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1194 THE MONETABY TIMES, TRADE BEVIEW AND INSURANCE CHRONICLE.				
The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks		
BANK OF MONTREAL.	The Bank of British North America.	MERCHANTS' BANK		
	Incorporated by Boyal Charter.	CAPITAL paid-up \$5,700,000. BESERVE FUND, 750,000.		
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of	PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000 STG.	Head Office, Montreal.		
FIVE PER CENT.	London Office-& Clements Lane, Lombard St., 2.0.	BOARD OF DIRECTORS:		
upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at its branches on and after	COURT OF DIRECTORS. J. H. Brodie. H. J. B. Kendall. John James Cater. J. J. Kingsford. Henry B. Farrer. Frederic Lubbook. Biohard H. Giyn. A. H. Philipotts. E. A. Hoare. J. Murray Robertson. Secretary-A. G. WALLIS.	SUB HUGH ALLAN, President. BOBERT ANDERSON, - Vice-President. Andrew Allan, Esq. Hector Mackensie, Esq. Wm. Darling, Esq. Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. Adolphe Masson, Esq. John Cassils, Esq. Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, M.P. GEOBGE HAGUE, General Manager. J. H. PLUMMER, Assistant General Manager.		
Friday, the First day of June next	HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA-St. James St., Montreal. B. R. GRINDLEY, General Manager.	BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC. Belleville, Kingston. Benfrew. Berlin. London. Sherbrooke, Que		
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May next, both days i :clusive.	W. H. Nowmas, Inspector. Branches and Agencies in Canada. London, Kingston, St. John, N.B.	Brampton. Montreal. Stratford. Chatham. Napanee. St. John's, Que. Gait. Ottawa. St. Thomas. Ganamoque. Owen Sound. Toronto. Hamilton. Perth. Walkerton.		
The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders	Brantford, Ottawa, Fredericton, N. B.	Ingersoll. Prescott. Windsor. Kincardine. Quebec. BRANCHES IN MANITOBA. Winnipeg. Emerson. Brandon.???? Regins. N.W.T.		
will be he d at the Bank on	NEW YORK-D. A. McTavish & H. Stikeman, Agts. ORICAGO-H. M. Breedon, Agent.	Bankers in Great Britain.—The Clydesdale Bank (Limited), 39 Lombard Street, London, Glasgow and alsewhere.		
Monday, the Fourth-day of June next.	SAN FRANCISCOW. Lawson & C. E. Taylor, Agis. PORTLAND, ORBGORH. M. J. McMichael, Agent. London BANKERSThe Bank of England; Mesers. Glyn & Oo.	Agency in New York, 48 Exchange Place, Meers. Henry Hague and John B. Harris, jr., Agents. Bankers in New York.—The Bank of New York, N.B.A.		
The chair will be taken at one o'clock. By order of the Board.	FORMER AGENTS-Liverpool-Bank of Liverpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia, New Zealand Union Bank of Australia, Bank et New Zealand, Colonial Bank of New Zealand. India, China and Japan-Chartered Mercantile Bank of India. Lon-	A general banking business transacted. Money received on deposit, and current rates of interest allowed. Drafts issued available at all points in Canada. Storling exchange and drafts on New York bought and sold.		
W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager.	don and China-Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies- Colonial Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss & Cie., Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.	Letters of credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries. Collections made on favorable terms		
Montreal, 20th April, 1889.	THE QUEBEC BANK.	THE		
THE CANADIAN	Incorporated by Royal Charter, A.D. 1818.	BANK OF TORONTO,		
BANK OF COMMERCE	CAPITAL \$3,000,000.	CANADA. Incorporated - 1855.		
Head Offloe, Toronto.	Head Office, Quebec. BOARD OF DIRECTORS.			
Paid-up Oapital, \$6,000,000 Rest, 1,650,000	JAS. G. BOSS, Eeq., Provident. WILLIAM WITHALL, Esq., - Vice-President	Paid up Capital\$2,000.000 Reserve Fund 1,000,000		
<b>DIRECTORS:</b> HON. WILLIAM MoMASTER, President.	JAMES STEVENSON, Esq., Cachier. Brunches and Acanoles in Canada.	DIRECTORS.		
WM. ELLIOT, Esq., Vice-President. Noah Barnhart, Esq. Hon. S. C. Wood. George Taylor, Esq. John Waldie, Esq. W. N. ANDRESON, General Manager. J C. KEMP, Ass't Gen'l Manager. ROBT. GILL. Inspector,	Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Pembroke, Ont. Montroal, Que. Thorold, Ont. Three Rivers. Agonts in New York-Meetra Mattland, Phelps & Co. Agonts in Londom-The Bank of Scotland. THE ONTARIO BANK. DIVIDEND NO. 51.	GEO. GOODEBHAM, Esq., Toronto, President. WM. HENBY BEATTY, Esq., Toronto, Vice-P. A. T. FULTON, Esq., Toronto. W. G. GOODEBHAM, Esq., Toronto, HENBY CAWTHRA, Esq. Toronto. HENBY COVERT Esq., Port Hope. W. B. WADSWORTH Esq.		
New York-J. H. Goadbyfand B. E. Walker, Agents. Chicago-A. L. DE WAB, Agent. BBANCHES.	Notice is hereby given that a dividend of THREE PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this institu- tion has been declared for the current half-year, and	HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.		
Ayr, Guelph, St. Catharines, Barrie, Goderich, Sarria, Balleville, Hamilton, Scaforth, Berlin, London, Simcoce,	that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after FRIDAY, the 1st day of JUNE next.	HUGH LEACH		
Brantford, Lucan, Stratford, Ohatham, Montreal, Stratford, Oolingwood, Norwiak, Thoroid, Dundas, Orangeville, Toronto, Dunnyile, Ottawa, Walkerton. Durham, Paris, Windsor, Galt, Peterboro, Woodstock. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, the East and West Indies, China, Japan, and South	in this city, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of June	BRANCHES. MONTREALJ. MURRAY EMITH, MANAGER. PETERBOROJ. H. BOPER, " COBOURGJOS. HENDERSON, " PORT HOPSW. R. WADSWORTH, " BARRIEJ. A. STRATHY, ST. CATEARINESE. D. BOSWELL,		
America. Stering and American Exchange bought and sold Collections made on the most favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits.	next. The chair to be taken at 12 o clock noon.	COLLENGWOOD		
BANKERS. New York—The American Exchange National Bank. London, England—The Bank of Scotland.		LONDON, ENGLANDTHE CITY BANK (Idmited. NEW YORKNATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE		
THE DOMINION BANK.	OF CANADA.	STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.		
CAPITAL, \$1,500,000. REST, \$750,000. DIRECTORS :	Capital Paid-up	BEST,		
JAS. AUSTIN, President. HON. FBANK SMITH, Vice-President. James Crowther. E. B. Oaler. Wilmot D. Matthews. Head Office-Toronto.	DirkUTORS: H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., President. T. B. MERRITT, Esq., Vio-President, St. Catharines. Hon. Jas. B. Benson, T. B. Wadsworth, Esq. St. Catharines. Wm. Ramsay, Esq. P. Hughes, Esq. John Fiske, Esq. D. B. WILKIE, Cashie	W.F. COWAN, - VICE-PRESIDENT. A.T. TODD. W.F. ALLAN, JNO. BURNS. DR. MORTON.		
Agencies at Brampton, Bellsville, Cobourg, Lind- sy, Napanes, Oshawa, Orillia, Uxbridge, Whitby and Queen Street Toronto, corner of Bether	HEAD OFFICE-TORONTO. BRANCEES.	R. C. JAMIESON. J. L. BRODIE, CASHIER. AGENCIES.		

sampton, Belleville, Cobourg, Idnd-bahawa, Orillia, Uxbridge, Whitby et Toronto, corner of Bather Ba parts of the United States, Great Continent of Europe bought and Napanee, Os Queen Street and sold. Letters of Oredit issued available in all ip Europe, China and Japan. s of

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Fargus, Bi. Ostharines, Winnipeg, Ingersoll, Bt. Thomas, Woodstool Port Colborns, Welland, Brandon, J Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange b and sold. Deposits reserved and interest all Prompt attention paid to collections.

NS. DR. MORTON. R. C. JAMTEBON. J. L. BRODIE, CASHIRR. *AGENOIES.* L. Harriston. Newcastle. ton. Markham. Colborne. Gampbellford, Ont. Markham. Bolborne. Bark of Montreal Work-Bank of Montreal Work-Magura. Watson & Lang. ndon, Jmg-The Royal Bank of Sectioned No Lo

Bradford. Cannington. Pieton.

ought owed.



FREDERICTON, N. B. Incorporated by Act of Parliament 1964.

A. F. RANDOLPH, President. J. W. SPURDEN, Cashier. FORMER AGENTS. London-Union Bank of London. New York-Fourth National Bank. Boston-Elliot National Bank. Montreal-Union Bank of Lower Canada.

Ageney-Fredericton-A. S. Murray, Agent. Woodstock-G. W. Vanwart, Agent.

THE MONETARY TIMES, TRADE REVIEW AND INSURANCE OHBONICLE.



interest at 5 per cent. per jannum, payable halfvearly by coupons attached.

> Apply to D. MeGHE, Secretary, S Toronio St., Toronio.

Particulars furnished to intending investors by the Manager.

HON. ALEX. VIDAL, DUGALD J. CAMPBELL



BANKERS & STOCK BROKERS. erican and Sterling Exchange.

rency, &c., bought and sold. Stocks, Bonds, and Debentures bought and sold on Commission. EWING BUCHAN

C. S. GROWERI, JR.

J. D. EDGAR, Solicitor. Bankers-Canadian Bank of Commerce.

J. W. LANGMUIR, Manager.

Winnipeg, Manitoba. Correspondence solicited.

IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK, ;

No. 3 BANNATYNE ST., EAST.





A TELEGRAM from Ottawa states that the contractors for that portion of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Prince Arthur's Landing and Winniprg made agreement with the Syndicate to take over the road and operate it from the first of May next, so that the road will be in operation from that date instead of the 1st of October 1888.

Ir is stated that the Montreal City Passenger Railway Company is about to sell its property at Hochelaga, Mile End and St. Henri, and devote the proceeds to doubling the car tracks on many principal streets. It proposes to erect a central station; there is also talk of a new charter to authorise elevated 'tracks. Mr. John Crawford has, we understand, resigned the presidency.

Most of the British ship-builders have sufficient work in hand to keep them employed during all this year. Since the beginning of the year no fewer than 87 ships, of an aggregate tonnage of 150,000 tons, have been launched, and of these 26 ships of 45,482 tons were built on the Clyde, and 35 ships of 60,085 tons were built on the Tyne, the Wear, and the Tees.

LIFE insurance is not wholly neglected by men who are reputed millionaires. At least, there are said to be in Chicago eighty-eight men who carry \$50,000 or more, each, of insurance upon their lives. In New York city Cyrus W. Field earries \$240,000, P. Lorillard, \$250,000; Hamilton Disston, Philadelphia, \$300,000 ; John Howe, St. Louis, \$300,000 ; Amos Whitley, Springfield, Ohio, \$201,000 ; Jamos Park, jr., Pitteburg, \$300,000 ; B. F. Sturtevant, Boston, \$200,000.

A SHOP-IEEPEB in the Ottawa district, Patrick Grace, of Wright Villag, has assigned in trust to Messrs. Cochrane, Cassils & Co., of Montreal and Messrs Russell, Forbes & Co., of Ottawa, under the pressure of two heavy suits that had been entered against him. Grace was in embarrassed circumstances sev ral years ago, obtaining a partial extension which, however, did not afford the releif desired, and assigned in May 1878, subsequently obtaining a compromise which enable him to contine in business.

THE Independent Telegraph Company of Canada desires to be incorporated under letter patent. The chief office to be in Toronto, and its capital \$250,000. Provision directors are George D. Morton, M.D.; Charles George Kelso, Edward Strachan Cox, and James Gooderham Worts, of Toronto; and James Walter Lyon, of Guelph. Authority is asked to establish, construct, and work a line or lines of telegraph from and to any place or places in the Dominion, or in any Province, and from or to any place or places without the Dominion of Canada, and to make connection abroad.

E. FAUTEUX & Co., a Montreal dry goods concern whose record is not of the highest order, have called a meeting of creditors. Mr. Fauteux failed rather badly in 1878, and was charged with obtaining goods fraudulently; he left for the States, but returning was imprisoned upon the above charged, effecting a settlement of the matter and getting his release in 1881, by paying this claim in full. He has since that failure done business in his wife's name, and it is understood that the investment of means in a saw mill and other outside matters, has caused their present action, and that they will probably seek an extension.

Ma. WILLIAM NAY, grooer at Winnipeg, has like too many other shop-keepers become overstocked with goods that he cannot pay for when the paper becomes due. He has therefore been obliged to assign, with liabilities of nearly \$25,000 and assets of \$18,000. He will now try to effect a compromise. — The hardware stock of D. N. Germain, West Lynn, Man. has there he should have remained.

been advertised for sale by the Sheriff — T. J. Skinner of Minnedosa sold his farm and bought the store business of W. H. Pass for \$1,000. Since then he has had to borrow money at high rates, and even so he could not succeed. He is reported to have left the place.

A GENERAL trader of Musquodoboit, N. S, Alex. J. Reid, has assigned to K. McCurdy. Reid had not been long in business, but was ambitious to do too much, having carried on two stores, and credited in a very loose way. Of \$6,000 assets, \$5,000 is in the shape of book debts, while liabilities are \$4,000.

An enterprising down-easter, John Curran by by name, undertook to snugele some \$1,500 worth of cigars across the Province line at Lacolle, Que., the other day. The Customs officers discovered him and gathered him in. together with his horse and waggon, and the load of cigars.

A DEALER in men's furnishings at Sherbrooke, C. H. Wakefield, who compromised in the fall of 1881, is again in hot water with his creditors, having been arrested on a charge of obtaining a bill of ready-made clothing under false pretences from a Montreal house. He furnished bail pending trial, which is fixed for May.

THOMAS & Co., hatters of Halifax, N. S., —in which concern P. McKerrow is the only partner —have assigned to T. K. Jenkins, giving preferences to certain creditors representing about \$6,000. Total liabilities will foot up to about \$25,000, and it is proposed to pay general creditors 50 cents on the dollar in 4, 8, 12, 16 and 20 months.

THE long established Cobourg grocer J. Sutherland, is again in difficulty. About sixteen months ago his premises were burned, which loss, with the expense of refitting his shop threw him behind and he has not regained his former position. One of the banks recently obtained a judgment against him for \$4,000 and as the money was not forthcoming the bailiff was put in possession. When its claim is paid it is feared that the dividend te creditors will be small.

Following closely on the failure of the negociations between the two great Canadian railway companies, the Canadian Pacific girds up its loins for the coming contest. It is successfully promoting a bill to enable it to lease the Credit Valley Railway. This road, in connection with the Ontario and Quebec, will give it the means of competition against which the Grand Trank so lond'y protests. It seems that, in the absence of any kind of union, the war is to be carried on with vigor.

THE adjourned meeting of the creditors of Lord & Munn, Montreal, held last Monday was of a stormy character, the members of the firm being severely taxed with extravagance and m'smanagement, or something worse—which an investigation into their affairs revealed. They were not prepared to make any offer and it was decided to wind up the estate under the supervision of inspectors, the following gentlemen being appointed. Messrs. J. Baird, J. Pinder, J. McLea, Dr. Brainerd and J. F, Stewart.

MR. J. M. WH TE was a farmer in Eastern Ontario. Suddenly he became a druggist and early in 1875 he began business in Campbellford. From there he went to Belleville and failed in September of that year with liabilities of \$8,500. The estate paid a very small dividend. He appears to have gone thence to Plainfield, New Jersey, at which place he is reported as a druggist who could not pay his rent. In October last he began business in Wellington, Ont, but as before, failed, and his stock is advertised by the Sheriff for sale. He is now again behind the plough where he should have remained. In connectiod with the recent failure of Gibb, Laird & Co., wholesale grocers, Quebec, there are some six actions now pending in court. against the firm, representing in all about \$120,000.

Mr. JAMES PARE, the well-known provision dealer in St. Lawrence Market, has admitted his son Mr. Andrew Park, to a partnership in his business. The name of the firm will now be James Park & Son.

CHAS. HUMPHEIES, dealer in teas in Guelph is in trouble. One of the principal creditors is investigating his affairs, and it is thought that he will be obliged to assign. He was a good salesman and it was thought likely to succeed.

MESSES. BREUNELL & CURRIER, who undertook to carry on the Grand Central Hotel, St. Thomas, have been "run out" by the directors of the house. There are quite a number of local creditors who have but poor prospects, if any, for getting payment of their accounts.

A SPECIAL train left Toronto about a fortnight ago laden with settlers upon the lands of the Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company— Mr. J. T. Moore's company—in the "Cressent City" district. The train consisted of eleven cars, which were occupied exclusively by the settlers, their farming implements, machinery, baggage and personal effects valued at over \$30,000. Leaving Toronto on Thursday, about 10 o'clock they arrived t Qu'Appelle on Tuesday morning. The distance of 1720 miles from Toronto to Qu'Appelle was run in 4 days and 18 hours, and the weather was continuously fine.

MORRISON BROS., machinists, Toronto, have assigned to G. F. Bostwick their bookeeper. — E. Meeking, gent's furnishings, city, who was formerly associated with one Cooper has assigned.—C. E. Thorne & Co., wholesale crockery, have their stock advertised for sale by the Sheriff.—J. C. McKeend, hardware dealer in Hamilton, began business in 1875, and then was said to be worth \$5,000, and was reported as doing well. It is a little surprising that he should so soon wish to consult his creditors about his financial condition.—Edward Murphy, painter, Hamilton, is reported to have absconded some days ago.

For entertaining reading and inviting sketches of scenery, commend us to the sixty pages of the handsome illustrated pamphlet just issued by the Intercolonial Railway authorities. In its pages, says Mr. Reynolds, the compiler, "an effort has been made to avoid the monotony of the statistical bore and the mendacity of the colonization agent." The aim avowedly is to describe the country traversed by the I. C. R. R. through Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, to give the pleasure-seeker, the fisherman and the sportsman, an idea of the places where their respective wants may be supplied, and very pleasantly is that purpose carried out. Canadians should read the book. If those who have been "down by the sea " will delight in its reminiscences, those who have not been, will be all the more eager to visit that charming coast. A bood map accompanies the book.

