

The Union

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLAW,

VOL. XII.—No. 17.

Our Country, with its United Interests.
Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, February 19, 1879.

EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

WHOLE No. 589.

WAVERLY HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

House lately been refurnished, and

very comfortable arrangements made to ensure

the comfort of travellers.

LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD

OUTFIT, ON THE PREMISES.

ALEX. STEWART,

Proprietor.

Late of Waverly House, St. John's.

Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1878.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI,

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THIS HOTEL is very pleasantly situated,

has recently been fitted up in first

class style, and is in close proximity to the

C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers

will be attended to promptly.

Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters

served up in every style

at short notice.

JOHN FAY, PROPRIETOR.

Newcastle, Oct. 5, 1877.

KIRK HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI,

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE SUBSCRIBER has rented the New

Building erected by Mr. McKean, near the

Post Office and Custom House,

and having newly furnished the same

throughout, is prepared to accommodate the

public in the most comfortable manner.

No pains will be spared to secure the comfort

of guests.

COACH will connect with the trains—

Good stabling accommodation.

D. KIRK, PROPRIETOR.

Newcastle, May 18, 1878.

CANADA HOUSE,

CHATHAM, N. B.

WM. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.

CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this

house to make it a first class hotel, and

travellers will find it a desirable temporary

residence both as regards location and comfort.

It is situated within two minutes walk of

steamboat landing. The proprietor returns

thanks to the public for the encouragement

given him in the past, and will endeavor by

courtesy and attention to merit the same in

the future.

Good Stabling on the Premises.

May 18th, 1878.

ROYAL HOTEL,

KING SQUARE.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my

numerous friends and the public generally

that I have leased the Hotel formerly

known as the "CONTINENTAL," and

thoroughly renovated the same, making it

as the "ROYAL" always had the reputation

of being, one of the best hotels in the

Province.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines,

Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommo-

dation. Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.

THOS. F. RAYMOND.

St. John, July 9, 1877.

VICTORIA HOTEL,

RIVER DU LOUP,

JOSEPH A. FOUNTAIN, PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE is situated at the immediate vicinity

of the Railway Station, and is well calculated

to meet the requirements of travellers, as neither

passage expenses have been spared to secure the

comfort of guests. Situated on an elevation, it

affords a splendid view of the St. Lawrence and

adjacent country.

October 24, 1877.

TRUNK FACTORY,

ESTABLISHED 1862.

MR. W. H. KNOX,

HAS much pleasure in announcing to his

many friends and customers that he

has resumed business at No. 263, over A. J.

Long's Furniture Emporium, where he

will be pleased to attend to all orders

entrusted to his care with neatness and despatch.

Repairs promptly attended to.

St. John, Aug. 14, 1878.

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS,

WATER ST., CHATHAM.

WILLIAM LAWLER,

Importer of Marble & Manufacturer of

MONUMENTS, TABLES,

HEADSTONES, &c.

TABLE TOPS, &c.

A GOOD STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

GRANITE MONUMENTS made to

order; CARPS and SILLS for windows

supplied at short notice. FREESTONE WORK in

all its branches attended to, and satisfaction

guaranteed.

January 24, 1878.

Lamps, Oils, &c.

CHANDLERS,

BRACKET,

TABLE and HAND LAMPS,

Chimneys, Wicks, &c.,

AMERICAN & CANADIAN OILS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

J. R. CAMERON,

11 King Street.

St. John, May 7, 1878.

CARPETS & OILCLOTHS.

A full Stock of the above always

on hand.

A. O. SKINNER,

68 King Street, St. John, N. B.

Law and Collection Offices

—OF—

ADAMS & LAWLER,

Barristers and Attorneys at

Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy,

Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.,

Real Estate, & Fire Insurance Agents.

CLAIMS Collected in all parts of the

Province.

OFFICES:

NEWCASTLE AND BATHURST.

M. ADAMS. R. A. LAWLER.

July 18th, 1878.

SAMUEL THOMSON,

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

NOTARY PUBLIC &c.

LOANS Negotiated, Claims Promptly Col-

lected, and Professional Business in all its

branches, executed with accuracy and des-

patch.

OFFICE—PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

July 17, 1878.

WILLIAM A. PARK,

Barrister & Attorney at Law,

SOLICITOR,

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICE—Over the Store of William

Park, Esq.

Castle Street, - - - NEWCASTLE.

May 1, 1877.

L. J. TWEEDE,

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER

AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CONVEYANCER, &c.,

CHATHAM, - - - - N. B.

OFFICE—Snowball's Building.

May 12, 1877.

WILLET & QUIGLEY,

Solicitors, Barristers, Attorneys,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS, &c.

JOHN WILLET. RICH'D F. QUIGLEY, LL.B.

March 24, 1876.

A. H. JOHNSON,

BARRISTER AT LAW,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC,

&c., &c.,

CHATHAM, N. B.

July 10, 1877.

A. D. SHIRREFF,

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

Life, Fire & Marine Insurance

AND

GENERAL AGENT,

Chatham, N. B.

August 29, 1878.

HERBERT T. DAWSON, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

OFFICE—In Mr. John Dalton's House;

RESIDENCE.

At Mr. Wm. Greenley's, opposite Office.

Newcastle, March 26, 1877.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. Freeman,

will attend to DENTISTRY in his various

Branches, as his other engagements will per-

mit.

Having procured every appliance and the

most recent improvements, Dr. F. guarantees

all operations and gives special attention to

the insertion of

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

Either on Rubber or a new and improved

Base called Celluloid.

Being a resident in the County his

patients will find no difficulty in having every

guarantee made good.

Newcastle, April 18, 1876.

