

CHIGNECTO POST.



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WILLIAM C. MILLER, Proprietor.

TERMS: \$1.00 in Advance, or \$1.50 if charged.

Vol. 11.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1872.

No. 5.—Whole No. 43

BUSINESS CARDS.

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British and Foreign Dry Goods,
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Confectioners,
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FINE BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,
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branches, which we will dispose of at our usual low rates.
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OFFICE—No. 4 Ritchie's Building,
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G. W. BURDIDGE. aug 23

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White Lead, Zinc Paint,
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER
Tea, Sugars, Coffee, Molasses &c.,
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HOLSTAD & BORDEN,
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CONVEYANCERS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.,
MONCTON, N. B.
- O. A. Holstad. R. A. Borden.

Albert J. Hickman,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE LATELY OCCUPIED BY DR. ROBERTS,
Dorchester, N. B.
may 17

SAWS! SAWS!

**ALEXANDRA
WORKS**

Saw Factory,
Corner of North and George Streets, St. John
J. F. LAWTON,
Proprietor.
may 26

Literature.

MISS OR MRS.!

A Christmas Story, in Twelve Scenes.

BY WILKIE COLLINS.

PERSONS OF THE STORY.

SIR JOSEPH GRAYBROOKE—Knight, Richard Turlington—Of the Levant Trade.
LAURELLOT LINZIE—Of the College of Surgeons.
JAMES DICAS—Of the Roll of Attorneys.
THOMAS WILDFANG—Superannuated Sea-Captain.
MISS GRAYBROOKE—Sir Joseph's Sister.
NATALIE—Sir Joseph's Daughter.
LADY WINWOOD—Sir Joseph's Niece.
SOPHIA } Lady Winwood's Step-
DOROTHY } daughters.
PERIOD: The Present Time. PLACE: Eng-land.

TWELFTH SCENE.

INSIDE THE HOUSE.

(He had been looking as they had supposed, for the man who had attacked Sir Joseph, with a motive, however, for the search, at which it was impossible for other persons to guess. His own safety was now bound up in the safety of Thomas Wildfang. As soon as he was out of sight in the darkness, he made straight for the main-house. The change of clothes was there untouched; not a trace of his accomplice was to be seen. Where else to look for him it was impossible to tell. Turlington had no alternative but to go back to the house and ascertain if suspicion had been aroused in his absence.)

He had only to ascend the stairs, and to see, through the open door, that Sir Joseph had been placed in his daughter's room.

"What does this mean?" he asked, roughly.

Before it was possible to answer him, a foot-man appeared with a message. The doctor had come back to the door to say that he would take on himself the necessary duty of informing the constable of what had happened on his return to the village. Turlington started, and changed color. If Wildfang was found by others, and questioned in his employer's absence, serious consequences might follow. "The constable is my business," said Turlington, hurriedly descending the stairs; "I'll go with the doctor." They heard him open the door below, then close it again (as if some sudden thought had struck him) and call to the footman. The woman-servants only slept in doors. The footman occupied a room over the stables. Natalie and her aunt heard Turlington dismiss the man for the night, an hour earlier than usual, at least. His next proceeding was stranger still. Looking cautiously over the stairs, Natalie saw him lock all the doors on the ground-floor and take out the keys. When he went away, she heard him lock the front-door behind him. The inmates of the house were imprisoned till he came back. What did he mean?

(It meant that Turlington's vengeance still remained to be wreaked on the woman who had deceived him: It meant that Sir Joseph's life still stood between the man who had compassed his death, and the money which the man was resolved to have. It meant that Richard Turlington was driven to bay, and that the horror and the peril of the night were not at an end yet.)

Natalie and her aunt looked at each other across the bed on which Sir Joseph lay. He had fallen into a kind of doze; no enlightenment could come to them from him. They could only ask each other, with beating hearts and bated breath, what Richard's conduct meant—they could only feel instinctively that some dreadful discovery was hanging over them. The aunt was the calmer of the two—there was no secret weighing heavily on her conscience. She could feel the consolations of religion. "Our dear one is spared to us, my love," said the old lady, gently. "God has been good to us. We are in his hands. If we know that, we know enough."

As she spoke, there was a loud ring at the door-bell. A man was dimly visible below. He called to them in thick, unsteady accents. The servants recognized him; he was the telegraphic messenger from the railway. They went down to speak to him, and returned with a telegram which had been pushed in under the door. The distance from the station was considerable; the messenger had been "keeping Christmas" in more than one beer-shop on his way to the house, and the delivery of the telegram had been delayed for some hours. It was addressed to Natalie. She opened it, looked at it, dropped it, and stood speechless; her lips parted in horror, her eyes staring vacantly straight before her. Miss Lavinia took the telegram from the floor and read these lines:

"Lady Winwood, Hertford Street, London. To Natalie Graybrooke, Church Meadows, R. T. has discovered your marriage to Laurence. The truth has been kept from me till today (21th). Instant flight with your husband is your only chance. I would have communicated with Laurence, but I do not know his address. You will receive this, I hope and believe, before R. T. can return to Somersetshire. Telegraph back, I entreat you, to say that you are safe. I shall follow my message if I do not hear from you in reasonable time."

Miss Lavinia lifted her gray head and looked at her niece. "Is this true?" she said—and pointed to the venerable face laid back, white, on the white pillows of the bed. Natalie sank forward as her eyes met the eyes of her aunt. Miss Lavinia saved her from falling insensible on the floor.

The confession had been made. The words of penitence and the words of pardon had been spoken. The peaceful face of the father still lay hushed in rest. One by one the minutes succeeded each other uneventfully in the deep tranquillity of the night. It was almost a relief when the silence was disturbed once more by another sound outside of the house. A pebble was thrown up at the window, and a voice called out, cautiously, "Miss Lavinia!"

They recognized the voice of the man-servant, and at once opened the window.

He had something to say to the ladies in private. How could he say it? A domestic circumstance which had been marked by Laurence, as favorable to the contemplated elopement, was now noticed by the servant as lending itself readily to effecting the necessary communication with the ladies. "The lock of the gardeners' tool-house (in the shrubbery close by) was under repair; and the gardeners' ladder was accessible to any one who wanted it. At the short height of the balcony from the ground, the ladder was more than long enough for the purpose required. In a few minutes the servant had mounted to the balcony, and could speak to Natalie and her aunt at the window.

"I can't rest quiet," said the man. "I'm going on the sly to see what's doing down in the village. It's hard on ladies like you to be locked in here. Is there any thing I can do for either of you?"

Natalie took up Lady Winwood's telegram. "Laurence ought to see this," she said to her aunt. He will be here at daybreak," she added, in a whisper, "if I don't tell him what has happened."

Miss Lavinia turned pale. "If he and Laurence meet—!" she began. "Tell him!" she added, hurriedly—"tell him, before it is too late!"

Natalie wrote a few lines (addressed to Laurence in his assumed name at his lodgings in the village), enclosing Lady Winwood's telegram, and entreating him to do nothing rash. When the servant had disappeared with the letter, there was one hope in her mind and in her aunt's mind, which each was ashamed to acknowledge to the other—the hope that Laurence would face the very danger that they dreaded for him, and come to the house!

