game was not dirty.

As for the play, well it was good individual work, but neither team made more than a very feeble attempt at combination.

GET IN SOME COMBINATION.

With another game before them, when they will have to meet Goderich without the comforting backing of four goals to their credit, it would be well for London to ponder on this matter, as a combination game is their one hope of success.

There is no question that in shooting Goderich has it on London every variety of way. London can play combination. Goderich has not yet shown that they can, and the phenomenal work of Carothers, Belcher and McLean could be practically smothered with good combination play.

With an individual game such as was played last night, however, the chances are in favor of a repetition of last night's score.

CASSELMAN BETTER THAN McDONALD.

Casselman was in the pink of condition last night, and his aggressive playing of his position, and his great rushes gave his team a confidence that aided them materially. In this he had it over McDONALD, who played the position for Goderich, who was nervous and evidently unaccustomed to the position, and failed to play such a defensive game as was needed, though when he got going he was a troublesome man to stop.

Mullen also made a name for himself last night, and until he was hurt in the second half, he showed himself to be the best skater and stick-handler on the ice. The heavy throw, however, and injury to his knee, though it only kept him off the ice for ten minutes, was sufficient to show him up somewhat, though he came back gamely, and was in the game every minute of the time.

CROW CARROTHERS. Carothers was a very good player, and his aggressive playing of his position, and his great rushes gave his team a confidence that aided them materially. In this he had it over McDONALD, who played the position for Goderich, who was nervous and evidently unaccustomed to the position, and failed to play such a defensive game as was needed, though when he got going he was a troublesome man to stop.

McLean was another troublesome person, and Belcher, the big coverpoint, was always dangerous, and though he was carefully watched, more than once came down the ice with disastrous results.

London says that in the second half, gave up the defensive game, and their play showed that the aggressive game is the one to play.

During the first half the play was all London. Goderich's scores being the result of long rushes from their own danger territory, and a couple of more or less lucky shots, in the second half, with London a little winded, Goderich was more dangerous, and their great shooting won the game for them as far as the game was concerned.

GOERICH FANS ARE A LITTLE SORE. There was no doubt that the enthusiasts who had crowded the rink before the special train, had come to see Goderich win, and there was less doubt that there was a very large number of Goderich fans, but other than having to bear some rather caustic criticisms, the London players and supporters were well treated.

There was some dissatisfaction with the rulings of Referee Spoule, but certainly from a Londoner's viewpoint, it did seem that there were more off-sides discovered, and that Goderich was certainly on two off-sides at least these off-sides saved Goderich.

GOAL JUDGES WERE REMOVED. There was also some dispute as to a four shot toward London's goal, which Londoners claim found the net, but the goal judge thought differently, and the referee did not see fit to overrule his decision, though he had during the evening removed two other goal judges, who had proved conclusively that their eyesight rendered them undesirable in that position.

Still he said that it is not the easiest thing to referee a protested game without any bias, and if Mr. Spoule did favor the home team, what he did not do so in a flagrant way.

The game commenced shortly after 9 o'clock, London opening out with a tremendous burst of speed, and carrying the puck immediately into Goderich territory. There it was that the Goderich players, excursions backward, till Carothers succeeded in passing to Orr, who dropped the rubber band from the stick for the first score after about four minutes' play.

AN OFF-SIDE PREVENTED SCORE. Goderich came back after this and forced London left for a while, McLean making a sensational rush, but shooting wild. A moment later the bell rang for an off-side, and ten minutes after the puck dropped in London's net, no score of course resulting.

Finally Casselman opened up one of his sensational rushes, brushing aside Goderich and boring in for the second tally after about five minutes' play. This made the Goderich enthusiasts look pretty grim, and on many sides the wise-aces were preparing for defeat by telling their friends that London was unbeatable tonight.

And indeed, it looked rather that way for a while, as throughout the major part of the first half the puck only made a few periodic excursions into the direction of London's goal, and when it did get in that direction Pearson gathered it in without difficulty.

MALLEN PLAYED PHENOMENAL GAME. Just as an off-side was called, Orr dropped in another, which did not count, but sent Goderich's hopes down with another bump.

Mullen at this juncture was playing a phenomenal game, winning in and out among the opposing players and showing some wonderful stick-handling that drew reluctant admiration from even the Goderichites. His back-checking, too, and for that matter the back-checking of both teams was phenomenal, neither having much the advantage in this department.

Casselman again broke into his stride and made a whirlwind progress up the ice, and only missed scoring again by the narrowest margin.

GOERICH RALLIED AT CLOSE OF HALF. It was drawing towards the end of the half, and Goderich came back with a great rally, McLean finally got away and in a neat shot put the rubber past the watchful Pearson amid scenes of wild enthusiasm. Scarcely a minute later

PRESTON JUNIORS TIE THE ROUND WITH BARRIE

Our Ancient Enemies Figure in Another Draw and Will Play Off at Toronto.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Barrie, Feb. 25.—Preston Juniors, who put London out of the running, came to Barrie tonight, fought and won from the locals by 9 to 2, tying the round.

Preston got the first two goals, but Barrie pulled up, and at half time the score stood 5 to 5. In the second half, Barrie ran in four counters, thus giving them a lead of two on the round, but Preston finished strong, scoring twice in the last ten minutes.

Referee Livingston, of Toronto, handed out 21 penalties, and kept the game close. The deciding game will be played on neutral ice in Toronto, on Tuesday, March 1, at 8 o'clock.

Preston—Short goal; Bowman, point; Rain, cover; Walker, rover; Beth, centre; Shearer, right; Sullivan, left. Barrie—Brown, goal; Horsefield, point; Rowe, cover; Horsefield, rover; Meekling, centre; Longman, right; Foytall, left. Referee—E. J. Livingston, Toronto.

ST. THOMAS DRIVING CLUB CLAIMS DATES

Railroad City Will Follow Stratford With July 5, 6, 7 and 8—A Great Half-Mile Track.

The St. Thomas Driving Club have claimed July 5, 6, 7 and 8 for their summer meeting, which will be held on the new track that has just been built by the club. This track is said to be one of the best half-mile tracks in existence, and as the men who compose the club are all experienced in the sport of racing the new association has a prosperous outlook.

It is the intention of the club to give about \$5,000 in purses and stakes, with liberal amounts for the purses, races, and the meeting coming up, and the following Stratford, is certain to be well supported by the horsemen. An announcement of the stakes will shortly be made.

SIMCOE PLEASED THAT TEAM IN VINDICATED

Not a Title of Evidence Brought Out Before O. H. A. to Show Water Was Tarnished With.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Simcoe, Feb. 25.—The complete collapse of the charges against the Simcoe Hockey team that some person had tampered with the drinking water at the rink, and that the team had been given a "kick" in the game, was a source of much satisfaction in the town.

From the beginning it was felt that the charges were not only unfair but absolutely without foundation. To-day, at a conference between August Hermann, president of the Cincinnati club, and Barney Dreyfus, president of the Pittsburgh team.

According to this arrangement, the games scheduled at Pittsburgh for Oct. 12 and 15 will be played on June 29 and July 1, and the games scheduled at Cincinnati for Oct. 12 will be played on Sept. 2.

BERLIN WALLOPED WATERLOO AGAIN. "Lehman's Lulus" Took Fast Match by 6 to 2 Last Night.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Berlin, Feb. 25.—Berlin walloped Waterloo's Stanley Cup aspirations here tonight by defeating them in a fast game, 6 to 2. The local won in Waterloo on the smaller ice Wednesday, 6 to 4. The double referee system was again used, Hertz and Fraser officiating.

THE TEAMS: Berlin—Lehman, goal; Cross, point; Corbett, cover; Edmund, rover; Dumit, centre; Froed, left; Anderson, right. Waterloo—Cross, goal; Baird, point; Powell, cover; Maloney, rover; Price, centre; McDonald, left; Charlton, right.

SOUTH RIVER WON. South River, Ont., Feb. 25.—In the final game of hockey in the Parry Sound District League, South River won by 12 to 6. The local won in Waterloo on the smaller ice Wednesday, 6 to 4. The double referee system was again used, Hertz and Fraser officiating.

GIVE CLARK A CHANCE. Scotch Runner Who Recently Came Out Will Be Tried Against Canadian Pros.

[O. N. W. Service.] Toronto, Feb. 25.—It is announced that another professional race will be staged in Toronto, probably at the Riverdale rink, on Wednesday night, Feb. 26. The event will be put on by a local promoter, and it is expected that it will be a very successful one.

NO COMBINATION. There was some great individual work in this period, Goderich showing themselves to be in a class above the moment, but there wasn't a sign of combination, and the game was a very close one. Finally Wiggins scored after a great rush. Shortly after some time had fallen into for the time, Mullen returned at this juncture, after being out about ten minutes, and immediately dived into the game again with enthusiasm, though his knee was evidently still aching.

PEARSON'S STOP CAUSED DISPUTE. Pearson made a great stop shortly after dropping on his knees after the rubber had bounced off his pads. There was some dispute about this, and on many sides the wise-aces were preparing for defeat by telling their friends that London was unbeatable tonight.

CARROTHERS PASSED, CASSELMAN SCORED. Clearing the puck from behind goal Casselman carried through the whole team for a straight shot on goal. Chapman, however, added another little leaf of laurel to his crown by capturing the disk and sending it off harmlessly. Only a moment later, however, Carothers got away and passed to Casselman, who notched the goal.

GOERICH CAME BACK AFTER THIS, and there was somewhat of a melee, in which Casselman was seen to take his turn on the boards. With Kenny off McLean succeeded in getting through for another score, a long shot by Belcher from three-quarters the length of the rink, which Pearson couldn't see ended the scoring of the game. A few minutes after London almost duplicated the performance, but a partial goal judge couldn't see it, and the referee upheld his decision, thus closing the game with the score: Goderich 7, London 3.

The round stands now: First game..... London, Goderich. Second game..... 5 7. Total..... 9 9.

The Line-Up. London—Pearson, goal; Casselman, point; Bernhardt, cover; Mullen, rover; Orr, centre; Prodgers, right; Carothers, left. Goderich—Chapman, goal; McDonald, point; Belcher, cover; Mullen, rover; Wiggins, centre; Walters, right; McDonald, left. Referee—F. Harvey Spruce, Toronto.

EDDIE SMITH

Twelve Recruits and Seven Veterans Will Make Up Fine Party.

JENNINGS AND TUTTLE

The Crew—Six Weeks' Training to Commence.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Detroit, Feb. 25.—Nineteen Tigers, including Harry Tuttle and Manager Jennings will start for San Antonio, Texas, at 5 o'clock this afternoon on their six weeks' spring training trip which President Navin, Manager Jennings, and in fact every one of them, besides all the fans in the city are confident will put them in condition to win another pennant for Detroit, and break the league record by making it four straight.

The Party. The veterans who will accompany them besides Manager Jennings and Trainer Tuttle, are: Frank Browning, Henry Beckendorf, Ralph Works, J. F. Casey and William Lelivelt.

The youngsters who are to get a taste of training for a major league team are: Pitchers, George Hardin, Ralph Stroud, J. Smith, Frank Browning, H. H. Perrell and Neil H. Vance; outfielders, Delos Drake and Harry E. Ball; infielders, John Sless, Peter Sless, and Kirk and George W. Simmons. Ness is the latest addition to the Tiger squad, having signed his contract yesterday.

NEITHER ABLE TO WIN GAME. Banks and Henderson Again Play Four Draws in Their Checkers Match.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Toledo, Feb. 25.—Fifteen consecutive draws have now been recorded in the Banks-Henderson checker match now being held here under the auspices of the Toledo Checker Club for the championship of America, the total score for the past five days now being: Banks 2, Henderson 1, draws 17.

PIRATES AND REDS TO FINISH ON OCT. 9. Shift Dates to End Season With American League Clubs.

WORLD'S SERIES SURE. Change in Schedule Will Square the Matter Up Without Trouble.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Cincinnati, Feb. 25.—The Cincinnati and Pittsburgh National League baseball teams will close their 1910 season on Oct. 9, the same date on which the American League plays its final game, according to an agreement made to-day at a conference between August Hermann, president of the Cincinnati club, and Barney Dreyfus, president of the Pittsburgh team.

According to this arrangement, the games scheduled at Pittsburgh for Oct. 12 and 15 will be played on June 29 and July 1, and the games scheduled at Cincinnati for Oct. 12 will be played on Sept. 2.

AYRES' CUBS DEFEATED BILLY ARTHUR'S TIGERS. Good Bowling in the City League Last Night—Winnipeg Men Here This Evening.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Detroit, Feb. 25.—The Detroit Tigers, the Tiger city, will launch the greatest bowling tournament ever promoted, when the local officials and the officers of the American Bowling Congress assemble in the Wayne Gardens tonight to take part in the formal opening of the tenth annual tournament of the A. B. C.

For the past week workers have labored during the night to get the ball and alleys in shape for the programme of the evening. Last night the finishing touches were applied, and today everything is in readiness for the boom of the opening gun.

Previous to the opening exercises proper the audience will be entertained for an hour with music, and at 8 o'clock the real ceremony of ushering in the largest meet of bowlers ever held will take place.

GALT BEAT BRANTFORD. Small Crowd Watched Lites Game—Score 5 to 2.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Brantford, Feb. 25.—A small crowd watched the local team defeat Brantford here this evening by 5 to 2 in the Ontario Pro League. The first half was dead and the visitors led at the bell by 2 to 1.

The teams: Brantford—Tyner, goal; Sanford, point; McGregor, cover; Rowden, rover; Randall, centre; Dusty, right; Mercer, left. Galt—Mercer, goal; Borland, point; Murphy, cover; V. Cochrane, rover; Mullen, centre; Dusome, right; Doherty, left.

HUGHEY JENNINGS HERE. Manager Hughes Jennings, of the Detroit Tigers, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Detroit, where he is making arrangements to look after his crew during spring training. He was met by a number of friends, who soon located him when it became known that "We-ah" was in the city.

HER DAUGHTER TOOK VERY SICK AS RESULT OF CATCHING COLD.

Mrs. Dennis Delaney, Friar's Head, N.S., writes: "At the close of the year 1907, our youngest daughter, five years old, took very sick as the result of catching cold. She became very weak, and could not move around at all. We consulted doctors and gave her various kinds of medicine but they did not seem to relieve her any. On the advice of a friend I procured a bottle of your valuable remedy, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and after using the first bottle noticeable improvement was the result, and after using three bottles she was entirely cured. I can certify that it was through your valuable remedy that she regained her strength and would advise every mother having young ones similarly afflicted to obtain your valuable remedy. For my case I would not be without a bottle in the house."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup contains all the lung healing virtues of the Norway pine tree combined with Wild Cherry bark and other powerful remedies. It has stood the test for many years, and is now more generally used than ever. Price 25 cents at all dealers. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MR. PERCY YOUNG ELECTED COMMODORE OF BOAT CLUB. Annual Meeting Held at Tecumseh House Last Night—Grant of Ten Dollars Made to Health Association—More Room Required.

Mr. W. P. Young was elected commodore of the Thames Boat Club at the annual meeting held at the Tecumseh House last evening, when the officers for the coming year were chosen and plans for the season discussed.

A grant of \$10 was made to the London Health Association for the consumption Sanatorium. The executive was instructed to secure additional grounds along the river as the increase in membership has made the move necessary.

Several trophies are up for competition and the club will enjoy a very successful season.

The new officers are as follows: Commodore—W. P. Young. Vice-Commodore—A. H. Keene. Secretary—Treasurer—S. Threapleton.

Executive Committee—A. Sheers, D. Hennigan, Charles Jones and William Thorne. Sports Committee—H. Struthers, H. Thorne and John Collison. Official Timers—John Collison and Wm. Lewis.

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THE JEFFRIES-JOHNSON FIGHT MAY YET GO TO SALT LAKE CITY

Rumor Says There Has Been Another Split Between Rickard and Gleason—Negotiations for Utah Pavilion Re-opened by Former Promoter.

San Francisco, Feb. 25.—That it is by no means certain yet that the Jeffries-Johnson fight will be staged in or around San Francisco became known last night when it was learned that negotiations are about to be reopened with Salt Lake City with a view of ascertaining if the big battle could not be held there.

The promoters of the fight have not met with the reception here they had hoped for, and that they are not entirely averse to the course to pursue has been apparent, and hints in various rumors of another split between "Tex" Rickard and Jack Gleason and intimations that extreme demands are made for a place for an arena. Last night it was said that Rickard, becoming dissatisfied with the reception here, had reopened negotiations with Salt Lake City.

Rickard's denial notwithstanding, it was learned that representatives from Salt Lake City would be here in a day or two, among them J. Langford, manager of the Saltair Pavilion, who is coming in response to a telegram from Rickard.

While not denying that matters were not entirely satisfactory, neither promoter would make a statement.

DISTRICT HORSEMEN PICK UP MANY FAST ONES AT CHICAGO

Charley Barrett and Schaefer of Parkhill, Tory of Hensall, Mr. J. A. Brownlee of London, Johnston Brothers and John Darch Bring Home Some Nice Ones.

Horsemen of this district picked up a big bunch of speedy stuff at the Chicago horse show. They were in the city yesterday, Mr. J. A. Brownlee, of this city, bringing a 2-year-old trotting filly by Ed. Winters, sire of Allan Winters, 2:06 1/4, and of Henry Winters, owned by Mr. J. A. Brownlee, of this city. He also purchased a trotting stallion by Red Medium, a full brother to Onslow, 2:14.

Mr. Charles Barrett, of Parkhill, got a standard bred 2-year-old trotting stallion by Grattan, sire of Grattan Boy, and Barron Grattan, and Mr. Tory, of Hensall, purchased a fine filly by Peter the Great, Schaefer, of Parkhill, bought a 2-year-old trotting stallion by Ed. Winters, sire of Allan Winters, 2:06 1/4, and of Henry Winters, owned by Mr. J. A. Brownlee, of this city. He also purchased a trotting stallion by Red Medium, a full brother to Onslow, 2:14.

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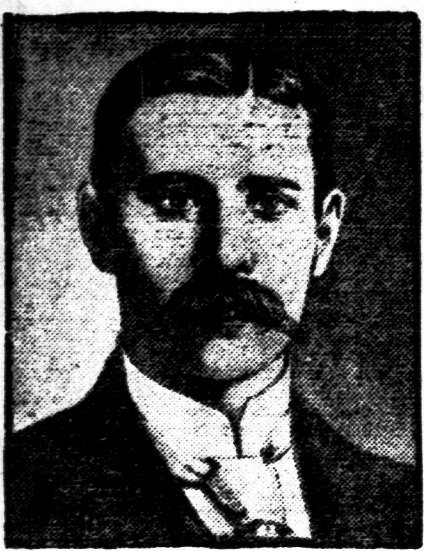
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RECOMMENDED AS AN IDEAL REMEDY



W. S. BOND, ESQ.

Lloyd, Ont., March 18th, 1909.
"For some years I have been greatly troubled with headaches and indigestion, brought on by stomach disorders, constipation and biliousness. I had tried many remedies with only indifferent success, until 'Fruit-a-tives' came to my notice. Being a general storekeeper, I was selling a good many 'Fruit-a-tives' to my customers, and remarking how pleased they were with the results obtained from using 'Fruit-a-tives,' I decided to try them and, I might say, the effects were almost magical. Headaches and biliousness disappeared and today I recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to my customers as 'An ideal remedy.'"
(Signed) W. S. BOND.

BOARD OF TRADE WANTS LOCAL PUBLICITY AGENT

Suggestion Is Regarded as Good
One—Matter Is To Be
Taken Up.

The board of trade, at its meeting last night, gave its unqualified support to the idea of a publicity agent for the city.

An informal discussion took place on the question, and the suggestion was received with great favor. "We should take this matter up seriously," said President A. T. McMahon. "The idea is correct, and this board of trade should meet the council and suggest some method of financing the plan."

"We need a man to go out and press our claims. Other cities have an advantage over us, and they have men on the ground almost immediately to take advantage of any proposition as to factories, or anything of advantage to the city."

Boosting in the Air.

Mr. T. G. Boles spoke on behalf of the project, and outlined what he had seen in his recent travels. "Boosting" was in the air, he declared, both in Canada and in the United States. He spoke of the rapid strides Welland and other Canadian cities were making because of the adoption of these methods of advertising. London could do the same if the citizens set about it properly.

Several of the members spoke in favor of the suggestion, and it is probable that a meeting between the council and the board of trade and the city council will be held to formally discuss the situation.

HAMILTON ALONE HAS KILLED 1,000 DOGS

Hamilton, Feb. 28. — Hamilton will be a dogless town before the rabies scare is over. By the first of the year a thousand dogs had been killed, and since the dog-catchers have been at work, the animals have been slaughtered at the rate of 30 or 40 a day.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

NO SNOW AT

Atlantic City

NEW JERSEY.

Veritably speaking, snow, slush or penetrating cold are unknown elements. The warm gulf stream that flows directly off the coast has the effect of moderating the climate to a mild degree, and the very few days when the walk is always dry and well kept, and the golf links always in commission.

THE LEADING HOUSES.

will furnish all information about Atlantic City, and quote rates upon request.

Hotel Dennis Walter J. Buzby	Marlborough-Blenheim Joseph White & Sons Company	Hotel St. Charles Newlin Haines
Galen Hall F. L. Young, Manager	The Pennhurst Wm. R. Hooper	Hotel Traymore Traymore Hotel
Haddon Hall Leeds & Lippincott	F. P. Cook's Sons The Leeds Company	Chaifonte The Leeds Company

Atlantic City is reached from G. T. R. to Buffalo, connecting with P. R. R., or Lehigh Valley Railway to Philadelphia, connecting with the Pennsylvania Railroad or Reading Railroad, to Atlantic City, or from Buffalo via New York Central to New York City, connecting with the P. R. R. or Central Railroad of New Jersey, direct to Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

The Leading Resort House of the World
PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING
Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season
(extensive new decorations and redecorations)
The Coast line South and is warmed by the Gulf
stream air and by the rays of the Southern Sun, both
directly and reflected from the ocean.
The House holds 1100 guests and has 400 private baths,
each with sea and fresh water. White service in both
American plan and a la carte. Casino, billiard, tennis,
music, golf, rolling chairs, theatres, splendid motor
roads.
Ownership Management.
JOSEPH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

THE WILTSHIRE—Open all the year.
Virginia avenue, overlooking ocean. Ca-
pacity 300. Elevator to street level, steam
heat; running water in rooms, etc.; best
cuisine and service, music. Special spring
rates, \$2.50 up daily; \$12.50 up weekly.
Booklet, Samuel E. Ellis, Atlantic City,
N. J.

HOTEL WINDSOR—DIRECTLY ON
the ocean front, the very heart of all
amusement and features. American
and European plans. Salt water in all
baths. Equipped with everything modern.
Orchestra. Famous Windsor Cafe and
Restaurant. Open all year. S. S.
Phoebus, manager. 6m

THE LORRAINE
Atlantic City, N. J. Ocean front, St.
Charles Place, between the two piers.
Fresh and sea water baths, private and
public, running water in bedrooms, sun
parlor, elevator, etc. Special early season
rates. CHAS. E. WAGNER. 9b-cvt

RALEIGH—St. Charles Place and the
beach—200 large sunny rooms, ocean
view, private bath, elevator, sun parlor,
etc. Cuisine under the supervision of a
chef who has made southern cooking fam-
ous. \$12.50 weekly and up, American
plan; \$1.00 daily and up, European plan.
12b-c-tyw H. J. DYNES.

GALEN HALL
HOTEL-SANATORIUM
Owing to our Tonic and Curative
Baths, sun, Elegant Comfort and Ex-
ceptional Table and Service, we are
always busy.
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

NEW HOTEL STRAND
Capacity 600. Absolutely Fireproof.
Directly on the ocean front.

ALBEMARLE, Virginia avenue, near
beach—New throughout; 100 sunny front
rooms, private baths, steam heat, el-
evators, sun parlors; superior accommo-
dations at a moderate rate, \$2 to \$17.50
weekly, \$2 up daily, including excellent
table; own farm and dairy; white ser-
vice; music; booklet. J. P. Cope, tyw

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
THE
ST. CHARLES
Most Select Location,
Fronting the Beach.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

With an established reputation
for its exclusiveness and high-
class patronage. Thoroughly
modern and completely equipped.
Courteous service. Bathrooms
with hot and cold, fresh and sea
water attachments, showers, etc.
Magnificent sun parlor overlook-
ing the boardwalk and Ocean.
Always open. Orchestra of solo-
ists. Golf privileges. Illustrated
booklet.

NEWLIN HAINES
6b-cvt

LONDON'S LOST SPACES.
(Building News.)
London square are examples of the
seizing by ground landlords of an oppor-
tunity for creating open spaces. It is
gratifying to think how many opportunities
for this kind of improvement have been
lost in the London suburbs through the
greed of the speculating land developer.