S. F. SHUTE,

Direct Importer of

Fine Watches, Rich Jewelry, Electro

Plated Ware, Clocks, Fancy Goods, &c.

Orders Solicited, and goods sent to res-

ponding parties on approval.

WATCH REPAIRING, in all its branches

promptly attended to.

AGENT for the "Florence" Sewing Ma-

chine, and "Lazarus" & Morris & Co's

PRESERVED SPECTACLES.

Remember the Place.

S. F. SHUTE,

Queen St., Fredericton.

Dec. 22nd, 1878.

WANTED.

A SHOP and OFFICE BOY—one willing

to make himself generally useful.

Apply to

DR. FREEMAN.

Newcastle, Sept. 11, '77.

NOT BURNED OUT.

Leather and Shoe Finding.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors,

begs leave to say to his customers and

all others, that he is still able to supply at

usual prices, any who may favor him with

their patronage.

J. J. CHRISTIE,

65 King Street St. John, July 2, '77.

CHRISTMAS CAKES.

All Kinds of Christmas

Cakes at a great reduction

of prices, at

HENRY WISE'S.

Newcastle, Dec. 17, 1878.

PETER LOGGIE,

Wood Moulding & Planing

MILL,

Near the Ferry Landing,

CHATHAM.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FINISHING

For House or Ship Work, manufactured

to order.

Veneer in Blinds, Doors and Sashes,

Pine and Walnut Mouldings,

Jig Sawing and Planing, & Specialty.

Estimates and Specifications furnished

on application.

Orders attended to with despatch.

P. LOGGIE.

To Mill Owners and Mechanics.

THOS. B. PEACE,

MANUFACTURER OF

ALL KINDS OF SAWS,

Is prepared to fill orders from any part of

the country. His saws are now being widely

used, and are of the very finest quality of

English Steel, and are warranted to be equal

to the best English or American manufac-

ture. A fair trial will prove the correctness

of these statements.

All Kinds of Repairing Done.

References by Permission:—

HON. WM. MURHEAD, Chatham;

J. B. SNOWBALL, Esq., Chatham;

D. J. KITCHIE & Co., Newcastle;

J. FLETT, Nelson;

BARKER & Co., North Ek.

SHOP—Water Street, Chatham, N. B.

September 18, 1876.

FISHERIES FOR 1879

WE are prepared to supply at short

notice, at

BEST MARKET RATES,

Net, Seine, Pounds, Traps, Hedges,

(cheaper than brush); for the

ensuing year's fishery.

AMERICAN NET & TWINE COY.,

BOSTON.

November 21, 1878.

HALL SELLS

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS.

HALL Sells—

College and School Books.

HALL Sells—

Bibles and Commentaries.

All kinds of Books.

HALL Sells—

Room Paper and Paper Blinds.

HALL Sells—

Drawing Paper and Drawing Books.

HALL Sells—

Foolscap Paper and Printing Paper.

HALL Sells—

Sheet Music and Music Books.

HALL Sells—

Pencils, Pens and Ink.

HALL Sells—

Dalhousie, Feb. 17, 1879.
To the Editors of the Advocate.

While as a general rule there can be no doubt that both the spiritual and temporal affairs of a church should be kept as far as possible by the church, and by their management from becoming too much a subject of public discussion, yet I think it will be admitted there are occasions when a few pertinent questions through the press to the powers in authority in a church, may have a good effect in enlightening the general body of a people as to the position in which a church is placed by its government, more especially when for various causes such information cannot be easily obtained through the ordinary channels. Without any spirit of fault-finding, which is generally too much, I would like to refer, for the information of many of the congregation, to ask "the trustees of St. John's Church," in our town, or rather the "Building" Committee of the said Church, one or two questions.

Granted—the necessity of a new church building.
1. Do the "trustees" consider it their duty, because legally supposed to represent the majority, to undertake such an important work as the purchase of a church site and the erecting tenders, for the erection of a church entirely in secret conclave, as if it were one of the most ordinary and over-ordinary business transactions; or would it not strike any unprejudiced man as the most equitable and proper course for trustees to decide on such matters only after a free and open discussion, and holding a public congregational meeting? Is not such the usual mode of doing such things? Why should our church be an exception to the general rule? Our trustees are men less liable to be mistaken than the ordinary mortals and other trustees?

2. Are the "trustees" of the church so plentiful that we can afford to buy a lot of land of very doubtful (to say the least) suitability, at double the price that equally good if not better sites can be procured, after a public sale has been done by the Committee; and does the same "dame" rumor speak correctly in saying that because an old and respected church, supported in difficulty, had a site to be disposed of, suitability and price were both lost sight of in order to do good to him? Should not charity, gentleness, benevolence, and the like, be the guiding principles?

3. Is it not a fact that nine-tenths of the church adherents would prefer seeing a church built on the site of the present one, both on account of its convenience and appearance? Is it true that the great objection to such a course on the part of the committee arises from the fact that the present Pastor has put forth his flat that he will not preach continuously in a building not dedicated to church purposes, as of course would have to be done after the old church was demolished? Surely the great value of the lumber obtainable in the old church ought to counterbalance such sentimental objections? Are we less evangelical than Baptists, Methodists, and other Presbyterians, who daily in other places from necessity make use of Public Halls, Temperance Rooms, &c., for the purpose of preaching the Gospel? Are we to base all our plans for church building, church subscriptions, &c., on a calculation that our present pastor will outlive the church itself? Is it not a fact that such was the opinion of the powers that be—and while we heartily trust that he may long wield the sceptre of power, it is but mortal, and that the convenience and probable wishes of his successors in the pastoral office should be thought of by the people as much as the wishes of the present pastor?

