

Reports Though Conflicting in Detail Appear to Agree that Kaiser's Men are Menacing Brussels - Arm of Belgian Forces is Now to Concentrate on Antwerp- Main Body of Allies Apparently Not Yet Engaged.

Grief Over Outbreak Of European War And Failure stirring Scene in House of Commons Yesterday When Sir Of Efforts To Bring Peace To Warring Nations Aggravated Illness And Hastened End---Elected To

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Robert Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier Voice Canada's Loyalty to England-When the Motherland is at War, So Too is Canada-Great Britain Battling for the Rights and

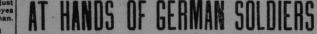
ce the forts. With Namur in their haintak, N. S., Aug. 19-Mobiliza-tion of the first of the Maritime provinces volunteers for overseas ser-vice begins tomorrow when various a Gembioux without fear of an advanced so far that Louvain and sels are being threatened. One ris tated that both these places been evacuated by the Belgians, rot nather serve and the interse heat in Rome had such achements to the different assembling points where special trains will be were received by the headquarters this is unbelleved. All battle de-of volunteers for a despatch of these corps of the sixth division here today ry and cavairy. To that heavy masses of Germans nearing Brussels supported by ar-ty and cavairy. To a despite out which showed that so far interfy-seven officers and 1.509 men-ated to the North and West pre-for the retreat, saying that con-of the retreat, saying that con-

Additional distribution of the retreat, saying that condition and conditions of the retreat, saying that condition and conditions and dore and the retreat, saying that condition and conditions and dore and the retreat and

Aug. 20.—1.20 a. m.—A been able to make considerable distributions of contrary taken and extend demandary and the analysis of the south of the south

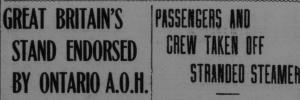
throne who, like all the Hapsburg ord was an ardent Catholic, and was sym the which the Vatican had but recently and concluded a friendly concordat. The Pope's views on peace, em-by bodied in an allocution delivered at the consistence of the second seco

In August, 1905, when the eminent lectors of the church were gathered ogether to select spiritual head for wo hundred million Catholics, the cry



electors of the church were gated for together to select spiritual head for two hundred million Catholics, the cry went up, "we want a holy man," and the choice fell upon him, though he cacepted the responsibility with re-luctance. The election of the patriarch of two hundred million Catholics, the cry went up, "we want a holy man," and the choice fell upon him, though he cacepted the responsibility with re-luctance. The election of the patriarch of two hundred millions and the upon him, though he gates of the fortress. Potatoes and four days. The states on cattle trucks to Cologne, bases of bled his predecessor Leo XIII, nota-the piety. In appearance the late pontiff the was a handsome man, and he possess-the was a handsome man, and he possess Rome, via Paris, Aug. 19-Adwith bayones, the rainans were take standing the German official denials Italian emigrants returning here to day confirm the report that they were ported by train to Magdeburg, via





Ottawa, Aug. 19.—Canadian Press: That this convention unanimously en-forses the action of Mr. John Red-mond, the Irish leader, who pledged when support of the Irish volunteers to the support of the Irish volunteers to

CITIZENS AID THE FOREIGN SERVICE MEN

Will raise funds for bene fit of Volunteers and their families--Insurance

The citizens' committee, to provide one suitable recognition of the ser-ces of the St. John men, who have lunteered for foreign service, met the Board of Trade rooms yester-y morning and completed arrange-ents for collecting money to carry it their plans. James F. Robertson d G. S. Mayes each donated \$1,000 wards the fund while the common uncil voted \$2,000. The meeting was called to order on after eleven o'clock by Mayor ink and there was a good atten-nce. R. E. Armstrong was appoint-secretary pro tem. Befors opening the meeting, the syor announced that the city had ted \$2,000 towards the fund and the nouncement was received with loud plause.

announcement was received with loud applause. The chairman read a statement though the statement of the statement showing that 119 men and two officers had left in the first contingent to South Africa from the whole of New Puruswick, and sixty-seven men and two officers in the second contingent, whereas it is expected that 400 men will go from this city alone in the near future. The South African fund amounted to \$26,853 from the whole province, of which the city of St John contributed about one-half. It was decided that the fund would be used for the benefit of volunteers going from St. John City and County. Naval reservists will also be included in the number to receive a share of the benefit.

the question of insuring the men discussed and a committee con-ing of A. P. Barnhill, H. P. Robin-and M. E. Agar was appointed to into the matter of insuring the and to recommend a company, rance for the men will be one of objects of the fund.

other purposes for which the fill be used will be designated executive committee. executive committee was then d as follows:

ected as follows: udg Forbes, Col. E. T. Sturdee, H. Robinson, G. S. Mayes, Mayor nk, E. Allan Schofield, A. P. Barn-, Richard Sullivan, L. P. D. Tilley, T. Hayes, G. A. Kimball, Miles E. ar, C. B. Allan, R. S. Armstrong, B. R. Armstrong and Col. H. H. Lean

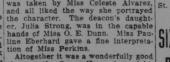
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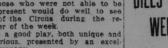


PIUS X. AND HIS PRIVATE SECRETARY, WHO IS

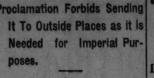
MENTIONED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SUCCESSION

The name of Cardinal Merry del Val, the Pope's private secretary, is mentioned frequently in connection with the succession to the Papai chair. He is the man nearest to the Pope, and the above picture shows them in the Vatican Gardens.





4



MORE SUGAR

IAMAICA WILL

EXPORT NO

THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1914.

Kingston, Ja., Aug. 19.—The gover-or has issued a proclamation forbid-ing the expertation of sugar from amaica. It is explained that the pro-uct is required for imperial purposes.

war time.