A GOOD number of gentlemen connected with financial institutions in the city met on Saturday last and formed the Canada Land Law Amendment Association, the object of which is a radical amendment in the laws governing the transfer of Land and registration of ownership. A report was adopted defining the aim of the association to be:

(1) The simplification of the transfer of real estate in the various provinces and Territories of the Dominion of Canada, (2) the securing of indefeasibility of title to real estate in such Provinces and Territories, (3) the introduction of the "Torrens" system of land transfer, or such modification therefore as may be found practiceable and expedient, and (4) the amendment of the law of real property so as to facilitate and promote the efficient working of the "Torrens" system. Officers have been elected as under:

President, J. Herbert Mason; Vice-Presidents, D. Blain and W. B. Scarth; Treasurer, S. C. Wood; General Secretary, Beverley Jones; Corresponding Secretary, George S. Holmstead; Directors, Messrs John Leys, S. G. Wood, John A. Paterson, J. J. Foy, James Metcalfe, ex-M.P. John Fisken, W. A. Douglass, W. Kersteman, Jr., J. B. Clarke, and B. S. Tomlinson.

STOCKS IN MONTREAL. MONTREAL, April 25, 1883. Average Price, like Date 1882. Total Transac'n inWeek. Highest Point n Week. Sellers. Point Week Buyers. STOCKS '<u>s</u> 2084 969 506 100 108 3483 199 195 114 80 124 199 195 115 202 198 116 Montreal 198 195 115 211 207 67 90 126 175 **x**.ä. Ontario... People's. Molson's Toronto Jac. Cart 81 125 81 125 1241 188 1914 1891 105 190 110 . Cartier Merchants 1244 134 1254 1341 599 133 145 1244 12 1344 Comme 1064 134 1174 Eastern Tps Union Hamilton 85 Hamilton ... Exchange ... Mon. Tel.... Dom. Tel.... Rich.&O. ... City Pass .... Gas x. d. .... R. C. Ins. Co Mchts.x.d. ... 25 B.C 149 1211 122 800 121 1221 131 62 74 75 470 74 75 1494 171 56 146 169 56 144 166 3153 7098 147 1701 149 166 11 ....

--Two hundred men were sent out from Winnipeg last Saturday. to the end of the C.P.R. track, by Langdon, Shepherd & Co., to work on their contract.

-The Fire department of St. Johns, Que., has been reorganized with Mr. O. Hebert as chief, Mr. W. Brosseau as first assistant and Mr. F. Daniels as second assistant. The engineer of the department is the only paid officer connected with it.

-The contract for supplying lumber to the Montreal Water Works' Department has been awarded, says the Star, to Messrs. Henderson who get \$40 per thousand feet for deal, as against \$37 last year, and fourteen cents per foot as against eleven cents last year for tamarsc.

The President of the Grand Trunk Railway at its last annual meeting stated its mileage as follows :----

Grand Trunk proper	1,511
Great Western proper	512
Wellington, Grey and Bruce	168
Chicago and Grand Trunk	
Detroit and Milwaukee	189
Midland Rulway of Canada	471
North Shore Railway	220

Total milea	ge	
-------------	----	--

—The Land Corporation of Canada held its general meeting in London early in April, the Duke of Manchester in the chair. It was announced that about 200,000 acres of Pacific Ry. lands which bad been selected for the company by the chairman and Mr. Tennant, about Qu'Appelle, had been relinquished, after negotiation, to the Canada North-West Land Co. "for a considerable pa ment." Mr. Gramshaw protested against the report, and Mr. Prnst objected to the expenses. The profit for the year had been about £14,000, and the expenses of management had been very nearly £5,000. For directors' fees £2,500 had been taken; there was £1,000 for travelling expenses; and for salaries, including the managing director, £1,266 had been £6,200, and he desired information as to where that large amount had gone. Eight directors, besides a managing director, were too many. A dividend of 2/- per share, or 8½ per cent. was proposed which was carried, and the retiring directors—Sir R. Blenn rhassett, M.P., and Mr. Alexander Fraser—were afterwards re-elected, with a few dissentients.

-The female descendants of the early French settlers in Essex county are experts in the braiding of straw hats and in the knitting of woollen soeks. These two industries are estimated by the Amherstburg *Echo* to produce about \$95 000 annually—the city of Detroit having, it is stated paid the French Canadian women of Essex \$80.000 in one year for straw braid alone. The braid is also exported to the East and even to South America and Mexico, where it is made up into fashionable shapes and commands a ready sale.

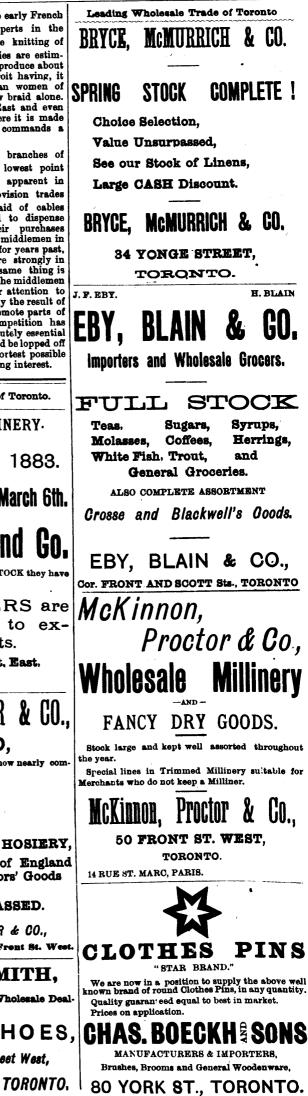
—The tendency in important branches of trade is to reduce expenses to the lowest point possible. This tende cy is more apparent in the cotton, bread stuffs and provision trades than anywhere else. By the aid of cables European merchants are enabled to dispense with middlemen and make their purchases from first hands. The sphere of middlemen in these trades has been contracting for years past, and the tendency points still more strongly in that direction. In England the same thing is taking place. As a consequence, the middlemen thus displaced have turned their attention to speculation. The change is largely the result of instant communication between remote parts of the world and quick transit. Competition has become so sharp that it is absolutely essential that all unnecessary expens whold be lopped off and the transit reduced to the shortest possible space, with the view of economizing interest.

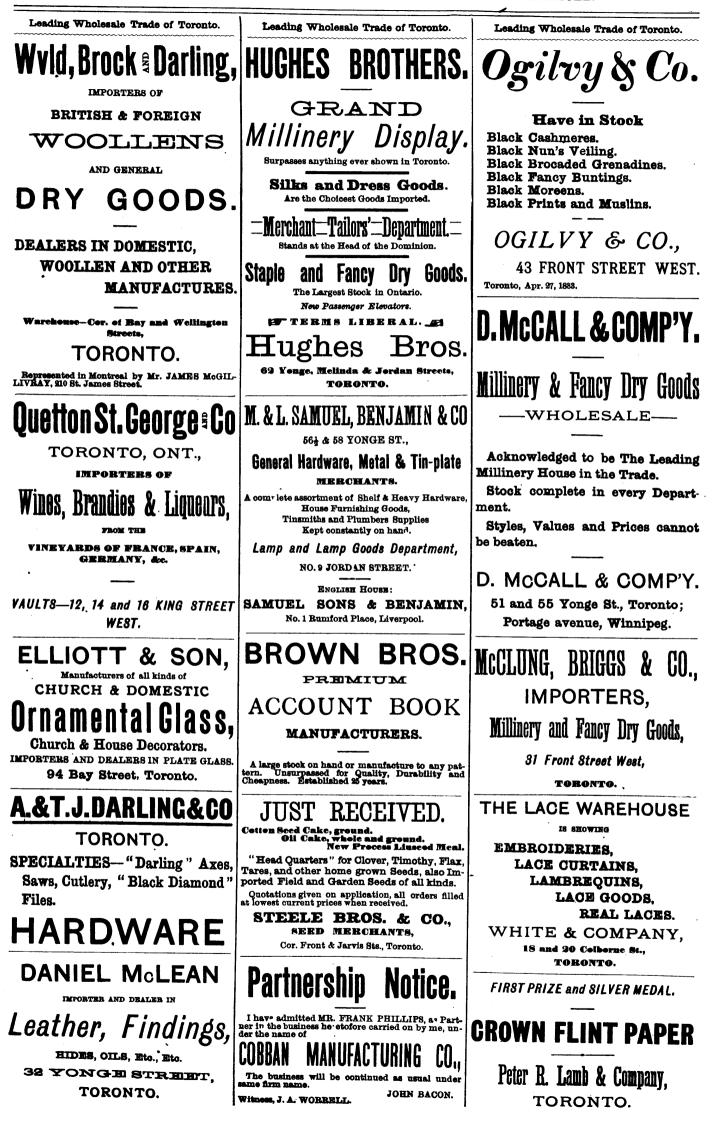
Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. WHOLESALE MILLINERY. 1883. SPRING 1883. **Opening Day, TUESDAY March 6th** Jas. Brayley and Go. will this season show the BEST STOCK they have ever shown. **CLOSE BUYERS are** specially invited to examine our Imports. 9 & 11 Wellington St. East. TORONTO. & CO., MCMASTER ₩M, TORONTO, Stock of spring importations is now nearly com-lete in EVERY DEPARTMENT! Special lines in PARASOLS. LACE GOODS, GLOVES & HOSIERY, Scotch Tweeds, West of England Trowserings, and Tailors' Goods generally. VALUE UNSURPASSED. WM. J. MCMASTER & CO., 54 Front St. West COOPER & SMITH. Manufacturers, Importers & Wholesale Deallers in



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JAMES COOPER. JOHN C. SMITH.





# The Monetary Times

AND TRADE REVIEW.

With which has been incorporated the "Interco-lonial Journal of Commerce" of Montreal, the "Trade Beview" of the same city (in 1870), and "The Toronto Journal of Commerce."

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TORONTO, CAN, FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1883

#### THE LATE ABORTIVE RAILWAY NEGOTIATIONS.

Mr. George Stephen did not allow the attack upon the Canadi n Pacific to be openly made by Sir Henry Tyler, President of the Grand Trunk, and Mr. Abbott without putting in a defence. And once on the war-path, he did not confine himself to a merely defensive movement; he struck back, with the design of showing that his antagonist is not invulnerable. The relative position of the two compan'es having fallen back to where they were when this circular was written, it gives, from Mr. Stephen's side, a view of the situation which it is necessary to comprehend.

To the complaint that the Canadian Pacific Company had been preparing to compete with the Grand Trunk between Montreal and the western frontier of Ontario, Mr. Stephen pleads guilty, at the same time putting in a plea of justification. In the words of Mr. Stephen, the Grand Trunk between Montreal and Toronto is congested. Goods sent from Montreal to Winnipeg, by this road, he says, are from four to eight weeks on the way; and merchants are obliged to seek a more expeditious route. In this particular, the Grand Trunk has made a grave mistake. The only condition on which monopoly will be tolerated is that the monopoly shall be in a condition to serve the public fairly well. The public will neither consent to unreasonable delays nor to pay exorbitant charges. Without a double line between Montreal and Toronto, the Grand Trunk could not satisfactorily perform the duties required of it. A vague promise that a double line would be built between these two cities was made, when the Government consented to relieve the Company of the Riviere du Loup section; the purchase money, it was said, would be applied to this necessary duplication. But the promise was not kept; and the Grand Trunk ceased to be able to perform, in a satisfactory way, the duties required of it as common carrier. Had this Company fully met the public requirements, there would have been no encouragement for any other Company to set up opposition. But the Grand Trunk, by failing to come up to the requirements of the time, in effect admitted its inability to do the work which the public required ; and in so doing it virtually invited competition. Wherever there is profitable work for a railway to do, son • company is sure to offer to do it. There are almost everywhere more than enough

railways to do the work that is to be done. If the Canadian Pacific railway had not, in this instance, stepped into the breach, some other company would have doue s. Sir Henry Tyler and Mr. Abbott seem to think it the duty of Canadians to sacrifice themselves for the Grand Trunk. An attempt to help themselves, where that Company has been found wanting, is held to be a crime, to be punished, these gentlemen tell us in their magnificient way, by closing British purse-strings against all Canadian enterprises.

The Grand Trunk Company obtained control of the North Shore Railway, which acquisition, with what they had before, gives them two lines between Montreal and Quebec, one on the south and the other on the north bank of the river St. Lawrence. The possession of a double line, or two separate lines, between these two points, is not nearly so necessary as a double track between Montreal and Toronto. But in getting possession of the North Shore road, the Grand Trunk managers were not thinking of the accommodation of the public. This line was acquired, not to enable the Grand Trunk the better to serve the public, but to prevent competition between the two cities. This is confessed by Sir Henry Tyler, who says of the North Shore road : "It will be very useful to us, because it will protect the rates between Montreal and Quebec to the lower provinces; for we might have our rates between Point Levi and Montreal very much injured by competition, if we did not acquire it." If the Company had been as anxious to serve the public, by building a second track between Montreal and Toronto, as it was to prevent competition between Montreal and Quebec, it might have continued to hold the monopoly, on the only conditions on which a m nopoly is ever, in these days, tolerated : that of serving the public fairly well and on reasonable terms. The view of Sir Henry Tyler is natural to one who looks from his stand-point ; but it is too contracted and does not take sufficient account of the public requirements.

Even if it had been desirable for the Grand Irunk to get possession of the North Shore road, that Company ought to have been able to get it at on less onerous terms. That the Government of Quebec desired to sell was well known. Why then should the Company not have entered on a direct negotiation ? Why wait to buy from a syndicate at an enormous advance over the price which the syndicate agreed to pay? The Government sold the road for \$4,000,-000. The Grand Trunk paid £34,000 to the syndicate and took the road with a mortgage of \$5,000,000 on it. Of the \$1,000,000 of share capital, the Grand Trunk gets \$680,000, which carries with it the desired control. Mr. Senecal and his friends made an enormous profit on the transaction, and they made it out of the Grand Trunk. ' The latter Company could have put in a tender at the time the syndicate purchased. The agreement now made is not, it seems, in the nature of an absolute sale and purchase; it is an agreement for twenty-one years, at the end of which time we presume it will be liable to be termin ated.

Trunk shareholders denies that there is any intenti n on the part of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to shirk the construction of the section north of Lake Superior. The Company in proposing to run two lines through Canadian territory must act on the belief that there will be business enough for both; if it did not believe this, it would not venture on this bold plan of setting up competition, without hope of monopoly, against its own Pacific line proper. The North Shore section, Mr. Stephen promises, will be ready for traffic by the end of the year 1886. In presence of the actual preparation for this competition, it is well that the assurance about the North Shore section should have been given. This second line must tend to break the monopoly of the Canadian Pacific in North-West traffic. One of the two lines will have the Grand Trunk for a competitor, a large part of the distance; and the third line must come down to the competition rates that may be established. Beyond the north-west frontier, the Canadian Pacific will still have a legal monopoly; but the case is one in which legality and expediency will part company, and expediency will prove stronger than legality.

The circular of Mr. Stephen evidently led the way to the negotiation which followed between the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk for an accommodation of their differences. After complaining of the attacks on his Company by Sir Henry Tyler, Mr. Abbott and their friends, and retalisting with no little vigor, Mr. Stephen threw out a feeler. "Gentlemen," he said, "there is a much better policy to be pursued, one that would benefit Canada as well as its two great aailway enterprises, if your officials had only the wisdom to see it and were in a frame of mind to follow it." Whether the "better policy," some sort of union between the two Companies, would benefit Canada is by no means clear ; the companies it would help though almost certainly at the expense of the public. The Canadian public felt a relief on the announcement of the rupture of the negotiations; and that feeling is not likely to turn to regret.

#### THE FINANCIAL POSITION.

The old Latin adage, festina lente, or make haste slowly, conveys sound advice upon the present financial position. A year ago at his time we were "making haste" very fast and sowing the seeds of trouble. During the six months ending 31st March, 1882, the loans and discounts of the banks generaly, went mounting up until an increase was recorded of nearly twenty millions. During March of last year, and in that single month the enormous increase of seven millions of loans and discounts was recorded. So they went mounting up higher and higher, month by month.

The first check was the warning voice of the President of the Bank of Montreal. That had its effect. Next came similar utterances in other quarters. The voice of this journal was added when the time came, and finally the rulers of the banks, boards of directors, and such like magnates apparently Mr. Stephen in a circular to the Grand took decisive steps generally. Since then inflation has been stopped. From March 1882 to October 1882, discounts increased seventeen millions They then stood at 184 millions, an unprecedented, an unreasonabl amount. Since then they have been held in firmly. On the 31st ult. they amounted to 181 milli ns. It is not very likely that an increase of magnitude will take place again.

Of course while this firm handling of loans and discounts has been going on there has been a considerable amount of outcry. Men who were pushing business on borrow.d money, to unreasonably limits, felt the check severely. And, as is always the case they blamed the banks, crying out against them as being wanting in enterprise, and prudence to do the same thing. appreciation of the needs of the country. There are some persons who can never be made to understand u at the resources of the banking fraternity are limited 1 hey always fancy there is a bottomless chest of capital and money somewhere to which bankers have ready access. Thus w en a check is put upon their operations the, instantly take it as a personal affront. They imagine, and they often say, that "the manager has a grudge against them." or that confidence has been withdrawn, or that the bank is not up to the requirements of the day. It is vain to talk to these gentlemen about reserves or resources, for they do not understand such questions. Even if silenced in discussion t ey are not convinced, or, at .ll events, their conviction is that expressed in the well-known lines :

#### "A man convinced against his will, Is of the same opinion still.'

However, banks and capitalists, like other people prosper best when they mind their own business, and as a part of that business is to keep adequate reserves of m ney to meet all contingencies, they will be foolish indeed to allow complaints or clamour to draw them from their purpose. To show that the bankers have had good reason for taking the action they have in refusing to lend more money, it will be sufficient to look at the following table :

#### CASH AND NET FOREIGN BALANCES.

January	1882	\$42,726,000
September	1882	32,219,000
January	1883	27,224,000
March	1883	27,570,000

These reserves have f r some time past been equal to only about 20 per cent. of the total liabilities of the banks. This is an amount which requires to be supplemented rath r than decreased further.