Gentlemen, if not too late, and not too anxious to represent in law the church, can we not have a congregational meeting concerning these matters, when at least we can see if the majority in law is also the majority in fact. Do not to satisfy any of your own special pet ideas, be the cause of dissension in the church, when to produce success has been the prevalent aim. At all events, by adopting this course the burden of causing dissension will be taken off your shoulders while at present such burden is entirely on you.

I am, yours &c.,
E. PLURIBUS UNUM.
THE MARINE HOSPITAL.

Douglasville, Feb. 15, 1879.
Messrs. Editors.—Some most unappearing and absurd remarks having appeared in the last issue of the *Advocate* concerning the Marine Hospital, I trust that as a matter of justice, I will allow me space, not only to deny the alleged facts, but also to refer to a few other facts, which may serve to enlighten all who are interested in the matter. It is not the first time that snakes have lurked in the grass around this institution, and have sought to injure those connected with its management. I need hardly say that in the matter of the sick men's diet and attendance the keeper must be entirely guided and in full accordance with the medical authorities, and as to luxuries such as wine &c., it is for the latter to prescribe what may be needed by the patient. This has invariably been done, and articles of the kind have been procured on every occasion required. During the past season, however, a certain wretched charitable young person paid very frequent visits to the Marine Hospital, and maintained in Hospital at the close of navigation which only the rich can afford. This, no doubt may seem very good, although there are many poor people in the District who would stand more in need of assistance than those who are provided for so generously by the Government. This, however, apart, many would look upon the frequent visits to the Marine Hospital, in which the keeper is so liberally supplied with food, and the manner in which they are caught at present, were increasing in numbers, I submit the following facts.

1. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

2. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

3. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

4. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

5. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

6. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

7. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

8. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

9. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

10. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

11. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

12. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

13. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

14. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

15. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

16. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

17. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

18. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

19. I submit the following facts. The Marine Hospital is situated on the west bank of the Miramichi river, about a mile from the mouth of the river. It is a small building, and is now being enlarged. It is situated on a high bank, and is surrounded by a fence. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined. It is a very healthy place, and is a good place for the sick to be confined.

and of the authorities at Ottawa, precisely the same which has obtained for the past forty-five years. Guileless, sentimentally effusive individuals whose sympathies sail on by colored tapers, (they are proverbially good at arms), and whose desire for the little delicacies before alluded to would remember to be just as well as charitable, and it is neither just nor charitable to endeavor to injure any one by giving publicity to one-sided stories.

I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

As Mr. D. G. Smith has made use of the columns of the *Globe* to publish the contents of the paper he controls, and under the pretext of stating facts connected with the Marine Hospital, to give publicity to one-sided stories, I have the honor to be, Messrs. Editors,
Yours truly,
JOHN GALLAGHER,
Keeper of Marine Hospital.

A REPLY TO MR. D. G. SMITH.
To the Editor of the Daily Sun.—

Newcastle, N. B., Feb. 11, 1879.
Messrs. Editors.—The members of Newcastle Fire Company wish to thank the Rev. H. H. Barber, of Newcastle, and D. G. Smith, Esq., of Chatham, for their handsome donations to our Reading Room.

The former gentleman has given us the "Illustrated London News" for 1878, besides a large number of Chambers' Journals and "Harpers" and other magazines, together with a quantity of engravings for the decoration of the wall of the room.

From Mr. Smith we have received three numbers of "Hood's Belford," the Catholic World, "Hood's Comic Annual," "Canadian Illustrated," and several numbers of the "New York Herald," and the "Miramichi Advance."

A few more such liberal contributions will render our Reading Room a place for instruction as well as amusement, and will be thankfully received by the undersigned or any of the members of the Company.

Yours &c.,
Wm. FENN,
Secretary Newcastle Fire Co'y.

The Union Advocate.
Established 1867.
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, '79.

NON-RESIDENCY.
HUNDREDS of fishermen in our County are now reaping the fruits of the late election, when they rejected Mr. Mitchell because he was a non-resident, forgetting all the services he had done in the past. We shall now produce a case in point to show how hollow and absurd was the cry raised against our late representative.

The season for smelt fishing terminates on the 14th of Feb. Last year the fishermen forwarded a petition to the Minister asking for an extension of the fishing season to the 1st of March, and Mr. Mitchell, the non-resident, was asked to use his influence, which he did, being largely instrumental in securing the extension, which was a very great benefit to hundreds of fishermen who at that season had no other source of employment. It is well known that the fishing during the early part of February is generally poor (as was the case this year) the best of fishing being made during the favorable tides in the latter part of the month. The same holds good this year, and an extension of even one week this season would have been a great boon to at least a thousand fishermen, who hoped the extension would be allowed as usual. But where is Mr. Snowball, the Grit representative, who was going to do such great things for them. Echo answers where? Last year Mr. Mitchell, though residing in Montreal, was infinitely nearer to his constituents than was Mr. Snowball this year at a time when he perhaps might have been of some service (which we doubt) to the men who in the late election assisted him in the non-resident howl. But when he was wanted he could not be reached, simply because he was, (as we said he would be) away attending to his business.

Mr. Snowball stated during the late election, that he would not allow his business to interfere with his parliamentary duties. This promise he has not redeemed, as he was not in his place when the House met. The fishermen who voted against the non-resident candidate—the best friend they ever had—can ponder over these facts at their leisure, and determine so far as they are personally concerned, whether it is better to have a non-resident representative residing at Montreal, or a resident representative on the ocean at a time when he should be looking after the interest of his constituents. The disappointed fishermen will have to content themselves with pouring their grievances into the ears of their resident (?) candidate—and after reminding him of all the great promises made during the late election, they will doubtless tell him of what he might have done in their interests had he been on this side the Atlantic in season to take his seat in the Commons at the opening. After all, Mr. Snowball cannot be blamed for looking after his business—it is very natural that he should do so. But he is to be blamed for making the statement that he would not allow his business to interfere with his parliamentary duties, a pledge which he knew at the time could not be fully redeemed.