THE CONQUEST

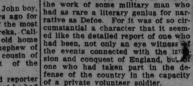
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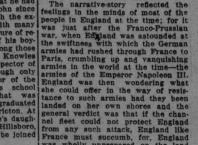
OPERA HOUSE

.

"The danger did not come on una-wares. It burst on us suddenly, 'the true, but its coming was foreshadow-ed plainly enough to open our eyes, if we had not been wilfully blind. We ndinight. Officers of the steamer and other eye witnesses gave evi-dence. The jury was composed as follows: T. Sherwin Peters, foreman; Thomas Burpee, Geo. H. Allingham, Richard Reid, David Moore, Michael Law, and J. W. Hamilton.









BIG

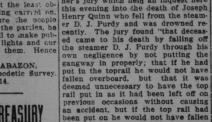
TTLE

EXTEN

THE G

Beginning of Real St ed-Belgians Ope Germans are Mal France-Kaiser

London, Aug. 19.-(2.30 p. n curt announcement in a telegration between the second seco fighting between Belgian and troops along an extended fi rally accepted in Lond as indicating the real beginn the first great battle in the eight nations. The German z gain reported to have been under the direct orders of







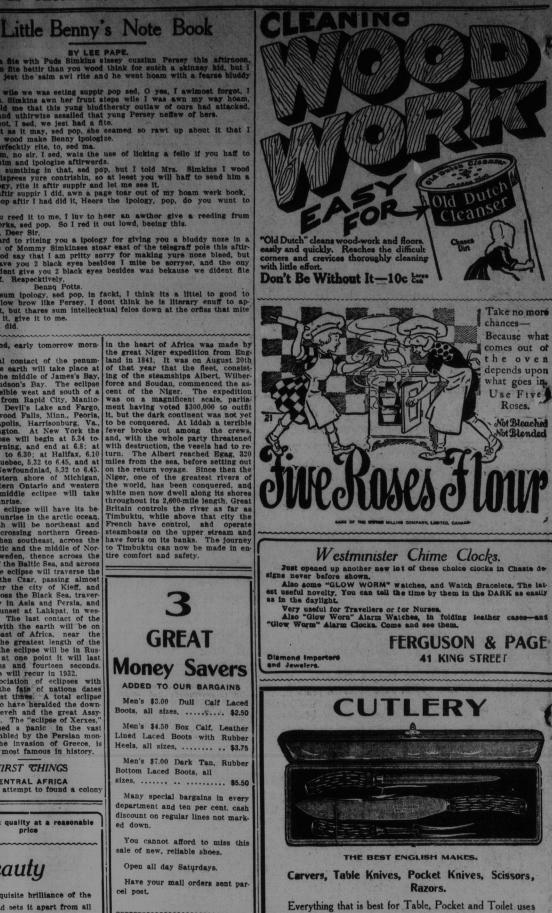
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THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, AUGUST '20. 1914

BY LEE PAPE.

The St. John Standard by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William street. St. John, N. B., Canada.

Diary of Events HISTORIC DAYS IN CANADA





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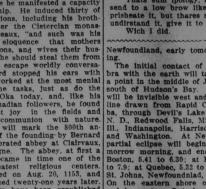
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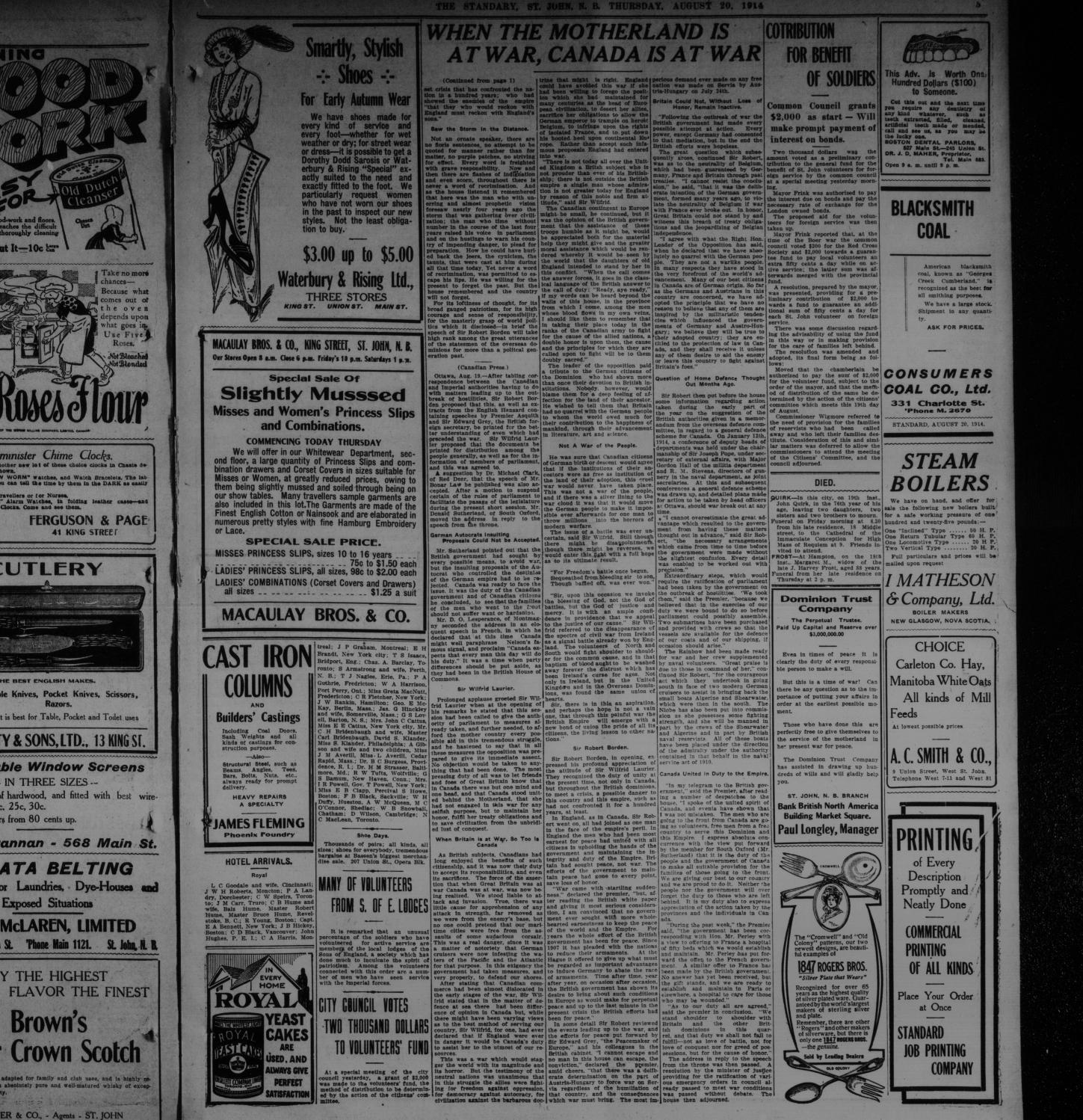