BERLIN SUGGESTS AN AMENDMENT

Bonusing Act Leaves Too Much
in the Power of Existing In-
dustries in a Municipality.

LONDON IS AGREEABLE

Board of Trade Dealt With Many Mat-
ters Last Night—President Hays in
Will Be Here in April.

Many matters of importance were taken up by the board of trade at its meeting last night, but no definite action was taken on the majority of the propositions.

The Berlin board of trade wrote asking the co-operation of the local board in securing an amendment to the act governing the bonusing of industries.

At the present time the manufactur-ers of the same line of goods must give their consent in writing before anything can be done by the municipal council.

The Berlin board, through their secretary, Mr. Solon Lutz, thought this unfair, and asked the London board to petition the Legislature to amend this clause.

Suggestion Is Proper.

"I think the suggestion is proper," said Mr. Phil Pocock, "Berlin is in a position to know, and the suggestion can be safely followed in this case." Some of the members feared that this amendment would be unfair to existing manufacturers, but Mr. Pocock, Mr. Mitchell and others thought that the more industries of the same sort in a city was best for the manufacturers as well as the citizens as a whole.

The council of the board of trade will take immediate action.

Georgian Bay Canal.

The Canadian Federation of Boards of Trade wrote asking the support of the London board of trade to the Georgian Bay Canal project, but as a similar communication had been filed a short time since, the latest letter was given no consideration.

President McMahon, in opening the meeting declared that Friday evening was apparently the best night for the board meeting, and suggested that the meeting be taken up at an early date.

He also suggested a harmonious working together between the manufacturers' committee of the council and the board of trade. Their aims were the same, and there should be harmony of action.

President Hays Accepts.

Dr. H. T. Reason reported that Mr. C. M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Railway, had accepted the invitation to be present at the annual banquet, setting the date for the third week in April as the most suitable. The committee at present were negotiating for other speakers of prominence, but no definite acceptance had been received.

He also announced that the whole-sale merchants of the city would meet the board of trade committee on Monday evening to discuss buyers' ex-cursions.

Among those present were Mr. A. T. McMahon, president; S. Stevely, Phil Pocock, J. C. Park, E. C. Mitchell, T. B. Escott, W. C. Allen, A. E. Welch, P. G. Mitchell, H. C. Green, D. H. Braddon, Percy Braddon and others.

LEGISLATION TO MAKE PEOPLE BE MORE CAREFUL

Guelph Board of Trade Asks the
Co-Operation of Local
Board.

The Guelph Board of Trade evidently consider that the drivers of motor cars where there are level crossings, need as much disciplining as the railway companies or their employees.

At the meeting of the local board of trade last night, a communication was read from the Guelph board, in which it was requested that the London body co-operate with them, in seeking legislation to compel riding or driving over level crossings to stop and look for trains, to compel signboards to be erected conspicuous to remove all obstructions, such as trees and shrubs, as would prevent pedestrians from seeing whether or not there was a train approaching.

The communication pointed out that the railways were under the protection of the Dominion railway commis-sion, but there was no authority over the roads, or persons travelling thereon.

The council of the board will deal with this matter at its next meeting.

MRS. J. P. MABEE DEAD

Wife of Chairman of Railway Commis-sion—Ill Since August Last.
Toronto, Feb. 26. — Chairman J. P. Mabree, of the Dominion railway com-mission, suffered a bereavement yester-day in the death of his wife, who had been ailing for many months, and who had been taken to Europe last summer in a vain search for restored health. She died yesterday morning at the family residence, 15 Scarth road.

It was about 25 years ago that Mr. Mabree married Miss Mary Thorold, daughter of the late William Thorold, of St. Williams, which is near Port Rowan, the home of his own boyhood. A son and daughter mourn their loss. Mabel and Lionel, both at home. Mrs. Mabree had been confined to her bed since August last, when she re-turned with her husband from Eng-land. While in London she was taken very ill and was in a serious con-dition for three weeks. She regained strength enough to take the return voyage to Canada, but grew worse on reaching her home here. She was just 50 years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Mabree have been resi-dents of Toronto for some years. Al-though not able to take an active part in its affairs of late, Mrs. Mabree was on the board of directors of the Creche on Victoria street, of the Ladies' Club, and was a member of St. Paul's Church.

The funeral services will be held in St. John's Church, Port Rowan, Sun-day next, where also the interment will take place.

A PUBLIC DUTY TO CRITICIZE

Says Mr. Macdonald's Counsel
In Address to Jury.

LABEL SUIT NEAR END

Mr. Johnston in Scorching Arraign-
ment of Methods Used in Those
Land Deals.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—"No political party can survive the loss of integrity in any of its followers. No public body can survive the loss of honor in any of its members."

Such is the way E. F. B. Johnston, K. C., began his address to the jury in subject of the label suit, speaking on be-half of James Macdonald, editor of the Globe, whom Hon. Geo. E. Foster is suing for alleged libel.

"Our political parties must be pure, fair, honest," he declared, "and as it is to be a matter of history that this country be ruled by one party or the other, therefore it becomes necessary that each party be carefully scanned and criticized, and that a fair and honest judgment be made of its conduct."

"If every word that is uttered in a political campaign were made the matter of history, then it would be enough between elections to make all. Many of the charges made are forgotten, however, but the question managed funds or journalism, but the interest of the I. O. F. is a less one than the other—the question of whether he should become finance minister of the Dominion of Canada, was his party returned to power."

"The charges were made on the field of battle. It was done because Mr. Foster placed himself before the elec-tion. He called Mr. Macdonald a liar, but when men enter the public arena they must expect to have strong words used, and Mr. Macdonald used them. Mr. Foster called him a liar, then Mr. Macdonald would have been justified in doing what most of humanity would have done, and where is the jury that would have convicted him of assault? They did not do this, however, and the charges were made from a public platform."

Mr. Johnston then went on to deal with the royal insurance commis-sion's report, which he declared was "somewhat adverse to Mr. Foster." That report was a public document and was discussed by both sides of the Macdonald had a right to say what he thought of it. He declared that the Globe newspaper itself, he said, charged Mr. Foster with having com-mitted a criminal offence, something altogether different from what Mr. Macdonald charged him with, and yet no writ was issued against the Globe for this article, but he didn't want the Globe to be hit by a writ, then Mr. Macdonald would have been justified in relying upon his skill as a speaker to convince the electors of North-west Ontario that he was right. Well, Mr. Johnston went into the court of his complaints that he was hit by no writ. "You hit me too hard, and now I will make you pay for it in a court of law." He wants \$50,000 now as a bail for his alleged libel, as a syrupy sedative for his mind, and all because he got the best of him on a public platform.

"You might have thought that, having called liars and rakers, and makers of trust funds on the one hand, and the golden rule which seems a very diffi-cult thing to adopt these days—the language of a great writer—'Let the dead past bury its dead.' But no, Mr. Foster, with the same feeling of envy that he had regarded the towering figure of the I. O. F., wanted to get from Mr. Macdonald and the Globe \$50,000—an inglorious ending of a noble challenge."

What Falsifying Meant.
Mr. Johnston contended that Mr. Foster's charges of falsifying were likely to cause loss to Mr. Macdonald. Mr. Macdonald's charges were likely to cause loss to Mr. Foster. Mr. Foster's charge would have involved the loss of Mr. Macdonald's position as editor of the Globe. Mr. Macdonald had not attacked Mr. Foster, but Mr. Foster had criticized his action in a matter in which the public was vastly concerned.

What was charged in Le Canada, for which it published a retraction, was altogether different from what Mr. Macdonald charged Mr. Foster with, Mr. Johnston said.

"A fund stamped with every mark and essence of a trust," said Mr. Johnston in regard to the surplus funds of the I. O. F. "A trust attached to these funds of a sanctified character, which does not appear in the records of any other institution in the world. To all appearances these funds were safe, until the facts which you have heard be-gan to come out."

Establishment of Union Trust.
Mr. Johnston referred to the estab-lishment of the Union Trust Company by the I. O. F.

"No suggestion has been made," declared Mr. Johnston, "that until Mr. Foster came on the scene did Dr. Or-onhyatekha ever make a dollar out of the I. O. F. Clean, pure, honest, stood there like a lion guarding the interests of those for whom he felt he held the money. There was no breath of suspicion against Dr. Or-onhyatek-ha's administration until Mr. Foster comes on the scene as managing di-rector of the Union Trust."

"Mortgages on lands held in fee sim-

Expert Evidence

is what you know yourself.

If you suspect coffee is
hurting you, stop and try

POSTUM

10 days and be sure.

"There's a Reason"

ple and debentures in loan and trust companies, municipal debentures and provincial or Dominion bonds were the investments set out by Parliament as proper for the I. O. F. to invest in.

"Not options, mind you," said Mr. Johnston, "nor the securities of the curb-stone brokers."

"It was to extend this power of in-vestment, that the Union Trust had been formed, but had Dr. Or-onhyatekha understood that the object was to secure Foresters' funds for private speculation, he would not have con-sented to the formation of the com-pany. Wherever I. O. F. funds were they carried with them sanctity of the trust. They were never I. O. F. funds in fact, what they were the property of those dependent on those members of the order who might die. Mr. Foster had entered the company with a view to making it strong and helping the order. It had not been until tem-porary had presented itself that he had wavered. It had not been until he had been offered a seat on the Montague syndicate and a share of their profits, that he had not been until then that Mr. Foster had fallen before the temptation in regard to the management of those trust funds."

Mr. Foster's Reasons.

"Look at the attempt he made to answer some of the questions I put to him. I asked him what right he had to do as he did, and he replied that it wasn't worth worrying about, because the I. O. F. had all the funds, trust funds, it wanted at its disposal.

"Would you, making a will, leave your property to a trust company, if the trust funds were to be expended in gambling speculations? I leave it to you, would you rather not leave it in the hands of a neighbor than to a trust company who would use the money in such a way? And is it not worse when they lend the money to themselves?"

"Would you feel justified in invest-ing a million dollars in lands you never saw? Look at the hundreds in To-ronto here who lost by investing their all in real estate a few years ago. It was good luck and not good manage-ment that a profit was made on the lands purchased, but none of the profit came to the company which advanced the money, but it rolled into the pockets of those who didn't have a cent of their own money at stake."

Ethics of Investment.

"A man can be a speculator, he can be a great speculator if you let him have the money to risk. You get your 5 or 6 per cent interest, as the case may be, but he makes in the profit. You can get any amount of people who will be willing to invest in this way, if you can find a number who will let them have the money."

"Can you imagine a more barefaced attempt to utilize trust funds for the benefit of those who were their directors? It could hardly be a lot if they had advanced even 50 per cent, but they did not do that."

"Walk in and help yourself," is what Mr. Foster said to himself when he wanted money. If that isn't moral cal-lousness, I don't know what is. Surely it was a picturesquely situation. Not only did Mr. Foster let himself within the fold, but he had three others on the board of the Union Trust Com-pany with him.

"No wonder the machinery of the Union Trust Company got hot and heavy and strained. Daily it got more and more in need of a banker to come the supplying letter. Please, turn on the tap."

"What mattered if the widows came into a barren inheritance? Turn on the tap, let it flow through the legal technicalities and devious channels of the Union Trust Company."

"No wonder they wanted the tap turned on. It is surprising to me that they didn't take the bung out of the barrel and let it run open."

"He accuses Mr. Macdonald of hid-ing behind his inkpots. What was he doing? Hiding behind the inkpots. What he did was something that com-mon ordinary lying cannot be put on the same plane."

Montague Syndicate.

The Montague syndicate, said Mr. Johnston, was one of the wonderful things that happened without anyone being able to account for it. The Union Trust Company was a banker to honor the checks of the syndicate up to \$2,000,000 in assets, which were reduced to \$1,600,000 in 1905.

"Were we right," demanded Mr. Johnston, "in saying what we did? Were we right in honestly expressing the views we did? Were we right in vigorously condemning these trans-actions as we did?"

Mr. Foster had been invited to join the Montague syndicate.

"Why?" demanded Mr. Johnston.

"At the time Mr. Foster became a member of that syndicate," Mr. Johnston declared, "Mr. Foster was manager of the Union Trust, and it was absolutely necessary that he should be a member if the deal was to be carried through. If Mr. Foster stood guard at the gate of the Union Trust, they would not have got the money to carry out the speculation. By capturing the enemy at the gate they got Mr. Foster personally interested when he was the man to say whether the deal should go through."

"They didn't steal these monies, there was no criminal act, but they put their hands into the till and took these large sums at one time \$50,000, at another \$300,000, without having any legal or moral right to them," he declared.

Mr. Hellmuth's Address.

The trial was resumed this after-noon before Mr. Justice Magee and the jury, with Mr. L. F. Hellmuth, K. C., for Mr. H. B. Foster, beginning his address to the jury. Mr. Hell-muth took exception to the method employed by E. F. B. Johnston, K. C., in talking to the jury during the morning. He did not consider that the jury was a custodian of public morals, nor did he think that Mr. Johnston had any right to instruct them as to where their duty lay.

The range taken in the trial was in some respects extraordinary, remarked Mr. Hellmuth. Apparently they had been engaged in investigating the af-fairs of the I. O. F. and the Union Trust. They had a sort of royal com-mission to go over the work al-ready done by the insurance commis-sion. The defendant, declared Mr. Hellmuth, having failed to substantiate the charges he had made, he had tried to prove other charges.

"Thank goodness that is not the law. If a man makes a charge he has to prove it up to the hilt."

They had heard much of the Great West lands, the Carleton Place lands, the Swan River and other lands, but these had nothing to do with the libel. They were not mentioned in the libel. The libel complained of was Mr. Macdonald's statements that Mr. Foster "had asked for a private rack-off in a deal with trust funds"; "that he got that rack-off"; "that he had 'no right or title to that money'; and that he had been eager to risk the reserve funds of the I. O. F."

"That charge was made up by him-self," declared Mr. Hellmuth. "That

SPRING OPENING of Go-Carts and Cabs

Our entire basement is given up to our display of Carts and Cabs. Our line this year is bigger and better than ever before. Drop in and let us show you 97 Baby Cabs, all colors, shapes and sizes; all brand new.

We guarantee our prices to be the lowest in the city.

\$11.95 Wood body, in black, green, red or brown, large tires.

\$14.95 Large, Roomy Cab, reed body, white or tan, upholstered in carriage cloth.

\$16.95 English Cab, strap gear, green, black, red, tan or white enamel.

\$22 English Perambulator, any color, large and roomy.

\$12.95 A handsome Cab, in any color, folding gear, large tires.

\$6.95 One motion folder, others from \$3 up to \$20; thirty styles to choose from.

The Ontario Furniture Co

LONDON'S LARGEST HOMEFURNISHERS.
228-230 DUNDAS STREET

HOUSE OF NORDHEIMER
Established 70 Years

You Ought to Provide Your Family With a

NORDHEIMER Player-Piano

The wife can play it, the children can play it, the husband can play it. The Nordheimer Player-Piano is an instrument that all enjoy and all can use. It plays all the classical music, the popular songs, Sousa's marches, and the works of all composers, old and new. No home in Canada should be without one.

These instruments are of highest grade, yet we have priced them well within the reach of all. Our Piano Style Book free. For prices, terms and particulars apply to

The Nordheimer Piano & Music Co., Limited
188 Dundas St.
J. J. Callaghan Manager

charge was no fair comment on any document, because no such charge was made before the insurance commis-sion."

For Columbia and Edison machines and records, call at Williams Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29f-t

The Excelsior Life Insurance Company

The Annual General Meeting of this Company was held at its Head Office, Excelsior Life Building, 194 Victoria street, Toronto, on Feb. 10, 1910. The Directors' Report, with accompanying financial and other statements, were adopted unanimously. Great satisfaction was expressed by those present with the achievements of the year.

The following is an extract from the report: The financial results of the Company's operations during the year 1909, no matter from what standpoint viewed, are exceedingly satisfactory. **INSURANCE**—Applications for new insurance totalling \$2,421,915, were received, of which \$2,397,732 was accepted and policies issued, the amount in force being \$13,078,994.10. **INCOME**—The Cash Income was \$26,159.55, the net premiums contributed \$38,646.11. Interest, rents, etc., \$100,532.45. The increase for the year is \$99,392.73, or 13 per cent. The rate of interest earned on Net Assets was 7.94, an increase of .32 per cent in rate. **DISBURSEMENTS**—The total disbursements were \$27,740.85, or \$9,589.05 less than the preceding year. **DEATH CLAIMS** show a decrease of 10 per cent—\$3,086.50. The losses were less than one-half of the expectation. **THE EXPENSES** in relation to premium income show a reduction of 9 per cent. **ASSETS**—The balance of total assets for the security of Policyholders is \$1,392,918.37, showing an increase of \$31,402.78. Net Assets, \$1,905,523.17, increase \$266,994.08. Total Reserves, \$1,586,238, increase \$229,673.57. Company's Special Reserve Fund, \$19,496, an increase of 22 per cent—\$4,408.11. The watchful care of individual members of the Board over the Company's investments has continued, with the result that not a single dollar has ever been lost. **LIABILITIES**—The outstanding liabilities of the Company, except reserve funds, such as provision for all outstanding death claims, premiums paid in advance, and all other undischarged liabilities, total \$27,646.90, a reduction of 27 per cent, or \$5,069.57. **SURPLUS**—On the Government Standard the Net Surplus on Policyholders' account is \$240,934.37, an increase of 43 per cent—\$70,547.82. The unallocated surplus is \$16,573.37, an increase of 122 per cent, or \$2,123.68. The profits paid to policy holders whose endowment or investment periods expired during the year, amounted to \$5,121.21. The recipients expressed satisfaction therewith.

Progress during last decade:

Income	Increased 42 per cent	Over four-fold
Reserves	Increased 67 per cent	Over six-fold
Assets	Increased 31 per cent	Nearly six-fold
Insurance in force	Increased 53 per cent	Over three and one-half fold

It is the intention of the Company to considerably strengthen the agency staff, with the object of giving a large number of new business during 1910, which will conclude the fourth quinquennial period for the distribution of profits. The large sum being accumulated for this purpose, coupled with the very satisfactory condition of the Company's affairs, its good, clean record, liberal policies and attractive plans of insurance, will undoubtedly substantially contribute towards the attainment of our purpose. **DAVID FASION, Esq., B.A.**, was unanimously re-elected President; **S. J. PARKER, Esq.**, General Manager; **R. GRASS, Esq.**, Toronto, and **Alexander Fasion, Esq., B.A.**, Vice-Presidents. The following gentlemen were elected Directors: **Thomas Long, Esq.**, Toronto; **Dr. John Ferguson, M.A., M.D., L.R.C.P.**, Toronto; **Joseph Wright, Esq.**, Toronto; **George E. Weir, Esq.**, London; **Wm. H. Hargreaves, Esq., B.L.**, Winnipeg; **W. H. Gooderham, Esq.**, Toronto; **W. J. McFarland, Esq.**, Toronto; **W. F. B. Colter, Esq.**, L.D.S., Sarnia, and **R. W. Gordon, Esq.**, Pembroke. **CAPT. MANLEY, Inspector, London.**

QUESTION OF FEES FOR THE COLLEGIATE

Interesting Figures Regarding Amounts Paid in Other Cities.

The board of education will shortly take up the question of fees for the Collegiate Institute, and it is probable that a recommendation that the fees of the Collegiate be increased will be made.

"We will take up the question at a special meeting to be held very soon," said Trustee Weekes in discussing the question. "We have practically all the information we require on the subject, and we will be able to arrive at some conclusion."

"It is possible, in fact, probable, that an increase in the fees charged will be made. London's fees are the lowest of any of the larger cities. Some of the smaller cities charge less than we do, but the real big cities charge much more."

SOME FEES.

City	Charges for school fees	Charges for extra work
Berlin	\$2.50	\$10.
Brantford	2.50	Res. and Co. \$10, others \$16.
Brockville	684	\$5.
Chatham	2,452	Res. \$6; Non-Res. \$10.
Galt	2,938	Co. \$10; others \$14.
Guelph	539	City free, Co. and add. Cos. \$10; others \$20.
Hamilton	5,611	Res. 1st year, \$20; 2nd year, \$25; 3rd year, \$30; 4th year, \$35; 5th year, \$40; 6th year, \$45; 7th year, \$50; 8th year, \$55; 9th year, \$60; 10th year, \$65.
Kingston	5,611	Res. \$10 to \$30; Non-Res. \$20 to \$30.
London	4,200	Free.
Niagara Falls	14,631	Res. \$20 and \$25; Non-Res. \$45 and \$50.
Ottawa	14,631	Res. \$5 to \$10; Non-Res. \$25.
Peterboro	2,651	Res. and Co. free, others \$10.
St. Catharines	70	H.S.D. 1st year free; other yrs. \$10; Co. \$10; all others, \$20.
St. Thomas	2,226	\$6; \$15; \$21; \$27.
Toronto	21,483	City and Co. free, others \$39.
Windsor	279	Res. 1st year free, others \$10.
Woodstock	2,625	\$7.50.
Stratford	2,541	Res. 1st year free, others \$10.

Two Millions of Oranges.

More than 16,000 boxes of oranges will be sold in this district during the Special Orange Sale advertised by the California Fruit Growers' Exchange. If these boxes of oranges were placed end to end they would measure five miles. It requires 40 cars to make up a trainload. There are four hundred boxes in each car, and the boxes will average 160 oranges each. Upwards of two million oranges will be transported on this special train, and if orders from the trade indicate anything this immense quantity will be disposed of during the week. Five thousand orchards have been stripped of their choicest fruit, wrapped in SUNKIST wrappers, placed in these great refrigerated cars, and are running under schedule time just as passenger trains are run, that there may be no delay and that every dealer may be supplied.

CLOTHING CAUGHT FIRE.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—Miss Dora L. Berger, of Hall, was severely burned last night, when her clothes caught fire, as she was lighting the stove. Her brother heard her screams, and carried her outdoors and rolled her in the snow. She will live.

DROPPED DEAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—John Rice, aged 73 years, employed in the public works department for 16 years, dropped dead on Sparks street, this morning, while on his way to work. Apoplexy was the cause of death. Mr. Rice came here from New Brunswick. A wife, three sons and a daughter survive.

POWER PRICES QUOTED NOT ALL THEY LOOK

Manager Hunt, of the London Electric, Criticizes Statement Issued by N. P. Boosters.

An interesting statement of the probable cost of Niagara power and some of its uses has been prepared, and is being circulated among the citizens.

It shows what can be done, with cheap power, and will be of considerable importance to consumers of power or possible consumers of power.

The following list of things that can be done with one cent's worth of power is given:

- It will operate a 12-inch fan for 90 minutes.
- It will operate a sewing machine motor for 2 hours.
- It will keep a 6-pound electric flat-iron hot for 15 minutes.
- It will make four cups of coffee in an electric coffee percolator for 8 minutes.
- It will keep a 3-inch disk stove hot for 7 minutes, or long enough to cook a steak.
- It will operate a luminous radiator for 8 minutes.
- It will bring to a boil two quarts of water or operate the nursery milk warmer twice.
- It will bake a Welsh rabbit in an electric chafin dish.
- It will keep a heating pad hot for 2 hours.
- It will operate an electric griddle for 8 minutes.
- It will run the electric broiler for 6 minutes.
- It will run a massage machine for nearly 4 hours.
- It will keep the dentist's hammer and drill going for 90 minutes.
- It will keep the foot warmer hot for a quarter of an hour.
- It will run an electric piano for one hour.
- It will vulcanize a patch on an automobile tire.
- It will heat an electric curling iron once a day for two weeks.
- It will pump 250 gallons of water 100 feet high.
- It will keep a big glue-pot hot for an hour.
- It will drive the electric clipper while shearing 1 hour.
- It will raise 10 tons 12 feet high with an electric crane in less than one minute.
- It will raise a large passenger elevator five stories a minute.
- It will brand electrically 150 hams.

Heart Trouble Cured.

Through one cause or another a large majority of the people are troubled with some form of heart trouble.

The system becomes run down, the heart palpitates, you have weak and dizzy spells, a smothering feeling, cold clammy hands and feet, shortness of breath, a sensation of pins and needles, rush of blood to the head, etc.

Wherever there are sickly people with weak hearts **Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills** will be found an effective medicine.

Mrs. Wm. Elliott, Angus, Ont., writes: "It is with the greatest of pleasure I write you stating the benefit I have received by using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills."

I suffered greatly from heart trouble, weakness, smothering spells. I used a great deal of doctors' medicines but received no benefit. A friend advised me to buy a box of your pills, which I did, and soon found great relief. I highly recommend these pills to anyone suffering from heart trouble."