Kent Notes.
RICHMOND, Feb. 15, A. D. 1879.
The crew of the schooner *A. Seaman* have turned up all right, but at a long distance from their original destination. The *A. Seaman* left Halifax on the last day of December. On the seventh day out she was boarded by a sea which completely washed her decks, carrying away foremast, masts, and stanchions, etc. The crew were obliged to take to the pumps and continued pumping for three successive days and nights without intermission, when they were observed by a Danish steamship, the crew of which vainly endeavoring to launch the lifeboat, got the life saving apparatus, and the vessel was rescued in a very exhausted condition. The shipwrecked men were carried to Rotterdam, Holland, and from thence they were sent by the British Consul to Hull, England.

A meeting of the freeholders of St. Mary's Church will shortly be held here to appoint a successor to the late Mr. Coater. According to a Provincial Statute, the laity of the Church of England in this Diocese have the right of presentation to vacant rectories, but if they do not present within six months after such rectories be-

come vacant the appointment lapses to the Bishop of the Diocese who collates to such vacant benefice.

The Academy of Art was on Tuesday night last, during the absence of the Professor and the students, feloniously entered by some parties unknown, who committed some very high handed acts of vandalism thereon. The Professor's highly prized and valuable collection of manuscripts, comprising his two barrels of hermetically sealed engravings, which is the never failing source from whence he draws with a liberal hand those able and sublime artists on various subjects which constantly appear through the columns of the press, for the benefit of his fellow citizens, was broken into by profane hands and treated in a manner perfectly regardless of the feast of reason and the flow of soul contained therein. As this is the second time within a few months that the Professor's eloquence has been tampered with it is time that the perpetrators should be brought to justice.

Temperance.
There was a fair attendance at the meeting of the D. T. R. Club on Friday night last. After prayer by the Chaplain, the Rev. H. H. Barber, an excellent address. The Misses Clifford and Messrs. Williamson and Loggie sang "Beautiful Belles." The two latter followed with selections on the Violin, to piano accompaniment played by Mrs. W. Bishop. The President then announced that the pledge book was open for signatures, and invited persons to come forward. There was no response. The choir sang "Rescue the Perishing," after which Mr. Strevig gave one of his characteristic addresses, which "took" well with the youthful portion of the audience. Miss Anderson, daughter of Mr. W. Anderson, Chatham, sang (by request) "Will ye come back again." The singer was encored, and responded with "No Tidings from over the sea." Miss Annie Shireff played, with her usual skill and precision, the "Mac Polka," and "Convent Bells March."

Miss Jessie Johnston sang, with good effect, "Come in and shut the door," and being heartily encored, responded with the popular English song, "Nancy Lee." After a selection by the choir, the National Anthem was sung, and the meeting adjourned. The thanks of the Club are due to the Chatham ladies, and to the Rev. Mr. Keown, for their valuable assistance on the occasion.

CHATHAM, D. T. R.—The *Gleaner* of Saturday last says there was a large attendance at the meeting of the Chatham D. T. R. Reformers held on the previous evening. The meeting was held in the usual form, John Shireff, Esq., read report of the Committee appointed to select officers for the ensuing year, as follows:

President—John Shireff, Esq.
Vice-Presidents—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.
Secretary—Mr. Donald McLean.
Treasurer—Mr. Wm. Johnston.

Executive Committee—Messrs. Wm. Anderson, Wm. Sinclair, A. D. Shireff, Wm. Murray, Peter Loggie, Alex. Burr, D. Chessman.

Isiting Committee—Messrs. E. A. Strang, R. C. Robt. Blake, James Nicol, Thos. Fountain.

Ladies' Executive Committee—Mrs. John Shireff, Mrs. L. J. Tweedie, Mrs. G. B. Snowball, Mrs. Geo. E. Letson, Misses Mary Johnston, Mary J. Gordon and Mary Anderson.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

The following Committee—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.

come vacant the appointment lapses to the Bishop of the Diocese who collates to such vacant benefice.

The Academy of Art was on Tuesday night last, during the absence of the Professor and the students, feloniously entered by some parties unknown, who committed some very high handed acts of vandalism thereon. The Professor's highly prized and valuable collection of manuscripts, comprising his two barrels of hermetically sealed engravings, which is the never failing source from whence he draws with a liberal hand those able and sublime artists on various subjects which constantly appear through the columns of the press, for the benefit of his fellow citizens, was broken into by profane hands and treated in a manner perfectly regardless of the feast of reason and the flow of soul contained therein. As this is the second time within a few months that the Professor's eloquence has been tampered with it is time that the perpetrators should be brought to justice.

Temperance.
There was a fair attendance at the meeting of the D. T. R. Club on Friday night last. After prayer by the Chaplain, the Rev. H. H. Barber, an excellent address. The Misses Clifford and Messrs. Williamson and Loggie sang "Beautiful Belles." The two latter followed with selections on the Violin, to piano accompaniment played by Mrs. W. Bishop. The President then announced that the pledge book was open for signatures, and invited persons to come forward. There was no response. The choir sang "Rescue the Perishing," after which Mr. Strevig gave one of his characteristic addresses, which "took" well with the youthful portion of the audience. Miss Anderson, daughter of Mr. W. Anderson, Chatham, sang (by request) "Will ye come back again." The singer was encored, and responded with "No Tidings from over the sea." Miss Annie Shireff played, with her usual skill and precision, the "Mac Polka," and "Convent Bells March."