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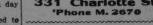


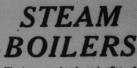
FOSTER & CO., - Agents - ST. JOHN







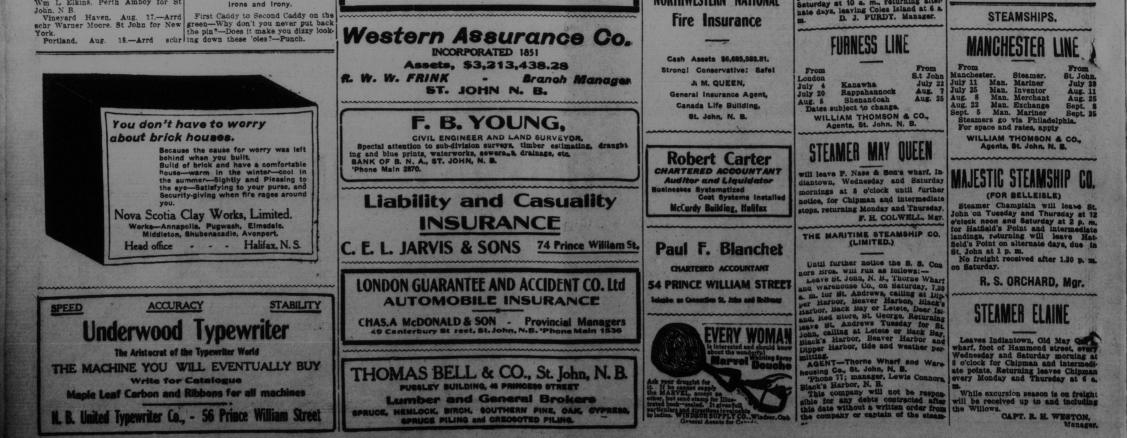












GEO. CARVILL, City Ticket Agent.

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Representation of the second second

THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1914

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STEAMSHIPS.

nships and Service

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15 lines of steamers, connecting the and linking the Maine Seaboard with

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ORTLAND-NEW YORK-Steel steamships North Land and Old Colony. STON-NEW YORK-Steel steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill.

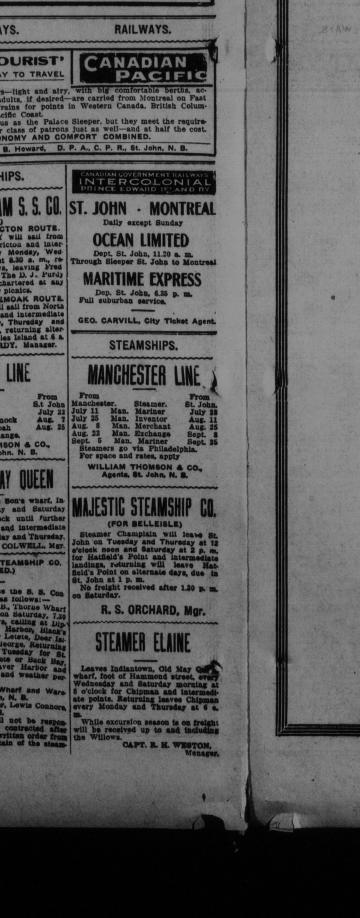
eless Telegraph. cruises among the islands along the coast.

ction will enjoy either the coastwise or the oston and the Metropolitan Line from a voyage of the Maine S. S. Line direct h the coastwise sail from St. John, Eastat local ticket office.

Metropolitan Steamship Line. In Screw Steamships Massachusetts and Bunkeel ill leave Boston daily at 5.00 p.m. for New York Dity direct, returning on the same schedule. Run ling time between the two cities, fifteen hours. Maine Steamship Line. rect service between Portland and New York caves Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tuesdays, Thurs lays and Saturdays at 5.30 p.m. Monday day trips eaving Portland at 1.030 a.m., for New York.

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A. E. FLEMING, Agt,. St. John, N. B.



No Increase in the Price of— Cowan's Perfection Cocoa

To reassure our customers and the Trade generally in the face of so many advances and rumored advances in the cost of food products, Tea, Coffee, etc., we have decided to announce definitely that there will be no advance in price of <u>COWAN'S PERFECTION</u> <u>COCOA</u>, 5-lb., 1-lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 10c tins, between now and Christmas. Further than this we cannot look ahead.

