

# MUST BRING ABOUT EQUILIBRIUM IN NATIONAL BUDGETS

### Paramount Necessity if European Situation Is to be Stabilized, According to Opinion at Genoa — Germans Emphasize Impossibility of Establishing Equilibrium in Her Budget While Forced to Support Heavy Payments Externally—Russian Financial Situation Depicted in Rosy Colors.

Genoa, April 12.—The necessity of bringing about equilibrium in national budgets, if the European situation is to be stabilized, formed the most important subject of discussion at the meeting today of the sub-commission on finance, at which Sir Robert Stevenson Horne, the chairman, proposed an international conference of the great banks issuing currency, including the American reserve banks.

The Commission decided to make the London experts report the basis of its deliberations, and to appoint another sub-commission to examine exchange, with a second sub-commission to study credits the Commission itself devoting its labors to the question of currency.

#### Gold Standard Urged

Emil Gluckstadt, Danish delegate, who was a member of the Commission which investigated the financial situation in Austria, urged the imperative necessity of returning rapidly to the gold standard as the real basis of world currency, and thus bring about equilibrium in the budgets. He emphasized the necessity of adopting special measures to restore credit in countries like Germany, Austria, and Hungary.

The question, as to which sub-commission should discuss the question of finances connected with the re-organization of the devastated provinces of France and Belgium, arose and chairman Horne ruled that it should be taken up by the sub-commission on credit.

Sir Robert outlined the great goal of the conference as: First to establish an agreement on the financial programmes of all governments; second, to achieve the financial equilibrium of the budgets of all states, and, third, the establishment of the gold standard as an effective monetary unit.

The Russian and German delegates announced that they hoped tomorrow to submit definite suggestions based on the report of the London experts. The day's developments showed distinct progress in the serious discussion and study of the economic problems of Europe.

In the meantime, the plans on which Russia will be permitted to re-enter the company of nations on the basis of the social order prevalent in the remainder of the world, is now squarely before the Bolshevik delegates.

President of the Conference, left tonight for Milan where he will confer with King Victor Emmanuel.

On the other hand, Christian Rakovsky, Premier of Ukraine, depicted the Russian financial situation in rosy colors, and seized the opportunity to allude to disarmament, which the Russians are contending should have a place on the agenda. He wanted the world to know that the Russian budget was in a very favorable condition, as six-sevenths of the expenses were covered by ordinary revenues and only the remaining seventh was met by the issue of paper currency.

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# HARDING WILL SPEAK TO NATION FROM GEN. GRANT'S BIRTHPLACE

### President-Harding will speak to nation by radio from cement porch shown on left.



President-Harding will speak to nation by radio from cement porch shown on left. "Main Street" of Point Pleasant, Ohio, will be the center of the nationwide centenary celebration in honor of the memory of Ulysses S. Grant, soldier and president. President Harding will make an address to the assembled celebrators which will be broadcasted over the country by wireless telephones. The celebration will be held April 27. The house in which General Grant was born has been removed to the Ohio State Fair grounds at Columbus, where it has been encased in glass. Hundreds of visitors from all over the country are expected to attend.

General Grant was born in Point Pleasant, Ohio, on January 19, 1796. He was a member of the United States Army and served in the War of 1812, the War of 1812, and the Mexican War. He was the 14th President of the United States, serving from March 4, 1869, to September 9, 1877.

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# DROPPED MEDICINE AND LETTERS TO HUNT SPIRITUAL

### Sir Arthur Conan Doyle Described Sensations of Death, as Communicated to Him from Beyond Styx, to New York Audience, Many of Whom Will Soon Board Charon's Craft for the Last Voyage — Describes Death as Not Painful But a Pleasant Process.

New York, April 12.—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle tonight described the sensations of the death-bed as he said they had been communicated to him from beyond the Styx. Listening to him was an audience that filled Carnegie Hall, an audience many of whose members soon will board Charon's craft for the voyage which all must take. Paleled heads shook with emotion as the earnest words fell from the lips of a man who has turned from medicine and letters to a search for the spiritual.

Death is not painful, but a pleasant process, said Sir Arthur. As death approaches, the soul—the ethereal body—floats out from its earthly shell and hovers above the human clay, tethered only by the silver cord which the occultists speak. The only sensation is one of delicious languor. The first sight that greets the eye is one of smiling, loving faces bending over the deathbed, continued Sir Arthur.

"Proof," he asked, "I have stood by the side of the dying, seen hands turned cold in death stretch out, heard words of endearment fall from lips that soon would move no more. Delirium, say materialists. No, it is not delirium."

"Proof" asked the preacher of spiritualism again. "The disengagement of the ethereal body can be had been photographed, I am fortunate enough to have such a plate."

Lovely Vision. Then he told of eight daughters—all clairvoyant—who had set beside their dying mother. "It was lovely to see the ethereal body disengage itself," he said.

"There was a multiplicity of beautiful lights."

Other accounts, agreeing in detail had been given of the passing of a soul, he added.

"Is that not good evidence?" he asked.

The tense silence was broken as the audience, obviously in sympathy with the doctrines of Sir Arthur, broke into prolonged applause.

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# ARBUCKLE IS GIVEN CLEAN BILL BY JURY

### Acquitted After Six Minutes' Deliberation — Jury Statement in Comedian's Behalf.

San Francisco, Cal., April 12.—A verdict of acquittal was returned by a jury tonight in the third trial of Roscoe C. (Bert) Arbuckle on a manslaughter charge growing out of the death of Miss Virginia Rappo, motion picture actress. The jury was out six minutes.

The defendant was deeply affected. He received the verdict with a great sigh of relief. There was no demonstration, the court having warned against it. Mrs. Minta Durfee Arbuckle, the defendant's wife, cried quietly. Both she and Arbuckle shook hands with the jury. The verdict was by acclamation.

"Arbuckle has no immediate plans, Gavin McNab, his chief counsel said. 'It was a splendid victory.'"

A statement issued by the jury and signed by all the jurors, including the two alternates, follows: "Acquittal is not enough for Roscoe Arbuckle. We feel that a great injustice has been done him. We feel also that it was our only plain duty to give him exoneration under the evidence, for there was not the slightest proof adduced to connect him in any way with the commission of a crime."

"He was many throughout the case and told a straightforward story on the witness stand, which we all believed."

The happening at the hotel was an unfortunate affair for which Arbuckle, so the evidence shows, was in no way responsible.

"We wish him success, and hope that the judgment of fourteen men against him will be listened for thirty-one days to the evidence, that Roscoe C. Arbuckle is entirely innocent and free from all blame."

GENERAL PERSHING TO VISIT MONTREAL Will Receive Honorary Degree Offered Him by McGill University.

Montreal, April 12.—General John Pershing, G. C. B., chief of staff of the American Army and commander-in-chief of the American Expeditionary Force in France, will visit Montreal May 12 to receive an honorary degree of Doctor of Law, offered him by McGill University, according to advices received here today by Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, vice-chancellor and principal of the University.

STEAMER PROSPERO OUT OF THE ICE Was Held Fast in Notre Dame Bay for Three Months.

St. John's, Nfld., April 12.—The coastal steamer Prospero, which had been held fast in the ice 13 Notre Dame Bay for three months, arrived here today. It was learned that she had succeeded in working her way out last week. The steamer Viking arrived today from the Gulf of St. Lawrence with 20,000 tons.

MURDER OF ASSED BEY REPORTED Mobs and Rioters Have Been Making Life Miserable in Damascus.

London, April 12.—According to a Cairo dispatch to the London Times, the veracious press reports, from Assyrian sources, the murder of Assed Bey, Minister of Interior of Lebanon. The conditions at Damascus are greatly disturbed and business is suspended. Mobs and rioters have been dispersed by the military with tanks.

CHANCELLOR WIRTH'S REPLY DISCUSSED Reparations Committee Decided to Send New Note to Germany.

Paris, April 12.—The Reparations Committee today discussed the reply of Chancellor Wirth of Germany to the commission's recent reparations demands. It was decided to send a new note to Germany, the terms of which will be drafted tomorrow.

It appears certain that the commission will stand by its decision of March 21, granting Germany a moratorium until May 31, on which date the commission will decide whether or not to confirm or cancel the provisional moratorium. Consequently Germany is obligated to pay 15,000,000 gold marks on April 15 and 50,000,000 gold marks May 15.

BUILDINGS SWEEP FROM FOUNDATIONS Haines, Ark., April 12.—Scores of frame buildings have been swept from their foundations by the floods and high winds near here, reports today issued, and a number of tenants' houses at Bates have been demolished. An estimate of the reported damage was not available.

# GRAND TRUNK AFFAIR HARD TO OVERCOME

### Proves Stumbling Block in Way of British Investment in Canada.

Toronto, April 12.—Strong antipathy exists in financial and investment circles in Great Britain, toward Canadian investments as a result of the Grand Trunk affair, says H. J. Daly, President of the Home Bank and of the Canadian Debentures Corporation, who has just returned from a business trip to the Old Country. This feeling had not been lessened by the recent comments in The Outlook, and had been accentuated by the conditions of uncertainty that still exist.

The Grand Trunk affair, he declared, would be a stumbling block in the way of British investment in Canada until there was a general appreciation on the part of the British public to the facts of the case. As it was, the average Briton knew little or nothing of the true situation, but only judged that he had not been treated fairly by the Canadian Government. There are other factors, too, which have contributed to this feeling of resentfulness which now exists—the heavy taxation, the pausing of dividends, and the losses through investments in Canadian real estate.

Arthur Griffith still expects to hold the elections early in June on the existing register, but Mr. De Valera will refuse to be a candidate on these conditions, and his followers will imitate his example.

An election without Republican candidates might, it is believed, be prevented by the dissident section of the Irish Republican Army, led by Lord Mayor O'Neill, of Dublin, tonight informed the A. P. that no representative of labor or of other organizations were being invited to the Conference. It is expected that the participants will be Mr. De Valera, Lord Mayor O'Neill, Archbishop Byrne, of Dublin, and Stephen O'Mara, Lord Mayor of Limerick.

SMALL FORTUNE FOR MONCTON WOMAN Receives Tidy Sum from U. S. Government from Back Pension Allowance.

Moncton, April 12.—A small fortune has just fallen to the lot of Mrs. Rachel McQuinn, an aged Moncton woman, residing with her daughter, Mrs. Albert Knopple, on North street. Notified about a year ago by a legal firm in the United States that she was entitled to a considerable amount of money provided she could prove her claim. Mrs. McQuinn has been in Boston and vicinity for several months in connection with the matter.

Relatives here have received word that she has made good her claim and is now in possession of a tidy sum which runs into five figures. She is expected home the latter part of the month.

Mrs. McQuinn's husband, a Canadian, was a veteran of the American Civil War. He died in the vicinity of Boston and the widow was apparently unaware that she was entitled to a pension from the United States Government. Time passed and Mrs. McQuinn was eventually notified that she could recover what was due her. Thirty years had rolled away in the meantime and the pension had amounted to a respectable sum, with some considerable interest added thereto. In addition to the lump sum Mrs. McQuinn received, she is further entitled to a monthly pension, sufficient to maintain her during the remainder of her days.

Prior to receiving the windfall, the aged lady had been dependent upon her son-in-law.

non-union men were driving home to Owsal from a revival meeting in Mount Hope. State Police quickly visited the scene of the shooting, and arrested four men who were brought to headquarters here. On the way the troopers came upon a mountainous outcrop and captured 2 men, the still and a hillside as he and five others quantity of illicit liquor.

HEAVY SNOWSTORM RAGING IN ALBERTA Whole Country in Grip of Bad Blizzard — Anxiety Over Cattle Herds.

Calgary, April 12.—Another province-wide snow storm has been raging in Alberta, reaching from Edmonton in the north, clear to the southern boundary of the Province. Reports from the Canadian Pacific Railway indicate that the whole country was in the grip of a bad blizzard with from two to ten inches of snow already fallen, and a high wind blowing it into drifts many feet deep. A high wind prevails all over the province.

The Canadian National Railway reports that the storm does not appear very far East on their lines, and has not, as yet, interfered with train operations. Cattlemen are expressing some anxiety about herds.

PARTY OF NON-UNION MINERS FIRED UPON State Police of West Virginia Arrested Four Men on Suspicion.

Beckley, W. Va., April 12.—A non-union miner was wounded last night when his automobile was fired upon from a hillside as he and five others quantity of illicit liquor.

THE STANDARD WILL NOT BE ISSUED FRIDAY —LEGAL HOLIDAY.

# IRISH LEADERS IN CONFERENCE OVER PROBLEMS

### Object Is to Secure Peaceful Election Campaign and Discourage Disorders in Country.

Dublin, April 12.—The coming conference between the adherents of Michael Collins and Eamon De Valera will not be convened with any expectation of political accommodation being shown. The object of the conference is to secure the peaceful conduct of the election campaign, discourage disorder in the country and facilitate free elections.

It is now believed Mr. De Valera is more favorable to joint action, if it can be arranged without prejudicing the Republican cause; but he rigidly opposes elections on the existing register, which would exclude many young men and women who have reached the suffrage age since the register was compiled and who, he believes, largely support his views.

Arthur Griffith still expects to hold the elections early in June on the existing register, but Mr. De Valera will refuse to be a candidate on these conditions, and his followers will imitate his example.

An election without Republican candidates might, it is believed, be prevented by the dissident section of the Irish Republican Army, led by Lord Mayor O'Neill, of Dublin, tonight informed the A. P. that no representative of labor or of other organizations were being invited to the Conference. It is expected that the participants will be Mr. De Valera, Lord Mayor O'Neill, Archbishop Byrne, of Dublin, and Stephen O'Mara, Lord Mayor of Limerick.

NEW ENGLAND RIVERS JUMPED Washouts, Landslides, Etc Cause Heavy Damage to Railroad Property—Trainmen Killed.

Boston, April 12.—Several New England rivers notably the Connecticut River, went journeying outside their allotted courses today, flooding low lands, washing out culverts and forcing railroads to accommodate their schedules to the whims of the water. Two train derailments were directly caused by the rains of the last two days in New Hampshire and Vermont. At Sunapee, N. H., the engineer, fireman and head brakeman of a freight train were killed when their train struck a washout in the roadbed and plunged into Lake Sunapee. Traffic between New York and Montreal, on the Rutland Railroad, was stopped today by a landslide at Danby, Vt., that derailed five cars of the Southbound New York express last night.