Price, 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co. Limited, Toronto, Ont.

FREE DEMONSTRATION OF PURE FOODS

How to prepare Wholesome Dishes from the Purest of Pure Foods—the well-known Specialties of the

MACLAREN IMPERIAL CHEESE CO. LTD.



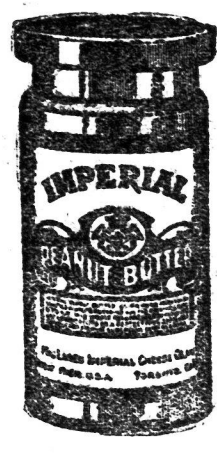
Sealed in Opal Porcelain Jars that prevent any form of tampering or contamination in handling.

Will be held at the address given below, continuing all week. Every lady is cordially invited to call and sample these nutritious foods, all prepared from the purest ingredients and packaged under the most sanitary conditions, insuring absolute purity. The demonstrator will explain many ways of preparing palatable dishes, will give suggestions for using these wholesome foods which will interest every housewife. Do not overlook this opportunity of sampling these pure foods. Be sure to come—everybody is welcome.

MacLaren's Imperial Cheese
Imperial Peanut Butter
Imperial Prepared Mustard
Canada Cream Cheese
Imperial Dessert Jelly

A. J. CLARKE & CO., 721 Richmond St., London

FOR SALE BY ALL REPUTABLE GROCERS



It will operate an electric toaster for 8 minutes.

Some Criticism.
There is some criticism of the schedule given above, and, according to statements made by Manager C. B. Hunt, of the London Electric Company, the prices are not as cheap as they look.

"In some instances the prices are not cheap," said Mr. Hunt, "and in other instances it depends altogether on the size of the article used."

One Example.
"For instance, we could run a toaster for 20 or 30 minutes for the same power as is given there for a few minutes."

"I fancy we could run a 12-inch fan for three hours for the same price as is there given for 1 cent."

"However, as I said before, there are many contingencies arising that would make a difference. I have seen this same schedule somewhere else. It is nothing new, and I doubt that it has much bearing on Niagara power. If my memory serves me right, it has to do with something altogether different."

According to statements made at the city hall, one cent's worth of Niagara power will run a 16-candlepower light for three hours, whereas the London Electric Company charges one cent for power to run a light two hours.

MACHINE SELLS TICKETS

English Railroads Investigate a Novel Device—Birmingham Gets First.

London, Feb. 26.—The railroad ticket agent is now wondering how long it will be before the automatic machine takes his place on the payroll.

As an initial experiment the Great Western Railway Company announced that within a few weeks it will establish at Snow Hill station, Birmingham, a railway ticket printing machine, which will render almost superfluous the "booking clerk," as the British vernacular labels the ticket purveyor, and also do away with the cumbersome system of keeping stacked up the hundreds and hundreds of different tickets for which the travelling public calls. Other railway lines are preparing to follow suit.

The new mechanical apparatus is small and rather unpretentious in appearance. When a ticket to a certain station is required an indicator, which carries the name of every station upon the system arranged in alphabetical order, is touched, the clerk slips a blank ticket into a slot in a printing carriage, a small handle is turned and the printed slip drops out ready for cashing in when the train conductor makes his rounds.

At the same time a section of the mechanism is busy tabulating and duplicating the record of the sale on a continuous strip of paper, together with all information required for bookkeeping.

As a result, when the clerical engineer of the apparatus goes off duty all he has to do is to total the continuous strip's figures and count up his cash. The machine is most extensive in its accomplishment, being capable of printing 5,000 different kinds of tickets.

CLOAKMAKERS WIN.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—Another batch of striking cloak and mantle makers went to work this morning under the terms proposed by the union, making some 600 in all who have resumed.

Other proprietors are now negotiating with the union officials, and it is probable the strike will not last much longer.

BOY HEROES.

Quebec, Que., Feb. 25.—Sir Lorimer Gouin, premier of the province, at the Boys' High School, yesterday, presented two of the pupils, Percy Ross, son of Mr. E. Ross, and Arthur Tweedell, son of Mr. J. P. Tweedell, with the Royal Humane Society medals for bravery and presence of mind in saving Miss Mabel Hackett, of this city, from drowning one day last summer.

FACES TWO CHARGES.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—Charles Henry Sealey, arrested on two charges, one of stealing \$38 from the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, and the other of deserting his wife at Oshawa, appeared in the police court this morning. Neither the crown attorney, nor the prisoner, was ready to go on, and consequently a week's remand was granted.

FOUR HAD RABIES.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—The provincial laboratory reported yesterday that unmistakable signs of rabies had been found in the analysis of the head of a dog that had been captured at No. 75 Waverly road in this city. The dog had bitten several persons, had devoured rabbits, and had been killed. Three other positive cases of rabies in dogs were reported, one from West Moncton, one from Guelph, and one from St. Thomas. In every case the animals had bitten human beings.

For Edison and Columbia machines

and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street 291-c.

PHILADELPHIA FACES A SERIOUS SITUATION

Carnival of Riot and Bloodshed May Follow Calling of a General Strike.

Philadelphia, Feb. 25.—A general strike of all the workers in Philadelphia, a strike with bloodshed attending, if necessary, is the threat of the street car troubles of this week.

A meeting of the Central Labor Union, which is composed of delegates from the various trade unions of the city, will be held on Sunday to consider calling a general sympathetic strike. John J. Murphy, president of the union, said this afternoon:

"In general, I am not at all afraid that complications might ensue. At present I have letters from union leaders who represent 60,000 men, who declare their readiness and desire to strike at a moment's notice."

"You can depend upon it that at Sunday's meeting a general strike will be called. If one man is shot in Kensington (the mill district), there will follow a carnival of riot and bloodshed, which will startle the entire country. The state police would be called in to maintain order, and there are men in the streets who can shoot as straight as any trooper who ever drew a breath."

The members of the local unions of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of the Philadelphia and North N. J. district, voted unanimously last night to strike at a moment's notice. The unions represent about 10,000 men.

A jury in the criminal court here this afternoon refused to convict an alleged rioter, although he admitted throwing stones.

Judge Davis declared that the jury's action was a "voluntary miscarriage of justice."

Fearless Cavalryman.

Captain Groome's cavalryman of the state constabulary had a dull time of it today. Their main business has been to patrol the bad spots of the city and keep crowds from collecting. A youth in Georgetown, who was foolish enough to shout bad names at one of the troopers.

The constable went into the crowd, diving like a full back, with ten yards to gain on the offender. He tripped into the crowd with feet and elbows, and yanked the youth from a cigar store, where he had taken refuge. The constable then turned the youth over to a patrol wagon.

Following the publication of a statement made by Murphy, a warrant was issued tonight for the labor leader, charging him with "inciting to riot."

SECOND SISTER MAY DIE OF BEATING

Peterboro, Feb. 26.—Martha McPherson, a sister of the aged woman who succumbed to the brutal attack made upon her at her home at Norwood, by Robert Henderson, is reported to be in a critical condition.

Should Martha McPherson die, it is expected that a double charge of murder will be laid against the prisoner.

PATRIARCH BANQUETTED

Charity Encampment, I.O.F.F. of Stratford, Had Big Gathering.

Stratford, Feb. 25.—Grand Patriarch E. B. Morrey, of the I. O. O. F., visited Charity Encampment, No. 5, tonight, and a banquet was held. Toasts were given by the following: "Sovereign Grand Lodge"—Patriarch J. P. Spence, grand representative; Frank B. Jeffrey, past grand representative; "Grand Encampment"—Patriarch E. B. Morrey, grand president; Joseph Power, grand secretary; "District No. 14"—Patriarch J. P. Lockie, "Charity Encampment"—Patriarch J. M. Reynett, past chief patriarch; A. A. Graham, deputy grand master; "Newton Degree Staff"—Patriarch A. Ruthie, captain, and R. White, "Classic City"—Patriarchs Ald. J. H. Roberts and ex-Ald. T. Savage, Patriarch John Rockley, D. C. P., grand district No. 14, president, and during the evening songs were rendered by Patriarch E. J. Smith and Mr. Wm. McLeod, and a reading by Dr. Geill-mell.

District Organizer Thomas Ball, of the I.O.F.F., gave a complimentary banquet tonight in the Sparta restaurant to the prize-winners in the contest for a flag between Senia and Stratford.

URGE STRIKERS TO RETURN.

Glouce Bay, Feb. 26.—The local ministers of all denominations held a long meeting and decided to urge the strikers to return to work at once.

HAMILTON JARRED BY MYSTERIOUS QUAKE

Hamilton, Feb. 25.—A mysterious shock or quake was felt here shortly before midnight.

So far no explanation of it has been secured. Some people say there was no noise, while others say there was a slight rumble.

Immediately after it occurred the police and newspaper offices were besieged by anxious citizens, who wanted to know what was the trouble.

TRACTION BILL IN THE SENATE

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—In the Senate yesterday the London and Lake Erie Railway and Transportation Company bill was given a second reading.

The House of Commons spent yesterday in supply on public works estimates.

CALLED LUCAS A BOSS

Chairman of Private Bills Committee Withdrew Barrie Bill Promptly.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—Because Hon. I. B. Lucas declined to submit Barrie's bill to the private bills committee of the Legislature today, till he had consulted the government on the clause fixing the assessment of an industry for school taxes, some members accused the chairman of being autocratic and high-handed. Some lively passages followed. City Solicitor Lennox of Barrie, had just explained the clause which Hon. Mr. Lucas made his ruling. This brought the first protest. It was from T. Herbert Lennox, of North York. He said he had remained out of the discussion so far because one of the family was advocating the bill. But the chairman's ruling he resented.

CAPITAL FOR CANADA.

London, Feb. 26.—At a meeting of the English Association of American bond shareholders, A. W. Smithers, chairman, believed in the futility of a long series of his enterprises, wherefore adequate capital would be forthcoming if Canada maintained her present proud position respecting credit.

LIVE HAIR CLEAR SKIN

Assured by the Use of CUTICURA Soap and Ointment



All who delight in a clear skin; soft, white hands; a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair will find that these pure, sweet and gentle emollients realize every expectation in promoting skin and hair health and bodily purity.

Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Chancery Lane; Paris, 10, Rue de la Chaussee d'Antin; Australia, R. Town & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Matsuyama, Ltd., Tokyo; S. Africa, London, 124, Cape Town, etc.; U.S.A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston.

See 32-page Cuticura Book, post-free, a Guide to the Best Care and Treatment of Skin and Scalp.

CHURCH'S Alabastine
COLD WATER
None Genuine without Little Church on Label

Visit the finest hotels, the costliest homes, and you will find Alabastine walls. Alabastine is used in these palatial places, not because it is the most expensive wall-decoration, but because it is the most artistic and effective. An Alabastine wall is a delight to the eye—so soft, velvety and beautiful. It will not rub off or fade. Alabastine is cement, and hardens with age. Its beauty is permanent. It is the most sanitary and inexpensive wall coating known. Alabastine walls are now the general vogue, in cottage and mansion alike. Wall Paper is out of fashion. The sales of Alabastine in Canada have doubled in two years.

FREE STENCILS
To still further popularize Alabastine and again double its sales, we have organized a Decorative Department, and are prepared to offer FREE COLOR SCHEMES and FREE STENCILS to users of Alabastine. Write today for particulars. Our advice is free. Let us help you to beautify your home at a moderate cost.

Name.....
City.....
Street.....
Prov.....
The Alabastine Co., Ltd., 53 Willow St., Paris, Ont.

Two Mills Using Same Quality of Wheat May Not Produce Same Quality of Flour

The quality of flour largely depends on the milling. Two mills might grind wheat of the same quality and the product of one far outclass the other. It is not only the high quality of the hard wheat used, but also the superior milling facilities, that places "PURITY" flour so far above all others. Our milling plant at St. Boniface, Manitoba, cost nearly \$1,000,000, and is one of the most perfectly equipped mills in the world. The wheat itself is subjected to the most wonderful system of cleaning and scouring, passing through twenty distinct machines. Fifty-five steel rollers, the largest in Canada, reduce the wheat into flour. Then it is purified and dressed by "bolting" it through silk sifters of fine mesh. Not a "branny" particle or speck of dust is ever found in "PURITY" flour.

You may have to pay a little more for PURITY, but baking results, quality and quantity, prove it is worth far more than the slight difference.

We have two other modernly equipped mills at Brandon, Man., and Goderich, Ont.

PURITY FLOUR
"More Bread and Better Bread."
Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Limited
MILLS AT WINNIPEG, GODERICH, BRANDON

IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HANDLE PURITY FLOUR SEE
H. RECHNITZER & Co., 422 Park Avenue

AN INVESTMENT FOR THE WORKINGMAN, THE CAPITALIST AND THE TRUSTEE
For the workingman, the capitalist, the trustee, no more secure or profitable investment exists than the Debentures of this Company. A Trust security in which the investor can make terms and amount of investment to suit himself. Rate of interest is 4 per cent, payable half-yearly. Particulars gladly furnished.

THE ONTARIO LOAN AND DEBENTURE CO.
Smart Manager
Dundas St. - Market Lane

BIG WAGE TO SERVANTS.
London, Feb. 26.—Mr. J. Obed Smith is busy endeavoring to trace the authority for a statement made in the Evening News that well-to-do farmers in the far west of Canada pay domestic servants a wage of £100 a year and other equally misleading statements made in the same article.

ATLANTIC EAST-BOUND RATES
London, Feb. 26.—It is stated that a meeting of the Atlantic shipping conference will be held in a few days in the United States, when final arrangements will be decided upon for unification of the freight charges east-bound from different ports along the east coast of Canada and the United States.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EGGS TOOK DROP ON LOCAL MARKET

Butter Also Went Down on the Local Market This Morning.

A SURPLUS OF APPLES

Offerings Today Were Very Large—Meats Were Inclined To Be Slow.

For the first time in several weeks there was moderate weather for Saturday's market, and as a result there was a very good demand for and very brisk sale. The weather factor, the general buyers, too, was out in great numbers, and the market square presented a very busy scene.

Eggs were more plentiful than they have been for some time, and according to the larger dealers will be more so every day, on account of the warm weather which has set in, and the result of the large quantities of eggs being sold.

There was a very decided drop, too, in the price of butter, selling at 24c and 25c. At these prices there was a very decided demand, as many thrifty housewives had in quite a supply, in this department.

Meats were inclined to be slow, but there was a good demand for the same.

Vegetables were plentiful, though the majority consisted of potatoes, turnips, carrots and cabbages. There was a good supply of cabbage, which sold readily, as people are looking for a taste of something green. A lot of apples were offered at 20c to 40c. An innovation was the first appearance of rhubarb. The supply was not very plentiful, and sold at 10c to 12c. There was also a good supply of small quantities, and are selling for 5c a bunch.

The market was crowded with apples, which seemed to have a somewhat better sale than usual.

The meat market was inclined to be slow, and there was little change in prices. There was a good supply of meat, and the market was well supplied.

Other prices remain as follows:

Wheat, per bushel, \$1.05 to \$1.10
Oats, per bushel, 75c to 80c
Corn, per bushel, 60c to 65c
Barley, per bushel, 50c to 55c
Rye, per bushel, 45c to 50c
Clover, per bushel, 35c to 40c
Hay, per ton, \$10.00 to \$12.00
Straw, per ton, 50c to 60c

Dairy Produce
Butter, creamery, 25c to 26c
Butter, country, 20c to 22c
Eggs, fresh, 15c to 16c
Eggs, dried, 10c to 12c
Milk, per gallon, 10c to 12c
Cream, per gallon, 15c to 16c
Cheese, per pound, 10c to 12c
Milk, per bushel, 10c to 12c

Poultry, Dressed
Ducks, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Geese, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Chickens, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Turkeys, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Young fowl, per bushel, 10c to 12c

Butcher's Meat
Pork, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Beef, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Lamb, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Mutton, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Veal, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Sausage, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Dressed hogs, per bushel, 10c to 12c

Live Stock
Small stock, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Select hogs, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Fat cows, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Stags, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Feeder cattle, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Milk cows, per bushel, 10c to 12c

Hides and Wool
Lambskins, each, 10c to 12c
Wool, washed, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Wool, unwashed, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Hides, 1st, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Hides, 2nd, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Hides, 3rd, per bushel, 10c to 12c

Vegetables
Potatoes, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Turnips, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Cabbage, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Sage, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Ravens, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Cauliflower, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Red cabbage, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Onions, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Peas, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Beans, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Mangel, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Carrots, per bushel, 10c to 12c

Fruits
Apples, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Annie, per bushel, 10c to 12c
Apples, per bushel, 10c to 12c

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 25.—Wheat—Spot, 10c to 12c; No. 2 red western winter, no stock; futures, steady; March, 5c; May, 7c; July, 8c; No. 1 hard, 10c; No. 2 hard, 8c; No. 3 hard, 6c; No. 4 hard, 4c; No. 5 hard, 2c; No. 6 hard, 1c; No. 7 hard, 1/2c; No. 8 hard, 1/4c; No. 9 hard, 1/8c; No. 10 hard, 1/16c; No. 11 hard, 1/32c; No. 12 hard, 1/64c; No. 13 hard, 1/128c; No. 14 hard, 1/256c; No. 15 hard, 1/512c; No. 16 hard, 1/1024c; No. 17 hard, 1/2048c; No. 18 hard, 1/4096c; No. 19 hard, 1/8192c; No. 20 hard, 1/16384c; No. 21 hard, 1/32768c; No. 22 hard, 1/65536c; No. 23 hard, 1/131072c; No. 24 hard, 1/262144c; No. 25 hard, 1/524288c; No. 26 hard, 1/1048576c; No. 27 hard, 1/2097152c; No. 28 hard, 1/4194304c; No. 29 hard, 1/8388608c; No. 30 hard, 1/16777216c; No. 31 hard, 1/33554432c; No. 32 hard, 1/67108864c; No. 33 hard, 1/134217728c; No. 34 hard, 1/268435456c; No. 35 hard, 1/536870912c; No. 36 hard, 1/1073741824c; No. 37 hard, 1/2147483648c; No. 38 hard, 1/4294967296c; No. 39 hard, 1/8589934592c; No. 40 hard, 1/17179869184c; No. 41 hard, 1/34359738368c; No. 42 hard, 1/68719476736c; No. 43 hard, 1/137438953472c; No. 44 hard, 1/274877906944c; No. 45 hard, 1/549755813888c; No. 46 hard, 1/1099511627776c; No. 47 hard, 1/2199023255552c; No. 48 hard, 1/4398046511104c; No. 49 hard, 1/8796093022208c; No. 50 hard, 1/17592186044016c; No. 51 hard, 1/35184372088032c; No. 52 hard, 1/70368744176064c; No. 53 hard, 1/140737488352128c; No. 54 hard, 1/281474976704256c; No. 55 hard, 1/562949953408512c; No. 56 hard, 1/1125899906816024c; No. 57 hard, 1/2251799813632048c; No. 58 hard, 1/4503599627264096c; No. 59 hard, 1/9007199254528192c; No. 60 hard, 1/18014398509056384c; No. 61 hard, 1/36028797018112768c; No. 62 hard, 1/72057594036225536c; No. 63 hard, 1/144115188072451072c; No. 64 hard, 1/288230376144902144c; No. 65 hard, 1/576460752289804288c; No. 66 hard, 1/1152921504579608576c; No. 67 hard, 1/2305843009159217152c; No. 68 hard, 1/4611686018318434304c; No. 69 hard, 1/9223372036636868608c; No. 70 hard, 1/18446744073273737216c; 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County Bldgs., new Court House, London.
HEARTILY WELCOMED TO JAP-
LAND.

Tokio, Feb. 25.—The steamer Cleve-land and with 700 American tourists aboard arrived at Yokohama today. The party was given a splendid welcome by officials of Tokio and Yokohama.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" that is **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
Bromo Quinine
on every box 25c

If you want eyes in winter, promote vigor in your fowls by using Conkey's Laying Tonic. It gives summer activity and eggs without forcing the fowl. Vigor and health bring results. A. J. Morgan, 113 Dundas street, will guarantee it. 3n-ywt

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You can buy Johnston Bros.' XXX Bread with the confidence that you are getting the purest and most appetizing bread that can be produced.

The best ingredients are used, and the making is done in our perfectly-equipped bakery.

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LONDON AND DISTRICT

Mr. Tierney Injured.

Mr. William Tierney, of Cheap street, a former employee of the Bell Telephone Company of this city, was brought home recently from Halesbury. He was injured some days ago while working for the company and he was brought home for treatment.

Sunday Appointments.

The appointments at Huron College for Sunday are: St. John's, evening. Rev. Principal Waller; St. John's, morning. Rev. Prof. Jenkins; Innerkip, evening. Rev. Prof. Jenkins; Innerkip, and Eastwood, C. C. Brett; Port Burwell, W. G. Blackwell; Durham, W. H.

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Yes or no, bear in mind that we sell the

Wedding Rings

Recognizing what is expected of a wedding ring, we stock only the very best quality, and we fully guarantee them.

SUMNER'S

For Reliable Jewellery.

380 RICHMOND STREET.

COLD WEATHER HAS HELPED TRADE

Commercial Agencies Make Reports on Conditions in Canada.

BUILDING PROSPECTS GOOD

Large Shipments of Spring Goods—Retail Trade Has a Good Tone.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s report says of London trade: The continued cold weather has helped the sorting trade somewhat, and a certain amount of heavy goods are being disposed of at reduced prices. The millinery opening is looked upon as the harbinger of business, and with more genial weather business is expected to brighten up, though, taken all in all, general business up to the present has been equal to or above the average. Prospects in the building trade are regarded as fair. So far there is no evidence of a boom in that line, and the feeling is not to lay in too large stocks. Commercial paper is being well met.

Bradstreet's Trade Review says:

London reports say a steady tone is reported to general trade. Spring goods are going out and it is evident shipments will be large. Retail trade collections are good. Collections are generally satisfactory. All factories here are busy and orders on hand are large. Values are generally steady to firm.

In Montreal.

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say the general situation there has seen little change during the past week. There is a general clearing up of winter lines of drygoods and spring goods are now being shown. A fair number of sorting orders are still coming in. Wholesalers are mostly busy sending out spring goods and the demand for cottons, prints, etc., continues very active. Preparations are under way for the millinery opening, which will take place at the end of the month. Values on all lines of drygoods hold firm and higher prices are looked for on fall lines of woollens and underweave. The hardware trade is fairly steady. The demand for metals is active and prices are steady to firm. The demand for builders' supplies continues reasonably quiet, although a heavy trade in these lines is expected later on. A normal trade is reported in groceries. Sugar is firm and the demand for canned goods is heavy. Fish and other Lenten foods are also active. Country trade is moderate. Collections are no better than fair and from some districts they are slow. Receipts of produce are fairly large, but prices hold steady.

Toronto.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say a good steady tone is noted to all lines of trade there. The sorting business in drygoods has kept up to a considerable extent and large shipments of spring lines are being rushed forward. The outlook continues to favor an excellent trade in all lines. Local factories of all kinds of clothing are exceedingly busy, and there is a large demand for operatives. Drygoods prices continue to show firmness, and as yet quotations on fall lines have not been announced. Groceries reports are good for staple lines, although business is not as heavy as it was early in January. Sugars are firm at the recent advance. Hardware is reported active and there is already some demand for general builders' supplies. Metals are firm and moving fairly briskly. Country trade and that at provincial points continues good, excellent sleighing being a big factor in this respect. All kinds of products are coming in well, but prices are generally firm. Trade in hogs and their products is light on account of high prices. Hides are quiet and steady to easy. A fair demand for leather is reported.

The West.

Winnipeg reports say a brisk trade is noted in all lines of business there. During last week great numbers of merchants were in the city attending the "Bismarck" and wholesalers were kept busy receiving the callers. In most cases good orders were left behind. More seasonable weather has helped the movement of winter lines and the sorting-up trade has been more active. Large spring shipments are being delivered and the outlook for future trade is excellent. Wholesale milliners are preparing for a big trade at the opening which takes place at the end of the month. The hardware trade is reported to be active. Collections are generally fair.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say trade is opening out nicely and indications are that spring business will show a very considerable increase over that of last year. The demand for groceries is active and large orders for summer camp supplies are being placed for early shipment. This has also been a factor in the hardware trade and the demand for builders' supplies and general lines is brisk. Collections are fair to good.

Lower Provinces.

Quebec—Reports to Bradstreet's continue fairly satisfactory. Orders for summer goods are coming forward. With favorable weather conditions the outlook for spring trade is encouraging. City retail trade is fairly satisfactory. Local industries are well employed.