The banks seem to be perfectly aware of what the position requires, and are pursuing generally a prudent course. It must be said however, that some of the smaller banks are at present more ambitious than prudent. When reserves of about \$200,000 are held against liabilities of \$3,000,000 it is evident that the desire for making profit has overbalanced a banker's judgment. It is said that in such cases, reliance is p aced on the power of borrowing money from other banks. This is not a desirable kind of thing to base deposits upon. Banks will lend money readily enough, on good security to other banks, when money is plentiful. There is no reason why they should not. But there is every reason why they should not when money is scarce. For then they in the directorate.

might be under the necessity of refusing the mercantile customers. This would be a poor policy indeed. To turn away good steady customers, in order to save a bank from feeling the consequence of its own impudence, is a course of action which none but a very sanguine temperament would calculate on. It is therefore a very treacherous and uncertain resource.

The only safe course for a banker is to keep his business within such prudent limits that his resources will always by adequate for requirements.

As a matter of fact all persons or companies who receive deposits are bound in We are afraid that private bankers and Loan Companies have been very lax in this respect. They have relied, in many cases, on the banks lending them money if they wanted it. Not all are open to this reproach. But, as a rule, it is not the havit of Loan Companies to keep adequate resources of cash against their deposits. Private bankers as a rule, lean wholly on the chartered banks. That this is not safe, we have shown already; and some day, many who have been receiving large amounts of deposits and have kept no resourc s against them will find they have leaning on a very uncertain staff indeed.

Failures continue. We ary entering, apparently. on a period when their volume will go on increasing. Money lenders and dispensers of credit will need to keep a sharp look out. Bankers have had experience enough, it might be thought, to last them a century. But recent events have show 1 that experience of that kind is easily forgotten in good times. It is certainly exasperating that hard earned profits should be swept away by the folly and bad management of borrowers of money. But it is a question whether lenders have not-as of old-been making credit too cheap. Whenever this is done, punishment invariably follows.

We append our annual abstract of the returns of the banks as on March 31st.

31st MARCH, 1882. [In thousands.]					
Description.					
Capital paid up ( irculation Deposits Loans and discounts Cash & foreign bal. (net) Sist m.	17,927 56,799 91,981	40,092 59,259 8,212	3,263 8,897 16,276 2,315	82,947 105,788 167,416	
Description.					
Capital paid up Circulation Deposits Loans and discounts Cash & foreign bal. (. et)	\$36,717 18,186 55,094 96 546 16,700	12,574 42,843 66,860	3,758 9,726 18,402	107,663 181,808	

Mr. Andrew Allan has been chosen President of the Merchants' Bank. The choice was a natural and proper one. Mr. Allan is a popular man in Montreal but he is something more, he is a business man of experience and dignity. We observe also that at the meeting of the Board last week Mr. John Duncan, of Messrs. John Duncan & Co., was elected to fill the vacancy created by the death of the late Sir Hugh Allau

#### LACROSSE AND IMMIGRATION.

Of all schemes to promote immigration which have ever been pressed upon the attention of a people or a department, the most novel, probably, is that pr jected by Dr. W. G. Beers, of Montreal, and to be carried out during the next two months. It is, briefly, this : A team of Canadian amateur lacrosse players, the most expert that can conveniently be obtained, and a team of Indian lacrosse players, are to visit Great Britain, possibly also France and Germany, during May and June of the present ye r, and play the national game of Canada in the principal towns of England, Scotland, Ireland, before whatever crowds can be got together to observe them. These teams are to perform, besides, the part of volunteer immigration agents for Canada; they will be supplied with abundance of fly sheets, pamphlets, &c., including a special edition of the Canadian Illustrated News, abounding in descriptions and statistics of the country, and these will be distributed at every gathering to withess this fleet and picturesque game, in hotels, at fairs and on every convenient opportu-nity. Furthe, more, competent gentlemen have been secured who will deliver lectures upon Canada, simultaneously with this visit; and we are given to understand that gratifying evidence of assistance to the scheme will be forthcoming from the press and people of the mother land.

It is no disparagement to the efforts of ur immigration agents, Dominion or Provincial, to say that this programme possesses some features which they, with their Blue Books and immigration hand books could not offer. A man who cannot be reached or interested by a dry authoritative statement of the advantages of Canada, or who is unconvinced by a Government return-the beauties of which documents none but statesman and editors fully discover-may yet be captured by an athletic exhibition and impressed with the illustr ted literature given away thereat. At the time of the previous exhibitions of lacrosse in the Mother Country eight years ago, Dr. Beers found that from all parts of the three kingdoms people sought for information regarding Canada, both in conversation and by letter, " but bulky blue bo ks were neither attractive nor convenient enough for the purpose."

"The Canadian team," says the enthusiastic doctor, "will perhaps be the most active immigration agents the Dominion ever employed, and while carrying out the lacrosse scheme will each personally assist me in every honourable effort to make Canada better known and appreciated in the Old Country." He continues, "I was very much struck (in 1876) with the opportunity presented to do some extensive work in the way of utilizing the great crowds gathered together, to distribute information about the Dominion as a home for the settler and a field for the capitalist. I venture to say that we will put more matter literally into the hands of the people in one week than the ordinary methods accomplish in six months."

It is not a small advantage to the scheme that the young men who have been chosen from various Provinces to form the TransAtlantic Lacrosse Team are such as, by their intelligence and their manners, will not only make a favorable impression, but be able to give influential testimony to the resources and wants of the Dominion. In Mr. McNaught, the secretary, they have a merchant of experience and information. In Mr. Mackenzie, Mr. Aird, and others. admirable specimens of Canadian physique; in Dr. Beers, the moving spirit of the project an author of more than Canadian celebrity. The people of Canada will watch with interest the result of this unique enterprise. The progress which the game of lacrosse is making in Britain is shown by the statement that while in 1876 there were only two clubs in the Old Country, there are to-day over 150 clubs represented in no less than three associations.

The players will sail from Portland by the Dominion Line steamer Sarnia on the 3rd May, and their first appearance in the field will be at Greenock about the middle of that month. The following are some of the places at which lacrosse games are arranged to be played :-Dundee, Inverness, Aberdeen, Greenock, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Reading, Bristol, Cheltenham, Cambridge, London, Canterbury, Nottingham, Birmingham, Coventry, Derby, Sheffield, Leeds, Bradford, Wakefield, Liverpool, Cheste, York, Newcastle, Middlesborough, Sunderland, Darlingt n, Manchester, Rochdale, Scarborough, etc., taking in many agricultural towns, besides Belfast, Derry, Dublin, etc.

#### FIRE INSURANCE IN CANADA 1N 1882.

The advance figures for 1882 of the Fire Insurance Return prepared annually by the Superintendent of Insurance, have been sent US. They are subject to correction when Mr. Cherriman shall have visited the Head offices of companies, but being taken from attested statements, they are likely to be nearly accurate. The result of the year's bu-iness is more satisfactory than that of the previous year: there had been no great conflagration, such as Quebec suffered from in 1881; the rate of premium obtained was slightly better, and the sggreg te of losses was both actually and relatively smaller. Upon another page of this issue will be found tabulated the principal items of receipt and disbursement by all the companies, twenty-nine in number, doing business in Canada last year. We may repeat here the amount of premiums and losses :

Total cash	premiums	1882	\$4,211,307
Do.	- do.	1881	3,827,116
Do.	do.	1880	8,479,577
Total losse	s incurred.	1882	\$2,818,493
Do.		1881	8,212,381
Do.	do.	1880	1,524,836
Amount insured,		1882	8478.044.416
Do	•		441,416,238
Do	).		884,051,861

The net amount paid for losses during last year was half a million less than in 1881. So that, having taken \$384,191 more for premiums, and spent \$505,027 less in paying losses, the companies may congratulate themselves on being, collectively, \$889,218 better off at the close of 1882 so far as business in the Dominion went, than they were at the close of 1881. Subdividing the totals, to reach the amounts of business done by pro ince extend this privilege only to their

the home and foreign companies respectively, we find that the home companies have lost ground relatively with the British.

The proportion done last year being but little over a fourth of the whole, where in the previous year it was close upon a third, (24 per cent. in 1882, as compared with 31 per cent, in 1881). We separate the business of the groups of companies as under :

Premiums. Caradian Cos\$1,009,368 British Cos 2,914,124 American Cos 287,815	Losses. \$771,348 1,890,882 156,363	Amouut Insured. \$124,123,715 321,466,183 32,454 518
Total	\$2,818,593	\$478,044,416
pre	mtage of m., 1882.	Percentage of prem., 1881. 81.4.
Canadian Companies 2		61.6.
British Companies6	9.30	
American Companies	6.70	6.9.

Comment upon the minutiae of the report must be deferred until another issue, but our readers may meantime refer to the table on page 1212 for any further information as to expenses, reserves and the like. That the average rate of premium is improving is so far well. Judging from the frequency of fires in Canada thus far in 1883, better rates still will be found needful. Raising rates is found needful elsewhere, at any rate, for at the session of the Underwriters' Association of Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Dakota, held at Minneapolis last week, the union found that the expenses and losses last year were so great that no margin of profit was left, and accordingly decided to raise the rates throughout the jurisdiction.

#### SECURITY FOR COSTS.

This is, we are told, a free country; and one of the concomitants of this freedom is that any citizen may drag another into court on any pretext whatever. The only result of bringing unfounded claims is that of being made to pay costs. This safeguard is ordinarily sufficient, in the case of those who have anything upon which a sheriff can levy, to prevent vexatiously prosecuted suits. There are, however, those who have little to lose by bringing proceedings, and the very fact that they have it in their power to put others to expense some imes gives to unscrupulous adventurers the power to extort what is for all practical purposes blackmail. The rule of law which allows every one the privilege of commencing proceedings without furnishing any s.curity for the payment of expenses to which the opposite party may be put in case of the claim turning out illfounded, is probably wise, notwithstanding the abuses to which it is liable. Requiring substantial security for costs in all cases would prevent the enforcement of many honest claims, and hinder the redress of many real grievances. The existence of such a rule would give to the rich and strong a power over the poor and weak which would sometimes be used to work injustice. Hence of two evils the law has probably chosen for us the least, and if the result is that some of us are subjected to annoyance and expense occasionaly by those who have nothing to lose themselves, it becomes us like good citizens to endure the hardship wrought in a particular case by a wise general rule.

This general rule, like most others, has, however, its exceptions. The courts of each

own respective citizens. A person resident without the Province, and having no property within i, has no right to proceed with a suit until he has furnished satisf ctory security fo the costs of the other side. Just what constitutes a residence in the Province entitling proceedings to be taken without security, is sometimes difficult to decide. In the case of an English adventurer, who called himself at one time Lord Cantyre, but who now after a number of changes calls himself Allan, against the guardians of a certain Miss Chaffey, whom he had induced to go through the ceremony of marriage with him, for alleged false arrrest, furnishes an example in point. This gentleman claimed to be a resident of this country, and as such entitled to proceed with a suit which from its nature would have put the defendants to enormous expesse, without giving any guarantee for the collection of such expense in the not improbable event of his encountering an adverse verdict. A lengthened crossexamination elicited many circumstances tending to throw discredit up n Mr Allans story that he intended to re ide in this country; and in consequence an order has been made staying his suit until he shall give security to the extent of \$1,000 for the costs of the defence. Unless tha enterprising heiress-hunter can on appeal have this order set aside, it is scarcely likely the defendants will be troubled further with his suit f r damages.

-The Railway Committee of the House of Commons has thrown out the Toronto Esplanade Commission Bill. The result will be that nothing will be done till n xt Session. This is to be regretted, as the matter is urgent. The Bill was objectionable in conferring enormous powers, legislative and judicial, on the Commission; and th mistake was in drafting it in this objectionable shape. In another respect, the Bill was defective : while asserting the necessity of extending the Esplanade, it did not provide for such extension; and, without more room, it is doubtful whether all the railways can be adequately accommodated on the Esplanade. A loop line, north of the city, over which through freight could pass, would greatly relieve the present block on the Esplanade, and if the upper level were kept, the necessity of mounting the steep grade at Scarboro' Heights would cease, causing great economy of hauling power. If such loop line were built, a less addition to the Esplanade would suffice, but it does seem that some addition is absolutely necessary.

-Mr. John A. McCall was, on the 16th inst. appointed Superintendent of Insurance for the State of New York, This election will probably meet with general approval among insurance men, especially those of New York City. Mr. McCall has been in the Department at Albany for the past ten years, part of which time he has acted in the capacity of Deputy. He is admitted to be well informed in the duties of his new office, and his capacity for work is undoubted.

--Owing to a pressure of legal business, the president of the Sherbrooke and Stanstead Mutual Fire Insurance Co., has resigned

#### MANUFACTURERS' NOTES.

It is proposed to turn the business of Messrs. James Harris & Co., St. John N. B. into a joint stock company with a capital of \$300,000. The firm under its present respected head, has had an existence of over fifty years and has developed into an extensive establishment covering several acres immediately adjoining the new terminus of the Intercolonial Ry., and employing from two to three hundred hands.

It comprises rolling mills, several foundries and a machine and car shop: During the past year there have been manufactured and sold about 550 freight cars, 6 passenger cars, 4,500 car wheels, in addition to those under the before mentioned cars, besides many hundred tons of bar iron and ships' knees. The situation of these works upon the railway, their proximity to the Spring Hill coal fields, cheap freights for iron from Britain and wood from the Southern States, —form a basis for profitable work which the shrewd business men in and about St. John will not be slow to recognize.

The Mining Properties and Smelting Works of the Huntington, Copper & Sulphur Co., in the Townships of Bolton and Sutton Brome Co. Que., are affered for sale, en bloc. by tender. The Sutton Mine may be sold separately. We observe also the Orford Nickel & Copper Co., is advertising for tenders for the working of the Crown copper mine for a year or more.

In the matter of promoting the cotton manufacturing interest Mr. Victor Hudon of Montreal is irrepressible. Not content with inaugurating the Hudon Cotton Co., the largest concern of its kind in the Dominion, and also La Compagnie de Filature Ste. Anne, which has lately become amalgamated with the original Hudon Company, Mr. H. is now busy promoting a third similar enterprise, also to be located at Hochelaga. It is stated that the necessary land has been acquired, and that active building operations will shortly be initiated. It ought not to need repeating that there is a strong likelihood of cotton mills becoming too numerous, at the rate we are going.

The Ontario Canning company, of Hamilton, has commenced making cans for the Autumn season. About 750,000 cans will be made. The company has contracted for 20,000 bushels of tomatoes at 30c per bushel. Besides tomatoes, they will preserve peas, pumpkins, peaches, strawberries and other fruit, and will employ about 250 hands.

The Erie Preserving Company of St. Catherine's has made arrangements to occupy the premises in that city known as the novelty works. The Secretary states that \$6,000 worth of machinery has been shipped to the city to be used in their business. He has also made contracts for the produce of 60 acres : f tomatoes, at 25 cents per bushel, and wants at least fifteen acres more.

Messrs. Stephen Nairn, of Toronto, Kennedy and Horn, of Winnipeg, and Mr. Trail, of Emerson, have purchased two acres of land adjoining Ogilvie's mill at Point Douglas, Winnipeg, and will erect an oatmeal mill thereon. The plans are being made in Galt, the buildings to cost \$15,000, and the total cost will be say \$40,000.

Monseigneur Fabre went to St. Jerome, Que., last Sunday, and along with Cure Labelle went, after mass, to the paper mill of J. B. Rolland & Sons, where His Lordship solemnly blessed the grounds and buildings The worthy prelate praised Mr. Rolland for his energy and enterprise, and congratulated him upon the rules of his establishment, by which all workmen in the habit of swearing or drinking are unmersifully dismissed from his employ. The Amheret, N.S., wood-working firm of Rhodes, Curry & Co., whose extending business we have before noted, are still adding to their premises, their latest addition being a building 60 feet bs 30 for store rooms and show room. The make a specialty of church furniture, altars, and also hardwood mantels, veneered doors etc., etc. They are making a second shipment to Newfoundland of a lot of doors, newell-posts, mantels and wainscotting.

The secret of the Keely motor is out, and deserves to be preserved among Manufacturers' Notes. Mr. Keely himself has thus described it :--- " Molecular disintegration is the primary generator of vibratory phenomena. Propulsory forces emanating from analytical action upon compound fluid and vapour foundation evolve ethereal matter distinctive from oxydized. hydrogenated, and nitrogenated components.' Our scientific dictionary is mislaid, and without it we dare not attempt to render this definition into intelligible.English. If any of our readers can read its two sentences aloud without " molecular disintegration " of his jaw, we shall consider his "analytical action " equal to " evolving ethereal matter " such as sunbeams from cucumbers, or distilling sense out of nonsense.

#### TO CORRESPONDENTS.

W. R. C., EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.— What we published at that date was the then latest return of Loan Companies to the Dominion Government. The return for 1882 made to the Government of the Province of Ontario by the companies under its control is not yet issued but will be, we understand, in a week or two. Meanwhile we note below the totals of the Ontario return of Building Societies and Loan Companies for the three past years, that you may compare them :—

10ar 1879.	• • • • • • • • • •	46	Companies	reported.
" 1880		45	î.	
" 1981		50	**	**
Aggregate	capital	1879		4.292.000
			1	
	"		····· 1	
	ınds	1879	\$	2.839.000
"	"	1880	•••••	
**		1881		3,517,480
Mortgage I	oans	1879		0.504.000
"	"	1880		
66	"	1881		
Deposits	•••••	1879		8,847,000
44		1880	1	0.748 468
**	•••••	1881	•••••	
Debentures	•••••	1879	\$	5,919,000
"		1880		6,925,600
••		1881		

Forty-three of the companies declared dividends in 1881, and the average dividend upon the whole capital was \$18 per cent. Nine of the companies paid 6 per cent.; seven paid 7; sixteen paid 8; three paid 10, and one paid 12 per cent. That the farmers of Ontario are finding the times improved would appear from the circumstance that where in 1879 proceedings had to be taken in 5.81 per cent. of the Mortgage loans to compel payment, in 1880 that percentage was reduced to 2.95 and by 1881 to 2.29.

H. S.,-We shall probably give such quotations in our next volume, if not before.

READER, Owen Sound.—Consols is the name given to the leading British funded government security, a fund formed by the *consol*-idation of different annunities; the rate of interest on which is 3 per cent. The amount of Consols is some £300,000,000 sterling.