They had not been long alone again, when Sir Joseph drowsily

opened his eyes and asked what they were doing in his room. They told him gently that he was ill. He put his hand up to his head, and said they were right; and so dropped off again into slumber. Worn out by the emotions through which they had passed, the two women silently waited for the march of events. The same stupor of resignation possessed them both. They had secured the door and the window. They had prayed together. They had kissed the quiet face on the pillow. They had said to each other, "We will live with him or die with him, as God pleases." Miss Lavinia sat by the bedside. Natalie was on a stool at her feet—with her eyes closed, and her head on her aunt's knee.

Time went on. The clock in the hall had struck—ten or eleven, they were not sure which—when they heard the signal which warned them of the servants' return from the village. He brought news, and more than news, he brought a letter from Laurence.

Natalie read these lines: "I shall be with you, dearest, almost as soon as you receive this. The bearer will tell you what has happened in the village—your note throws a new light on it all. I only remain behind to go to the vicar (who is also the magistrate here), and declare myself your husband. All disguise must be at an end now. My place is with you and yours. It is even worse than your worst fears. Turlington is at the bottom of the attack on your father. Judge if you have not need of your husband's protection after that!—L."

Natalie handed the letter to her aunt, and pointed to the sentence which asserted Turlington's guilty knowledge of the attempt on Sir Joseph's life. In silent horror the two women looked at each other, recalling what had happened earlier in the evening, and understanding it now. The servant roused them to a sense of present things, by entering on the narrative of his discoveries in the village.

The place was all astir when he reached it. An old man—a stranger in Baxdale—had been found lying in the road, close to the church, in a fit; and the person who had discovered him had been no other than Laurence himself. He had literally stumbled over the body of Thomas Wildfang in the dark, on his way back to his lodgings in the village.

"The gentleman gave the alarm," said the servant, describing the event as it had been related to him, "and the man—a huge big old man—was carried to the inn. The landlord identified him; he had taken lodgings at the inn that day, and the constable found valuable property on him a purse of money and a gold watch and chain. There was nothing to show who the money and the watch belonged to. It was only when my master and the doctor got to the inn that it was known, who he had robbed—and tried to murder. All he let out in his wanderings before they came was that some person had set him on to do it. He called the person Captain, and sometimes Captain Goward. It was thought—if you could trust the raving of a madman—that the fit took him while he was putting his hand on Sir Joseph's heart to feel if it had stopped beating. A sort of vision (as I understand it) must have overpowered him at the moment. They tell me he raved about the sea bursting into the church-yard, and a drowning sailor floating by on a hen-coop; a sailor who dragged him down to hell by the hair of his head, and such like horrible nonsense, miss. He was still screeching, at the worst of the fit, when my master and the doctor came into the room. At sight of one or other of them—it is thought of Mr. Turlington, seeing that he came first—he held his peace on a sudden, and then fell back in convulsions in the arms of the men who were holding him. The doctor gave it a learned name, signifying drink-madness, and said the case was hopeless. However, he ordered the room to be cleared of the crowd, to see what he could do. My master was reported to be still with the

doctor, waiting to see whether the man lived or died, when I left the village, miss, with the gentleman's answer to your note. I didn't dare stay to hear how it ended, for fear of Mr. Turlington's finding me out."

Having reached the end of his narrative, the man looked round restlessly toward the window. It was impossible to say when his master might not return, and it might be as much as his life was worth to be caught in the house after he had been locked out of it. He begged permission to open the window, and make his escape back to the stables while there was still time. As he unbarred the shutter they were startled by a voice hailing them from below. It was Laurence's voice calling to Natalie. The servant disappeared, and Natalie was in Laurence's arms before she could breathe again.

For one delicious moment she let her head lie on his breast; then she suddenly pushed him away from her. "Why do you come here? He will kill you if he finds you in the house. Where is he?"

Laurence knew even less of Turlington's movements than the servant. "Wherever he is, thank God I am here before him!" That was all the answer he could give.

Natalie and her aunt heard him in silent dismay. Sir Joseph woke and recognized Laurence before a word more could be said. "Ah my dear boy!" he murmured, faintly. "It's pleasant to see you again. How do you come here?" He was quite satisfied with the excuse that suggested itself. "We'll talk about it to-morrow," he said, and composed himself to rest again.

Natalie made a second attempt to persuade Laurence to leave the house. "We don't know what may have happened," she said. "At my dear boy!" he murmured, faintly. "It's pleasant to see you again. How do you come here?" He was quite satisfied with the excuse that suggested itself. "We'll talk about it to-morrow," he said, and composed himself to rest again.

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Miss Lavinia added her persuasion. They were useless. Laurence quietly closed the heavy window-shutters, lined with iron, and put up the bar. Natalie wrung her hands in despair. "Have you been to the magistrate?" she asked. "Tell us, at least, are you here by his advice? Is he coming to help us?"

Laurence hesitated. If he had told the truth, he must have acknowledged that he was there in direct opposition to the magistrate's advice. He answered evasively, "If the vicar doesn't come, the doctor will. I have told him Sir Joseph must be moved. Cheer up, Natalie! the doctor will be here as soon as Turlington is."

As the name passed his lips—with-out a sound outside to prepare them for what was coming—the voice of Turlington himself suddenly penetrated into the room, speaking close behind the window, on the outer side.

"You have broken into my house in the night," said the voice; "and you don't escape this way."

Miss Lavinia sank on her knees. Natalie flew to her father. His eyes were wide open in terror; he moaned, feebly recognizing the voice. The next sound that was heard was the sound made by the removal of the ladder from the balcony. Turlington, having descended by it, had taken it away. Natalie had but too accurately guessed what would happen. The death of the villain's accomplice had freed him from all apprehension in that quarter. He had deliberately dogged Laurence's steps, and had deliberately allowed him to put himself in the wrong by effecting a secret entrance into the house.

There was an interval—a horrible interval—and then they heard the front-door opened. Wit out stopping (judging by the absence of sound) to close it again, Turlington ascended the stairs and tried the locked door.

"Come out, and give yourself up!" he called through the door. "I have got my revolver with me, and I have a right to fire on a man who has broken into my house. If the

door isn't opened before I count three your blood be on your own head. One!"

Laurence was armed with nothing but his stick. He advanced, without an instant's hesitation, to give himself up. Natalie threw her arms round him and clasped him fast before he could reach the door.

"Two!" cried the voice outside, as Laurence struggled to force her from him. At the same moment his eye turned toward the bed. It was exactly opposite the door—it was straight in the line of fire! Sir Joseph's life (as Turlington had deliberately calculated) was actually in greater danger than Laurence's life. He tore himself free, rushed to the bed, and took the old man in his arms to lift him out.

"Three!"

The crash of the report sounded. The bullet came through the door, grazed Laurence's left arm and buried itself in the pillow, at the very place on which Sir Joseph's head had rested the moment before. Laurence had saved his father-in-law's life. Turlington had fired his first shot for the money, and not got it yet.

They were safe in the corner of the room, on the same side as the door—Sir Joseph, helpless as a child in Laurence's arms; the women pale, but admirably calm. They were safe, for the moment, when the second bullet (fired at an angle) tore its way through the wall on their right hand.

"I hear you," cried the voice of the miscreant on the other side of the door. "I'll have you yet—through the wall."

