



**The Weekly Times**  
 Victoria, Friday, May 10  
 HUDSON BAY RAILWAY.

The announcement is made that the contract for building 250 miles of the Hudson Bay railway, from Winnipeg to the Saskatchewan river, has been ratified by the company at Winnipeg. This contract was concluded between Hugh Sutherland and other promoters of the railway and the St. Paul contractors, Messrs. Foley and Grant, with whom Mr. Isbester, of Ottawa, seems to be associated, and was made possible by the Dominion government's new arrangement in regard to the subsidy. Premier Bowell's explanation of this arrangement is reported in the Ottawa dispatches.

As many of our readers are aware, this Hudson Bay project has been hanging fire in the hands of Hugh Sutherland and his associates for some years. In the first place two companies were formed to build roads to Hudson Bay, one being intended to terminate at the mouth of the Nelson river and the other at the mouth of the Churchill. These two were amalgamated by act of parliament, and the resulting single company, with Hugh Sutherland at its head, was voted liberal aid by parliament at the instance of the government. The terms were, we believe, that the company should receive 6,400 acres of land per mile as the line was built, and, by a later act, that it should be paid \$80,000 a year for twenty years after the line should reach the Saskatchewan. This last conditional grant was set down as consideration for certain services which the company undertook to perform for the government, whereby it advances to the company \$10,000 a mile for that portion of the road between Winnipeg and the Saskatchewan, 250 miles. The government keeps control of the land grant and the \$80,000 a year subsidy as security for the advance. It is to be noted here that this arrangement was made by an order-in-council, whereas the former one was made by an act of parliament. Why should the government have undertaken to vary by an order-in-council the terms of an act of parliament? The obvious answer is that the ministers at the time expected to bring on the general election right away, and they wanted to have this project set going as a vote-making machine in the Northwest. That is about the only utility they see in the affair. Of course the order-in-council will have to be ratified by parliament, and the proposal will in all probability meet serious opposition there from some of the government's supporters. Sir Donald Smith, for instance, can hardly give it his assent. The Montreal Gazette, the Hamilton Spectator and other Conservative papers condemn the Hudson Bay road in unqualified terms.

Naturally enough, the scheme does not evoke so much enthusiasm in the Northwest as the government would like to see, chiefly for the reason that the past history of the project is rather unsavory. The Norquay government issued provincial debentures to the extent of \$250,000 and handed them over to the company, on which debentures the province has ever since been paying interest. Forty miles of the road were built and ironed, and incredible though it may seem, these forty miles not only used the \$250,000 given by Manitoba but ran the company into debt besides to the extent of at least another \$200,000, which sum has remained as a liability against the road ever since. Forty miles of prairie railway costing over \$110,000 per mile pretty well holds the record as a wonder of railway construction. There were statements that "hooodle" had something to do with the matter. Even at this the road was so badly constructed that it would not pass inspection so as to secure the Dominion land grant. Now this forty-mile piece of road is to be abandoned—it has become worthless, practically—and the line is to be started from Winnipeg anew. Facts such as these might well cause some distrust among the people of the Northwest as to the future of the project.

**TOO HIGH A PRICE.**

The Montreal Witness in discussing the Newfoundland question says: "Newfoundland wants very much to make St. John's the chief Canadian ocean port for steamships running between Canada and Europe, and she thinks this may be secured by a railway to Cape North, the point of Cape Breton nearest the coast of Newfoundland, and the establishment of a ferry from Cape North to Port au Basque, on the south coast of Newfoundland, which is the western terminus of the Newfoundland Island railway, now two-thirds built, which, when completed, will connect with St. John's. The hundred miles of railway necessary in Canada will be costly to build, and it is doubtful whether the scheme could ever prove successful. Certainly Canada has good cause in the present state of the finances for hesitating to undertake such a burden. The other condition Newfoundland asks is that the Canadian government shall pay an export bounty on codfish equal to that paid by the

French government to French fishermen. That also would be a big drain upon Canada's treasury, and the government is quite right in holding out against it." We should think that if Newfoundland's conditions are correctly set down there ought to be no hesitation whatever in dealing with them. The condition of our finances described by Minister Foster in his budget speech is rather too alarming to allow of these Newfoundland ideas being entertained. While the addition of the Island colony to Canada would be a good thing for both, on proper conditions, it is hard to see why anybody should be so crazily anxious to bring it about as to be ready to consent to willfully extravagant terms.

**A COSTLY FARCE.**

Rev. Principal Grant when asked concerning the liquor traffic commission, "would not defend the appointment of a royal commission for the taking of evidence in such cases, and was inclined to think such a method was intended to practically shelve the question at a cost of \$100,000." The principal appears to have put the truth in few and plain words. For about two years the commissioners went to and fro and up and down asking questions about the liquor traffic, and now four of them say prohibition would not do at all, while the other one says it would be just the thing. In other words, each one of the commissioners had certain opinions formed before he started to make inquiries, and he kept to those opinions all through. For confirming these five gentlemen in the ideas they had at the start the country pays \$100,000. Well, perhaps that is none too much for so valuable a purpose, since Mr. Foster has "figured down" the deficit to \$4,500,000.

**UP WITH THE TAXES.**

Poor Mr. Foster has been constrained to admit a deficit of four millions and a half. Nor has he been able to make good the proposition that the expenditure should be brought down to the level of the income, which was somewhat boldly advanced by ministerial speakers in the debate on the address. Retrenchment and economy are not just the weapons with which the Tory government would choose to enter on a political campaign. So that these may not be too dangerous altogether the government now proposes to clap on taxes and bring the income up a notch or two. Half a cent a pound on raw sugar is quite an item, as last year's imports amounted to over 300,000,000 pounds. Then Mr. Foster takes care that the refiners do not lose their protection, raising the duty on refined sugar by half a cent a pound. From these increases he would on last year's importations have raised nearly a million and three-quarter dollars of revenue. After the flourish of trumpets which accompanied the removal of the raw sugar duty a few years ago its re-imposition now must be a rather disagreeable task for the government. If there were any strong indications that the ministers have honestly determined to abandon the administrative methods which have brought the country into its present plight there would be less for the people to condemn, but no indication of the kind is given. Nothing but punishment is likely to affect the impenitent, and the taxpayers seem ready to administer the necessary dose.

Tax canal revenue, \$126; Tax canal maintenance and repairs, \$2,458; Mr. Foster's deficit, \$5,000,000.—The Globe.

The Nelson Tribune says that Mr. Bostock is half owner of the Times. Our esteemed contemporary is the unfortunate possessor of a too fertile imagination, and very often commits itself to most astounding statements. As Mr. Bostock has no financial interest in the Times directly or indirectly, our advocacy of that gentleman's candidature cannot be attributed, as the Tribune evidently seeks to imply, to "business" considerations. The Times supports Mr. Bostock because he is an opponent to the present government and is in every way qualified to represent Yale-Cariboo.

The Detroit Tribune has been making a comparison of the criminal records of Canada and Michigan, and sums up in this fashion:—

The Dominion of Canada, with a population of nearly 5,000,000 people scattered from Newfoundland to the wild frontier of the unexplored Northwest Territories, has had less than five murders for each 100,000 of her population during the past ten years. Michigan, with nearly 2,000,000 inhabitants, nearly every one within gunshot of a school house and a church, has had over 23 murders for each 100,000 of her population during the same period.

In ten years Canada has tried 23 people for the crime of murder, Michigan, with less than one-half the population, has tried 484 people for the crime during the same period.

Canada in ten years has hanged 49 people for murder. Michigan has hanged none.

Under the Michigan system of punishing murder the state has during ten

years at great expense to herself preserved the worthless lives of 122 convicted murderers. As an offset the state has mourned the untimely end of over 300 more victims of the crime than would have been murdered if the Canadian ratio of less than five to 100,000 population during the period had prevailed in Michigan.

It is rather odd to find the Montreal Gazette, a prominent and faithful Conservative paper, talking in this way: "The United States pension expenditure of 1894 was \$141,177,284, or some \$18,000,000 less than in 1893. From 1878 till 1894 there was a steady increase in the pension charge on the revenue, the growth being from \$27,137,019 to \$159,357,557. The decrease is not likely to be at so rapid a rate, but it will be continuous, and will be one of the main influences in restoring the times of surplus in the national finances. In time, indeed, it is likely to lead to a reduction of the rate of taxes, which is a matter that concerns Canada to some extent. There is not now between the two countries that difference in the rate per head of customs and excise taxation that used to exist in favor of the Dominion, and it will not be a good thing in comparisons if our neighbors' burden falls much below ours."

Trustee Marchant in a letter published in this issue announces that he will propose that the board establish a swimming bath and undertake the instruction of the school children in the art of swimming. He further suggests that the Times should allow the question to be discussed in its columns. We have pleasure in adopting the suggestion, though it was hardly necessary for Mr. Marchant to offer it or for us to formally announce its adoption, since the columns of the Times have always been open for the discussion of any question of public interest. Unless a better case can be made out for it than now appears, the majority of the public will probably declare against the proposal. It is a good thing for the boys and girls to learn swimming; everybody is prepared to admit the value of the accomplishment, both as a means of securing wholesome exercise and a means of life-saving. That is not to say, however, that the school board should undertake the expense of giving the instruction.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Globe said recently: "The answer given in the senate to-day by Premier Bowell to a question concerning Fitzsimmons, deputy warden of the New Westminister, B. C., penitentiary, forms an amusing contrast to the diplomacy of the commons sense of the government. Mr. Curran yesterday, answering Mr. Edgar, said that James Fitzsimmons had been dismissed or suspended from the office of deputy warden of the New Westminister penitentiary. Pending the investigation he was relieved of his duties, and in October last he was retired from office, without prejudice to consideration for re-employment. He was reinstated March 25th last. Premier Bowell lacks the shrewd caution of the solicitor-general, and, in reply to the same question to-day, said Fitzsimmons was dismissed by order in council and re-appointed by order in council. Sir John Thompson dismissed him for cause on the report of a commission, and Sir Hibbert Tupper reinstated him also for cause, supposed to be political influence." Another report says that the British Columbia members are indignant over Fitzsimmons' reappointment, and it is well known that some of them at least were not in favor of it. Who, then, exercised the "political influence" in Mr. Fitzsimmons' favor?

**IRON AND HARDWARE.**

So outrageous was this (the iron) schedule that the government was obliged at the session of 1894 to amend it. By the new tariff then adopted, pig iron secured a duty of \$4 and a bounty of \$2 per ton, making the total protection \$6 on the net; the duty on scrap was raised to \$3 per ton for the remainder of 1894 and to \$4 per ton beginning January 1st, 1895; the bar iron duty was reduced from \$13 to \$10; puddled bars reduced from \$9 to \$8, and the other iron and steel duties equalized. This is a much more symmetrical schedule than the one it replaced, but it will fall almost as lamentably in its attempt to "give employment" to iron as it did to 20,000 men." Iron has cheapened so greatly during the last few years that despite the excessive protection of \$6 per ton Canadian iron cannot hold its own let alone supplant the imported article. In Montreal Scotch iron is very largely used, though American is beginning to get a footing. But in Ontario American iron is almost exclusively employed in manufactures. It can be bought in Pennsylvania and laid down in Toronto with all charges paid for less than would have to be paid there for the Canadian article. Is it not therefore as clear as daylight that the effect of this duty is to handicap every manufacturer in Ontario to the extent of \$4.48—the amount of the duty—on every long ton of iron he uses? The American manufacturer gets his iron from \$4 to \$5 a ton cheaper, his coal costs him 60 cents a ton less and in consequence he can manufacture much cheaper than can his Canadian rival. The latter finds it difficult to compete in the Canadian markets notwithstanding the excessive duties against imported manufactures of iron, and when it comes to exporting he would not be in it for a single second had the government not granted him relief by a device which illustrates the

uselessness and costliness of protection. By an order-in-council passed last fall the Canadian manufacturer can recover on exported goods 99 per cent. of the duties paid for raw material. The government in making such a regulation destroyed completely its own theory that the protection duty does not add to the cost of the goods, and they dealt a deadly blow as well as the native iron industry, the encouragement of which has been the ostensible object of the legislation of the past 16 years.

**NICARAGUA TAUGHT A LESSON**

**Indemnity Guaranteed by Salvador—Will be Paid in London in a Fortnight.**

**Rear-Admiral Stephenson Receives Orders to Withdraw from Corinto.**

Washington, May 4.—The guarantee by Salvador of Nicaragua's indebtedness, it is said, is simply repayment of the favor granted by Nicaragua to Salvador at the time of the Ezeta incident, when Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister at Washington, took up the case of Salvador by instructions of his own government, and worked so hard to secure the extradition of the refugees to Salvador. In addition to this consideration, based on gratitude, the Salvadorians are supposed to be influenced in espousing the Nicaraguan cause by a feeling of apprehension at the presence of British troops on Central American soil. It is quite certain that all of the countries of Central America have been deeply impressed with some such fear. It is felt here that the Nicaraguan incident may, perhaps, be the direct means of bringing about again the long expected revival of the union of the Central American republics, the small republics now existing having been brought to a realization of their inability to protect themselves in a conflict with any considerable power.

Although it may be safely assumed that the acute phase of the Nicaraguan incident has passed, supposing that there should be no hostile collision before the formal orders have reached the commanders on either side, there are yet some matters to be adjusted before the incident can be regarded as entirely closed.

After the settlement of the "smart money" claim on account of the treatment of Hatch, a commission must be selected and proceed to adjudicate the claims of other British subjects, not officials, who were expelled from Bluefields at the time of the outbreak last summer, and if this commission assesses damages against Nicaragua on this score, there may be some grumbling before the account is settled. This is not likely to lead to serious trouble, but the Nicaraguans, smarting under the sense of oppression in this case—for they declared that Hatch had never been granted an exequatur and so was never recognized by them as a British official—may be counted on to do everything they can, without good cause for an open rupture, to give their patronage in the future to any other nation than Great Britain. It is just within the bounds of possibility, too, that the old question of British rights in the Mosquito reservation may arise again at some future day, for it will be recalled that General Barrios, who went to London as special commissioner for Nicaragua, to come to an understanding with Great Britain on the subject, and to secure a revision of the treaty of Managua by which the British right of protectorate over the reservation was recognized, was met by a polite but positive refusal on the part of Lord Kimberley to enter upon a discussion of the subject until Nicaragua had first adjusted the claims growing out of the improper treatment of British citizens at Bluefields. Thus the subject was left in abeyance, though if it should arise again it is probable that the United States would this time side with Nicaragua in the contention that the Mosquitoes, by formal act of convention last summer, in merging their territory into the body politic of Nicaragua had absolutely terminated the British protectorate.

The British diplomatic officers uniformly follow the practice of keeping their home government informed as to the state of public opinion in the coun-

try to which they are accredited on any issue touching that country, as shown by public declarations and utterances of leading newspapers, and it has been suggested that the foreign office in the case of Nicaragua may have been somewhat influenced in this last action in closing up the case, or at least may have been hastened in its disposition, by notice from the British ambassador here of the action yesterday of the New York State assembly.

It was definitely developed when the official announcement of the agreement was made, that the United States had taken a very important part in the negotiations within the past 24 hours. A cablegram of instructions was sent to Mr. Bayard yesterday, laying down a positive line of action. Mr. Bayard received these instructions so late yesterday that they were undoubtedly communicated to the foreign office to-day. It is a singular coincidence, therefore, that Great Britain's acceptance was given almost immediately after Mr. Bayard carried out his instructions. Previous to yesterday the compromise was being urged by the Salvadorian minister in London, but his efforts seemed to be ineffective, and there was no certainty that Great Britain would agree. It was this doubt that led to the cable to Mr. Bayard. He was directed to urge the reasonableness of the compromise proposition and to seek an early acceptance. The results proved that his offices were more effective than those of the Salvadorian minister.

Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister here, received the news from the state department to-day. "I am much gratified with the result," said he, "but now that it is all over, I don't mind saying that I was apprehensive up to the time the official message came from Mr. Bayard. There is no doubt that the affair is at an end, so no circumstances can now intervene to prevent the execution of the agreement. The question that Nicaragua has yet to accept is a mere formality. She has already accepted, and, in fact, has urged the agreement through her representatives. But such further assurances as are necessary will be made. The payment of the money is beyond question. Nicaragua's word is sufficient, but, in addition, there is the assurance of Salvador."

Dr. Guzman was asked what other steps would be taken. "There is only one more step," said he, "and that is for the British ships to sail from Corinto. I expect that will occur by Saturday, perhaps to-morrow."

As the interview closed, Mr. Guzman said: "One thing I want to emphasize, and that is my appreciation of the consideration shown me and my government by the state department. The kindly manner in which Secretary Gresham and all the officials have treated the subject at the time of emergency is a source of congratulation to me, and certainly will be to my government when the facts become known."