Hamilton reports to Bradstreet's say the outlook for future trade continues excellent. Seasonable weather is keeping up a fairly good movement in retail lines and it is reported that general stocks of winter goods are being satisfactorily lightened. Wholesale collections in spring shipments and local factories are busy. Country trade is reported good. Collections are fair to good.

Ottawa reports say the volume of business has shown some increase during the last week. Retail trade is moving well and wholesalers report more active demand for general lines of goods. Prospects for future business are excellent. Local industries are busy engaged and intentions are that they will continue so throughout the coming year.

FIRE AT DARTMOUTH.

Hanover, N. H., Feb. 26.—Fire early this morning destroyed the Dartmouth weather dormitory at Dartmouth. The fire was discovered in the basement, and it spread rapidly upward. All the student occupants of the building escaped. The loss will reach \$60,000.

Pianos to Rent.

Pianos to rent from \$2 per month upwards, six months rent allowed in case of purchase. Williams Piano Company, Limited, 261 Dundas street.

BURIED IN WOODLAND

Funeral of Late Thomas Parkinson Was Held Yesterday.

The funeral of Mr. Thomas Parkinson, whose death occurred in Winnipeg last Sunday, was held Friday afternoon from the residence of his son, Fred Parkinson, 263 Piccadilly street, to Woodland Cemetery, and was of a private nature. The services were conducted by Rev. R. S. W. Howard, of Christ Church. The pallbearers were Messrs. E. W. J. Griffiths, W. J. Wilson, William Riley, James Long, T. H. Wright and John Milligan. The remains were accompanied from Winnipeg by Mrs. Samuel Topley, daughter of Mr. Parkinson. A number of very beautiful floral offerings were sent from friends throughout the city.

TAXED FOR EXPENSES

Railway Required to Pay for Bringing of Witness in Burchell Case.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—Cecil Burchell was killed last week crossing in London. When the action for damages against the company came to trial there was a postponement to allow a commission to go to England to ascertain what pecuniary loss had resulted from Burchell's death.

Yesterday the Grand Trunk appealed from the taxing officer, who had decided that the Grand Trunk should pay the expenses of Burchell's brother, who came from Montana as a material witness. The brother was not convinced that this was a postponement to allow a commission to go to England to ascertain what pecuniary loss had resulted from Burchell's death.

The G. T. R. should be generous, Cecil Burchell was dead. As to the brother, the Grand Trunk had already spent three-fourths of the brother's costs. "The money had been paid," added the chief justice. "How can you get it back?"

"Out of the verdict," smiled the G. T. R.'s counsel.

Closed, heated carriages for all occasions. Hueston's Livery.

COUNTY CANNOT

SELL THE SITE

If Joint Municipal Building Is To Be Erected City Must Go to County.

Some Interesting History of the Court-house and Jail—City Hall Is Valued With Land at \$100,000.

The question of a new heating system for the courthouse and jail, at a cost of \$7,000, once again brings to the fore the much-mooted question of the advisability of erecting a new courthouse, and more especially of city and county uniting in the erection of joint city and county municipal buildings.

The city buildings—the city hall and land, are assessed at the sum of \$100,000, which would be a very satisfactory little nest-egg to begin with, if it were decided to move the offices to another locality and dispose of the present site.

If there was any thought of joint city and county buildings, it would be absolutely necessary for the city buildings to be moved, as the present site of the county buildings was granted to the county, for the location of county buildings, by the donors of the land some time before the year 1827, and a failure to use it for that purpose would render it liable to reversion to the estate of the heirs, or to the crown, as the site, if it could be split up into building lots, would be valued at something less than the city property, there is little likelihood that the county would consider any project that would jeopardize the valuable asset.

There has been a good deal of discussion as to whether it would be breaking the terms of the grant to erect joint buildings on that site, but as the city was part of the county to which the land was deeded at the time the deed was drawn, and indeed until 1840, there is very little doubt that the county had done so.

The question of a new court house and city hall has been left in abeyance, but the expenses of remodeling the two present buildings, as they will have to be remodelled in the not very distant future, will undoubtedly again bring the matter to the fore, and there is every prospect that the city and county may ultimately have joint buildings.

This would seem the rational thing to do, as by holding the two sites the city and county are tying up an otherwise available capital of approximately \$100,000. And the county must perform its part, nor can they ever submit any part of it for other purposes.

About Middlesex.

At its first colonization, Middlesex was part of what was known as the Western District, with its headquarters at Victoria in Norfolk County, and in 1827 London was made the headquarters of the district, and a frame jail was erected on the site which had shortly before been deeded to the municipality.

This was soon superseded by a brick structure, part of which is incorporated in the present jail.

It was in 1879 that the court house was reconstructed and enlarged to its present size, and save for minor improvements has remained practically unchanged since then. The site has been a source of trouble as even immediately after its construction it was found to be unsuitable for the uses to which it was to be put.

\$3,000 IS REQUIRED TO REPAIR BUILDINGS

Western Fair Board Will Pay Half If City Will Pay the Other.

At a meeting of the grounds and buildings committee of the Western Fair Association held Friday afternoon in the secretary's office, it was decided to submit a proposition to the council, agreeing to put up a new building, in proper repair, and if the city would furnish the rest.

The question of a new arts building was laid over. Some of the members of the committee thought that the council should grant \$5,000 for this purpose, but it was decided under the circumstances not to ask for this money. There was not sufficient money in the treasury to admit the association.

NO HOSPITAL FOR HIM

SAVED JUST IN TIME.

Mr. Lewis MacPherson, of Dunvegan, Inverness County, Cape Breton, has been suffering tortures from his kidneys and bladder, which were terribly inflamed. Finally, his doctor could do nothing more for him, and advised him to go to the hospital.

A neighbor, who had used Gin Pills—but read Mr. MacPherson's letter.

"It affords me more than ordinary pleasure to convey, not only to your- selves but also to all sufferers from Kidney and Bladder Troubles, the instant and complete cure that Gin Pills effected in my case."

"I suffered untold misery even when under treatment from the best doctors for over ten months, and nothing seemed to do me any good or relieve my painful condition. My trouble was inflammation of kidneys and bladder."

"I finally determined to take my doctor's advice and go to the Victoria Hospital at Halifax, for treatment. Two days, however, before my intended departure for the hospital, a neighbor called and happening to have a Gin Pill in his pocket, insisted on my taking it. I did so, and six hours after taking it, the results and benefits were simply wonderful. Instead of less than miraculous, I insisted on going to the hospital, with the result that I am a cured man. I recommend Gin Pills to every one suffering from Kidney Trouble."

It is just as we say, you see—Gin Pills do cure Kidney and Bladder troubles, no matter how long they have been on you. Take them on your money back.

Dealers everywhere have Gin Pills at 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sample sent free if you write National Drug and Chemical Company, Limited, Dept. 6, Toronto.

LABOR LEADER CHARGED WITH INCITING RIOTS

Philadelphia Authorities Have Placed Mr. Murphy Under Arrest.

Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—The arrest of John J. Murphy, the young president of the Central Labor Union, who will be given a hearing today on the charge of inciting to riot, has added to the uneasiness in labor circles. The warrant for Murphy's arrest was issued by the direction of Director of Public Safety Clay, following the publication in an afternoon paper of his following statement, said to have been made by the head of the Central Labor Union:

"You can depend upon it that by Sunday's meeting a general strike will be called. If one man is shot in Kensington there will follow a carnival of riot and bloodshed which will startle the entire country. I should not care to be responsible for such an outbreak. The state police would be helpless; I want it understood that there are men in the northeast who can shoot as straight as any trooper in the west. I want you to be a little while for a moment and you will see something which will open your eyes."

This statement was made to newspaper reporters for publication," said Director Clay, "one of whom was given and who stated that the above statement of Mr. Murphy's as published, is substantially correct. I have been advised by the law officers of the city and country that this is a violation of law and inciting to riot, and, therefore, it is my duty, as director of public safety, to place him under arrest."

Murphy denied that he had made such a statement for publication, and says that he merely expressed an opinion as to what might develop if the strike continued and the company refuses to arbitrate. The published statement itself, he said, was "a warning and not a threat was intended."

"Unlike Pratt, who was denied bail when arrested on a similar charge, Murphy was not locked in a cell over night, but was permitted to enter his home before a friendly magistrate for hearing today."

FUNERAL OF HUGH MCCOLL

Large Concourse of Sorrowing Friends Pay Last Tribute to Memory of Veteran Postmaster.

Strathroy, Feb. 26.—The remains of the late veteran postmaster, Hugh McColl, were yesterday laid in the grave, the funeral being very largely attended, in accordance with his wishes, the services were of the simplest nature.

Rev. H. C. Price, D.A., pastor of the Baptist Church, assisted by Rev. W. M. Kinnear, B.D., pastor of the Presbyterian Church, and H. D. Johnson, a close personal friend of the deceased, Messrs. M. G. Gaudin and W. H. Murray, of Strathroy, John H. Smith, of Lobo, The flag at the postoffice was at half-mast, and the office draped in mourning.

F. W. Matthews, of the Inspector's Office, London, represented the department.

ROSS' Store for Women

Two Waist Specials

Have you had one of our Tailored Specials?

We have had another delivery of these high-class Tailored Linene Waists, with tucked fronts, also a similar style in Vesting, at\$1.50

Stock-Taking Clearance of Net Waists, in ecru, white and black. A limited number only.

Special Price \$3

196 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

NOTICE

Wall Papers

The new papers are coming in, and to make room for them we must clear out the balance of our present stock.

8c Papers at6c
10c Papers at7c
12c Papers at9c

15c Papers at10c
20c Papers at14c
25c Papers at17c

It will pay you to call and see us.

A. E. JOLLY & CO.

190 DUNDAS STREET.

Samples mailed on request.

tion erecting the building, so the matter was laid over until another year.

A re-arrangement of the exhibits in the main building will be a necessity this year, and the details will be worked out by Mr. William Moore as soon as possible.

Those present were Col. J. W. Little, chairman; W. J. Reid, Ald. J. H. Saunders, Mayor Beattie, Ald. Fitzgerald, William Moore, William McNeil, Superintendent Brown and Secretary A. M. Hunt.

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F. W. Matthews

"Sunkist" Orange Special

An Entire Trainload of Oranges Coming on Special Express Schedule for Special "Sunkist" Orange Sale

Week Beginning February 28.

Your dealer—every dealer—will be supplied with fresh picked "Sunkist" oranges. Here is fruit that is fresh as that eaten by your California friends, for it comes to you as fast as this special express freight train can bring it. It has the right of way wherever possible. The California Fruit Growers' Exchange can allow "Sunkist" oranges to fully mature on the tree because they get them to you so quickly after picking.

Picked By Gloved Hands

Picked by experts wearing gloves to keep the deep tinted skin intact—thus insuring perfect oranges. "Sunkist" oranges are tree-ripened—observe the deep tinted skin—that's Nature's guarantee for the matured lusciousness within. There are no other oranges like these. Place them on your table at every meal. Your family will appreciate "Sunkist" oranges as they do no other food.

Physicians recommend oranges for their food value to brain and nerve cells.

Be Sure You Get "Sunkist" Oranges

In order that you get the choicest of the 5,000 groves in which "Sunkist" oranges are grown, be sure the oranges you buy are wrapped in tissue paper upon which is printed the "Sunkist" label. Oranges without this wrapper are not "Sunkist" oranges. Insist upon getting "Sunkist" oranges only—then you are insured of the finest fruit it is possible to grow.

"Sunkist" Lemons

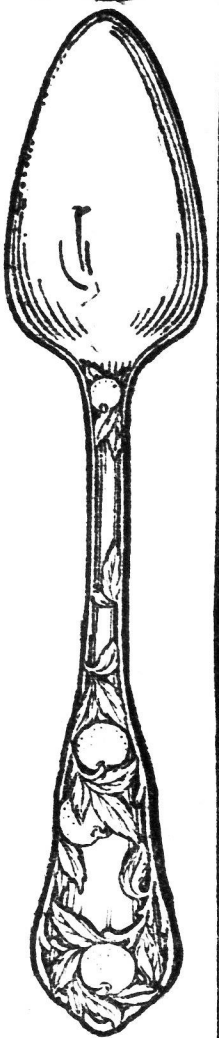
are rich in strong lemon juices. They are thin-skinned, firm, tree-ripened and hand-picked. They answer every purpose better than any other lemon in the world. That's because they are carefully cultivated by most expert hands.

FREE—ORANGE SPOONS

Save Wrappers of "Sunkist" Oranges and Lemons

Send 12 wrappers and 6 two-cent stamps for a handsome Rogers' full standard plate orange spoon. In a short time you can easily have a full table set. They are worthy of a place at every table. Your dealer is prepared for this Great Orange Sale. He will have a full supply of "Sunkist" oranges for you—for every customer.

Send "Sunkist" Wrappers and Stamps to
California Fruit Growers' Exchange
32 Church Street Toronto, Ontario



"SUNKIST" NAVEL ORANGES ARE SEEDLESS

DON'T LET THIS SALE SLIP YOUR MIND

Half a Chance

The Great New Serial Story of Adventure by
FREDERICK S. ISHAM
Author of "Under the Rose," "The Strollers," etc.
Copyright 1909, The Bobbs-Merrill Co.

"I guessed you were going? Ah, to-night—on the balcony?"

Did he divine what her words recalled, could not but bring to mind? A faint spring to her white face; it spread even to the white throat. The blue eyes grew hard, very hard; the little hand he had so short a while before held in his, closed; the slender figure which had then seemed to waver, straightened. He read the thought his words had evoked, but did not meet her eyes now.

"You tell me what you have— and yet you have come—dared to come here—under this roof—"

It may be she also recalled his look when first he had entered this room, and, turning, had seen her; that her mind retained the impress of a bearing, bold, mocking, "it was infamous!"

The words struck him like a whip, fashed his face to a dull red; the silence grew.

"I would not presume to dispute or contradict any conclusion you may have reached," he spoke at length in a low, even voice. "I had not, as I said, intended this last, this most inexcusable intrusion. You have now only one course to pursue—"

He turned to the long silken bell rope on the wall. "And I promise not to resist."

Her glance followed his, returned to his face, to his eyes, quietly challenging. She took a step.

"Well," he said. She had suddenly stopped; in the hall voices were heard approaching; he, too, caught them.

"That simplifies matters," he remarked. Her breast stirred; she stood listening; they came nearer—now were at the door. A measured knocking broke the stillness.

"Joelynn!" The voice was that of Sir Charles. "Are you there?" She did not answer. "Kindly unlock the door."

to sleep in your dressing-room? (Companion, you know! Your voice sounds a little nervous.)

"Does it? Not at all!" she said hastily. "I am—not in the least nervous."

"Good-night, then!" They went. "One of my men in the garden felt sure he had seen him return toward the house," Mr. Gillett's voice was wafted back, became fainter, died away.

The man in the room stood motionless now, his face like that of a statue save for the light and life of his eyes. The clock beat the moments; he looked at her. The girl was almost turned from him; he saw more of the bright hair than the pale profile, so still against the delicately carved arabesques of the panel.

"The other way would have been—preferable!"

There was nothing reckless or bold in his bearing now; but, looking away, she did not see. Was he tempted, it only an infinitesimal degree, to suggest a plan of mitigating circumstances—not for his own sake, but for hers—that she might feel less keenly that she had been deceived?

He had smiled on him, admitted him to a certain frank, free intimacy? Before the words fell from his lips, however, she turned; her gaze arrested his purpose, made him feel poignantly, acutely, the distance now between them.

"What were you," she hesitated, emphasized over-sharply the word, "transported for?"

"An instant his eyes flashed suddenly back at her, as if he were on the point of answering, telling her all, disavowing; but to what end? To ask her not of her, but of others, throw himself on her generosity?"

"What does it matter?" True; what did it matter to her? He had been in prisons before, by his own word.

"Your name, of course, is not John Steele?"

He confessed it a purloined asset. "What was it?"

had momentarily held her. "There—there may be a safer way!" She hardly knew what she was saying; one thought alone possessed her mind; she looked with strained, bright glance before her. "The Queen Elizabeth staircase leading into the garden from any—"

"The words were arrested; her blue eyes, dark, dilated, lingered on him in an odd, impersonal way. "Wait!" Bright spots of color now tinted her cheeks; she went quickly toward the door she had left, her manner that of one who hastens to some course on impulse, without pausing to reason. "A few minutes!" She listened, turned the key; then opening the door, stepped hastily out into the hall.

The latch clicked; the man stood alone. Whatever her purpose, only the desire of hurt, of outraged pride, for desire to act quickly, to have done with an intolerable situation moved him. Once more he looked toward the window through which he had entered; first, however, before going, he thought himself of something, an answer to one of her questions. She should find the answer after he was gone! "I don't know!" he muttered, into a breast-pocket; he took out a small object wrapped in velvet. An instant his eyes rested upon it; then, stooping, he picked up the bit of velvet handkerchief from the floor, and laying the dark velvet against it, placed the two on the table.

Would she understand? The debt he had felt he owed her long before to-night, that sense of obligation to the child who had reached out her hand in a different life, a different world? No; she had, of course, forgotten; still, he would leave it, that tell-tale color, previous, which he had cherished almost superstitiously.

When a few minutes later the girl hastily re-entered the room, she carried on her arm a man's coat and hat; her appearance was feverish, her eyes wide and shining.

"Your clothes are torn—would attract attention! These were not mine—stole them!"

She spoke quickly with a little broken note of self-mockery. Her voice broke off suddenly; she looked around her. The coat and hat slipped from her arm; she looked at the window; the curtain still moved, as if a hand had but recently touched it. She stared.

A Sneezing Epidemic

IT'S NOT INFLUENZA—BUT CATARRH THAT COMES WITH CHANGE OF SEASON.

Every second person that you meet seems to have a sneeze and stuffed feeling in the forehead and nostrils. To cure promptly, say, in half an hour, there is nothing worth using except Catarrhoxone. You inhale its balsamic vapor, and feel as if you were among the Norway Pines. This is because Catarrhoxone contains a healing medicine, light as pine air, which is breathed straight into the lungs and bronchial tubes. Away goes the cold, sneezing and catarrhal cough cease, bronchial irritation stops; in short, you are cured of catarrh by a pleasant, simple remedy, free from sedatives and irritants. Catarrhoxone is a good, safe, family remedy for coughs, colds, croup, sore throat, that may be taken by young and old with absolute certainty of swift, permanent cure. Try "Catarrhoxone," but beware of the substitutor who may try to induce you to take something instead of "Catarrhoxone." Large size lasts two months. Price \$1. Smaller sizes 25c and 50c. Sold by all dealers, or The Catarrhoxone Company, Kingston, Ont.

at it—incidentally. He had gone; he would have none of her assistance then—preferred— She listened, but caught only the rustling of the heavy silk. When minutes passed; at her left a candle, carefully adjusted by the maid, dripped to the dresser; its over-long wick threw weird, ever-changing shadows; her own silhouette appeared in various distorted forms on hangings and wall.

Still she heard nothing, nothing louder than the faint sounds at the window; the occasional, mysterious creakings of old woodwork. He must have long since reached the ground—the bottom of the old moat; perhaps, as the police agent and several of his men were in the house, he might even have attained the fringe of the wood. It was not so far distant—the space intervening from the top of the moat contained many shrubs; in their friendly shadows—

She stole to the corner of the window and cautiously peered out. The sky was overcast; below, faint markings could just be discerned; beyond, Cimmerian gloom—Strathmore wood.

Had he reached, could he reach it? Good-bye, farewell, her cheeks with- lessening the flush that burned there; her lips were half-parted. She stepped uncertainly back; a reaction swept over her.

How absurd! What, however, should she do? She looked toward the next room. Go to bed? It seemed the commonplace, natural conclusion, and, after all, life was very commonplace. But the coat and hat she had brought there. Consideration of them, also, came within the scope of the commonplace.

It did not take her long to dispose of them, not on the rack, however. Standing again, a few moments later, at the head of the stairway, in the upper hall, she heard voices approaching. But the coat and hat slipped from her hand and coat on a chair near by and fled to her room.

None too soon! From above footsteps were descending; people now passed by; they evidently had been searching the third story. She could hear their low, dissatisfied voices; the last persons to come she at once recognized by their tones.

"You have made a bungling job of it," said Lord Ronald. There was a suppressed, fierce bitterness in his accents, which, however, in the excitement of the moment, the girl failed to notice.

"He had made up his mind not to be taken alive, my lord."

"Then—"

"Then—"

THE AUTHOR OF "CHANTECLER," OVER WHICH PARIS RAVES

Something About Edmond Rostand—His Early Successes and Failures—Cyrano Made His Fame.

At the present moment there is no more talked of writer in Paris than M. Edmond Rostand, and it is likely that no dramatic work has ever aroused so much interest prior to its production as his "Chantecler" ("The Cock").

The death of the elder Coquelin caused one postponement, but there have been many others. Months ago the shops of Paris were displaying in their windows "Chantecler" hats, ties, and waistcoats. For weeks there have been paragraphs in all the newspapers, not only of Paris, but of every civilized country. Actions are pending against the Ecole of Milan; The Eclair, the Paris Journal and the monthly Bonne Chanson, for printing alleged scenes and verses from the play, and copies of these journals containing the previous lines have been confiscated on the boulevards. Never in the history of the stage has any play been so well advertised before its performance, nor has any work of drama or literature created a title of the almost frenzied interest aroused by the repeated delays, the alleged revelations of plot, incidents and words, and the consequent angry denials and legal reprisals on the part of author, producer and manager.

Famous at Thirty. The eyes of the world are upon the Porte Ste. Martin. Let us turn our attention then to the man who is responsible for all this excitement. M. Edmond Rostand, author of "Cyrano," "Les Romanesques," "La Princesse Lointaine," and "L'Aiglon"—a list of his triumphs that is not exhaustive—is one of those lucky authors who have not had to wait for public recognition. He had written the last lines of "Cyrano de Bergerac" before he was 27, and in a year or so the piece had taken Paris by storm. Another year, and the

Porte Ste. Martin is still packed night after night, with the great Coquelin in the title-role; ten companies are playing the piece in America to full houses. Germany is ecstatic over Ludwig Fulda's version; Spaniards throng to see the play in Madrid; Russia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, all have their own versions; Serbia looks to hear the piece, in all of all languages. Croatian, "Cyrano" is an acknowledged masterpiece, and its author an accredited genius.

A Brilliant Debut. Born in 1868 at Marseilles, Edmond Rostand comes of an intellectual stock. His father, a member of the Institute, was a distinguished savant; his uncle is still known in the public life of Paris. He was educated at the Lycée of Marseilles and the Stanislas College in Paris, whence he took his degree in 1890. His maiden book of poems, "Les Musardises," was published in his 20th year, and its author was hailed in the Revue Bleue as having made the most brilliant poetic debut since Alfred de Musset published his "Contes d'Espagne."

Shakespeare, Dickens and Victor Hugo were his early favorites, and the authors whom he resolved to emulate. With his first success many would say that he had repeated the wonderful achievement of his great master, that he had marked a new epoch in the drama in "Cyrano," as Hugo marked a new epoch in "Hernani," the foundation-stone of French Romanticism. "Cyrano" took but a few months in the writing, but years in preparation. In his undergraduate days it became a fixed purpose with him to write a play in which the hero should be marked equally by nobility of character and some grotesque physical defect. In history he hit upon the figure—a real figure—of Cyrano. His own experience of life furnished him with the plot.

"Les Romanesques." "I was just out of college," M. Rostand once remarked to an interviewer, "and one day I showed M. Jules Claretie, of the Comedie Francaise, a one-act comedy I had done. He urged me to submit it formally, and said he was sure it would be accepted. I was delighted, of course, and submitted it; but the little play was rejected, partly, I believe, because I intrusted the reading to an actor instead of doing it myself. But M. Claretie stood by me, and told me to go ahead with a three-act comedy, and submit it as soon as I could. So I wrote 'Les Romanesques,' and it was accepted with special honor at the Comedie Francaise; and the first thing I knew was that Sarcey was proclaiming me as the modern 'Gautier,' and I found myself looked to write light comedy all my life. But I had no intention of accepting any such narrow mission. What I wanted to study—and depict—was life. So I wrote a play forthwith, 'La Princesse Lointaine,' which was delicate, and sad, and tender—in fact, as far as possible from light comedy—and I let the critics reproach me as they pleased, although it often hurt. Yes, I knew what I was doing. And then I wrote 'Cyrano,' which, I suppose, has a little of everything in it, like the world about us."