There was a pause. They heard his hand sounding the wall, to find out where there was solid wood in the material of which it was built, and where there was plaster only. At that dreadful moment Laurence's composure never left him. He laid Sir Joseph softly on the floor, and signed to Natalie and her aunt to lie down by him in silence. Their lives depended now on neither their voices nor their movements telling the murderer where to fire. He chose his place. The barrel of the revolver grated as he laid it against the wall. He touched the hair-trigger. A faint click was the only sound that followed. The third barrel had missed fire.

They heard him ask himself, with an oath, "What's wrong with it now?" There was a pause of silence. Was he examining the weapon? Before they could ask themselves the question the report of the exploding charge burst on their ears. It was instantly followed by a heavy fall. They looked at the opposite wall of the room. No sign of a bullet there or any where.

Laurence signed to them not to move yet. They waited, and listened. Nothing stirred on the landing outside.

Suddenly there was a disturbance of the silence in the lower regions—a clamor of many voices at the open house door. Had the firing of the revolver been heard at the vicarage? Yes! They recognized the vicar's voice among the others. A moment more, and they heard a general exclamation of horror on the stairs. Laurence opened the door of the room. He instantly closed it again before Natalie could follow him.

The dead body of Turlington lay on the landing outside. The charge in the fourth barrel of the revolver had exploded while he was looking at it. The bullet had entered his mouth, and had killed him on the spot.

DOCUMENTARY HINTS, IN CONCLUSION.

FIRST HINT

(Derived from Lady Winwood's Card-Rack.)

"Sir Joseph Graybrooke and Miss Graybrooke request the honor of Lord and Lady Winwood's company to dinner, on Wednesday, February 10, at half past seven o'clock. To meet Mr. and Mrs. Laurellet Linzie on their return."

SECOND HINT.

(Derived from a recent Money Article in a Morning Newspaper.)

"We are requested to give the fullest contradiction to unfavorable rumors lately in circulation respecting the firm of Pizzutti, Tu Eughton & Branca. Some temporary arrangements in the machine, or of the business, was undoubtedly produced in consequence of the sudden death of the lamented managing partner, Mr. Turlington, by the accidental discharge of a revolver which he was examining. Whatever temporary obstacles may have existed are now overcome. We are informed, on authority, that the well-known house of Messrs. Dupit Brothers has an interest in the business, and will carry it on until further notice."

THE FID.

"BE ECONOMICAL.—Look about you your spending. No matter what comes in, if more goes out, you are always poor. The art is not in making money, but in keeping it; and expenses like mice in a barn, when they are many, make great waste. Hair by hair, heads get bald; straw by straw, the fatch goes off the cottage; and drop by drop, the rain comes in the chamber. A barrel is soon empty, if the tap leaks but a drop a minute. When you mean to save, begin with your mouth; many thieves pass down the red lane, carrying a great waste. In all other things keep within compass. Never stretch your legs further than your blankets will reach, or your waist be cold. In cloths, choose simple and lasting stuff and not fancy theories. To be warm is the main thing; never mind the looks. A coat may make money, but it takes a man to spend it. Remember, it is easier to build two chimneys than to keep one going. If you give all to back and board, there is nothing left for the savings bank. Fare hard and work hard while you are young, and you will have a chance to rest when you are old."

FISK'S FIRST MISTAKE.

"Fisk used to tell about his first mistake in life. Said the Colonel, 'When I was a little boy on the Vermont farm, my father took me up to the stable.' Said he, 'James, the stable window is pretty high for a boy, but do you think you could let me this shoe and clean the stable?' 'I never have done it,' said James. 'Well, my boy, if you will do this morning, I'll give you this silver dollar,' said his father, putting his hand on the head, while he held the silver dollar before his eyes. 'Good,' said James. 'I'll try, and he went to work. He tried, and pulled, and lifted, and pushed, and finally, it was done, and his father gave him the silver dollar, saying, 'That's right, James; you did splendidly, and now I find you do it so nicely I shall give you a new every morning this winter.'"

Hired help is a drug in New-Brunswick, all through the marketing season of one wealthy and distinguished family. By means of a course of instruction in the discharge of household duties, she has finally induced a poor but worthy mechanic to take her place away upon her, and now every day in town insists on being all the work around the house, in the vain hope of inducing another victim to mount the altar of sacrifice.

The following insidious statement is going the rounds: "A Pittsburg feminine Sunday school teacher recently, well engaged in the administration of her duties, lost her keys, and didn't know where to find it. When she got home the book of books was found sprawling on the bench behind her, where it had been placed by a member of her class who had not the fear of God before his eyes."

A California farmer recently sent out some wheat soaked with whiskey over a field frequented by wild geese. The silly fowls gorged themselves with the adhesive beverage, and got so tight that they could not fly, when the farmer stepped in and despatched six hundred of them with a gun.

A well-known saloon keeper (Coles) made a bet one day last week that he could eat a mouse which some parties caught in his saloon. The bet was \$3. To the utter astonishment of all present the man ate the mouse, body, tail, and all, and that, too, before life had become wholly extinct!

The voice of a Pennsylvania prima donna is described as "six octaves above the screech of a lost Indian."

Chignecto Post.

SACKVILLE, N. B., MON. 14, 1872. LEGISLATIVE.

The victory recently won by Free Schools in Westmorland has created an entire change in the tactics of the Opposition. The opposition to the School Act has ceased. The Catholic members have accepted the verdict as recorded by Westmorland, and have joined the disaffected and disappointed free school members in the hope of defeating the Government. Why do the Catholics in the Legislature give a temporary acquiescence to the Act? Why do they sacrifice rights declared sacred and inalienable by their mass meetings at St. John and Chatham, and for which they fought in Westmorland? Why do they tamely come forward and yield up these principles which they have heretofore declared to be a matter of conscience? Why, but that they may climb over their deserted principles to grasp at power which they will wield to the destruction of the School Act. Some men's consciences might revolt at the idea of swallowing whom, hood, tail, and all, "an act which they believed to be 'hor. of hell.'" We do not believe their action will be endorsed by the better thinking people of their own party; but they are evidently prepared to go to all lengths to gain their ends. Power must be received, no matter what cesspools of political filth they wade through. The School Bill must be defeated in its unsectarian character—any means justifies that end.

The redoubtable leader of the Opposition, Mr. Willis, and his newly-found brothers-in-arms—champions of free, unsectarian schools—have no such motives. They want official honors and emoluments. Their statesmanship, their exalted patriotism, culminates in the towering ambition of belauding their greedy little fingers in the Provincial chest. Mr. Willis has heretofore been a strong Government man. But he was more strongly in favor of belauding Willis an Honorable, with the cares of Government wringing his brow and filling his pocket. And when the Government of the day declined the honor of Mr. Willis's company, he takes this vote into the Opposition market and disposes of it for the leadership of the Opposition and prospective office. Noble indeed, large hearted Willis! He is ready to give the opponents of unsectarian schools power; he is ready to sacrifice the Act which he advocated; he is ready to sell his faith, his independence, yea, his little soul, for a paltry title and a few hundred dollars. If Mr. Willis gains power we may look forward to seeing a School Act destroyed which was framed to give equal rights and justice to all, and was so signally ratified by the people of this country a few days ago.