Dr. Guzman sent a telegram to his government, informing them of Great Britain's acceptance.



**Pains in the Joints**  
**Caused by Inflammatory Swelling**

**A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.**

"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read in the London Lancet of the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." Mrs. G. A. LAKE, Oshawa, Ontario.

**Hood's Pills** act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

**LATE CABLE**

The Chancellor of Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

Noisy Demonstrations Agitated in London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

London, May 2.—Commons to-day the Exchequer, Sir Willcourt, presented the budget that the deficit was £39,000, which was a surplus of £181,000 of a duty of six pence. The only other proposal which was introduced was a proposal for the abolition of the extra duty on tobacco receipts. This was estimated at £1,000,000, which would have resulted in a surplus of £182,000.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer Delivers His Speech on the Budget.

Noisy Demonstrations of Labor Agitators in Continental Cities.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, presented the budget. He estimated that the deficit would amount to £319,000, which would be converted into a surplus of £181,000 by the re-imposition of a duty of sixpence per gallon on beer.

ally gathered by the members of the consular corps. In the whole of Great Britain during 1894 but five hundred divorces were applied for, while in Germany the total was nearly seven thousand, and in France, fifty-seven hundred.

Prince King, president of the Chinese council of ministers, and head of the foreign office, who has been absent from his duties on sick leave for some time, will not resume active control of the government departments under his supervision.

A dispatch from Bilbao says a number of miners of the Chaldames district yesterday made an attempt to prevent some of their fellow workers from working in a mine and on a railway connected therewith.

Florence, May 3.—The trial of Oreste Luchesi and six anarchist accomplices has begun. All are charged with the murder, in July last, of Signor Bandi, editor of the Gazzetta Livornese, of Leghorn, and agent in that city for Reuter's Telegram Company, London.

Shanghai, May 3.—The Circassian, Capt. Shanklow, which sailed from the river Clyde near Dunbarton, two tugs have been sent to her assistance. A Tientsin dispatch states that the Emperor of China has decided to ratify the treaty of peace negotiated at Shimonski between the representatives of China and Japan.

A dispatch from Shanghai says: In accordance with a special imperial edict, issued in order to prevent the possibility of the Japanese entering Peking, the Chinese have cut the river embankments near Peking. Miles of territory have been flooded and hundreds of Chinese lost.

London, May 3.—The trial of Oreste Luchesi and six anarchist accomplices has begun. All are charged with the murder, in July last, of Signor Bandi, editor of the Gazzetta Livornese, of Leghorn, and agent in that city for Reuter's Telegram Company, London.

London, May 3.—The trial of Oreste Luchesi and six anarchist accomplices has begun. All are charged with the murder, in July last, of Signor Bandi, editor of the Gazzetta Livornese, of Leghorn, and agent in that city for Reuter's Telegram Company, London.

London, May 3.—The trial of Oreste Luchesi and six anarchist accomplices has begun. All are charged with the murder, in July last, of Signor Bandi, editor of the Gazzetta Livornese, of Leghorn, and agent in that city for Reuter's Telegram Company, London.

London, May 3.—The trial of Oreste Luchesi and six anarchist accomplices has begun. All are charged with the murder, in July last, of Signor Bandi, editor of the Gazzetta Livornese, of Leghorn, and agent in that city for Reuter's Telegram Company, London.

London, May 3.—The trial of Oreste Luchesi and six anarchist accomplices has begun. All are charged with the murder, in July last, of Signor Bandi, editor of the Gazzetta Livornese, of Leghorn, and agent in that city for Reuter's Telegram Company, London.

LONDON LOOKING ITS BEST

The Parks Are Crowded and Everybody Enjoying Themselves—Ideal Weather.

Charity Budget of Social, Political and Literary News—at the Academy.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

London, May 4.—Ideal spring weather has prevailed during the past week. London is looking its best. The parks are crowded every morning and afternoon, and everybody seems to be enjoying the change from the cold and fogs of winter.

the Duke of Cambridge from the post of commander in chief. This would be most welcome news to the public, as his continued retention of office, which the Hartington commission advised the total abolition of, means immense pecuniary loss to the country. It is stated that Lord Roberts, of Kandahar, succeeds Lord Wolseley in Dublin as commander of the forces in Ireland.

The sixteenth Royal Military tournament opens at Islington on May 23rd. The leading feature will be the historical pageant of the Third Kings Own Hussars and Buffs (East Kent Regiment) the latter claiming to be the lineal descendants of the "Trained Bands" of London.

The late Dr. Dale, whose name is celebrated far beyond Birmingham, is to have a memorial erected. While the necessity did not arise in Birmingham that made Dr. Parkhurst famous in New York, Dr. Dale for many years exercised a strong influence in the municipal life of his city and used his intensely patriotic spirit among many who looked upon municipal duties as best left to politicians.

MacMillan announce a new history of Newfoundland, by Judge Prowse of Newfoundland. Lady Kimberley, wife of the Earl of Kimberley, who has been ill for some time past, is dead. She was a daughter of R. Hobart, third Earl of Clare, and the title is now extinct.

The Anchor line steamer Circassian, Captain Shanklin, which grounded in the Bay of Biscay, yesterday, has been floated. The City of Paris has arrived at Southampton.

Fairbairn Rattan Works Destroyed—Loss Nearly \$50,000.

Fairbairn, Minn., May 4.—The large plant of the Fairbairn Rattan Works was totally destroyed by fire last night. The loss is estimated from \$30,000 to \$50,000. Insurance \$16,000.

Rosebery Government Threatened With Certain Defeat.

London, May 4.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon, following up the rumour in the Times as to the cabinet crisis, says the difficulties of opinion are due to the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, desiring to have the local veto bill brought up for the second reading immediately.

TORONTO ASSIZES.

Trial of Clara Ford—The Hooding Case Transferred. Toronto, May 4.—The trial of Clara Ford was proceeded with at the assizes yesterday. The evidence was strengthened against her.

James Blair, the missing accountant of the internal revenue department here, has turned up in Windsor. It is said the government will reduce him for his impropriety of absenting himself so long.

Relief in Six Hours—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the Great South American Kidney Cure. This new remedy is of great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passage in male or female.

Dick's Condition Powders Fattens Horses and Cattle

DEFICIT, \$4,500,000!

Howland, Toronto, Presents a Little Job Involving a Modest \$100,000,000.

Opposition Scanning the Accounts—Foster Admits a Deficit of \$4,500,000.

Ottawa, May 3.—In the common yesterday, Mulock, Liberal, moved that members must make a declaration when drawing travelling allowances of ten cents a mile that they had not travelled on a railway pass. The bill met with an almost unanimous opposition and the debate was adjourned.

O. A. Howland, of Toronto, is here to ask the Dominion government for aid for the deep water ways scheme to deepen the water ways from Montreal to the head of Lake Michigan to 22 feet. The estimated cost of the scheme is \$100,000,000, but it is proposed at present only to open the ways to Lake Huron.

At the public accounts committee today McMullen moved for the accounts, etc., regarding Indian schools in the Northwest. He intends inquiring into the same. Lister is after the Sheikhs Island dam contract; the Ryan & Co. Sault Ste. Marie canal contract, and legal expenses to O'Connor & Hogg, Ottawa amounting to about \$20,000.

Alexander Gibb, 79 years of age, father of the bar in Ottawa, died last evening. He was walking along Maria street when taken ill. He sat down on a door step and died; heart disease was the cause.

Mr. Foster introduced a bill respecting commercial treaties affecting Canada and to extend the provisions of the French treaty to Germany, Belgium and the British colonies.

Seven tenders have been received for the steamship service between Canada and Antwerp, calling at French ports. Foster said the revenue for 1894-95 is \$38,800,000 and expenditure \$38,300,000, making a deficit for the current year of \$4,500,000.

Ottawa, May 4.—The budget speech yesterday revealed a deficit for the past year of \$1,210,000, a deficit for the current year of \$4,500,000 and an anticipated deficit for the coming year of \$1,700,000.

The senate adjourned until the 21st. The papers relating to the Saskatchewan railway were laid before parliament yesterday. There appears to be a serious disagreement between the minister of railways and President Sutherland.

Against the Forgers of the Chinese Certificates. San Francisco, May 2.—Internal Revenue Agent Thomas has notified the United States district attorney that the evidence against the alleged smugglers and Chinese certificate forgers, H. L. Foss, Mose Greenwald, T. D. Ciprico, D. J. Sullivan and Mac Katsaner, is incomplete.

EVIDENCE INCOMPLETE. Against the Forgers of the Chinese Certificates.

WEAK-MAN. Cure yourself in fifteen days. I will send free (sealed) the prescription and full particulars of a new and positive remedy for all weaknesses in young or old men.

addy's Matches the best and prior ones. ne best?

MATCHES.

ch they are accredited on any thing that country, as shown by illustrations and utterances of newspapers, and it has been suggested that the foreign office in the case may have been somewhat in this last action in closing, or at least may have been in its disposition, by notice British ambassador here of the yesterday of the New York State

definitely developed when the announcement of the agreement that the United States had very important part in the negotiation the past 24 hours. A of instructions was sent to rd yesterday, laying down a that led to the cable to Mr. Bayard re instructions so late yesterday were undoubtedly com- to the foreign offices to-day, singular coincidence, therefore, Britain's acceptance was given immediately after Mr. Bayard t his instructions. Previous ay the compromise was being the Salvadorian minister in ut his efforts seemed to be in- and there was no certainty Britain would agree. It was that led to the cable to Mr. He was directed to urge the ness of the compromise propo- to seek an early acceptance. s proved that his offices were tive than those of the Salva- nister.

man, the Nicaraguan minister ived the news from the state t to-day. "I am much grati- the result," said he, "but now all over, I don't mind saying s apprehensive up to the time message came from Mr. Bay- re, is no doubt that the affair end, as no circumstances can ve to prevent the execution reement. The question that s has yet to accept is a mere She has already accepted, ct, has urged the agreement re representatives. But such sstances as are necessary will The payment of the money is uestion. Nicaragua's word is out, in addition, there is the e of Salvador."

zman was asked what other d be taken. "There is only a step," said he, "and that is British ships to sail from Cori- pect that will occur by Satur- apes to-morrow."

interview closed, Mr. Guzman One thing I want to emphasize, s my appreciation of the con- s shown me and my government ate department. The kindly n which Secretary Gresham officials have treated the sub- time of emergency is a source tulation to me, and certainly y government when the facts own."

Frank Leake Oshawa, Ont. s in the Joints ed by Inflammatory Swelling ct Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla. s me much pleasure to recommend sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with s in the joints, accompanied with s that he could not get up stairs without crawling on hands and knees. I s anxious about him, and having read s Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I deter- s it, and got a half-dozen bottles, s which entirely cured him." Mrs. G. A. s hawa, Ontario.

s Pills act easily, yet promptly and on the liver and bowels. 25c.



FRANK LEAKE Oshawa, Ont.

s in the Joints ed by Inflammatory Swelling ct Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

s me much pleasure to recommend sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with s in the joints, accompanied with s that he could not get up stairs without crawling on hands and knees. I s anxious about him, and having read s Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I deter- s it, and got a half-dozen bottles, s which entirely cured him."

s Pills act easily, yet promptly and on the liver and bowels. 25c.

The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, May 10

ORGANIC SPLEEN.

A few remarks offered by the Times on Saturday in regard to the Dominion government's proposals have had an unfortunate effect on our irascible neighbor.

It is no doubt trying to the temper of a government organ to be obliged to defend what is really indefensible, but we may be allowed to point out that there is nothing gained by adopting the fish-wife's style.

GOVERNMENT "COURAGE."

In an Ottawa report Mr. Foster is said to have attributed the deficit for the current year to "the sweeping reduction in duties."

The president of the C. P. R. has most desperately fallen foul of the Hudson Bay railway scheme, as appears from the following Montreal dispatch:

"When Sir William Van Horne was seen in relation to the Hudson Bay railway project, he said the proposed grant to the company to build the road was sufficient to not only build it but to afford a profit of some hundreds of thousands of dollars for a season's work, and he had no doubt this profit would be increased by working off on the public a lot of bonds.

"An Up-Country Liberal," writing to the Vancouver Budget, says: "For the information of Mr. A. G. McPhillips of Victoria, I send you a clipping from my scrapbook, containing part of a speech by Sir Richard Cartwright, delivered at Chatham, Ontario, December 10th, 1890.

"I told them," said Sir Richard, "to go to the devil, and they went to Sir John A. Macdonald." (It is frequently quoted that Sir Richard said that manufacturers could "go to the devil.")

ALL OVER THE PROVINCE.

Some Items of Interest From the Agricultural and Mining Districts.

The Nakusp and Slokan Railway Will Likely be Extended to Cody Creek.

Midway Advance. We are given to understand that the Cariboo company, Camp McKinney, have now on the way in another ten stamps, which will be added to those already in operation on their claim, the Cariboo.

The evening newspaper is steadily gaining in popularity over its morning rival. An evidence of this fact is furnished by Printer's Ink: "The New York World makes wide announcements of its very great daily sales, but will not let any body know how many copies are of the morning and how many of the evening issue."

THE CONTEST IN YALE.

The following letter was sent by a resident of Osoyoos district to the Vernon News: "In studying over the manner in which we get our mail in this section, viz, one week we get a paper and the next week we don't, might I suggest that you give a reduction to a subscriber taking two copies? By this means he might get a paper every week."

The Revelstoke smelter has been leased to a Chicago syndicate. Potatoes are selling at Nelson at \$22.50 per ton. The freight from this point is \$9.

Mr. A. Gilmore, of Victoria, who owns a large amount of property in the city, came up from the coast last week. A new market for beef cattle has been opened up to the Kettle river rangers by the rush to the Trail creek mines in the southern Kootenay district.

RANCHER.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Clara Ford Acquitted—Professor Torrington Waxes Wroth.

Toronto, May 6.—The Clara Ford murder trial concluded shortly after 9 o'clock and resulted in a verdict of "not guilty." In last October Frank Westwood was shot on his father's doorstep in Parkdale, and a mystery resulted as to the author of the fatal wound.

The Mendelssohn Choir gave a successful concert under the directorship of Prof. Vogt, Professor Torrington, conductor of the Metropolitan Church choir, applied at the door for free admission, which is a usual courtesy, and was greatly surprised when told that Mr. Suckling, business manager of the concert, left orders that he was not to be admitted without paying. This put Torrington in an evil frame of mind, and when the concert was over he slapped Suckling in the face.

FROM THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

Indians on the Warpath—H. B. R.—The School Question.

Winnipeg, May 2.—It is said on good authority that the reply of the local government on the school question will be thus: "That inasmuch as this legislature was elected to support national schools, it must adhere to that policy on account of which it was returned to power, and before this government can give any other answer than that the national school system must be maintained, it must discover a fresh attitude on the part of the people of Manitoba on this question."

In other words, the government will say "No" to the remedial order and will go to the country for an expression of opinion upon its action.

A Killarney dispatch to the Free Press says: "A party over from St. John's, North Dakota, last night reports that the inhabitants of St. John's have nearly all moved out and are greatly alarmed, Indians having taken possession of the town, barricading it with cordwood to resist arrest. A special train from Bismarck was expected in last night with troops. They will guard the boundary to prevent the Indians encroaching over the line and they attack them."

High Sutherland and the H. B. R. K. contractors left Portage la Prairie early this morning on a drive of inspection over the new Hudson's Bay route. They will return on Saturday.

Mr. Sutherland, president; Mr. Sprague, director; and he met and officially ratified the contract to build the first 250 miles of the Hudson's Bay railway which was signed by the contractors and the president in the East.

James Fisher, M. P. P., announces that he will publicly address the people of Russell on the school question. It is reported to the provincial health department that there are some 640 cases of whooping cough at Morden.

A German woman was accidentally thrown from a wagon near Balgonie yesterday and instantly killed, her neck being broken.

A young halfbreed named Des Jallais accidentally shot himself dead at Battledore while shooting ducks.

Winnipeg, May 3.—The contract for the construction of the first 250 miles of the Hudson Bay railway was ratified in this city on Wednesday.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Advertisement for Johnston's Fluid Beef with Hypophosphites. Includes text: "This excellent preparation combine the virtues of Prime Beef and the Tonic Hypophosphites, and is therefore A FOOD and TONIC Invaluable in all conditions of weakness."

THE SPOONING CASES FOR SPRING ASSIZES.

The Synod Meeting—Cases for Spring Assizes. Nanaimo, May 3.—The fourth meeting of the Synod of British Columbia and Alberta opened in St. Andrew's church yesterday morning.

THE SPOONING CASES FOR SPRING ASSIZES.