TORONTO TRADE SALES.—The importance of Toronto as a commercial centre is now generally recognized, and in no branch of trade has progress been more marked than in the Dry Goods and Millinery line. During the recent Spring by the Central and the Erie.

Trade sales, a very large number of bona fide buyers visited this market, and through the efforts of the Board of Trade and the courtesy of the Railway Companies, 1,487 of them were provided with free return tickets to their homes. Some 550 of these were buyers from the various Millinery Houses. To such it is of special importance to be able to select their goods from stock, and to all it is of great benefit to visit the market personally, from time to time. There is not a shrewd, observant buyer, who makes a tour round the various wholesale houses in this city during the season, who does not obtain sufficient information, which put to practical purposes, will far more than repay the time occupied and money spent in visiting the city. That the free return ticket has induced many to travel who would not otherwise have done so, seems to be unquestioned, and the various Railway Companies will probably obtain their reward for the concession by the freight upon the increased quantity of goods purchased.

1------ Parenabou

MIGLAND RAILWAY .--- When addressing, a year ago, the shareholders of his road in London, Mr. President Cox ventured the prediction that its earnings of 1882 would surpass those of 1881 by £50,0(0 sterling. In this estimate, based doubtless upon the increased earnings, up to that time, of the various sections of the consolidated system, he is proved to have been rather sanguine. But that he was not making a mere random guess, the actual earnings show, for they were gross \$1,067,651, a sum \$208,428 or over £42,000 more than in the previous twelve months. The increase would likely have been larger still but for some causes to which the report, printed elsewhere, alludes. The consolidation took place on the 1st April 1882, and the figures in the annual report cover the nine months from that to the close of the year. Gross receipts for that period were \$872,837 against \$732,354 in the like nine months of 1881, an increase of 16 per cent. Working expenses absorbed \$552,975 or 63.35 per cent of them, an improved economy of working equal ito about one per cent. Receipts from the passenger traffic were about 20 per cent. and from freight over ten per cent. greater 304,093 passengers having been carried and 406,300 tons of freight hauled. There is clearly therefore, a promising future for the amalgamated roads. Nearly six hundred thousand dollars has been expended on capital account : \$142,000 for steel rails to replace iron ones, \$129,000 for new rolling stock, \$79,-000 for new sidings and stations, and \$194,000 for building the Bridgewater and Perth section. A dozen locomotives and some two hundred cars have also been added to the rolling stock of the road, purchased largely it appears "on deferred payment," which is a good phrase. An issue of the company's consolidated bonds has been made upon the London market. These it appears were satisfactorily disposed of and with their proceeds the following sectional bonds have been taken up and lodged with the trustees under the consolidated mortgage :---

Grand Junction Section Bonds.....£226,000 Whitby and Victoria Section Bonds.. 210,000 Toronto and Ottawa Bonds...... 174,700 The board elected in the place of Mr, Ross, E. S. Vindin, Esq, of Port Hope.

—The new rates on railway East-bound freight went into effect on th 24th. The rates on meat in boxes and barrels are reduced to thirty cents per hundred pounds, and on bulk meats thirty-five cents per hundred pounds, from Chicago to New York. Live hogs, to Boston or New York, will be thirty cents. This reduction, says the N.Y. Bulletia, is on account of the railroads cutting rates, and was requested by the Central and the Erie.

We have received a copy of the Coast Telegraph Chart of the Gulf and Lower St. Lawrence, delineated under the direction of Hon. P. Fortin by Mr. L. N. Dufresne of the Quebec Crown Lands Department. The map shows both sides of the river, north and south, from Quebec to Belle Isle, the whole coast of the Maritime Provinces and of the Eastern States as far south as Boston, and the whole coast of Newfoundland. This clear and handsome chart, with its light houses, fog whistles, signal and telegraph stations, marked in colors, gives strong testimony to the completeness of the system adopted by the Canada Marine and Fishery Department, which Hon. Peter Mitchell did so much when Minister of Marine, to build up. To the Hon. P. Fortin of the Dominion Parliament, belongs the honor of having, more than other men, contributed to the extension of the signal service in the Lower St. Lawrence. Largely through his efforts, the arrangements as to weather reports as well as to information about the run of fish, in the Gulf, which were referred to in our report of the meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade, have been made. The number of light houses under Canadian control is one hundred and sixty-six. and those in Newfoundland number eighteen. The number of telegraph stations is no less than two hundred and fifty seven, including several quite recently opened between Mille raches and Bersimis. There are projected, also, a telegraph line along the North Shore as far as Mingan Islands, with eighteen stations and shore cables eastward along the 400 miles which separate these Islands from Belle Isle Straits, and cables to Sable Island and St. Paul Island. There are, it appears, from this map, twenty-six electro-signal stations in operation, in accordance with the international code of signals. The network of submarine cables and wires now in the Gulf is something surprising to the ordinary reader. Let us hope that the Department and Dr. Fortin will extend their liberal policy to the Lakes. The projected cable from Pelee Island in Lake Erie to the Canadian mainland, for example, is worthy of attention, especially when it is remembered that the American islands near by are connected by cable with the State of Ohio

-The semi-annual dividend of the Bank of Montreal, so long eagerly debated 'on the street' in Montreal, was declared on Saturday last at five per cent. A quarter million of dollars has been added to the Rest, and a large sum is placed at the Contingent Fund. The annual meeting takes place on the 4th June. A dividend of three and a-half per cent is declared for the current half year by the directors of the Merchants' Bank, one of three for the same period by the Ontairo Bank, and two per cent. for the quarter by the Exchange Bank.

#### MALAGA vs. DENIA RAISINS.

A circular dated Malaga, March 20, 1883, and signed by Felipe N. Casado, Edward Loring, Rein & Co., W. C. Bevan, Campuzano Brothers, Olemens & Peterson and Frederick Valera & Co., leading packers and shippers of Malaga raisins contains the following: "The Raisins of this Province (Malaga) have

very greatly declined in favor in foreign countries, owing to bad classification and the little care in packing.

As a consequence of these defects this branch of agriculture is on the decline. It is indispu-table that since that time there has been a notable decrease in the foreign demand for Malaga Raisins and a markrd increase in the exportation of Denia Raisins, which fruit notwithstanding its being cured with lye (and therefore it cannot be compared with that of Malaga), is actually selling at better prices than Malaga Raisins, say about 2 @ 4 reals more per 22 pounds.

subscribers have decided to reject, from The

this time forward, all boxes of raisins which, besides the indispensable improvement in classification of Fruit, do not unite the following conditions, viz., that bxs. of Loose Layers and Londons contain no seedless or prematurely cured Raisins; that bxs. of all classes contain 22 lb. net weight Raisins; that the tare (which should be stamped on the side of the box) be 5 lb. for loose and 6 lb. for Layers, halves and quarters in the same proportions; that the bxs. are strong enough to sustain the usual amount of handling in transportation without breakage

To the end of obtaining the requisite unani-mity in tares, we recommend that the empty bas. have the following dimensions prescribed by the Government, viz., for Loose 21 in. long, 101 wide and 41 high, for fine Layers 221 in. long 103 wide and 5 high, for common layers, 223 in. long 101 wide and 6 high, for common Layers halves 183 in. long 8 wide and 44 high, for common Layers, quarters 14 in. long, 61 wide and 4 high.

-The report of the Manitoba Mortgage and Investment Company (Limited), for the year end-ing December 31, 1882, states that the operations Ing December 31, 1882, states that the operations of the company for the last year, have resulted in a net profit of £4,696, which, with the amount brought forward from last year (£662), makes a total of £5,358, which the directors propose to appropriate as follows: namely, to write off £3,000 from the preliminary and establishment compared with the directors write off £3,000 from the preliminary and establishment expenses, and £76, the expenses of the second issue of shares, to pay a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. for the half year end-ing December 31, which with the *ad interim* dividend, at the rate of 6 per cent., for the six months to June 30, makes 8 per cent. for the year, and to carry forward the balance of £282.

#### meetings.

#### LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA.

The annual meeting of this company was held at the offices of the Association in Hamilton, on Tuesday, April 17th.

Tuesday, April 17th. Among those present were the following stock-holders and policy holders: Messrs. James Turner, Edward Martin, Q. C., Alex. McInnes, Alex. Harvey, J. M. Gibson, M. P. P., W. E. Sanford, Alex. Turner, W. R. McDonald, W. Carey, H. D. Cameron, John L. Stoney, E. E. Kittson, H. B. Johnston, L. T. Newburn. The President occupied the chair, the and Manager acted as Secretary.

The President occupied and the Manager acted as Secretary. Manager acted as Secretary. The statutory notice calling the meeting, and also the minutes of the last annual meeting, hav-ing been read by the Secretary, the Directors' re-nort and financial statement, which had been port and financial statement, which had been previously distributed among those present, was accented as read.

REPORT

The Directors beg to submit herewith their Annual Statement of the business of the Association.

Appended hereto will be found the Revinue and Disbursement Accounts, and also the Balance Sheet.

The new policies issued during 1882 numbered 384, covering \$604,912.48 of insurance. The increase in new business and amount at

risk during the past four years are shown in the following table :

	New	Amount
	Business.	at Risk.
1879	\$294,000 00	\$1,266,000 00
1880		1,364,000 00
1881		1,571,000 00
1882		1,834,000 00
m		

he increase in Revinue and Government posit, for the past four years may also be noted Government

Kevenue.			Deposit.	
1879		1879	77.000	00
	45,859 02	1880		
	50.777 20	1881		
	54,168 88	1882		

It will be seen from the financial statement that, during the year, \$7,750.00 was paid for ma-tured endowments, and \$10,454.80 for claims by death, showing that already in the history of the Association important benefits have been direct-

ly realized by policy-holders and their families. The guarantee stock for \$200,000.00 authoriz ed by charter was subscribed, and \$50,066.66 has already been paid in cash.

Since the organization of the Association, the large sum of \$112,000.00 has been paid for death claims, endowments matured, and commuted policies.

Turner, J. M. Williams, Dr. Ridley, W. E. San-ford, Hon. Donald McInnes,, W. B. McMurrich, Rev. Henry Holland, and Duncan McArthur retire from the Board, but are eligible for reelection.

JAMES TURNER, President.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT. Revenue Account

	Revenue Account.		
	Dr.		
7	o Balance from last account	187.685	17
1	" Premiums		
	" Interest	7,530	59
		241,804	05
	Cr.	,	•-
١.	By Death claims adjusted and paid	10,454	90
Ľ	" Matured endowment policies paid	7,750	
L	"Matured endowment policies paid	1,545	
i.	"Values on surrendered policies "	1,040	70
Ľ	(Total paid policyholders, \$19,750.25)		
	" Salaries of officers and clerks, in-		
	terest, rent, printing, advertising,	0.767	<u>07</u>
	postages, taxes, etc	9,767	07
	" Interest on guarantee stock	1,429	41
	" Medical examiners' fees	1,871	
	" Directors' fees	341	00
1	" Commissions to agents, salaries		
	and travelling expenses, general		••
	and special agents		
	" Re-assurance premiums	424	
1	" Balance	197,012	34
1	•		~~~
1		\$241,804	05
1	Balance Sheet.		
	Cr.		
•	By Stock subject to call	\$149.988	34
٠l	" Municipal debentures	117,658	85
1	" Cash deposited in bank at inter-	,	
	est	15,000	00
ļ	" Cash in Canadian Bank of Com-	•	
	merce on call	8,869	69
	" Cash in head and branch offices	6,107	99
1	" Interest accrued on investments		
â	and securities	1,605	91
•	" Loans and liens on policies in		
	force	6,417	81
8	Note-(The reserves held by the as-		
1,	sociation on these policies amount		
	to \$15,970.09)		
	" Bills Receivable	5,150	
	" First mortgage on real estate	2,500	
	" Furniture in offices	1,514	1 12
1	" Agents' ledger balances	2,37	7 15
	" Premiums due and in course of		
đ	collection	16,30	l 69
r	(Liability on above included in re-		
	serve fund.)		
n	Promiums deferred	12,00	8 65
B	(Liability on above included in re-		
	serve fund.)		
	Contingent account	2,01	1 95
ir	-		
)-	D	<b>\$</b> 346,94	<b>68</b>
	Dr.		
0	To Death claims in course of pay-	Q1 74	
1-	ment	\$1,14	00

"	Guarantee stock paid up Reserves on policies in force Surplus resources for protection	50,056 157,795	66
	of policy-holders, exclusive of above	137,988	42

\$346.945 68

#### Examined and found correct. H. STEPHENS, Anditor.

JAMES TURNER, President, DAVID BURKE, Manager.

The President, in moving the adoption of the report, said : Gentlemen, I have again the honor to submit for your consideration and approval the annual report of the Life Association of Canada.

The new business and annual revenue shows a progressive and satisfactory increase, the amount of Assurance in force being now \$1,834,000.00.

The Directors have made a further deposit of \$5,000.00 with the Dominion Government, such deposit for the protection of policy holders, now amounting to \$106,009.00.

As proposed at the last annual meeting, the Directors have, at a reasonable expenditure, extended the operations of the Association to Manitoba and the Maritime Provinces with satisfactory results as to the increase of business during the close of the past, but especially so during the current year. The liberal policy adopted by this Association

as regards the payment of death claims immediately on receipt of proof of death and the neces-In accordance with the provisions of the Act sary discharge papers has given much satisfac-of Incorporation, the following Directors—James tion to the families of deceased policy holders. The Manager, home office staff and agents have attended to their duties and forwarded the interests of the Association to the satisfaction of myself and the Board.

The adoption of the report was seconded by the Vice-President, Mr. Alexander Harvey, and carried unanimously.

A vote of thanks to the Directors was moved by Mr. Wm. Carey, seconded by Mr. Alex. Mc-

by Mr. Wm. Carey. seconded by Mr. Alex. Mo-Innes, and carried unanimously. A resolution moved by Mr. Edward Martin, seconded by Mr. W. R. McDonald, appointing Messrs. Alex. McInnes, and E. E. Kittson scruti-neers to take votes for the election of Directors for three wars wars carried

for three years, was carried. The votes having been taken, the scrutineers reported the retiring Directors unanimously re-

The meeting then adjourned. At a meeting of the Board held immediately afterwards, Mr. James Turner was re-elected President, and Mr. Alexander Harvey, re-elected Vice-President.

Vice-President. The following Directors now comprise the Board : Messrs. James Turner, Dr. Ridley, Alexander Harvey, Anthony Copp, J. M. Williams, (Registrar), Hon. Donald McInnes, Ald. J. J. Mason, W. E. Sanford. Edward Martin, Q.C., ; J. M. Gibson, M. P. P.; H. D. Cameron, John Waldie, of Hamilton ; B. B. Osler, Q. C. ; W. B. McMurrich, J. M. Buchan, M. A.; Geo. M. Rae, of Toronto ; Bev. Henry Holland, of St. Catharines : Duncan McArthur, of Winnipeg. Catharines ; Duncan McArthur, of Winnipeg.

#### MIDLAND RAILWAY.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Midland Railway of Canada was held in the Board room, Peterborough on Tuesday afternoon the 17th instant.

the 17th instant. The following gentlemen were present:— Messrs. G. A. Cox, President, W. Gooderham, Vice President, J. M. Ferris, Campbellford, T. Kelso, Belleville, J. R. Dundas, Lindsay, H. P. Dwight and J. D. Edgar, Toronto, F. W Hen-shaw, Montreal, E. S. Vindin, A. Hugel, Port Hore, H. O'Leary, Lindsay. The following officers of the Company were also present:—H. Read, Secretary, A. White, General Traffic Manager, J. G. Machlin, Chief Engineer, W. B. Ferguson, Superintendent, J. Frith Jeffers, Auditor, and C. H. Crofts. Store.keeper.

Auditor, and C. H. Crofts, Store-keeper. The Secretary having read the advertisement calling the annual meeting at this dat<sup>2</sup>. Mr. G. A. Cox, the President, then read as follows the first annual report of the Directors to the Share-holders of the Midland Railway of Canada :-REPORT.

REPORT. The Consolidation of the Midland, Toronto & Nipissing, Grand Junction, Whitby, Port Perry & Lindsay, Toronto & Ottawa, and Victoria Railway Companies, under the name of The Midland Railway of Canada, was consummated on the 1st of April, 1882, under an agreement entered into by the several companies approved at Special General Meetings of their respective proprietors, and ratified by an Act of the On-tario Legislature, 45 Victoria, Chapter 57. The Directors appointed under the said agree-ment. have now the pleasure of aubmitting their

ment, have now the pleasure of submitting their report for the nine months from that date to the 31st of December, 1882.

The gross receipts for the period from the first of April to the 31st of December, amount-ed to \$872,837.16 (£179 350, 1s, 10d) while the aggregate earnings of the different lines for the aggregate earnings of the university increases of the second seco the hopes that were entertained as to the advantages that would accrue from this union of interests; but the full advantages to be derived cannot be realized until the completion of the connecting links between Manilla and Wick, and Omemee and Peterborough, which will place the entire system in direct connection with the eity of Toronto, the centre of business for the

district served by this line. It was anticipated that these connections would have been now in operation, but the nature of the work between Peterborough and Omemee (14 miles) has been so exceedingly difficulty that the contractors will not be able to complete it before the first July. The delay in completing this connection is inflicting serious loss upon the Company in preventing a full development of its business and economical working. working

have been \$552,975.01 (£113,625) or 63,85 per cent. on the gross receipts as compared with \$470,903.36 (£96,760.19 7) or 64:80 per cent. for the corresponding period of 1881. It is reasonthe corresponding period of 1881. It is reason-able to expect still more satisfactory results when the connecting lines referred to are finished and in operation, and the traffic has been more fully developed.

The net revenue for the period under review amounted to \$319,862.15 (£65,725 1 10.) It has It has been appropriated as per the revenue statement submitted and it will be observed that after pro-viding for the full interest obligations of the Company, \$23,106.55 (£4,747, 18s. 3d.) has been carried formand carried forward.

The passenger receipts, including mails and express freight increased by \$86,773.79 and the number of passengers by 52,173 or 20.70 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period 

555,576.21, or 10.90 per cent. The tonnage increased by 53,445 tons or 12.31 per cent. The Company would have been able to report a still Company would have been able to report a still larger increase in the freight earnings, but for the unusually heavy quantities of lumber and grain that were held over for spring shipment. The total number of passengers carried was 304,093, against 251,920; and the quantity of freight was 406,300 tons against 352,855 tons. The average receipt nor passengers and 000

The average receipt per passenger was 89c., against 80c.; and per ton of freight \$1.38, against \$1.33.