Legislative Council.

Messrs. Bosford and Bliss are acting as clerks of the Legislative Council—two clerks to a body that itself can find scarcely any work to do. It is on the caput that Mr. Wetmore, who has been over fifty years Clerk of the House of Assembly, is to be pensioned, that Mr. Bliss will be appointed in his place and Mr. Bosford left where he is. Doubtless, this will be the end of this great constitutional struggle! This is the happy solution of the difficulty referred to in the House today by Mr. Hatheway.—Globe.

Mr. Willis moved address to the Lieut. Governor asking that all papers connected with the removal of George Boisford, Clerk of the Legislative Council, be laid before the House.

Mr. King said it interfered with the privileges of the Upper House.

Mr. Hatheway announced that a happy solution of the difficulty will be arrived at in a few days, and asked Mr. Willis to defer his motion.

Mr. Willis consented to allow it to stand over.—Globe.

These extracts from the St. John Globe furnish matter for serious reflection, as to what is to be done, in the present anomalous position of our Local Constitution.

In the year 1868 an Act was passed by the Legislature "relating to the Constitution of the Legislative Council." This statute, which was slipped quietly through, and became law, before the county had the slightest idea of its object, and since which time has not been brought prominently before the public, requires at once the attention of the Government.

Even before 1868 the utter, entire uselessness of the Legisla-

Council was fully realized, its powers being worse than negative, being exercised to further intrigues of a selfish and personal character, which finally culminated in the act of 1868, and afterwards in illegal and arbitrary proceedings, in utter disregard of its position and duty as a branch of the Legislature, and in boasted defiance of the rights of the people.

The Act of 1868, which carries a false pretense in its title, for it was not relating to an existing Constitution, but it was creating a new and irresponsible, and permanent body, unknown in any Government since Responsible Government was conceded. The fraud is apparent in the title it carries in its face, for who would imagine so unassuming a name would be given to an act, creating a branch of the Legislature new, because members were appointed by a new authority then created; irresponsible, because there is no check to its acts however arbitrary or outrageous; and permanent, because its members may persistently and wilfully obstruct, as they have threatened all Legislation, unless the Assembly submit the necks of the people to their heel, without subjecting themselves to removal. The members of this irresponsible, oligarchical body, hold their positions by law, and can only be removed, and then by themselves only, if they fail to attend two consecutive sessions, or become a subject of a foreign power, or bankrupt, or guilty of any infamous crime. The qualifications for appointment are being a British subject, of twenty-four years of age, and being possessed of real estate worth £500. We say this legislation was perpetrated by the members of the Legislative Council and with the object of securing to themselves a position in the Province not warranted by their property qualifications, knowledge, ability or public services, and was effected by skillful and sneak-thief trickery, which a long acquaintance with political intrigues could only give. Eighteen political lepers have secured themselves a refuge in this lazaretto, where five of a quorum of the Legislature at a stand-still, and set the whole people at defiance. The insufficiency of the Dominion subsidy for the public services makes the strictest economy in the management of the public business of the country indispensable; and no Government having the interest of the country at heart can justify the gross misapplication of some 13,000 dollars a year in paying for the maintenance of a Council, contemptible in numbers, and but for their power for evil, ridiculous for exhibitions of Lilliputian arrogance. Mr. Secretary Hatheway informs the House that the Government have arrived at a happy solution of difficulty with the Legislative Council. We can tell him the country will be satisfied with no solution of the difficulty that does not sweep this little contemptible, useless, irresponsible body, out of existence. If the Government wishes to sustain itself in its position before the country, it must at once take a decided policy on the question, and use its influence to remove this nuisance from the Constitution of the country. If the Government does not act the Opposition will take it up, and we speak by book when we say no more popular measure could be submitted than the abolition of the Legislative Council, and no measure on which a more universal support of the whole Province could be secured.

LAWRENCE MANUFACTURING CO.—The annual meeting of this company was held at Meccan on Saturday last. The attendance of stockholders was quite general, some of them having come nearly 40 miles. The following were appointed officers for ensuing year:—Capt. Richard Lowerson, President; M. L. Tucker, Secretary; J. T. Smith, Treasurer; President (ex-officio), J. T. Smith, J. R. Lamy, Amos Lawrence, Caleb Lewis, Directors. The report of the retiring Directors, in favor of increasing the machinery, and disposing of more stock, was adopted, and more than fifty additional shares were taken at the meeting. There is no doubt that the move for increase of facilities is a proper one, as it will enable the establishment to manufacture double the amount of goods at a cost of probably less than fifty per cent more than at present. As it has already been ascertained that markets are open in abundance for goods of the description turned out the prospects for the success of the enterprise are most encouraging.—Quotette.

TELEGRAPHIC.

THE LEGISLATURE!

The Want of Confidence Debate!

Speeches of Tuesday and Wednesday Government Probably Sustained!

THE VOTE TO-MORROW!

(Special to Chignecto Post.) FREDERICTON, March 12.

This morning Gillispie made a short speech charging the Government with political and financial dishonesty, and of being under the control of the River du Loup Railway Company. He reiterated charges made by previous opposition Speakers, but let in no new light upon the dark doings of the Government.

Harrison then spoke for the Government. This patent combination of the opposition was a case of the "Lion and the Lamb" lying down together. The opposition was hungry for office—all they wanted was green fields and pastures new. He claimed they had failed on every charge they had made.

Montgomery then delivered a short speech charging the Government with imbecility and corruption. King asked opposition to bring their charges that they might be replied to. No one appearing willing to take the floor, King rose, pulled off his overcoat and commenced his speech. He launched denunciations at the opposition in failing to bring charges. He said they had none to bring, or were waiting to let them slip at the last moment, when they could not be replied to. He referred to Landry charging the Government at Westmorland Hastings with corruption. Landry rose and denied the charge. King then devoted himself to Hamilton. He told him he dare not here repeat what he had said in his county, that the Government had paid the expenses of the Bribery case against him; He challenged Hamilton to state his charges against the Government, then and there, and he would prove them false.

He defended at length the course of the Government in delaying putting the school act into operation, and showed difficulties to surmount, caution to be exercised and influences to work against. He denied the charges made that he had promised the Vicar General or Bishop of St. John that their schools could be worked under the act.

Wednesday, March 13th. This morning King resumed. He claimed the criminal business of the country has been done some \$1800 cheaper than before the office of Solicitor General was abolished. He justified contracting ahead for Bridges, on ground of custom; he claimed advantages resulting from delegations on "Better Terms," Immigration and Fisheries. He claimed benefits from improved mining regulations made during the recess. He justified the Railway policy of the Government. In the afternoon he reviewed the Catholic policy with regard to Education. He read reports of meetings and sentiments there uttered, to show that the question of Education was being agitated by the Catholics the world over.

LATER.

The Government will probably be sustained by four majority. Vote, perhaps to-morrow, but probably on Friday.

(Special to Chignecto Post.)

LONDON, March 13th. Lord Northbrooke, the newly-appointed Viceroy of India, sails for Bombay on the 25th.