The case of Dr. Garrow, of Victoria, was heard. Dr. Garrow was present and was allowed to state his own case. Rev. D. A. McRae and Clay spoke in support of the action taken by the presbytery.

USSE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

for Man and Beast! Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

USSE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

It quickly cures: Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, and all Lameness and Soreness.

THE MANTLE

Which Covers Gulliver's O the Little

Sir Richard Cartwright's Criticism of Mismann

Sir, I saw the other subsidized organs which gentlemen, a statement of the late lamented Donald had fallen up be so. If so, Mr. me that it has covered much the same reserved, if I recollect ver's coat descended of his sacred majesty speaker, I may say learn from so high a luster of finance, first in harmony, and him aright, that the sonal damage in any that the same may be gues, or that, if an ed upon to seal the opinions with their were all received in ing to my view of tion is most grave, a gentleman may say, gentleman may think the question well out taxation is extr We know right well perhaps, a work that subject, how ut completely the effort man, well meant as failed during the last of the last year to re that taxation. It I do not hold him to the income of very most important sect have been enormous the last three or four wise true that the t Canada abroad, and the hon. gentleman of account, not merely of our municipal debt, the general de short, has enormous the past few years. tleman knows our to the hon. gentleman of know it better, that of Canada, not mere of population fallen prevails in our day, and in the country, but it tive and abundant most of all is true of presents, and of the which he sits in this wish to enlarge on t ent; it requires more I at my disposal, as I tantia, indeed, to pe of these facts on the and to show how utt lacious is the view w ceman holds in this de ed upon as one who easily to pass away, the conduct of the makes it impossible occasion to avoid exist, there is no question, said Mr. Strang, but that the road will be built this year if the government carry out the order-in-council, and he did not think there was any doubt on that score. After the road reaches the Saskatchewan there will not be much difficulty in finding the money required to build it to the bay.

The steamer Victoria arrived at Rat Portage from Rainy River, the earliest arrival in ten years.

James Fisher, M. P. P., announces that he will publicly address the people of Russell on the school question.

It is reported to the provincial health department that there are some 640 cases of whooping cough at Morden.

A German woman was accidentally thrown from a wagon near Balgonie yesterday and instantly killed, her neck being broken.

A young halfbreed named Des Jallais accidentally shot himself dead at Battledore while shooting ducks.

Winnipeg, May 3.—The contract for the construction of the first 250 miles of the Hudson Bay railway was ratified in this city on Wednesday.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

THE MANTLE OF SIR JOHN

Which Covers the Cabinet as Gulliver's Coat Covered the Lilliputians.

Sir Richard Cartwright's Severe Criticism of Conservative Mismanagement.

Sir, I saw the other day, in one of the subsidized organs which support the hon. gentleman's statement that the mantle of the late lamented Sir John A. Macdonald had fallen upon them...

my, brought down further supplementary estimates to the tune of \$1,300,000. These are the precautions taken to secure economy...

To the Editor of La Liberté, St. Scholastique, Que. Dear Sir—I was once a great sufferer, and as it was through the medium of your columns I discovered the means of restoration to health...

THE CHURCH AND KNIGHTS.

An Authoritative Statement From the New Westminster Mouth. The Month of New Westminster, published under Bishop Durieu's authority, says: Several times lately some newspapers contained reports to the effect that "Catholic" Knights of Pythias in the United States have refused to obey the decree from Rome...

FRENCH VICTORY.

Paris, May 4.—A dispatch received from Majunga island, Madagascar, announces that the French forces have completely carried an important Howa position on the Betsiboka river, capturing a number of prisoners and several guns and provisions.

AN INTERESTING LETTER

FROM A GENTLEMAN WHO SUFFERED GREATLY FOR YEARS.

He Discovered the Means of Relief in the Columns of a Newspaper and takes this Means of Making Known His Good Fortune.

To the Editor of La Liberté, St. Scholastique, Que. Dear Sir—I was once a great sufferer, and as it was through the medium of your columns I discovered the means of restoration to health...

Geo. H. Lacompte, 17 Rue Pontaleon, Montreal.

Wilde Will be Liberated in the Above Amount.

London, May 4.—Oscar Wilde will be liberated on Monday or whenever bail is found. The court before which his lawyers applied has agreed to accept his personal bail bond in \$25,000 and two sureties of \$8,250 each.



People Who Weigh and Compare

Know and get the best. Cottolene, the new vegetable shortening, has won a wide and wonderful popularity. At its introduction it was submitted to expert chemists, prominent physicians and famous cooks.

Cottolene

a natural, healthful and acceptable food-product, better than lard for every cooking purpose. The success of Cottolene is now a matter of history. Will you share in the better food and better health for which it stands, by using it in your home?

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

SAN FRANCISCO'S SENSATION

Theodore Durrant Will be Tried for the Murder of Minnie Williams.

His Examination on the Charge of Killing Blanche Lamont Finishes To-Day.

San Francisco, May 3.—The baiting of Conductor West, of the Powell street line, was the feature of the examination of Theodore Durrant to-day for the murder of Blanche Lamont.

The Lamont case was taken up at once. When Conductor West took the stand he was just as positive as ever that Blanche Lamont and Durrant sat inside his car on the afternoon of April 3rd.

West was positive that Blanche Lamont and Durrant sat inside the car on the afternoon of April 3rd. He knew the lady, because he had particularly noticed the hat she wore because of what he described as its "bristles."

During the course of the examination of Mrs. Noble, the name of Blanche Lamont, some unexplained initials were put in proof. They are inscribed on the strap with which Miss Lamont fastened her school books, and they appear also on the cover of a blank book which she carried for the purpose of taking notes.

San Francisco, May 3.—Theodore Durrant will be placed on trial for his life for the murder of Minnie Williams. He was held to answer on the charge in the superior court, but being refused by Police Judge Conlan, the committing magistrate, in rendering his decision, briefly reviewed the case and the evidence adduced against Durrant.

San Francisco, May 3.—Theodore Durrant will be placed on trial for his life for the murder of Minnie Williams. He was held to answer on the charge in the superior court, but being refused by Police Judge Conlan, the committing magistrate, in rendering his decision, briefly reviewed the case and the evidence adduced against Durrant.

During the course of the examination of Mrs. Noble, the name of Blanche Lamont, some unexplained initials were put in proof. They are inscribed on the strap with which Miss Lamont fastened her school books, and they appear also on the cover of a blank book which she carried for the purpose of taking notes.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Crop Prospects in the Red River Valley Bright. Toronto, May 3.—A. Wilkie pleaded guilty to-day to a charge of embezzling from W. J. Matthews & Co., and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

Donald tobacco factory while that building was on fire Thursday last, died at Notre Dame hospital from their injuries this morning. This makes five victims.

The C. P. R. traffic returns for the week ending April 30 were \$350,000, for the same week last year, \$372,000.

Winnipeg, May 3.—It is reported that Mr. Sutherland will buy the Northern Pacific branch from Winnipeg to Fort-rose in Prairie, and then build onward. To-day was Arbor day in Winnipeg and was observed as a general holiday.

The report was circulated here that Lieutenant-Governor Schultz had been re-appointed for another term. An Ottawa dispatch denies the story.

MORE TAXES.

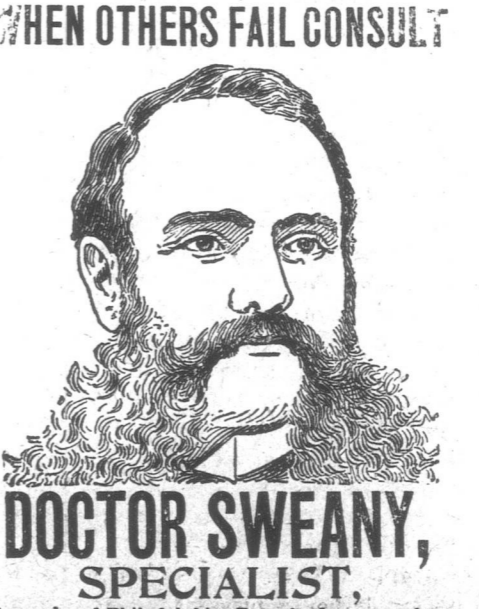
Increase in the Duty on Sugar and Spirits Takes Effect.

The following telegram was received from Ottawa yesterday by Collector of Customs Milne: Ottawa, May 3.

The principal changes in the tariff are: Spirits have been increased 12-1-2 cents per proof gallon, raw sugar one-half cent per pound, and on present dutiable sugar an additional one-half cent per pound.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

When Others Fail Consult



Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa. who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash. Dr. Sweeney has a large number of patients who have been cured of various ailments by his treatment.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay, many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammations, Stricture, Ulcers, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

LEVERETT SWEENEY, M. D. (Union Block) 713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

CURE FITS!

Valuable treatise and bottle of medicine sent Free to any address. Give Express and Post Office address. St. G. 3007, N.C. 182 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ont.

WARNING \$100 Reward

Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade-mark which consists of the letters "T & B" Stamped in Bronze on each plug of our

T & B Myrtle Navy SMOKING TOBACCO and "T & B" Tin Tag on our Chewing Tobacco The Geo. E. Tinselt & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

Hypophosphites... of Prime Beef and... weakness. A delightful beverage and a good tonic to any excessive strain.

McFines qui tam suit... to be disposed of.

THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

The Warpath—H. B. R.—The School Question. May 2.—It is said on good authority that the reply of the local school board to the question...

therland and the H. B. R. R. left Portage la Prairie early on a drive of inspection new Hudson's Bay route.

Fisher, M. P. P., announces he will publicly address the people on the school question.

May 3.—The contract for section of the first 250 miles Hudson Bay railway was ratified on Wednesday.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

It quickly cures... Burns, Corns, Chilblains, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Swellings, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, and All Lameness and Soreness.

Agents for B. C.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

New Course Arranged for Yacht Races to be Held During the Celebration.

The Schedule Arranged for the British Columbia Baseball League.

LACROSSE. THE SENIORS MEET.

The schedule arranged by the provincial association was the subject of discussion by the Triangle club last evening. The New Westminster team had insisted on a game being played in that city on the 24th of May...

BASEBALL. LEAGUE ORGANIZED.

At the meeting of the British Columbia Baseball Clubs League, held at Nanaimo on Tuesday, the following officers were chosen: Mr. J. Clark, president...

THE RIFLE. BISLEY TEAM.

Major Ibbotson, who last year commanded the Canadian Bisley team, in his report points out that the twenty members won seven first prizes, five second, five third, and 121 others...

nominate as many of their best shots as the subscription would cover. In some such way the team might be substantially increased, and men of undoubted ability who, for various reasons, may have missed getting into the twenty enabled to take their place in the Canadian contingent.

YACHTING. THE COURSE CHANGED.

The Victoria Yacht Club, under whose auspices the yacht races will be held during the celebration, have made a change in the course that will commend itself to the general public.

THE TURF. AN AFTERNOON'S RACING.

At Bowker Park on Saturday afternoon, May 5th, there will be three interesting races, the Stanley, the lessee of the park, having been assured of a number of entries for each event.

THE PINGREE PLAN.

Seattle's Scheme for Aiding the Unemployed. Seattle, May 3.—The success of the Pingree plan and also of the Co-operative Industrial Society, both of which are conducted along the same lines, is assured, and the means by which nearly 200 deserving families are placing themselves in a position of comparative comfort and independence are being provided.

NEWFOUNDLAND. Rather a Crown Colony Than Union With Canada.

St. Johns, Newfoundland, May 3.—The greatest uncertainty prevails regarding confederation with Canada. The government received letters from the Dominion cabinet last night and considered them to-day. Those qualified say that the disagreement continues.

AN ALASKA HURRICANE.

The Sealing Schooner White Lost With Seventeen Hands. Port Townsend, via Seattle, May 3.—Admiral from Kodiak Island, Alaska, to-day, say that a terrible northwest gale swept over that section of the country on April 14, wrecking the sealing schooner George R. White, of Seattle.

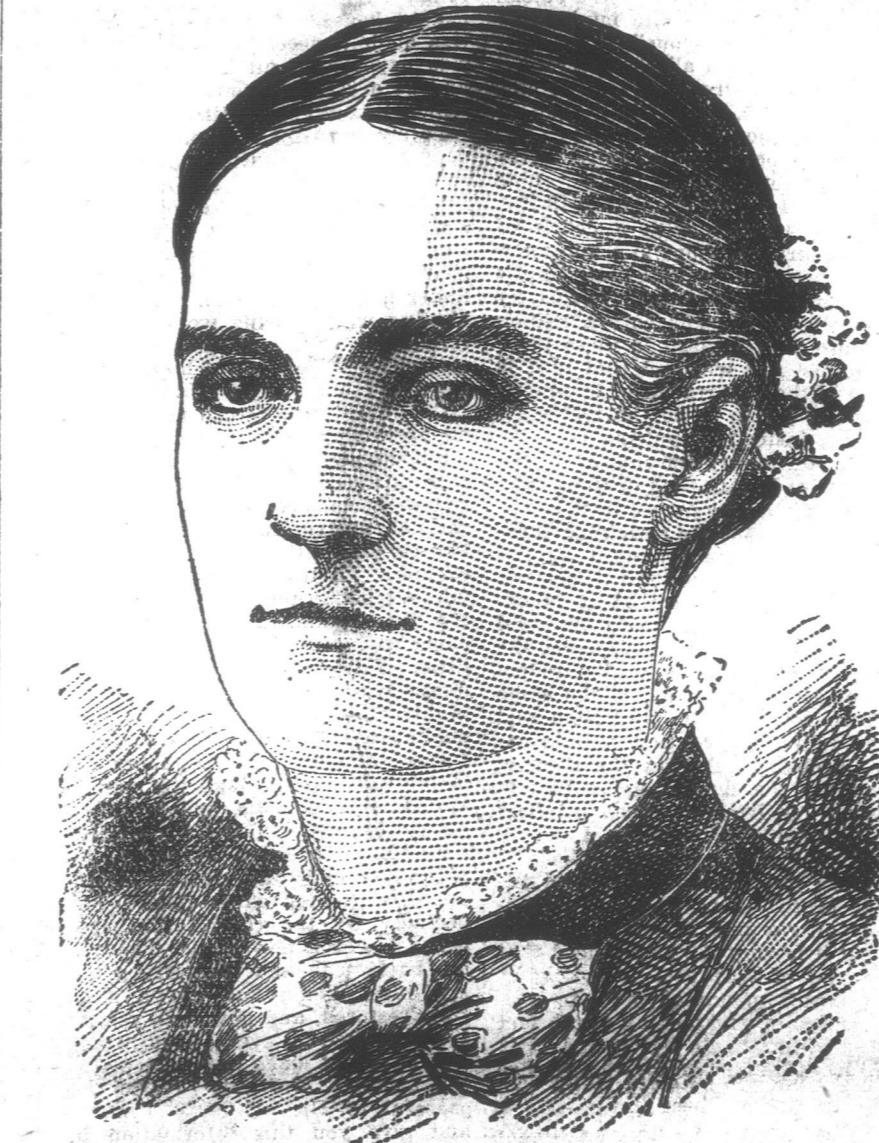
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

A NATIONAL BLESSING.

Paine's Celery Compound is Used in Thousands of Canadian Homes.

Wherever Physicians Practice It is Freely Ordered.

It is Generally Used All Over Three Continents of the World.



The greatest national blessing of the present day is Paine's Celery Compound, now so generally used in thousands of Canadian homes. The reputation and popularity of this wonderful medicine is now fully established over three entire continents, and able physicians freely prescribe it from day to day.

DOMINION DISPATCHES.

- Mayor Stewart Sues the Hamilton Times for Libel. Toronto, May 3.—Armstrong, of McKellar, has been appointed sheriff of the late Henry Armstrong. The Lake of the Woods Milling Co. has made the contract for the necessary lumber to construct ten new elevators in Manitoba. A million and a half feet of lumber is needed. Paris, Ont., May 3.—A boy named Harold Jones was drowned in the river last evening. Toronto, May 3.—Mrs. B. B. Osler, wife of the noted lawyer, died last night, having been an invalid for years. Pembroke, May 3.—Mrs. Gamble, aged 85, was killed by the Winnipeg express at Level Crossing yesterday. Westmeath, May 3.—Nelson Lingstrum, aged 19, and employed at Tucker & Hodges' mill, was drowned yesterday. St. Catharines, May 3.—W. B. Burgoyne, editor of the Standard, was elected councillor yesterday by two votes over J. S. McClelland, editor of the Star. Toronto, May 3.—Clara Ford's confession to Detective Reburn in connection with the Westwood murder was admitted as evidence. Reburn was the principal witness. Port Burwell, Ont., May 3.—Eric Lodge, a popular summer resort, owned by Q. C. Scott, Tilsonburg, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss \$4000, and insured. Hamilton, May 3.—Mayor Stewart has entered an action for libel against the Times for its editorial reference on the part he took in connection with a recent athletic tournament. The paper accus-

A DEATH DEALING CYCLONE

Sweeps Over Northwestern Iowa Leaving Death and Destruction in Its Wake.