Landslides were reported near Ryegate, Melrose and Weld, Vt. The Passumpsic River south of St. John's, N. H., reached its highest stage in seven years and the flood emptying into the Connecticut River swept away the bridge at Woodsville, N. H., forcing the closing of the Passumpsic division of the road. Sixteen feet of water were roaring over a dam at Hallow Falls this afternoon, and the Connecticut was still rising. Shacks and small buildings, as well as quantities of debris, which the river had picked up in backyards bordering on its banks, were borne down with the flood.

Springsfield, Mass., April 12.—Flood water was expressed tonight in Northampton that cottages on the Northampton side of the Connecticut River may be swept away before morning by the rapidly rising water.

DAME FORTUNE SMILED ON NORTH BAY MAN Dropped Legacy of \$500,000 Into His Lap While He Tinkered With Mirrors.

North Bay, Ont., April 12.—Golden does Dame Fortune prepare to scatter dollars of the half million dollar variety, but she has in this case. When J. H. Cotter, aged 28, a French Canadian, living in North Bay, wakes tomorrow he will find himself one of the wealthiest men of North Bay.

Cotter, who previous to last fall had never had more than \$1,500 in his possession at one time, is the sole heir of Alfred Cotter, who died on December 15, last, in Lawrence, Mass., leaving his entire estate of \$500,000 to his nephew in North Bay. Far from being overcast with his fortune Cotter views it philosophically and, to the astonishment of his admirers, announced last night that after April 15, the date upon which the final \$200,000 of the estate is to be transferred to him, he will continue his present business. He is now conducting a small mirror repair and silvering establishment in the second story of a private dwelling here.

LOD BYNG WELCOMED ON AMERICAN SOIL Made Trolley Trip Through United States Gorge to Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., April 12.—Mayor Maxwell M. Thompson, of this city, and Col. Fred D. Evans, commander of Fort Niagara, welcomed Lord Byng, Governor-General of Canada, and Lady Byng, to United States soil today. The Governor-General and his party crossed the suspension bridge at Lewiston in a special car and made the trolley trip through the United States gorge to this city, returning to Canada over the upper element weather the ceremony of greeting the visitors in the middle of the bridge was abandoned.

POWDERED FACE NO BAR TO LEARNING Corning, Ark., Apr. 12.—Even though she powdered her face, used a fly stick and followed dame fashion's edicts as to dress, Miss Pearl Pusley, pretty 18 year old student, has the right to attend classes despite the ban of the Rebekah school board against modern methods of feminine personal adornment. Circuit Judge W. W. Beady tonight decided that the order of the board was unjust and that Miss Pusley could go back to school.

MARITIME AMATEUR CLUBS SUPPORT "COVEY" AFFIDAVIT

Forty-Two Delegates, Representing Forty-Six Amateur Clubs, Attend Special Meeting—Strictly Amateur Sport Was Supported With a Majority of Twenty-Two Votes.

The "Covey" affidavit, and strictly amateur sport was supported by a majority of twenty-two votes when the question was put to forty-two delegates representing forty-six amateur athletic clubs of the Maritime provinces...

President Covey replied that every athlete was entitled to six dollars a day for expenses, over and above his travelling expenses, but only to an amount that was actually expended.

A. W. Levy, Dartmouth, was of the opinion that only athletes against whom there was an affidavit should be made to take the affidavit. He thought such players should be suspended until they had proven their innocence.

D. W. C. Bishop held the affidavit was made up in too legal a form, and should be simplified so that anyone could understand it.

C. R. Murray, Springhill, moved that the Covey affidavit be withdrawn, but the motion did not carry.

J. D. Collins, Amherst, asked if a testing working time through athletics could include the money he had taken as expenses. He said a number of clubs were of the opinion that it could be so included.

A. C. Millie, Wanderers, Halifax, said there was nothing catchy about the affidavit. All were present in the interests of true sport and if any athlete could not sign the affidavit, there was only one thing for him to do and that was get out.

H. T. McKeanie, Lawrencetown, A. S. said that in many of the small towns it was the custom to divide up small sums left over in the club's treasury at the end of the season amongst the players. He did not think the affidavit was out to get such men, but rather those who were paid for their services, but nevertheless such men should be mentioned, though at least amateurs, could not take the affidavit.

He asked what step would be taken if a man against whom the affidavit had evidence, signed the affidavit. Mr. Covey said they would be issued their cards and allowed to play until those who had informed against them substantiated their charges.

The question whether players could share in a purse that was made up for their benefit at the end of the season, was answered in the negative.

J. D. Collins, Amherst, said that in his town there were a number of independent athletes, who though heart and soul for amateurism, were forced to be independent as they could not afford to lose time from their work without being reimbursed in some manner, especially as many of them were married men. He thought the amateur rules should be made broad enough to embrace such players.

S. E. McKee, Moncton, thought a rider should be attached to the affidavit covering such players mentioned by Mr. Collins.

A. M. Belding said the married men would soon be out of the game, the meeting should consider that they were acting in the interests of the boys to come, and that their decision would have a momentous effect on the Maritime sport of the future.

He said that an attempt at semi-professionalism had destroyed amateur sport twice in St. John to his knowledge.

Present Covey said that any player whose conscience prevented his signing the affidavit because of some trifling indiscretion could state his case to the registration committee and they would re-litigate him.

H. M. Cleary, St. Peter's, said his club was in favor of amateurism, but he found it difficult to reconcile the different views expressed at the meeting. It had been said that a man was entitled to take a pair of boots as a prize at the end of the season, but he would not take the largest equipment order placed by a United States railroad this year.

Under the present system he said there was nothing to prevent a professional with an easy conscience from taking the affidavit and competing under the guise of an amateur. In conclusion he asked how long would the affidavit be enforced. Mr. Covey replied that those who took it this year would not be required to take it again, but only those who had not taken it previously.

Mr. Cleary pointed out another instance of the unfairness of the affidavit, in that it could be irregularly administered. He said a St. John lawyer had offered to issue affidavits covering every one of his club, without requiring any of them to take the oath.

WINSTON CHURCHILL TELLS HOW ALL CAN LIVE FOREVER

Famous Novelist, After Three Years of Delving Into the Spirit World, Gives Theory of Immortality.

Gornish, N. H., April 12.—Winston Churchill, the novelist, who has not written a book for three years, has been devoting his time to an adventure into the spirit world, it developed today. He believes he has found the one recipe for happiness and immortality.

"I have been trying for the past three years, with every ounce of concentration at my command," said Mr. Churchill, "to arrive at a theory of immortality that is applicable to the conduct of life and to reconcile the parables of the Bible and the teachings of the Gospels with the science of today. And I now believe it can be done."

Not Founding Religion. "I am not trying to found a new religion—having forbidden nor am I anxious to force others to accept the truths that I have discovered. I went into this thing primarily for myself. I didn't want to learn how to be good—I wanted to learn how to get inward energy, creative energy. That's the whole secret of living, which, it seems to me, every one is seeking. If a man is energetic creatively his conduct takes care of itself. He gets a value out of creating that he prefers to any other value on earth."

"I have succeeded in arriving at a theory of the nature of the mind which seems to meet the need, or at least, to give a clue to it. And I am ready to say now that the power of this mental force, this life current, which we call 'will,' is undreamed of. We have just begun to touch the outer rim of the dynamo of unbelievable power."

"It is my hope that some scientist, some neurologist, will take what I have been learning and give it to everybody. It is a thing that any one can avail himself of, if he chooses to. It makes no difference whether he is an artist or a workman digging a ditch. Every human being, by using his creative energy, and every human being can get it. If it can be worked out—and I am perfectly convinced that it can be worked out—then the mental liberation of every mind on earth. Just think what that means to humanity!"

When Religion Fails. "Unless a man or woman has a religion that gives great energy for every act and relation in life, it doesn't fulfil its purpose. That is what is lacking in the religious teaching of today. Religion ought to give you creative energy, or it's nothing. What we want must have, is to make out belief in immortality be of practical benefit in every life."

"That's what Christ and St. Paul were interested in. The great thing about Paul is that he was an energetic man. And the parables of the Bible, for example, refer to creativeness. Creative energy should be given out by every one, no matter who he may be, in all social relationships. And that means, for every one, happiness."

"We can, with the help of modern science, psychology and psychology, reach a theory as to the nature of the mind that will account for man's dualism, the relationship between the mind and the body. Each of us has a body that is torn by mental conflicts. The problem is to resolve those conflicts. We are on the way toward finding out what the source of all our neuroses is today, and when we have done that we will liberate powers undreamed of."

Create Own Energy. "People don't create ordinarily out of themselves, in the sense in which a child creates his web out of his body, but they will become creators if their personal relationships are right. It has been the wisdom of man to go at it as if he were doing it himself and that's been the trouble with the world. He hasn't regarded his creativeness as a function of his social relationship. When I get creative energy, I mean that energy on to someone else, who profits by it. It's like an apple tree, which bears apples, but has its own fun out of bearing them."

"Morality is all gone to pot today simply because we don't understand what religion really means. We are entitled to a scientific explanation of the force that drives us and there has been none. But I am sure that it can be put in terms of modern science and when that has been done we will know how to put an end to the mental

It will be glad news to many that such a complex question as this could be obtained—the offensive outer cuticle harmlessly removed by the use of ordinary mercuric wax. The wax, preferably in the form of a cream, is used at night like cold cream and washed off in the morning. It completely absorbs the septic, yellow, mucky or blotchy surface skin—fine, almost invisible particles coming off day by day. Then the exquisitely beautiful girlish complexion is in evidence—a result which astounds all who try this simple method. An ounce of mercuric wax usually suffices.

How Absorption Method Brings Girlish Skin. The complexion may acquire that girlish flush, the real essence of physical beauty, only by means of the capillary circulation. In advancing age and in any condition where the circulation is poor, the complexion is pale, faded or sallow. If, however, the lifeless scarlet skin be removed, the skin beneath, being that much nearer the capillaries, exhibits the same shimmer, rosy bloom; the new complexion is young in fact as well as in appearance.

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MONOPOLY IN BEER FOR THE RURAL HOTELS

Hon. Mr. Raney Thinks It Might Make for Better Accommodation.

Toronto, April 12.—Attorney-General Raney suggests that a monopoly of the sale of two per cent. beer might encourage a better class of hotels in rural Ontario.

Commercial travelers and others who have swept visions of the "delights" of certain hotels in small centres throughout Ontario will be glad to learn that Mr. Raney told the Legislature today that the question was a burning one with them.

The discussion arose on the bill introduced by G. E. Avarurel, Prescott, to the effect that no standard hotel should be liable to a business assessment in respect to such hotels. Mr. Avarurel withdrew his bill.

The Attorney-General said he was not prepared to accept such a bill at this present juncture. A conclusion had not yet been reached on the problem by the license board.

Better hotels, he said, might be encouraged by a bonus in the form of an exemption of taxes, or by a monopoly of certain classes of business, sale of two per cent. beer, for instance.

GHITA FORGES FIRED UPON BY JAPANESE. Riga, April 12.—A despatch from Ghita, capital of the 377 Eastern Republic, says that troops of the Republic, while attempting to parley with the Japanese in command at the village of Brasitka in order to request permission to pass with the purpose of pursuing the white forces were fired upon by Japanese artillery infantry and airplanes, losing thirty men killed or wounded.

The despatch adds that the commander of the Far Eastern Troops requested permission to retire, but the firing continued. The Reds did not fire a single shot.

Later the Japanese left Brasitka, which was occupied by the Far Eastern Forces who are continuing their pursuit of the whites.

CAPT. LAMONTAGNE DIED IN MONTREAL. Montreal, April 12.—Captain E. R. Lamontagne, who died here today at his residence, 16 Third Avenue, Montserrat, had been in military life for 33 years. He served with the Royal Canadian Regiment in St. Johns, Que., Quebec, Halifax and Fredericton. He was 57 years of age and was a son of Louis Lamontagne, formerly of Le Soleil, Quebec.

Died. HARRISON—At Gondola Point, N. B., on Tuesday, April 11, 1922, Clarence Aubrey, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph A. Harrison, leaving his parents and four sisters to mourn. Funeral on Friday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock.

HAVEY—Entered into rest at Ottawa, on 11th of April, 1922, Elizabeth Graham Hayes, youngest daughter of the late Thomas and Agnes Hayes, St. John, N. B. Funeral this (Thursday) afternoon at 3 o'clock from Trinity Church. No flowers.

What to Take for Disordered Stomach. Takes good doctor Carter's Little Liver Pills. You take 2 or 3 for a few days after. You will feel your meals without fear of trouble to follow. Mildest of all cathartics. For Biliousness, Disordered Stomach, Headache, Dizziness, Flatulence, Constipation, Indigestion, Pimples, Itchy Skin, Throat-irritation, Constipation, etc. Get a bottle at once. Small Green Glass Bottle. Price 25c. Sold Everywhere.

You Can Make a Refreshing Drink WITH RITE-GOOD Malt Extract and Hops. \$1.00 Package makes 2 1/2 Gallons. \$1.75 Package makes 3 Gallons.

Here's one of the finest drinks you ever tasted. A full strength, wholesome, refreshing Beer, equal to the best. You can make this brew in your own home with "Rite-Good" and what's more—you can do it legally.

PREPARED BY St. Lawrence Preserving Co. Regd., Quebec, P.Q. THE BRAYLEY DRUG CO., LIMITED Distributors St. John, N. B.



Thin Blood Like Skim Milk

JUST as milk is a perfect food, so is blood a perfect nourisher of the cells and tissues of the body. But thin, watery blood is like thin, watery milk with the cream skimmed off, and you do not look for much nourishment in skim milk. These ingredients are found in happy combination in Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Gentle though wonderfully potent in action, this restorative treatment feeds the blood, and through the medium of the blood sends new vigor and energy to every cell and tissue of the human body. The heart's action is strengthened and the feelings of fatigue and lassitude disappear. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c a box, all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

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Easter Music in your home! With a Victrola you can hear the world's greatest artists sing your favorite Easter music. Make this a memorable Easter gift in your home by getting a Genuine Victrola and these wonderful selections on "His Master's Voice" Victor Records.