PARIS, March 12th. The Prince and Princess of Wales landed to-day with the Prince and Princess de Joinville, Duke de Nemours, Count and Countess of Paris, and Duke de Nemours. Afterwards they received a visit from President Thiers, accompanied by his son. Later in the day they drove out, unattended, in an open carriage; weather fine. They leave to-morrow for Cannes. Another disorderly scene occurred in the French Assembly to-day. Shareholders of Suez Canal met to-day. Lasseps stated the Directors had no intention of selling the canal to any Government. Traffic largely increasing.

BOSTON, March 12th. Republicans have carried New Hampshire by a majority of 1000, electing Gore Governor, and a majority of Legislature. Ship Deimark, formerly Great Republic, has been abandoned at sea, from Rio Janeiro for St. John. The Captain and crew arrived at Bermuda in boats.

Great Excitement in P. E. I.

BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION! DISSOLUTION OF HOUSE!

Special to Chignecto Post. CHARLOTTETOWN, March 13.

Great excitement has been created here over political troubles. A Yankee named Carleton, paid Hooper, a member of the House one thousand dollars to support the Government. Hooper brought the matter before the House and said he took the money to trap the Government, and would now oppose them. A great uproar resulted. Carleton was brought before the bar of the House and afterwards skeddaddled. After several days hard fighting the Governor dissolved it on Monday. Writs will be immediately issued for a new election.

LONDON, MARCH 7.—President Fortescue, of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons to-day that the Government were negotiating a Shipping Convention with the United States.

The operatives in the silk factories at Leeds, in Staffordshire, to the number of 38,000, have been locked out for refusing to accept the terms offered them by their masters. This throws one-third of the town population out of work.

Fifteen hundred coal miners of Gedban, in the County of Durham, are on a strike for higher wages.

LONDON, MARCH 8.—Payment of two milliards of war indemnity with interest to date on remaining three milliards, completed yesterday.

This gives France entire control of six departments, in which she is allowed to maintain as large a military force as she desires.

Assembly to-day rejected the proposition of Deputy Brunet to erect on the hill of Trocadero a Temple to Jesus Christ, as testimony to a belief in God as necessary for the national regeneration.

Emperor and Empress of Brazil arrived in Lisbon, whence they sail the 13th inst. for Rio Janeiro.

Von Moltke is making a tour of Italy and is now at Naples.

Prussian Government claims to have discovered secret appointment by the Pope of Archbishop of Posen as Primate of Poland.

ITEMS.

Great Britain has £530,000,000 invested in railway capital and realizes nine per cent. per annum.

The infants of Massachusetts have subscribed \$30,000 for the erection of a building for their use in Boston, to be named Paine's Memorial Hall.

A penniless scamp bought a hotel at auction in Ohio, a few days since, saying it was for the Pennsylvania Railroad. His bid was \$25,000, and somebody gave him \$7,000 for his bargain. Luck's adventurer that.

A veteran colored man of Mobile was married lately at the age of 83, and took occasion to remark during the ceremony that he had been married 13 times already, but never got out a license before.

Mr. Penco introduced a bill to incorporate the Pugwash Lime Company a bill to incorporate the Pugwash Coal Mining Co. and a bill to incorporate the Pugwash Foundry and Manufacturing Company.

Of the whole number of persons committed to the common jails of Connecticut last year, 2,363 in all, 2,360 were of temperate habits, and only 180 strictly temperate—a fact which is of itself a pretty good temperance lecture.

A lawyer in Turin Haute lately went to an editor's office to cane him. The doctor gave him three bullets out of his frame and say there is another one that they can't find, which will probably kill him.

GEAR'S ILLUSTRATED MECHANICAL ADVOCATE is the name of a paper printed in the interests of mechanics and dealers in machinery. It abounds with useful illustrations. Published Monthly at \$1.00 per annum, by A. S. & J. Gear & Co., Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.

DR. CUMMING.—The prophetic utterance of the Rev. Dr. Cumming with respect to the end of the world having been falsified, the prophet has now declared his belief that the world will never come to an end. This opinion he enunciated in a lecture on Monday night, adding that the world would "in all probability, be raised in temperature increased in fertility and beauty, and thus become the loveliest place in the universe."

Jeremiah Desmond, a cork laborer, appear to have had a profitable fortnight one night last December. By his own confession "aft by the admission of his wife, he was in the habit of talking about the devil—the devil was too often in his mouth." On the Friday before Christmas Day, at about half-past six in the evening, as he sat at the door of his cabin "minding some pigs' food," a queer thing came up to the door, he did not know what it was; he thought it was the devil. It had a long leg, big neck, legs, and a hump ever so big on its back; he screamed but could not stir, he was so frightened. The creature pushed its neck past him and grunted him against the side of the door. He said: "I got such a fright that I was not able to eat as much in three days after as I could in one day before it."

LOCAL AND OTHER NEWS.

King's Co. Sessions has again refused Licences.

EARLY SPRING.—A flock of wild geese flew over Bale Verte on Tuesday.

PERSONAL.—Mr. G. B. Easterbrooks of the Brunswick is quite ill of inflammation of the Lungs at Buck's Hotel, Dorchester.

"BETTER TERMS."—We are indebted to Mr. Wedderburn for a printed report of the doing of the "Better Terms" Delegates.

NOVA SCOTIA RAILROADS.—No trains reached Halifax last week either from Annapolis or Pictou on account of the snow blockade.

THE CIVIC CENSUS of Montreal just completed shows a population of over 100,000 above Government enumeration.

THE TRAINS.—Tuesday's St. John train was still blocked this morning one mile East of Moncton. No trains probably till to-morrow afternoon.

THE PROVINCIAL SECRETARY, Mr. Hatheway was assaulted on the 9th, near Queen Hotel, Fredericton, by four men, who threatened to "fix" him, on account of his connection with the School Bill.

The up train from St. Stephen, March 9th, with two engines and a snow plow, ran off the track about three miles below McAdam. E. Ferguson, a section man, was killed.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL for February is to hand. Those interested in Agricultural pursuits will find within its pages considerable information bearing upon a variety of topics. \$1.00 per annum, N. P. Boyer & Co., Parkersburg, Chester Co. Pa., U. S.

BALLOU'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for March contains a number of entertaining stories, and other interesting matter. Ballou is quite a favorite with the young folks, owing no doubt to its well filled literary department.—Thames and Talbot, 63 Congress St., Boston. \$1.50 per annum.

Mr. C. C. Mayne, being about to proceed to Sackville, N. B., to take charge of the "Chignecto Post," resigned his situation as Treasurer of the Halifax Typographical Union on Saturday evening last, and Mr. Manfred Shaffer was elected to fill the vacancy thus caused. Mr. Mayne has held the position of Treasurer ever since the formation of the Union in 1869.—Acadian Recorder.

"HAPPY HUNTING GROUNDS."—The mantle of our Sackville Huntsman Mr. John Lund appears to have fallen upon his sons, two of whom stalked and shot four caribou on 22nd ult. Next day Mr. Lund went out with them to bring in the venison when he killed one caribou and a fine deer. Returning he crossed a moose track which he followed up next day and shot a fine bull moose. He had in all 1300 lbs venison.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A slanty at Glasier's Station, on the Fredericton Branch Railway, occupied by a family named Sloan, took fire on 9th inst., in the door porch. Sloan got out his wife, mother and five children, when the poor mother, remembering her baby, about 13 months old, was left behind, rushed through the window only to meet her own death by suffocation. The remains of the child could not be found, and only small portions of those of the mother. Sloan lost all his effects.