School Houses Entirely Blown away—Many Scholars Maimed and Killed.

Sioux City, Ia., May 4.—The Journal's Sioux Centre special says one of the most destructive and terrific cyclones which ever visited the north-west corner of the state of Iowa passed through a portion of Sioux Centre early last evening.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 4.—During the cyclone which did considerable damage at West Sioux Falls and vicinity there was a regular cloud of dust twenty miles north, followed by an immense rise in the river. The Sioux at Tilley is running over the Milwaukee tracks and Skunk creek is flooding the farms. Webster, S. D., May 4.—The northern portion of Spink county was swept by a cyclone last night. The greatest damage reported was at Ashton, where the opera house, Congregational churches, and houses and barns were destroyed.

Law Intelligence.

In the case of Heaven and Yates vs. Fell Mr. Justice Drake yesterday rendered his judgment. In briefly summing up the evidence he held that the memorandum made by Mr. Worlock went only to show what was in Mr. Worlock's mind at the time he gave the Canada Western Hotel stock to Mr. Fell the day before the assignment.

MYSTERIOUS MOVEMENTS.

Port Townsend, May 3.—Mysterious individuals have purchased a large number of rifles, stores and ammunition from the gun stores in nearly all the cities and towns on Puget Sound, and even Portland has been drawn upon. A mysterious schooner is reported to have been seen seaward bound. It is assumed by those who were watching the movements of the men and the vessel that they were bound for Hawaii.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

A Witness in the Durraut Case Tries to End his Life. San Francisco, May 3.—C. T. Hill, one of the most important witnesses for the state connecting Durraut with the murder of Minnie Williams, tried to end his life by cutting his throat yesterday. He has been despondent because he lost his situation. He will recover.

Heart Disease Relieved in 20 Minutes—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 20 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for palpitation, shortness of breath, smothering spells, Pain in Left Side and symptoms of a diseased heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

SERM

Reference to the Speech of Mr. on Ev

Warned to Avoid Vain Babbling

At the close of the famed Episcopal evening, Rt. Rev. Bishop to the paper 'Di Power,' read by the meeting of the tion recently held in mon follows:— 'And I if lifted u into me.' When o codemus: 'As Moser put in the wilderne Son of Man be lifted believeth in Him sh have everlasting life, the crucifixion, a f properly understood, confusion which too way of salvation, a god in Christ Jesus spair and misery, the te look and be healee are of our salvation s that if, in our deso look to him on the en dles: what shall ing saved? 'Yet how many sa in view of the man the word of God i their duty towards o other. But think h phis: how much it h how much in that presents. What do wounded and dying sense of their peris of their entire depen delivance: coupled as they had displac obedience, this, and way of pardon, as w As in the type, so Looking to Jesus on sense, in his own danger of sin: a sin; and a belief that sake, is ready to for implied; and it is a from the idea that w some great thing, o spicuous merit, bef on God to forgive. 'In earthly distress ten implied in a loe which a despairing physician; with who ple watch the life r rescue. There is th think of nothing els ing else. They mus cor fails. Though distress; about his not in their cries o that deliverer. So our tears or prayers serving, but in Chr. 'We are not saved great thing any heal'd except by ju healed in his physicia for us, and whoeve his sinful condition, for deliverance, wif There are many whic scims of such an an the spiritual m the Lord alone is o there salvation in a Let us consider t of the Christ: 'And will draw all men u This is true in m The ground round trodden than any of Christ is preached, as to nothing else. the Saviour flock ar ly as his friends; t This is y religion of Jesus C idle tale as they s let it alone, and le death, and take it of innumerable othe ten and despised? and worn-out super temptible fetich, w off? But they can way of salvation is er question. This the way of salvatio kind are interested a fulfilment of our sense little thought against it, no les to plant it more fir the midst of an ur world. There is a differ redemption and un redeemed but as a prison doors are th is nothing to hidee ance but his own There is a possib who bears the woro to the heights of a He hath opened th to all believers. H give repentance as sins. For which r eth all men every Thus simple is th life. 'Being justit peace with God thr ford.' But not so follows. Restorat all that is implied under the hands of lives that he may

THE DEALING CYCLONE

Over Northwestern Iowa  
ing Death and Destruction  
in its Wake.

houses Entirely Blown away  
any Scholars Maimed  
and Killed.

ity, Ia., May 4.—The Journal's  
re specialists say one of the most  
and terrific cyclones which  
ed the north-west corner of the  
owa passed through a portion  
Centre early last evening. The  
eared to originate about three  
-east of Trionton, passing in a  
ealy direction and near Perre  
e it first struck the ground,  
there for a distance of twelve  
miles not a building was left  
in its path, and the most un-  
thing of all was its course  
the section line of the school  
so far two teachers are known  
pen killed—Miss Anna Marsh-  
er brother, with from one to  
ren at each school. Four school  
er school was in session, were  
piped from the face of the earth.  
sage was left, except a few  
ark where they stood, and the  
e carried from a quarter to  
e, where they were found, some  
others badly injured. At the  
se where George Marsden was  
ut a vestige of the building re-  
nd Mr. Marsden was found  
ance away in a field dead with  
ars. The two little girls of  
er, belonging to the same  
er found clinging to each other  
had been driven into the wire  
to sons of T. H. Hazgie, be-  
e same school, had both legs  
e internally injured. The  
of Mr. Hazgie is just west of  
e house, and where stood the  
ings nothing is left, and while  
e escaped without any perma-  
ny his eldest daughter was  
ged in a tree where she had  
ed by the storm and so seri-  
ed that death is expected mo-  
e. Two grown boys who had  
a field at the approach of the  
e injured, one seriously, the  
lly. Horses, cattle and vehi-  
e hurled through the air like  
e through for three-quarters  
ng by half a mile wide is en-  
ed. It is impossible to give  
number of dead and wounded,  
e people are believed to have  
e.

ills, S. D., May 4.—During the  
hich did considerable damage  
Sioux Falls and vicinity there  
enr cloud of dust twenty miles  
owed by a wind which in  
e the Sioux at Tilley is run-  
e the Milwaukee tracks and  
ek is flooding the farms.

ills, S. D., May 4.—The northern  
ink county was swept by a  
at night. The greatest damage  
as at Ashton, where the opera-  
ongregational churches, and  
d barns were destroyed. Farm  
anaries and barns for miles be-  
st Ashton were completely  
e.

ills of Sioux Centre, Ireton,  
y, Perkins, Doon, Hull, Shel-  
n, Ashton, Sibley and Lemars  
st directly in the path of the  
The storm was followed by a  
and rain storm which had  
at an early hour this morning.  
e victims were found ledged as  
e they had been hurled by the  
ere once had stood fine resi-  
ble found nothing but the  
e, and in some cases a few  
nbers, while others were  
ere were portions of the building  
ure, bearing not the least rem-  
ner original form.

Law Intelligence.  
case of Beaven and Yates vs.  
Justice Drake yesterday re-  
ndgment. In briefly summing  
evidence he held that the mem-  
e by Mr. Worlock went only  
what was in Mr. Worlock's  
the time he gave the Canada  
Hotel stock to Mr. Fell the  
e assignment. This along  
evidence of other things that  
e the meeting of creditors at  
C. A. hall went to show that  
e were taken by Mr. Fell in  
of his costs. His lien as far  
due him by the bank was  
In short the proceeds of  
went to payment of costs due  
Worlock & Co. to Fell before  
ment in reduction of his de-  
it for two hundred dollars,  
e two dishonored drafts  
e due by the bank, that the  
e for costs was disbarred,  
e defendant had a further right  
e documents on account of  
e by him by reason of the work  
e assignments, and on the pay-  
e amount to him he was to  
e all papers. His lordship also  
e the transfer of the Canada  
e stock was not a fraudulent  
e. The plaintiffs were allowed the  
e general issue, but the de-  
e allowed the costs of the in-  
e adulent preference. Mr. Bod-  
e ditiff: Mr. Gordon Hunter for

was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
e a child, she cried for Castoria,  
e came sick, she chose to Castoria,  
e of children, she gave them Castoria.

SERMON BY  
BISHOP CRIDGE.

Reference to the Extraordinary  
Speech of Minister Baker  
on Evolution.

Warned to Avoid Profane and  
Vain Babblings of False  
Science.

At the close of the sermon at the Re-  
formed Episcopal church last Sunday  
evening, Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge referred  
to the paper "Diagnosis of Brain  
Power," read by Hon. Col. Baker at  
the meeting of the educational associa-  
tion recently held in Toronto. The sermon  
follows:—  
"And I if lifted up will draw all men  
unto me." When our Lord said to Ni-  
odemus: "As Moses lifted up the ser-  
pent in the wilderness, even so must the  
Son of Man be lifted up, that whosoever  
believeth in Him should not perish but  
have everlasting life, it was a type of  
the crucifixion, a figure which, when  
properly understood, should dissipate the  
confusion which too often obscures the  
way of salvation, and shows us how  
simple, wide and free is the mercy of  
God in Christ Jesus. For if, in their de-  
spair and misery, the Israelites had just  
to look and be healed, or if this be a fig-  
ure of our salvation by Christ, teaching  
us that if, in our despair and misery, we  
look to him on the cross, we shall be saved;  
then what shall hinder us from being  
saved?  
Yet how many say this is too simple,  
in view of the many precepts with which  
the word of God impresses upon men  
their duty towards God and to one an-  
other. But think how much a look im-  
plies: how much it implies in the figure;  
how much in that which the figure re-  
presents. What does it imply in the  
wounded and dying Israelites, but a  
sense of their perishing condition, and  
of their entire dependence upon God for  
deliverance; coupled with a belief that  
deliverance was displaced him by their dis-  
obedience, this, and this alone, was the  
way of pardon, as well as of healing.  
As in the type, so in the antitype.  
Looking to Jesus on the cross implies a  
sense, in him who looks, of the misery  
of sin; and a belief that God, for Christ's  
sake, is ready to forgive sin. All this is  
implied; and it is a very different thing  
from the idea that we must ourselves do  
some great thing, or acquire some con-  
siderable merit, before we can prevail  
on God to forgive.  
In earthly distresses how much is of-  
ten implied in a look. The look which  
a despairing patient regards the  
physician, with which a ship-wrecked  
man watches the life boat coming to the  
rescue. There is the only hope. They  
think of nothing else; they look to nothing  
else. They must perish if that suc-  
cess fails. Though they show signs of  
distress; shout for help; their salvation is  
not in their cries or their appeals, but in  
that deliverer. So salvation is not in  
our tears or prayers, still less in our de-  
serving, but in Christ alone.  
We are not saved then by doing some  
great thing any more than a sick man is  
healed except by just obeying and trust-  
ing to his physician. Our misery pleads  
for us, and whoever, in the misery of  
his sinful condition, looks to the Saviour  
for deliverance, will never look in vain.  
There are many who profess to be phy-  
sicians of souls, and who have remedies  
for the spiritual maladies of men, but  
the Lord alone is our healer, neither is  
there salvation in any other way.  
Let us consider the attractive power  
of the Christ: "And I if I be lifted up  
will draw all men unto me."  
This is true in more ways than one.  
The ground around the cross is more  
trodden than any other. Wherever the  
Christ is preached, men are drawn to it  
as to nothing else. The enemies of the  
Saviour flock around it just as eagles  
fly as his friends; though with different  
motives. This is very strange. If the  
religion of Jesus Christ were such an un-  
pleasant tale as they say, why do they not  
let it alone, and let it die a natural  
death, and take its place in the limbo  
of innumerable other impostures, forgot-  
ten and despised? If it is such an effete  
and worn-out superstition, such a con-  
temptible fetish, what are they afraid  
of? But they cannot let it alone. The  
way of salvation is discussed as no other  
question. This absolute publicity of  
the way of salvation, in which all man-  
kind are interested, for or against, is  
a fulfillment of our Lord's words in a  
sense little thought of. Every word spok-  
en against it, no less than for it, serves  
to plant it more firmly in the soil, as the  
standard of salvation and amnesty, in  
the midst of an ugly and rebellious  
world.  
There is a difference between universal  
redemption and universal salvation. All  
are redeemed but all are not saved. The  
prison doors are thrown open, and there  
is nothing to hinder any man's deliv-  
erance but his own will.  
There is a possibility for every man  
who hears the word of life to be exalted  
to the heights of glory. Only believe.  
He hath opened the kingdom of heaven  
to all believers. He has been exalted to  
give repentance as well as remission of  
sins. For which reason God command-  
eth all men everywhere to repent.  
Thus simple is the way of pardon and  
life. "Being justified by faith, we have  
peace with God through Jesus Christ our  
Lord." But not so simple is that which  
follows. Restoration to health is not  
all that is implied in one who has been  
under the hands of the physician. He  
lives that he may work, and act, and

remains for you, the people, to judge and  
determine what is your duty.  
Let us glory in the simplicity of the  
Gospel: let us look to the cross of our  
Lord Jesus Christ. The waves of error  
dash against it, but founded on the rock,  
it stands fast, the eternal refuge of all  
who believe. Avoid profane and vain  
babblings and oppositions of science so  
called. Let us run in the attitude of the  
race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus.  
NEWS OF THE INTERIOR.  
Deals and Rumors of Deals in Mines  
and Claims.  
Roseland Miner.  
A big deal was made on Thursday in  
which Michael Sullivan and W. Dunn  
are interested as vendors, and J. L. Wil-  
son, W. Clayton Millar and John M.  
Burke as purchasers. The properties  
which changed hands were the R. E. Lee,  
Maid of Erin mineral claims, and the  
price was \$36,000. The R. E. Lee and  
Maid of Erin were staked last October,  
and very little attention was paid to  
them until development work this spring  
proved that there was a good showing of  
no ordinary size on the ground. A shaft  
has been sunk thirty feet on the Maid  
of Erin and an open crosscut run on the  
R. E. Lee. No very high assays have  
been obtained out of the ore in the shaft;  
but as reported last week, the ore in the  
crosscut, which has been run twenty-  
seven feet without finding the hanging  
wall, fifteen feet of it through solid ore,  
looked distinctly favorable. John M.  
Burke examined the property and saw  
enough to convince him that it was the  
banner prospect in the camp. Having  
come to terms with the owners of the  
property and secured an option on it for  
\$36,000 in favor of Wilson, Millar and  
himself, he had a sample assay made of  
the ore and got the very satisfactory av-  
erage of \$20 in gold per ton. Higher as-  
says than that were got out of the isolat-  
ed samples, but this represents the av-  
erage value of the ore about twelve feet  
from the surface. The cropings went  
\$10. Work will be started on the prop-  
erty some time next month, as soon as  
the necessary arrangements can be made.  
The R. E. Lee and Maid of Erin are sit-  
uated on the south side of Trail creek, a  
few minutes' walk from the forks, and  
do hereby request the daughters of Il-  
linois not to accept the hand in marriage  
of any person not a citizen of the United  
States by right of birth or naturalization,  
as we are of the opinion that the daugh-  
ters of Illinois should be patriotic in  
their views and should disregard the  
offer of any foreigner, and marry none but a  
citizen of the United States."  
The resolution was referred to the com-  
mittee on Federal relations.  
AN EX-MAYOR'S ECCENTRICITY.  
T. B. Prentiss, one of the oldest and  
best known residents of the Ottawa val-  
ley, died at Aylmer, Que., aged 85. Ten  
years ago he erected a tombstone for  
himself and his wife who survives him  
and carved their names on it, leaving  
only a blank for the date of decease. He  
also picked out a good coffin at an Ottawa  
under-taking establishment. Apart  
from these eccentricities the late Mr.  
Prentiss was a practical, level-headed  
man, much respected by all who knew  
him, and was for some years mayor of  
Aylmer.  
CONTRACTS AND CAMPAIGN  
FUNDS.  
Montreal Star: We will all grow tired  
some day of paying a contractor \$100,000  
to build a \$50,000 work we do not want,  
in order that a political party may get  
\$10,000 for its campaign fund. A few  
more deficits and a few more stories add-  
ed to the debt, will hurry our education  
in the matter forward.  
IN CONGENITAL COMPANY.  
Sir Hector Langevin won't feel so  
much alone as he has been for several  
years when Mr. Thomas McGreevy takes  
his seat in the house of commons. Sir  
Hector, Sir Adolphe and Mr. McGreevy,  
when they have nothing else to do, en-  
joy in confidential chats over the  
cleverness which they displayed in col-  
lecting and distributing the corruption  
fund of 1887.—Halifax Chronicle.  
REBELLIOUS REDSKINS.  
The Trouble is Confined to a Small Band  
Under Little Shell.  
Washington, May 3.—Indian Agent R.  
Hall has sent a dispatch to the commis-  
sioner of Indian affairs with reference to  
the reported troubles at Turtle Moun-  
tain, the Chippewa reservation in North  
Dakota. Mr. Hall says everything  
is quiet on the Turtle Mountain reserva-  
tion now. A posse of United States  
marshals have arrived to make arrests  
and I cannot tell what the outcome will  
be. Indians as a whole have no inter-  
est in the trouble and are peaceably in-  
follovers. Little Shell and about twenty  
followers are the only ones interested; and  
I believe the balance will keep them  
quiet. I am trying to keep the Indians  
on the reservation and away from St.  
John, where the trouble is located.  
CRONIN'S MEMORY.  
Will be Kept Green by Those who  
Honor It.  
Chicago, May 4.—To-day marks the  
fifth anniversary of the assassination of  
Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin, the noted  
Irish leader, and in accordance with an  
agreement that is intended shall be per-  
petual a large number of those who still  
honor his memory are patriotic went  
to Calvary cemetery and piled his grave  
high with floral offerings. There were  
no formal exercises.  
—Lawn mowers at Shore's hardware,  
cheap for cash.