Ask to hear them played on the Victrola at any "His Master's Voice" dealers. Manufactured by Berliner Gramophone Co., Limited, Montreal.

J. & A. McMILLAN Wholesale Distributors for the Maritime Provinces and Gaspe Coast, P. Q.

MCDONALD PIANO & MUSIC COMPANY 7 MARKET SQUARE St. John, N. B.

The C. H. Townshend Piano Co., Ltd. 54 King Street, Saint John, N. B. 801 Main Street, Moncton, N. B.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including "NEW RU" and other fragments.

# NEW-BRUNSWICK LEGISLATORS RUSH BILLS THROUGH HOPPER WITH INCREASING SPEED

### Usual Closing Days' Hurry on and Acts Going Through Without Curb—Found Necessary to Revamp Some Measures—Bills Affecting St. John Interests Debated Yesterday.

Assembly Chamber, Fredericton, N. B., April 12.—The House met at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Byrne presented the final report of the Law Committee.

Mr. Estabrook, pursuant to notice moved, seconded by Mr. Smith (A. B.), the following resolution:

"Resolved, That whereas the market for agricultural, fishery and other products is available in the West India Islands; and

Whereas, there is now being operated two lines of steamers from Maritime ports to those islands; and

Whereas, in the interests of the people generally it is essential that our markets be enlarged;

Therefore, be it resolved that this House express its approval of the appointment by the Government of New Brunswick of one or more trade agents, under the Department of Agriculture, to represent this Province in the above named territories;

And be it further resolved that the resolution which had been made on the subject of the said trade agents be amended so as to read as follows:

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"Resolved, That whereas the market for agricultural, fishery and other products is available in the West India Islands; and

would not make any change in the power of the municipality.

Mr. Wetmore expressed regret that the bill did not fix a minimum road tax for non-residents. All knew that collecting a difficulty in collecting amounts from those assessed on \$100 or \$200 in rural districts.

Hon. Mr. Veniot said that he would have no objection to the bill being amended so as to provide for a minimum tax for non-residents.

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Fresh and crisp, you will enjoy the particular flavor of McCormick's Jersey Cream Sodas and Biscuits.

### Cherry Blossoms For Reception of Prince of Wales

Tokyo, April 12.—The Prince of Wales is visiting Japan in cherry blossom time, the most delightful season of the "Land of the Rising Sun."

As soon as the cherry buds begin to open the whole country, including even the city streets, is transformed into a fairy land, enticing all its people into the open air for the national festival of flower viewing.

In this season the holiday spirit is abroad and all who can give themselves up to gaiety. The people gather at all the well-known resorts dressed in their best or in fantastic costumes that catch their feelings and keep festival all day long under the pink white blossoms.

The genial influence of the season warms everyone into joviality and their buoyant spirit finds expression in joyous festivals. These occasions of popular rejoicing which follow one another through the spring are excellent opportunities for the British Prince to see the Japanese at play.

The Imperial garden party of cherry is one of the most interesting of these spring festivals and one of the two outstanding social functions of the year in Japan. Government officials, prominent business men, merchants, social workers and distinguished foreign visitors are guests of the Emperor and Empress on this occasion, and it is expected that the Prince of Wales will attend the function this year.

The party is held when the cherry blossoms are at their best in the imperial garden at Shtinjiku, a suburb of Tokyo, where the spacious lawns, decked out with beds of spring flowers and blossoming trees and shrubs, provide ample accommodation for a big assemblage.

A welcome innovation of recent years has been the removal of all restrictions on women's dress. Heretofore a regulation that women could appear only in European costumes or in ancient court dress prevented many from accepting the imperial invitation.

### Supplementary Estimates

Hon. Mr. Hetherington presented a message from his honor, the Lieutenant-Governor, submitting supplementary estimates for the Government House for the year 1921-22.

The estimates were as follows: University of New Brunswick, to pay deficit to September 30, 1921—\$17,000.

Soldiers Memorial Hospital, Campbellton—\$600.00. Natural History Society, St. John—\$1,000.00.

Education, Contribution of Government towards Trustees Convention, Fredericton—\$291.00.

Hon. Mr. Veniot, speaking to the estimates for Government House, said that there was an income from the sum of \$60,000 received from the sale of the Government House property, which had not been the property of the people of New Brunswick, but which had been given in trust for the specific purpose of furnishing a residence for Lieutenant-Governor.

The accrued interest amounted to \$7,702.41. A committee of the Executive Council would approve of the security of premises for use as Government House, and His Honor, the Lieutenant-Governor, would submit a memo of the sale of the property to the Legislature.

Mr. Richards asked if the vote was for the current year's fifteen cents was present time. A minimum tax of \$1 on the man with the bungalow would be a better method of raising a fund for the owner of a few acres of land.

Mr. Veniot said he did not think it would be good business at the present time to make the minimum tax above forty cents. If the Hon. Minister was disposed to make a larger tax he hoped it would be improved as time as business conditions improved and money was more plentiful.

Hon. Mr. Veniot said that he would not object to the proposal to increase the minimum tax on the owners of summer cottages. The proposal to abolish the state labor, but he hoped it would not be done until conditions had improved.

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A wayward pup once joined a crew of dogs who stole and burgled. One night, when they set out to rob, they made him look out on the job. Some people came—he barked, and they (The robber-dogs) all got away. Only the wayward pup was caught. From which we gain this Moral: I thought this maxim, full of wisdom: "We're judged by company we keep!" —Esop, Jr.

### INSIST ON PURITY ICE CREAM

ITS PURITY UNEQUALLED BECAUSE IT IS HEATHIZED

You want the purest, best, safest. Then always order "Purity."

We all like to know that the food we eat is pure and clean. We rebel, naturally, at taking into our mouths anything that we know is not clean.

WHEN IS FOOD PURE? Now, we ask you, how can a food product be clean that is made with ordinary air, when we know that all city air is a mass of dust and impurities, and is often laden with dangerous germ life?

Purity Heathized Ice Cream is made by driving the air out of the freezers then filling them with a pure, clean, sterile, germless atmosphere a hundred times purer than air. Then we freeze the mix in this pure atmosphere.

Now do you see why Purity Heathized Ice Cream is purest? Do you see why it is safest—safest for you and for the kiddies who are the greatest ice cream consumers?

No other ice cream is made in New Brunswick with this expensive Heath patent method. So if it isn't Purity Ice Cream it isn't Heathized. Insist on Purity.

PURITY ICE CREAM BEST AND PUREST BECAUSE ITS HEATHIZED PURITY ICE CREAM CO., LTD. ST. JOHN, N. B.

### ST. JOHN Registration and Employment Office

160 Prince William Street Phone M. 3429

CAN YOU PROVIDE ANY WORK FOR A MAN OR WOMAN? Registered at the above office are men and women of all trades and professions; also in general work of all kinds, city or country—

THEY ALL WANT WORK—Get Your Work Done NOW

to supply to the condensed and essential form the element which go to supply the nutrient value of the blood.

Ingredients are purest combination of the most powerful food.

Who died here today at 16 Third Avenue, Montreal.

He served with the an Regiment in St. Quebec, Halifax and he was 17 years of age of Louis Lamontagne, Solel, Quebec.

you can greatest favorite

memorable home by Victoria ul select

Voice words

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### Fire Protection By-Law Passed

#### Three Blocks Between Sydney and Charlotte Added to Fire-Proof Construction District.

The common council yesterday passed a by-law raising the blocks bounded by the south side of King Square, west side of Sydney, south side of Queen Square and east side of Charlotte Street, from fire district No. 2 to No. 1 and in future it will be unlawful for any but a fireproof structure to be erected in that district. The erection of the sample rooms for the Dufferin Hotel will be stopped, even if it requires an injunction, the commissioner of safety said yesterday but it is likely the city will have some damages to say in connection with this building. Mayor Schofield and Commissioner Jones attended the meeting.

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### City Saves Money On Asphalt Purchase

#### Claim for Damages Done by Blasting on Millidgeville Avenue by City Workmen.

The contract for the supply of asphalt for the city's needs this year was yesterday awarded to the Carrville Co., their being the lowest tender by the city council. Board of Health and several matters of routine business were disposed of by Mayor Schofield presiding and all the members of the council were present.

The common clerk presented the following report of the polling on Monday:

The common clerk, as required by law, reports that at the primary election held on Monday the tenth day of April instant for the purpose of electing two candidates for the office of Mayor and four candidates for the office of aldermen and Commissioner, the following named persons were chosen as candidates for the final election on the twenty-fourth day of April instant, namely:

For the office of mayor, Harry R. McLaughlin and B. Allan Schofield.

For the office of alderman or commissioner, Thomas H. Bullock, Alexander Corbett, John B. Jones and Rupert W. Whymore.

An application to be appointed a lumber surveyor was received from Robert M. Miller. The appointment was ordered made on his filing the proper bonds.

An application from F. W. Kelly for permission to install gasoline apparatus on his premises, 19 Leinster Street, was referred to the commissioner of safety.

A communication from No. 1 B. C. McLaughlin and J. M. Allan Schofield, Fraser and James Sterling had been elected members, and received the warrants ordered issued.

A claim for damages to the amount of \$160, the result of blasting operations on Millidgeville Avenue, was received from Walker Bailey, 513 Millidgeville Avenue and referred to the commissioner of public works for a report.

On motion the amount of \$105, a part of his salary as district commissioner for Stanley Ward, was ordered paid to James Leary.

A communication to the Board of Health asking the city to lead a clean-up campaign about the middle of May was referred to the commissioner of public works.

A resolution, moved by the mayor, recommending that no charters be issued by the Federal Government which would in any way interfere with the rights of municipalities, as the instance of private companies carried.

Commissioner Frink moved that the request of J. B. Pischel for a permit to install two gasoline tanks with a capacity of 1,175 gallons on his premises, Douglas Avenue, be granted. At the request of Commissioner Frink the matter was laid on the table until today.

When the soldiers returned from the war, and were offered areas of land on generous terms to encourage producing industries, large numbers of the Murray, where the soil is very fertile, and facilities were provided for irrigation. Under a scheme which cost perhaps between \$5,000,000 and \$8,000,000, the river is now being locked, and the utilities of navigation, in a few years, will be assisted materially by the project now well in hand, by the joint authorities of the federal and state governments.

The result has been that there has been extensive planting of grapes on the Murray lands, and, in the course of a few years, the production will be tremendous.

Most of the vine areas are being devoted to the cultivation of the vine. The bulk of the additional planting which has been carried out in Australia during recent times has been done locally. It is estimated that at present 20 per cent. of that produced in South Australia is exported abroad, and that the remainder is consumed locally. In a few years, however, various measures are adopted, the probability is that those figures will be reversed.

But before prohibition is expected. The Temperance Alliance is still sanguine about that. Representatives of this organization and of the soldier settlers' club of Glasgow, one of the largest of the newer vine-growing areas on the Murray, joined hands and went to the Minister of Agriculture the other day on the question of the future of the wine industry.

The request was that the Government would conduct experiments, and establish new industries for the utilization of wine, spirit and surplus drying grapes.

The president of the Temperance Alliance, Major Smeaton, admitted that while the advocates of prohibition would sooner see grapes used for some purpose other than wine making, they were practical men, and desired to do all they could to establish new industries that would help the State. The settlement of the question of the disposal of the produce of the vine was going to give South Australia a great deal of trouble.

"We believe prohibition is coming," asserted Major Smeaton confidently, "and we wish to show regard for those who will be affected by it."

Another speaker pointed out that the deputation represented hundreds of soldier settlers. Many thought that prohibition was approaching, and were getting apprehensive about it. Speakers urged that California had shown that grapes could be utilized for various purposes outside of wine making.

It is significant that the South Australian Government has abandoned the planting of wine grapes on the soldier settlements along the Murray and inland areas being grown instead.

C. P. R. TRAIN SERVICE  
On Good Friday, April 14th, local train leaving city at 7.30 A. M. (last time) will make all intermediate stops at Walsford. Same train returning at night due in city at 3.05. Will make similar stops between Walsford and city.

### Memorial to Early Explorer Takes form of Primitive Fort



WILD GRANDEUR ALONG THE THOMPSON RIVER

Witness to the tourist region about Lake Windermere in southern British Columbia, will find a reminder there of early days. The Hudson's Bay Company is building a replica of their first post in this region. It was known as "Kootenay House" and was built by the intrepid astronomer and explorer, David Thompson, in 1806 on the banks of the River Windermere.

David Thompson, a pupil at Blue Coat School in London, was released from his military duties in 1798, and with three companions, two of them Indians, made their way from Hudson's Bay to the Columbia River, and on his return to York Fort he was informed that the company would make no more explorations and that he was out of a job. He was determined to discourage him he was off immediately with two Indians for Grand Portage where he obtained an appointment as astronomer for the North West Company whose headquarters were at that point.

As astronomer he visited the company's various posts and while in the Lake-of-the-Woods region in Manitoba, located the source of the Mississippi River. Many years were spent in surveying the western wilds, travelling by dog team and canoe. The winter of 1807 he was spent at Kootenay House with his "little family," as his Indian wife and children were termed. In October, 1810 he set out to trace the Columbia River to its source to its mouth and was the first white man to do this, arriving at what is now Astoria, Oregon, in July, 1811. The trip was accomplished despite great perils. Thompson died at the age of 87, poor and unappreciated. Posthumously recognized his debts to this brave man whose

WILD GRANDEUR ALONG THE THOMPSON RIVER

thirteen years of work for the Company made him one of the most notable men of that period.

The new post will be an exact duplicate of the one built by David Thompson and is in the nature of a memorial to the brave man for whom the mighty Thompson River was named. The fort will add another attraction to this popular valley around which are ranged many natural wonders such as Toby Canyon, Horse Thief Glacier, and Lake of the Hanging Glacier. Guests at Banff and Lake Louise will find a motor trip over the newly opened Banff-Windermere Road, a pleasant outing with Lake Windermere Camp ready to serve them luncheon or tea.