The amount charged against capital account was \$593,038.13. The principal items were \$194,720.69 on account of the construction of the Bridgewater and Perth section; \$142,020.39 for improvements, replacing iron reils with steel, \$129,393.83 for new rollingstock; and \$79,617.12 for new sidings and extensions, new stations, new fencing and machinery. There have been added to the rolling stock

There have been added to the rolling stock during the past year, a portion of which has been purchased on deferred payments, 12 locomotives 4 first-class, and 10 second-class passenger coaches, 149 box freight cars, 142 platform cars, 4 postal, express and smoking cars, 4 baggage cars, 18 conductors' vans, and 6 stock cars. There has been a vary large increase in the

There has been a very large increase in the through traffic, via Midland, and the elevators at that point and Port Hoje have proved of great advantage. The Directors are endeavoring to secure elevator accomodation at Belleville as they have every reason to anticipate a still further development of the through traffic, and in order to handle it satisfactorily, ample and efficient facilities are indispensable,

The further capital expenditure upon the line excepting in the matter of rolling stock, required to meet the increasing business will not be large. A short junction connection is wanted at Lindsay, another at Peterborough, and some more ballasting and fencing will have to be done from time to time, but these are not works requiring the expenditure of large sums.

The winter just passed has proved one of unusual severity, and your Company has suffered from snow and frost, as have all the north and south lines in the country. The traffic prospects are, however, more promising than they have been for years past, and your Directors have every reason to anticipate satisfactory results from the operations of the Company in the present year. The Directors hope, in future, to be able to

publish a full report from the mechanical superintendent of the line. Some changes which it has been found necessary to make in the staff of that department, have rendered it difficult to do so on this cosasion. The reports of the engineer and traffic manager are ap pended.

The work of consolidating the staff of the various lines now merged into the Midland has been attended with a good deal of anxiety and difficulty. The various departments of the service are now filled by efficient and experi-enced officers, devoted to the interests of the corporation.

It was deemed desirable in the interests of the Company to secure co-operation, in London, of gentlemen of experience and influence, to advise with your Directors, and assist in the administration of the Company's affairs, acting as a medium of communication between the large number of Bond and Shareholders resident in Europe, and the Board. The Directors were fortunate in being able to arrange for the follow-ing gentlement to act as a committee in Judge working. The line Madoe to Bridgewater (10 miles) is completed, as is also the Manilla and Wick line (94 miles) with the exception of a little ballasting. The working expenses for the nine months Interventional in being sole to arrange for the follow-ing gentlemen to act as a committee in London, with the exception of a little ballasting. London; Sir Charles L. Young, Bart., 5 Ash-burn Place, Cronwell Road; Lord Claud John

Hamilton, M. P., 23 Lowndes Square, S. W.; Ulick Ralph Burke, Esq., 7 Great Winchester Street, London; Edward Joseph Halsey, Esq., 77 Cornhill, London. Mr. E. J. Halsey was appointed secretary to the committee and agent. Since these appointments were made the Directors regret that they have been deprived by death, of the aid and advice of Mr. Henry Grissell, and it is with deep regret that they have also to record the death of their esteemed co-Director, Lewis Ross, Esq., of Port Hope. He had been an active and useful member of the Board. He always took a deep interest in the welfare of the Company, and for years rendered valuable services to the Midland Com-pany before consolidation. pany before consolidation.

pany before consolidation. Immediately upon the consolidation of the various companies forming the present Midland Railway, being accomplished, your Directors took the necessary steps to place upon the London market an issue of the consolidated bonds of the Company. These bonds were satisfactorily disposed of, and as a result of the operation, the following sectional bonds have been taken up and lodged with the Trustees, under the consolidated mortgage :-

Grand Junction Section bonds.....£226,000 

cates of the Midland has also been taken up, and bonds are placed with trustees in London

to meet the remainder of this loan. The Board elected in the place of Mr. Ross, E. S. Vindin, Esq, of Port Hope. All the directors elected by the shareholders, retire at the meeting to be held on the 17th inst. They are clicible and offer the meeting to get the shareholders. the meeting to be held on the 17th inst. They are eligible and offer themseives for re-election. Their names are:—Geo. A. Oox. Jas. M. Ferris, M. P.P., Wm. Gooderham, F. W. Henshaw, J. R. Dundas, M. P., Robert Jaffray, H. P. Dwight, Thomas Kelso, J. D. Edgar, and E. S. Vindin. Alderman Carlisle, of Toronto; N. Lingham, Mayor of Belleville, and Hugh O'Leary, Esq., of Lindsay represent the cities of Toronto and Belleville, and the town of Lindsay Belleville, and the town of Lindsay.

On behalf of the Board,

#### GEO. A. COX. President.

TEAFFIC REPORT. The following report of the Traffic Manager was, with other reports, appended to the Directors' report :

Traffic Managei's Office. Peterborough, April 17th, 1883. President and General

Geo. A. Cox, Esq., President and General Manager Midland Railway of Canada :-SIE.-Herewith I beg to hand you classified statements of the earnings of the Midland Railway for the nine months ending December 31st, 1882, shewing a gross traffic of \$672,737.16 as compared with \$730,487.16 for the same period in 1881, being an increase of \$142,350.00 during the nine months.

These figures shew respectively an increa over 1881 from precisely the same mileage of

18 per cent. on freight earnings. 37 " " passenger earnin

passenger earnings. miscellaneous traffic. . ..

31 " 31 " miscellapeous trame. Which, considering the difficulties we had to overcome in reconciling the conflicting interests of the five railways as they stood prior to the amalgamation, and in view of our having performed this labor during the period in which this increase was being earned, affords, I trust, ample proof of the wisdom of the amalgamation and the future prosperity of the Midland Rail-way as now constituted.

At the present writing it might appear from the traffic returns of 1883 that the Midland Railthe traine returns of 1883 that the Midland Rail-way has reached its maximum earning capacity, but I think it is very generally known that the line was almost completely blockaded with snow during the first thirteen weeks of the present year, and the fact of its having held its own under those circumstances, combined with the signs of manufacturing industry and concern signs of manufacturing industry and general improvement throughout the district served by it, (the latter being very marked.) seems to fully warrant the opinion that we shall yet make a still larger percentage of increase during 1883 over 1882.

Coming down to an analysis of the freight coming down to an analysis of the freight earnings, which yield more than two thirds of our trade, we find in the first staple commodity, viz. lumber, that in 1882 we earned \$171,853, and from the quantity on hand at the present moment, as compared with stocks held this time last year, combined with the known number of logs that have been harvested during the recent winter we may calculate upon an increase in our

lumber receipts of twenty-five per cent. On square timber in 1882 we earned \$21,814, and have already under contract this year more

than double the quantity of timber we carried rounded had been marked by success. In the last year.

In wheat, barley and oats we earned last year \$110,275, in the face of somewhat deficient stocks held over until the commencement of 1882; whereas this year, every granary in the country is loaded down with grain waiting re-moval, and it is estimated that the farmers have not yet put on the market much more than half of last year's crop. We may, therefore, safely expect an increase of twenty to twenty-five per

shall have no difficulty in securing just as much of this traffic as we are able to handle. I therefore look for an increase of thirty-three per cent. on the through corn trade. This would give the following probable increases :--

Lumber	\$42,963 00
Timber	21,814 00
Grain	22,055 00
Corn	

In estimating this increase of \$103,912, I have taken up \$355,699 of last year's gross earnings leaving the sum of \$711,952, being that portion of the earnings on which it is not so easy to corof a miscellaneous nature; but I think I shall be perfectly safe in saying that we shall at least make an increase of ten per cent this year on this class of business over the similar trade of 1882, and we may therefore expect an increase of \$175,000 during the year, which will give the company a total gross earnings for 1883 of about \$1.240.000.

The additional thirty miles of new railway added to the road and which will be opened for traffic shortly, must necessarily help the receipts Yours obediently, still further.

#### A. WHITE, Traffic Manager.

Mr. Cox then said :---Gentlemen,--It affords me pleasure to move the adoption of this, the first report of the directors of the New Consolidated Midland Railway of Canada. The report itself, with the accompanying statements and accounts, covers the operations of the Company so fully that it is not necessary that I should say anything more in support of the motion. I may remark, however, that the nine motion. I may remark, however, that the nine months now under review has not been altogther free from labour and anxiety. The signing of the consolidation agreement by the various contract-ing parties did not by any means terminate our duties. duties. The outstanding bonds and securities of the different companies, had to be dealt with ; the connecting links constructed; the separate managements consolidated; the staff reorganized er train service provided; new rates and tariffs prepared, and other duties of a more or less responsible nature, that have taxed the best efforts of your Directors and officers, and it is certainly cause for congratulation that these different matters have been successfully carried through, and that the Directors are to-day enabled to report everything working pleasantly and satisfactorily, and to show the handsome and satisfactorily, and to show the handsome increase of \$140,483.40 on the operations of the a gross earning of \$1,067,651.60, an increase of \$208,428.31 over the aggregate of the different lines for the previous year. The first three months of the current year, in consequence of the unusual severity of the winter, have been somewhat depressing in their results. Notwithstanding that fact, however, we have every reason to anticipate that 1883 will, upon the whole, be a anticipate that 1883 will, upon the whole, be a most successful year, and show a largely increased earning over the past year. The rapidity with which our through grain trade from Ohicago and western points is being de-veloped, and the important and satisfactory nature of our relations with the Grand Trunk Co'y., one of the largest and most progressive corporations on this continent, are matters of congratulation to the proprietors of the Com-pany and to the district served by this line. With these remarks I beg to move the adoption of the remort. of the report.

Mr. Gooderham seconded the motion. He said that the report was one that could not fail to give satisfaction to the proprietors of the rail-

Way. Mr. Henshaw said that, looking at the general results of the report, only one opinion could be entertained, and that was that the management of the President and those by whom he was sur-

eastern Province a few years ago the name of the Midland Railway was scarcely known, but now it is known throughout the country as one of the most prosperous roads, and with it the erham, the Vice-President, Mr. Cox, and Mr. Good-erham, the Vice-President. He had risen to congratulate them on the spendid report they had been able to present. The motion adopting the report was carried

unanimously. Mr. Dundas moved a vote of thanks to the

and Mr. White spoke briefly on behalf of the of ficers of the Company.

Messrs. White and Read were appointed scrutineers, and the ballot for the election of birectors was taken. The following gentlemen were elected :--Messrs. Geo. A. Cox, W. Gooder-ham, F. W. Henshaw, J. R. Dundas, H<sup>.</sup> P. Dwight, J. D. Edgar, J. M. Ferris, Thos. Kelso, B. Jaffray and E. S. Vindin.

After the close of the shareholders' meeting the Board of Directors met and M.r Geo. Cox, was re-elacted President, and Mr. Wm. Gooder-ham Vice-President.

#### Commercial.

#### HALIFAX MARKETS.

#### HALIFAX, 23rd April, 1883.

Appearances of Spring are helping the pros-pects of business, the ice in the harbors along the coast breaking up; trade is moderately good with values either steady or strengthening. Not a few country dealers were in the city last week, making purchases, out of the stocks of merchandise which recent steamers have brought from Britain. Payments have been very fairly met, and now that country roads are drying, retailers look for more activity. Prepar-ations are being made for a larger catch of fish than the limited one of last year, which caused

high prices in that article. In fish we note the following prices, from vessels; large dry cod \$5 to \$5.50 per quintal; small shore do \$5 to \$5.25; Bank and L brador small shore do \$5 to \$5.25; Bank and L brador \$475 to \$5; shore haddock \$4.25 to \$4.60; herring, Labrador, none; split shore No. 1 per bbl. \$4.75 to \$5; roundshore \$4.50 to \$5; round \$3 to \$3.25; Mackerel No. 1 \$11 to \$12 per bbl. No. 2 large, \$9 to \$10; No. 3 \$7 to \$7.50. Cod Oil is quoted at 52 to 53c. per imperial gallon. Breadstuffs are meantime steady.

#### BRITISH MARKETS

#### Liverpool, 24th April.

Cotton, receipts 17,000 bales, sales 7,000 bales, futures steady, May 5gd., August and Septem-ber 57d. The news from Manchester to-day is that the yarn and fabrics markets are dull. Breadstuffs firm, except corn, which is dull; red winter wheat steady all week at 9/4 ; spring, 9/; corn to-day 5/8½; oats, 5/6; barley, 5/6; peae, 7/9. Provisions market slightly better; bacon quoted to-day 54/6 for C. C., 56/ for short clear. London, 24th April,

Beerbohm's report says of floating cargoss : Wheat and maize firmer. Good cargoes red winter wheat off coast was 45s 9d. now 46s. do. No. 2 spring was 43s. 6d., now 43s 9d. Ar-rivals off coast for orders-Wheat and maize nil Liverpool-Spot wheat, firm; average red winter, 1d. cheaper; spring, 1d dearer. Maize winter, id. cheaper; spring, id dearer. Maize rather easier, half penny cheaper. Paris-Flour and wheat firm."

## MONTREAL MARKETS.

#### MONTREAL, April 24th, 1883.

In spite of the raw chilly weather, a fair business is being done for the season, and the opening of navigation, with the advent of more genial weather, which cannot be much longer delayed, will have a generally revivefying effect. spring break-u of the roads is nearly past, while farmers generally are getting into harness with the spring work. Remittances cannot be complained of, and in only a few instances have we noticed any tone of complaint in this respect.

BOOTS AND SHORS .--- The majority of the manufacturers state that they are reasonably busy, and doing a fair seasonable trade. Remittances

have improved of late, and upon the whole can-

not be complained of. ASHES.—The receipts of ashes from Jan. 1st to April 18th were: pots, 1,992 barrels; pearls, 46 bbls.; deliveries, pots, 1,028 barrels; pearls, 43 bbls. Demand is only moderate, but prices rule firm at \$5 to 5.10 for No. 1 pots. Nothing doing in pearls. DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—A fair number of or-

ders are being rec ived, but the majority of them, except urgent ones, are for delivery when sum-mer freight rates come into force. Remittances are pretty good, especially as there have been complaints of a poor winter's trade from some quarters. Alum is very scarce on spot, and though prices are lower in England, quotations are stiffened here. Bleaching po der is some-what easier, but may react, as manufacturers have agreed to limit the production. The French market for cream tartar is rather easier, quinine somewhat flat. We note changes in below quotations: Sal Soda \$1.20 per 100 lbs. Bi. quotations: Sal Soda \$1.20 per 100 lbs. Bi. Carb Soda \$2.70 to \$2.80; Soda Ash, \$1.60 to 1.70; ditto high test, \$1.75 to 2.00; Bichromate of Potash per 100 lbs., \$13.50 to 14.00; Borax, refined, 15 to 16c; Gream Tartar crystals 814 to 324e; do ground 86 to 37c4; Tartaric Acid 60 to 62c per lb.; Caustic Soda, white, \$2 25 to 2.50; Sugar of Lead, 124 to 18c; Bleaching Powder, \$2.00 to 2.25; Alum, \$2.00 to \$2.25; Copperas, per 100 lbs., \$1.00 to \$1.10; Flour Sul-phur, per 100 lbs. \$2.90 to \$3.00; Roll Sulphur, \$2.32 to \$2.50; Epsom Salts, \$1.30 to \$1.50; Saltpetre, \$3.50 to 10.00; Quintine, \$1.95 to \$2.25; Dax Goops.—Travellers out upon their sorting-up trip are not very cheerful in the tone of their latest reports, the fine weather of some days ago having changed more or less to vold, which has acted as a demone

having changed more or less to cold, which has acted as a damper upon spring trade; it is still hoped that an average business will be done when the season is fully opened. It is gratifying to notice, that wholesale stocks generally are pretty well assorted, there being no accumulation of goods in any department, evidencing the fact that the merchants have been as cautious in buying as they have shown themselves disposed to be in selling. Remittances since the turn of the month have been generally good, and there have been no failures of any moment to notice. The trade generally are much pleased with the Ottawa to interview the Government anent the having changed more or less to cold, which has Ottawa to interview the Government anent the tariff changes, and there is every reason to believe that the objectionable features will be done away with.

FLOUB.-Receipts for the year to April 18th have been 236,512 brls. against 167,094 at same date last year ; shipments for same period 131,671 brls. Business on 'Change has ruled quiet, but the market rules firm at following quotations, holders being inclined to stiffen on account of the upward tendency of the wheat market : Superior extra \$5.05 to \$5.10, Extra superfine \$4.95 ; Soring extra \$4.85 ; Strong Bakers Canadian \$5.20 to \$5.40 ; ditto American \$6.25 to \$6.75.

FURS.-First lots of spring rats are now offering and from 15 to 17 cents is being paid for good lots. A few fox are offering and \$1 25 is fag end of the catch, but there is not much in-ducement for dealers to buy on present unsettled state of American and foreign markets.

GROCERIES.—A little more enquiry has devel-oped, the' matters are not yet active and there can be no doubt that the opening of navigation will make things considerably livelier. Stocks in river sections of the country, especially in French Canadian sections, are very much reduced and there seems to be a general disposition to hold back orders till they can be forwarded by boat. Remittances on the whole have been satisfactory this month, despite breaking-up of the roads. Teas-The outlook is brightening for better prices, but the trade complain that though there are good many 'nibbles' there are comparatively few good bites.' Stocks are low in New York and prices rule firm there. Advices from Yokohama show a considerably altered tone from some weeks ago when low prices were predicted, and though it is too early to speak definitely the opinion is advanced that present crop prospects indicate higher prices. As the market now rules excellent values in Japans can be got for 32 to 34c., 45c. being about the highest limit. Sugars, are about same as previously re-ported, yellows 64 to 84c., granulated 84 to 9c. Fifty cents about represents the value of Barbadoes molasses, though a lot was sold the ether day at something under this figure; syrups have eased off slightly. In Fruits next to nothing is

doing, Valencia raisins are a little easier owing to the reduction of 5 per cent. in duty, currants which come under the same reduction rule about as before owing to the limited supply. Coffees show somewhat of an upward tendency, as also do Spices.