Miss Jessie Johnston sang, with good effect, "Come in and shut the door," and being heartily encored, responded with the popular English song, "Nancy Lee." After a selection by the choir, the National Anthem was sung, and the meeting adjourned. The thanks of the Club are due to the Chatham ladies, and to the Rev. Mr. Keown, for their valuable assistance on the occasion.

CHATHAM, D. T. R.—The *Gleaner* of Saturday last says there was a large attendance at the meeting of the Chatham D. T. R. Reformers held on the previous evening. The meeting was held in the usual form, John Shireff, Esq., read report of the Committee appointed to select officers for the ensuing year, as follows:

President—John Shireff, Esq.
Vice-Presidents—Messrs. J. R. Goggin, J. Davidson, and J. R. Strang.
Secretary—Mr. Donald McLean.
Treasurer—Mr. Wm. Johnston.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Reported for the Dominion Gov't by G. A. Blair, Esq.

FEBRUARY.

DATE.	Time.	Height of Bar.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.
Sun.	2 30 a.m.	29.90	31.0		
	5 30 p.m.	29.91	37.0		
	11 45 p.m.	29.94	38.3	29.9	
Mon.	8 30 a.m.	29.95	36.7		
	5 30 p.m.	29.97	38.1		
	11 45 p.m.	29.97	38.5	29.6	
Tues.	8 30 a.m.	29.94	33.2		
	5 30 p.m.	29.96	36.9	33.2	
	11 45 p.m.	29.95	36.9	33.2	10.9
Wed.	8 30 a.m.	29.92	24.1		
	5 30 p.m.	29.92	32.1		
	11 45 p.m.	29.92	32.8	24.1	11.7
Thurs.	8 30 a.m.	29.92	16.0		
	5 30 p.m.	29.92	26.8		
	11 45 p.m.	29.92	26.8	16.0	9.9
Fri.	8 30 a.m.	29.92	13.1		
	5 30 p.m.	29.92	19.1		
	11 45 p.m.	29.92	19.1	13.1	8.7
Sat.	8 30 a.m.	29.92	10.1		
	5 30 p.m.	29.92	15.1		
	11 45 p.m.	29.92	15.1	10.1	4.1

The minus sign thus— at left hand, shows below zero, its absence denotes above zero.

The column for Maximum Thermometer shows the highest temperature for every day.

The column for Minimum Thermometer shows the lowest temperature for every day.

The Farmer's Corner.

The Use of Plaster.

There is scarcely a farmer who does not know how useful is a dressing of plaster or gypsum to land bearing clover. But while this is thus, and although this is the best possible season to use plaster upon the young clover, yet it is very rare to see any use made of it at this time. Perhaps plaster has been hardly used by its friends more than by those who have no faith in it. Many things are said in its favour which are untrue, and what is worse, are unreasoned. We recently read an otherwise excellent article upon the use of plaster, which contained the statement that one of the benefits derived from it was that it attracted moisture from the atmosphere and so kept the ground from drying up. Now, that statement is untrue and unfounded, as any one may know who understands the character of this mineral. And so with many other wrong statements about it, and wrong directions for using it, based upon the erroneous statements.

Plaster is a sulphate of lime in combination with water, consisting of 32 1/2 per cent. of lime, 46 1/2 per cent. of water, and 21 per cent. of sulphuric acid, and is combined with water of crystallization. When raw gypsum is burned or heated to about 100° above the boiling point this water is driven off as steam, the massive gypsum fall apart into powder, the particles being forced asunder by the expansive steam; and if the gypsum is ground into powder, this boils and bubbles by the escape of the steam from the contained water. After the water has thus been driven off the gypsum becomes the ordinary plaster of Paris, so called because it was first used as plaster at that city. This is the material used for hard-finish walls, for cornices of rooms, and cements of various kinds, and is well known from its property of setting or becoming hard when mixed with water. This property of setting is derived simply from its recombination with water, from which it was separated by heating at the first, and its return to a solid condition. Now, it is evident that while in a raw state and already holding in combination all the water possible, it cannot absorb any more; nor can it part with its water to the soil, because to do this it would require a heat of 300°, or much more than that of boiling water, which is but 212°.

The simple truth of the matter is that sulphate of lime, in its combined state, is a constituent of many plants, but of clover especially; that lime and sulphuric acid, separately, are found in nearly all, if not all, plants in some proportion; that gypsum, being a sulphate of lime, and containing both lime and sulphuric acid, is really a needed food for vegetation, but especially so for clover, for which it is a most necessary nutrient. As a plant thrives best when it is well supplied with proper food at the right time, and as the right time is when it is young and needs to grow vigorously, it follows that just now a liberal dressing of gypsum upon the young clover will be found extremely beneficial. That it acts with greater effect in rainy weather is due to the fact that it is soluble only in 400 times its bulk of water, and that considerable rain is, therefore, needed to make it ready for absorption by the roots of the clover. Its rapid action is seen by the almost immediate deepening of the colour of the vegetation and the more apparent vigor of the growth.