LADIES REMOVE THEIR CORNS IN A VERY SIMPLE WAY

No pain, no trouble, costs only a quarter. It is a very simple thing to paint on a small application of good old "Putnam's" night and morning. To remove corns to get entirely free from them, use Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor. It is guaranteed, 25c. at all dealers. Refuse a substitute.

### SOUTH AUSTRALIA MOVING IN DIRECTION OF PROHIBITION

#### Government Abandons Planting of Wine Grapes on Soldier Settlements Along Murray River.

Adelaide, South Australia, April 12.—The warning given a long time ago by the prohibition advocates in this State that a mistake was being made in allowing the soldier settlers to plant such a large proportion of wine grapes on their newly-acquired blocks on the banks of the Murray, appears to be coming true.

When the soldiers returned from the war, and were offered areas of land on generous terms to encourage producing industries, large numbers of the Murray, where the soil is very fertile, and facilities were provided for irrigation. Under a scheme which cost perhaps between \$5,000,000 and \$8,000,000, the river is now being locked, and the utilities of navigation, in a few years, will be assisted materially by the project now well in hand, by the joint authorities of the federal and state governments.

The result has been that there has been extensive planting of grapes on the Murray lands, and, in the course of a few years, the production will be tremendous.

Most of the vine areas are being devoted to the cultivation of the vine. The bulk of the additional planting which has been carried out in Australia during recent times has been done locally. It is estimated that at present 20 per cent. of that produced in South Australia is exported abroad, and that the remainder is consumed locally. In a few years, however, various measures are adopted, the probability is that those figures will be reversed.

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### Marked Decrease In Needy Cases

#### Associated Charities Report Calls for Relief During Month Were Fewer.

A marked decrease in the number of cases applying for relief was noted in the reports submitted at the meeting of the Associated Charities held yesterday afternoon in the Bible Society rooms, Gervais Street. It was felt that the worst of the winter distress was passed and that with the commencement of building operations and of other construction work there would be less unemployment to cope with. Cases of sickness, however, were still fairly numerous. The meeting was presided over by Dr. David Hutchinson, in the absence of W. Shives Fisher.

A resolution of sympathy was extended to Mrs. F. B. Marvin in her recent bereavement. Delegates to the Local Council of Women appointed at the meeting were Miss Grace O. Robertson and Miss Stella Taylor.

Miss Robertson's report as secretary gave the following statistics: Applications received, 141; requests for employment, 26; recommended, 41; requests for relief, 18; records given, 21; seeking relief, 20; relief provided for, 18; visits made, 10; employment found, 26; recommended, 41; requests for relief, 18; records given, 21; seeking relief, 20; relief provided for, 18; visits made, 10; employment found, 26.

The secretary reported on several cases that are being dealt with. In two cases the men had found work and in other cases where the head of the family was sick it was decided to continue to give relief.

### Obituary

#### Mrs. Fred Wisely

Fredericton, April 12.—The death occurred at her home in Lower Fredericton, at noon Wednesday, of Mrs. Fred Wisely. The deceased was fifty years of age and had recently returned after spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Herbert Horsnell, of St. Andrews, N. B. Her husband is employed with the New Brunswick Railway Company.

Harry J. Wiley.

Fredericton, April 12.—The death occurred Tuesday at Brockton, Mass. of Harry J. Wiley, a former resident of this city. The deceased was fifty-six years of age, and succumbed after a long period of illness. The late Mr. Wiley was twice married and besides his second wife and son Hervey, both now living in Brockton, Mass., he is survived by one daughter Isabelle, of this city, and one son, J. Douglas, of Bridgeton, Conn. Both his wife and his mother, Mrs. John Wiley, reside in this city, and Mrs. E. A. McKay, with whom she makes her home, is a sister of the deceased.

Fredericton, N. B., April 12.—Before the appeal division this afternoon argument was completed in the King vs. Robert J. Ritchie, police magistrate of St. John ex parte Percy H. Hand. Mr. Justice K. C. showed cause against a rule nisi to quash a conviction made December 24, for unlawfully selling liquor contrary to the Intoxicating Liquor Act 1915, F. R. Taylor, K. C., in support of rule.

Court also heard a portion of the argument in the King vs. Hon. J. H. Barry ex parte H. D. Lindsay, another prohibition case. F. J. Hughes showed cause against a rule nisi to quash conviction. J. J. P. Winslow in support of rule.

### Funerals

The funeral of James A. Murphy was held yesterday afternoon from his late residence, 245 Sydney Street, to St. John the Baptist church for service by Rev. Roy McDonald. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery. The funeral was attended by many friends and the spiritual and floral offerings were numerous. Included in the latter was a wreath of magnolia leaves and Easter lilies from the Imperial Theatre and a wreath of pink and white roses from the Longshoremen's Union.

Service in connection with the funeral of Miss Anna Mildred Leonard was held Tuesday night at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Leonard, 6 Clarendon Street, and was conducted by her uncle, Rev. H. A. Cody. The body was taken yesterday morning to Halifax, where interment took place in the afternoon. Service was conducted by Rev. C. A. S. Warnford.

### Remanded For Further Evidence

#### Alleged Bigamy Before Police Court—Traffic Cases Dealt With.

In the police court yesterday morning, Howard J. Hantington was arraigned on a charge of bigamy. When the charge was read to him, the accused made no reply. He was remanded at the request of the prosecution, until witnesses can be brought from Truro.

Lindsay Sabean pleaded guilty to a charge of assault on Wilfred Finlay, but no charge to be made of using abusive language. After evidence had been given by the complainant and policeman Donahue, the accused was remanded.

Two traffic cases were settled yesterday morning. C. D. Jackson pleaded not guilty to a charge of exceeding the speed limit on Prince Edward Street on April 9. After Police Officer Dykeman and Hughes gave evidence the case closed and the defendant was fined \$10.

A. L. Stearns pleaded not guilty to the charge of allowing his car to stand for nearly an hour on the North Side of King Square, without head or tail lights showing. Police Officer McNeill gave evidence, as did also the defendant. A fine of \$10 was allowed to stand.

### THE BARBARIAN

#### A Fine Picture With Good Plot

Set in the Heart of Some of the Finest Canadian Scenery, Which Adds Beauty to the Production.

Through the courtesy of the Standard Film Corporation, a representative of this newspaper was enabled to enjoy a private view of "The Barbarian," which has been justly described as one of the great films of the year.

The leading man, who enacts the role of the Barbarian, is Monroe Salisbury, whose name is sufficient to guarantee the excellence of the picture, and who is adequately supported by well-known stars, Jane Novak. Equally good and well-known actors portray the other characters, and the fact that the film is produced by the Pioneer Film Corporation is a very satisfactory assurance that it is "quite all right" in technique finish.

The story centers around Eric Straine, played by Monroe Salisbury. Brought to the wilds of Canada at the age of two years, to be developed into manhood according to the ideals of his father, who has set himself the false standards of so-called civilization, Eric becomes a true child of nature.

When he is just approaching manhood and is just approaching manhood when his group of eastern capitalists schemes to obtain possession of the vast tract of land containing rare mineral deposits and valuable timber, which the elder Straine had been gradually accumulating and which he did not want for the wealth it concealed, but rather to be held as a God-given estate for his boy.

Eric's father dies, and in the months that pass the capitalists invade Eric's land, claiming the right of way through a forged agreement with his dead father. Here he meets Floria Heatherton, (portrayed by Jane Novak), daughter of the head of the syndicate, to whom he appears as a barbarian. After exposing the man responsible for the forgery and soundly whipping him, he orders the members of the party for the capitalist had brought his family along to camouflage his real purpose—off the domain. But the girl, creeping back, sees him bathe the wounds of the man he thrashed, and her admiration for him turns into love.

The next day Heatherton and one of his rivals visit Eric together and bid for the property against each other. Eric surprises them by refusing to sell but he offers to give it to his father's enemy if he will give up his claim. Eric's father's enemy, Floria, and his eyes grow big with wonder as he enfolds her in his arms and their lips meet for their first kiss.

The Canadian forests and lakes provide Salisbury with rich and natural settings which add considerably to the artistic beauty of the production.

The trend of modern civilization, in which sham and hypocrisy have no place with innate honesty and straightforwardness, is reflected in "The Barbarian." Altogether, it is a great picture.

### TINT AWAY GRAY OR FADED HAIR

The Safe, Harmless Method by Which Thousands of Women Keep Locking Youthful TINT AWAY GRAY FREE.

There are many hair "dyes" and "tintings" but there is only one "Brownsation" Hair Tint—so easy to apply and so successful in every case that you have tried it.

POVERTY THROWS ART TREASURES UPON MARKET

Russia's inexhaustible supply under hammer to buy food for sufferers.

Oleska, April 12.—More of old Russia's apparently inexhaustible supply of art treasures are being thrown upon the market under the new free trade policy combined with the increasing need of money to buy food.

The bitter story of the home-wrecking revolution is told in any shop window. The majority of these things are going abroad among the new collectors of plate, paintings, Swiss watches and Sevres vases which were imported from the western countries in the last 200 or 300 years or taken as loot in old wars, especially wars to the south and to the east.

Dozens of newly opened commission shops here display a wealth of old wedding dresses, richly brocaded in gold and silver thread, Persian shawls, silk shawls of the time of Catherine the Great, babble, diamonds, satin slippers, ball gowns cut into pieces and sold as scarfs or shirtwaists, hand-worked blue linen, mellowed old lace, silver dainties of the debonair and priceless old silver fans from France and Japan, hand painted by Watteau and like artists.

The Leviathan Starts On Trip To Newport News Will Be Converted Into Palatial American Trans-Atlantic Liner.

New York, April 12.—The Leviathan, once the pride of the German merchant marine, later a transport that carried thousands of doughboys to and from European battlefields, tonight was plunging the Atlantic, bound for Newport News, Va., to be converted into a palatial American trans-Atlantic liner.

A murky fog that hung over the lower harbor interloped with the sailing schedule. Within two hours after the gun vessel had sid on out of her pier at Hoboken, she had been in for more than two years, her skipper, Captain W. A. Berry, was forced to cast anchor about five miles off Ambrose Channel. It was nearly noon before the fog lifted sufficiently to allow her to proceed southward.

Her departure was without ceremony. The Leviathan's engines behaved perfectly. She did not have a hitch in the carefully made plans except for the delay brought about by the fog. She carried a crew of 676. On her trip down the bay she was in charge of Pilot William S. McLoughlin, who had charge of her passage in and out of the harbor during war days.

DO YOUR BOWELS Move Regularly, Or Do They BECOME CONSTIPATED

There is no medium through which disease so often attacks the system as by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and there is no other trouble which flesh is heir to that is more liable to be neglected, because material inconvenience may not be felt, at once from irregular action of the bowels. When there is not regular action the retention of the decayed and offensive matter, with its poisonous gases, soon poisons the whole system by being absorbed into it, causing violent sick and bilious headaches, internal bleeding or protruding piles, heartburn, jaundice, etc.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS will regulate the flow of bile to act properly on the bowels, thus making them active and regular and removing the constipation and all its allied troubles.

Mr. Samuel Buckley, Tatamagouche, N. B., writes:—"For over a year I suffered with constipation. I took several different kinds of medicine, but could only get temporary relief. I was told to try Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I procured two vials of them, but after I had taken one I found that I was possessed of my trouble. I do not have to be recommended Laxa-Liver Pills for any kind of constipation."

Price, 50c a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

VIENNA NOW CROSSED OFF FROM TOURISTS' ITINERARY

Enormous increase in Prices Discourages Travel and Empty Hotels and Shops.

Vienna.—(Special.)—Only a few weeks ago Vienna was crowded with tourists and strangers. Every room in the hotels was occupied and every seat in the trains was taken. Restaurants and shops were full of customers.

Today the hotels are nearly empty, express trains arrive with fewer than a score of passengers, and the shops have no customers.

The riots of Dec. 1 caused a general exodus of visitors. It was not agreeable to be attacked on the street or to have your room in a hotel plundered, consequently people who had no urgent business to detain them left Vienna for more peaceful resorts.

In the ordinary way they would doubtless have come back very soon, but in the meantime an enormous increase in the cost of living had set in. The municipality imposed heavier taxes on the hotels and prices of rooms went up enormously.

The shops, too, demanded far higher prices than they would be paid even in New York or London. Vienna is no longer a cheap city to live in; prices are nearly up to the world parity and in some cases have gone even beyond it. It is to these conditions that the empty hotels and shops are due more than to the December riots.

Fares Greatly Increased.

There were 16,000 fewer strangers in Vienna in January than in December, although the figure for that month was the lowest recorded last year. In 1921 no fewer than 404,103 visitors came to Vienna, as against 323,946 in 1920. The bulk of these came from the neighboring countries—Tzecho-Slovakia, Jugoslavia and Hungary.

The men, too, have sold their imperial rapiers, their gold and ivory icons, Musicians have placed on sale their instruments, masters their black conductors' batons inscribed by admiring friends with silver and gold dates in memory of their triumphs.

SOCIETY SEeks TO PRESERVE CASTLE AT FORT NIAGARA

Coveted Stronghold, Built in 1726, Was Held by the French, Americans and British, and from It Indian Tribes Were Ruled.

Buffalo, N.Y., April 12.—A movement to preserve the old Castle at Fort Niagara, which played such an important part in the colonial history of both France and England, has been started.

Historic and patriotic societies along the Niagara frontier are interested in it, and it is the aim of the Association to consolidate this effort. Eventually they hope that it may be made a national museum of the Niagara frontier.

The castle, which was built in 1726 under Marquis de Vaudreuil in hopes of gaining for the French complete control of the Indian fur trade, is in better condition than most of the old forts. But a crack in the east wall, and the washing away of a part of the water wall by the river, has made it quite dilapidated. It is believed, in fact, that unless immediate steps are taken to preserve it, the Niagara River may undermine its foundations.

It is rich in legend and tradition. Next to the Heights of Quebec and the lower end of Manhattan, there was probably no spot so coveted in Colonial days as the castle, or one that exerted so great an influence.

The story of its history is almost an epitome of the story of North America from 1726 to 1796. During both the French and English occupations it was the seat of government from which all the Indian tribes from Albany to Detroit and from the Hudson Bay country far to the south were ruled.