HABDWARE .--In hardware circles a satisfactory trade is reported for the season, and remittance are as good as circumstances would warrant. Prices are unchanged as a rule. In Pig Iron business is as 'dull as ditch water,' no activity is looked for until the opening of navi-gation, and even then importations will be light, for the almost universal disposition among foundrymen and manufacturers is to buy lightly until matters are more settled. There is also until matters are more settled. There is also seemingly a wide spread belief that iron will be lower in Britain during the summer. The prices of *Tin Plates* rule steady in England, though the production appears to be getting ahead of the demand, in spite of recent heavy failures in the trade there. The falling through of the *Copper* combination in the U.S. has not affected the market here, some small orders being filled in New York instead of Great Britain. We ed the market here, some small orders being filled in New York instead of Great Britain. We quote Pig Iron per ton (Coltness \$25.50 to \$26; Siemens \$24 nominally; Gartsherrie \$24 to \$24.50; Summerlee \$25; Langloan \$24.50 to \$25; Carnbroe, none in the market; Hematete \$27 to \$28. Bar per 100 lbs. is quoted at \$2 for even only fair lots in anticipation of lower spring freights; Norway and Sweeds \$4 to \$4.25; Lowmoor and Bowling \$6.25 to \$6.50. Penn, \$3.15 to \$9.25; Hatton, \$3.00; Ciliton, \$3.15 to 3.25; Tin Plates per box, Charcoal IC. \$5.25 to 5.50; Charcoal, IX., \$7.00 to \$7.25; ditto, DC., \$4.75 to 5.00; ditto, DX., \$6.50 to \$6.75; Coke IC., \$4.35 to \$4.40; Galvanized Sheets, No. 28, 7 to 74c; Tinned Sheets, No. 26 Charcoal 9 to 10c; ditto, Coke No. 24, 74 to 8c; Hoops and Bands per 100 lbs. \$2.50 to \$2.60; Sheet, best brands, \$2.75 to \$3.00; Boiler Plate per 100 lbs. Staffordshire \$2.75 to \$3.00; Russian Sheet Iron, 11 to 12c; Lead per 100 lbs: --Pig \$4.00 to \$4.25; Sheet \$5.50; Sar \$5.00 to \$5.50; Shot do. \$6 to \$6.50; Steel, cast 124c; Spring \$3.25 to \$3.50; Tire \$3.50 to \$3.75; Sleigh Shoe, \$3.00 to \$3.25. Ingot Tin, 24 to 25c.; Bår Tin, 26 to 27c.; Ingot Copper, 185 to 19c.; Sheet 26 to 27c.; Ingot Copper, 183 to 19c.; Sheet Zinc, \$5 to \$5.50; Spelter, \$4.75 to \$5.

26 to 276.; Ingot Copper, 183 to 196.; Sheet Zinc, \$6 to \$6.50; Speiter, \$4.75 to \$5. LEATHER.—Business continues to rule on the dull side, which state of affairs cannot be alto-gether satisfactorily accounted for. Stocks of all kinds are plentiful, but there is a probability of some of the larger producers of sole leather partially shutting down, and there will also likely be a lessened production of upper leathers. There is no material alteration in prices, how-ever, as yet—nor is there likely to be for some little time, in consequence of the talk of shut-ting off. A good many splits are being shipped to England, and are realizing fairly. We quote Hemlock Spanish Sole B. A. 25 to '27c.; ditto No 2, BA 23 to 24c; No. 1 Ordinary Spanish 24 to 26c; No. 2 ditto, 214 to 23c; Buffalo Sole No. 1, 21 to 23c; ditto No. 2, 194 to 21c; Hemlock Slaugh-ter, No. 1, 26 to 28c; Waxed Upper, light and medium, 33 to 36c; ditto ditto heavy, 32 to 35c. Grained, 34 to 36c. Splits, large, 21 to 27c. ditto small, 15 to 20c. Calfskins (35 to 40 lbs.) 70 to 75c; ditto (25 to 54 lbs.) 60 to 70c. Sheep-skin Linings, 25 to 50c; Harness, 24 to 32c; Buffed Cow, per ft., 14 to 16c. Enamelled Cow, 15 to 16c. Patent Cow, 15 to 16c. Pebbled Cow, 13 to 154c. Rough, 23 to 27c. Imita-tion French Calfskins, 79 to 83c. "PAINTS AND OILS.—Linceed oil keeps steady at 63 to 65c for 14w and 65 to 57c for boild

tion French Calfskins, 79 to 83c. PAINTS AND OILS.—Linceed oil keeps steady at 62 to 63c. for Isw, and 66 to 67c. for boiled. Steam refined seal though still principally held by one concern has fallen away from the high price of some weeks ago, probably in anticipation of new crop, about 85 cents is present quotations on spot, to arrive a little less. Newfoundland cod oil quotes at 784c. Halifax do 70c. The re-duction of the duty upon turpentine from 20 to 10 per cent. has made no material altercation in the state of the market, as no turpentine has

10 per cent. has made no material alteroation in the state of the market, as no turpentine has come in yet under the lessened duty. Leads are unchanged in any particular. PROVISIONS.—The market for hog products has developed something of an advance in values in sympathy with western quotations. Western mess is quoted at \$22.50, Canada short out \$23 to 23.25; American lard, 15c; Canadian 143c; etty eured hams 143 to 15c. In butter only a local trade is being done, and 25 to 26c is being paid for new butter. Fresh eggs realize about 16c.

WOOL.—Not much doing, nor will there be probably until navigation opens. It is thought by some that the reduction of the American du-ties on foreign wool, coming into effect July 1st,

may make business livelier, but others do not anticipate any great change therefrom. The change consists in taking off the ad valorem duty, which averaged about 3½ cents per lb., and putting the duty at ten cents per lb. all round. We quote Canadian supers. A, 31 to 33c; ditto B, 26 to 28c; unassorted and blacks, 25 to 26c.

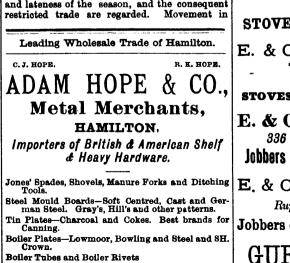
#### TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, April 26, 1883. Wholesale trade shows little, if any, improvement, the colder weather of the past two days having checked buying in some directions. Bad roads in the country and spring work of the farmers account for the quietness reported from rural districts. Orders sent in are mainly of the sorting-up kind. The money market continues very quiet. Speculation has been restricted, and the "short" brokers are willing to carry most of our local band stocks at reasonable rates of interest. A few call, as well as time loans, have been made at 7 to 71 per cent. Commercial paper is in moderate offer, and discounts are and date. Sterling exchange is steady; 60 day bills are quoted at 109<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> between banks, and 109<sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub> to 1091 across the counter, and demand bills at 1092 across the counter, and demand bills at 1093 to 110. Drafts on New York at 9 to 2 premium. The stock market has been quiet and somewhat unsettled the past few days. So far as declared, banks have not increased their dividends, and some sanguine speculators have been disappointed. It has been expected that shareholders in Bank of Toronto will receive a bonus, but at the weekly meeting of the Board on Tugaday the question was not decided. It bonus, but at the weekly meeting of the Board on Tuesday, the question was not decided. It is hinted that a special meeting will take place on Saturday, when the dividend will be declared. Since the beginning of the week, Montreal sold at 200 to 199½ cum dividend, and at 196½ to 195½ ex-dividend: Ontario at 116½ to 115; Toronto at 191½ to 189; Merchants at 125½ to 125; Commerce at 184 to 134½; Imperial at 142 and 142½; Federal at 159½ to 158; Dominion at 199 to 198⅔, and Standard at 116 and 115⅔. North-west Land Co. shares easier, with sales here at 78s and 78⅓s, and Hudson Bay sold in London yesterday at £31⅔. COAL OIL.—The market for Canadian refined

COAL OIL.—The market for Canadian refined is said to be somewhat firmer, but prices are unchanged at 16c per gallon for five or ten barrel lots, and 164c. for single barrels. American is steady at 25c. for prime, and 28c. for water white.

COAL AND WOOD.—The demand for coal is somewhat restricted, but prices continued un-changed at \$6.50 per ton for the best soft and hard; steam rules at \$4.50 to 5.50. The pro-duction of anthracite in the United States for the month of March was 2,375,512 tons, an in-crease of 267,469 tons as compared with the same month in 1882. Wood here is unchanged at \$5.50 to 6.00 per cord for hard, and \$4.50 for pine.

DEX GOODS.—The city warehouses contain varied and attractive stocks, fully as large as there is n ed for, apparently, when the coldness and lateness of the season, and the consequent Movement in



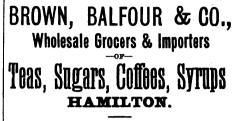
Pig Iron-Best Soft Brands, White and Hematite on opening of navigation.

Bar Iron, Sheets, Hoop and Band, Cut Nails and Window Glass. March, 1883.

ADAM HOPE & CO.

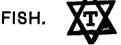
country districts being difficult and retail trade country districts being difficult and retail trade slack, the orders coming in are limited. There is perhaps another reason for this: staple fabrics, it is considered, are not likely to be higher in price. The American makers of woollen goods are buying but lightly and, ac-cording to the *Bulletin*, "still complain, not only of the present, but prospective condition of the goods market," and, except in fine or

Leading Wholesale Trade of Hamilton.



Choice New Season's TEAS-Japans, Young Hysons and Blacks, all grades-large assortment and at low prices.

Raw - Refined - Canadian and Scotch. A large stock of Coffees, Syrups, Fruits, Tobacros, Canned Goods and General Groceries.



The subscribers are now offering to the trade SPLIT BAY HERRINGS, Barrels

FISH.

SPLIT SHELBURNE HERRINGS, Barrels. SPLIT LABRADOR HERRINGS, Barrels. PRIME MESS SHAD, 15-lb. Kitts. MACKEREL, 15-lb. Kitts.

also Choice CANNED MACKEREL, Jib cans. and bdles. CODFISH, CUSK and LING.



SIMPSON, STUART & CO., IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE GROOERS,

## HAMILTON, ONT.

Have purchased the stock of the ONTARIO PACKING CO'Y, composed of

6 000	Case	I TOMATO	DE8. 2 ai	ad 3 lb.	
1.000	44	APPLES			
1,000	**	CORN. 2	8.		
1.000	**	PEAS, 2	3.		
500	44	PUMPK			
500	**	BEANS.			
500	"	PEACH		isby, 2s.	
500	**	44		rican, 3s.	
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lett P ther v	ears, vith	acking of Cherries, the usual rocers, wh	red and assortm	wh te, B lent of (	lue Pl Joods
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MANUFACTURERS OF

STOVES HOLLOW WARE, &c.

E. & C. GURNEY & CO., TORONTO, ONT., Manufacturers of

STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, &c., &c.

E. & C. GURNEY & CO., 336 St. Paul St., Montreal, Q., Jobbers of Stoves and Hollow Ware.

E. & C. GURNEY & CO Rupert St., Winnipeg, Man.,

Jobbers of Stoves and Hollow Ware

GURNEY & WARE. MANUFACTUREBS OF Platform and Counter Scales of every description. HAMILTON, ONT.

medium fleeces the tone of the market is easy In dress goods, worsted and all-wool fabrics and in all dress goods of a seasonable character a moderate trade was done. Colored cashmeres continued in good request, and stocks are so well in hand that prices were steadily maintained. In cottons, the movement in the New York market last week was as indicated below: The movement in brown and bleached goods was irregular and upon the whole sluggish, with easier prices in the lower grades Outside makes of plain and colored cottons favored the buyer in some instances, but the most prominent brands of fine and heavy fine brown sheetings, fine and medium fine bleached goods, wide sheetings, satteens, &c., were generally firm at current quotations. These remarks are true of tickings, denims and stripes. Brown Cottons have been in irregular demand at first hands, but upon the whole quiet. Im-ports at New York of foreign goods last week and the corresponding weeks in 1882 and 1881, were as under

1883. 1881. For the week. 1882. Entered at the

port.....\$1,438,155 \$2,560,116 \$1,845,660 Since Jan. 1st,

entered at the port....35,083,592 48,362,301 39,914,386

FLOUR AND MEAL.—There has been an in-creased business in flour at better prices. It has not been offering as freely as buyers would wish, holders being encouraged by the higher markets at leading points. The best bid last markets at leading points. The best bid last Thursday was \$4.55 for superior extra, and it sold on Saturday at \$4.70. On Monday a car sold at \$4.75, and the market closed easier with Sold at \$4.75, and the market closed easier with sales on Wednesday at \$4.70. Extra is worth \$4.55 to 4.60, and other grades purely nominal. Bran has offered more freely this week, and prices are easier at \$14.50 to 15.00 for car lots. Oatmeal quiet and firm, with a sale of a car of choice at equal to \$5.25. Commeal is unchanged at equal to \$3.75 to 4.00 for barrel lots; no demand for cars.

GRAIN.-A fair business has been transacted during the week in wheat and barley, the former during the week in wheat and barley, the former at higher and the latter at lower prices. Wheat is up in sympathy with British and American markets. No. 2 spring sold at \$1,08, 1.09, 1.11 and 1.11; No. 3 spring at \$1.04 and 1.06; No. 2 fall at \$1.04, \$1.06 and \$1.041; No. 3 fall at \$1.02 and 1.03. The closing was easier with sellers at the last mentioned prices. A car of nod wing node to \$1.08 and with low of cares red winter sold at \$1.08, and round lots of goose were wanted yesterday at \$1.02. Barley is some-what easier, the demand being slack; sales were made the latter part of last week of No. 2 at 680. and No. 3 extra at 60c. On Monday No. 3 extra sold at 58c.; No. 1 at 70c.; and five cars by sample at 59c on track. Oats are offering more Western sold at 46c. on track, and eastern at 45c, 441 and 44c. Peas are steady, there being a fair demand with few offering ; shipping lots are worth 78 to 80c. Rye quiet and prices nom-inal at 65 to 66c. on track. Corn quiet and steady at 65 and 66c. for Canadian and 70 to 78c for American.

#### STOCKS IN STORE.

The following are the quantities of flour and grain in store h re on the dates mentioned :-

		Apr. 25,	Apr. 16,	Apr. 24,
		1883.	1883	1882.
Flour, bbls		8,540	8,425	7825,
Fall wheat,	bush	329,464	349,923	249,215
Spring "	"	185,164	186, 127	89,208
Oats	"	200	200	5,883
Barley	"	105,455	152,021	70,764
Peas	"	15,574	13,958	9,228
Rye	"	. 19	19	20,203
Corn	"	1,700	2,200	

#### Grain total.. 637,576 704,753 444,500

GBOOEBLES.—There are few important features to note this week. Business continues quies and prices unchanged, stocks are said to be light in the country, but orders from that quarter ontinue light. Sugars are steady, with sales of granulated at 64c. and round lots of scotch refined at 64c. Canadian yellows are held rather firmer. Fruits quiet and easier; a round lot of Valencias sold at 7c., but they are gener-ally held at 7fc. and currants of medium quality sold at 6fc. Fish very dull with no sales of any consequence reported. Tess quiet and prices frm; young Hyson sold at 22c. for a line of seconds, Gunpowder sold at 25 to 36c., and medium Japans at 27 to 28c. Rice firm. Tobaccos are yet very dull pending the change of duty, and liquors are moderately active at unchanged prices.

-A fair trade is re-HARDWARE AND METALS .-CLABUWARE AND METALS.—A fair trade is re-ported in this line at about old quotations. Orders for building material and garden imple-ments aggregate fair amounts, and an increased move in heavy goods is anticipated. The de-mands in some lines are by no means argent and buyers get their own terms. Pig is no is second. buyers get their own terms. Pig iron is reported lower in the States, one of the leading producers a few days ago reducing the price of No. 2 \$2. Western States manufacturers expect to make iron after June 1st. at a reduction \$2.50 per ton on prices of labor; and a reduction is also announced of coal mining which will reduce the price of coal 15c. per ton in the west. Eastern manufacturers decline to purchase summer re-quirements of iron and coal. HIDES AND SKINS.—Hides are quiet but firm,

with sales of car lots of cured at 8c. Dealers pay butcher 7c. for No. 1 cows and 8c. for steers. *Calfskins* have offered freely, but they have all been taken at unchanged prices; they sold at 15 cents for No. 1 and 13c. for No. 2. Sheepskins are in limited offer and prices are unchanged; a few city lots of green brought \$1.30 to \$1.35 and country lots \$1.20 to \$1.25.

LEATHER --There has been a fair business this LEATHER — There has been a fair business this week, and the prospect appears good for the near future. There is considerable enquiry and prices are steady at quotations. Sole and heavy harness are in fair demand, and inferior stocks as a rule are slow of sale.

LIVE STOCE.—Cattle.—The roceipts were small the past week, owing to the dulness of the market during the previous week. The demand is now better owing to firmer prices in Britain, and those offering this week were insufficient for the demand. Prices are firmer at 5 to  $5\frac{1}{2}c$ . for the demand. Frides are infiner at 5 to 546. for good cattle and 6c. per lb. was paid for a few choice head. Inferior bring  $4\frac{1}{4}$  to  $4\frac{3}{4}$ c. Sheep are scarce and firm at  $5\frac{1}{4}$  to 5c., and *lambs* bring  $6\frac{1}{4}$ c. Spring lambs sell at \$3 to \$6 a head. *Calves* scarce and firm at 9 to 10c. per lb. dressed weight. Hogs are quoted at  $6\frac{1}{4}$  to  $6\frac{3}{4}$ c. per lb.

PROVISIONS .- Trade has been fair, with prices PROVISIONS.—Irade has been fair, with prices of hog products rather firmer. Butter has not been as active, the supply being somewhat re-stricted especially of choice qualities; large rolls sell at 17 to 20c. according to quality, and choice tub would bring 22c. Inferior to medium tub sold at 15 to 16c. Cheese is firm, old selltub sold at 15 to 16c. *Cheese* is firm, old sell-ing at 15 to 151c. and new offering at 14c.; the supply of the latter is yet small. *Eggs* offered freely and prices are easier at 13c. per dozen for round lots. *Hops* quiet and unchanged. *Potatoes* continue steady, with sales of car lots at 65c. on track. *Bacon* has been in better de-mend out form, round late of large cher and mand and firm; round lots of long clear sold at 11<sub>2</sub>c. and small lots at 11<sub>2</sub>c. Cumberland Cut firm, with sales of round lots at 10<sub>3</sub> and 10<sub>4</sub>c. and small lots at 10<sub>4</sub>c. Rolls are in de-mand and firm, with a sale of a car of short at 121c. Hams are firmer with a sale of a car lot of smoked at 131c.; pickled are quoted at 121c. Pork is also firmer at \$22.50 to \$23 for small lots. Lard is quiet and prices steady at 13<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> to 14<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>c. Hogs were in light receipt and prices continue steady at \$8.50 to \$8.75, the latter for small lots of choice.