The quantity usually applied is 100 pounds per acre, but this is not sufficient for a full effect. It is cheap, and a full dose can be afforded. At \$10 per ton, 500 pounds per acre will be a very cheap dressing. If it is ground very fine the effect is produced more rapidly than when it is in coarse powder, and it is best to use it in the finest state of division. There are other uses on the farm for gypsum. As a purifier of stables, cesspools, poultry-houses, or other foul places it is very effective. We have heard from those in whose opinion we had confidence that it would not act as a deodorizer when in a dry state and not until it had entered into solution. This opinion is not founded on fact. It operates as a deodorizer by absorbing ammonia and the pungent ammoniacal vapours which are produced by decomposing organic substances. It is capable of absorbing ammonia when dry, for it will quickly purify a foul poultry-house when scattered freely about it, although the place and everything about it is perfectly dry. Besides, if a small quantity of

dry powdered gypsum be placed in a glass tube, and a current of ammonia, which is really a gas, be passed through it from a bottle of ordinary ammonia water, it will be found that the gas will be absorbed in greater part, and its pungency be greatly diminished. However, in practice, it will be found that to scatter it freely about stables, cow-sheds, yards, pig-pens, cesspools, manure heaps, sloop-slips and all such disagreeably smelling places, will quickly stop the odours and completely neutralize the effect is to unite the ammonia and the sulphuric acid of the plaster, producing an inodorous sulphate of ammonia, to leave the lime free; this very union uniting with carbonic acid, which is abundant in all decaying substances, and forming carbonate of lime. Gypsum is the more valuable because it helps grow large crops of clover, which in its growth, draws from the soil from a considerable depth many of the most needed substances for the growth of crops, and leaves them upon or near the surface. The deep feeding roots of clover bring up from several feet below the surface phosphoric acid, potash, and nitrogen, and convey these to the leaves and stems, and large top roots. It is this effect of gypsum which gives it, through the clover crop, the character of a general fertilizer, while being in itself only one of a special character. With gypsum we can produce all crops with time and patience.—New York Times.

Charcoal and Lime.

Permit us again to urge all breeders of poultry who wish healthy fowls, to be liberal in supplying their fowls with charcoal. Even if the fowls are not confined, but especially so if they are, charcoal pounded up into fine bits or pieces about the size of a grain of corn, or a little finer, should be put around in small piles where the fowls can have easy access to it, and they will soon make use of it. The cost of charcoal is but a trifle, and where the distance from the town or city is so great as to prevent it from being readily obtained therefrom, the ashes from a wood house may be sieved out, and small pieces of charcoal wood or charcoal used in the place of that made in the usual way. Especially during the spring and early summer months it is advisable to use charcoal freely. Lime, too, is a valuable many ways. In the form of white-wash it begets cleanliness, freedom from disease, and laying hens should have lime where they can make use of it in assisting in the production of eggs.—Poultry World.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST FERTILIZER.—I sow clover seed about the first of April, and have never had a failure either from frost or drought. I regard clover as our cheapest and best fertilizer. Clover should be mowed before the seed is turned over. The stalks are of but little value as manure, and in a light sandy soil they work positive injury. The principal fertilizing properties of the plant reside in the root. A good clover seed will furnish enough plant-food for two crops of wheat in succession on moist soil. I don't think a farmer can afford to purchase fertilizers unless his soil is too poor to raise clover. I keep my land in good condition with clover alone.—N. Y. World.

The farmer has four things to bear in mind. First, to keep his machine, the farm, in good condition; second, to get the most from it, but at the same time to supply it with plant food, in the right form, in proportion to the crops removed; third, to take good care of the growing crops while the process of manufacture; and, fourth, to sell them at the best advantage. Looking at it in this light is not the farmer a manufacturer, and is his farm a wonderful machine?

Silver Discovery near Ottawa.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN THE VILLAGE OF CARP.

Ottawa, February 6.—While reports from surrounding towns and villages speak invariably of general business depression, the little isolated community of Carp, near this city, is enjoying a return of that prosperity which left it long since, and which the oldest inhabitants have been wont to speak of with regret. The property alluded to above has its origin in the discovery of an extensive deposit of silver, on the farm of Mr. Henry Mooney, about a mile from the village. The manner in which he first became aware of the presence of silver on his farm is somewhat singular. It seems that two of his daughters last summer collected a number of specimens of beautiful white stone, which they decorated a what-not in the parlor. No further notice was taken of them until last week, when an American gentleman called, and being shown into the parlor, was surprised at seeing so many specimens of what he unhesitatingly pronounced to be composed of at least 75 per cent of silver. On leaving soon after, he secured a lump weighing about a pound, and submitted it to a practical analyst. The result of this test proved it to be silver to the expectations of these interested, but fully 45 per cent of silver and 50 per cent of lead was taken from this small specimen. It is considered that even 20 per cent of silver is a good paying investment. It is scarcely to be wondered at that the whole neighborhood is excited, and when opening, fully two-thirds of the residents of this township will be out prospecting in the hope of discovering some equally rich bonanza. Mr. Mooney has sold a half interest in his mine to Mr. H. Walker, of the firm of Walker & Leggett, of Newark, N. J. These gentlemen are largely interested in mines in Nevada, N. Y., Marquette, Mich., and Silver Lake, Thunder Bay. He also placed the remaining half interest upon the market in the shape of 200, retaining some 40 shares for himself. The remaining shares were quickly bought up by leading business men, Messrs. Turner, Kidd, Ryan, Men, Messrs. and Evey being the purchasers. A meeting was held yesterday for the purpose of electing officers, &c., for the management of the works, and Mr. Wm. Evey was chosen treasurer, Mr. L. Hoot, secretary of the company, Mr. Geo. Howard, manager of the works.

We are sorry to see the following in the papers. Mr. Murray, the head of the firm, was at one time a resident of Chatham. The pressure of hard times is forcing business men of integrity into insolvency, who would submit to almost any sacrifice rather than have their affairs wound up in this way. We believe that Mr. Murray is one of the number.

A writ of attachment has been issued against J. H. Murray & Co., a small dry goods firm of St. John, N. B., at the instance of a dry goods firm of Montreal. A statement of their affairs, after providing for all contingencies, showed only a balance of \$100. The creditors offered to accept 10 cents in the dollar, or even less security were given, but this they could not procure, and the business is to be wound up.