It was one of the most important trading centers in the country. It was there that Sir William Johnson gathered together the Indian tribes and negotiated the famous Indian treaty of 1764. While under French domination from 1726 to 1763 it was used at times as a state prison, and on the walls of the old dungeon are engraved many French names of note. The French lost it at the time of the fall of Quebec.

During the Revolution it was too far away from the seat of government to play an important part, but during the War of 1812 it was the scene of siege and counter attack, finally falling under the control of the British.

Griffith Says Valera Failed To Win U. S. Sought to Obtain Recognition of Irish Republic.

Cavan, Ireland, April 11.—(Associated Press)—Arthur Griffith, addressing a large meeting here this afternoon referred to what he termed Eamon de Valera's vain attempt during his visit to the United States to secure American recognition of an Irish republic.

He tried for eighteen months, said Mr. Griffith, with all the support of the Irish people and the Irish in America, but failed. It wasn't De Valera's fault, but what De Valera had failed to secure from the most friendly country in the world he did not believe the people of Ireland in a few months could make England consent to give them.

FREE LAST OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

"Fruit-a-tives" Brought Her Health and Strength

634 Champlain St., Montreal  
"For 3 years, I suffered constantly from Kidney Disease and Liver Trouble. My health was miserable and nothing in the way of ordinary medicine did me any good."

Then I started using "Fruit-a-tives" and the effect was remarkable. All the pains, headaches, indigestion and constipation were relieved and once more I was well.

All who suffer from such troubles should take "Fruit-a-tives" Madam HORMIDAS FOIST, 50c a box, 4 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Conan Doyle Says Spiritualism Will Vivify Religion Famous Novelist is Sure He Will Get Happiness After Death.

New York, April 11.—"I know absolutely what I am going to get after death—happiness," said Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, novelist and spiritualist, who arrived yesterday for the White Star liner Baltic from Liverpool to deliver several lectures in this country on spiritualism.

"It is not mere hearsay," he continued. "I have talked with an unseen spirit, and I have seen the spirit of a man who has been dead, including my son, when my wife and other witnesses were present."

Sir Arthur, who describes himself as a spiritualist and monotheist, a believer in one God, is accompanied by Lady Doyle and their three children; Malcolm Conan Doyle, 11, and Miss Lina Conan Doyle, nine.

Both Sir Arthur and his wife spoke in a happy and confident manner of spiritualism, which they said would predominate all over the world and would bring love and happiness.

"Spiritualism is the one great thing that unites all religions, which is the cause of most of our recent troubles. We can make this good—and the case has only to be clearly stated to prove—then surely America has good cause to be proud that this great restatement of the fundamentals of religion should have come upon her soil. It has been degraded by some who did not, but in the time has come to recognize the vital good that is in it, and to free it from sordid influences."

"High spirits did not descend upon earth in order to be trifled with, or to advise on business matters, such as being a curse with them. The true aim of all communication with spirits is to give us knowledge of spiritual matters (including the conditions of life after death) and self-improvement."

"Phenomena are elementary things, used as signals which call our attention to the unseen, but tending too often to distract attention from the real spiritual knowledge to which they should be an introduction."

"Far from being antagonistic to religion, this psychic movement is destined to vivify religion, which has long been decaying and is becoming a mere formality. This knowledge, much of it real and sure, and enable one to see the first time to understand the actions and views of the early Christians and of their great founder. Without this psychic knowledge, much of the New Testament is incomprehensible. With it one has renewed assurance of its essential truth."

"It unites real science and real religion, each supporting the other."

Sir Arthur, though deeply impressed by the experience and convictions of Professor Hare, Crookes, Lombroso, Richet, Lodge and others, is made more certain in his position by his own actual personal experiences, which he is prepared to make public.

One of the cheerful notes in Sir Arthur's discourse upon the life hereafter was that only the ones we loved on this earth would be able to meet us in the hereafter. He said that people who had led selfish, hard lives would enter the hereafter on a lower plane, and gradually descend instead of going higher and higher until the spirit of Christ was reached.

hanging over his head and gave it a gentle jerk. Three tons of ashes descended on Bradley, and when he was dug out an ambulance carried him to the hospital. It is said that he will recover.

Expect Engagement of Heir Apparent to Belgian Throne to Princess Yolando.

Brussels, April 11.—It is expected the engagement of Prince Leopold, heir-apparent to the Belgian throne, to Princess Yolando, eldest daughter of King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena of Italy, will be officially announced in June or July next, when the Italian royal pair repay the visit which has just been made to Rome by King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium, accompanied by Prince Leopold.

Some of the newspapers here declare the announcement is impending of the engagement of Crown Prince Humbert of Italy to Princess Marie Jose, daughter of the Belgian sovereign, the former 17 and the latter 16 years of age. This, however, is considered premature.

BURIED BENEATH THREE TONS OF ASHES Cambridge, Mass., April 11.—(By Canadian Press.)—When John Bradley, a laborer, imprudently stepped beneath the city's new experimental ash hoppers he was fascinated by the chain

INDUSTRIALISTS FAVORED UNDER NEW SPANISH TARIFF

Highly Protectionist Schedule Taxes Necessitates While Cotton Factories Are Helped.

Madrid, April 12.—The new Spanish customs tariff is now in force, and a flood of comment and criticism, home and foreign, has been poured upon it. It is to be doubted whether as the result of the Tariff Commission, which has labored so long and diligently upon this business, and upon the nature of whose efforts there has been so much anxious speculation, can permit themselves to feel any special patriotic satisfaction upon their work.

They have undoubtedly pleased a few, and those few, it need hardly be said, are highly influential and represent big interests, but they have brought dismay to the many.

It was understood beforehand that the new tariff would be intensely protectionist and as it is, but it is also a tariff of favoritism. By way of excuse the governmental authorities gave out in advance that, with the present state of the world, it was necessary for Spain to foster her own industries to the utmost extent.

Industrialists Favored. In this argument there was, on the fact of it, a considerable measure of truth, but the results of the labor of the commission in the Catalonia and Bilbao regions that are favored, and it is these, in the busiest and most progressive parts of Spain, who apparently have stood in least urgent need of any such protection.

The result of such favoritism, so it is urged, is to injure the general interests of the country, the humbler producer, and the mass of the people, and the general opinion is summed up in the remark by one of the critics to the effect that the whole tendency of the new tariff is to increase the general body of consumers, so that a few industries may be able to increase their riches. It is asserted in some quarters that the result must be an increase in the cost of living, which for a long time past has been seriously afflicting the poor and middle classes.

Tariff War Possible. Anxiety is being frequently manifested in England, as a special example, should resort to reprisals, since it is known that feeling in that country is very keen, and has already been expressed strongly in the resolutions of public bodies. In some quarters it is hinted that the absence of a special agreement, which is considered inevitable, there might be a tariff war between the two countries.

There are over 1,500 headings or specified categories in the new tariff list. The feature of the new system is the establishment of ad valorem duties. In this respect agricultural machinery is taxed from 10 to 35 per cent, automobiles and auto cycles from 25 to 30, internal combustion engines from 15 to 25, drilling and stamping machines from 15 to 25, and so forth. There is a 10 per cent increase on the duties on cables, and the duty on coal remains as before.

FRANCE IS SOLVENT AND RICH REPUBLIC'S INVENTORY SHOWS

Financial Status Disclosed by Stocktaking of Property Owned by the Government.

Paris, April 12.—Is France solvent? To answer this question, it is necessary to know what money France owes, and what money is owing to France, as well as the value of France's actual possessions. Recent assertions that France is bankrupt and will not repay her debts make a complete stock-taking desirable. M. Albert Hourcade, who works out the figures, emphatically asserts that France is entirely solvent.

What France Owes. Owing to the energy displayed by the various parliamentary commissions, war expenditure can now be calculated with sufficient accuracy to enable an estimate of French debts. In 1914 the public debt amounted to 27,704,000,000 francs. At the end of the war, in 1918, it had reached 171,000,000,000. Last December it was set down at 328,000,000,000. In 1923, if one is to accept the calculations of M. Henry Cheron, this sum will have grown to 480,000,000,000 francs. From this figure, one deducts the amount due by foreign states, for example, Russia, Greece, Turkey, Jugoslavia, Poland and Rumania, and if Germany meets her engagements, France will in 1923 owe about 427,000,000,000 francs. The annual payment of 2,000,000,000 francs by way of interest. Thus France knows, approximately, what she owes. She is not, however, so well-informed as to her own possessions.

It is wholly impossible to establish a balance between national liabilities and national assets, between the public debt, living and clamorous, on the one hand, and state property, unappreciated, unknown, or forgotten, on the other? National wealth certainly exists in state lands, palaces, monopolies, ports, forests, arsenals, mines, the African empire, the Asiatic dominions, and the colonies.

What France Owns. Until very recently the state has omitted to consider its own possessions, although demanding, with reason, exact accounts, concerning their private property, from manufacturers, merchants and other citizens. Nevertheless, Articles 22 and 24 of the Finance Act of December 29, 1917, it was provided, in the most categorical terms, that an inventory of all state property, should, at periodic intervals, be drawn up and published.

The report of the commission formed under the enactment, should have been delivered in 1918, but was delayed until 1921. When, in the latter year, delivery did take place, Parliament said no heed to the law of 1917 has since remained in abeyance. However, it exists; to put it into operation requires only a reference to the statute book. M. de Lasteyrie, the Finance Minister, has, indeed, called into being a commission, under the presidency of M. Millies-Lacroix, of the senatorial Finance Committee, to investigate the conditions under which a general inventory of state property can be obtained. The commission consists of a dozen members, including the president.

In the report which precedes the decree instituting this commission, M. de Lasteyrie makes the following comment: "The inventory of the property belonging to the French State is especially necessary at the present time owing to the formidable proportions of the national debt. It is desirable that it should be known that against her liabilities France can show assets which appear to have increased in importance since the publication of the last inventory (that of 1878). The new valuation should take cognizance of the growth of our colonial empire and the supplementary wealth brought to France by the reincorporation of Alsace-Lorraine. The publicity given to the results of the inquiry must inevitably carry considerable moral weight not only at home but abroad. France will draw from the information obtained a confidence which will react favorably upon the financial situation."

On facts supplied by the inventory of 1878, financial experts valued the public domain of the State at 15,000,000,000 francs. Today it is worth 50,000,000,000 francs. Government property was increased through the separation laws, to a value of many hundred million francs. To this must be added the value of the public domain of Alsace-Lorraine; also the value of that possessed by the colonies. Fifty billions may therefore, according to M.

Nothing is more wonderful than the human skin. It breathes through tiny mouths called pores. If it is kept whole and strong it improves the entire bodily health.

Those who know most about the complex structure of the skin appreciate the care that must be taken in deciding what is the safest, purest and best dressing to apply in times of accident or disease. Such scientific thought and experiment was expended in the search for an ideal natural healing substance, but it has actually been found at last, in Nature's own storehouse of medicinal herbs.

Never in the world's history has there been another preparation like sam-buk. Amongst other virtues, it possesses that rare quality of actually growing new skin in Nature's own way.

A MIRACLE BEFORE YOUR EYES.

Healing the injured and diseased tissues by this precious herbal balm is a miracle that may be performed before your own eyes. Children remember sam-buk best for its great power in soothing and healing their burns whilst in the treatment of eczema, ringworm, chronic sores, ulcers and poisoned sores, sam-buk powerful antiseptic and tissue-building qualities, and it keeps the skin moist and healthy. A fifty-cent box of sam-buk may save you dollars in doctor's bills. It is a unique preparation with a wonderfully wide range of usefulness.

Agricultural machinery is needed, and journeys through the rich lands of Andalusia, with such fine potentialities, show in these times how the agricultural interests are beginning more and more to appreciate the production of this sort that come from America. Some of the latest of these have created quite a stir in districts round Seville and Granada.

At the last Seville Fair, in the spring of last year, the American agricultural machinery was a strong feature. Any tendency directed to the partial exclusion of such things does not mean that Spain would make them for she cannot, but simply that districts that show strong tendencies to progress might in extreme circumstances relapse to the "methods of the Romans."

There is naturally an outcry that the Catalan interests are overwhelmingly favored, but after all, the cotton factories of Catalonia are the most progressive things in Spain, and they represent the industry in regard to which Spain is most like the best of other countries.

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Swedes Migrating To United States

Officials Fear for Country's Future if Industries Do Not Pick Up in Sweden.

Stockholm.—(Special.)—Dr. Adrian Molin, leader of the Anti-Swedish Federation in Sweden, confidently anticipates that Swedish emigration will considerably increase this year and will soon reach the limit fixed by American law.

"If America restricts her economic life in earnest earlier than we do," he says, "our young folk will line up in thousands seeking tickets for America. Our only chance to keep these young folks at home is that we are not yet too late to put our commercial life going again. If we do not I am confident we shall soon have over 20,000 Swedes leaving us annually for America."

A STUDY OF OLD AGE is always interesting and reveals the fact that the blood is usually thin and lacking in the strengthening properties of young folks blood. If you want to fill your blood with the fire of youth, build up your strength, restore your nerves, just use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. This wonderful medicine is a grand system regulator. Keeps the bowels in good condition, keeps the body free from waste and impurities. For young and old the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills is recommended. 25c at all dealers or The Catarrhose Co., Montreal.

Albert Hourcade, be considered no exaggeration of the total value of the present public domain of the State. At what figure should we estimate the private state domain, which is composed of all enterprises undertaken by the Government; railways, ports, canals, monopolies, forests, arsenals, and so on? It would be hazardous to name a sum, in the absence of precise details. When one remembers that the State owns 5,000,000 hectares of forests at home and 90,000,000 in the colonies, that the phosphate of Morocco is worth 900,000,000 francs, and that French soil is rich in minerals of various kinds, it becomes apparent declares M. Hourcade that the inventory of state property will disclose assets far in excess of the amount of the public debt.

"The State is the first paper of France," declared a worthy of the Consulate. "The remark," affirms the authority now cited, "has no foundation. The French State is a capitalist compared with which the Carnegies, Rockefellers, and Rothschilds are the veriest dwarfs."

"France is rich. She is capable of facing all her charges and all her engagements. And it is well that our allies and our creditors should know."