We believe it to be the duty of all Canadian Manufacturers to do their utmost during the present crisis to show their belief in the underlying soundness of Canada's commercial conditions. This announcement is made in face of the fact that the Cowan Company have had to pay an advanced price for some of their raw materials; but it is believed that increased demand from Atlantic to Pacific, because of falling foreign imports and embargos on teas and coffees, will offset other conditions and enable our largely increased factory to run full time with full or increased staff at full wages.

The Cowan Company, as manufacturers of an article of unusual food value, are sincerely anxious to do their share in allaying anxiety as to employment, wages and food supplies.

Do You Realize the Food Value of COCOA and CHOCOLATE?

Cocoa and Chocolate are foods as staple as flour. Cocoa is not a luxury, but a staple necessity of life, and, considered from the standpoint of its value as nourishment in concentrated form pure Cocoa at 50c a pound is a most economical food.

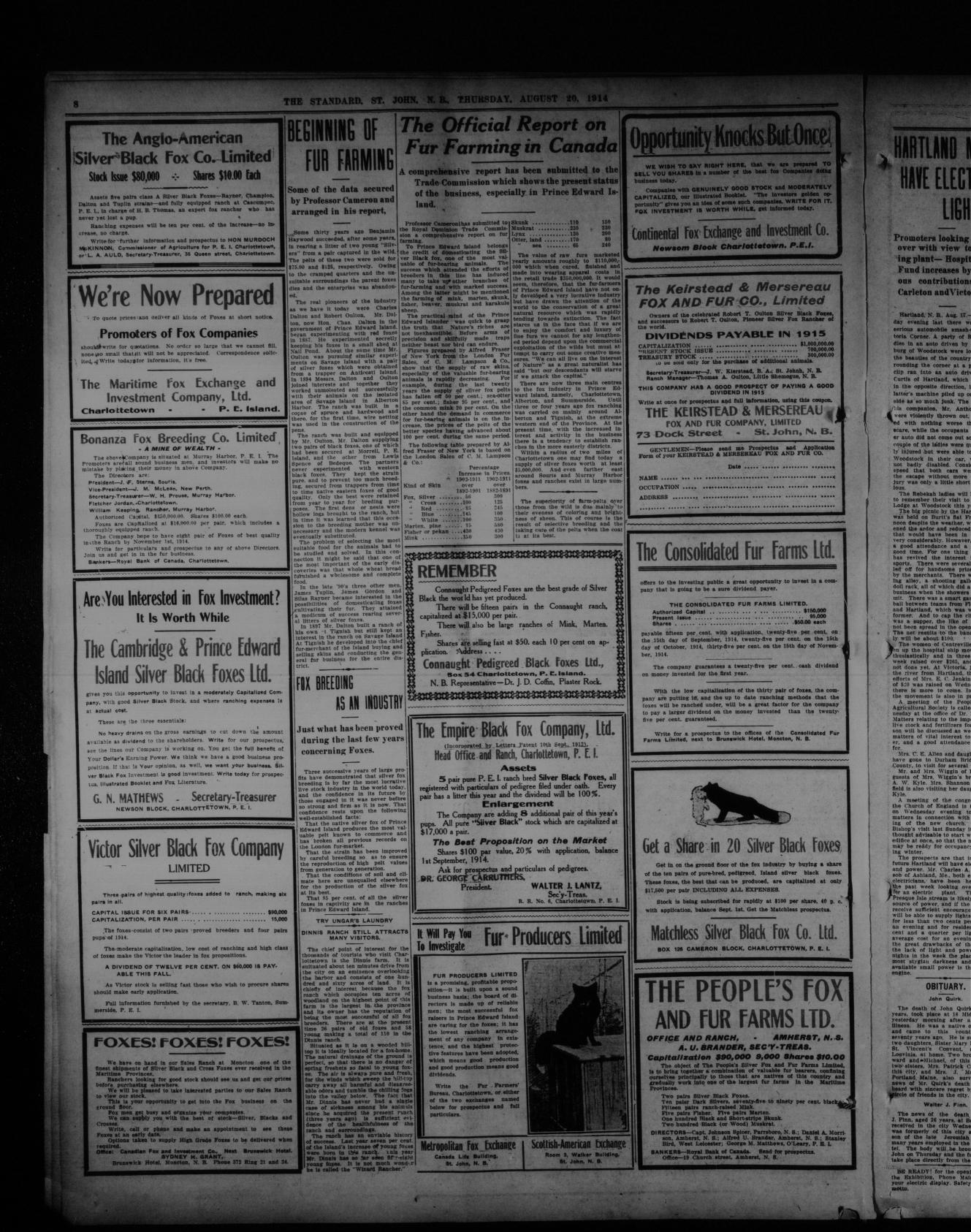
The food value of Cocoa and Chocolate has been recognized for many years in Great Britain and Europe. The highest medical authorities have made the statement that Cocoa and Chocolate are the most sustaining of all foods in concentrated form. European soldiers almost universally carry Chocolate in their kits as an emergency ration in case of food shortage, or fatigue in forced marches, and viewed from this standpoint the late Queen Victoria's gift to her soldiers in South Africa takes on a new significance.

We all appreciate Tea and Coffee, but, after all is said, these beverages are merely pleasant, slightly stimulating drinks, with little or no food value. Cowan's Perfection Cocoa, on the contrary, is a splendid food as well as drink, and a delightful drink as well as food.

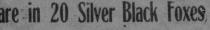
Cowan's Perfection Cocoa is Sold by All Grocers in 5-lb., 1-lb., 1/2-lb., 1/4-lb., and 10c Tins.