OF GENERAL INTEREST.

"NATIONAL POLICY" CANADIANS  
Chicago contains 385,000 Germans,  
216,000 Irish, 100,000 Scandinavians,  
54,000 Russians (of whom 10,000 are  
Jews and 53,000 Poles), 20,000 French  
Canadians and 42,000 Canadians of Eng-  
lish and Scotch descent.  
MOWAT'S EASTERN TRIP.  
The Toronto Globe says: "We under-  
stand that Sir Oliver Mowat expects to  
leave for England next month. The  
principal occasion of his going this year  
is the prohibition case, which goes to the  
judiciary committee of the Privy Council  
by way of appeal from the supreme  
court. Mr. Macdaren, Q.C., who argued  
the provincial side of the question in the  
courts here, will argue the case before the  
tribunal of last resort, and is to  
leave here for this purpose when the time  
for the hearing is determined and  
ascertained. Some prominent English  
counsel are to be associated with him.  
The Hon. Edward Blake is said to have  
been retained by some of the other par-  
ties to the litigation.  
THEY COME HIGH.  
Some curious details have been published  
regarding the wardrobe of the Prince  
of Wales. It appears that he possesses  
70 uniforms, at an average cost of £150  
(\$750). It is added that he pays 12  
guineas (\$62.50) for a frock coat; 15  
guineas (about \$75) for a dress suit; for pants  
he pays four guineas (\$21); his ordinary  
trousers with coat and vest, cost 8 to 10  
guineas (\$42 to \$52.50). During the Lon-  
don season, the Prince consumes two  
frock coats per month, and he uses about  
a dozen dress suits annually. He has an  
immense number of ordinary suits of  
clothes and never wears one more than  
two or three times. In addition his shoot-  
ing suits cost 300 guineas a year. The  
Prince has three silk hats every fort-  
night and never wears a pair of gloves  
twice. In shoes, he is the best dressed  
man in the United Kingdom.

NO FOREIGN "HUBBIES."  
In the Illinois house Mr. McCarthy  
obtained unanimous consent to introduce  
the following resolution:  
"Resolved, that the members of the  
general assembly of the state of Illinois  
do hereby request the daughters of Il-  
linois not to accept the hand in marriage  
of any person not a citizen of the United  
States by right of birth or naturalization,  
as we are of the opinion that the daugh-  
ters of Illinois should be patriotic in  
their views and should disregard the  
offer of any foreigner, and marry none but a  
citizen of the United States."  
The resolution was referred to the com-  
mittee on Federal relations.  
AN EX-MAYOR'S ECCENTRICITY.  
T. B. Prentiss, one of the oldest and  
best known residents of the Ottawa val-  
ley, died at Aylmer, Que., aged 85. Ten  
years ago he erected a tombstone for  
himself and his wife who survives him  
and carved their names on it, leaving  
only a blank for the date of decease. He  
also picked out a good coffin at an Ottawa  
under-taking establishment. Apart  
from these eccentricities the late Mr.  
Prentiss was a practical, level-headed  
man, much respected by all who knew  
him, and was for some years mayor of  
Aylmer.  
CONTRACTS AND CAMPAIGN  
FUNDS.  
Montreal Star: We will all grow tired  
some day of paying a contractor \$100,000  
to build a \$50,000 work we do not want,  
in order that a political party may get  
\$10,000 for its campaign fund. A few  
more deficits and a few more stories add-  
ed to the debt, will hurry our education  
in the matter forward.  
IN CONGENITAL COMPANY.  
Sir Hector Langevin won't feel so  
much alone as he has been for several  
years when Mr. Thomas McGreevy takes  
his seat in the house of commons. Sir  
Hector, Sir Adolphe and Mr. McGreevy,  
when they have nothing else to do, en-  
joy in confidential chats over the  
cleverness which they displayed in col-  
lecting and distributing the corruption  
fund of 1887.—Halifax Chronicle.  
REBELLIOUS REDSKINS.  
The Trouble is Confined to a Small Band  
Under Little Shell.  
Washington, May 3.—Indian Agent R.  
Hall has sent a dispatch to the commis-  
sioner of Indian affairs with reference to  
the reported troubles at Turtle Moun-  
tain, the Chippewa reservation in North  
Dakota. Mr. Hall says everything  
is quiet on the Turtle Mountain reserva-  
tion now. A posse of United States  
marshals have arrived to make arrests  
and I cannot tell what the outcome will  
be. Indians as a whole have no inter-  
est in the trouble and are peaceably in-  
follovers. Little Shell and about twenty  
followers are the only ones interested; and  
I believe the balance will keep them  
quiet. I am trying to keep the Indians  
on the reservation and away from St.  
John, where the trouble is located.  
CRONIN'S MEMORY.  
Will be Kept Green by Those who  
Honor It.  
Chicago, May 4.—To-day marks the  
fifth anniversary of the assassination of  
Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin, the noted  
Irish leader, and in accordance with an  
agreement that is intended shall be per-  
petual a large number of those who still  
honor his memory are patriotic went  
to Calvary cemetery and piled his grave  
high with floral offerings. There were  
no formal exercises.  
—Lawn mowers at Shore's hardware,  
cheap for cash.

A FAIR ATTORNEY.

Alas, the world has gone awry  
Since cousin Clara entered college,  
For she has grown so learned,  
Of tremble at her wondrous knowledge.  
Whene'er I dare to woo her now,  
She frowns that I should so annoy her,  
And then proclaims with lofty brow,  
Her mission is to be a lawyer.  
Life glides no more on golden wings,  
A sunny waft from Eldorado,  
I've learned how true the poet sings  
That coming sorrow casts its shadow,  
When tutti-frutti lost its spell,  
Telt some hidden grief impended,  
When she declined a caramel,  
I knew my rosy dream had ended.  
She paints no more on China plaques,  
With tints that would have crazed Murillo,  
Strange birds that never plumed their backs,  
When father Noah braved the billow,  
Her fancy limns, with brighter brush,  
The splendid triumph that await her,  
When in court, a breathless hush,  
Gives homage to the keen debator.  
'Tis sad to meet such crushing woes,  
From eyes as blue as Scottish heather,  
'Tis sad to meet such crushing woes,  
Should have her heart bound up in leather,  
To keep one's passion pent,  
Though Pallas' arms the fair environ,  
But worse to have her quoting Kent,  
When one is fondly breathing Byron.  
When Clara's licensed at the law,  
Her fame, be sure, will live forever,  
No barder will pick a flaw  
In logic so extremely clever,  
The sheriff will forget his nap,  
To feast upon the heavenly vision,  
And e'en the judge will set his cap  
At her, and dream of love Elysian.

FRUIT GROWING.

The Men of Chilliwack Valley Under-  
take Improvement.  
The fruit growers of the valley here  
at length struck the nail on the head,  
by forming themselves into an associa-  
tion for protective and aggressive  
work. The business of the world is not  
done to-day by individuals so much as  
by combinations of those engaged in the  
same department. This method has  
much to uphold it, when applied to in-  
dustries which are liable to be injured  
by disease or unwholesome importa-  
tions, or when brought into competition  
with the combines of foreign importa-  
tions. In the case of the fruit raised in  
this valley, the association will take  
special care in fitting it for the market,  
and having a large quantity to select  
from will be able to put fruit on the  
market that can compete with any im-  
ported. Hitherto every man putting up  
the small amount at his disposal used  
little discretion in its assortment. Now  
it will be different and the outside world  
may rest assured that fruit with the  
brand of this association on it will be  
as good as any fruit of the same brand  
and dealers need have no hesitation in  
trying it. The association is determin-  
ed, if possible, to reclaim the fruit mar-  
ket of B. C. and extend it as much as  
possible, and give to consumers as good  
an article as the imported, or at least  
the association is also useful in distribut-  
ing helpful information. The latest and  
most approved methods are discussed,  
varieties of fruits compared, ways of  
cultivation, protection from pests, and  
other practical topics, when a threshed  
out are of practical value to the raiser.  
There is not a doubt but the association  
will be of great practical benefit to  
growers, every one of whom should be  
in the ranks.—Chilliwack Progress.  
—The best value for your money at  
Shore's hardware.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Harry McKittrick, of Winnipeg, Brutally  
Assaulted.  
Peterboro, May 4.—A settlement has  
been effected between the Canadian Gen-  
eral Electric Company and their em-  
ployees. The new agreement was mod-  
ified to meet the wishes of the employes  
from the original obnoxious ones issued.  
The men accept it and will be taken  
back.  
Belleville, May 4.—Quentia McNider,  
who for many years was manager of the  
Bank of Montreal here, is dead. He was  
82 years of age.  
Winnipeg, May 4.—Harry McKittrick,  
proprietor of the National Hotel, was at-  
tacked by roughs on the river bank last  
night and beaten almost to death.  
It is stated that work on the Hudson  
Bay railway begins on Monday.  
Arbor Day was observed as a holiday,  
but few trees were planted.

Scott's  
Emulsion  
the cream of Cod liver Oil, with  
Hypophosphites, is for  
Coughs,  
Colds,  
Sore Throat,  
Bronchitis,  
Weak Lungs,  
Consumption,  
Loss of Flesh,  
Emaciation,  
Weak Babies,  
Growing Children,  
Poor Mothers' Milk,  
Scrofula,  
Anæmia;  
in fact, for all conditions call-  
ing for a quick and effective  
nourishment. Send for Pamphlet. FREE.  
Scott & Borne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

FOR SALE—A young mare in foal; ex-  
change for a young cow and calf or a  
two-year-old colt. Apply 100 Moss street,  
Victoria, B.C.  
WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good ad-  
dress. Liberal salary and expenses paid  
weekly, permanent position. Brown Bros.  
Co. Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon.  
Feb 2-m a wkly 3m





Victoria Weekly Times.

VOL. 11 - NO. 19, WHOLE NUMBER 5255

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1895.

PART 2.

THE FREDERICTON BRIDGE.

First of the Governmental Scandals Touched Upon at Ottawa This Session.

Minister Foster's Peculiar Connection With York County, New Brunswick.

Ottawa, May 2.—The government's policy of keeping silence and refusing to discuss important questions...

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

J. L. Toole is Suffering From Paralysis and Will Retire From the Stage.

Sir Frederick Leighton, Previously Reported Dying, Rapidly Recovering.

London, May 9.—The Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, who was chief secretary for Ireland from 1861 to 1865, is dead.

A VIGILANT OPPOSITION.

Foster's Connection With Fredericton Bridge Job Will Be Investigated.

Papers in Connection With Purchase of Victoria P. O. Site Asked For.

Ottawa, May 9.—There was a lively meeting of the public accounts committee this morning.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Ancient Colony Fights Shy of the Combines.

St. Johns, Nfld., May 8.—The Daily News, Independent, says it is an open secret that confederacy with Canada...

LOSS OF THE EARNSCLIFF.

Wrecked on Princess Island—Her Crew Saved.

San Francisco, May 7.—The steamer Gaelic, from Hongkong, brought the news that the British ship Earnscloff, from Manila to Hongkong, thence to San Francisco, is a total wreck on Princess Island, off the coast of Asia.

THE DR. GARROW CASE.

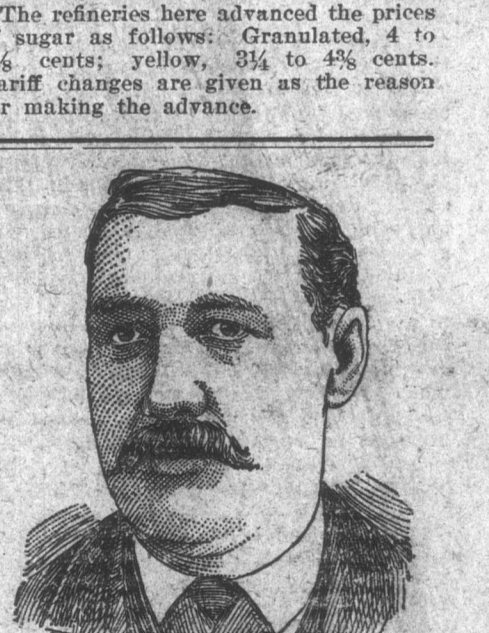
An Official Copy of the Finding Reached by the Synod.

The following document has been sent to the Times by the clerk of the Presbyterian synod.

Findings of the Synod of British Columbia in the co-called "Dr. Garrow case".

CANCER ON THE LIP

CURED BY AYER'S Sarsaparilla



AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose. I suffered in agony seven long years. Finally, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a decided improvement. Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore began to heal, and after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."

id within a fortnight, the Brien will be withdrawn from

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...

FROM WASHINGTON. Says...





The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, May 10.

A STRANGE DELUSION.

The editor of the News-Advertiser would apparently be a great success in the role of "Rip Van Winkle." He "would like the Times to say what it thinks of the suggestion now made"—that the Dominion should aid the extension of the E. & N. railway—in face of the fact that the Times expressed its opinion on that subject within a very recent period. He also finds that "for months past the Times has been condemning the Dominion government for the liberal manner in which it has carried out public works of utility in various parts of Canada." The Times has done nothing of the sort; it has condemned the squandering of public money on works of utility for the advantage of government pets and hangers-on, but that is a very different matter. From the first "break" of the News-Advertiser noticed here it might have been surmised that the editor had been asleep for a time, but from the second inference is that he has been reading some other journal while laboring under the hallucination that he was perusing the Times. Perhaps our contemporary will be able to shake itself together and find out what is the matter with its mental outfit.

A TYPICAL SCANDAL.

The Fredericton bridge scandal, ventilated in parliament the other day, is not so great as some of the scandals in which the Dominion government has been involved, but it is just as gross in character as any. Taken in connection with certain attendant political incidents, it should prove peculiarly instructive to the people, whose money is made the sport of politicians in such games. The principal stockholders in the bridge company are Alexander Gibson and Temple, M. P. It may have been noted by some of our readers that some of the Tory papers not long ago boasted about Mr. Gibson being a "convert" from the Liberal to the Conservative side, and it is a matter of common knowledge that Mr. Temple is about to retire into the senate so that Minister Foster may try to find a seat in York, his chances for reelection in King's being practically nil. To the company formed by Messrs. Temple and Gibson to build the Fredericton bridge there was lent from the Dominion treasury six years ago \$300,000, the interest to be paid at 4 per cent. Not a cent of this interest has been paid, so there is now \$72,000 due from the company. In addition to the loan the government subsidized the bridge company to the amount of \$30,000. It appears from the statements dragged out of Mr. Foster the other day that the country stands as a secondary creditor of the company, and therefore it has practically no security for the return of the \$300,000, which might as well have been set down as a free gift at the first. No wonder Messrs. Gibson and Temple feel that they ought to show some gratitude to the government that so generously assisted them at the people's expense.

FROM THE BLUE BOOKS.

Dutiable goods imported in 1892—\$69, 160,737; taxes collected, \$20,550,473; equalling 29.5 per cent.  
Dutiable goods imported in 1893—\$69, 873,571; taxes collected, \$21,161,710.93; equalling 30.2 per cent.  
Dutiable goods imported in 1894—\$62, 779,182; taxes collected, \$19,379,822.32; equalling 30.8 per cent.  
For the nine months ending March 31, there is of course no blue book to consult, but the returns as published give dutiable goods imported, \$42,979,130; taxes collected, \$13,278,855; or at the rate of 30.9 per cent.  
Any person who impartially examines these figures will see that there has been a gradual increase of customs taxation, the rate now being higher than in 1892, despite the Fosterian tariff revision.

"CANADA'S ENEMIES."