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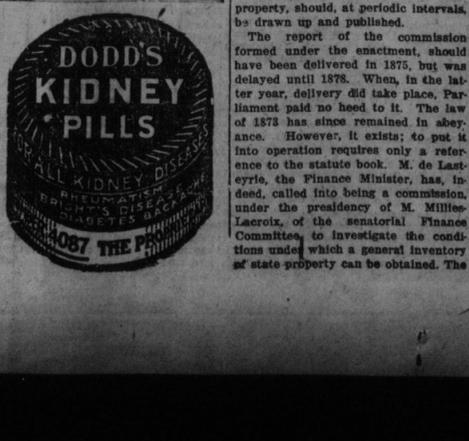
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WARNING! Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances? Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism  
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis  
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—also bottles of 24 and 100—Dreuggen. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacturing Co., a subsidiary of Bayerwerk, Ltd., of Elberfeld, Germany. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacturing, to assure the public against imitations, the name of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."





# THE STANDARD'S FINANCIAL SECTION

## Buoyant Tone To Early Stages of New York Market

Dealings in Final Hour Characterized by Considerable Irregularity—Heavy Sales Recorded.

New York, April 13—Branagey best describes the tone of the stock market during today's early and intermediate stages, the latter dealings being characterized by considerable irregularity. Sales of about 1,650,000 shares constituted a record for the current movement and the number of separate issues traded in probably established a precedent.

Lower money rates, cumulative indications of industrial and commercial betterment and higher quotations for such basic commodities as the pig iron and finished iron and steel were among the developments which continued to stimulate bullish sentiment and diminish the short interest.

Gains of one to almost five points during the forenoon were made largely under the auspices of equipments, domestic oils, junior steels, leathers, paper specialties and shippings, tobacco and chain store issues.

The only sharp reversal of the session came in the final hour when Mexican Petroleum fell almost five points from its early best and caused other leaders to react one to three points.

## N. Y. Quotations

Table of N. Y. Quotations listing various stocks and their prices, including Allied Chem, Am Borch, Am Can, Am Loco, Am Int Corp, Am Sugar, Am Smelters, Am Sumatra, Asphalt, Am Tel, Atholton, Anaconda, Atl Gulf, Beth Steel, Baild Loco, B and O, B and S, Can Pacific, Corn Prod, Coca Cola, Corden Oil, C & E I Pld, Credible, Can Leather, Cen Lea Pld, Chandler, Cuban Cane, Erie Com, Gen Motors, G N Pld, Inspiration, Inter Paper, Irvinville, Indus Alcohol, Kelly Spg, Kennecott, Kinley Whl, Lack Steel, Midvale, Mid States Oil, Mag Peter, Mo Pacific, N Y N H & H, North Am Co, Northern Pac, Panna, Pan Amer, Pierce Arq, Pere Marq, Pure Oil, Pacific Oil, Reading, Rock Island, Roy Dutch, R I and S, Re Stores, South Pac, South Ry, Sunoco, Sudebaker, Stromberg, Sine Oil, Texas Co, Trans Ry, Utah Cpr, Union Oil, Union Pac, U S Steel, U S Rubber, Weather, T P C & O, Sterling, and N Y Funds.

## Heavy Offerings And Lessened Buying Power On Chicago Board

Prices Scored Moderate Advance Based on Quotations from Liverpool.

Chicago, April 13—Offerings increased and buying power gave out in the Chicago wheat market today after prices had scored a moderate advance based to some extent on higher quotations at Liverpool.

## Plenty of Labor For Farm Work In New England

But Farmers Are Getting Along With Minimum of Hired Help.

Worcester, Mass., April 13.—An abundance of labor available for farm work in New England at current wages was reported tonight by the local office of the Federal Bureau of Markets and Crop Estimates.

## Stradivaris Brought \$9,000

Paris (Special).—A Stradivari violin for which the maker, Antonius Stradivari received 30 francs when he made it at Cremona in 1735, has just been sold here for 103,400 francs including the war-tax.

## AUSTRIA RECEIVES GERMAN LOCOMOTIVES

Vienna (Special).—Germany's bid for business is illustrated by the fact that the Austrian railway administration announces it is sending locomotives and other rolling stock there for repair.

## LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 13.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing prices: April 1906; May, 1906; June, 1906; July, 1906; August, 1906; September, 1906; October, 1906; November, 1906; December, 1906.

## SAVANNAH TRADE

Savannah, April 13.—Turpentine firm 79 to 79 1/2; sales 143; receipts 177; shipments 2; stock 1,687. Rosta firm; sales 127; receipts 1,167; shipments 558; stock 59,237.

## Brazilian High Liner On Montreal Market Trading

Despite Fact Twenty-Eight New Highs Were Reached Market Prices Sagged.

Montreal, April 13—Another close on forty thousand shares day was recorded on the local stock exchange today and, despite the fact that at one time or another in the day 28 new highs were reached, prices showed a noticeable sagging.

## Prices Nominal On Sugar Market

Only Moderate Trade Recorded in Raw Sugar Futures.

New York, April 13—The early raw sugar market was unchanged with no sales reported. Spot prices were nominal; with late April and May shipment Caneas quoted at 2 1/2 cents cost and freight, equal to 4.11 for centrifugal.

## Toronto Board of Trade Quotations

Toronto, April 13—Manitoba wheat, No. 1 Northern, \$1.51 1/2; Nos. 2, 3 and 4 wheat not quoted. Manitoba oats—No. 2 cw, 60 1/4; No. 3 cw, 60 1/4; extra No. 1 feed, 56 3/4; No. feed, not quoted.

## Montreal Sales

(Compiled by McDougall and Cowans 58 Prince Wm. St.) Open High Low Close. All Sugar 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 24 1/2. Ash Pld 80 80 79 79. Prompt 27 1/2 27 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2.

## Unlisted Sales

Toronto, April 13—Unlisted sales: 20 Dominion Tex 149 1/4. 800 Lake Shore 22 1/2. 5 Asbestos Corporation 61 1/4. 20 Can Cottons 90 1/4.

## Cotton Market

New York, April 13. Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: January 17 1/4; February 17 1/4; March 17 1/4; April 17 1/4; May 17 1/4; June 17 1/4; July 17 1/4; August 17 1/4; September 17 1/4; October 17 1/4; November 17 1/4; December 17 1/4.

## London Oils

London, April 13—Close: Calcutta Hnesed—35 sd; sperm oil, 2 1/2 per ton. Petroleum—American refined, 1s 11 1/2; refined, 1s 11 1/2; Turpentine spirits—71s. 6d per cwt. in barrels.

## Small Encouragement To Wheat Market From Foreign Purchasers

Coarse Grains Fairly Active During Wednesday's Session, Displaying Higher Tendency.

Winnipeg, April 13—The wheat market continued exceedingly dull but firm again today, and prices were ranging fractionally higher till near the close, when a decline was recorded.

## Liberty Issues Dominated The N. Y. Bond Market

Strength of British Exchange Rate Exerted Good Influence on Foreign Offerings.

New York, April 13—Liberty issues were the dominant features of today's very extensive trading in the bond market, practically all of that series, notably the 3 1/2's, rising to par or better on transactions which involved single blocks of \$1,000,000.

## Bell Telephone Issue

A few of the reasons why you should buy: Forty-five years' successful operation. An unbroken record of 5% dividends for 36 years. Assets in excess of \$60,000,000.

## Royal Securities Corporation

Telephone Main 2346 54 Prince William St. ST. JOHN, N. B. F. M. KEATOR Branch Manager Montreal - Toronto - Halifax - Winnipeg - Vancouver - New York - London

## Tax Exempt BONDS

We have a selected list ready to send to you on request. J. M. Robinson & Sons, Ltd. ST. JOHN Moncton Fredericton

## Paul F. Blanchet

Chartered Accountant Telephone Connection St. John and Rothesay

## Gas Buggies—Taken from the Advertisements.

GOSH—I FEEL PRETTY GOOD TODAY—GUESS I'LL DOPE OUT A WAY FOR EVERY ONE TO ENJOY THIS SUMMER.

## For Investment We Recommend Bonds

Ask for our list giving particulars of Bonds selling to yield 5.35 p.c. to 8 p.c. Correspondence invited.

## Eastern Securities Company Limited

St. John, N. B. Halifax, N. S.

## Assured Dividends

The King Edward Hotel Company Limited of Toronto has just declared its regular half-yearly dividend at the rate of 10 p. c. per annum.

## THOMAS, ARMSTRONG & BELL

INVESTMENT SECURITIES 101 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET ST. JOHN, N. B. S. Allen Thomas, Donald W. Armstrong, T. Moffatt Bell.

## Right To Denied

Berling, April 13—The government of the German Republic, who has a policy of high wages and high prices, is a member of the labor party.

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INVESTMENT SECURITIES 101 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET ST. JOHN, N. B. S. Allen Thomas, Donald W. Armstrong, T. Moffatt Bell.

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## THOMAS, ARMSTRONG & BELL

## Assured Dividends

The King Edward Hotel Company Limited of Toronto has just declared its regular half-yearly dividend at the rate of 10 p. c. per annum.

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## THOMAS, ARMSTRONG & BELL

# CANADIAN PACIFIC LIMITED

**SAILINGS FROM ST. JOHN**

TO LIVERPOOL	TO GLASGOW
Apr. 22 ..... Empress of Britain	Apr. 21 ..... Corsican
TO SOUTHAMPTON-ANTWERP	
Apr. 15 ..... Mollie	

CUBA AND JAMAICA, BY S. S. SICILIAN.  
From St. John: Apr. 21, May 11. From Boston, Apr. 23, May 23.

**ST. LAWRENCE SAILINGS**

QUEBEC-CHERBOURG-SOUTHAMPTON-HAMBURG

May 4, June 27	Empress of Scotland
May 14, June 11	Empress of France

QUEBEC-LIVERPOOL

May 23, June 20, July 11	Empress of Britain
May 23, June 20, July 11	Empress of France

MONTREAL-LIVERPOOL

May 4, June 10	Soudan
May 24, June 21, July 19	Meditra
June 7, July 5	Mimodra

MONTREAL - SOUTHAMPTON - GLASGOW

July 2	Scottia
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MONTREAL-GLASGOW

May 6, June 3, July 1	Metropola
May 13, June 10, July 8	Montevideo
May 20, June 17, July 15	Tunisian
May 27, June 24, July 22	Corsican

MONTREAL-NAPLES

May 6	Montreal
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MONTREAL-NAPLES-GENOA

June 23	Montreal
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Apply to Local Agents or—  
N. B. DUMBRAY, Dist. Pass. Agent, 40 King Street, St. John, N. B.

# CUNARD ANCHOR-DONALDSON

**Canadian Services**

Comard Line.

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

May 6, June 10, July 15	Albatross
May 24, July 29, Sept. 3	Tyrone
July 2, Aug. 12, Sept. 16	Albatross

MONTREAL TO PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG AND LONDON

June 17, July 21, Aug. 26	Andania
July 1, Aug. 5, Sept. 9	Astoria

**Anchor-Donaldson Line.**

PORTLAND, HALIFAX, GLASGOW

FROM PORTLAND FROM HALIFAX

Apr. 13	Saratoga
Apr. 15	Saratoga

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW

May 5, June 2, June 30	Cassandra
May 13, June 14, July 14	Saratoga
May 20, July 21, Aug. 18	Astoria

Call at Mollie (freight).

For rates of passage, freight and further particulars, apply to local agents.

THE ROBERT REFORM CO. Limited, General Agents,  
162 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

**EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.**

Until the resumption of service on the International Line between Boston and St. John, freight shipments for the Province from the United States, especially Boston and New York, should be routed care Hapagard S. S. Lines, Boston, and same will come forward every week by the Y. S. S. Co. and S. S. "Keith Can" to St. John. This weekly service means prompt dispatch of freight.

Rates and full information on application.

A. C. CURRIE, Agent,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Commencing March 6th and until further notice while the S.S. Connors Bros. is in for inspection, the Aux. Sch. Brunswick Maid will receive freight on Mondays in Thorne's Ship.

Lewis Connors, Manager.  
Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., Agents.

**Right To Strike Denied Employees Of Berlin Gov't**

Berlin, April 10.—(Special.)—The right to strike is denied employees of the government in an order issued by the German Minister of Transportation, who characterized the recent strike of engineers on the government railways as a "revolt of officials." A majority of high government officials and members of the Reichstag support this position.

Labor quarters and particularly Communist circles take issue with the government, admitting that the officials are bound "in obedience" to the state, but on the other hand are working men and women who must combat unfavorable work and living conditions with weapons available. The strike is the only effective weapon within reach, they hold.

Use of emergency workers. Even the Technische Nothilfe, to keep essential public utilities operating during strikes, heretofore had been tacitly recognized by labor which furnished members of the association, now in general command by more radical labor and received slight praise from conservative labor elements.

The Technische Nothilfe was an important factor in breaking the strike of the strikers. It is argued, and the evidence has shown that not a good number of the public but an emergency government.

**Landru's Barber Goes On Strike**

Paris.—(Special.)—M. Rapillon, the barber of Versailles prison, who tripped the board of Henri D. Landru, the "Red Beard" convicted and executed for killing two women and a boy and cut the hair of the famous prisoner, has gone on a strike.

The barber had demanded an increase in wages which the prison authorities declined to grant. He had obtained good notice of publicity by reason of his services to Landru and expects now that he is in business for himself that many customers will seek him to obtain first-hand information of the celebrated murderer.

## MARINE NEWS

**MOON'S PHASES**

Full Moon	April 11
Last Quarter	April 15
New Moon	April 21

**PORT OF ST. JOHN, N. B.**

Thursday, April 13, 1922.

Arrived Wednesday.

Str. Chalour, West Indies, passengers, mails and general cargo.

Str. Batford, 2,805, Murray, London.

Sch. Maid of Scotland, Baltimore.

Coastwise—Sch. Snow Maiden, 43, Foster, Grand Starbuck.

Cleared Wednesday.

Sch. Maurice R. Thurlow, 1,172, Watson, for Tampa.

Coastwise—Strs. Empress, 613, MacDonald, for Digby; Keith Can, 117, McKinnon, for Westport.