Coquelin and Bernhardt. Both Mme. Bernhardt and the late M. Coquelin—the two dominant figures of the French stage at the time when Rostand burst upon the dramatic world of Paris—realized at once that the young author would shortly have

the theatrical world at his feet. Coquelin, indeed, succumbed to his spell within ten minutes of being introduced. "To quote his own words: 'It was in the autumn of 1894 that I met Rostand first. I was at Mme. Bernhardt's one day when he was reading his 'Princesse Lointaine,' produced later at the Renaissance. I was present only as a friend, but was greatly struck by the beauty of the lines and the high, artistic quality of the author's rendering. Bernhardt was stirred to tears; in fact, was ill in bed two days afterwards from the emotion it was presented to Rostand, and told him how sincerely I admired his work. Then, just as I was going, he said: 'I should like to write something for you. I think I have a good idea.' At once I said that whatever he would write for me, on whatever subject, at whatever time, I would accept, without question or reservation, and put on the stage at my own theatre.' That is how 'Cyrano' came to be written. Coquelin would run down frequently to the author's home at Boulogne St. Leeger to see how the work was getting on. 'Sometimes,' he has said, 'it was a delight to see Rostand chorishing and smoothing out the lines of his gardener who waters the flowers he loves and gives them sun. Again, he wrought out his lines in torture, like a spirit driven through hell with forbidden. There are men, you know, like Sardou, who can rise every day at a certain hygienic hour, work so long, and refuse to work any longer. Rostand is not of that order."

Better Than Sermons. The great actress, who has divided with the author the honors of "La Princesse Lointaine," "La Samaritaine" and "L'Aiglon," is even more enthusiastic than Coquelin. "I have read 'Cyrano,' she once ejaculated, 'that he has let me be alive now to interpret a part, at least of what this great genius will produce. If Rostand were to die, it would be a calamity to mankind and I think—why, I think I should want to die, too.' The role she interpreted in 'La Samaritaine,' exhausted her, she has declared more than once, "because of its spiritual intensity." She acknowledges herself as convinced that the play has done more good than any of her own. Thus the actors, the flesh and blood realizations of the author's dreams. But the critics, colder, less impressionable, and more methodical, have proved, as might have been expected, hardly so eloquent. On some hands Rostand has been dismissed as a French Kipling, a poet of Chauvinistic patriotism, assured only of a limited immortality.

New York tradesmen find that customers meet when they have their greatest trouble in collecting money from customers who have no money, and from customers who have the most money.

THE COMPLEXION PROBLEM

rather a difficult one in this extreme, changeable, windy weather, is solved by using Campana's Italian Balm. A soothing, cleansing, purifying and healing skin food, not greasy or oily. It prevents chaps or roughness, keeps the skin soft, white and beautiful, and leaves no visible trace after application. Send a bottle of your druggist's or from E. W. West & Co., Toronto.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runny Nose in 48 hours. Beware of cheap imitations and Shadler's Tonic.



This is the trademark which is found on every bottle of the genuine

Scott's Emulsion

the standard Cod Liver Oil preparation of the world. Nothing equals it to build up the weak and wasted bodies of young and old. All Druggists

Send 10c. name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.
SCOTT & BOWNE
126 Wellington St., West, Toronto, Ont.

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PLAYS PLAYERS

COMING ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

Today, matinee and night. Fiske O'Hara Thursday. Dallas Welford in "Mr. Hopkinson" Saturday next. Madame Nazimova

Fiske O'Hara Today.

Fiske O'Hara, whose name has become so familiar to the lovers of the Celtic drama, will present his new play, "The Wearing of the Green," at the Grand this afternoon and evening.

Mr. O'Hara's singing is, of course, the leading feature of the performance, he having no superior in this line of work. This season his new songs, which have already become popular, are: "An Irishman's Toast," "Eyes of Irish Blue," "A Gay Gossoon," and "Nora McNamara," as well as "The Wearing of the Green," which is sung by him at each performance.

Dallas Welford on Thursday.

Made famous in an afternoon was the unusual case of the English comedy, "Mr. Hopkinson," and its comedian, Dallas Welford, the original "Bunkey-Doodle."

The play and company made its first entrance to New York City at the Hackett Theatre practically unannounced. The theatre was not half-filled, but the hit was so pronounced that the evening performance displayed the S. R. O. sign, which continued for over a year.

"Mr. Hopkinson," with an all-star English company, headed by Dallas Welford, the original, and an elaborate production, will be seen at the Grand next Thursday, March 3. The seat sale will open Tuesday.

Madame Nazimova.

Madame Nazimova will be seen at the Grand on Saturday next in her famous characterization of Nora in Ibsen's masterpiece, "A Doll's House." It has been less than five years since Madame Nazimova arrived in America, less than four since she began to act in English, and yet there is not a town of any consequence in this country today where the coming of this young Russian actress would not create interest among the theatre-goers for her fame has spread over the land as that of few other foreign actresses ever has.

Prominent members in Madame Nazimova's company are Brandon Tynan, Henry Kolker, Sidney Bracy, Vincent Sternroyd, William Haason, Grace Reals, Bertha Bartlett, Zeffe Tibbory, Grace Gilbone, Carmen Neville, Lillian Singleton, Violet Hill and Grace Dale.

The Yama Yama Man.

The story of "Three Twins," Jos. M. Gaites musical comedy production,



MISS BARBARA CLEMENT, With "Mr. Hopkinson Company."

which comes to the Grand, Monday, March 7, is taken from the farce, "Innocence," the adaptation having been made by Charles Dickson. The plot is woven about the ludicrous adventures of two young men, twins by birth, and a third person, who by a clever disguise becomes a replica of the other two. The tuneful "Yama Yama Man," has gained great fame and the alluring melody of "Cuddle Up a Little Closer" is almost as equally well known.

Eddie Foy, who is starring in "Mr. Hamlet of Broadway," has two hobbies, children and Shakespeare, and he believes in mixing the two. In other words, he thinks that all children early in life should become acquainted with the works of the immortal bard, because of the wonderful instruction afforded by his plays.

Recently Mr. Foy held an elocution contest on the stage of the Local theatre, where he is playing, for boys

and girls under sixteen. The contestants were given speeches from Shakespeare to recite and prizes were awarded to those who read the lines with the best diction and expression. Mr. Foy was the sole judge, as the public was not admitted.

Elise Mannering Hackett, the daughter of Mary Mannering, and Mark Short, the clever child actor in "A Man's World," gave a skating party recently in a prominent New York rink. There were about twenty guests present, including Miss Mannering and members of her company, as well as many children who are friends of little Miss Hackett and Master Short.

"Lottery Man" parties are popular among New York society folk this season. Ever since the play's opening, three months ago, this big comedy success has been the favorite play for theatre parties. Nearly every debutante of the year has been treated to a visit to "The Lottery Man."

George Fawcett, who recently brought his tour in "The Great John Ganton" to a close, has been cast for an important part in "A Son of the People," a play of the French revolution, which is to be produced at the New Theatre. John Mason will be a member of the same company. This will necessitate the closing of "None So Blind," which Mr. Mason is now starring at the Hackett Theatre. It is understood, however, that Mr. Mason will resume his engagement in the Ernest Poole drama upon the conclusion of the run of "A Son of the People" at the New Theatre.

Mme. Nazimova, who has been having a highly successful season on tour, has begun rehearsals for a new repertoire of plays, in which she will be seen when she comes to New York for her annual metropolitan engagement some time in March. This repertoire will consist entirely of plays in which Mme. Nazimova has not been seen heretofore in New York, including three Ibsen dramas, "Little Eyolf," "Lady Inge of Ostervik," and "The Wild Duck," "The Fairy Tale," by Snizler; "An Ideal Wife," by Marco Prago, and "The Sea Gull," by Anton Tchekhoff.

The Messrs. Shubert are to have a new theatre in Baltimore. The theatre purchased a lot in the vicinity of Fayette and Eutaw streets, on which a magnificent playhouse will be erected. The site is in the heart of the theatrical district. It is probable that the new theatre will be called the Haswell Theatre, in honor of Percy Haswell, one of the new Shubert stars, who is a native of Baltimore.

Maxine Elliott is to give a special matinee of "The Inferior Sex" at Daly's Theatre on Thursday, March 3, in order that her brother-in-law, Forbes-Robertson, may see her performance. Forbes-Robertson, by the way, will play the five hundredth performance of "The Passing of the Third Floor Back" on March 7.

Madame Nazimova was compelled to substitute a doll in the place of a child actress in "A Doll's House" when she played in Baltimore recently. The Maryland law prohibits the appearance of children on the stage in any theatrical performance, so Madame Nazimova had to forego an important feature of the play.

James T. Powers in "Havana" has been selected as the opening attraction for the new Murat Theatre in Indianapolis. The Shuberts will dedicate this playhouse on March 1.

The stage manager of "The Motor Girl" company, which the Shuberts are to send on a spring tour, is badly in need of a chauffeur who can act. During the play a real automobile is used. Owing to the fact that it comes speeding on the stage, an experienced driver is required. At first one of the members of the company should the actor continue to handle the car, the Shuberts sent out a hurry call for a chauffeur with histrionic talent.

Madame Marietta Oily, known abroad as the "German Bernhard," will begin her American tour under the management of the Shuberts in Providence, on Feb. 28, in "Baccarat," by Henri Bernstein, author of "Samson" and "Israel." Madame Oily came to America last June. She has been studying English during these months, and her appearance in English-speaking part that she has ever had. After two or three weeks on tour she will be seen at one of the Shubert theatres in New York.

Miss Crosby Little, a member of the cast of "Going Some," has the distinction of having never appeared on the stage as an American. During her professional career she has

portrayed negroes, Indian maids, Cubans and half-breeds, and in "Going Some" she appears as a Mexican slave. Although Miss Little has only three words to speak in the entire play she presents such an excellent characterization that she never fails to evoke an ovation after her exit.

The Great Northern Theatre of Chicago, which has been re-named the Lyric since it came under the management of the Messrs. Shubert, has been re-decorated, and was opened last Sunday night, Feb. 20, with the big spectacular production of "Dick Whittington," in which were seen such stage favorites as Louise Dresser, Ethel Green, Kate Elmore, and Sam Williams.

The engagement of "The Midnight Sons" in Boston at the New Shubert Theatre has been indefinitely extended. The receipts of this musical play

in Boston have been even greater than they were at the Broadway Theatre. They report that George Monroe, Harry Fisher, and George A. Schiller would be drafted from "The Midnight Sons" to the cast of the new Fields' review, "The Summer Widowers," is denied.

Christie MacDonald, the prima donna, with Andrew Mack, in "The Prince of Bohemia," was recently elected president of the Western Club. As the name indicates, it is a walking club, the object and requirements of which demand that its members walk four miles every day.

George Ade, the famous humorist and humorist, says that "The Lottery Man" and "The Inferior Sex" are two of the funniest comedies that the stage has ever known. He considers them among the ten best plays of the current season.



"MADAME NAZIMOVA" NEXT SATURDAY AT THE GRAND.

THE DANES AND THE LAND

How Denmark Solves the Problem — Small Holdings and Co-operation.

Minto Hastings writes in the New York American:

Denmark is a little country about the size of Maryland. It has a soil and climate which the American farmer would pass by as being unsuited for agriculture. But this little neck of land in the Baltic Sea supports an agricultural population equal to that of Nebraska and the two Dakotas.

Now, the problem of the cost of living, which means the elimination of waste, was an issue in Denmark when Daniel Boone was hunting buffalo in Kentucky. So the Danes, realizing that society left to itself becomes a game where one man draws a chalk mark on the sidewalk and charges the rest of the crowd for the privilege of walking across, took early measures for the establishment of the co-operative movement.

The Danish consumer does not worry about the food trust or middlemen, for the creameries, eggeries and packing houses are co-operative, and if the price of food is too high the farmer is the only one to blame. Under this regime Danish food exports have grown from practically nothing 40 years ago, until now the little country sends to England every year nearly a hundred million dollars' worth of butter, eggs and bacon.

That a country more densely populated than New England should export large quantities of foodstuffs is a condition hardly conceivable to the American who realizes that if railroad connections west of Buffalo were shut off we would have bread riots from Portland, Me., to Jacksonville, Fla.

Another good thing in Denmark is the custom of taxing and selling land by the "Hartkorn," which is a unit of productivity rather than of area. This productivity of the land is reappraised every five years, and is the basis of all legal and popular estimates of land value. Such a custom should interest a public that for two generations has

Too Hoarse to Speak

AN AMERICAN DOCTOR TELLS OF THE GRAND RESULTS ACHIEVED WITH "NERVILINE."

"I had a patient with Quinsy that I found great difficulty in curing," states Dr. Wilson. "Every time he caught cold or got chilled he suffered intensely from sore throat, huskiness, throat and chest soreness. After every attack his throat and chest seemed more inflamed. This patient lived in the country, and couldn't come to the city for treatment. I concluded that the best remedy would be an honest liniment, and because of its enormous safe and well-known merit, I advised 'Nerviline.' Morning, noon, and night 'Nerviline' was rubbed over the neck and chest, and once a day diluted with water it was used as a gargle. In a day or two my patient reported an improvement, and by continuing the I can recommend 'Nerviline' for cure of colds, for chest tightness, throat inflammation, quinsy, tonsillitis and similar conditions."

Not a druggist or doctor who has examined the formula of 'Nerviline' who won't tell you how good it is, why it contains the best ingredients known to science and for general family use has no equal.

accepted a homestead law which places 160 acres of Florida celery land (sufficient to support the members of the United States Senate and their families) upon a par with a quarter section in Eastern Colorado, where a goat would require a motor cycle to graze a living.

But in spite of all these good laws and customs, the producers on Danish farms did not keep pace numerically with the population of the country.

The first thing they did was to make it unlawful for a man to buy up small holdings and combine them into a large farm.

They next established a system of Government loans upon individual purchases of little lands. The terms of the loan are very easy, and yet there is no risk to the state, as the collection of interest and the payment of principal are guaranteed in the same manner as taxes.

To suggest that a government which will not provide a man with a safe place to keep his savings should loan him money to buy a farm is somewhat presumptuous, yet the percentage of American farmers who own their farms fell from 74.5 in 1880 to 64.7 in 1900.

Trading in land is a racket that works most easily in one direction. The little man is frequently forced to sell, the big man rarely. With a system encouraging small and medium holders, our renters would be off a little corner of the old farm and raise truck, while the son of the original homesteader, finding no one to work his land, would go to an agricultural college and come home and raise alfalfa and sow beans.

Thus there would be one less consumer in town and one more producer in the country, and as labor, not money, is the unit of production in American agriculture, a decrease in the cost of living would be the inevitable result.

"RUSHING" THE LORDS.

In former times one might have teased the people to make "scenes" before, during and after the momentous decision of the Lords. Especially the Irish people. In 1759, for instance, a report that the Dublin Parliament was about to pass an act of union set the green on fire. The anti-Unionists seized the members on their way to the houses and made them take an oath to be true to Ireland and to vote against the union. Nothing was left to chance. The Lord Chancellor was made to swear, in the presence of the lord chief justice, and the lord chief justice in the presence of the chancellor. The lord chief justice was then detained to act as witness to the taking of the oath by other peers and members. Those peers who were known to be in favor of the union were rolled into the gutter. Finally the House of Lords was rushed, and an aged lady with a clay pipe in her mouth was installed on the woolsack—London Chronicle.

LUMBER FOR AUTOS EXPENSIVE.

"Southern poplar and ash enter into the construction of the best automobile bodies and it is not very easy to buy the wood without paying an exorbitant price for it," said a manufacturer. "Why, poplar, that should be about \$15 a thousand, is now about \$125, the stuff having been pretty well cornered, and the makers who did not look out for themselves have to pay the difference."

Anticipating a certain contract, I went south and bought 1,000,000 feet of it, and after that it did not make much difference whether I landed the job. I could have sold the lumber at about \$50.00 profit, and never touched it, but I am using it now.

"All kinds of lumber that enter into the automobile have advanced in price



The Home Bank of Canada Quarterly Dividend

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Six Per Cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of The Home Bank of Canada has been declared for the Three Months ending 28th February, 1910, and the same will be payable at the head office and branches on and after Tuesday, the first day of March next. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, both days inclusive.

By order of the board, Toronto, January 19.

JAMES MASON, General Manager.

Chicago to California \$33

This low one-way rate in effect daily

March 1 to April 15 inclusive

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Electric block signal protection. Dining car meals and service "Best in the World."

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J. O. GOODSELL, Trav. Pass. Agt. Room 14, James Bldg., Toronto, Can.

remarkably, and where the end is to be I cannot say."—Detroit Free Press.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain cure for hemorrhoids, piles, and every form of itching, bleeding, and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbor about it. You can use it at once. Get your money back if not satisfied. 50c. at all dealers or from Dr. Chase, 100, St. W. Toronto. (Hemorrhoids, Piles, and Co., Toronto.)

GRAND UNION HOTEL

Rooms \$1.00 and up. Bathing, hairdressing, etc. Baggage to and from Station Free. Send to stamp for N. Y. City Guide Book and Map.

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COLD MEDAL

ALE PORTER & LAGER

NOTED FOR DELICACY OF FLAVOR KEPT BY ALL DEALERS

ECZEMA ON LEGS AND ANKLES

QUICKLY CURED BY D. D. D.

Mr. I. W. Corns, 21 Givens street, Toronto, writes of his experience with D. D. D.:

"I was a sufferer for about two years with eczema on the legs and ankles. I tried three or four different doctors and none of them did me any good. I then went to a skin specialist and he was no better."

"I happened to see your ad. and am very thankful that I did. I sent for a sample bottle and it did me so much good I sent for a \$1 bottle, also a cake of soap. That is all I used and I am perfectly well, and I don't think it will return. I have advised several others to use it and the results have been the same."

Even if you've tried a score of remedies without benefit—even if doctors and specialists have failed to help you—D. D. D. will relieve that itching torment at once, and will cure you. Just give it a chance, and D. D. D. will do for you what we know it has done for so many. Anderson & Nelles and W. T. Strong, druggists.

For free trial bottle write to the D. D. D. Laboratories, Department L, 23 Jordan street, Toronto.

Fetherstonhaugh Patents

Prospective Patentee—Full information to inventors—sent free on application. STAR BLDG. 10 King St. W. Toronto. (Hemorrhoids, Piles, and Co., Toronto.)

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Early application should be made for accommodation on summer sailings.

To book or for further information apply to the nearest C. P. R. agent, or to S. J. SHARP, 71 Yonge street, Toronto.

A Wilmington hardware firm has placed a contract for eight tons of steel chain

water.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—12:45 a. m., 10:30 a. m., 11:12 a. m., 11:28 a. m., 6:30 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 10:10 p. m.

Arrive from the west—12:00 a. m., 7:30 p. m., 11:30 a. m., 1:10 p. m., 4:10 p. m., 6:28 p. m.

Depart for the east—12:14 a. m., 7:40 a. m., 7:50 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 11:40 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:25 p. m., 6:53 p. m.

Depart for the west—12:45 a. m., 7:40 a. m., 11:28 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 3:15 p. m., 11:05 p. m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:30 a. m., 4:50 p. m., 11:05 p. m.

Depart—6:35 a. m., 11:25 a. m., 2:05 p. m., 6:10 p. m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—12:25 a. m., 11:15 a. m., 1:33 p. m., 4:45 p. m., 11:25 p. m.

Depart—6:00 a. m., 10:25 a. m., 1:45 p. m., 4:55 p. m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:30 a. m., 6:10 p. m.

Depart—3:30 a. m., 4:50 p. m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—11:25 a. m., 10:30 p. m., 17:02 p. m., 10:52 p. m.

Arrive from the west—4:45 a. m., 11:39 p. m., 6:35 p. m.

Depart for the east—4:55 a. m., 7:40 a. m., 11:45 a. m., 5:42 p. m.

Depart for the west—11:33 a. m., 7:10 p. m., 11:00 p. m.

Daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:00 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 3:40 p. m., 8:30 p. m., 12:40 p. m., 7:15 p. m.

Arrive—5:45 a. m., 11:20 p. m., 1:59 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 9:20 p. m.

To St. Thomas only. To Walkerville, Trains marked * run daily. For tickets and time of trains see your nearest ticket agent or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 67 Yonge street, Toronto, and St. Thomas.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a. m., 11:10 a. m., 5:10 p. m., 8:35 p. m.

Depart—7:20 a. m., 2:20 p. m., 6:35 p. m., 10:25 p. m.

Call or write W. FULTON, C. P. and T. A., 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London.

Tickets on Sale Daily Mar. 1 to April 15

To Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland, Also California Points

Call or write W. FULTON, C. P. and T. A., 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London.

WABASH

From March 1 to April 15 the Wabash will sell one-way colonist tickets at very low rates, to points in California, Mexico, Idaho, Utah, Arizona, Montana, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. Tickets are good going all direct routes, and should read over the Wabash, the short and true route to above points. For tickets and time of trains see your nearest ticket agent or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 67 Yonge street, Toronto, and St. Thomas.

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MARCH 1 TO APRIL 15.

Above rates are one-way second-class and apply from London.

Proportionate rates from all stations in Ontario.

A Glance at Life in Great Britain--Happenings in England, Ireland and Scotland Briefly Chronicled

ENGLAND

ALL NIGHT IN CAVE.

Perilous Plight of Party Who Were Exploring Anglesey Coastline.

A party of Holyhead men, who started out to explore the Anglesey coastline in search of wreckage which might have been washed ashore, had an alarming experience. Entering a cave near Port Griffith, they discovered a barrel containing beer, which they tapped. So engrossed were they with the barrel that they did not notice that the tide had out, and they were left in a perilous position. As the sea washed into the cave the men climbed up to a rocky edge, and here they were compelled to remain all night. They were cold and hungry when they reached home in the morning.

It is understood that the home office has completed a scheme by which all female prisoners between the ages of 15 and 25 will be treated especially as juvenile adult prisoners, with certain privileges.

The coroner held the funeral at 10 o'clock of Arthur Moon, the man who, as is supposed, lost his life while trying to save a woman from suicide on the railway near a place called previously. The funeral was attended by deputations from the Oddfellows, the Druids, and the Shepherds. Moon was a member of all three bodies. By the graveside there were not fewer than a thousand people.

The Birmingham Small Arms Company has received an order for a large consignment of rifles, ending to many thousands, which will find employment for the next twelve months. The order is for rifle rifles for the Australian Government.

The Million Shilling Fund, which the Anti-Socialist Union of Great Britain is raising in order to fight Socialism, now totals 152,000 shillings.

The London and North Western are providing a typist for the use of business men travelling in the expresses between Birmingham and London.

Mr. James Sleeman, of Huddersfield, near Leeds, a well-known farmer on the Duke of Bedford estate, has been gored to death by a bull.

"One of the first reforms wanted in the country," says Judge Willis, "is for husbands to tell their wives what incomes they have, and whether they have made proper provision for home life."

The death is announced at Heaton Chapel, near Manchester, of Mr. Handel Thornley, an original member of the famous "Thornley's Orchestra." Mr. Thornley played the double bass for 50 years.

SAVED BY UMBRELLA.

Mad Cow Attacks an Old Man--Rescued by an Onlooker.

By brandishing an open umbrella before a mad cow which had leaped down an old man at Tiverton, Mr. Woodgate succeeded in lifting the stricken man to a place of safety, but the cow remained in possession of the street for an hour.

Four women have been appointed members of West Mors and District Farmers' Club, Devonshire, and a woman has been appointed vice-president.

Capt. Fritchard, lately recently commander of the Mauretania, and commander of the Cunard fleet, from which position he retired after half a century at sea, was just being married to Miss Katherine Parry, at Fleetwood.

Becoming disabled in mid-ocean, the German steamship Varzin, from Australia, was obliged to accept the services of the German steamer, Erika, which towed her into Boston harbor. The Varzin's cargo was valued at \$200,000, and the salvage will work out at quite \$200,000.

Windsor board of guardians have purchased two large villas at Englefield Green for the accommodation of child inmates of the workhouse. At a meeting of the guardians, it was stated that an effort was being made to get all the children into cottage homes.

The Dean of St. Paul's, the Very Rev. Robert Gregory, was 91 years of age on Wednesday. A venerable, white-haired figure, he attended service in the cathedral during service in the Dean Gregory began his work in London as a curate at Lambeth in 1831.

Mr. Justice Walton, finding himself at liberty at the Manchester assizes, to assist Mr. Commissioner Ivory with criminal cases, found only four out of nineteen jurymen responded to their names. The judge fined each absentee £5 and completed the panel from people in court.

Mr. Hedderick, the North London magistrate, refused to issue summonses against five lads for roller-skating on public footpaths. He said:

Obstinate Skin Disease

THE BLOOD TREATMENT CURED.

The following interesting letter is from Mrs. J. E. Bryson, of Melville Bridge, P. O.: "Last summer I went to Toronto, and an especially glad I did so, because there I learned about 'Ferrozone,' which my friends told me was a wonderful blood builder and purifier.