THE MAILS for three weeks have been very irregular. The St. John mail of Tuesday 5th was not delivered here till the following Saturday night. The Halifax mail of the 4th, was not delivered here till the 11th—only six days behind time. All winter there have been irregularity and delay in receiving and despatching mails; quite as much as in the old days of stage-coaching. On more than one occasion the mails have remained days in both Amherst and Dorchester when the roads were passable, and when they could have been sent without trouble by teams East and West. In these cases why cannot the Postal Clerk on Eastern Extension receive discretionary powers to forward mails, when E. & N. A. R. Trains and the N. S. mails to Amherst are performing their regular trips? It would be of great accommodation and very much lessen the inconvenience to and complaint of the business community.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Notice.

Green slaughtered Hides—50 Hides per week—wanted at Sackville Steam Tannery, for which I will pay Cash on Delivery at 7 cents per lb. J. L. BLACK.

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STORMS.—Still they come fast and furious. Such a record of severe snow storms, blocking up roads, stopping all communications and all the ordinary business of the country, has not been chronicled for years. One week is but a repetition of another—snow, perpetual snow, cold, drifting, blustering snow, snow drifts, snow banks, mountains of snow everywhere. No trains, no mails, no news—only snow.

Tuesday, 5th — Furious snow storm. No train from the West.

Wednesday — More snow. No trains.

Thursday — Still rampant. No trains.

Friday — Clearing up. No trains.

Saturday — Fine. Train arrived from Dorchester at 4.30, where it had been since Tuesday. Track was shovelled out by a gang of eighty men.

Sunday — Hail and rain. Train reached Amherst at 5.30 a.m., rate of travel, one mile per hour.

Monday — Fine. General rejoicing. Train from the West arrived at 10 p.m.

Tuesday night — Cold, below zero. Fierce north-east gale, with snow. No train.

Wednesday — Wind high. Snow and drift. No trains.

BRIEF LOCALS.—Capt. Dick Lourie intends removing from Westmorland Point to Amherst, where he has purchased a property from Joseph Coates, Esq.—Examinations at the Amherst Academy took place yesterday and this morning.—N. S. Board of Agriculture meets in Halifax to-day.—The Methodists of Amherst intend building a handsome Gothic church on Havelock street. Gilbert Pugsley, Esq., gives \$2000 toward the \$6000 estimated expense.

Rev. D. A. Steele lectured in Amherst last Tuesday. The subject, "Good Old Times," was treated by the talented lecturer in a most interesting manner.—A donation of \$100, besides some useful articles, was made to the Rev. Mr. Lela, chorist on 21st ult., by his congregation at Pughwash.—P. O. Inspector Woolgate of N. S. has been making arrangements to open a post office at Shulee, a place rapidly assuming importance.

STEPHENS & FIGGURES,
Wholesale Grocers,
36 Dock St., St. John, N. B.

RECEIVED per late arrivals and in store—

- 200 chest and half chests superior Black and Oolong Teas;
- 15 boxes Tobacco, assorted brands;
- 80 sacks Java and Jamaica Coffee;
- 25 lbs crushed and granulated Sugar;
- 75 kegs baking Soda; 20 sacks Rice;
- 40 lbs and cases Currants;
- 3 cases fresh Figs;
- 30 sacks Nuts, assorted;
- 20 boxes candied Peel;
- 20 boxes Layer Raisins;
- 100 lbs Capers, Mustard and ground Cinnamon; 2 lbs ground Cloves; 5 lbs ground Ginger; 10 lbs ground Pepper and Allspice;
- 45 lbs Pickles, assorted;
- 250 lbs wrapping Paper; 75,000 paper Bags, all sizes;
- 30,000 cigars, cheap; 100 doz Brooms;
- 50 lbs washing Soda;
- Black Lead, Cream Tartar, Saltpetre, Liquorice, Soda & Salts, Starch, Bluing, Castor Oil, Blue Vitriol, Whiting, Nutmegs, Serub Brushes, Soap and Candles, Matches, Hops, Blacking, Clothes Lines, Colgate's Vinegar, Bath Bricks, Borax.

For sale low for cash or approved paper

STEPHENS & FIGGURES,
36 Dock St.,
St. John, N. B.

NEW
dry goods Store.

DRESS GOODS.
IN
SATINES,
SERGES,
REPPS,
and all the new materials for—

EARLY SPRING WEAR.
Winter Stock
AT
REDUCED PRICES.
JOHN MAHON & CO.
Feb 15.

THERE ARE twenty marble mills in Rutland county, Vermont, in which are two hundred gangs of saws each gang having about twenty-two saws. About fifty gangs, in different mills, are at present idle from various causes, the most a parent one being from want of capital. Some of these gangs are idle from want of paying marble to saw, the deposit upon which they are located being worthless saws in a practical enterprise. These gangs through approved mills will pass through a block of marble free from flint, four by six feet, at the rate of one inch and a half to the hour, each gang sawing two hundred and twenty feet in twelve hours, and the one hundred and fifty gangs now in operation sawing thirty-three thousand feet of marble every twelve hours, making an aggregate annual production of sawed marble in Rutland county of nine million, nine hundred thousand feet. It is estimated by statistical and careful observations that of this marble there are one million five hundred thousand dollars worth cold in the market each year.

THE RAPIDITY with which England is absorbing the trade of "Golden South America," says the New Orleans Times, may be set down among the wonders of modern commercial enterprise. This trade is regarded as naturally belonging to the United States by virtue of our geographical situation, and other considerations. But England, during the war and since, has gradually absorbed it. Her steamers regularly visit Rio Janeiro, Pernambuco and the river Platte. There are in all seventy-one steamers sailing under the British flag engaged in the performance of this service. They now register 96,995 tons, and will shortly be increased to 100,000 tons, and will carry nearly all the cotton coffee tobacco and other produce of the States of South America. The value of produce exported from the United Kingdom to Ecuador, Brazil, Uruguay, Chili, Peru and the Argentine Confederation amounted in 1870 to \$65,000,000. Most of this large amount is turned away from this country through the high tariff policy when our law-makers return to their senses and endeavor to recover lost this trade?

Davenport, Iowa, is a lively burg. A young man, rather inclined to benzine and late hours, married. He recently returned home very late one night, undressed and got into bed without striking a light. After the lapse of a few moments his wife became very restless, and requested him to hasten to the drug store for some medicine. He did so. As he pulled forth his pocket-book to pay for the mixture, he saw, not his depleted purse but a very phreonic one, and, examining further, ascertained that his pants had changed color, pattern and size. He hastened home, but has not yet solved the mystery or found his pants.

An intelligent jury of twelve is to decide the amount of damage affection sustained through this exchange of pants.

"Ten gallons of kerosene, three pounds potash, one ounce strychnine mixed with soft water." It was according to this cheerful, not to say convivial formula, that a quantity of whiskey seized last week in Newton, Mass., was compounded, the recipe having also been found in the possession of the unfortunate dealer. If you want "gin," add quantum sufficiens of oil of Juniper! The mystery is that men who drink this diabolical fluid do not drop down dead at once.