Sailed Wednesday.

Str. Canadian Leader, 3,845, Robertson, for Halifax.

Steamers in Port.

Canadian Banner, in the stream.

Lord Austin, at No. 4, Sand Point.

Spartford, at C. P. R. wharf.

Can. Aviator, at No. 14.

Can. Trapper, at Long wharf, east.

Lagar County, at Sweeney's.

Otarana, at No. 7, Sand Point.

Manchester Corporation, at Long wharf, west.

Mollie, at No. 6, Sand Point.

Mottisfont, at Pettinfill.

Cornish Point, at No. 2, Sand Point.

Grand County, at No. 15, Sand Point.

Can. Leader, at Long wharf, east.

Carrigan Head, at No. 5, Sand Point.

Chalour, at McLeod's wharf.

Chalour, at No. 4, North, Sand Point.

Shipping Notes.

Steamer Seneca sailed from Baltimore Tuesday for St. John.

Steamer Carrigan Head shifted yesterday morning from No. 5 berth to the Pettinfill wharf to load grain for Ireland.

Steamer Canadian Leader sailed for Halifax yesterday.

Steamer Ontario will sail Saturday or Monday for Australia and New Zealand.

Steamer Trafalgar, sailed Tuesday night for Norfolk.

Steamer Spartford will sail Saturday night for Havana with a cargo of potatoes.

Steamer Cornish Point will sail this evening for Constantinople and Black Sea.

The freighter Batford arrived yesterday morning from London.

The Trafalgar sailed Tuesday night in ballast for Norfolk.

The Saldhill arrived Tuesday afternoon from Texas City with a cargo of oil for the Courtenay Bay tanks.

Ship anchored at the island and will dock at Courtenay Bay.

The Montezuma sailed Tuesday night for Havana, via Boston, with a large cargo.

The Seneca sailed from Baltimore for St. John Tuesday.

**St. Lawrence Route To Europe To Be Made More Popular**

**Joint Management of Canadian Pacific Rail and Ocean Lines on the Job.**

Montreal, April 12.—With the intention of still further popularizing the St. Lawrence route to Europe, the Canadian Pacific Railway has instituted a greatly improved service in the matter of train connections of Canadian Pacific trains with Canadian Pacific steamships at the ports of Montreal and Quebec. Under this arrangement, which is made possible by the joint management of railways and ocean lines, passengers from Victoria and Vancouver, and all in intermediate points, bound for Europe are practically transferred to an uninterrupted journey to their destination.

For some years Canadian Pacific steamships have been sailing at 10 a.m. passengers travelling by afternoon train from Montreal and Toronto and by night trains from Hamilton and Toronto (Yonge street station), both due at Montreal at 8 a.m. have connected with steamships sailing from Montreal at 10 a.m., or with the steamship special leaving Montreal at 9 a.m. for steamships sailing from Quebec. Under the new arrangement this guarantee of connection with steamships is extended more surely to travellers from points further West. If any of the trains from Western points, bearing steamship passengers, are delayed in arrival at Montreal, the steamships will be held two hours, if by so doing the passengers can embark at that point. If the delay is longer, the steamship will proceed to Quebec and there await the delayed passengers. Every effort will be made to have these trains connect with the steamship at Montreal, but if they are by any chance prevented from so doing, or do not connect with the steamship special from Montreal to Quebec, the company will arrange transportation from Montreal to Quebec for passengers booked to sail from Montreal.

Attendants will meet the train at Windsor station, Montreal, to assist passengers in transferring to the ships; or if calling from Quebec to assist their transfer to the train that is to carry them to the steamship dock at the latter port.

Whichever declined to grant. He had obtained good notice of publicity by reason of his services to Landru and expects now that he is in business for himself that many customers will seek him to obtain first-hand information of the celebrated murderer.

## BRITISH WORKERS OBJECT TO BEING REGARDED AS MACHINES

### Claim That They Have the Right to be Consulted on Workshop Administration.

London, April 12.—The dispute in the British engineering industry arising out of questions of the right to determine when overtime shall be worked, and other matters affecting managerial control, has brought into prominence once more the problem of the relations between employers and workers in so far as they are concerned with conditions in the workshop.

While it is true to say that in recent months the small but aggressively vocal movement for full control of industry has received very definite setback there can be no doubt that a widespread feeling has grown up among engineering workers that they ought not to be regarded as mere hands or human machines. They demand that they are entitled to be consulted on various matters of workshop administration, and the overtime question may be taken as a typical example.

The employers, it is argued by the men and their officials, admit the right of the unions to negotiate on the question of the number of hours to be worked, but any advantage derived from this is rendered nugatory if an individual employer is able to organize his works on the basis of regular or systematic overtime. The men contend that this means that unemployment is caused and that the workers who are retained are deprived of their due leisure.

Retrospectively.

The attitude taken up by the Engineering Employers' Federation, that they must revert to the conditions under which the managers decide those matters absolutely and without qualification is regarded by some individual employers as a retrograde move.

They take the view that the claim for consultation is not unreasonable, and that unless it is met satisfactorily the difficulties in administering the workshop efficiently and economically must continue to grow. In effect these employers accept the view that capitalist production must become more and more influenced by the conception of industry as a social service, in which employers, managers, and workers can co-operate on a basis of common interest.

Both success and failure have been recorded in experiments initiated during the past year or two with the object of trying to permeate industry with this new spirit. These have shown that much depends on the temperament and motives of the employers and managers, and recently the main elements of the problem have been set forth by Charles Renold, the head of the famous Manchester firm of chain makers. Mr. Renold has achieved, after three years of hard patient work, what he regards as the most important step of success yet attained in the question of industrial co-operation and harmony, and the record of his experience is illuminating at a time arrangements for the settlement of workers are drifting into acute antagonisms.

Joint Works Committee.

The first experiment took the form of the creation of two joint works committees. One was elected specifically by workers and management to discuss the amenities of the factory, welfare, recreations, clubs, canteen administration, and so on. The other was constituted by the shop stewards and representatives of the management, with the specific object of dealing with the application of trade union agreements on wages and hours. This dual arrangement soon broke down, owing to lack of continuous work and interest for the amenities committee. This committee was therefore dissolved and in its place a committee of management, of the canteen, recreation and other clubs, was appointed by the workmen themselves, the firm's financial contribution being made to this committee.

The shop stewards' joint committee was then gradually enlarged to cover all matters of workshop administration, as well as wages and hours. At first much trouble was encountered by reason of the non-attendance of workers in the British engineering industry owing to the war of the past, rate cutting, and other mistakes which many employers now freely admit. The motives of the firm in so doing up the joint committee were questioned, but frank discussion—the basis of which Mr. Renold always proceeds—soon dispelled this suspicion.

Position of Foreman.

Another real difficulty arose over the position of the foreman and other supervisors under the new regime. Men informed the shop stewards of grievances, and these were brought up in the joint committee before the foreman were given an opportunity of dealing with them. Again frank discussions proved to be a solvent. The shop stewards were rapidly becoming convinced that there was a definite managerial point of view, and that the problems of management, both administrative and commercial, were very real, agreed that workshop discipline was essential and that the claims of the foreman must be maintained. They also convinced the workers of this, so that the foreman were given an opportunity of dealing with grievances before reference to the committee.

When acute trouble developed in connection with a particular foreman, and a whole shop declared that they would not work under him, Mr. Renold persuaded both sides that there was no loss of discipline in thrashing out the whole issue face to face. This was done, first in the joint committee, and afterwards in a full meeting of the



**SURPRISE**  
A PURE HARD SOAP  
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**Always Good**

Every time you buy "SURPRISE" you get a big, bright, solid bar of the highest grade household soap.

**Classified Advertisements**

One cent and a half per word each insertion. No discount. Minimum charge 25c.

**WANTED**

WANTED—To buy or rent for May 1st, a two family house in central part of city. Send full particulars to Box 20, care Standard office.

WANTED—PERSONS TO GROW VEGETABLES for us at home; from 25¢ per week upwards can be made by using waste space in Cellars, Yards, Gardens, etc. (start now); illustrated booklet sent from Address Montreal Supply Company, Montreal.

**ENGRAVERS**

F. O. WESLEY & CO. artists and Engravers, 48 Water Street, Telephone M. 882.

**DANCING**

PRIVATE DANCING LESSONS, on Saturdays and evenings, 8, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 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THE WEATHER

Toronto, April 12.—The disturbance which was over the Georgian Bay last night has moved slowly eastward to Ottawa Valley and the one which was near New York is now centred near the Bay of Fundy. Showers have occurred in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The weather has been cool in the West with light snow in Alberta.

AROUND THE CITY

CHILD DEAD. Friends of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Mountain of 269 Duke street, will be sorry to learn of the death of their young son, Elmer Colwell. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION. At a largely attended meeting of the directors of the Exhibition Association, held Tuesday evening, reports were received from various committees and plans for this year's show talked over.

BUILDING PENT HOUSE. On account of the fact that the steel pent-house, ordered by the firm, was being erected at the head of the elevator shaft in city hall, the elevator is not in operation. It is expected that the work will be completed in a day or two.

LOST CHILD. Master Gerald Walsh, a three year old wanderer, was picked up in a rather bewildered condition on Union street yesterday afternoon at about 4 o'clock by Policeman Dykeman, who took him to the Central Police Station where his father found him several hours later.

WANTS LISTS RETURNED. H. E. Wardrop, command clerk, said yesterday that some of the commissioners who officiated at the polls in the elections on Monday had not returned the ward lists used in their polls. He said that the same lists would be used in the final on April 24 he would like to have them returned.

HIT BY MOTOR. Gordon Leavitt, a young lad of 49 North street was struck by one of M. R. A.'s motor trucks driven by Walter Letimer on Pond street at about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He received injuries about the head and was rushed to the General Public Hospital, where it was found that his injuries were not of a serious nature, and after having his wounds dressed he was able to return to his home.

FINAL MEETING. The final meeting in connection with the seaman's training course was held last evening in Trinity church Sunday school rooms, and was largely attended. An interesting address was delivered to the candidates by Dr. William McIntosh, on the subject of "Campcraft," dealing with the selection of sites, necessary equipment, and essentials in camping. After the address, a social hour was spent during which refreshments were served.

ONE OF THE FINEST. Centenary Church may now boast of having one of the finest organs in Eastern Canada. During the past few weeks, a crew of men, under the direction of Mr. Laune, representing Messrs. Casavant Bros. of Quebec, have been engaged in making extensive repairs and improvements to the organ. These repairs have necessitated considerable expense, but the congregation are well satisfied with the results, and the organ is now on a par with the best in the eastern provinces.

CLOSING SERVICE. The closing service in the evangelistic campaign at the Waterloo street Baptist church was held last evening, and proved very successful. The meeting, which was well attended, enjoyed a song service, after which the pastor, Rev. J. A. Sweetman, delivered an address on "What is Life?" At the close of the service, three persons offered themselves for baptism and church membership, and they will be baptized at the evening service on Sunday.

RADIO TELEPHONY POSSIBLY IN N. B. In view of the fact that a number of people have expressed their desire to make use of the system of radio telephony, which is becoming quite popular in the United States and Canada, the Commercial Club of St. John intend to promote a project to this end. The only difficulty which might be experienced, in this regard, would arise from the necessity of securing a broadcasting station. With this in view, the promoters are endeavoring to make arrangements for the use of the station at Newmarket, N. B. The secretary of the Commercial Club would be pleased to receive communications from people throughout the province, interested in this new experiment in telephony.

MANUFACTURERS' ASSN. DELEGATES ARRIVE FROM AN EXTENDED TOUR

Greatly Impressed With Conditions Existing in Countries They Visited—President W. S. Fisher Tells of the Trip to West Indies and British Guiana.

Greatly impressed with the conditions existing in the countries which they visited, and enthusiastic and optimistic regarding the possibilities of Canada's export trade with these countries, the party of twenty-four representatives of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, who have been making an extended tour of British Guiana and the West Indies, studying business conditions in those places, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, on the R. M. S. P. Chaleur. They all expressed great pleasure at the trip, and their views showed marked optimism regarding the opportunities, open to Canadian manufacturers and business men, in the countries to the south, with whom Canada is linked by a preferential tariff agreement. Among those composing the party were W. Shives Fisher, of St. John, president of the association; G. Clifford McCreedy, of St. John; J. W. Davidson, St. John; W. H. Shapley, Toronto; Sir Alex. Bertram, Dundas, Ont.; Col. H. L. Edmonds, Ingersoll, Ont.; H. V. Green, Walkerville, Ont.; J. D. Johnson, Montreal; W. J. Alchison, Hamilton, Ont.; S. L. Gunn, London, Ont.; James Anderson, Windsor, Ont.; Geo. J. Lippert, Kitchener, Ont.; H. Pocock, London, Ont.; G. F. Towers, Montreal; Col. R. W. Leonard, St. Catharines, Ont.; Col. A. Hatch, Hamilton, Ont.; R. H. Turner, Peterboro, Ont.; J. D. Bradshaw and W. J. Bradshaw, Toronto; P. H. Stratton, Peterboro, Ont.; H. A. Johnston, Montreal; K. H. Whitman, Halifax; C. H. Payne, representing the Department of Trade and Commerce; C. K. Howard, representing the Canadian National Railways, and C. M. M. With the exception of the St. John members, the party left for their homes, last evening, by C.N.R., the 6:10 train being held over for an hour for their accommodation, on account of the fact that the boat did not arrive until nearly six o'clock.

Mr. W. S. Fisher, of St. John, president of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, who headed the party, described the trip as one of the most interesting and pleasant which it had been his good fortune to make. "Our party," he said, "started from Halifax on the 'Canadian Fisher' on February 16th. Their first stop was at Nassau, in the Bahamas; their second at Kingston, Jamaica, and from there we proceeded to Panama, Venezuela, Trinidad, where we stayed 11 days—British Guiana, Grenada, St. Vincent, Barbados, St. Lucia, Dominica, Montserrat, Antigua, St. Kitts, and finally Bermuda. The transportation arrangements throughout were of the best, and for this we owe our thanks not only to the Canadian National Railways, and the Canadian Government Merchant Marine who made the arrangements, and to the officers and crew of the 'Canadian Fisher,' which took the party from Halifax to Jamaica, but also to the personnel of the White Star Line 'Meganitic,' on which boat we traveled from Jamaica to Trinidad, and last but not least, to the officials of the R.M.S.P. line, and to Captain Hill, the officers and crew of the R. M. S. P. 'Chaleur.' To their interest in the Canadian party and to their unfailing courtesy is due no small part of the success of the last four weeks of our tour.