"Though I am quite active, for nearly three years my face and some parts of my body were covered with the most unceasing succession of pimples. At first they were quite angry looking, and later they would die down to a scaly scab. In the open air, lotions and washes were all quite useless. My friend pointed out that my blood was impure, and Ferrozone would cure it. Faith doesn't matter when you use Ferrozone, for I hadn't any. All my trouble was on the outside, and it seemed hard to see how inward medicine could help it. At first I had a mouthful of crop in a few days, but it didn't keep up. Ferrozone drove all the poison out of my blood, and my skin began to grow smooth and flexible, and today you can't see a sign of a pimple. I feel improved in a lot of ways. I have a good appetite, a clear, rosy complexion, good sleep and look the picture of health."

For debility, thinness or impurity in the blood--for a rundown condition, no tonic will be found so invigorating and strengthening as Ferrozone. Try it, one or two tablets at meal time, 50c per box, six boxes for \$2.50, all dealers or The Catarthozone Company, Kingston, Canada.

AN ARTIFICIAL MOUTH.

Stricture of the Gullet Overcome by Opening Side of Throat.

A remarkable sequel to a marvellous surgical operation was described at an inquest at Birmingham lately. It was performed by Dr. Morrison at Queen's Hospital, on a man named Charles Endall, who had been suffering from a stricture of the gullet, caused by his taking sulphuric acid in mistake for whiskey. The man's throat having been closed, a new permanent mouth was opened in his side, through which he was fed by means of a tube. Endall gained weight and was able to leave the hospital, but had given way to drink, and died from exhaustion.

At the last previous show of British and foreign cage birds at the Crystal Palace, one of the most striking novelties was a white canary. This freak has been outdone, for at the exhibition which opened at the palace a few days ago, there was shown a canary which is absolutely black. It is the result of a cross between a goldfinch and a canary. Other examples of abnormal feathering on view were a white red-bunting, a white blackbird, a white male sparrow, and a clear-colored yellow bunting.

The governors of King's School, Grantham, have appointed the Rev. C. B. Nicholl, from among 120 applicants, to be headmaster. Mr. Nicholl was formerly a celebrated Rugby football player, and captained the Welsh international team.

AN OLD SCHOOL.

The Charterhouse School Will Attain Its Tercentenary Next Year.

Charterhouse school will attain its tercentenary next year, and preparations are being made to celebrate the event.

There is a plague of wood pigeons in the Newport, Market Drayton, and many thousands, which will find employment for the next twelve months. The order is for rifle rifles for the Australian Government.

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IRELAND

BACK TO DUBLIN.

Earl and Countess of Aberdeen Return to Vice-Regal Lodge.

An old man named James McKaid has been burned to death at Strangavilly, near Clancy, County Donegal.

Mr. T. W. Russell lost his seat for Tyrone, and a follower of his shared the same fate in a neighboring constituency.

The Earl and Countess of Aberdeen have returned to Ireland, and have taken up their residence at the Vice-Regal Lodge, Dublin.

A venerable and much esteemed citizen of Belfast has passed away. Mr. Thomas L. Strang, formerly a member of the legal firm of L. Strang & Co., was a native of Belfast, and was a member of the family which has given several ministers to the Presbyterian Church in Ireland.

VALUABLE COAL SEAM

Discovered at Longton, Staffordshire, After Expensive Exploration.

After many months of expensive exploration a valuable seam of coal, six feet in thickness, has been discovered at Longton, Staffordshire.

At Naples the British training cruiser Cornwall landed a party, under Lieut. Ponsonby, of 60 cadets, who rendered valuable assistance in extinguishing a large timber fire in the town.

A policeman whose judgment of time was tested by counsel at the Shoreditch court declared that the expiration of sixteen seconds after counsel said "Go!" that a minute had expired.

Straying into a yew plantation at Minterford, Leicestershire, a herd of cattle ate yew leaves, with the result that six have died and the others are not expected to live.

While Rev. Charles Roper was conducting a service in Kilburn, Tottenham, church, thieves broke into his house at West Hampstead and stole plate, jewelry and other articles to the value of \$1,000.

A witness in the official referees' court said he had dismissed an employee because of the extraordinary interest he displayed in politics during business hours.

A baby sea lion, which was confined in an inclosed arm of the seat at the Grouse pleasure resort, near Douglas, was eaten on Monday, at the age of two days, by his father.

A handsome memorial to the late Capt. Matthew Webb has been completed, and is to be erected at Dover, overlooking the Channel. It records Webb's successful swim from Dover to Calais, 20 miles, 45 minutes, on Aug. 24, 25, 1875.

A great fire has occurred in the premises of B. Morris & Sons, tobacco manufacturers, High street, London, and spread to adjacent buildings. The damage has been estimated at \$500,000. Four hundred workpeople were temporarily thrown idle.

A circular signed by 50 rifle experts in the United Kingdom has been issued to the members of the National Rifle Association, in which a vigorous protest is made against the council's decision to substitute in all shooting at the 500 yards range at Bisley a multi-colored figure target in place of the present bull's-eye. A King's prize competition under such rules, the circular states, would be the wildest possible gamble.

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SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENAY

Baroness De Forest, whose flight with young Ashton, a subaltern of the Royal Horse Guards, has created such a stir in England, enjoyed the distinction of having been as a young girl the heroine of a jewel robbery that attracted a great deal of attention at the time.

If ever there was an elopement where publicity was necessary it was in this instance, owing to the fact that the names of several perfectly innocent parties, notably that of one of the maids of honor to the queen, were actually printed in connection with the case, on both sides of the Atlantic, before the identity of the baroness had been established.

The baron, in spite of his great wealth and the favor and backing formerly bestowed upon him by King Edward, is just as much out of touch with London society as the emperor, the late Baron Hirsch. His English education and naturalization, his commission in the British army, and his membership in London clubs, besides the most extensive hospitality at his places in Yorkshire, in Leicester-shire, and in Austria, as well as at Spencer House, in London, have failed to prove sufficient to enable him to retain the goodwill of the people of the land of his adoption, although they were at first ready and anxious to like him, and today the sympathy of society is largely with the baroness, as it is known that her marriage has been an unhappy one and that young De Forest has proved just as great a failure in this union as in the case of his former marriage to Mrs. Gas-ton Menier, which was dissolved with the aid of the courts and annulled by the church.

The baroness is the only sister of young Lord Gerard, a captain of the regiment to which the emperor of her flight belongs. He is the head of one of the old Roman Catholic families—those families which possessed so great an attraction for Lord Byron, the field who was never tired in his novels of intimating that, titled and untitled, they constituted the most blue-blooded aristocracy of England. Although his pedigree is of modern creation, having been conferred upon his grandfather, Lord Gerard holds a baronetcy which is the third oldest in existence, dating from 1611. The baronetcy has this to distinguish it from others of the same rank that it cost no money. It may be remembered that James I. founded the order of baronets for the purpose of replenishing his exchequer, exacting a sum equivalent to \$15,000 from each new baronet created in payment of the patent. Thomas Gerard, however, got his baronetcy for his devoted services to Mary, Queen of Scots, the mother of King Charles I., who declined to accept any money for the honor.

Lord Gerard is married to his first cousin, Miss Mary Gosselin, whose father was 20th century's British minister at Washington, and for a time owned a racing stable. A few years ago, however, he became involved in a scandal at Eastwell Park, which resulted in the mobbing of young De Forest on the course, and in that young man's being warned off the turf.

Lord Gerard, although fully cleared by the Jockey Club of all blame in relation to the matter, was so embittered by the criticism to which he had been subjected in connection with the affair that he insisted upon selling his entire racing stable and withdrawing from the turf. De Forest, after an interval, instituted legal proceedings against the Jockey Club for having charged him with unfair running of his horse in a match between himself and Lord Gerard, and he also commenced an action for libel against the publishers of the racing calendar for printing the charge against him. Thereupon the Jockey Club withdrew its "warning" and the suits were stopped.

Lord Gerard, who served through the Boer war on the staff of Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, has as his principal country seat, Eastwell Park, in Kent. Seven superb avenues, lined by trees hundreds of years old, converge upon the mansion, and within the borders of the park, which dates back to times prior to the Norman conquest, there are two parish churches, which may convey some notion of its size. One of the most curious relics of the park is a cottage, or the ruin of one, which was occupied during a great part of his life by a natural son of Richard Plantagenet. He was known as Richard Plantagenet, and from the time of the death of his half-brother, Edward, at the battle of Bosworth until his own demise, was head gardener at Eastwell.

From the fact that young Lord Tarrington is shown, by legal proceedings which have just taken place in London, to be head over heels in debt, to have been borrowing money from them at 10 and 20 per cent, in order to preserve himself from being noted as a defaulter for the non-payment of his racing debts, it would seem that this promising son of the British race has reached the end of his financial tether.

He has not yet attained the age of

25, and, unless rescued without delay by marriage with an heiress, possibly will quickly end up in the bankruptcy court and be compelled to give up his fine old home in Kent, known as Yates Court, surrounded by a park containing some of the grandest old trees in the county and stocked full of family relics, including the cabin chair in which the unfortunate Admiral John Byng, fourth son of the first Viscount Torrington, was shot in 1757, after being sentenced to death by court martial.

The court, which was composed of the admirals, acquitted him of the charges of cowardice which had been brought against him, but issued a verdict to the effect that he had not done his utmost to relieve Minorca, which was being besieged by the French fleet.

According to the articles of war, the court had no alternative but to sentence the admiral to death on the spot, but, strongly recommended him to mercy, on the ground that he had been sent to sea with a squadron poorly manned and in shameful condition, and that at the most he had been guilty of an act of judgment and of reluctance to accept the responsibility of engaging overwhelming French forces with ships in bad shape and inadequate armament.

The Prime Minister and Government endeavored in vain to obtain not merely a commutation, but a pardon, but George II., with his traditional obstinacy, declined to listen to a word of the admiral's behalf, and he was shot down by a file of marines on the quarterdeck of his own flagship in Portsmouth harbor, a victim of his sovereign's obstinacy and of the conviction of the existing naval regulations.

The first Lord Torrington was Admiral Sir George Byng, so famous for his victories over the Spaniards, and it is from another of his sons, Robert Byng, governor of Barbados, that the Earls of Strafford are descended. The Earl of Strafford, it may be recalled, was the husband of the late Samuel Colgate, of New York, and met with a tragic death, being run over by a railroad train at the moment when his American wife was being presented for the first time at court.

The house of Byng is one of the oldest in the kingdom, and Lord Torrington is its chief. The late Lord Torrington, eighth of his line, was a veteran of the Indian mutiny, and one of the favorite and trusted members of the household of Queen Victoria. It was his absolute refusal to dispense with his services as an aide in waiting that led to the inauguration of the present system, whereby one lord in waiting remains permanently attached to the service of his sovereign—just as the present king and queen have. The other, some seven in number, change with the administration, and have to belong to the political party that happens to be in office. His presence in the household was a great asset to Lord Torrington in waiting to Queen Victoria, in the early years of her reign, and the present lord, afflicted as one of the paces of honor of his coronation, this continuing the court connection of the family.

It is only fair to the family of Lady Constance Stewart Richardson—whose professional debut at the Palace Music Hall in London as an extremely scantily appareled dancer has created so much stir—say that it does not appear that this venture on her part, neither her husband, Sir Edward Stewart Richardson, nor her sister, the Countess of Cromartie, nor yet her aunt, the Duchess of Suffolk, in society, have shown up among the audience at the Palace Music Hall, nor have consented to applaud her efforts.

Society folk, as well as the public, which does not appear to rate Lady Constance's tenorship efforts particularly high, and is disposed to scoff rather than to admire, likewise show themselves skeptical with regard to her story that her reason for entering the professional arena is that she wants the money to start a school on her husband's place in Scotland, where boys can be educated and be trained physically as well as mentally, according to pet theories of her own. For it is not that she, neither she nor her husband has much money, and that only a few months ago they were obliged to give up Sir Edward's ancestral home, which has been in his family for hundreds of years, and to advertise Piffour Castle, along with the Kilsplend lands, so famous for their partridge shooting, for sale by auction. It cannot for one moment be assumed that the devoted Sir Edward, and Lady Constance to Highland life and to their Highland home, they would have dreamed of parting there with unless compelled by the most cruel financial necessities.

Princess Mathilde of Saxe-Coburg, daughter of Prince Louis of Bavaria, her presumptive to the throne of the crazy King Otto, is the authoress of that remarkable volume of poems

which appeared last December, at Christmas, under the title of "Traum und Leben Gedichte einer Fruhvol-lenden." (Dream and Life: Poems of one whose life has been brought to a premature close.) They were attracted widespread attention, not only by their exceptional beauty, but also by the intensity of their feeling and of their pathos.

In fact, they conveyed the conviction that they had been written not with any view to publication, but by a woman who had found therein the necessary outpouring of a hidden misery, which she was prevented by various considerations from betraying, even to those among her entourage. Hopelessly shattered romance, destruction of all fondest and most poetic illusions, and the conviction by the author that her life was blighted beyond repair, were apparent in every line of the book, and naturally there was universal speculation as to the identity of the authoress.

It was ascribed to various royal and imperial women; among others to the late Empress of Austria, and to Princess Isabel of Bavaria, Duchess of Saxe-Coburg, who was the pen-name of Princess Mathilde of Bavaria, who, with her heart given to an officer of the petty nobility, was prevented by her parents and her grandfather from wedding the man of her choice, owing to their horror of a messianism, and was compelled to wed, sorely against her wish, Prince Louis of Saxe-Coburg, in 1890.

Prince Louis of Saxe-Coburg is not an attractive individual. He is a grandson of old Dom Pedro, the last emperor of Brazil, his mother having been that monarch's younger daughter, and his eldest brother, Prince Peter, has for the last twenty years been a inmate of the great lunatic asylum at Dohling, near Vienna, where he has been kept under restraint ever since his sensational outbreak of homicidal mania, which necessitated the siege and storming of the upper stories of the Coburg Palace at Vienna by a large force of firemen, police, and sappers of the engineer corps before they could secure the mastery of the place, not only to the British West India Company, but also to Cuba, to Porto Rico, to the Southern States, and also to the Latin states on this continent. Sir Sydney has so many friends in the United States that this outburst of his will excite widespread interest in the United States.

Naturally the marriage of the Prince and Princess Louis of Coburg did not turn out happily. But the princess kept

her sentiments more or less under control until the early spring of 1905, when, her health already shattered by the decline into which she was falling, she completely lost control of herself one evening at a performance at the Court Theatre at Vienna, where she was occupying the court box. Something in the piece represented appealing to her as applying more particularly to her own case, and, unable to refrain, she burst into passionate weeping, which through her efforts to check herself developed into such a fit of hysteria that the entire performance had to be interrupted.

While she recovered her senses soon after she had reached her home in the Coburg Palace, her health failed more rapidly than ever. She went off into a decline, just simply wasting away, and died a year later at St. Moritz, in Switzerland, and what the doctors feared of anything better declared to be consumption, but which was in reality of misery and of a broken heart. Her husband, as might have been expected, did not long survive her loss, any less than twelve months after her entombment at Munich—a scene which she had previously described in one of the most beautiful and powerful of her poems, "Cassius expresses this idea with strength and fullness:

"Thou hast described A hot friend cooling: ever note Lucilius, When love begins to sicken and decay, It useth an enforced ceremony. There are no tricks in plain and simple faith: But hollow men, like horses hot at hand, Make gallant show and promise of their milks; But when they should endure the bloody spur They fall their crests, and like de-civilized creatures, sink in the trial."

It does not follow, however, that everything a friend may do should be approved. Cassius chidingly said to Brutus, "a friend should bear a friend's infirmities." A true man should ever be a friend, and a warning when seeing his friend pursuing a foolish or wicked course. He might still love the sinner while hating his sin, and with the righteous indignation of a Brutus he should warn his friend of his danger. The friendship of man for man, woman for woman, as exemplified in Hamlet and Horatio, Rosalind and Celia, is a holier thing than the love of man for woman, and woman for man. There is nothing that can be compared to it save the love of parent for child. In love, in the ordinary sense of the word there is usually an element of selfishness. People are drawn towards each other by beauty, intellect, and the doing of good deeds. These things gratify the eye and the heart, and selfish ownership of them is desired. It is only when men and women are both lovers, and friends in the highest sense of the word that permanent happiness can be attained. Friendship stands high above all other human relationships. No tie of blood commands the doing of benefits, no benefits received compel the making of sacrifices. Sympathetic words are uttered, friendly acts are done, because in them, the soul finds its highest happiness.

The poet declares in a pessimistic moment. The greater a man is the fewer true friends he is likely to have. In time of adversity he is left standing alone, a mark for every scotter. In the days of his popularity it is "roses, roses all the way," but when he is shorn of his wealth and honors, blows, instead of roses, are rained upon him. Polonius gave good advice to his son, "Keep the friends you won, the friends that have not you." do nothing to estrange them, they are rare possessions in a world of jealousy and self-seeking. If they have been tried as by fire and have stood the test, they should be grasped to the soul with hoops of steel. Such men should be worn in the heart's core, in the heart of heart, as Hamlet professed to wear his schoolmate, comrade, and friend Horatio. Too often the warmest professed friends fall in the hour of need. In Julius Caesar, Shakespeare makes Brutus in referring to Cassius express this idea with strength and fullness:

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Just who is responsible for the publication of the volume is difficult to tell. For it cannot be pleasant reading in any respect for Prince Louis of Saxe-Coburg, especially now that the identity of the authoress has been established. It is probable, however, that one of the princess's sisters, perhaps her sister-in-law, Princess Marie Gabrielle, sister of the new Queen of Belgium, is now, out in the world, the publication for Princess Mathilde and Princess Marie Gabrielle were great friends. That the publication should not have been prevented by the authoress is clearly indicated by the appearance of the book is a member of the reigning house of Bavaria.

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\$600 GIVEN IN CASH PRIZES; OPPORTUNITY FOR READERS

Series of Shakespeare Sermons in The Advertiser—The Competition Begins on April 2—Read Them and Get in the Running.

The Advertiser, in association with many of our leading newspapers of the country, is conducting an energetic campaign in behalf of a popular reading of Shakespeare. The generous sum of \$600, to be given as prizes to stimulate this study, will be distributed exclusively among the members of the Century Club, which our local club belongs. A like sum will be set aside for each Century Club, which may be organized, and if all the newspaper towns of this continent fall into line, there will be no less than one hundred and eight such Century Clubs, which would mean that the large sum of \$84,000 will be given away in prizes.

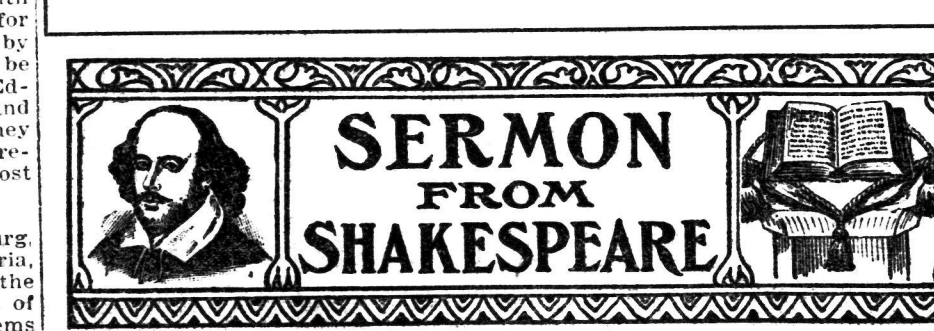
The reading will improve your mind and inspire your heart, will enrich your vocabulary and widen your outlook, while your knowledge of mankind will be vastly increased, and there will be revealed to you the springs of human motive and action. Besides all this, you stand a good chance of winning \$100 in gold. The contest commences April 2, and cut out and fill in the attached coupon now, and get enthused with these popular sermons. If already a subscriber, invest in a subscription for a year for some friend whom you would like to take up this educational and entrancing Shakespeare course. A series of ten questions will be submitted to each member of the club, based on the sermons, beginning with April 2. The sermons now being printed will give readers some idea of the merits of those to follow. Fill in the appended coupon and send to the Editor Shakespeare Club, Advertiser. The contest will cost you nothing.

Shakespeare Reading Scholarship

I have read the Sermon from Shakespeare published in The London Advertiser on

(Date) 1910, and intend to read the series of 52, beginning April 2, 1910.

Name _____ Address _____



The friends thou hast, and their adoption tried, Grapple them to thy soul with hoops of steel. Hamlet, Act. I, Sc. 3.

There is nothing that Shakespeare more delights in presenting than friendship. In his plays we find thousands of references to the love of man for man, and woman for woman. In a number of his dramas what most impresses is his study of friendship. Hamlet and Horatio, Antonio and Bassanio, Rosalind and Celia, have as friends, perennial interest to the student. The true friend, a friend who will stand fast through evil report and good report is not often found. Such a friend to Hamlet is Horatio and the words:

"The friends thou hast, and their adoption tried, Grapple them to thy soul with hoops of steel."

Uttered by pedantic old Polonius to his son Laertes, serve as the keynote of the friendship of Hamlet and Horatio. Hamlet at a later point in the play remarks:

"But if store of crowns be scant No man will supply thy want."

The poet declares in a pessimistic moment.

The greater a man is the fewer true friends he is likely to have. In time of adversity he is left standing alone, a mark for every scotter. In the days of his popularity it is "roses, roses all the way," but when he is shorn of his wealth and honors, blows, instead of roses, are rained upon him.

Polonius gave good advice to his son, "Keep the friends you won, the friends that have not you." do nothing to estrange them, they are rare possessions in a world of jealousy and self-seeking. If they have been tried as by fire and have stood the test, they should be grasped to the soul with hoops of steel. Such men should be worn in the heart's core, in the heart of heart, as Hamlet professed to wear his schoolmate, comrade, and friend Horatio. Too often the warmest professed friends fall in the hour of need. In Julius Caesar, Shakespeare makes Brutus in referring to Cassius express this idea with strength and fullness:

"Thou hast described A hot friend cooling: ever note Lucilius, When love begins to sicken and decay, It useth an enforced ceremony. There are no tricks in plain and simple faith: But hollow men, like horses hot at hand, Make gallant show and promise of their milks; But when they should endure the bloody spur They fall their crests, and like de-civilized creatures, sink in the trial."

It does not follow, however, that everything a friend may do should be approved. Cassius chidingly said to Brutus, "a friend should bear a friend's infirmities." A true man should ever be a friend, and a warning when seeing his friend pursuing a foolish or wicked course. He might still love the sinner while hating his sin, and with the righteous indignation of a Brutus he should warn his friend of his danger. The friendship of man for man, woman for woman, as exemplified in Hamlet and Horatio, Rosalind and Celia, is a holier thing than the love of man for woman, and woman for man. There is nothing that can be compared to it save the love of parent for child. In love, in the ordinary sense of the word there is usually an element of selfishness. People are drawn towards each other by beauty, intellect, and the doing of good deeds. These things gratify the eye and the heart, and selfish ownership of them is desired. It is only when men and women are both lovers, and friends in the highest sense of the word that permanent happiness can be attained. Friendship stands high above all other human relationships. No tie of blood commands the doing of benefits, no benefits received compel the making of sacrifices. Sympathetic words are uttered, friendly acts are done, because in them, the soul finds its highest happiness.

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Naturally the marriage of the Prince and Princess Louis of Coburg did not turn out happily. But the princess kept

her sentiments more or less under control until the early spring of 1905, when, her health already shattered by the decline into which she was falling, she completely lost control of herself one evening at a performance at the Court Theatre at Vienna, where she was occupying the court box. Something in the piece represented appealing to her as applying more particularly to her own case, and, unable to refrain, she burst into passionate weeping, which through her efforts to check herself developed into such a fit of hysteria that the entire performance had to be interrupted.

While she recovered her senses soon after she had reached her home in the Coburg Palace, her health failed more rapidly than ever. She went off into a decline, just simply wasting away, and died a year later at St. Moritz, in Switzerland, and what the doctors feared of anything better declared to be consumption, but which was in reality of misery and of a broken heart. Her husband, as might have been expected, did not long survive her loss, any less than twelve months after her entombment at Munich—a scene which she had previously described in one of the most beautiful and powerful of her poems, "Cassius expresses this idea with strength and fullness:

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If You Have Rheumatism Let Me Send You a 50 Cent Box of My Remedy Free.



I Will Mail FREE To Anyone Suffering From Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica (Who Will Enclose This Advertisement)

A 50 Cent Box of my Rheumatism Remedy Free.

Deformity In Chronic Rheumatism.