MARRIAGES.
Srl inst., at South Joggins, by the Rev. G. F. Miles, Mr. G. C. A. Salter, of Carverboro, to Miss Phoebe Priest, of River Robert.

22nd ult., at Pughwash, by the Rev. G. F. Miles, Mr. Charles McDonald, to Miss Annie McLean.

DEATHS.
28th ult., at Tidnish, of Rose Caneer, Mrs. Richard Thompson Brundage, aged 68. He died peacefully and happily.

26th ult., at Oak Island, Wallace, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Mr. John Moodle, and daughter of Mr. T. Brundage, aged 27.

17th ult., on the Gulf Shore of Consumption, in the 29th year of his age, Mr. Donald Melver, son of Mr. Donald Melver.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
NOTICE.
ALL Accounts due the Subscribers, not paid by April 1st, will be placed in a Magistrate's hands for collection.

DICKSON & BOWSER.
March 14—21

Third and Last Notice!
ALL Amounts due the Estate late Alexander Ford (either accounts or notes of hand) not paid before the first day of April, will be left for collection without further notice.

GEO. E. FORD,
Administrator.
Sackville, N. B., March 14 21

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
OTTAWA, Feb. 24th, 1872.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 9 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHEFFE,
Commissioner of Customs.
mch14

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
THE Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are prepared to receive tenders for the erection of Station Buildings, Fuel Sheds, and Engine Houses, at Campbellton and New Castle. Plans, specifications and forms of tender may be seen on and after 8th March, at the office of the Chief Engineer, Ottawa, Mimouski, Dalhousie, New Castle and Halifax.

Tenders may be for the whole, or any less number of these buildings, and will be received, marked "Tenders for Buildings," at the Commissioner's Office, up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 4th April next.

A. WALSH,
Ed. R. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELLAN,
Commissioners
Commissioner's Office,
Ottawa, February 24th, 1872.
mar14—41

1872.
Spring importation
Via Halifax and Portland.
250 Pieces New Carpets; 10 cases Floor Oil Cloths; 3 bales Rugs and Mats; 5 cases Black Lustres and Dress Goods!

20 bales and cases containing White Sheetings, Pillow case Cottons in all widths; Collars, Cuffs; Waddings, Batings; Silks and Twists, Summer Flannels, &c., &c.

N. B.—Balance of last season's Carpets will be continued at old prices—please remember for Net Cash.

Also—Large Reductions on last Season's English Oil Cloths, by taking remnants.

J. & J. HEGAN,
29 Prince William St.,
and 8 Water St.,
St. John, Mar 5

LAURILLIARD & SON,
Agents for
HALLET DAVIS & CO'S.
Hallet & Cumston's
CELEBRATED
PIANO FORTES.
GEO. WOODS & CO'S.
Superior Cabinet Organs.
Dealers in Musical Instruments.

JUST RECEIVED—A large lot of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, Drums, &c. The latest and best Sheet Music and Music Books, Violin strings, Guitar strings, Bridges, Tail Pieces, &c., constantly in stock.

25 Pianos and organs tuned and repaired in town and country.

A. LAURILLIARD & H. LAURILLIARD,
46 King Street, St. John, N. B.
mar14

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE OF
Dry Goods,
Commenced on Monday, 11th March.

John Armstrong & Co.
Intend retiring from the Retail branch of their business, and commenced on MONDAY 11th MARCH OFF their large stock of

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS.
Prices will be reduced to such a low figure as cannot be equalled in speedily and entire clearance.

The stock consists of every description of DRY GOODS,
Part of which we enumerate below:

COTTONS, SHEETINGS, PRINTS, LINENS,
Table Linens,
Napkins, Towellings, BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
Fancy Shirtings, SILKS, &c., &c., &c.

JOHN ARMSTRONG & CO.
St. John's, March 9 mar14

BLUE AND BLACK SAXBY HATS!
WE have a full assortment of this superior HAT now made up, and would recommend it for economy and good service.

D. MAGEE & CO.,
51 King Street,
Hat Warehouse and Factory.

EXTRA QUALITY FUR HATS!
New—Black and Green.
"Alexis" and "Fashion."
7 cases above Goods just opened.

D. MAGEE & CO.,
51 King Street,
St. John, Mar 1 mar14

1872.
Garden Seeds, Field Seeds,
FLOWER SEEDS.
Fresh and True, at
HANINGTON, BROS.,
Foster's Corner.
St. John, Feb 18. mar14

JUST RECEIVED.
400 Sugar Cured HAMS,
800 lbs. Smoked Beef, Choice,
5 cases Choice Porto Rico Sugar,
1 case Granulated do.

W. C. TREADWELL,
6 Water St.
St. John, Feb. 24. mar14

RUN OVER
AND
BUY
YOUR
DRY
GOODS
FROM

E. C. Atubery,
Who is selling off
THE BALANCE
Of his Stock at prices that will make it worth your while calling.

MUST SELL
TO MAKE ROOM FOR
Spring Stock.

The Subscriber is also prepared to sell
Pianos of the following makers: Steinway & Sons; Chickering & Sons; Vose & Sons; Bloomfield & Otis, and Haines Bros.

ORGANS of Taylor & Farley; Mason & Hamlin, and Geo. A. Prince & Co. All of which are sold at Manufacturer's prices.

Also—A large lot of Concertinas, with instructions; Accordions, Violins, Str. ngs, &c., &c.

WANTED.
OATS AND BUTTER, for which the **Highest Prices** will be allowed.

Coal Scuttles and Shovels at **W. H. THORNE'S.**

Foster's Shingle Nails, at **W. H. THORNE'S.**

Patent Apple Parers, at **W. H. THORNE'S.**

Fire Iron Stands, at **W. H. THORNE'S.**
St. John, Feb 23 mar14

CHEESE AND RAISINS.
2 tons Prime Factory Cheese; 100 boxes Layer Raisins—for sale low.

BARBOUR BROS.,
9 and 10 South Wharf.

FLOUR AND MEAL.
In store—100 barrels extra Family Flour; 100 barrels Kiln Dried Corn Meal. For sale at market rates.

BARBOUR BROS.,
St. John, Feb 23 mar14

Brown's Tracheal Drops!
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
Croup, Coughs, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough,
IN ALL STAGES OF THESE DISEASES.

For sale by
GEO. STEWART, Jr.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist,
24 King Street,
St. John, Feb. 16 mar14

Hams & Beef.
JUST RECEIVED.
400 Sugar Cured HAMS,
800 lbs. Smoked Beef, Choice,
5 cases Choice Porto Rico Sugar,
1 case Granulated do.

W. C. TREADWELL,
6 Water St.
St. John, Feb. 24. mar14

BARGAINS!
AGRICULTURAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
WATERTOWN, NEW YORK STATE.
A Stock Company, Established 1853.

Cash Assets, \$800,000.00
Deposited with the Finance Minister at Ottawa, \$100,000.00

R. G. TREMAIN, Gen. Agent for Maritime Provinces
OFFICE—64 Bedford Row, Halifax, N. S.

The Agricultural
Does a strictly non-hazardous business, insures detached Private Residences, Household Furniture, and Farm Properties only, at rates averaging about ONE HALF those of any other Stock Company. Builders of Real Estate in Cities, Towns, Villages and Country, will do well to consult our Agent before insuring elsewhere. FARMERS will find the "Agricultural" especially advantageous for their purposes.