THE COWAN COMPANY, LIMITED

H. N. COWAN, President







of pure-bred, pedigreed, Island silver black foxes. best that can be produced, are capitalized at only INCLUDING ALL EXPENSES.

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ss Silver Black Fox Co. Ltd. AMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

PEOPLE'S FOX FUR FARMS LTD

U. BRANDER, SEC'Y-TREAS.

10

NATIONS FEAR FAMINE MORE THAN BULLETS, EXPERT SAYS

England, Germany and France, Dependent for Subsistence on other Nations, have Sought to Safeguard and everywhere.

ppiy,

By Rutledge Rutherford.

Europe Studying Food Conditions... Should the Armageddon come, it will be a war-of foods. Already the famine scare has seized parts of Germany and England, and it would not be surprising if it scon developed into a panic. France, too, remembering the days of 1871 when meat sold at \$20 a pound, is feeling tremulous, and President Poincare has signed decrees prohibiting the exportation of grains and foodstuffs and extending until August 1 the terms for the payment of obligations due within that time. Similiar action has been taken

In many cities we read the food a prices have already been trebled. Even of in the nations not implicated in the war there will be dependent mainly ou their they will be dependent mainly ou their feel the presure, though it ought not to be serious.

To Ensland and Germany the problem is of most momentous concern, for these two nations are dependent on the outside for most of their sustentance. "Starvation, not invasion, is the danger of the country," declared A. J. Baifour several years ago in arguing against the Declaration of London. The declaration will prevent America from contributing prominently to the relief of the warsfidden nations. England expects to gain by her treaty with Russia more than she will have have lost through the restricted relations with the United States, and maybe in this she has shown wisdom. That re-

England's Serious Problem.

It is the most serious problem England has to consider, the continuance of her food supply. With her it is not a question of uqantity. Hence little attention is paid there the the purity of foods. The food laws are lax and inadequately enforced. Chemical pregervatives are used freely. A report of the local government board of Scot land shows that of three hundred and fitty-two food samples of British ori gin submitted to chemical analysis to contain boron compounds, and twelve preservative sulphites. Any means of obtaining the requisit amount of food and making them keep isalong as possible is welcome in Eng land. Should the nation's food suptive he out off how any means, starva

Think what it would impend immediately. Think what it would mean to Lonidon alone! London with its environs has a population of nine millions which receives its sustemance through the London markets and produces no food at all. Not in history is there a situation like this—such a vast assemblage of people hudded together in such a small area on an island and all depenant for their foo on outside sources.

If London should be besided in the Paris in 1871 famine would set in immediately. This mighty swarm of people consumes each day five million loaves of bread; four thousand tons of potatoes: 350,000 gallons of milk; mearly a million cabbages, and in season 20,000 pecks of peas and beans. All over the world people are busy growing the grain, raising the cattle, looking after the poultry, catching the fish and tending the fruits and vegetables to keep London and England supplie with their foods from day to day. America has been supplying an

Rearrangement of Food Aven

But there must be a great rearrangement of the food avenue in case of war. The way to America is long and operitous. This perhaps is the cause of certain articles in the Declaration of London. It helps to explain the cause of England's alliance with Russia so soon after the Russo-Japanese war when we found her a firm ally of plain to see. Each is of other, France too, will nee both from England's force and from Russia's is. And likewise, both reace, which is a cour out country. America, with ation of 90,000,000 has an a 3,524,022 square miles, of mor seventeen times that of German oed results from the allrenace, which is a cour realth. She is in better itilion than any other nae. Her per capita wealth at that of any other nae. Her per capita wealth at that of any other nae. Her per capita wealth at that of any other naery inch of Germany's area is up to the outlibute it share the nation's subsistence. All posources of wast are avoided. I of vacant lots are compelled to the battle ships in mark to her area food bearing trees a shrubbery in so far as consisten mits, yields berries and other The fruits cannot be plucked at specified times and by licem;

> qual in num restrictions, and any one gathe them without a license is liable to rest and fine. Since most of the Austria-Hun- given a great deal of encourager toome cannot to the raising of potatoes, as this v will be all table can thrive in poor land. F The Triple toes, geese and sugar beets are to duced to subof Germany's most important sou greatter must of economy.

Test for Germa of food raw on else to other prearranzed scheme

ary is a great venting a food famine. Each city an village as a unit, is commissioned t unit of a semicivibe blocked to ordinary traffic has cau be blocked to an unber of firm to purchase and bring in supplies c grain andf lour. Most of the other municipalities have followed suit. ing than Germany. Four-fifths of th bet consumed in Ergland is suit and the traffic has the suit and the traffic has the traff

Food Supply Chief Factor

the imports of beef and veal roses forman's alliance with Austria, like England's with Russia, is for the purpose of assuring a food supply in case of war. Austria-Hungary is Germany's forwar austria-Hungary is Germany's Germany's cupboard is more accesstile but less productive. Long Ger tigures reach the enormous s

ny has realized her weakness in 1,32,000,000, by which size,000,000 is is respect and she has taken heroic for meat of all kinds and \$428,000,000 for grainand flour. s, however, Germany's capacity for ducing food is exceedingly small lands, producing little or nothing thempared to her population. The selves, almost entirely dependent on f a manufacturing centre, producing a might war impending. We cannot le food for herself, but calling on say we would exactly relish being in i

ie world for supply, just as upon the surrounding farms. England's shoes. It is mighty consoling to lean back and realize that we "The transfer of a