The London Times will, we fear, have to be reckoned among the number of "Canada's enemies." This sad conclusion is forced upon us by the consideration of some remarks from our esteemed neighbor along with the following utterance of our big London namesake:— "Newfoundland exports its principal produce to the markets of southern Europe and elsewhere. It imports almost every article of local consumption. It has, therefore, a very great advantage in maintaining the freedom of its commercial markets. If it joins the Confederation of Canada, it must renounce its existing right to buy in the cheapest as well as to sell in the dearest market. Its sales will still be made in the outer markets of the world, but its purchases will be within the protected ring of the Dominion. The bulk of its present imports from Great Britain will be made from Canada and will be paid for at an increase of about 25 per cent. on the present price. Every commercial argument

which is used in Canada in favor of the incorporation of Newfoundland with the Dominion forms, from the point of view of the Newfoundlanders, an argument against confederation. It is argued in Canada that in proportion to population the islanders would be the best customers of the Dominion, because Canada can supply everything which they now import. But if this is the case, and Newfoundland has never hitherto purchased her necessary supplies in Canada, the deduction is that it has been more profitable for her to purchase elsewhere. The compulsion of the confederate bond will in the future, if she submits herself to it, force upon her the sacrifice of this profit.  
Newfoundland and Great Britain have each therefore something to lose by the incorporation of Newfoundland with Canada. Great Britain will lose a certain amount of trade; Newfoundland will have to pay more for the goods that she consumes."

"CANADA'S SHAME."

"Canadian public life is rotten to the core."—London Times (Con.).  
"As well defend Sodom."—Principal Grant (Con.).  
"The existence of an organized system of corruption among public officials in Canada has been conclusively proved, and like everything else on the American continent the bribery has been colossal."—St. James' Gazette (Con.).  
"The secret of Sir John Macdonald's electoral victories is out. On this side of the water surprise has often been expressed at the patience with which our Canadian cousins submitted to the protectionist rule of that prince of politicians. There is now, alas, no difficulty in explaining the curious situation. Sir John's government rested on a stupendous and all pervading system of bribery and corruption. Even Tammany Hall smells sweet and clean in comparison with the huge stinkpot of Sir John's government."—Graphic dispatch (London).  
Since the above comments were written Mr. St. Louis, a cousin of the minister of public works, has stolen about a quarter of a million dollars and is still at large. Uncle Tom has been liberated from jail and has resumed his old place among his "pals." Sir Adolphe Caron admitted receiving bribes from contractors, said he "would do it again," and is still an adviser of Her Most Gracious Majesty; and a pretty scandal is blossoming in New Brunswick which, so far, looks as if Minister Foster has been purchased.  
Would any banking or business institution place any of these men at the head of its affairs?

WHY A DEFICIT.

The Hon. Stewart, minister of railways and canals, has presented his present constituency (Lanark) since 1882. He used his influence with the government to induce them to construct a canal six miles in length from the Rideau canal to his own mill. Estimated cost, \$132,000; actual cost, \$479,138.73. Annual receipts, \$129; annual cost of maintenance, \$2,485.00.  
The province of New Brunswick is rich in forest wealth, agricultural resources and fisheries. Sir Leonard Tilley, a native of that fine province, was financially minister when the National Policy swindle was introduced. He followed Tupper, senior, in the realm of prodigious prophecy. "Clap on all sail," he cried, "for twenty years of prosperity."

RESULTS.

Increase of population 1871-1881... 35,630  
Increase of population 1881-1891... 30

LATEST HAWAIIAN ADVICES.

The Thurston Affair before the Executive Council.  
San Francisco, May 9.—Hawaiian advices received here to-day from Honolulu dated May 2nd, per steamer Mariposa, are as follows: "The letter demanding the recall of Minister Thurston is here and was read at the executive session of the council yesterday afternoon. This letter had been to Hong Kong. It went past Honolulu in a bag with several hundred others. The ground of the objection to Thurston is confined to a single transaction. The sole offence alleged is that Thurston, at the legation, showed to reporters private letters addressed to himself from Honolulu. The particular letter that gave such offense to the secretary of state intimated in strong terms that Cleveland and Gresham were largely responsible for the January uprising here."

NANAIMO NEWS.

Work Started at the Alexander Mine—Slaughter of Farm Stock.  
Nanaimo, May 9.—In the provincial police court yesterday, John James, a Seattle Indian, was charged with trapping beaver at McKay Lake without a license. A letter found in his possession showed he had been supplying Joseph Ullman of Victoria with pelts, and constituting a request for a further supply. The case was clearly proven and a fine of \$25 and costs was imposed.  
Coal is now being freely mined at the Alexander mine, and contracts for the driving of several levels have been let so that the work of opening up this mine may be carried on extensively.  
The struggling farmer is again complaining of a wholesale slaughter of his stock by some miscreant or other. Surely the matter ought to be taken in hand by the police to prevent the farmer from being impoverished, especially during the time he finds it so difficult a matter to clear his land and at the same time keep the wolf from the door.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE

Opening of Ninth Annual Session in Metropolitan Church This Morning.

Proceedings at the Ministerial Session—Notes of the Conference.

The ministerial session of the ninth annual British Columbia conference convened in the Metropolitan Methodist Church here this morning at the hour of 9:30. T. W. Hall, of New Westminister, who has capably filled the position of president during the past conference year, was present and occupied the chair. He called the meeting to order and the members present fervently sang the 78th hymn of the Methodist collection; the secretary, read the scriptures and Revs. C. Bryant and James Woodsworth led in the devotional exercises.  
On the roll being called there were found to be 31 ministers present from the various parts of the province, some of them not having arrived from the more distant fields. The list of those present is as follows:  
Revs. S. Cleaver, Joseph Hall, C. Bryant, J. A. Turner, J. E. Gardiner, J. J. Ashton, R. H. Maitland, John Robson, C. M. Tait, P. W. Hall, J. H. White, J. P. Hicks, C. Watson, W. W. Baer, S. J. Thompson, A. E. Green, E. H. M. Sullivan, J. J. Winslow, J. P. Bowell, A. N. Miller, R. J. Irwin, E. E. Hardwick, C. Lachner, J. F. Bets, W. L. Hall, James Calder, C. A. Procuener, J. A. Wood, George H. Morden, R. B. Beavis, J. C. Spencer, George H. Raley and a number of probationers.  
The other members, both ministerial and laymen, are expected to be present in time to open the regular annual session to-morrow morning.  
The ministerial session, though not held with strictly closed doors, transacts business of more than semi-private nature, having to do with the questions of ministerial character, the promotion of probationers, reception of candidates and other matters with which only the ministerial court is competent to deal. The secretaries of the various districts (except the Simpson district) in reply to the disciplinary question, made answer that no charges had been made against any of the members of conference during the year. The answer to the question in the case of the members of the Simpson district was deferred until the chief officers of that contingent arrive. In Victoria district the names of two probationers were proposed in "silence," this being a term used in the phraseology of the Methodist discipline to describe the penalties for certain irregularities not affecting the ministerial character. There will be two fewer probationers at the conference than in the year past.

Dr. Victor Smith, now in attendance at the Wesleyan Theological College at Montreal, was continued on probation. The case of W. J. Stone, now a probationer in Indian work at Niton, was completed at the hour for adjournment, 12 o'clock.

CONFERENCE NOTES.

Victoria is considered a charming resort by the members of the conference and it is always with delight that the city is hailed by the conference when its annual gatherings assemble here. Some of the "Islanders" visit here for the first time and express themselves delighted with the beauties of the city.  
A very pleasant hour was spent this morning before the opening of the session in a social union of the ministers, many of whom have not met during the year. The pointed rallies and the fraternal greetings were of a pleasant nature and the members all seem to be in the best of spirits.  
Considerable confusion and crossing is indulged in owing to the introduction of the new discipline, which is the result of the legislation of the late general conference. In many respects it differs from the former law and the friendly discussions of its points and the questions arising in the administration of the changes are of course full of interest to all the members.  
The conference was heartily glad to welcome, for the first time in this province, the Rev. J. W. Baer, superintendent of missions as superintendent of these missions has by the last general conference been extended to include the domestic missions of British Columbia. On motion of Rev. R. H. Maitland, seconded by Rev. S. Cleaver, he was invited to sit in the conference as a corresponding member. He took his seat on the platform with President Hall, amid the welcoming greetings of the brethren.  
There will be a mass meeting in the church this evening, it being the anniversary of the conference. The interest of the temperance work of the church. Mr. Ralph Smith of Nanaimo and Rev. A. E. Green of Richmond will speak. Both these gentlemen are enthusiastic supporters of temperance legislation and both being eloquent speakers there will be a good meeting. It begins at 8 o'clock.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY.

The regular session of the ninth annual meeting of the British Columbia conference gathered and was called to order at 9:30 this morning by Rev. T. W. Hall. After the opening exercises the meeting received the report from the various districts respecting the lay members elect of conference and then the roll was called by president Hall, 26 laymen being present to take part in the work.  
The first order of business provided for in the rules was the election of the chief officers of the annual conference, and the conference was about to proceed to this when Rev. E. Robson arose to a question of privilege and requested leave to move a resolution, as perhaps few knew anything of the nature of the resolu-

tion the conference promptly granted the privilege and Mr. Robson read and moved the following:  
"Resolved, that this conference desires to place on record its disapproval of the introduction of political methods into our church, such as the formation of a party or ticket, putting forward of a candidate, the soliciting or canvassing for votes by any member of the conference, such things interfering with the independence of the conference and the independence of the elections, which are supposed to be by ballot without nomination."  
Mr. W. T. Cooksley, of New Westminster, immediately seconded the resolution, and it was proposed to take the vote when Rev. Joseph Hall arose to contend that the question was distinctly out of order, as it did not come properly under the "question of privilege." The resolution was a complete surprise to nearly all the members of the conference and the expressions of feeling were of a very varied and conflicting nature for a time. Several of the members disclaimed any complicity in any such methods as are brought under the ban of the resolution, and expressed their utter ignorance that such things had taken place. Rev. C. Watson said that it was rather a grave charge that was implied and it would be a pity to see such items upon the records of the conference. It was, however, voted upon as the sense of the conference and ordered to be left on the records.  
There were a good many comments made during the morning on the wisdom of passing such a resolution. No one could avoid a feeling that it was intended to be a reflection on some one, and Mr. Robson even hinted that he hoped it would not be necessary to specify any more particularly than he had done in the resolution. This was interpreted by some to mean that he could do so if he wished. Others sought to smooth down the troubled feeling by stating that "the resolution had accomplished its object and now the matter ought to be allowed to drop." This remark being made after the election was over it excited no little curiosity as to what was the "object" of the resolution. Other members of the conference intimated that they are yet to be heard from on the subject, and so the matter dropped, the conference proceeded to the election of officers. The first race was for the presidency. There were only two polls necessary. In the first Rev. S. Cleaver and Rev. R. H. Maitland were neck and neck, with a number of scattering ballots. The next poll decided the issue and Rev. S. Cleaver was elected to the office. His election was announced by the retiring president and received with a round of applause. Mr. Cleaver has made himself deservedly popular with every member of the conference. He was welcomed to the chair by Rev. T. W. Hall in a few congratulatory remarks, and took his place after having thanked the brethren in a humorous address for the honor thus conferred on him.  
On the fifth ballot Rev. J. P. Bowell was elected secretary in the place of Rev. W. W. Baer, who has filled the position during the last year. The honor for the annual conference prayer meeting having arrived, business was laid over and the hour between 11 and 12 was spent in devotion.

At 12 the conference adjourned and the first draft of stations was laid on the table, as follows:

- VICTORIA DISTRICT.
- 1. Victoria Metropolitan—S. Cleaver, M.A.; D. D. Birks.
  - 2. Victoria Centennial—J. F. Bets, C. Bryant, supernumerary.
  - 3. Victoria West—James Turner.
  - 4. Victoria Chinese—Chan Sing Kai, Knatchbull, J. Ashton, B.A. B.D.
  - 5. Duncan—E. Manuel.
  - 6. Maple Bay and Salt Spring Island—A. J. Gabel.
  - 7. Nanaimo Central—Robert R. Maitland.
  - 8. Nanaimo, Halliburton St.—Samuel Wilkinson.
  - 9. Nanaimo Chinese—To be supplied.
  - 10. Wellington—R. Wilkinson.
  - 11. Union—C. H. M. Sutherland.
  - 12. Gage Mudge and Lumber Camps—To be supplied.
  - 13. Nisquam—W. J. Stone.
  - 14. Indian Tribes—C. M. Tate.
  - 15. Japanese Mission—To be supplied.
  - 16. Japanese Mission—To be supplied.
  - 17. Japanese Mission—To be supplied.
  - 18. Japanese Mission—To be supplied.
- WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.
- 19. Westminster Central Church—T. W. Hall, B.A. B.Sc., Principal, B.C. Coll. C. Watson, Principal, C. M. Tait, T. D. Pearson, supernumerary; H. E. Bayley, left without a station at his own request.
  - 20. New Westminster Sapperton—To be supplied.
  - 21. Westminster West End—J. P. Hicks.
  - 22. New Westminster Chinese—Liu Yik Peng.
  - 23. Vancouver, Homer Street—C. Watson.
  - 24. Vancouver, Princess St.—W. W. Baer.
  - 25. Vancouver, Mount Pleasant—J. H. White.
  - 26. Vancouver Chinese—J. A. Gardner.
  - 27. Richmond—Joseph Hall.
  - 28. Howe Sound—To be supplied.
  - 29. Delta—J. W. Winslow.
  - 30. Maple Ridge—Wm. Hicks.
  - 31. Mission City—A. N. Miller.
  - 32. Agassiz and Harrison Hot Springs—R. J. Irwin.
  - 33. Surrey—J. P. Bowell.
  - 34. Langley—J. D. P. Knox.
  - 35. Calliwick—C. Ladner.
  - 36. Chilliwack—W. E. Moody.
  - 37. Indian Tribes—T. Crosby.
  - 38. Japanese Mission—To be supplied. H. P. Cook, B.A. B.Sc., left without a station at his own request; A. K. Sharp.
- KAMLOOPS DISTRICT.
- 39. Kamloops—J. Robson, B.A.
  - 40. Thompson River—To be supplied.
  - 41. Nicola Valley—W. L. Hall.
  - 42. Clinton—E. E. Hardwick.
  - 43. Salmon Arm—James Cairvet.
  - 44. Revelstoke and Dorsal—J. A. Woods.
  - 45. Enderby—W. B. Miesner; J. E. Roseman, supernumerary.
  - 46. Vernon—S. J. Thompson.
  - 47. Kelowna—J. E. Gardner.
  - 48. Similkameen—Jas. Hicks.
  - 49. Nelson—G. H. Morden.
  - 50. Okanagan and Kasko—C. A. Procuener.
  - 51. Slokan—One wanted.
  - 52. Cariboo—To be supplied.
  - 53. Rosseau—One wanted.

- SIMPSON DISTRICT.
- 54. Fort Simpson—A. E. Green.
  - 55. Inuvik—S. Osterow.
  - 56. Bella Bella—R. B. Beavis.
  - 57. Fort Eslington—D. Jennings.
  - 58. Queen Charlotte Islands—B. C. Freeman.
  - 59. Upper Skeena—J. C. Spencer.
  - 60. Bulkley—J. D. P. Knox.
  - 61. Kitimat—G. H. Raley.
  - 62. Bella Coola—To be supplied.
  - 63. Glad Tidings Mission—W. H. Pierce.
  - 64. Japanese Mission—To be supplied.
- AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session a nominating committee was appointed, whose duty it

is to nominate standing committees. At the time of going to press the committee had not reported. Votes of thanks were tendered the retiring officers.

NOTES.  
Considerable anxiety is abroad in the conference on account of the non-appearance of the missionary steamer Glad Tidings, which left Port Simpson early and is now some days overdue. Revs. T. Crosby, W. H. Pierce and other members of the conference from the northern district are aboard and fears are entertained for their safety.  
The Metropolitan Methodist church is a splendid building in which to hold such an annual gathering. The spacious room, the splendid light and the perfect acoustic properties of the auditorium, make it possible to carry on the work agreeably and easily.

A beautiful souvenir programme of the services with the billet list of the members is the production of the Province, and is distributed with the compliments of that paper to the members of the conference. It is really a work of art and is richly appreciated by all who come into possession of a copy.  
The "College question" is among the most important to be discussed by the conference this year, and the friends of the institution are making strenuous efforts to place the finances of the institution (Columbia Methodist College at New Westminster) in a satisfactory condition so that the institution may continue its good work.