POLICIES ISSUED FOR ONE, TWO, OR THREE YEARS.
Losses Promptly paid in Gold.

W.M. MURPHY,
Agent for Westmorland and Cumberland Counties.
Sackville, N. B., July 13th, 1871.—July 13.

THE LOCKMAN.
FAMILY SHUTTLE.
SEWING MACHINE.
The Cheapest and Best Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine in the Market.
NO Machine ever introduced has achieved such extraordinary popularity in so short a time.

EVERY ONE SATISFIED!
The Lockman Patent is the simplest Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine. Any child can operate it without much instruction.

The Lockman has a patent Automatic Thread Regulator. This contrivance enables the operator to sew the heaviest fabrics and the lightest without any alteration of Tension or of Setting the Needle.

The Lockman has an Adjustable Hemmer.

The Lockman has a Combined Feeder, Baster and Self Sewer, an ordinary Hemmer, Friller, Braider, &c., &c. All the attachments go with the Machine free of charge.

The Lockman carried away the First Prize at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto, over Forty-Seven Competitors.

SHOW ROOMS:—Hoop Skirt Factory, 79 King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.
DAVID McLELLAN,
General Agent for N. B. and P. E. I.

McSWEENEY BROS., Agents for Moncton.
Agents wanted everywhere. Send for Price Lists.

N. B.—Some dealers in the city tell intending purchasers that it is no use buying the Lockman, there is no one to repair it should it get out of order. I keep a stock of them, and will attend to repairing whenever necessary.
D. McLELLAN.
(aug31)

Great Clearance
SALE.

The subscriber has determined to clear out the greater part of his Stock, at greatly reduced prices for Cash, or its equivalent, which is very large and comprising one of the best assortments in the place.

Cash Customers may rely upon getting Bargains.

A nice Assortment of Dress Goods, all new.

Tartan Plaids, Fashionable Mantles in Beaver Cloth, Velveteens, &c., Mantle Cloths, in Dog Skin, Astrachan, Alex. Twill, Nap Cloth, &c., Tweeds and Cloths, Plain and Tartan Winceys & Tweeds, Gloves and Hose, Winter Boots and Slippers, &c., Plain & Fancy Flannels, Men's & Boy's Hats and Caps, Undershirts & Pants, A large Stock of Woollen Goods in Clouds, Scarfs, Hoods, Crossovers, Shawls, Jackets, Sontags, &c., Boys' Ties, Stievers, Cuffs, &c., Black Silk Velvet & Velveteens, Ready-made Clothing, in Coats, Pants and Vests to match, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Balance of Stock of Toys.

The above Goods, with other Goods, too numerous to mention, will be sold at greatly Reduced Prices, until they are all disposed of.

No Humbug!
Pickled Herrings,
IN HALF & WHOLE BARRELS
Shad & Mackerel.

HORSE FOUND!
On 28th February.
A Black HORSE, with a white face, aged about fifteen years, on the Lower Fairfield Road. The owner can have it by proving property and paying expenses.

SIDNEY BULMER,
Lower Fairfield Road.

Public Auction!
To be Sold by Public Auction, at the residence of the late JOHN PATTERSON, Coles Island, on TUESDAY, the 12th instant, at 10 o'clock, a.m.:

- 4 Cows, 1 year old Heifer, 3 Horses,
- 11 Sheep, 2 yearling Hogs,
- 2 young Pigs, 1 Team Wagon,
- A quantity of English and Broad Leaf Hay and Oats,
- 1 Marsh Plough and Harrow,
- 1 set of Double Harness,
- 2 sets of Single do.,
- 1 Pung, 2 Single Wagons, 1 Sleigh.

— ALSO —
Household Furniture, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms made known at time of sale.

RUTH PATTERSON,
Sackville, N. B., }
6th March, 1872. } 11

Now is the time!
\$50 for 25 cents!
A GRAND DRAWING!
Will take place at Sackville, N. B., for a splendid **Musical Box**

Cost over \$50, with the accompaniment of Bells and Drums. Pleasure and entertainment for everybody.

210 Tickets only will be issued—
Price 25 cents.

ALSO
MUSICAL BOX

Very handsome, value \$35, with a very fine selection of tunes. Only 140 Tickets are issued—price only 25 cents.

The above instruments are both of first class make, very suitable for parades, and imported direct from Germany. They may be seen at G. E. Ford's.

A Committee has been appointed to superintend the Drawing.

This is one of the greatest chances offered to get a handsome Musical Box.

Drawing on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of March next, at 5 o'clock, p.m., at Lower Hill.

Send for Tickets at once.
Sale of Tickets will close on the 21st of March.

NO HUMBUG!

Tickets for sale at G. E. Ford's, 25¢ each, at G. E. Ford's, Amherst, N. B., and at J. Hickman's, Dorchester.
G. E. Ford, R. M. Dixon, Committee.
C. G. O. Chipman, J. Hickman, Referees.

MAILED
Three times per week each way, between
DORCHESTER
AND
ROCKLAND.
On and from the 1st of April next.

The conveyance to be made in suitable vehicles drawn by one or more horses.

The route pursued in the conveyance of this mail to be from Post Office, Dorchester, to Way Office, Rockland, by the direct route, and back again by the same route, serving all the Way Offices on the route, or which may hereafter be established. The computed distance between Dorchester and Rockland is Three Miles. The rate of travel to be not less than four miles per hour, including stoppage for all purposes.

The days and hours of Arrival and departure to be determined upon hereafter, subject to a right of the Postmaster General to alter the same, should he consider it advisable so to do.

The Contract, if satisfactorily executed, will continue in force for a term not exceeding four years; the Postmaster General reserving the right to terminate the agreement at any time previous to the expiration of the four years—should the public interest, in his opinion, require it—upon giving the Contractor, three months' previous notice of his intention.

All expenses on this route for Tolls, Ferries, &c., must be defrayed by the Contractor.

Each Tender to state the price asked per annum, in words at length, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties, undertaking that, in the event of the Tender being accepted, the contract shall be duly executed by the party tendering, for the price demanded, and—undertaking also to become bound with the Contractor in the sum of Two Hundred Dollars for the due performance of the service.

Printed forms of Tender and Guarantee may be obtained at the Post Office at Dorchester, and Way Office, Rockland, or at the office of the Subscriber.

JOHN McMILLAN,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, N. B., Feb. 26, 1872.
mch 721

FLOUR and MEAL!
ONE Car Load of Choice Extra FLOUR and Corn Meal, just received by the subscriber.

THOS. E. CULTON,
Westmorland, February 22.

Nute's-Combined Spinner.
PATENTED --- 1-870

This is one of the most useful Spinning Cloths invented. It is Quill Wheel, all steel Reel, pinning Wheel, and Swift, all combined. By means of a clamp, it can be attached to a table or stand, and be used in either a standing or sitting posture. It is quite an ornamental piece of furniture, but when not in use, it folds up and laid away in a Bureau drawer. It spins fast and better than any of the old wheels now in use, and with one half the labor.

J. & A. PETERS,
Fringe makers