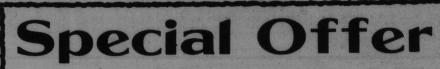


OWING POSITIONS OF CONTENDING FORCES IN BELGIU

cing area when we nent, co no such reaks of hostilities, is valid unless such transfer was made in order to her supplies, she faces the dam being excluded from European vosible enemy's vessel as such is exposed.

supply, there is, however, a presumption that issential if the bill of sale is not on board a vestionality less than sixty days before is. transfer is void." of course, if America had her own immerical the transfer is void to be a support of the transfer is to be a support of course, if America had her own immerical transfer is void be no transfer is void." True, the London declaration transfer is void." True, the London declaration transfer is void." True, the London declaration the London de

the outbreak of hostilities, that the transfer is void." ed. Possibly this country might con- i end that the declaration was not bindof course, if America had her own shipping facilities this trouble would tion to parley over such matters in the state of the stat



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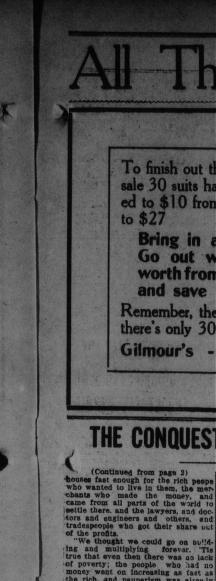
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"We thought we could go on building and multiplying forever. 'Tis true that even then there was ao lack of poverty; the people who had no money went on increasing as fast as the rich, and pauperism was alrealy beginning to be a difficulty, but if the rates were high there was pleaty of money to pay them with; and as for what we called the middle classes, there really seemed no limit to their increase and prosperity

"Foois that we were! We thought that all this wealth and prosperity were sent us by Providence and could not stop coming. In our blindness we did not see that we were merely a big workshop, making up the things which came from all parts of the world, and that if other nations stopged seading us raw goods to make up we could not produce them ourselves. True we had in those days an advantage in our cheap coal and iron, and had we taken care not to waste the fuel it might have lasted us longer." Then contrasting England and France the writer says:

warning was Plain Bhough,

pain warning we had. If we were use greatest trading country, our neighbors were the greatest military power in Europe. They were driving a good trade, too, for this was before their foolish communism (about which you will hear when you are older) had ruined the rich without benefiling the poor, and they were in many respects the first Nation in Europe. but it was on their army they prided themselves most. And with vesson

They may beaten the Russians and he Austrians, and the Prussians, too, in bygone years, and they thought hay were invincible. Well do I renember the great review held at Paris by the Emperor Napoleon III., durins the great exhibition, and how proud he looked showing off his splendid buards to the assembled Kings, and Princes. Yet, three years afterwards, the force so long deemed the first in Durope was ignominicually beaten and he whole army taken prisoners.

"Such a defeat had never happened before in the world's history; and this was proof before us of the folly of diabelieving in the possibility of disfaspened before; it might have been supposed that we should have the uspese to take the lesson to theart.

ply in case of war will be Russia and the British colonies that are not too far distant.

This is one great disadvantage with most of the British colonies. They are so far away that the foute is beset with all manner of perlis in case of war. And then it is difficult to keep many routes open and protected. Far impler it would be to maintain one great route of supply from Russia pairolled by the most powerful of Eagind's war-ships. It was for such purpose that they were built. It is for uch purposes that they will be used if war is to be. Considering Eagland's position. then, we must admit that she has been far sighted in building mighty fleet of battleships and forming an alliance with Russia, the greatest food producting nation on

Russia with her vast area of 8,647. 567 square miles, comprising one-sixth of the land surface of the globe, can produce enough food to feed the world with considerable left over. Double the combined territory of the United States and all its possessions, and still it will lack 1,200,000 square miles of equaling the area of Russia. Rusta is strictly an agrarian country. Most of her people have been born and resred on the farm. She imports most of her farm implements from America and is far advanced in agricurtural methods, further advanced than any other nation exceptiong

Four-fifths of Russia's population reside in rural districts, and engage in arriculture. She exports food products to all the world, our own importations from there amounting to \$20,-000,000 a year. Extending from the arctles to the tropics the domains of the "Great White Tsar" produce an sadless variety as well as abundance of food. Russia's wheat production is fifty million bushels more a year than that of the United States, notwithstanding all our boasts of being the world's greatest wheat producer.

Russia is Self-Reliant.

With her own self-sustaining reconnectuness Russia depends on no cruntry, and with England's sh'ps to fight for her she will make a formidtion of the she will make a formid-

in the Maritime Provinces

This season's Exhibition will include as one of its principal features, the most extensive agricultural display yet presented to the people of this province. Particular attention has been given to this portion of the Exhibition and it will be far above the standard.

In the amusement line a programme has been arranged superior to anything hitherto attempted in St. John. Heading the list of attractions is _Motor Polo, intensely exciting, games being played every afternoon and evening. There will be in addition many other high class acts so that visitors to the fair need never lack entertainment.

The Industrial Section of the St. John Exhibition has been growing with each succeeding show, and the display to be made next month will, judging from the applications for space, surpass anything seen in the past.

On three days of the week the **Dog Show** will be held, this feature in itself commanding a large share of attention.

FIREWORKS EVERY EVENING MUSIC ALL THE TIME LIFE, LIGHT AND LAUGHTER IN ABUNDANCE

Special Rates on all lines, to be announced in a day or two. Remember the Dates September 5th-12th St. John Exhibition THE ONLY BIG ONE THIS YEAR

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Cut out the coupon which appears below, fill in your name and address, and mail with two dollars before the end of the present month.

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Unless the coupon is used, the Subscription will not be received at the reduced rate.