TORY DEFICITS.  
The Tory orator says under the Mackenzie government you had nothing but deficits, while the Conservative government has had a series of surpluses. This statement is far from accurate. The Public Accounts show p. xxxiii., that there were surpluses in 1873-74 of \$388,775.79—1874-75 of \$305,644.00.  
It is true that in the three following years there were deficits as follows: 1875-76—\$1,900,785; 1876-77—\$1,400,027; 1877-78—\$1,128,145.  
But it must never be forgotten that these deficits were not incurred by any extravagance or increase in expenditure, but because the taxation of the people was reduced. As a matter of fact nearly \$3,000,000 less taxes were raised in each of the years 1875-77 and 1877-78—than were raised in 1873-74 or 1874-75, and of course many millions less than the Tory government has since raised.

Governments are, as a rule, only blameable for deficits when they are guilty of extravagance, or unjustifiable expenditure, and not simply because the amount of taxation they raise from the people is small.  
But what is the record of the Tory government since 1878 in this point?

DEFICITS.

In 1878-9 the deficit was.....	\$1,037,939
In 1879-80 the deficit was.....	1,543,227
In 1884-5 the deficit was.....	2,240,058
In 1885-6 the deficit was.....	5,334,571
In 1887-8 the deficit was.....	810,031
In 1893-4 the deficit was.....	1,210,332

For the present year, 1895, the returns are, of course, not complete, but we have the admission of the minister of finance that the deficit will amount to \$4,500,000, and it may be over five millions.

With our financial condition thus dark, with huge deficits and a rapidly falling revenue, with our taxes increased to the limit of the people's endurance, the government, instead of curtailing expenditure, have largely increased it; while our debt has reached figures which almost force thoughtful men to doubt our future.  
Is it not time we had a change?

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson Elected President—Salary \$20,000.

London, May 7.—There was a harmonious meeting to-day of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada. The board of directors were nominated by the shareholders and the committee elected. The new board is composed of the following gentlemen: Sir Charles R. Wilson, president; Lord Welby, Sir William L. Young, Col. F. Firebrace, Joseph Price, A. W. Smithers, G. Vonchaubin, Alexander Hubbard, Sir Henry M. Jackson, J. A. Clutton Brock and George Allen. Col. Firebrace is managing director of the Great India Peninsula railway. The meeting was a formal one. Mr. G. Vonchaubin of the new board, who is a European director of the Western Union Telegraph company and a director of other telegraph and railway companies, is a man of large enterprise and ability. In conversation with a representative of the Associated Press after the meeting he said: "The new directory can outline no definite policy for the future until the actual condition of the property is investigated. The finances and traffic facilities will be thoroughly gone into and the staff in Canada reorganized. These will be the first things to be done."  
Sir Charles Rivers Wilson was voted a salary of \$20,000.

CRUISERS COMING NORTH.

The Royal Arthur and Wild Swan Will Be here by the 24th.  
A dispatch has been received aboard the Nymphe from Admiral Stephenson ordering all mail matter for the Royal Arthur and the Wild Swan to be held here. The dispatch stated that the Wild Swan had been ordered north, and that the Gship would soon follow. It is expected that both ships will arrive at Esquimaut a few days before the Queen's birthday. The Wild Swan, on easy draught, makes about 12 knots an hour and the Royal Arthur, making about 16 knots easy running, will likely overtake the smaller craft, or arrive in port about the same time. The news will be received here with pleasure, as the "jolly tars" will be here in time to take part in the celebration sports.  
The Hracynth is due from the south on Sunday, the 12th inst.  
"It thunders loudly, but little rain falls." (Much cry and little wool.)

JOE Eminent



The old-time view given place to the new professional in business man as a chivalrous idea. The high tension tem, often kept months, makes treat health of those. Many succumb to when they seem mounting every dif. Of all the count vents none has many or so rapid ments as the typt latest perfected m the Williams Typ sents a vast amount.

Many of the be and large corpora now using the Will perfect machine by some departmen Canadian governme

JABEZ Liberator Building Bow London, May 6.—were witnessd an extraordinary natur rival at Southamp from Buenos Ayre Balfour, ex-embex traded from the charged with frau the collapse of the Society and other er was met by Calli, tug, upon which ashore, surrounded tives and policeman and escort left the railroad station at Pow street police precautions, news quickly spread, a which he was plac crowd, who shouted During the voyage it appears, Balfour ful, but at Las P and wept bitterly. Bow street were of The prisoner was remanded until M prosecution to com him.



NEWS OF THE INTERIOR.

Some Items of Interest From the Mining Sections—Increased Activity.

Cost of a Journey to Cariboo—Prices of Provisions—Prospects.

PLUMPER'S PASS. During the absence of Mr. John Cook his home was broken into by a petty thief or thieves and fishing nets to the value of \$200 were carried off. The matter has been placed in the hands of the police and Constables Drummond and Hooner are investigating the case.

At a meeting held in the school house on Mayne Island last Monday, a representative committee was appointed to arrange for the celebration of Her Majesty's 76th birthday. Galiano is represented by H. Macklin (secretary), Ed. Winstanley and S. H. Hoskins; Mayne Island by J. W. Sinclair, W. Robson (chairman) and J. Bennett; Pender Island by R. Coulson and W. Davison.

It looks as though the Kaslo & Slocan railway would develop into a reality. Guthrie, one of the contractors, is in town; the surveyors are busy running lines, and the two scows will be finished in ten days. It is stated that the first sod or rock will be turned on this article of conversation this week.

There is one respect as regards Trail Creek of Rossland which sets it apart from all other mining camps in Kootenay, which is the fact that the development of the most noted shipping mines has preceded the boom, and there is not likely to be the reaction which has beset other towns from the fallacious prices. Lots are now selling at \$150 to \$500.

WILL BE DONE BY CONTRACT

Tenders to be Called for the Construction of the Cofferdam at Elk Lake.

Council Decide That the City Cannot Afford to Pay for Band Concerts.

Mayor Teague and all the aldermen were present at last evening's meeting of the board of aldermen. Half an hour was spent in reading the minutes of two previous meetings.

The Electric Railway Company agreed to change the electric railway poles on Cadboro Bay road, which is necessary for the widening of the street, for \$525. Referred to the street committee.

Ald. Macmillan understood that many of the sports were to be held in enclosed grounds. Referred to finance committee to report.

G. E. Jorgenson wrote, suggesting that \$25 be voted for instruments to determine the amount of the water supply at Elk Lake, and offering to direct the observations. The request was granted.

George Powell & Co. and Brackman & Ker complained of the unsanitary state of the Johnson street which sets it apart from all other mining camps in Kootenay.

ALASKAN NEWS.

Howard Still in a Very Precarious Condition.

The steamship City of Topeka arrived at Port Townsend at noon yesterday, and Pilot W. E. George and several of the passengers came to Victoria on the Rosalie this morning.

Howard, the newspaper man, who was shot by Editor Timmins of a rival paper, was still alive, but there is little hope of his recovery.

On May 2nd H. M. S. Pheasant, of the Behring Sea patrol, was sighted just outside Sitka.

The weather during the trip was fine and pleasant with the exception of a few days' rain. Mining business is very active in the northern country.

Methodists in Conference. Programme of the Provincial Gathering of Methodists.

The annual provincial conference of the Methodist church opened at Metropolitan Methodist church to-day.

The conference will be in session till Tuesday next. The meetings to-day were devoted to drafting of stations.

Wednesday morning there will be a ministerial session and examination of probationers and the appointing of young men to the ministry.

Wednesday evening a temperance meeting will be held and addresses will be given by Ralph Smith and Rev. A. E. Green.

Thursday, May 9—11 a.m. to noon. Conference prayer meeting, 8 p.m. Missionary anniversary. Addresses by Revs. P. C. L. Harris, B.A., and Rev. James Woodsworth.

Friday, May 10—8 p.m. Reception service. The reception of probationers into the full connection will be moved by Rev. T. Crosby, and seconded by Rev. C. Watson.

Saturday, May 11—2:30 p.m. Meeting of the Theological Union of the annual conference. The lecture will be delivered by Rev. James Turner, on "The History of Methodist Missionary Work in the Interior of Our Province."

Sunday, May 11—8 p.m. In the lecture room. Question drawn on "The Administration of Discipline (in compliance with resolution of conference minutes, 1894, page 47), in charge of Rev. Joseph Hall and the President of the Conference."

Monday, May 13—8 p.m. Sabbath School and Epworth League meeting, to be addressed by Mr. H. Sidal and Revs. S. J. Thompson and J. P. Hicks.

Tuesday, May 14—8 p.m. Educational anniversary. Addresses by Revs. Robert H. Maltland, LL.B., and John F. Betts.

There are still several contingents of delegates to arrive. The Danube will bring the northern ministers and lay representatives to Victoria to-morrow.

They have all been billeted and every preparation has been made to give visitors a hearty reception.

THEY LIVED ON A SEAL.

Story of Two Kiyuquot Indians who Lost Their Schooner While Sealing.

By the Rosalie this morning two Kiyuquot Indians arrived in the city. They were passengers aboard the City of Topeka from Juneau and arrived at Port Townsend yesterday afternoon.

The Rosalie this morning two Kiyuquot Indians arrived in the city. They were passengers aboard the City of Topeka from Juneau and arrived at Port Townsend yesterday afternoon.

The second day they caught a seal, skinned it and ate a portion. The third and fourth days did not bring them within sight of land.

Ald. Wilson would like to see a few more so-called Dunsuir combinations in the city. Robert Dunsuir died too soon for the good of Victoria.

Ald. Partridge moved that the resolution be telegraphed to the members at Ottawa.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to approve \$400 for band concerts in the park. It was seconded by Ald. Partridge.

Ald. Cameron, while favoring band concerts, did not think money should be spent on bands this year, when so many men were in want of work.

Ald. Partridge favored the motion, as he believed that the money would help a number of citizens.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

Ald. Cameron moved his resolution to prevent the employment of non-voters on the water works improvements at Beaver Lake.

CASUALTIES AT SEA.

The Schooner Sapphire Loses Two White Men and an Indian.

After a quick run to the West Coast, the Thistle arrived in port Sunday night. She had a fair cargo and several passengers.

The Thistle is reported to have lost two white men and an Indian, and the Otto is missing two canoes and one boat.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

The opinion is expressed here that the two white men and an Indian reported lost from the Sapphire are not drowned.

NEWS FROM THE

Gough Formally City Clerk at Council

The Spring Assize - The Presby

Nanaimo, May 6 - held at allington

Mr. J. H. Furde

Magistrate Simpson

The Ladies' Aid

A man named B

funeral took place

Mr. J. H. Furde

acting manager of

during the absence

England.

Nanaimo, May 7 -

patch of business.

committees have

State of religion -

venor, T. Glassford

elders, F. A. Thomp

Sabbath schools -

er), J. P. Grant, G.

clay, ministers: A.

S. Wood, elders.

Sabbath observan

venor), L. H. Rogers

venor, J. W. Muncie

MacRae, D. A. McI

Queen, ministers: M

Sharp, elders.

Sympathetic bene

son (convenor), G.

Mr. J. Jeffrey, M

eters; Thornton Fell

ers.

Statistics and mi

(convenor), A. Lee,

J. C. Herdman, mi

and J. Brown, el

anishoba College

venor), A. B. Win

T. Paton, J. A. Ma

ministers; J. B. M

one-elders.



BRIEF LOCALS

Blessings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.
From Monday's Daily.
The contractors for the construction of the Kaslo and Slocan railway began grading on Wednesday last. It is the intention to push the work as rapidly as possible and have the railway open for traffic by September 1st next.

A Chinaman was run over by an electric car on Douglas street on Saturday night while jumping from the platform. His feet were badly crushed. Dr. McKechnie attended him. The celestial will soon recover and the use of his limbs will be but little impaired.

Captain Hamilton, formerly connected with Dr. Barnardo's home, intends coming to Victoria to locate. He spent several months here a few years ago and at that time decided that he would come here to reside permanently as soon as he could make arrangements.

The funeral of the late Mrs. John Terry took place yesterday at 2 p.m., from the late residence, 100 North Pembroke street. It. Rev. Bishop Cridge officiated at the Reformed Episcopal church and the cemetery. The pall-bearers were: J. Malcolm, J. Jenkins, E. Griffin, B. Willis, C. Cripps and W. Heatherdale.

In Saturday's report of the proceedings of the Synod of Nanaimo in connection with the appeal of Dr. Garrow, it was stated that the decision was non-committal. It appears that the Synod censured both the Presbytery and the Session of the First Church of Victoria for mismanagement. Certain legal points were referred by the Synod to the General Assembly, in which action Dr. Garrow acquiesced.

Having lived in the west few men care to remain long in the east. Rev. Silcox, of Montreal, who lived many years in Winnipeg and other western cities, is about to remove to Chicago and in a farewell talk to his congregation, expressed the feeling in this way: "You can take a prairie chicken," he said, "and bring him up in a farm yard, but at the first opportunity you will see it making its way back to the wide, free, open prairie."

At 10 o'clock to-day, in the First Presbyterian church, the Rev. Dr. Campbell united in marriage Mr. R. Marwick, head miller of Brockman & Kee's mill, and Miss J. Johnston, daughter of J. and Johnstone, of Hazelburgh, Scotland, and sister-in-law to George Bishop, of this city. The bridegroom was supported by Mr. Rutherford Wilson, and the bridesmaid was Miss Mary Collins. The bride and bridesmaid were beautifully dressed and looked their best as they walked up the aisle to the hymeneal altar carrying magnificent bouquets of choice flowers. Friends extended congratulations at the conclusion of the ceremony. As the happy couple retired the organ pealed out the Wedding March, while a shower of rice ensued a happy life for the bride and bridegroom. Refreshments were served at the residence of Mr. Bishop, after which Mr. and Mrs. Marwick went to their own home on Niagara street.

From Tuesday's Daily.
Chas. E. Bradford, who was convicted this morning and sentenced to four months, will probably have another charge to answer when the Royal Arthur arrives in port. He was a bandsman on that ship, leaving before his discharge arrived from England, and taking with him a piccolo belonging to the band.

The Victoria & Sidney Railway Company will probably put the steamer Mary Hare on the route between Sidney and the islands on Saturday. She will leave Sidney upon the arrival of the morning train from Victoria and return in time to catch the evening train. This will be a great convenience to settlers on the islands, who heretofore have had to be away from home for several days when they wished to visit the city.

George, a Saanich Indian, was fined \$5 by Police Magistrate Macrae for being drunk. He paid the fine without a murmur. Ah Wing, who supplied the liquor to George, was fined \$100 or in default three months in jail with hard labor. He considered the matter from a business standpoint, and, deciding that he could not earn \$100 in three months, agreed to live at the expense of the people during that time.

Charles E. Bradford, arrested yesterday for stealing a gold watch, the property of a Broughton street woman, was found guilty this morning and was sentenced to four months. He pleaded that he found the watch, but the magistrate pointed out that even if that was true, he had no right to pawn it, knowing it to have been stolen. Bradford is a well-dressed and evidently well-educated man. He was formerly a bandmaster in England.

A very pleasant surprise party took possession of the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bullen, Herald street, last evening, where about thirty of their old friends collected to celebrate the 42nd anniversary of their wedding day. The evening passed pleasantly in the review of early days, the party leaving with them, as a token of respect, a beautiful dinner set and hoping their useful lives might be spared to celebrate the golden anniversary of their wedding.

The Norwegian steamship Solveig is the largest merchantman that has ever been in Esquimaut dock. She is an immense vessel, standing high above the masts of the smaller ships. The propeller was put on her, a blade of the old one having been broken on the trip across the Pacific. She is now being painted and will probably leave the dock to-morrow, going to Port Blakely to load lumber for South Africa. She will take on coal at one of the Island colonies.

The Sitka Alaskan contains the following account of the wreck of the schooner Winnifred, formerly of Victoria, and the killing of her skipper, Captain Jensen: "Captain Jensen, one of our well-known townsmen, left this port late last fall with his schooner Winnifred on a prospecting tour to Lituya bay, accompanied by Mr. Hovson. They reached Lituya bay all right and went to work on the placers in that region. About Christmas a violent storm dashed their schooner Winnifred to pieces on the rocks near their camp. A few weeks after the wreck Mr. Jensen went up the mountain in search of game; he shot and severely wounded a mountain goat, and while hotly pursuing the wounded animal fell headlong over a steep precipice hundreds of feet, and was so severely bruised that he only survived a couple of days after the fall. He has a little property in our town, but whether he has any relatives in this country or not we have been unable to ascertain."

From Wednesday's Daily.
The ship Hawaiian Islands cast anchor in Esquimaut harbor early this morning. She is seventeen days from Honolulu in ballast and is waiting orders here. Her skipper is Capt. Kuster.

John H. Plump and Mrs. Stevens were married last night by the Rev. Father Nicolay at the Bishop's palace. Only the immediate friends of the contracting parties were present.