We went South with the idea of studying the conditions prevailing in British Guiana and the Islands of the West Indies and the Islands of the West Indies which are linked in a preferential tariff agreement. I think I may say that we have come back with information and very much impressed with what we saw. I would like to say a few words about the business aspect of the case. We found Canada firmly established as the supplier of foodstuffs. Our virtual monopoly of the flour and fish trade shows what can be done when we possess natural advantages and get after the business. Our exports of manufactured goods are also on the increase, both from the point of view of quantity and number of lines. But we could see clearly that there was room for further expansion and we were told that the best way of ensuring that expansion was by personal representation. United States firms have their travellers constantly going through the West Indies, and I believe that this is by far the best method of doing so. Any Canadian firm which is satisfied that a good business may be developed in the lines it manufactures. The development of our trade with these British Colonies will be assisted by various things—by the preferential tariff—by improved steamship services—by the activity of the Department of Trade and Commerce, and by the facilities provided by Canadian banks which are located in the South. We were impressed by the volume of business done by these Canadian banks, and by their evident high standing in the community. There are only two points we visited during our entire trip where we did not find a branch of the Royal Bank of Canada. The Bank of Nova Scotia was strong in Jamaica. We found the Canadian Bank of Commerce opening at various places, and through the Islands we came in touch with the Colonial Bank, an English institution in which the Bank of Montreal has recently acquired an interest. These banks are able and willing to furnish Canadian firms with credit reports on the houses of the South, and they are sincerely anxious to assist Canadian trade by providing names or obtaining information of almost any description. The activities of Canadian Trade Commissioners in the South will be important in the development of our business. They are sources of information and they are also what I might call Trade Scouts, pointing the way to fresh business and advising our exporters of any complaints they hear. We all hope that this Trade Commission Service will be maintained at a high pitch of practical efficiency. I would like to say to those Canadian business men who have never visited the West Indies that one trip would remove all their fears in regard to the prospect of doing business in these places. The same caution that we use in Canada is all that is required in the South. Our banks can tell us which are good firms and which are not, and let me say that when they are good, they are very good indeed. In spite of prevailing business conditions, the majority of the importing firms are of high financial standing and worthy of reasonable credit.

Taking the British West Indies and British Guiana as a whole, sugar is the most important article produced, consequently the 1920 slump in sugar and the later disorganization of the sugar market had an adverse effect on business. Cocoa, too, suffered from low prices. The markets for both these commodities have improved slightly during the last few months, while the market for rubber supplies have declined. I believe that 1922 will be a better year for the British West Indies than 1921. Provided nothing unforeseen occurs they should receive their normal purchasing power in the not far distant future. We heard it said in most of the places visited that Canada was not buying all the West Indian products she might. They are not entirely satisfied with the state of the sugar trade between us. Cocoa and coconuts, too, they think we might buy direct in larger quantities. They ask Canada to buy direct from them instead of buying British West Indian products through other sources. In Dominica they pointed out to us, the superiority of limes over lemons, and were anxious to develop a trade with Canada in that article, which apparently is marketed at a very low price. There seems to be little doubt that our direct purchases from the British West Indies could be increased to our mutual advantage. On our side we pointed out that the personal representation which was thought necessary for the sale of Canadian goods in the South was just as necessary if more British West Indian products were to be sold in Canada.

At every point we visited the local Chamber of Commerce or Agricultural Society arranged business meetings, where we could hear the views of the leading business men of the community. At these meetings, freeness of opinion was made to the fact that documents covering shipments of Canadian goods were often late in arriving, thus causing great annoyance and delay to the importers. Apparently some inland Canadian firms, when shipping from Halifax have the documents sent back from that point to their offices in order to make out their drafts whereas the only satisfactory mode of procedure is to have the documents completed by their agents at their bank at the shipping port and dispatched on the same boat with the goods.

Another complaint we heard of was of the local market. It had to do with eight drafts arriving before the goods and being at once presented for payment. It would be better for Canadian firms to give instructions to their agents as to what drafts should be presented before the arrival of the steamer carrying the goods.

I have left to the last any mention of the reception which we were given at the local banks at the shipping port and dispatched on the same boat with the goods. At every point we visited the local Chamber of Commerce, British West Indian hospitality is proverbial, but it was a relief to find that it was scarcely a place where we did not have the honor of being entertained at Government House, and the houses of the residents were thrown open to us. The return of the Canadian Banks took a prominent part in all that was done. I can say for all the members of our party when I say that we return deeply impressed with the kindness of the citizens of the British West Indies, Bermuda and British Guiana, and with the beauty of the places in which we lived. It is well worth any one's while to take such a trip as we have just completed. Those in the South hope that we in Canada will recognize the possibilities of the trade with the West Indies, and that Canadian capital will interest itself in building suitable hotels at certain points. More frequent travel between these two sections of the British Empire, more visits to the South by leading Canadian business men, and a more intimate knowledge on both sides of the characteristics and requirements of our respective countries would perhaps do as much as the preferential tariff to develop the trade which we are all so interested in. We found throughout the places we visited—even the foreign countries—an evident desire to do business with Canada, where possible, and I consider that in itself a most encouraging omen for the future of our export trade.

PROSPECTIVE BRIDES. There's a large measure of delight for the bride and her friends in the presentation and receipt of Plummer's engraved announcements and cards. Particular people demand Plummer's engraving. Out of town orders receive prompt attention. 107 Charlotte street. Phone Main 4101 and West 75.

PERSONALS. Hon. Dr. J. B. M. Baxter, M. P., and Col. MacLaren, M. P., arrived home from Ottawa, yesterday for the Easter holidays. Luke Morrison, Fredericton, was doing business in the City yesterday. Alexander Crawford who has been confined to the house two weeks by illness is now able to be about.

Fifty Year Jewel For James Moulson

Grand Old Man of Pythian Order Honored by St. John Members of the Order.

Before one of the largest gatherings of Pythians ever held in the city, Grand Chancellor James S. Lord, who last evening paid an official visit to New Brunswick Lodge No. 1, presented on behalf of the members of the four lodges in the city, a jewel emblematic of fifty years membership in the order. The jewel was presented to the Grand Chancellor of the Maritime Domain and for some years Supreme Representative and one who had filled several important positions. The Grand Chancellor gave an excellent address on Friendship, the corner stone of the Order of Knights of Pythias, and an excellent programme was carried out. The rank of page was exemplified, a call of eleven candidates being on hand and the work was put on in splendid style by the officers of the lodge.

At the conclusion of the rank work the chancellor commander of the lodge, Oscar Dick, called on Grand Chancellor Lord for an address. The Grand Chancellor expressed his thanks for the knightly and courteous greeting which he had received and complimented the officers of the lodge on the splendid manner in which they had performed their duties. He was sure the pages would remember the lesson taught by the rank, that of friendship. The Order of Knights of Pythias was one of the greatest of the fraternal orders, to him the greatest of all and in the fifty-eight years since it was founded had had a phenomenal growth, not only in numbers, but in the quality of its membership.

The story of Damon and Pythias was the foundation stone of the order and it perpetuated the spirit of that man of ancient times who was willing to give up all, even life itself, for his friend. But it was not necessary to go away back in history to find examples of men who had given their lives for others, and in this connection he referred to the act of Fred Young, who lost his life trying to save a lad who had fallen into the raging waters of Courtenay Bay, an expressive of the same spirit which animated the hero of old.

He then referred to the foundation of the order in St. John fifty-two years ago, when through the instrumentality of John Beamish, New Brunswick Lodge was organized. Where he asked were the men who had been charter members of the organization. One of them was present at the meeting in the person of James Moulson, who in his fifty-two years of service in the order had filled many offices in the grand and supreme as well as the subordinate lodge. He was elected the first financial officer of New Brunswick Lodge. In the grand lodge, he was the first grand chancellor, and later filled the offices of grand master of exchequer and grand keeper of records and seals. In the supreme lodge he had filled the offices of supreme inner guard, supreme master at arms and supreme prelate.

He then called Bro. Moulson to the front and presented him with a jewel emblematic of fifty years of membership in the order, as token of esteem and respect from the members of the four city lodges, New Brunswick, No. 1; Union, No. 2; St. John, No. 39 and Carleton Tower, No. 37. The jewel was engraved on the back Mr. Moulson's name and the dates 1870-1922 and in the 75th jewel of its kind to be conferred on members of the order.

Mr. Moulson, who was taken entirely by surprise, replied in a very feeling manner, thanking the members for the kindly thought expressed in the gift, which he assured them would always be highly treasured by him. He gave a short history of the inception and growth of the order in St. John. Following the presentation to Mr. Moulson the following programme was carried out: solo, Ernest Till; reading, Stanley Irvine; solo, David Lattin; piano, E. G. Jones; solo, Fred Irvine. This was followed by two reels of moving pictures and refreshments, served by a most efficient committee.

Brought Large Passenger List

R. M. S. P. Chaleur Arrived in Port Yesterday—C. M. A. Party Welcomed.

The dock at McLeod's wharf was thronged with an expectant gathering of people yesterday afternoon, eagerly awaiting the arrival of the R. M. S. P. Chaleur, from Bermuda. Many relatives and friends of those composing the Canadian Manufacturers' Association party, who arrived here yesterday, were on hand to welcome the returning ones, and the wharf presented a busy appearance. The steamer docked at 5:45 o'clock, and almost immediately afterwards, owing to the prompt service of the officials, the passengers were able to disembark, and were soon on their way to their destinations.

The Chaleur, which was in charge of Captain Hill, was scheduled to leave Bermuda on Friday last, but was held over to enable the C. M. A. party on board to visit the island. She had a good trip to this port, experiencing the usual kind of weather for this time of year, and the passengers seemed well pleased with the voyage. The steamer carried 70 first, 1 second, and 25 third class passengers, of whom seven were Orientals, and five were naval ratings, destined for England. Particularly, she carried a fairly large cargo.

The St. John people arriving on the Chaleur were W. Shives Fisher, G. Clifford McCreedy, E. B. Machuga, and Mrs. J. W. Davidson. Shortly after the vessel docked, a council from the local Board of Trade, who were in the wharf to welcome the manufacturer party, were conducted on board the steamer, and were introduced to the members of the party by W. S. Fisher, president of the C. M. A. Among the Board of Trade representatives were President W. P. Burditt, Vice-President George E. Barbour, Secretary R. E. Armstrong, J. J. Harrison, H. C. Schofield, Harold Biting, and D. W. Ledingham.

Columbia Hot Shot Batteries. COST NO MORE -- LAST LONGER. In a Columbia Hot Shot Battery you get a four, five, or six cell unit, consisting of No. 6 Columbia Ignitors, permanently connected in series and impregnated in waterproof compound. The Columbia Hot Shot is especially adapted for ignition work of all kinds: starting, auxiliary, emergency and running. The Columbia Hot Shot is Low in Cost and saves you trouble, worry and loss of time in hunting for poor connections. It is moisture-proof and highly efficient. COLUMBIA DRY CELL BATTERIES have proven, by many actual tests, their superiority wherever a hard-working, honestly constructed, enduring battery is needed. They give the maximum amount of current at the minimum cost. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF NICE, NEW, FRESH COLUMBIA BATTERIES. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. HARDWARE MERCHANTS. Store Hours:—8 to 6. Open Saturday Evenings until 10.

Housecleaning Helps For Spring. The quicker and more easily you can clean and brighten up your home preparatory to the summer season, the more time will you have for rest, for social functions and for other pleasures. Here are some of the helps you'll need for spring housecleaning: O-Cedar and Liquid Veneer Mops, O-Cedar Polish, Liquid Veneer Polish; "Zog" for cleaning paints, Brass Polish, Silver Polish, Bon-Ami, Smoky City Wallpaper Cleaner, Dissolve for sink and closet drains, Johnson's Floor Wax, Butcher's Floor Wax, Self-rinsing Mops, Twine Mops, Scrub Brushes, Brooms, Feather Dusters, Bissell's Carpet Sweepers, "Muscoco" Wall Coating, Paints, Varnishes, Varnish Stains, Step Ladders and many other helps which you'll find here in abundance. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

New and Lower Prices for the Edison Diamond Amberola and Blue Cylinder Records.

You have often wanted an Edison Diamond Amberola, knowing it to be in a class by itself for clearness and purity of tone for an instrument of its kind, and yet, you felt that the price was rather beyond your reach. But Mr. Edison has removed that obstacle, because he wants more and more people to enjoy his Amberola which is now offered at new and lower prices.

Table with columns: New Amberola Prices, Former Retail Price, New Retail Price, New Prices of Records, Former Retail Price, New Retail Price. Includes items like Amberola 30, 50, 75 and various record titles.

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W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. Store Hours:—8 to 6. Open Saturday Evenings until 10.

Farewell Concert Greatly Enjoyed. Melita Concert Party Gave Excellent Entertainment at Seamen's Institute Last Night. The audience which taxed the capacity of the Seamen's Institute, last evening, thoroughly enjoyed the excellent programme, provided by the Melita Concert Party, in their farewell entertainment of the season. The personnel of the party was made up of artists, who have been heard to advantage in the city on prior occasions, and their performance, last evening added to their laurels. Every number on the programme was heartily applauded by the appreciative audience, and the artists were compelled to respond to several encores. L. P. D. Tilley presided as chairman of the evening. The following programme was carried out: Part 1. Pianoforte Solo—Geo. Beart Song "Love, here is my Heart"—A. H. Gray Electionist—J. Davis Song "Ashore"—Mrs. K. L. Thomas Comedian—Billy Williams Song "Parted"—A. H. Gray Comedian—A. H. Gray Humourist at the Piano—Geo. Beart Accompanist: Geo. Beart. THE STANDARD WILL NOT BE ISSUED FRIDAY—LEGAL HOLIDAY. Clifton House, all meals 60c.