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This offer holds good until the end of August only.



sudden attacks, which it was seen other mations were able to put forth. But our government had come into office on a cry of retrenchment, and could not bring themselves to eat their own pledges. There was a radical section of their party, too, whose works had to be secured by conciliation and which blindly demanded a reduction of armaments as the price of allegiance.

"The fleet and the channel, they said, were sufficient protection. So the army was kept down, and the militia and volunteers were left untrained as before, because to call them out for drill would interfere with the industry of the country.

"I need hardly tell you how the crash came about. People say now that we might have escaped the trouble which came on us if we had at any rate kept quiet until our other difficulties were settled; but the English were always an impulsive lot; the whole country was boiling over with indignation, and the government, urged on by the press, and going always with the stream, declared war. We had always got out of scrapes before. and we believed our old luck and pluck would somehow pull us

War Came Suddenly.

"But everything has been arranged beforehand; nor ought we to have been surprised, for we had seen the same power, only a few months before, mow down half a million of men, on a few days' notice, to conquer the greatest mailtary mation in Europe, with no prime the stangent of a bright from Alderahot to Brighton-and this too, without the allies it had now. What happened now was not a bit more wonderful in reality; but peopie of this country could not bring themselves to believe that what had never possibly happen. Like our neghors, we became wise when it was too late. "It was on a Monday that the declar i



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25.00 SUITS FOR	20.00	Fit
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ffer

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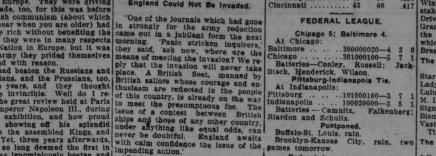
at which time the sub-

mada, outside the city of

ndard

ars

ad yet, if ever a nation had a Theeda warning we had. If we were then of greatest trading country, our steamed bors were the greatest military



samed away for the North Sea."

Then, after telling of the susper ised by meager despatches when a known a naval battle was be ight in the North Sea, the wri

England Could Not Be Invaded. incinnati ... FEDERAL LEAGUE. Chicago 5; Baltimore 4.

aster, gr g. (James) Time-2.08, 2.08¼, 2.08¼.
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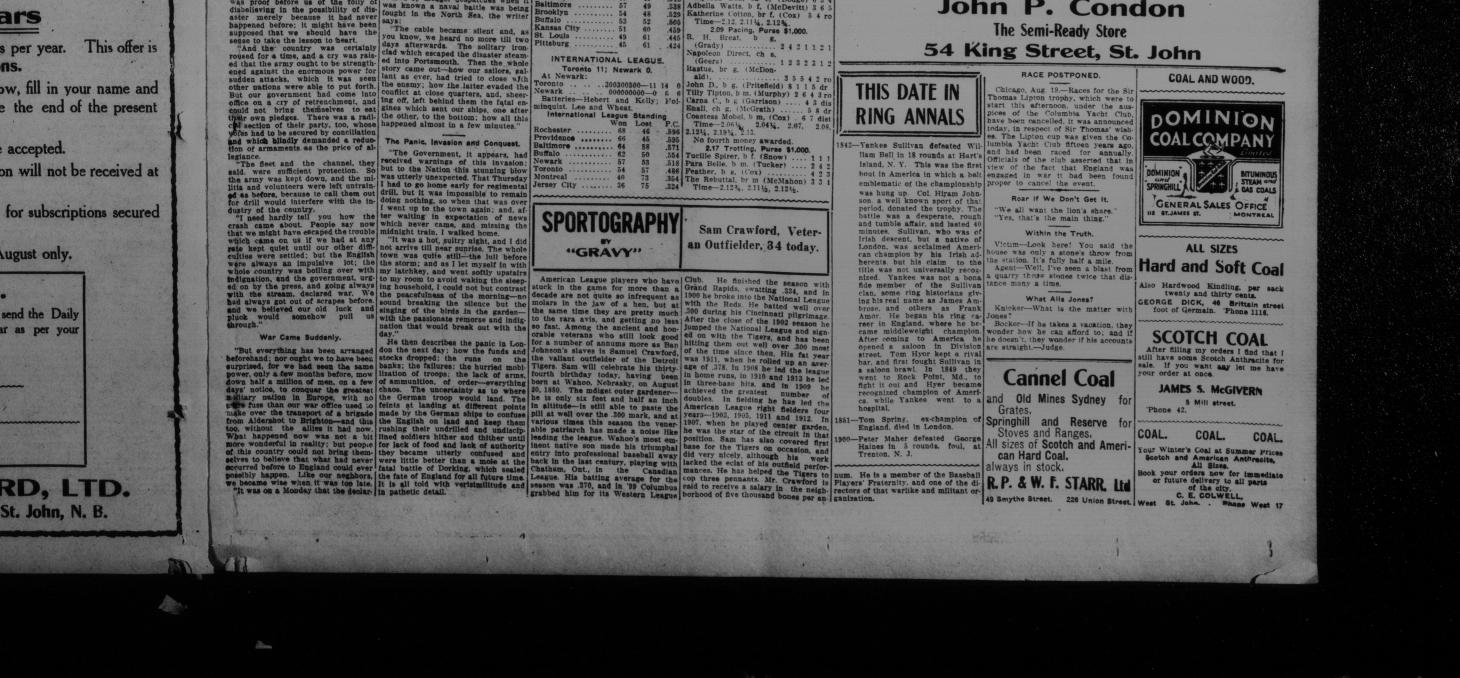
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 (Grady)

Pa., Aug. 19.-Do:





12

Non-Ratepayers Reported Inspector Crawford has reported e following persons for working in e city without a license: A. C. Pal-er, St. John Hotel; K. Murphey, S. yoce, 298 Germain street; E. Scho-idd, W. F. Yetman, L. S. Benlamin, igar Refinery; J. S. Melzgare, 191 narlotte street; M. E. Hutchinson, 109 narlotte street; F. S. Hough, 15 Or-ige street; L. J. Sidewsicker, 182 ermain street; J. W. Gibbons, 34 El-bit row, and D. Hunt, 274 Germain reet.