INDIGESTION.—As many are not aware of what Dyspepsia is, it is to be regretted that it is mentioned in so many instances it will affect the patient with a pain at the pit of the stomach, caused by undigested food. Sick Headache, Heartburn, Pain in the side and breast, Bad taste in the mouth, Foul tongue, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Sleep and Appetite, Weariness, Faintness, Chills etc. Many those who imagined they are in Consumption, who have a hacking Cough, are melancholy, have hectic flush, mental and physical debility, all of which are supposed to be the preliminary symptoms of Consumption, when they are really and truly the evidences that you are afflicted with Dyspepsia.

Fellow Dyspepsia Bitters are an invaluable remedy for Indigestion. For sale by all Druggists and General Dealers. J. 15 1/2

A few days ago a Quebec gentleman interviewed a shrewd old Scottish friend of his as to the present prospects of the money market both here and in Britain. "What do you think?" said his friend; "the world generally wants a gude pestilence, or a universal war, or a general and bloody revolution to kill off six-tenth of the human race so as to let the others live."

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY, CHATHAM, N. B.

MANUFACTURER OF STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS,

GANG AND ROTARY SAW MILLS, Gang Edgers, Shingle Machines, and General Machinery.

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF POND'S WISCONSIN

Patent Rotary Saw Carriage.

This invention pronounced the "Me Plus-ultra" of Saw Mills, is destined to sweep all rivals from the field. Interlocking hook and lever dogs are used, by which the logs are dogged and canted automatically. The Head Blocks are fitted with sliding racks, which move forward and back, and by this means, long sweeping logs can be sprung straight, and tapering logs can be cut to the greatest possible advantage. When the log is sawed, the head blocks are run back by friction ready to receive another log as the carriage is returning. The whole of this work is performed by a man who rides on the carriage.

This mill has shown itself in actual operation, capable of rivaling one of the best Gangs in New Brunswick, and cutting ready for edging a log per minute.

The right to Manufacture and Sell this mill in the Dominion of Canada, has been purchased by the subscriber, any further information may be had by communicating with me.

JAMES W. FRASER, Proprietor MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY, Chatham, March 25, 1878.

"UNION ADVOCATE"

STEAM PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

THIS office is now thoroughly equipped with Jobbing material and the most modern presses for the rapid and skilful execution of

PLAIN & COLORED COMMERCIAL

General Printing

which we can produce to the satisfaction of all who may kindly favor us with their orders, both as regards style and price.

ALL ORDERS for the following, or for other work may be made with confidence and promptly attended to.

POSTERS, AUCTION BILLS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, COMMERCIAL CARDS, VISITING do., ACCOUNT HEADINGS, STATEMENTS, MEMORANDUMS, BALL & CONCERT PROGRAMMES, CATALOGUES, POSTAL CARDS, Wedding Cards & Envelopes, (Finest English Make), LEGAL BLANKS, MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS, CUSTOMS BLANKS, SHIP'S ARTICLES, COOKBOOK'S BLANKS, RAILWAY BILLS OF LADING, ENTRY BLANKS for fish exporters, ENVELOPES, all qualities, printed to order, MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, BEAR BOUNTY do., BOUND BOOKS, 100 each, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, DRAFTS, CHECKS, NOTES OF HAND, RECEIPTS, ORDERS, &c.

Particular attention given to the printing of Reports of Societies.

Orders received for Ledgers and Day Books and every description of Legal and Commercial Stationery.

W. & J. ANSLAW, Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

TO THE TRADE.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES.

C. H. THOMAS & CO.,

NECK TIE FACTORY,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

SPRING AND SUMMER 1878.

The Latest Novelties in MEN'S AND BOYS' NECK-WEAR NOW READY.

Please reserve orders for Agent, who will visit the North shortly.

Prices lower than the imported article.—Terms favorable.

Fredericton, May 6, 1878.

BERTON BROTHERS,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Have Received:

Sugars—

25 BLS. Standard Granulated, 25 bbls. Extra C, 25 bbls. C, 10 bbls. Crushed.

Tobacco—

25 Boxes 12s, 25 Half Boxes 12s, 25 Caddies Vee Davis, 50 Caddies Brunette Solod, 50 Caddies Little Caddies, 50 Caddies Twin Gold Bars.

New Fruit—

20 Half Boxes Pilot, 100 Boxes Layer Raisins, 50 Boxes Loose Muscatel, 50 Boxes Valencia, 125 Boxes Pine Congo Teas, which are offered low for cash or 30 days.

In store—25 Tubs Latex, 50 Tubs Butter.

SMYTH STREET, Jan 1

OILS. OILS.

WE have a large Stock of the following Oils which we will sell at low prices:

LARD, OLIVE, BLACK, PORPOISE, WOOL, COCOA, RAPE, MACHINE, LINSEED, ROSIN, PINE.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Market Square, St. John.

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY, CHATHAM, N. B.

MANUFACTURER OF STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS,

GANG AND ROTARY SAW MILLS, Gang Edgers, Shingle Machines, and General Machinery.

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF POND'S WISCONSIN

Patent Rotary Saw Carriage.

This invention pronounced the "Me Plus-ultra" of Saw Mills, is destined to sweep all rivals from the field. Interlocking hook and lever dogs are used, by which the logs are dogged and canted automatically. The Head Blocks are fitted with sliding racks, which move forward and back, and by this means, long sweeping logs can be sprung straight, and tapering logs can be cut to the greatest possible advantage. When the log is sawed, the head blocks are run back by friction ready to receive another log as the carriage is returning. The whole of this work is performed by a man who rides on the carriage.

This mill has shown itself in actual operation, capable of rivaling one of the best Gangs in New Brunswick, and cutting ready for edging a log per minute.