My Remedy has actually cured men and women 70 and 80 years of age—some were so decrepit that they could not even dress themselves. To introduce this great remedy I intend to give fifty thousand 50-cent boxes away, and every suffering reader of this paper is courteously invited to write for one. No money is asked for this 50-cent box neither now nor later, and if afterwards more is wanted I will furnish it to sufferers at a low cost. If found this remedy by a fortunate chance while an invalid from rheumatism and since it cured me, it has been a blessing to thousands of other persons. Don't be sceptical, remember the first 50-cent box is absolutely free. This is an internal remedy which goes after the cause of the trouble, and when the cause of rheumatism is removed, have no fear of deformities. Rheumatism in time will affect the heart, so do not trifle with this merciless affliction. Address enclosing this advt. JOHN A. SMITH, 675 Laing Bldg., Windsor, Ont.

Money to Loan

We will lend you money on your farm or city property. The interest will be at the lowest current rates. No charge for application forms, land inspection or renewals. If you cannot call, your letter will receive prompt and courteous attention. All business transactions strictly confidential.

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CURIOUS USE OF WEDDING RINGS

An Instrument of Torture on the Isle of Man—John Wesley's Courtesy.

In the Isle of Man the wedding ring was formerly used as an instrument of torture. Cyril Davenport, in his book on "Fetters," remarks that there once existed a custom in that island "according to which an unmarried girl who had been offended by a man could bring him to trial, and if he were found guilty she would be presented with a sword, a ring and a ring. With the sword she might cut off his head, and with the ring she might marry him, or with the ring she might marry him. It is said that the latter punishment was that invariably inflicted."

The wedding ring, which was tolerated by the Methodists, was anathema to the early Puritans, who regarded personal adornment as one of the many snares of Satan. Wesley, who was a High Churchman, probably recognized its unobjectionable value. In the old English marriage service it was the custom for the bridegroom to put the ring on the thumb of his bride, saying, "In the name of the Father," then on the next finger, saying, "and the Son," then on the third finger, saying, "and the Holy Ghost," finally on the fourth finger, with the word "Amen."

The ring was left there because, as the Sarum rubric says, "a vein proceeds thence to the heart." In the modern marriage service the ring is placed at once upon the third finger, the invocation to the Trinity being understood.

The wedding ring was the only form of jewelry permitted to the early Methodists, and there are people still living who recall how no longer than forty years ago they were reproved by old Methodist ministers for breaking the rules of membership, which forbade and technically still forbid, the wearing of gold, jewels or costly apparel; but with fine courtesy John Wesley knew when to ignore breaches of his own regulations.

In visiting a house one of the preachers drew Wesley's attention to the host's daughter, who was wearing several jeweled rings; but instead of the rebuke which his preacher sought to evoke, Wesley only gravely and gently remarked, "A very beautiful hand."—London MUSEUM IN A PRISON.

Paris is to have yet another museum of the revolution. It is to be fitted up in the Conciergerie prison, and the two apartments devoted to it are to be the Salle des Girondins and the

Unsightly Face Sores ARE REMOVED BY ZAM-BUK.

No matter how obstinate sores, ulcers or abscesses may be, they can not for long resist the powerful healing essences contained in Zam-Buk. Mr. Hugh B. Cryer, contractor, of 65 Henry street, St. Catharines, says:

"Months ago my face broke out in running sores. Try as I would, I could not get anything to remove them. I thought my blood was out of order, and took all sorts of medicines internally. Still, the sores got worse. In the evening I got so bad that I could not get any barber to shave me. As my state was terrible, and, as I was getting no better, I went to see a friend, who was a druggist. He strongly advised me to try Zam-Buk and leave off everything else. This I did, and almost immediately there was an improvement. The sores became rapidly less and less 'angry' and painful, and the discharge was less. A few boxes of Zam-Buk had the desired effect, and, to my delight, I found my face free from all the sores and blemishes."

Just as good for eczema, ulcers, cold-sores, piles, fistula, etc. All druggists and stores, 50 cents a box, or Zam-Buk Company, Toronto, for price.

cell occupied by Marie Antoinette. This cell is to be fitted and furnished exactly as it was when the unhappy queen awaited her fate in it, and a number of authentic relics are available. Among them are included the Queen's velvet-seated armchair, the lamp by the light of which she wrote her last letter, and the simple black wooden crucifix which she kissed on her departure to the place of execution. A credit of 1,000 francs has been voted for the purposes of the museum by the Paris municipal council.—Dundee Advertiser.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**—The new Vaginal Syringe. Most convenient. It cleanses thoroughly. Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL Whirling Spray, send stamp for literature book—mailed. It gives full particulars and directions for use. Ask your druggist for it. **WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.** General Agents for Canada.

Perfection Oil Heaters, Oil Cookstoves and Rayo Lamps Are Sold at **J. A. Brownlee's Stove Store** 385-387 TALBOT STREET.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp Once a Rayo user always one

The RAYO LAMP is a high grade lamp sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more but there is no better lamp at any price. The Burner, the Wick, the Chimney-Holder—all are vital things in a lamp; these parts of the RAYO LAMP are perfectly constructed and there is nothing known in the art of lamp-making that could add to the value of the RAYO as a lighting device. Suitable for any room in the house. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest Agent or

The Queen City Oil Co Limited TORONTO.

INDIGESTION, STOMACH GAS, HEARTBURN AND HEADACHE FROM STOMACH VANISHES

A Little Diapiesin Makes Your Out-of-Order Stomach Feel Fine in Five Minutes.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or if you feel like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you believe Gas and Eructate sour, undigested food or have a feeling of Dizziness, Heartburn, Fullness, Nausea, Bad taste in mouth and stomach, headache—this is Indigestion.

A full case of Pape's Diapiesin costs only 50 cents and will thoroughly cure your out-of-order stomach, and is sufficient to cure the worst case of indigestion in the family may suffer from stomach trouble or indigestion.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula plainly printed on these

PERIL OF THE RUSH MEAL

One Phase of "Americanitis"—
The Cause of Dyspepsia—
Making Stomach Do the
Work the Teeth Are Intend-
ed to Do.

It is one phase of what has been aptly named "Americanitis," this disease which may be defined as a feverish desire—amounting to a furor—to get there.

"There" may signify one of a thousand goals. Be it what it may, it is always just beyond our reach, and from the time we can run alone we are in full chase of it.

A southern planter of the old school once described to me the contagious effect of the breathless race upon his imagination:

"On the plantation where I was born and where I have lived ever since, we saunter leisurely when we walk at all. When I come north I notice that the people on the streets of Richmond walk faster than I do. In Baltimore I involuntarily quicken my speed more briskly than they do in Richmond. In Philadelphia I move faster still, and by the time I reach New York I am in the stride—racing as if my life depended upon getting there. No wonder foreigners say we have no leisure class! We have never, as a nation, learned the first letter of the word."

We sleep too little, we do not know how to rest, and, like our English forebears, we take our pleasures seriously. But the chief of our sins against ourselves and generations yet unborn is the national habit of eating too fast. In no other country could the proverb have currency, "Eat now and chew by and by." It conveys, of course, the popular belief that mastication is a matter of minor importance compared with the business of getting food down and out of the way.

We tell, as one of the eccentricities of a great man, that Mr. Gladstone attributed his unimpaired digestion at his advanced age to the practice, steadily adhered to for fifty years and more, of chewing twenty times upon each morsel of meat he took into his mouth, and ten times upon bread and softer foods. I have heard sensible people refer sneeringly, and not without disgust, to the story as to a pretty trick unworthy of mention by so dignified a personage. Then Fletcher sought to call regular attention to our national neglect of so vital a matter as mastication instead of "bolting" our food, there was not a paper in the land that did not class his theory with sensational "isms" that catch the eye of the public for an hour, a day, or a week, and are no more.

What is the peril exhibited for a brief season as "Americanitis"? (The name is enough to kill it!) Merely, that food should be ground to a pulp in the mouth before it passes into the stomach; that saliva should be made to do its full share towards lessening the work of the digestive juices and organs that are to prepare food to be assimilated into nourishment for the various parts of the body. In brief phrase, that we have no right to impose upon the stomach that which the teeth should perform. Yet more briefly, that we ought to chew before we swallow.

This is not a physiological treatise or I would explain the processes through which each morsel of food that is meant to be nutriment for brain, heart, muscle and blood should pass if we would have it accomplish the end for which we eat. I would explain how the food is broken down into its parts, and how the various organs of the body are affected by it.

We haven't time to think of it! That goes without saying. We are in too great a hurry to get there.

We begin the evening with the dinner. Much is said and written of the reward for eating quickly, and the fact is, that this generation in seeking and making homes for the family outside of the city limits. Our papers teem with alluring advertisements of suburban freeholds, and rising rents in town emphasize the expediency of owning the house one lives in. I love the country! I love the life I wish I could inhabit a certain hill-girt cottage the year through. Yet I reflect sadly sometimes upon the probabilities that the growing custom of commuting is responsible for the increase of what nobody hesitates to name "the national dyspepsia." Hundreds of families have adopted the sensible continental breakfast where one held to it twenty years ago. Thousand cartloads of hot breads and viscous "buckwheats," acknowledging the superior healthfulness of cold bread and crisp, whole-fathered hot cakes and fried potatoes and heavy meats in the morning, with no misgiving and without after repentings.

And the victims of dyspepsia and a dozen cognate diseases multiply every year. How can it be otherwise? Our paterfamilias, with his fruit, cereal and cream, boiled eggs and toasted bacon, muffins and toast, and washes them down an eager throat with a torrent of scalding coffee, inside of ten minutes after he drops into his chair at early breakfast time. One eye is up on the watch laid by his plate. (Did Williams' Medicine Company, Brock-

ville, Ont.)

A Terrible Sufferer for Three Years

BUT HEALTH WAS COMPLETELY RESTORED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Extreme anguish; pains in the joints that all but drove me crazy—this may be described as the condition of the victim. The victims are to be pitied—to them life is one long torture; they suffer by day and cannot sleep by night. Such was the condition of Miss Alida Mercier, of Ottawa, Ont. For three years she was a victim of this trouble, and found no relief till she began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says: "For three years I was a sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism. During that time I consulted and was treated by some of the best doctors in our city, but I found no relief in any of their treatment. I began to despair of ever being well again, when one day a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I procured three boxes, and by the time these were used there was enough improvement in my condition to encourage me to continue their use. Three more boxes completely cured me, and today I am as well as ever. I always keep a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house, and would recommend all who suffer as I did to give them a trial."

It was the new blood that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually made that restored Miss Mercier to health and strength. There is no medicine so equal them in making new blood, and in this way they cure anaemia, rheumatism, heart palpitation, indigestion, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, and many other troubles. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or direct at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

ever any man but an American time each mouthful—and this habitually? He gulps all in silence. To talk one must have his tongue and jaws free for a minute, and by the time he has finished his meal he is eating the job—not an hour. His whole body is as tense as the foot of the tiptoe for the jump that will answer the distant whistle of train or trolley. His final gulp is his last, as he has down the avenue at the top of his speed. His head throbs madly and his heart thumps dangerously for ten minutes after he has caught the car. He never has thought of the fact that the outraged stomach is rising and beating against heart and lungs. When his head aches all day and an ugly purple flush suffuses his face if he stops suddenly to pick up a fallen book or pen, he sets it down to nervous worry or a heated office or the pressure of business care, anything and everything except to the violence he has done to the most valuable organ of his body and the least respected.

One exceptionally judicious mother, born fifty years ahead of her age, teaches her children from babyhood that a morsel of food taken into the mouth should be chewed. "The mastication of food," she says, "is a matter of minor importance compared with the business of getting food down and out of the way."

"Because, you see," said the 10-year-old who was laughed at for taking his milk in sips, with a breath between, "mama says that there are juices in the stomach that will turn a great big swallow into a hard curd, but they can take care of the little ones."

"Sensible woman!" breathed the unseen listener. The school luncheon, devoured in one-tenth of the intermission hour—choked down in hot haste as one would expect to call regular attention to our national neglect of so vital a matter as mastication instead of "bolting" our food, there was not a paper in the land that did not class his theory with sensational "isms" that catch the eye of the public for an hour, a day, or a week, and are no more.

CLEVER CANADIAN JOURNALISTS

Who Went to Great Britain to Write Up the Elections—Robinson, Lyon, Clark and Willison.

That even four Canadian papers should find justified in sending special correspondents to the field of a political battle in Great Britain shows how the newspapers are prospering, and how practical, matter-of-fact publishers regard the growing interest in British affairs exhibited in Canada. A general election in the United States would not take a single correspondent over the line; a general election in Britain takes several. This is more than a stray which shows that the wind is blowing empireward.

Mr. John B. Robinson, who was represented in London on this occasion by Mr. John R. Robinson, its editor. Of all the newspaper men in Canada, men trained in giving publicity to other men, Mr. Robinson is the one who hates publicity most. The writer, refrains from anticipating the cutting epigrams which the said John Robinson will use when he discovers this paragraph and the accompanying portrait. Epigrams are his favorite weapon for bumping a friend or crushing an enemy. Where others use oaths, John uses epigrams. When he returns from Lunnun, the editor of this paper will have some "Ups and Downs."

This man Robinson, like his employer and intellectual chief—Mr. John Ross Robinson—is a character. Like again, he began as a practical printer, and after a few days, he is now, and for twenty years, perhaps longer, he has been wielding a pencil. In the latter years he has substituted his stinging voice and a typist at the pencil, but the result is the same. When he opens the vials of wrath on a man or a movement, let the victim beware.

In private life he is retiring, modest, likeable. So gentle, indeed, is he, that a certain clergyman gave him his daughter in matrimony and the lady seems to have enjoyed the society as much as if he were an editor of a modest weekly who never said a harsh word of any man. Among his associates he is almost a business, and certainly retiring. Occasionally he can be persuaded to make a speech, and he never delivered one that was not a masterpiece. His writing is marvelous, exhibiting the industry, the clear-cut views, the unflinching courage, the wisdom of the born journalist.

Mr. Joseph T. Clark.

Mr. Clark, who sent daily summaries to the Toronto Star, was also a practical printer. Many of our leading journalists have been printers, for in the old days, setting type is a highly specialized mechanics. Mr. Clark was even a tramp printer—a species which was to the other camps as a poet to an ordinary litterateur. When he settled down to run a country weekly his fame began to grow. As it happened, a close friend of his, the big magnet reached out and pulled him in. Mr. W. F. Maclean, of the World, discovered him and put him where nature intended him to be—writing pithy editorials. Mr. E. Sheppard got jealous and stole him away and made "Mack" a name to conjure with. Then Mr. J. E. Atkinson invited him over to the Star, and he has been there for ten years, with a break back to Saturday Night. His cables and letters to the Star have been a source of joy to his personal staff. They have color, are well phrased, occasionally illogical, never too deep, always delightful. To sum up, in a word, he is bright, judicious, the vivacity of his conversation, or the brilliancy of his writing, Clark is always bright.

Mr. Stewart Lyon. A harness-maker with an enthusiasm for single tax, a young Scotchman with the knack of getting on, Stewart Lyon was but a half-dozen years in Canada before he was on the staff of the Toronto Globe. For over twenty years he has been there, preaching radicalism and practicing blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills make well

off to the playground to complete the damage.

The humane practice prevails in a majority of large hotels, the shopkeeper playing a bowl of hot, nourishing soup to any child who can pay 5 cents for it. And mothers, who appreciate how much more easily warm food is digested than cold, see to it that their children shall get the broth daily. At least, there are no lumps in it to be tossed from side to side of the agonized organ in its futile attempt to reject them. In the pulps which should have been their form when consigned to gastric juices.

The "quick lunch for businessmen" is another form of Americanitis. The sight of the vulgarly audacious placard in the window of an otherwise respectable eating-house moves me to wrath that may seem unreasonable, but certainly is not. It was intended for the unfortunate for whom the snare is set—and not idle curiosity—that led me one day to ask: "What would you say is the average time the shopkeeper gives to her luncheon when she gets it here?" I had already learned that two-thirds of the habits of this cheery, neat dining-room were salespeople and business women.

The answer was prompt and uttered with modest pride in the fidelity of the "house" to the pledge displayed in the window:

"Not more than ten minutes at the outside, madam. It needn't be more than five, for, you see, everything is ready the instant they take seat. Hot coffee and tea are boiling all the time."

And what is the most popular dish?

The reply was as ready as before: "Pork and beans for a solid. Pie of some kind as a dessert. Some few of them take a little more time, but the ones, it's a good bracer."

Stewed tea! Which by the time it has "boiled" half an hour is a decoction of tannin of the size of the wash of the tanner's tables and troughs! After imbibing the "bracer" the delicate creature goes back to the afternoon work.

What remedy would I suggest for the train of evils I have touched upon all too lightly when one considers the extent and the peril of it all? Begin with the child, and the child's habit of the impropriety and the risks of eating fast. Do not hurry family meals. Try to persuade the commuter to rise fifteen minutes earlier in the morning. If he shaves himself, coax him to do it the night before, and if he will let you handle his clothing look it that his study is in place and clean lines laid out, even to a fresh handkerchief, by the time he rises.

And do you set the example of eating leisurely and masticating thoroughly. Example is more potent than precept.

hard work. The secrets of his success are sheer industry and enthusiasm for movements. Stewart Lyon is said to have been never discovered without an ink stain on his forehead. Every public movement he quickly mastered the details of every problem, and early ran it down to a solution satisfactory to himself. He has thus wasted little of his life in making up his mind and has devoted the most of it to preaching doctrines. As a member of one of the best, if not the best news editorial staff in Canada, he has ample opportunities for special work. What he was called upon to do he always did well. He is indeed a model newspaper man of undoubted ability.

Mr. J. S. Willison.

Fortunate, indeed, is the Toronto News in the fact that Mr. J. S. Willison, its editor, was able to go to England at the time of this campaign and to send back a series of letters. Mr. Willison is one of the most distinguished of Canadian journalists, and the man whom the London Times decided to honor by making him its chief correspondent and editorial adviser in Canada. Mr. Willison's history is well known. He came into light on the Globe staff and rose to be its managing editor. When he ceased to be quite in line with the Liberal tendencies of the paper, he went over to the News where he remained. His "Life of Laurier and History of the Liberal Party" was a notable two-volume work. His paper on railway questions has been permanent form. He has been honored above his fellows, and might have been a Dominion cabinet minister, but he has chosen to remain in journalism, and eventually he has been found occupying an editorial chair in a newspaper office in the same old London which he was now visiting.

This is not Mr. Willison's first visit to England. On his return from a trip in 1897, he wrote an able series of papers for the Globe upon the "Lessons From the Old World." He knows British problems fairly well. He has always been a great student of history and economics, and though he missed a university education, the defect he largely remedied by a patient and persistent course of study. He has been a student of the day of young manhood. His study of himself in his writings—he is more of an essayist than a newspaperman.

People do not read Willison's writings for amusement; they read them for information. His style is somewhat scholarly, especially in his later years. He is at his best in an after-dinner speech.—Canadian Courier.

PROOF THAT NO ONE CAN DOUBT

THAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ALWAYS CURE RHEUMATISM.

Conclusive Evidence Given by Durham Brown, of Brantford, Ont.—How and Why the Cure is Effected.

Brantford, Ont., Feb. 25.—(Special)—That Rheumatism is caused by diseased Kidneys, and that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure both the sick Kidneys and the Rheumatism is again proved in the case of Mr. Durham Brown, of No. 2 Spring street, this city.

"I was troubled with Backache and other well-known symptoms of Kidney Disease," Mr. Brown states, "I also suffered from Rheumatism in my right side and hip to the extent that I was always while at my work in agonizing pain."

"After taking one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills I found an improvement, and after taking two boxes I found both my Kidney Disease and Rheumatism entirely cured."

Mr. Brown is only one of many cases in which has been proved beyond a doubt that the natural way to cure Rheumatism is to remove the cause. The cause of Rheumatism is uric acid in the blood, which crystallizes at the muscles and joints. Well-known strainers the uric acid out of the kidneys. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure Rheumatism.

LADY H. SOMERSET'S COLONY

Means Found Most Effective in Combating an Evil Prevalent Among English Women—Good Influences and Outdoor Life the Chief Remedies Used.

Not long ago an American woman passing through a London street saw a number of respectable-looking women entering a saloon. "Are they going to hold an anti-liquor crusade under this?" she asked her companion, and was more than surprised to learn that they were merely going for their afternoon drink. "The average time the shopkeeper gives to her luncheon when she gets it here?" I had already learned that two-thirds of the habits of this cheery, neat dining-room were salespeople and business women.

The answer was prompt and uttered with modest pride in the fidelity of the "house" to the pledge displayed in the window:

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A Roast for the Atlantic

Joe Clarke Says It is a Great Big Bluff—A Blowhard and a Bully—Should Improve Scenery.

[By Joseph T. Clark.] The Atlantic Ocean is a great big bluff. It is the greatest blow-hard in the world. It needs a roast; somebody should expose it, and here goes. It did not care to write anything about the Atlantic, and I was asked to do so. I was asked to write something about it, and I was asked to write something about it.

no sunset beams in winter, there is always a bank of cloud behind which the shivering sun retreats; there is no sign of an iceberg anywhere, and if there is so much as a puff of wind, you are always on the wrong side of the ship to see it.

If you go around to what you call the back side of the ship and stand in the cold for a couple of hours looking in vain for that whale, you learn on returning to your chair that for half an hour your friends have been enjoying the antics of a half a dozen porpoises which have been racing with the ship. The entertainments the sea offers travellers are few and badly managed.

Get a Few Whales. The C. P. R. has done so many things that we must hope that one of those days it will do something to improve the scenery along the five or six days' journey across the water. There should be more whales, where there is so much room for them, and they look like creatures that would respond to encouragement.

A Contrast in Class. I have been in various parts of Europe during the past three months," said a Canadian to me on the Empress of Britain, "and nearly everywhere on the continent you may see the name of the C. P. R. It does a lonesome Canadian good to see it."

And a man needs to go away from home to learn what a world-organization this company is, with its boats on the Atlantic and Pacific and its extensive operations in the way of colonization.

The publisher of the best farmers' paper in the Maritime Provinces, in writing to us, states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINTMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our household ever since I was a child, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

There is nothing in all this. You see

In each house are installed eight or ten women. They have separate rooms and are overlooked by a sister, who is a capable woman chosen by Lady Henry. These sisters do not belong to any religious order; they are simply known to the patients as Sister Anne, Sister Mary, etc. Some of them are ladies who are glad to do this work some of them are paid and all are intelligent, public-spirited and tactful in dealing with the cases assigned to them. Lady Henry is also known as "sister," and wears the grey dress and snowy cap of her assistants.

No woman patient knows anything of any other patient's life story, so that all start on an equal basis. Some have been convicted of crime and sentenced to the colony by the Government in the hope that the cause of their misdeeds, drunkenness, may be cured. Others have come voluntarily at the request of their husbands or parents. It is the sister's duty to win the confidence of all. She is there to help them up, physically. A woman doctor and two trained nurses attend to the latter part of the work.

Women over 50 are not eligible for the village, and no patient can stay there more than three years. Any one may go at any time. Doors and gates are wide open, but in the last five years only one woman has voluntarily left the colony before her time was up.

Since the foundation of the colony 1,300 women have been treated. Of those dismissed a large proportion have been permanently benefited. Some have returned several times and number have succumbed to their vice and died or gone insane.

In one corner of the village is a particularly charming cottage, slightly larger than the others, which is known as the Nest. Here are to be found the daughters of inebriates, cruel or neglectful parents, whom the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children has sent down to Lady Henry's colony to be cared for and educated.

About 24 little girls are in the Nest at present. They range in age from 11 down to babies. All can stay in the colony until they are 15. They are educated to take their places in the working world and an effort is made to get good homes for them when they leave Duxhurst.

FATAL FAMILIARITY.

Familiarity with danger of a certain kind has the effect very frequently of making persons careless, and those who know the most about what is involved in their actions are frequently the victims of accidents that would be easily avoided by one who had less information of the subject, but more caution. The fact is illustrated frequently by accidents that happen to men who have spent all of their lives in railroad and who get in front of trains that they know are due, simply because their familiarity with the schedule makes them less apprehensive of trouble and they momentarily forget.

One resident of the Bronx was recently killed by a train of the New Haven road at a crossing which he had been using for a long time. For eighteen years he had crossed the tracks at that point twice a day, six days in the week. Under those circumstances he might be expected to know all about what to expect, but after making the crossing 11,600 times safely he got in front of a train and met his death.

No matter how much a person may know about any dangerous avocation there is never any time when he can be too careful. For any slight change in the conditions is apt to produce complications that have very serious possibilities.—New London Day.

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There is nothing in all this. You see

Indigestion Cured

This disease from which so many suffer gives the average physician a great deal of trouble. The best medical men have endorsed PSYCHINE, and recommended it in scores of the most obstinate cases. It has never failed in a single instance to give prompt relief. When directions have been followed, a few doses will remove that tightness and weight on the stomach. Taken regularly it positively cures General Distress, Flatulency, Nervousness, Coated Tongue, Heart Burn and Palpitation. If you have never used PSYCHINE, don't hesitate a moment longer. Try PSYCHINE to-day.