SEEDS.—There has been a good jobbing trade the past week and prices are firmer. Red clover sold at \$9.25 to \$9.50 in small lots and alsike at \$15. Timothy firm at \$2.40 to \$4.65.

WooL.—The market is featureless, there is no demand from the States for fleece and prices are nominally unchanged at 18 to 200. A little enquiry is reported for clothing wools ; pulled super. is steady at 26c. and extra at 32 to 33c.

## NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Canadian Lloyds Company will be held at their Offices, Nos 22, 24 and 26 Church Street, Toronto, on Monday, 30th April, at the hour of three o'clock in the fternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of other business. By order of the Board.

HUGH SCOTT, Secretary.

netary.

Toronto 19th April, 1883.



The Annual General Meeting of the the Shave-holders of the Toronto Land & Loan Company will be held at the Company's offices, Toronto Street, Toronto, on Monday the 80th day of April at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and such other business as may be brought before the meet-ing. By order, W. C. DEDDOME W. C. BEDDOME.

April 16th, 1883.



The yearly outrut is from 25,000 to 30,000 tons which will be let by the ton. Sinking Shafts and driving levels will be let by the fathom

The Mine is dry and well equipped with hoisting machinery.

For further particulars apply at the Mine to MR. JOHN BLUE, Mining Superior ident. R. G. LECKJE, Managing Director. Sherbrooke, Que

1211



Tenders are invited for Stores of various kinds re quired by the Company at MONTREAL, LONDON PORT HURON, Mich., PORTLAND, Me., and at other places during the twelve months commencing July 1st, 1883. Forms of tevder with full particulars can be had on application to the General Storekeeper of the Company at Montreal; or to the Deputy Storekeepers at Port Huron and Portland; or to the Storekeeper of the Great Western division at London.

Tenders endorsed "Tenders for Stores" and addressed to undersigned will be received on or before

### THURSDAY, MAY 31ST. JOSEPH HICKSON,

Montreal, April 17th 1883. General Manager.

## OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN CONSTRUCTION COMPY.

Constructors of the Great American & European Short Line Railway.

PUGWABH, Nova Scotia, April 16th, 1883.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the under-signed until May 15th, 1683. for the performance of the following classes of work on the line of the Great American and European Short LineRailway, between Pugwash and New Glasgow, about seventy miles.

1. Graduation of the Road Bed, including Culvert Masonry. 2. Bridge Masonry.

3. Wooden Bridges.

4. Iron Bridges.

Plans and profiles may be seen and specifications and other information obtained at this office.

and other information obtained at this office. No Proposals will be received unless made on printed forms (which will be furnished on applica-tion), properly filled out, signed, and accompanied by a certified cheque on any Canadian back, payable to the order of the North American Construction Company, for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total amount of tender submitted. This cheque contract will be entered into and carried out.

In cases of non-acceptance of tender, cheques will Ъ returned

No tender for com letion of work later than NOVEMBER ist, of this year, will be considered, and bidders are cautioned against bidding for a greater amount of work than they can complete in that time.

Each proposal must state on the outside the class f work bid for. of

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids as the interests of the Company may demand.

CHAS. L. SNOW,

Supt. of Construction.

18
N
CANADA
N
BUSINESS
INSURANCE

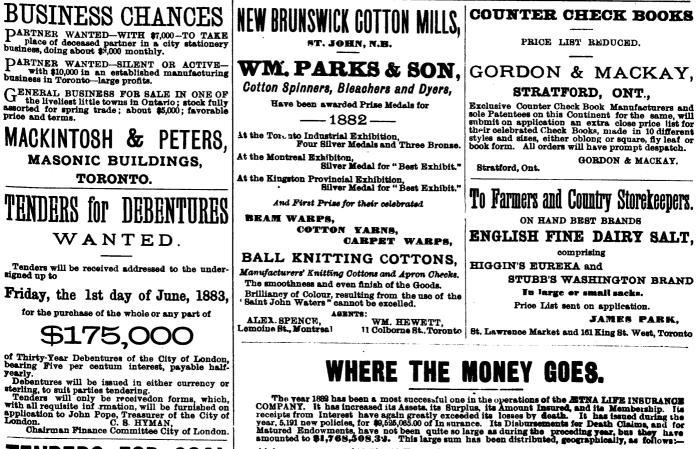
FIRE

8

243,536 310,458 310,458 143,606 495,836 243,242 1,346,640 118,398 138,881 118,398 112,329 112,329 119,5,321 116,378 119,5,094 1176,194 112,094 112,094 112,094 112,094 112,094 112,094 112,094 112,04 116,204 1111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 111111,204 111111,204 11111,204 11111,204 11111,204 1111111,204 11111,204 11111,204 111111,20 126,527 183.**3**27 108,849 122,072 Total Assets in Canada. \$1,190,554 Company. so do business a *د* ه. ċ ö o Ma. Ma Nature of Business. n Canada. ÷ ઝ ~ & Inl. Fire. Fire. Fire. ГП. ЪĜ. Fire, ] Fire, Fire, Fire. Fire. Fire, Fire and Marine Insurance 2 over expen-28,122 14,833 15,016 15,016 47,505 47,505 48,891 48,891 23,665 19,245 20,245 28,893 21,065 19,245 21,069 21,069 21,069 21,069 26,889 26,889 19.435 14.827 32,176 d Reverse. 62,396 19,927 21,958 3,021 5,814 5,814 4,277 Excess o Income ofe Liab. ex- o clud'g Capl d Reverse. o e Excess of e Assets over e 613,656 86,435 a 85,485 a 85,967 a 85,967 a 10,879 a 10,405 a 26,164 a 26,164 a 26,164 a 26,164 a 26,165 68,221 68,221 62,801 98,327 91,392 91,392 515,525 88,452 59,106 51,768 51,768 107,487 97 . + Not including \$10,995,797 reinsured from Canada in the second column give only the Canadian Busin Reserve unearned Premiums and other Liability. 35,604 73,221 56,016 14,185 **3**388,544 100,375 240,183 89,459 115,480 115,488 677,808 71,520 26,797 11,895 70,059 48,075 376,710 1242,908 **\$1.567.532** General Ex-penses. None. 8,200 8,200 8,100 8,100 8,100 8,100 8,100 1000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 None. None. \$60.497 Losses Resisted. None. 26,882 5,769 5,769 None. None. 5,546 None. None. None. None. \$12,107 13,077 7,478 5,294 8,265 18,481 26,579 26,579 \$265,598 7,470 900 2,064 400 Losses not Registed. \$80,711 78,638 119,581 60,758 42,838 103,139 78,811 78,811 78,811 66,220 238,110 75,688 75,688 1100,765 1100,765 1107,074 80,537 80,537 88,516 1107,074 1107,077 1107,07 82,164 20,271 56,554 8,710 \$2.664,797 Net am't paid for Losses. #81,638
63,912
63,912
126,716
55,845
55,845
110,439
90,981
194,185 77,026 20,344 54,883 4,110 **\$**2,818,593 87,273 269,787 79,647 79,647 79,647 45,027 98,188 98,188 39,943 39,943 39,943 38,707 96,717 96,717 96,717 198,281 198,281 198,281 119,170 1140,170 1140,170 1140,170 1140,170 1140,170 1140,170 1140,170 1140,1700 11,871 Net Losses Incurred Company. \$15,876,014 None. 20,544,161 38,015,954 6,436,690 20,225,715 18,968,711 32,496,834  $\begin{array}{c} 7,295,850\\ 14,208,104\\ 10,688,292\\ 2,580,099 \end{array}$ Insurance \$526,856,478 Net am't at Risk at Date. \$15,843,806 3,019,779 119,848,819 13,942,996 13,942,996 0,013,252 20,388,253 20,388,253 12,285,907 33,780,623 10,519,231 27,629,814 18,9196,651 19,872,327 21,668,199 21,668,199 34,391,964 13,195,008 9,538,114 9,538,114 9,538,115 21,853,965 21,853,965 21,853,965 4,085,985 12,757,609 5,057,353 10,575,775 4,063,781 \$478,044,416 Net am' of Policies. Net **\$4**,211,307 \$127,951 25,960 •137,941 104,893 49,867 164,622 164,622 102,554 296,580 127,100 307,967 111,0955 179,520 179,520 181,965 181,962 181,962 181,962 181,962 181,962 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 183,259 193,259 194,2 105,571 51,885 103,855 27,004 Cash for Premiums 5 Net 211,028 211,028 57,579 331,075 128,728 128,728 318,116 130,665 76,112 146,539 216,340 236,199 74,076 74,076 74,076 187,300 187,300 187,300 177,900 159,2381 43,794 43,794 \$6,548,674 120,231 51,958 106,940 28,877 \$859,473 299 Total Cash Income. 131, Quebeo Boyal Cauadian Sovereign Western National .... ..... ............. •••••••••••• ••••• . . . . . . . . . . OF COMPANY London Assurance North British Phœnix of London -British America Canada Fire Scottish I Scottish I 1882 NAME tna Queen Royal è for Total × CANADIAN AMERICAN BRITIBH H

Commission and Produce. sbroad NOTICE Is hereby given that I have admitted my son, AND-BEW PARK, as partner in the wholesale and retail Provision Business, hitherto carried on by me. The lusiness will hereafter be continued under the name and style of JAMES PARK & SON. Witness-SAMUEL HICKS. Toronto, Apr. 19, 1883. JAMES PARK. also James Park & Son, which PORK PACKERS and Companies PROVISION MERCHANTS. Hams, Bacon, Butter, Lard, Canned and Preserved Meats, Fruits, Ac., of all kinds. Dairy Supplies consisting of Rennets, Rennet Ex-tract, Butter Coloring and finest brands of English and Canadian Dairy Salt in large or small Sacks. 41 to 47 St. Lawrence Market. 161 King Street East. 95 Front Street East. ğ Business MAITLAND & RIXON Forwarders & Commission Merchants, OWEN SOUND, DEALARS IN Pressed Hay, Grain and Supplies, Lumbermen & Contractors Supplies a Specialty. References by Permission-Mesars. Smith & Keigh-ley, Wholesale Grocers, Toronto; The American Lumber Co., Toro: to; The British Canadian Lum-ber and Timber Co., Toronto; Hugh Ryan, Esg., Contractor, Perth; P. Larkin, Esq., Contractor, St. Catharines. BEVERLEY ROBINSON, figures (Formerly of Toronto), Purchasing and Forwarding Agent, the 18 WALL ST., NEW YORK. And Having special facilities for buying American Manufactures of all classes at lowest prices and best Export discounts, a trial of this system is requested from Canedian Importers Lowest freight rates and quick despatch to all parts of Carsda. European freight via New York transferred and forwarded promptly. Customs de sys avoided. Agency business attended to. Correspondence re-quested. Canada only. п. Business T. S. FISHER & CO., Fire and Marine ] their Fire Busine Direct Import & Manufacturers' Agents, 118 BAY ST. TORONTO. Agents for FISHER & Co., Ladyburn, near Greenock, Scotland. of Canada F FOREIGN WOOL AND PELTS. Woollen Manufacturers and Morocco Tanners SHOULD WRITE FOR SAMPLES. refer of insurance of risks Companies refer of (Established 1859.) WILLIAM GALBRAITH, Commission Merchant, FLOUR & PRODUCE DEALER, 4 received for it as to British ( No. 80 Front Street, TORONTO. Advances made on Consignments of Flour, Grain, Oatmeal, &c. • Not including \$56,074 table the figures given a JAMES LOCEHART. B. MILLICHAMP. James Lockhart & Co., TORONTO & MONTREAL. DRY GOODS COMMISSION AGENTS Representing the following well known Properties. Ontario Cotton Mills Co., Hamilton; Waterloo Wool-len Mills; J. & A. Clark Bullock's Corners; Hespeler Manufacturing Co.; Galt Knitting Co.; Peterboro Flannel Mills; Slingsby & Son, Blankets, Brantford, and Ontario Worsted Co., Elora. this 2

We sell only to the Wholesale Trade



anounted to the state of the same and and the set distributed, goographically, at tollows
Alabama\$12,567 00 Kentucky\$22,180 47 North Carolina\$74,759 81
Arkansas 5,000 00 Louisiana 25,714 00 Obio 72,439 00
California 56,640 63 Maine 37,160 00 Oregon 5,767 00
Canada
Connecticut 93,830 62 Massachusetts 96,014 93 Rhode Island 12,368 00
Colorado
Delaware 1,596 00 Minnesota 9,584 00 Tennesses 60,192 85
Dist. of Columbia 1,000 00 Mississippi 35.760 95 Texas
Florida
Georgia
Illinois
Indiana
Iowa
Kansas
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In Canada, though for nearly twenty years past receiving a larger income than any other Com pany with one exception, it has recently been making VERY RAFID STRIDES. Its good qualities and only beginning to be appreciated. In the past five years alone, its Canadian Income has grow from \$379,701 to over \$500,000. The following statement shows how this was done:-

In 1878, an increase over the previous year of	2
The next year, an increase over 1878 of 93,68	9
In 1880, a further increase over that again of	
And in 1881, still onward and upward, by 56,34	0
In 1882 no halt, but a vigorous stride of about	0

## During 1883

# The Combination Gas Machine,

For lighting Mills and Factorics, Coun-try and Suburban Residences, Churches, Hotels, or Opera Houses. Ne vrly 4,000 in successful operatio". Rates of insurance (owored by the use of this Machine. and the cost of illumination less by one-holf than the ordinary price of coal gas.

Windsor & Detroit.

All communications addressed to Detroit office.

J. H. MASON, Manager.



Hard coal-85 tons stove size. Institution (or the Deaf & Dumb, Belleville.

Hard coal-65 tons large egg size, 25 tons stove size Soft coal-650 tons. Institution for the Blind, Brantford.

Hard coal-450 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size 10 tons chestnut size. Boft coal-10 tons for grates' Agricultural College, Guelph.

Hard coal-300 tons large egg size, 25 tons size. Soft coal 125 tons for steam, 20 tons for size. Soft coal 125 tons for steam, 30 tons for grates. The hard coal to be Pitts on, Scranton, or Lehigh. Tenderers are to name the mine or mines from which it is proposed to take the soft coal, and to designate the quality of the same, and, if required-to produce satisfactory evidence that the coal de, livered is true to name. All coal to be delivered in a manner satisfactory to the authorities of the respec-tive institutions

manner satisfactory to the authorities of the respre-tive institutions Tenders will be received for the whole supply specified, or for the quantities required in each in-stitution. An accepted cheque of \$500, payable to the order of the Treasurer of Ontario, must accom-pany each tende as a guarantee of its *bona fides*; and two sufficient sursties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tender are to be obtained from the Bursars of the institu-tions.

are to be obtained from when a constant in the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. C. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, 24th April, 1868.

there is every probability of a still more pronounced vote of the people in favor of the ETNA as a safe, sound, strong, economical and careful Company with which to place one's surplus earnings for investment.

It is believed that a majority of the Clergymen of Canada, whose lives are insured, are found on its Membership Boll, and during the past year an unusual number of the Bank Managers, and Finan-cial Men, in all parts of the Dominion, have invested in its Endowment Bonds, on account of their superior safety, compared with most other profitable means of accumulation.

Send for a copy of the Company's quarterly journal, "THE ATMA." It is sent postpaid, without charge, to any address, by the Toronto Office.

WILLIAM H. ORR, Manager.

Public Institutions of Ontario, 1883,

UIIIII, IUUU,	Delaware 1,59	6 00 Minnesota 9
·	Dist. of Columbia. 1,00	0 00 Mississippi 3
nce of Ontario will		4 00 Missouri 26
m at the Parliament	Georgia 22,08	5 94 New York 257
orsed "Tenders for	Illinois113,85	2 67 New Jersev 4
	Indiana 21,35	7 18 New Hampshire. 2
<b>MAY</b> , 1883,	Iowa 15.54	

The Treasurer of the Provin receive tenders, addressed to him Buildings, Toronto, and endo Coal," up to noon of TUE SDAY, 15th MAY, 1883, for the delivery of the following quantities of coal in the sheds of the institutions named (except as re-gards the Asylum for Idiots, Orillia, where delivery is to be effected at the Midland Railway Station), on or before 1st July, 1883, viz :-

Asylum for the Insane, Terento. Hard coal-900 tons large egg size, 175 tons stove ze. Soft Coal-400 tons. Ris

Central Prison, Toronto.

**TENDERS FOR** 

Hard coal-26 tons chestnut size, 74 tons stove size Soft coal-500 tons.

Refermatory for Females, Terouto. Hard coal-100 tons stove size. Soft coal-500 tons

Asylum for the Insanc, London.

Hard coal-220 tons egg size, 70 tons chestnut size. Soft coal-1,650 tons. Asylum for the Insane, Kingston.

Hard coal - 250 tons small egg. Soft coal-1,400 tons Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal--83 tons stove size, 26 tons chestant size Soft coal--1,135 tons for steam purposes and 75 tons for grates. N. B.-200 tons of the steam ceal to be delivered at the pumping house. Asylum for Idiets, Orillin.