The right to Manufacture and Sell this mill in the Dominion of Canada, has been purchased by the subscriber, any further information may be had by communicating with me.

JAMES W. FRASER, Proprietor MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY, Chatham, March 25, 1878.

"UNION ADVOCATE"

STEAM PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

THIS office is now thoroughly equipped with Jobbing material and the most modern presses for the rapid and skilful execution of

PLAIN & COLORED COMMERCIAL

General Printing

which we can produce to the satisfaction of all who may kindly favor us with their orders, both as regards style and price.

ALL ORDERS for the following, or for other work may be made with confidence and promptly attended to.

POSTERS, AUCTION BILLS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, COMMERCIAL CARDS, VISITING do., ACCOUNT HEADINGS, STATEMENTS, MEMORANDUMS, BALL & CONCERT PROGRAMMES, CATALOGUES, POSTAL CARDS, Wedding Cards & Envelopes, (Finest English Make), LEGAL BLANKS, MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS, CUSTOMS BLANKS, SHIP'S ARTICLES, COOKBOOK'S BLANKS, RAILWAY BILLS OF LADING, ENTRY BLANKS for fish exporters, ENVELOPES, all qualities, printed to order, MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, BEAR BOUNTY do., BOUND BOOKS, 100 each, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, DRAFTS, CHECKS, NOTES OF HAND, RECEIPTS, ORDERS, &c.

Particular attention given to the printing of Reports of Societies.

Orders received for Ledgers and Day Books and every description of Legal and Commercial Stationery.

W. & J. ANSLAW, Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

TO THE TRADE.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES.

C. H. THOMAS & CO.,

NECK TIE FACTORY,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

SPRING AND SUMMER 1878.

The Latest Novelties in MEN'S AND BOYS' NECK-WEAR NOW READY.

Please reserve orders for Agent, who will visit the North shortly.

Prices lower than the imported article.—Terms favorable.

Fredericton, May 6, 1878.

BERTON BROTHERS,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Have Received:

Sugars—

25 BLS. Standard Granulated, 25 bbls. Extra C, 25 bbls. C, 10 bbls. Crushed.

Tobacco—

25 Boxes 12s, 25 Half Boxes 12s, 25 Caddies Vee Davis, 50 Caddies Brunette Solod, 50 Caddies Little Caddies, 50 Caddies Twin Gold Bars.

New Fruit—

20 Half Boxes Pilot, 100 Boxes Layer Raisins, 50 Boxes Loose Muscatel, 50 Boxes Valencia, 125 Boxes Pine Congo Teas, which are offered low for cash or 30 days.

In store—25 Tubs Latex, 50 Tubs Butter.

SMYTH STREET, Jan 1

OILS. OILS.

WE have a large Stock of the following Oils which we will sell at low prices:

LARD, OLIVE, BLACK, PORPOISE, WOOL, COCOA, RAPE, MACHINE, LINSEED, ROSIN, PINE.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Market Square, St. John.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that a Bill will be introduced at the next meeting of the Legislature to incorporate the Renous River Boom Company.

Newcastle, 18th Jan., 1879. 22

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1878. Winter Arrangement, 1879.

On and after MONDAY, the 18th November, Trains will leave NEWCASTLE, as follows:

At 12.26 a. m., (Express) for Riviere du Loup, Quebec, Montreal and the West.

At 2.10 a. m., (Express) for Moncton, St. John, Pictou, Halifax, and intermediate Stations.

At 9.51 a. m., (Accommodation) for Moncton, Point du Chene, and intermediate Stations, connecting at Moncton with Express for St. John and intermediate Stations.

At 5.30 p. m., (Accommodation) for Riviere du Loup and intermediate Stations.

C. J. BRYDGES, Gen'l Supt' Gov't Railways.

Moncton, N. B., November 13, 1878. nov20

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

CHEAP TRIP.

Opening of the Dominion Parliament.

Return Tickets at a Reduced Rate.

Will be issued at the following Stations TO OTTAWA, from the 10th to 28th FEB., inclusive, to return for two months from date of issue:

From Halifax, Windsor Junction, Truro, New Glasgow, Pictou, London, Pictou, Amherst, Sackville and Dorchester.

For Moncton, Sussex and St. John, 27.00

Chatham, 26.50

Newcastle, 25.00

Bathurst, 24.00

Dalhousie, 23.00

Campbellton, 22.70

Rimouski, 19.20

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars run through from Halifax and St. John to Montreal without change.

C. J. BRYDGES, Gen. Supt' Gov't Railways.

Moncton, Feb. 3, 1879.

1878-79.

International Steamship Co'y.

Winter Arrangement.

One Trip a Week.

FROM EASTPORT, PORTLAND AND BOSTON.

On and after MONDAY, December 30th, and until further notice, the splendid steamer NEW BRUNSWICK, D. S. Hall, Master, will leave Reed's Point Wharf, every THURSDAY Morning, at 8 o'clock, for Eastport, Portland and Boston. Returning will leave Boston every MONDAY Morning, at 8 o'clock, and Portland at 9 p. m. on arrival of noon train from Boston, for Eastport and St. John.

No claims for allowance after goods leave the Warehouse.

Freight received Wednesday only, up to 6 o'clock p. m.

W. H. CHISHOLM, Agent.

BRIDGE NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at the Department of Public Works, Fredericton, until

Saturday, 22nd day of February next, at noon,

FOR THE

ERECTION OF A BRIDGE

OVER THE

Northwest Miramichi River, at Ralph's Crossing, on the Chaplain Island Road, Parish of Northesk, Northumberland County, according to the plan and specification to be seen at said Department, and at the Office of A. A. Davidson, Esq., M. P. C., Newcastle.

Tenders to give the actual signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the faithful performance of the Contract.

The