MAJOR POWERS PRESENTED

WITH WATCH

Knights Templars exof fellow member.

bers present and a social hours pers present and a social hour nt. The members of the en nt expressed their apprecia Major Powers and hoped h oon return to take his accus bers in the community.

PRIVATES ON ACTIVE SERVICE ARE TO BE PAID SI PER DAY

ayor Frink received a wire from H. H. McLean at Ottawa stating the rates of pay fixed by the itia Department for men on active vice would be as follows: Privates, by per day; corporals, \$1.10 per r; sergeanta, \$1.35 per day.

CHOONER CAPTAIN . LOSES SHIP'S TENDER

LOSES SHIP'S TENDER The captain of the packet schooner Lizzie Magee, lying in the Market bip is mourning the loss of his ten-der. On Tuesday night while the captain and crew were asleep some parted with the tender. The captain did not known of the harbor thieves work until me arose yeslerday morn-wharves on the western side of the marbor but up to last night failed to harbor but up to last night failed to harbor but up to last night failed to harbor but up to last night failed to police and is forced to go to sea this by some person who missed the last tip of the ferry Tuekaday night and it is feared that after the person man-by some person who missed the last to the data safer the last. The Last Week. For bargains that are bargains and the size work in the artward argues sive work in the artward argues a grand success. The Last Week.

ford elected Grand Cinker
 Templar.
 The fifth and last session of the International Order of Good Templars of New Brunswick came to a close speciation and the sension of the sum of the sension of the sension of the sension at four o'clock The sensions were well attended and for the usual interest was manifested in the deliberations. The register showed that seventy-eight members of the jurisdicton were present the different sessions.
 The officers for the ensuing year is store stored that seventy-eight members of the jurisdicton were present the different sessions.
 The officers for the ensuing year is stored to the usual interest was manifered of the sensing year intendent of juvenile work; j. V. Jackson, grand decretary; Mrs. M. E. Murray, grand vice-templar, intendent of juvenile work; j. C. Alckeys, grand electorial superintendent of juvenile work; j. C. McKenzle, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentinel; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss E. R. Carpenter, grand deputy Marshall; H. W. Roberts, grand messenger; T. C. McKenzle, grand sentine; Miss Had Warshow grand guard; L. R. Hetherington, P. G. C. T.; A. C. M. Lawson, D. I. C. T.
 At the session

and a state of the

to send delegates to meet-

ing.

The Board of Trade was notified resterday that the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners will meet in Ottawa on September 15th to hear cussed. Plans were laid for aggres. sive work in the future, and every body voter the 44th annual gathering a grand success. The Last Week. For bargains that are bargains at Bassens' biggest merchandise sale at 207 Union street, Opera House block.

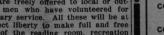
Bowyer S. Smith Dr. Murr * MacLaren Sir Fred. ic Barker Geo. A. Kimball T. H. Estabrooks H. E. Wardroper Mrs. H. E. Wardroper Other members of the pu mittee are soliciting subscrip will make returns at the meeting to be held each day.

Feathers from France.

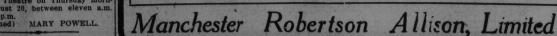
Feathers from France. Directly before the war broke out there were shipped from France a lot of very beautiful feather boas address-ed to F. A. Dykeman and Co. The steamer that brought them successful ly dodged the German war vessel that chased her and eventually the ship-ment arrived at its destination. These marabou and ostrich roughs and boas are without doubt the most attractive and comfortable neck pieces that one can use for the early fall. The prices are only a fraction of the cost of fur, and feathers are more stylish than fur, \$2.00 to \$12.00.

Y. M. C. A'S GENEROUS OFFER

Y. M. C. A'S GENEROUS OFFER The president of the Y. M. C. A. Wishes The Standard to announce that the privileges of the Y. M. C. A. build-ing are ircely offered to local or out-side men who have volunteered for military service. All these will be at perfect liberty to make full and free use of the reading room, recreation room, baths, etc., while they may be in the city.



WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB



PARK HOTEL, KING SQUARE.

PRICES FROM __ __ __ MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. "Viyella" Flannel is now offered-in all the newest delicate shades and designs for Fall including plain colors, stripes and plaids. This fabric will not shrink or fade and is ideal for Ladies' and Children's garments. WASH GOODS DEPARTMENT. **New Velveteens and Corduroys for Fall** Velveteens and Corduroys are again to the front for Ladies' Costumes and Dresses, also for Chil-BLACK VELVETEEN, 24 inches wide. Yard 65c., 80c., 85c. BLACK VELVETEEN, 27 inches wide. Yard \$1.25. \$1.45 BLACK VELVETEEN, 32 inches wide. Yard \$2.00, \$2.25 BLACK CORDUROY, 22 inches wide. Yard \$1.10 COLORED CORDUROY, in white, bronze, navy, mid. brown, Copenhagen, dark brown; 22 in. COLORED CORDUROY, fine cord, in navy, taupe, bronze, purple, white, black, ivory; 27 in. wide. Yard

COLORED VELVETEEN, in Copenhagen, dark brown, mid. brown, navy; 2 inches wide. Yard 75c. COLORED VELVETEEN, in bronze, taupe, mid. brown, navy, light brown, grenat; 24 inches wide. Yard SILK DEPARTMENT-SECOND FLOOR.

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