William Wright, weighmaster at the Union mines, Comox, is at the Jubilee hospital, having been seriously injured a short time ago. He fell from a trestle twenty feet high, striking his back on one of the crossbeams. He is being cared for by members of the I. O. O. F. and K. of P., of which orders he is a member.

The Boscowitz tied up at her wharf at 11 last night. She experienced rough weather on the downward trip and delayed thirty-six hours. Her cargo was very light. The passenger list included: Rev. Mr. Osechtout and wife, of Naas; Rev. Mr. Beavis, wife and daughter, of Bella Bella; Rev. G. H. Raley, of Kelamat; Rev. J. C. Spencer, Upper Skeena; Miss Fitzgerald, J. Flewin, T. Dwyer, and the Calechott family, who arrived from the Skeena. The schooner Crystal, of Tacoma, was passed at Bella Bella.

George Brown, who arrived from Albern yesterday, reports that the claim on Mineral creek continues to improve as work progresses. Arrangements have already been made by three companies to work hydraulic claims on China creek this summer, and other companies may follow their example. The people of Albern are very much interested in the proposed extension of the E. & N. railway and will endeavor to have the road run through their district. Mr. Brown returns to Albern by the Thistle.

The Columbian of the 6th says J. C. Calbreath, the leading merchant of Cassiar district, was up country last week buying pack horses, and his newly purchased train of 26 animals came in last night, in charge of John Seeley, of Kamloops. They will go north by the first steamer from Victoria. This is the second train purchased in the upper country within two weeks for Cassiar. Mr. Seeley says horses are plentiful and can be bought cheap.

The Sitka Alaskan of April 29th says: "The schooner Maud S. entered Yakutat April 15th with about 250 seal skins. Capt McKiel said that in Rose harbor, Queen Charlotte island, the Indians had a large sign bearing the name 'Monserrat,' nailed on one of their houses, and in the house was found a smaller sign bearing the name 'Kenewa.' The captain further stated that while at Cross Sound he found some pieces of finished woodwork, evidently belonging to some wrecked vessel." (This is undoubtedly parts of the wrecks of the steamers Monserrat and Keeweena.)

From Thursday's Daily.
A dispatch going the rounds of the American press says the treasury department has refused to sell the government and coast Geodetic survey steamer Hassler to Capt. John Irving, of this city, because he is not an American citizen. Capt. Irving put in a tender for \$5250 for the steamer.

The following are the marks of those pupils in the three upper classes of Cedar Hill school who made an average of 50 per cent. or upwards in their respective classes: Maggie Glendinning, 50.8; Archie MacRae, 74.7; Harry Garley, 59.8; Julia Glendinning, 59.5; Mabel Miller, 61.9; Leonard Newcomb, 53.4; Clara Merriman, 53.1; Archie Smith, 52.7; Ethel Irwin, 50.

Dr. A. A. Sutherland, Cloverdale, and Dr. C. J. Bowes, of Rossland, Kootenay, have successfully passed the medical examination before the provincial examiners and are now licensed to practice in the province. One candidate failed. The provincial medical men last night elected the following officers for the ensuing term: President, Dr. J. M. Lefevre; Vice-President, Dr. John Duncan; Registrar, Dr. Milne; Treasurer, Dr. McGuigan.

The owner of several schooners expressed the opinion this morning that the sealing business for those schooners that remain on the coast and afterwards go to Behring Sea will be a failure. The coast catch has of long been a failure, and it is feared the Behring Sea catch will be as bad. Last year the schooners that entered the sea had everything in their favor. The seals had not been disturbed for several years, and the weather during September was exceptionally good. Besides, there will be twice as many schooners in the sea this year, a number of the schooners on the Asiatic coast being ordered to enter the sea when the season opens.

Magistrate Macrae has made arrangements to hold a session of the small debts court every Wednesday morning at 11 at the provincial police court, Bastion street. This court was provided for by an act of the last session of the legislature, which gives the magistrate the same powers as a county court judge in all cases involving \$100 or less. The small debts act provides for a cheaper and more expeditious process of collecting debts. The scale of fees will be less than in the county court, and the process will not have to wait so long after the suits to have their cases decided. Although regular sessions of the court will be held once a week, the magistrate will sit whenever it can be shown that it is urgent that a case should be decided. This will prevent the delay of parties from leaving town without paying their debts, for as soon as a creditor hears that a man who owes him intends to leave town he can get a summons for the small debts court and prevent him from going.

Summons for the small debts court sessions of the court will be issued up to Saturday at 1 o'clock by Police Clerk Page at the city hall, for the following Wednesday. This will give the defendants several days to prepare their cases. From the many inquiries made, there is no doubt but that the court will be a success.

GLAD TIDINGS OVERDUE.
Northern Missionary Steamer Several Days Late.
The little missionary steamer Glad Tidings is several days overdue from the north, and considerable uneasiness is being felt for her. She passed Bella Bella a week ago to-day, or three days ahead of her. The passenger list included: Rev. Mr. Osechtout and wife, of Naas; Rev. Mr. Beavis, wife and daughter, of Bella Bella; Rev. G. H. Raley, of Kelamat; Rev. J. C. Spencer, Upper Skeena; Miss Fitzgerald, J. Flewin, T. Dwyer, and the Calechott family, who arrived from the Skeena. The schooner Crystal, of Tacoma, was passed at Bella Bella.

Those aboard the little steamer are: Rev. Thomas Crosby, Rev. D. Jennings, Rev. W. H. Pierce and E. Nicholas and wife, who were coming down to attend the Methodist conference, and Captain Oliver and several Indians. It is expected that the Danbe, due this evening from the north, will have some word of her and most likely bring her passengers down.

FROM THE MONTSERRAT.
Medicine Chest from the Missing Collier Found Far North.
News has just been received here of the finding on the beach of a small island off the Alaskan coast of the medicine chest of the wrecked collier Monserrat. This is the only portion of the collier that has been seen since she passed down the Straits of Fuca on the morning of December 7th, 1894, with a cargo of coal from Nanaimo for San Francisco. She was accompanied by the collier Keeweena, which also has never been heard of since. The day that the steamers left a terrible storm sprang up, which increased to a hurricane during the night. Residents on the west coast of the island said at the time that it would have been impossible for a vessel to live in such weather. They were certainly right, for there is now no doubt but that both colliers were headed for the open sea to prevent them from being dashed to pieces on the rocks, and met just as but if not a worse fate by being enveloped in the terrible sea that was running. The Monserrat was never seen after she dropped her pilot here, but the Keeweena was seen heading into the hurricane by Captain Miller of the bark Courtney Ford.

The Monserrat's medicine chest was found on February 28th, nearly three months after the vessel left here, by a man who was going to Calbreath's cove on Botline island. It was on the beach of a small island in latitude 56.2 north and longitude 132.27 west. The lid of the chest was gone but the drawer remained intact. On a brass plate on the chest was inscribed: "M. T. E., Giff of California, S.S. Monserrat. Trehear and Co., London, Cardiff and Antwerp."

The SS. Warrimoo, from Victoria, B. C., arrived, all well, at Sydney this afternoon.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Largest U. S. Gov't Report

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Largest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

NO CREDENCE IN THE STORY

That Another Schooner Shared the Fate of the Walter A. Earle Easter Sunday.

The Maude Reports More Canoes Missing—A Seaman Washed Overboard.

"I do not think that any other schooner has shared the fate of the Walter Earle." The speaker was Capt. Roberts, of the Maude, which arrived in port early this morning from the west coast. The captain has seen many of the sealers and has had long talks with them. "There are rumors in circulation up there. Somehow or other the report got around that the schooner Victoria was missing, but news was brought that the Victoria had been sighted and the rumor collapsed. The opinion of the second wreck, I believe, is based upon the fact that a quantity of wreckage was found a considerable distance from where the Earle was wrecked. The reports are from Indians, and as there are several schooners on the coast now and none have confirmed the report, it is not believed there is anything in it. But I am sorry to say there is no doubt of the fate of the Earle."

ALIBI FOR DURRANT

It Will Clear Him of the Williams Tragedy.

San Francisco, May 8.—Theodore Durrant's attorneys have discovered evidence which will enable them to establish an alibi for their client as far as the Williams murder case is concerned. A market street hair dresser states Minnie Williams was a regular patron. She says Miss Williams entered her shop at 8 o'clock on the night of her disappearance. She had her hair dressed, leaving the shop at 8:25. It is estimated that by taking the car immediately she could not have reached Emmanuel church until 8:50. Durrant's counsel argued that Durrant could not, therefore, have escorted her into church, outraged and murdered her, and then walked to Dr. Vogel's, where he arrived at 9:15.

ANNEXING OUR RAILWAYS.

Vanderbilts After Canadian Traffic—Proposed Amalgamation.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 8.—The Evening News says to-day, with an assumption of authority for the statement that there is little or no doubt of the successful issue for the amalgamation of the interests of the Canada Southern road and the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railway. The effect of the arrangement will be to identify the latter enterprise with the interests of the Vanderbilt combine. The objective point of the Vanderbilts is said to be Toronto, and an opening to the traffic of western Ontario. The consummation of the deal will complete a system which embraces all the leading eastern American and Canadian cities and give direct connection with the big cities of the west. The Adirondack road, connecting with the Central at Hooker, already runs through Ottawa and Montreal. The Canada Southern, though it has ceased to exist in the public mind, is still legally an enterprise separate and distinct from the Michigan Central, which operates it. It is leased by the Vanderbilts for 99 years. It is understood that an endeavor will be made through legislation to amalgamate the charters of the Canada Southern and the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo.

THE LOSS CONFIRMED

Of the Schooner C. D. White, Wrecked on Kodiak Island.

Port Townsend, Wash., May 8.—Advices from Kodiak, Alaska, by the steamer City of Topeka, confirms the report that the schooner C. D. White of San Francisco was wrecked in a gale and snow storm on Kodiak island, Behring Sea, April 22. One letter says 11 lives were lost. Another places the loss at 17. Captain Isaacson, after the vessel struck the rocks, drifted ashore on a piece of wreckage, but died an hour afterwards from exposure.

PRISON OF A TRAITOR.

Ile du Diable, Where Captain Dreyfus Is Confined.
Information has reached Paris with regard to the arrival of Dreyfus, the captain of the French army, who was convicted of treason, at the Ile du Diable, off French Guiana, says the New York Herald. There was considerable difficulty in landing the prisoner, owing to the reefs which surround the island to a distance of some 200 yards from the shore. The boat by which Dreyfus and the governor of the penitentiary landed was nearly capsized by a wave about twenty yards from the beach. On being handed over to the governor of the ship, the Vide de St. Nazaire, Dreyfus again protested his innocence. "I will submit," he said, "to all the exigencies of discipline, and you will have no prisoner more submissive than I. I will await with patience until the affair has been cleared up and my innocence recognized." Dreyfus receives from the authorities a soldier's rations without wine. He can go out from 6 in the morning until 6 in the evening within a space of 150 metres, the limits of which are marked by posts. If he goes outside these limits the guardians have orders to use their guns. The surroundings of the cabin occupied by Dreyfus for a radius of 500 metres have been cleared of brushwood, so as to render impossible any attempt to escape or rescue. There is, besides, on the beach a perpetual surf, which renders all approach to the island extremely difficult.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR.

The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Under Way.
Nelson Tribune.
There is a rumor that the Great Northern is cutting passenger rates from Seattle to points on Kootenay Lake. There will yet be a great struggle for the business of the Kootenay, and the greater the struggle the better it will be for the mine owners and business men.

It is said that the suit between Peter Larsen & Co. and the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway company, which involved over \$300,000, has been amicably adjusted. The Manhattan Trust company of New York, which holds a mortgage on the road, has agreed to pay the claim of Larsen, payments to be made in instalments covering a period of three years.

were desirous that they should lose as little time as possible. Hence the work was got in readiness and the men put to do it. No opportunity was afforded for justification. It was stated that James A. McDonald has been awarded the subcontract for the first two miles out of the city. The contractors have taken the store on Front street formerly occupied by Green brothers, and will use it for their supply depot. Mr. T. Guthrie and his local manager, Mr. T. Frohliet, went out on Wednesday, and will visit the coast cities and other business centres, where a full stock of everything necessary for the prosecution of the work will be purchased. The engineering staff has gone into camp on the banks of the river west of the city. Several large tents have been pitched, and activity marks the site of the "white" city.

Anti-Socialists in the Streets.
The Despot Rejoices From Which Not a Word.

ANNEXING OUR RAILWAYS.

Vanderbilts After Canadian Traffic—Proposed Amalgamation.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 8.—The Evening News says to-day, with an assumption of authority for the statement that there is little or no doubt of the successful issue for the amalgamation of the interests of the Canada Southern road and the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railway. The effect of the arrangement will be to identify the latter enterprise with the interests of the Vanderbilt combine. The objective point of the Vanderbilts is said to be Toronto, and an opening to the traffic of western Ontario. The consummation of the deal will complete a system which embraces all the leading eastern American and Canadian cities and give direct connection with the big cities of the west.

THE LOSS CONFIRMED

Of the Schooner C. D. White, Wrecked on Kodiak Island.

Port Townsend, Wash., May 8.—Advices from Kodiak, Alaska, by the steamer City of Topeka, confirms the report that the schooner C. D. White of San Francisco was wrecked in a gale and snow storm on Kodiak island, Behring Sea, April 22. One letter says 11 lives were lost. Another places the loss at 17. Captain Isaacson, after the vessel struck the rocks, drifted ashore on a piece of wreckage, but died an hour afterwards from exposure.

PRISON OF A TRAITOR.

Ile du Diable, Where Captain Dreyfus Is Confined.
Information has reached Paris with regard to the arrival of Dreyfus, the captain of the French army, who was convicted of treason, at the Ile du Diable, off French Guiana, says the New York Herald.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR.

The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Under Way.
Nelson Tribune.
There is a rumor that the Great Northern is cutting passenger rates from Seattle to points on Kootenay Lake.

It is said that the suit between Peter Larsen & Co. and the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway company, which involved over \$300,000, has been amicably adjusted. The Manhattan Trust company of New York, which holds a mortgage on the road, has agreed to pay the claim of Larsen, payments to be made in instalments covering a period of three years.

ANNEXING OUR RAILWAYS.

Vanderbilts After Canadian Traffic—Proposed Amalgamation.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 8.—The Evening News says to-day, with an assumption of authority for the statement that there is little or no doubt of the successful issue for the amalgamation of the interests of the Canada Southern road and the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railway. The effect of the arrangement will be to identify the latter enterprise with the interests of the Vanderbilt combine. The objective point of the Vanderbilts is said to be Toronto, and an opening to the traffic of western Ontario.

THE LOSS CONFIRMED

Of the Schooner C. D. White, Wrecked on Kodiak Island.

Port Townsend, Wash., May 8.—Advices from Kodiak, Alaska, by the steamer City of Topeka, confirms the report that the schooner C. D. White of San Francisco was wrecked in a gale and snow storm on Kodiak island, Behring Sea, April 22. One letter says 11 lives were lost. Another places the loss at 17. Captain Isaacson, after the vessel struck the rocks, drifted ashore on a piece of wreckage, but died an hour afterwards from exposure.

PRISON OF A TRAITOR.

Ile du Diable, Where Captain Dreyfus Is Confined.
Information has reached Paris with regard to the arrival of Dreyfus, the captain of the French army, who was convicted of treason, at the Ile du Diable, off French Guiana, says the New York Herald.

W

VOL. 11—NO. 19. WHOLE NUMBER

EXCITEMENT

Anti-Socialists in the Streets.

The Despot Rejoices From Which Not a Word.

Berlin, May 11.—

tion by the reichstag of the anti-revolutionary; nobody was surprised to-day, after rejecting its amendments, the entire bill, paragraph by paragraph, was rejected. The reichstag adjourned.

Through the rejection of the bill, the reichstag adjourned. The bill was rejected. The reichstag adjourned.

The most interesting discussion was that which showed that the reichstag adjourned.

Dr. Schoenstadt, which only served as a matter of course, was rejected.

The proceedings were conducted by the reichstag adjourned.

Gen. Bronsart von Schellendorf in support of the bill, declared that the reichstag adjourned.

Herr Bebel, Social Democratic leader, declared that the reichstag adjourned.

Herr Bebel's article from the Vorwarts, suggesting the reichstag adjourned.

Herr Ossaue, Nationalist leader, declared that the reichstag adjourned.

Herr von Levetzow, in behalf of their resolution, declared that the reichstag adjourned.

The words of Herr von Levetzow, which were with much laughter, declared that the reichstag adjourned.

When the last paragraph of the anti-Semites was left, the reichstag adjourned.

The left cheered boisterously until Monday, upon the customary convention of the tobacco trade.

There is much discussion to-night at the council and the emperor's belief expressed is that