PROOF

Mr. Arthur Tennison, 88 London Street, Toronto, says: "For six or seven years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia. Too much acidity of the stomach the doctors said, originated the troubles. I tried scores of remedies without avail. Eventually I used PSYCHINE and this brought immediate relief and cure."

NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT PSYCHINE

It prevents the children taking cold, wards off that terrible malady, La Grippe, and completely fortifies them against disease. It should always be used for colds, weariness, loss of appetite, bronchitis and weak lungs.

For sale by all druggists and dealers, 50 cents and \$1.00.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited TORONTO

PSYCHINE

GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

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Realpath

Extra Granulated Sugar, you secure the results of the latest process, of modern machinery and of years of experience.

Manufactured By THE CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LTD. Montreal, Quebec.

Attention Sick Women

If you had positive proof that a certain remedy for female ills had made many remarkable cures, would you not feel like trying it? If during the last thirty years we have not succeeded in convincing every fair-minded woman that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands and thousands of women of the ills peculiar to their sex, then we long for an opportunity to do so by direct correspondence. Meanwhile read the following letters which we guarantee to be genuine and truthful.

Lindsay, Ont.—"I think it is no more than right for me to thank Mr. Pinkham for what he kind advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I wrote to her some time ago I was a very sick woman, suffering from female troubles. I had inflammation of the female organs, and could not stand or walk any distance. At last I was confined to my bed, and the doctor said I would have to go through an operation, but this I refused to do. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now after using three bottles of it, I feel like a new woman. I most heartily recommend this medicine to all women who suffer with female troubles. I have also taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills and think they are fine."—Mrs. Frank Emley, Lindsay, Ontario.

Melbourne, Ia.—"I am thankful for the great good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I suffered many years from chronic inflammation and bearing down pains. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health."—Mrs. Clara Waterman, It. D. No. 1, Melbourne, Iowa.

There is absolutely no doubt about the ability of this grand old remedy, made from the roots and herbs of our fields, to cure female diseases.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

We Are Manufacturers of Traps and Bends, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead. Write for Lists and Prices. Long Distance Phone M1729. THE CANADA METAL CO., LTD. TORONTO, ONT.



How I Became a Journalist

By DR. ROBERTSON NICOLL,
Editor of "The British Weekly."

When I was seventeen, I wrote some reviews of books and sent them to the Aberdeen Journal. The Journal was then a weekly paper, and the chief organ of the Conservative party in the north. I had previously published verses in its columns, and the editor, William Forsyth, who was a man of great literary ability, a contributor to Blackwood and to Punch, encouraged me a little. At eighteen I graduated and became a student in the Free Church College, Aberdeen. I made up my mind to accept no more assistance from my father, but to live by my own exertions. I had a scholarship of fifteen pounds, and earned some money by teaching, but the remuneration was then very small, two guineas for an hour a day for a whole quarter. One day I took my courage in my hands, and wrote offering to do the reviewing in the Journal for a small sum yearly. This offer was accepted, and I began by contributing about a column a week. The payment was not great, but it was better than nothing. I could earn by teaching. In course of time I was engaged to write a column of miscellaneous notes, and my salary was increased. With politics and nothing to do, besides my teaching, while the paper was Conservative, I used to spend most of Saturday in the preparation of my two columns, and sometimes I wrote as late as midnight. But I had no thought or dream of ever becoming a journalist, and when my divinity course was completed, I was ordained to a church in the north of Scotland. During the three years spent there I wrote a good deal for the press in various newspapers and magazines, and I maintained some connection with the Aberdeen Journal, which became a daily paper. But I had no regular employment from this source. Afterwards I became minister of a considerable church in Kelso, and for some years had very little leisure for anything but ministerial work. Afterwards I began to write in spare hours, and formed a connection with Messrs. Macniven and Wallace, of Edinburgh, who had then started a publication, the Edinburgh Review, connected with Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton. I contributed anonymously to periodicals, but not to any great extent. In 1885 I became editor of the Examiner.

After eight years at Kelso a severe attack of typhoid fever, followed by pleurisy, brought me into a state of great weakness. During the recovery, visited by Dr. Atfield, of Edinburgh, to give up public speaking. Sir Thomas Grainger Stewart thought that after two years I might be able to preach again, but Sir Andrew Clark strongly vetoed any such thought. I had never even for an hour contemplated a literary career. I had expected to go on as a minister, doing literary work in leisure times, but my fate was settled for me, and I resigned my pastorate. During the year that followed I sought for health in Devonshire and Switzerland, and partially recovered it. Then, towards the end of 1888, Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton, after careful consideration, resolved to start the British Weekly. They were then publishers of the British Quarterly Review, edited by Dr. Henry Allon. The Review had a good literary reputation, but the sales had diminished from 2,500 to 500, and the company to which it belonged were losing money, and decided to discontinue it. Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton proposed to the company to take over the British Quarterly and to publish it monthly under my editorship. I was asked to review. But the company, who were Congregationalists, did not wish the title to go out of the denomination, and accordingly the British Quarterly Review was amalgamated with the Congregationalist. It was in this way that the British Weekly was named and started. I have continued editor ever since, and have no intention to do much editorial, literary, and journalistic work. By far the greatest part of this has been in connection with Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton, but I have written largely, and most part anonymously, in the daily papers. All this, however, is irrelevant to the subject.

It will be seen that I am not in a position to say whether or not I chose wisely in taking up journalism. The truth is, I had no choice at all. A minister thrown out of work by a failure of health is placed in a position of the greatest difficulty. As a rule, he has no qualifications for business. He may be able to teach, but teaching involves a drain on the strength which is as great as that of the pastorate. Practically the only thing open to him is literary work. I have never troubled to consider whether the work of the preacher or the work of the journalist is the more important. Much may be

Sinking Spells Every Few Days

"At the time I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy I was having sinking spells every few days. My hands and feet would get cold; I could scarcely breathe, and could feel myself gradually sinking away until I would be unconscious. Those about me could not tell there was life in me. After these spells I would be very weak and nervous, sleepless and without appetite; had neuralgia in my head and heart. After taking the remedy a short time all this disappeared and in a few weeks all the heart trouble was gone."

MRS. LIZZIE PAINTER
803 1/2 3d Ave. Evansville, Ind.

For twenty years we have been constantly receiving just such letters as these. There is scarcely a locality in the United States where there is not some one who can testify to the merits of this remarkably successful Heart Remedy.

Price \$1.00 at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto.

said on both sides. But it was never in any way an issue for me. It is surely right that a man should continue in the work that Providence has assigned to him so long as he can, and this was the course I took. When one door is closed to him, he has to consider whether another door will open. I am thankful that the door opened to me, and I can now perceive that the training and habits of former years helped me to enter it. I was familiar from the start with the ordinary routine of journalism, though I had much to learn, and though for a considerable time handicapped by weak health, I had more opportunities than most journalists of quiet reflection.

One thing at least is certain. In order to make anything of life, both the preacher and the journalist must work unsparingly. Without work, and work carried to the point of sacrifice, they are lost. The man who works with one hand is soon thrown out, and it is this much more than anything else that keeps the crowd of applicants. They are afraid of work. In the ministry, the same law holds. Two dear friends of mine who recently passed away—Dr. John Watson and Dr. Marcus Dods—were completely possessed by this conviction. I remember the long teaching of some young men whom he liked. "But," he summed up reflectively, "not one of them knew what work means." Dr. Dods was so possessed with this thought that he seemed to be in a hurry every failure in the ministry to laziness. He seemed to think that anyone might be successful who really worked. It is certain that many who fail do not work. These are the longer the stay on till their churches are almost empty. But the time is coming when that will be impossible, and when for the lazy journalist and the lazy minister there will be the same short shift.

NAPOLÉON'S SORRY FAMILY

Nearly All His Brothers and Sisters Were a Disgrace to Him—He Made Them Kings and Queens and Enriched Them All.

Few things are more remarkable in the career of the great emperor than his seeming devotion to his family. Many explanations have been offered, and among them the reader may take his choice. It has been said that he wished to make his relatives the service instruments of his will. There are many proofs of this proposition. It has been said that he weakly yielded to their importunities. Only the few who are left there is much evidence of the importance of the concessions. It is also contended that he really wished to benefit his people, as no European family had ever been established. Who shall decide?

The central fact is, that he did make his brothers and sisters kings and queens and princes—only one of his generals, marshals and dukes—that he bore with their petulant ingratitude, their folly, their scandals; that some of them, perhaps, were evil, and that he died lonely and poor, leaving most of them affluent. Among the many curious traits of his complex character, this one of seeming devotion to his family, and his military companions, must not be overlooked. It is an apparently human trait in a character not always humane. But we must not over-value it.

His attitude was, perhaps, not unnatural. He had lived in a revolutionary war in which no one was true. No human tie was respected; no pledge was kept; friendship was a name, and betrayal was a civic virtue. Napoleon lived the life of Messalina and abandoned his fortunes. Elisa (as she called herself) said she never loved him, and he died lonely and poor, leaving most of them affluent.

It was told that so cynical and clear-sighted a man should have to learn the lesson that those on whom much is gratuitously bestowed will come in time to think that they owe the gifts to their own merits, and that those who have won fortunes in battles prefer to enjoy them in peace rather than risk them in further wars.

The literature of the Napoleonic regime continues to increase; of late we have had works on his marshals, his brothers, and his sisters. These narratives leave us somewhat disturbed in mind. We have to turn to other histories for encouragement. That for the purposes of politics and war a monarch may loom large through the mists of history we know very well—witness Louis the Fourteenth. At the same time, the same monarch looked at in the light of contemporary memoirs, may, for the purposes of social satire, look small in their sleekness—witness, also, Louis the Fourteenth.

When we apply this form of critical examination to Napoleon, we find him at gratitously bestowed, will come in time to think that they owe the gifts to their own merits, and that those who have won fortunes in battles prefer to enjoy them in peace rather than risk them in further wars.

Nevertheless, how grandly he endowed all his family, and his generals. He made them kings of the empire, and he enriched them all. He made Joseph King of Naples and King of Spain; Lucien, Prince of Canino; Louis, King of Holland; Jerome, King of Westphalia. He made Elise, Grand Duchess of Tuscany; Pauline, Princess of Guastalla; Caroline, Queen of Naples; and Hortense, Beauharnais, Queen of Holland.

The fate of these grandees of a day was very notable. What rises out of the violence is destroyed. The Bonapartes take a terrible revenge. The marshals figured poorly after their master was dead. They had not all joined him after the return from Elba; some were too old, some were dead, some kept their oaths to the Bourbons. Napoleon crossed the Sambre without Macdonald, Oudinot, St. Cyr, Victor, Augereau, Berthier, Junot, Massena, or Mortier.

Of his brothers, Joseph, King of Spain, was crushed by Wellington at Vittoria, and driven out of Spain. He was true to the emperor during the hundred days, and vainly pressed him to accept his own passport and his prepared means of escape. Joseph embarked for America, as Napoleon might have done. He lived near New York till 1832, when he went to London; he was allowed to return to Italy, where

asked me if I knew any pleasure in the world, that can compare with preaching."

Much is being said about the increasing difficulties of the journalistic profession, and a great deal of what is said has justification. Men who have lived and worked under the old conditions must chafe against the new. But when all is said and done, it is certain that real journalistic ability will always command its price. The kind of ability demanded may not be quite the same as in the old days, and yet it will not be essentially different. Even a trust must keep up the search for talent and must reward it. The Christian preacher with a message and with the power to deliver it will never fail of support and encouragement in their sweetest manifestations. He will have his full share of trials, but the compensations will be manifold, and he will discover as time goes on that the influence he exerts is infinitely deeper and wider than appears. He will have his full share of trials, but he never told us the word or who spoke it.

One thing at least is certain. In order to make anything of life, both the preacher and the journalist must work unsparingly. Without work, and work carried to the point of sacrifice, they are lost. The man who works with one hand is soon thrown out, and it is this much more than anything else that keeps the crowd of applicants. They are afraid of work. In the ministry, the same law holds. Two dear friends of mine who recently passed away—Dr. John Watson and Dr. Marcus Dods—were completely possessed by this conviction. I remember the long teaching of some young men whom he liked. "But," he summed up reflectively, "not one of them knew what work means." Dr. Dods was so possessed with this thought that he seemed to be in a hurry every failure in the ministry to laziness. He seemed to think that anyone might be successful who really worked. It is certain that many who fail do not work. These are the longer the stay on till their churches are almost empty. But the time is coming when that will be impossible, and when for the lazy journalist and the lazy minister there will be the same short shift.

BRITISH DOCTORS AND THE ELECTION

Resented the Attack Upon Dr. Addison and Rallied to His Support.

Personalities have been rampant throughout the British political campaign, but the most notable example of a "belated early" in the history of a division of Shoreditch against his Liberal opponent, Dr. Christopher Addison, a distinguished surgeon, probably not approached by any other candidate. The Unionist candidate was the Hon. Claude Hay, son of the eleventh Earl of Kinnoull, and brother of the present commanding general, a member of the aristocracy which has been so horrified over the plain speech of Mr. Lloyd George, and so shocked at the very idea of a Welsh attorney daring to raise his voice in behalf of the people, made his bid to the electors in a poster, placarded about the constituency, containing the following high-class appeal:

DR. ADDISON
Asks for Support
ON THE GROUND THAT HE IS
Used to Cutting Up Bodies
(See Dr. Addison's Record, Issued by the Radicals.)

WILL YOU LET HIM
CUT UP THE EMPIRE?
DON'T VOTE FOR ADDISON
Who Cuts Up the Stomach
—But—
VOTE FOR HAY
Who Will See That It is Filled.

This contemptible attack which was supplemented by a coarsely-couched leaflet, headed "Not Carpet-Bagger but Body-Cutter" on a gentleman who is the son of a Lincolnshire farmer, member of the medical profession, and who is the son of a Lincolnshire farmer raised a storm of indignation, and seething rejoinders to the lordly Hay's indecent slander were issued by eminent members of the medical profession, including Sir Victor Horsley, F.R.S., Sir William Collins and the editor of The Lancet. The doctors rallied to the support of their colleague, and the result was, that Dr. Addison was triumphantly elected and "this ornament of the peerage," as Sir Victor Horsley described Mr. Hay, who formerly held the seat for the Unionists, was consigned, let us hope, to political oblivion. It is to the credit of the constituency that it so effectively set the seal of its disapproval upon aristocratic coarseness.

Another Case of Blood Poisoning.
Persisted in paring his corns with a razor. Foolish when cure is so painless and sure with Putnam's Corn Extractor. Use Putnam's only—it's the best—guaranteed and painless.

WOMEN ACT AS GOVERNMENT SPIES

Stealing Naval Plans—Obtaining Smokeless Powder Formula.

It may be remembered that a short time ago some valuable admiralty plans disappeared from Chatham. Mr. McKenna, the first lord of the admiralty, admitted that they had been stolen, but a mystery surrounded their disappearance. It is now suggested that a well-known international man, who is ever ready to sell her services to the highest bidder, be it the Russian, German or French Government, was responsible for the disappearance of the plans. It is known that she was in this country for some weeks prior to the incident, and it is supposed that during that time she engineered the loss of the important papers. Whatever truth there may be in the story, it is a very feasible one, for it is usually women who prove the most successful spies. "When it comes to trickery and cunning," said a well-known detective to the writer on one occasion, "there is no match for a clever woman. If she is pretty into the bargain, and she is not afraid of the cleverest men, she is a very dangerous person to deal with." It is only short time ago that a beautiful and fashionably-dressed teacher of languages, Fraulein Petersen, about 25 years of age, was arrested by the police on suspicion of being a French spy. She was said to have entered into a love affair deliberately with a non-commissioned officer named Dietrich of the German navy, and to have obtained from him the formula for the manufacture of the German smokeless powder (one of the most effective yet invented) and the situation of the German mines. To disguise her true occupation she posed as a teacher of languages. Suspicion was directed against her on account of the ample funds which she was always provided, and of her fear of giving the police the customary notice of her frequent changes of address.

In Russia, where the secret service is the level of a fine art, the woman spy is recognized as an extremely valuable medium for obtaining information, not only about foreign matters but also concerning the various traitors who are going on at home. One of the most notorious of these feminine police spies is Mrs. Joutchenko who has been described as a female Azeff.

This person, who was one of the Terrorists, took part in their enterprises, and discovering their plans gave information to the police. For this work she obtained a handsome monthly salary. She was going on at home. One of the most notorious of these feminine police spies is Mrs. Joutchenko who has been described as a female Azeff.

Quite recently the French Government caused a large number of German women employed on the eastern frontier as barmaids to be expelled from the country. These women had been watched and found to be in the habit of passing into Germany, where they gave the information that they acquired from listening to the conversation of drunken soldiers in the taverns. A more serious affair was that at Reims, where a woman was alleged to be paid agents of the German War Office were arrested. The three women were in the habit, it was said, of making the acquaintance of French soldiers, and of securing from them, which information they passed on to the men. Compromising correspondence was found at their lodgings and seemed to reveal whole details of the military movements. As a matter of fact the arrest of these women and men disclosed the existence of a widespread organization of German spies throughout the country. Always the danger of the spy mania which breaks out now and again in the various countries, there is no doubt that the secret service of every country contains many spies who are on the quiet, waiting for military and naval information, and for other powers, and among these spies women are to be found doing much important work.

MYSTERIOUS JOY OF SMOKING

Theories to Explain the Fascination of My Lady Nicotine.

One of the most baffling problems of which explanation has been attempted is that of the reason for the enjoyment derived from the use of tobacco. One of the many doctors who disagree on the subject declares that the nicotine has nothing to do with the fun of smoking. "It seems doubtful," says he, "whether the nicotine ordinarily absorbed has any action whatever. Perhaps the local effects on the mouth, nose and throat, and the pleasure derived from a pipe or cigar is abolished for many persons if the smoke is not seen, as when it is smoked in the dark."

But this view doesn't satisfy a writer in the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette. That nicotine or some other contained substance has some effect upon the body, everyone who has tried his first cigar has had indelibly impressed upon his consciousness.

The leaves of the Pituri plant, which is

used by the natives of Australia in the same way as tobacco, contains a substance which is practically identical in its physiological action with nicotine. "Except this plant," says the writer, "so far as we know, no other material, even in this day of substitutions, has ever been successfully used instead of tobacco."

"No young man, so far as we are cognizant, ever became habituated to the smoking of hayseed or formed the corn silk habit for life, or became a penny-royal or cubeb fiend. All these articles of juvenile experience furnish abundant smoke wreaths and as such rhythmic movement as tobacco itself."

"Evidently there is something in the drug which appeals to the mind through its bodily effects, doubtless through some depressant action by which it partially closes the sensory approaches to the brain and allows it to dwell in less disturbed self-satisfaction."

"The very fact, however, that smoking in the dark gives less or no pleasure attests the vast effect which sensory accompaniments, such as the sight of the pipe, the smell of the smoke, the sight of the clouds of smoke which acts as a rhythmically recurring shield from harsher eye stimulation. . . . it soothes by its own color as well as cutting off the sensations, and the believer that rests the eyes further by relaxing accommodation."

"While this is all very ingenious, we doubt if the most extreme preacher of the most disastrous results of eye-strain could agree that tobacco smoke affords much relief to this condition, much less that this is the ground for the formation and continuance of the smoking habit. If it is exceeding extravagant, for smoke suitable for the purpose could be furnished much more economically."

"Doubtless it affords an infinitesimal relief in this direction, but we think the direct action on the conjunctiva, or through the nasal mucous membranes would more than offset such results, and there are the dangers of toxic amblyopia, which would increase with the increasing amount of smoke clouds."

"To the mind of the writer there is one thing in connection with smoking which in addition to its probable influence in stupefying certain elements of the nervous system, helps to explain the effects of the habit, which is that it gives employment to a certain group of motor centres, and in so doing drains off a superfluous amount of nervous energy, which otherwise we have no convenient outlet."

"The act of smoking and of watching smoke affords an occupation for the mind which would otherwise be working upon itself or unravelling some troublesome problem. It is in giving the mind the recreation of mere cloud gazing instead of an immediate return to business cares, that the thinking about them that the after-dinner cigar produces its chief effect in promoting digestion and the normal progress of food matter through the body."

"It is doubtful whether any of the contained alkaloids of tobacco have in themselves much effect in this direction. At any rate, they have never through all the centuries of drug experimentation been used directly for this purpose with any success. As a means of keeping the mind busy for the moment in drowsy contemplation or as a channel of outlet for superfluous nervous force, smoking is certainly a very effective invention. It has at the same time been a most expensive agent."

Mr. Cook, the Australian Minister of Defence, announced that there were no dearth of applications for positions in Australia's new navy.

MOTHERS FEEL SAFE WITH BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mother who have used Baby's Own Tablets say they feel safe when they have this medicine in the house, as the Tablets are a never-failing cure for the ills of babyhood and childhood. And the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no poisonous opiates. Mrs. Walter Barr, Mountain Grove, Ont., says: "My little boy suffered terribly when teething and from constipation. Nothing I gave him did the least good until I gave him Baby's Own Tablets, and these brought him speedy relief. Every mother of young children should keep the Tablets in the home." Sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

\$3.50 RECIPES CURES WEAK MEN FREE

Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakened manhood, failing memory and lame back, brought on by excesses, unnatural drains on the forces of youth, that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes—without any additional help or medicine—that I think every man who wishes to regain his manly power and virility, quickly and quietly, should have a copy. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain, ordinary sealed envelope, to any man who will write me for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men, and am convinced it is the surest, acting combination for the cure of deficient manhood and vigor failure ever put together.

I think I owe it to my fellow-men to send them a copy in confidence, so that any man anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures may stop dragging himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest-acting, restorative, upbuilding SPOT-TOUCHING remedy ever devised, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, 5740 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich.; and I will send you a copy of this splendid recipe, in plain, ordinary envelope free of charge. A great many doctors would charge \$3 to \$5 for merely writing out a prescription like this—but I send it entirely free.

"A curious fact which goes to show that tobacco smoking is not carried on for the sake of the nicotine absorbed is that the pleasure derived from a pipe or cigar is abolished for many persons if the smoke is not seen, as when it is smoked in the dark."

But this view doesn't satisfy a writer in the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette. That nicotine or some other contained substance has some effect upon the body, everyone who has tried his first cigar has had indelibly impressed upon his consciousness.

The leaves of the Pituri plant, which is

The greatest invention in concentrated foods during the last half century—

OXO

in cubes

OXO in bottles has long been known the world over for its purity, its strength and its delicious flavour.

It has taken ten years to learn how to concentrate all OXO'S goodness into Cube form. Here it is at last—a boon to everybody.

OXO Cubes are so highly concentrated that it takes $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of choice lean beef to make each single cube. A tin of ten cubes, made from $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of beefsteak, can be slipped into the vest pocket.

Each cube is just the right quantity for a generous cup of delicious, nourishing OXO. No lading out with a spoon—no measuring—no guessing at the amount—no waste—no bother.

It's now as easy to make a cup of OXO as to sugar a cup of tea.

Ask your dealer for OXO in bottles or for the new Cubes in tins of 4, 10 or 50.

TINS OF
4 Cubes 10c
10 " 25c
50 " \$1.15

Canadian Agencies:
21-27 Lombard St., Toronto
41 Commercial, Montreal
and at Vancouver and Winnipeg

OXO is sold by Grocers, Druggists & General Stores.



LEMON CREAM—The Dainty, Delicious New Treat

HIDDEN between two crisp, beautifully-browned biscuits of unique design, is a fairy-like cream, with a flavor of pure lemon juice. This is our Lemon Cream Biscuit—our New Creation. About 60 biscuits to the pound.

AND the present remarkable demand will be still more greatly increased once you and other discriminating women have discovered its delicious quality. The daintiest biscuit! Perfectly correct to serve at any social function.

MCCORMICK'S LEMON CREAM BISCUITS

Factory at London. Warehouses at Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Kingston, Winnipeg, Calgary

Save On Your Meat Bill!

Any good housekeeper could make Corned Beef equal to CLARK'S CORNED BEEF if she had Clark's experience of forty years and Clark's factory and facilities.

But as she hasn't she can get all the advantages of Clark's equipment by buying

CLARK'S CORNED BEEF

instead of making her own at a loss in money and an outlay of time and hard work.

The meat used in a 80c. tin of CLARK'S CORNED BEEF would cost at least 50c. If bought from the butcher in the ordinary way.

At your Grocer's—
15 cts. and 30 cts. a tin (1-lb. and 2-lb. tins)

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