## THE MONETARY TIMES, TRADE REVIEW AND INSURANCE OHRONICLE.

Leading Barristers.	8700	CK A	AND BC	ND BI	PORT	r.			
A NDREWS, CARON, ANDREWS & PENTLAND.							CLOSING	LOSING PRICES.	
A PENTLAND,	BANKS.	Bhares	Capital S'bscr'b'd	Capital paid-up.	Best.	Dividend last 6 Months.	Toronto, April 25.	Cash value per share.	
ADVOCATES, Corner of St. Peter and St. Paul Streets,					·				
VICTORIA CHAMBERS, QUEBEC. Solicitors for the Quebec Bank.	British North America Canadian Bank of Commerce	\$50 \$50	\$4,866,666 6,000,000	6,000,000	1,650,000	4	112 184 184	304.16 67.25	
<b>FRED.</b> ANDREWS, Q.C. FRED. W. ANDREWS, Q.C. A. P. CABON, B.C.L., Q.C. C. A. PENTLAND, B.A., B.C.L.	Commercial Bank, Windsor, N. S Dominion Bank	40 50	500,000 1,500,000	1,500,000	750,000	5	1324 198 1994	53.00 99.00	
DEATTY CHADWICK THOMSON	Eastern Townships Bank Exchange Bank	50 100 100	1,500,000 500,000 2,966,800	500,000	270,000 250,000 1,300,000	4	148 150 158 1581	149.00 158.25	
BEATTY, CHADWICK, THOMSON & BLACKSTOCK,	Federal Bank	20 100	500,000 1,000,000	500,000	30,000	3	108 108 114	21.60 114.50	
Barristers, Solicitors, &c.	Hamilton Imperial Bank	100	1,500,000	1,472,000	504,000	4	141# 149# 80 81	142.00 40 50	
Mr. W. A. REEVE, Counsel.	La Banque Du Peuple La Banque Jacques Cartier La Banque Nationale	25 100	500,000 2,000,000	500,000	195,000	8	105	96.25	
Offices, Bank of Toronto, cor. Wellington and Church Streets, Toronto.	Maritime Bank	100 100	697,800 5,798,967	697,800 5,696,696			55 125 195	55,00 125.25	
W. H. BRATTY. H. M. CHADWICE.	Merchants Bank of Halifax Molsons Bank		1,000,000 2,000,000	1,000,000	180,000	34	190 1234	130.00 61.37	
D. B. THOMSON. T. G. BLACKSTOCK.	Montreal New Brunswick	900 100	1,000,000		5,500,000	5	199 900 140	<b>399.00</b> 140.00	
<b>BEATY</b> , HAMILTON & CASSELS,	Nova Scotia Ontario Bank	200 100	1,000,000 1,500,000	1,500,000	225,000	3	151 115 115 <del>]</del>	302.00 115.25	
D Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries,	Ottawa People's of Halifax	100 20	942,600 800,000	600,000	50,000	8	110 <del>1</del>	22.05	
15 TOBONTO STREET,	People's Bank of N. B Pictou Bank	50 40 100	500,000 9.500,000		50,000		108	43.20	
Building & Loan Chambers. Toronto, Ontario. JAMES BEATY, Q.C. J. C. HAMILTON, LL.B.	Quebec Bank St. Stephen's Bank Standard Bank	100	200,000 764,600	200,000	50,000	4	120 1154 116	120.00 57.75	
ALLAN CASSELS, B.A.	Toronto	100	2,000,000 500,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	4	189 190 114	189.50 57.00	
B <sup>IGGS &amp; WOOD,</sup>	Union Bank, Halifax Union Bank, Lower Canada Union Bank P.E.I.	100	2,000,000	2,000,000 500,000		34	85 120	85.00	
BARRISTERS, Etc.,	Yarmouth	100	400,000	<b>3</b> 83 <b>,97</b> 0	20,000	4	110		
Opposite the Court House,	LOAN COMPANIES. Agricultural Savings & Loan Co	50	600,000			4	100		
WINNIPEG, MANITOBA. HON. S. C. BIGGS. E. M. WOOD.	Brant Loan & Savings Co British Can Loan & Invest. Co	50 100	130,000 1,350,000	267,066	15,000	3	108	54.00	
	British Mortgage Loan Co Building & Loan Association	<b>25</b>	450,000 750,000	747,574	53,000	3	1024 103 123	25.50 61.50	
DELAMERE, BLACK, REESOR & KEEFER, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORE,	Canada Landed Credit Company Canada Perm. Loan & Savings Co	50 50	1,500,000 2,000,000 700,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	7	123 225	61.50 112.50	
ETC. OFFICE-No. 17 Toronto Street,	Canadian Savings & Loan Co Dominion Sav. & Inv. Society	50 50 100	1,000,000	833,121		4	120 65	60.00 65,00	
Consumers' Gas Company's Buildings) TOBONTO.	English Loan Co Farmers Loan & Savings Company Freehold Loan & Savings Company	50	1,057,250	611,430	75,857	4	129 171	64.00 171.50	
T. D. DELAMERE, DAVIDSON BLACE, H. A. REESOR. RALPH W. EXCEPT.	Freehold Loan & Savings Company Hamilton Provident & Loan Soc Home Savings and Loan Co	100 100 100	1,500,000	1,100,000	95,000	4	117		
E. TAYLOUR ENGLISH.	Home Savings and Loan Co Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co Huron & Lambton Loan & Savs. Co	50	1,000,000	1,000,000	320,000	5	159 160	79.75	
GIBBONS, MONAB & MULKERN,	Imperial Loan and Investment Co Landed Banking and Loan Co	100	829,850 700,000	612,400	81,000	34	108 112	110.00	
BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS,	London & Can. Loan & Agency Co London Loan Co	50	4,000,000 659,700	560,000	215,000 43,547	4	1354 136	67.75	
OFFICE-Corner Richmond & Carling Streets, LONDON, Ont.	London & Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba Investment Assoc		2,000,000	400,000	50,000	8 <u>4</u> 4	118	118.00	
GEO. C. GIBBONS. GEO. M'NAB.	Manitoba Loan Company Montreal Building Association	50	1,000,000	471,718	45,000		123 724 75	36.25	
P. MULKERN. FRED. F. HARPER.	Montreal Loan & Mortgage Co National Investment Co	100 100	1,000,000 1,460,000	292,000	15,000	31	103 106	106 00	
GLASS, GLASS & LUSCOMBE,	Ontario Industrial Loan & Inv. Co Ontario Investment Association	50	306,900 2,650,000	500,000	500,000	8 4	127 129	64.00	
Barristers, &c., LONDON, ONTABIO.	Ontario Loan & Debenture Co Ontario Loan and Savings Co Oshawa		1,000,000	300,000	50,000	4	124	62.00	
GLASS & GLASS,	People's Loan & Deposit Co Beal Estate Loan and Depenture Co		500,000 500,000	346,215	B	. 3	96 98	53.00 48.50	
Barristers, Attorneys & Solicitors, 428 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.	Royal Loan and Savings Co Union Loan & Savings Co	50	400,000	600,000	16),000	9 4	137 188 193	68.50 96.50	
DAVID OT ASS O O OFFICE BOLASS TH LUSOONBE	Western Canada Loan & Savings Co.	50	2,000,000	1,102,002	010,000		160	00.00	
MACDONALD & TUPPER, Barristers, Attorneys, &c.	MISCELLANEOUS. Canada Cotton Company	100 40	2.000.000	2 000 000	5	4	107 100 121 122	103.50 48.40	
W Barristers, Attorneys, &c.	Montreal Telegraph Co New City Gas Co., Montreal	40					1694 170 8°1	68.00 - 82.50	
MCARTHUR & DEXTER,	N. S. Sugar Refinery B. & O. Navigation	100				21	74 75	75.00 105.00	
Barristers, Solicitors, &c. OFFICES:-HARGRAVE, BLOCK,	Toronto Consumers' Gas Co. (old)	50	800,000	800,00	0	5	146 148	73 50	
MAIN STREET,	INSURANCE COMPANI	<b>5</b> 0		1	SE(	URITIES	l.	London April 24	
WINNIPEG. J. B. McAbthub, Hugh J. Macdonald,	ENGLISH-(Quotations on London M		Ame 7 1	Canadiar	Goyt. I	ob. 6 🏆 ct	. stg. 1882-4.		
I STREWART THERE H.J. DETTER.				Do. Do.	do. do.	5 V ot 6 V ot	. stg. 1889-4. . Inser'bd S . stg., 1865 . of I. B. B. k	ik 103 104	
MOKENZIE, RANKIN & BROPHY, BARRISTERS ATTORNEYS 40.	No Last S	THE R	Tart						
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, &c.,	No. Shares. dend. NAME OF COMPANY	10	i Last Sale.	Montreal	Harbou	r bonds 6 j	Ins. Stock.	100	
Main Street, Winnipeg, Man.		P 4	_	Do. St. John	5 W ct. 1 City Bor	1874	ter Wks. De	106	
FRED. MORENZIE. C. S. BANKIN. GERALD F. BBOPHY. BDGAR C. GOULDING.	20,000 5 Briton M. & G. Life &	10		Toronto	Corporat	tion 6 🕈 ct	er Wks. De	116 b 116	
	50,000 £1 O. Union F. L. & M ( 5,000 10s Edinburgh Life 1	50 5	i <b>19 21</b>	Township	p Debeni	ures 6 🍟 d	st		
ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT & COATSWORTH	50,000 Fire Ins. Assn 20,000 £3-10 Guardian	10 9 00 50	24 3- 63 70				I_		
	12,000 \$7 yrly Imperial Fire1 100,000 8s Lancashire F. & L.	00   25 90   9	143 148 6 6		BAIL	WAYS.		ars April 24	
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors, Notaries Public, etc., etc.	35,862 £3 London Ass. Corp. 10,000 184d Lon. & Lancesh, L.	25 19 10 27	57 59	Atlantic	and St. J	awrence.		132	
Offices : Union Loan Bidgs, Nos. 28 & 80 Toronto St P. O. Drawer 2698, Toronto.	40,000 0-5-0 Lon. & Lancash. F. 87,504 168 Liv. Lon. & G.F. & L	25 9 20 9	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Grand T	runk ord	5 p.c. 1st 1 inary stoc	k	96 100 91	
*J. B. BOSE, Q.C. J. H. MACDONALD. W. M. MERBITT. B. COATSWORTH, Jr.	30,000 £2-10 Northern F. & L1 40,000 £1 North Brit. & Mer.	00 ; 8	5 284 294	Do.	erpetul Eq. F	debenture . M. Bds. 1 londs, 2nd	ch.6 % c	1154 100	
*A Commissioner, etc., for taking affidavits to be	6,722 Phoenix		255 265 27 31 3 29 30	Do. Do. Do.	First	onas, zna Preference ad Pref. Sto	8,	193 100 106 100 921	
used in Quebec.	50,000 71 Scottish Imp. F & L	10 1	[  ····· · · · · · ]	Do.	Third	l Pref. Stor	k	100 50 0 10 15	
<b>BSTABLISHED 1856.</b>	10,000 £9-10 Standard Life	50   1 50   1		Do.	5 0 0	. Preferen	90	119 119	
Telephone Communications between all Office	Canadian.		April 25	Internat Do.	ional Br	idge 6 p.c. 1 Mor. Bds. 9	Mort. Bds		
P BURNS,	10,000 5-6 mo. Brit. Amer. F. & M. 4 2,500 74 Canada Life	50 <b>\$5</b>	0 117‡ 118	Midland	Stg. 1st	Mtg. Bond 5Wo. First	ls 1908	100 95 100 104	
Wholesale and Retail Dealer	2,500 71 Canada Life 4 5,000 5 Confederation Life 1 5,000 10-12mo Sun Life Ass. Co. 1	.00   1(	0 300	Do.	do Grey &	.6 <b>P</b> c. Sec Bruce 6 <b>P</b>	ond do c. Bonds	100 101 - 100 674	
	4 000 19 Montreel Agentree	860 88		Welling	on, Grey	& Bruce 7	♥0.1st M	97	
COAL & WOOD	5,000 10 Quebes Fire	00 1	5 158 159	11		RATES.		don, Apr. 7.	
Orders left at offices, cor. FRONT & BATHURS' STS., YONGE ST. WHARF, & SI KING ST. HAST	1,085 15 Quebec Marine 1 9,000 10 Quest City Fire	00 4 80 1	0		6 9	nths		p. c.	
TORONTO will receive prompt attention.	\$0,000 18-19mo Western Assurnee	40 J	0 1461 148	Trade B			24 3		

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THE MONETARY TIMES, TRADE REVIEW AND INSURANCE UHRONICLE.



During the past 28 years upwards of THIRTY THOUSAND of our Safes have been distributed throughout the Dominion from BRITISH COLUMBIA and MANITOBA to Newfoundland, and in the many tests they have been called upon to stand NOT ONE OF THEM has proven a failure. Such a record is surpassed by none, if equalled by any other manufacturer on this Continent.

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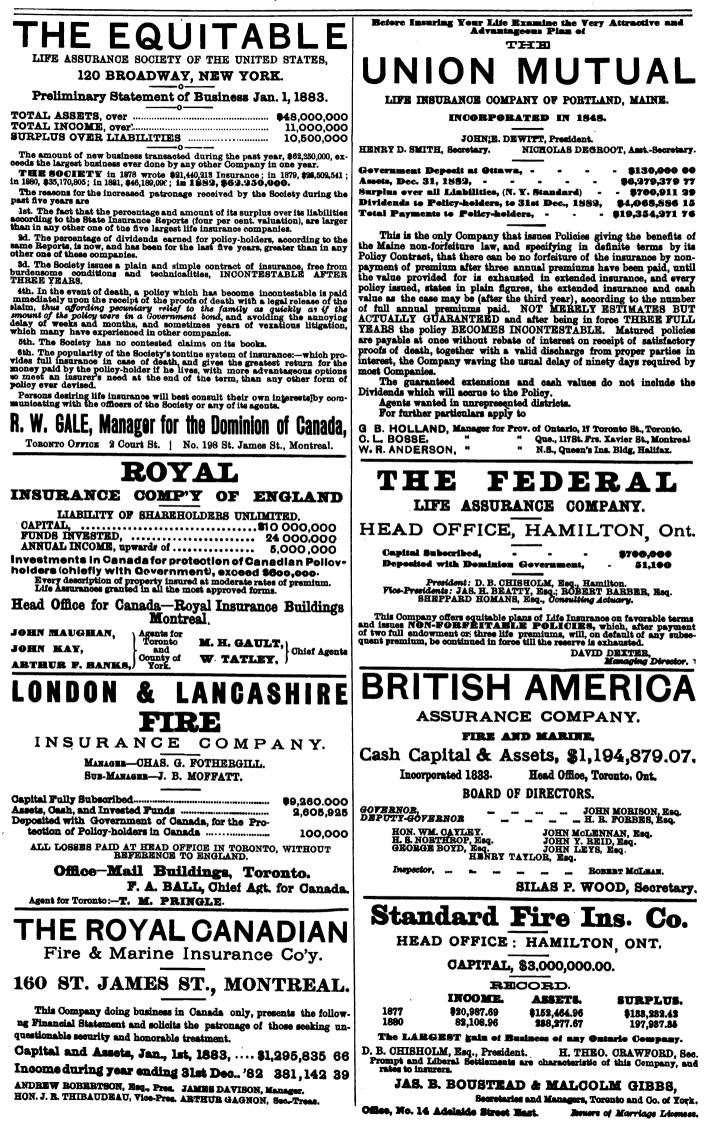
Leading Mannfacturers.		TOBON	TO PRICES CURE	ENT AD	ril 26. 1883.	
THE PENMAN	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Bates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Bates
MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.	Breadstuffs.		Greceries.		Hardware.	
Manufacturers of	Flowr : (P brl.) f.o.e. Superior Extra	\$ c. \$ c. 4 65 4 70 4 55 4 60	Coffees: Gov. Java, Plb Bio Jamaica	0 10 0 114	Tin (4 mos.) Bars per lb.	\$ c. \$ c. 0 28 0 29
Ladies', Misses',	Strong Bakers Spring Wheat, extra Superfine	4 60 4 75 4 50 4 60 0 00 0 00	Mocha Ceylon native	0 30 0 84 0 15 0 20	Ingot Copper: Ingot Sheet	
Gent's and Boys' Underwear, Glove and Rubber Lining,	Oatmeal Cornmeal Bran, per ton Grain: i.o.c.	5 20 5 25	Fish: Herring, scaled Salmon, hf. bris Dry Cod W 112 lbs. Sardines, Fr. Qrs.	0 32 0 35 9 00 10 00 6 75 7 90	Sheet	0 04 0 04
Yarns, Horse Blankets, &c.	Groin: I.o.c. Fall Wheat, No. 1 "No. 2 "No. 3 Spring Wheat, No. 1	105106 103104	" London New	8 00 0 00	Zinc: Sheet Out Naile: 10 to 60 dy, p. kg 100 lb	0 05 0 05
Also, The Celebrated PATENT SEAM- LESS HOSIERY, smooth and equal to hand knitting, in COTTON, MERINO, WOOL,		1 1 09 1 10 1	" Sultanas " Val'nti's, new Loose Muscatel	0 10 0 11 0 07 0 08 9 65 2 80	10 to 60 dy. p. kg 100 lb 8 dy. and 9 dy 6 dy. and 7 dy 4 dy. and 5 dy	<b>3</b> 35 0 00 <b>3</b> 55 <b>3</b> 60 <b>3</b> 75 <b>3</b> 85
with three-ply heels, double toes for Ladies, Misses Gents and Boys.	Oats,	0 70 0 71	Currants Provi "Patras Vostizza	0 062 0 07 0 074 0 00 0 064 0 10	Horse Naile: P. & F.	
Mills at PARIS, ONTARIO, Canada. JOHN PENMAN, President.	" No. 2" " No. 3 Extra. " No. 3 Peas	045 052	Almonds, Ivica Filberts Walnuts	0 15 0 18	Urdinary	000 010
	Bye Corn Timothy Seed p. bu. Clover ""	0 65 0 66	Molasses:	0 40 0 43 0 55 0 57	4 96	0 05 0 06 0 06 0 06 0 07
Agents:-D. MORRICE & CO., MONTREAL AND TORONTO.	Clover " " Flaz " 100 lbs.	9 25 9 50 3 25 3 40	" Amber " Pale Amber. Rice: Arracan	072 075 355 390	Gaivanised from: Best No. 99 "94 "95 Gainer Section Section Section (arnbroe	26 50 00 00 25 00 00 00
Paris Manufacturing Co. Limited.	Previsions. Butter, choice, # lb. "large rolls	0 91 0 23	Patna Carolina Spices: Allspice Cassia, whole ¥ lb	0 09 0 107	Nova Scotia bar Bar, ordinary Swedes, 1 in. or over Hoors	0 09 9 60 9 15
MANUFACTURERS OF	" large rolls Cheese Dried Apples	0 16 0 20 0 13 0 15 0 09 0 10	Clover	0 38 0 42	Hoops-Coopers Band Boiler Plates	9 65 9 70
SHIRTS, DRAWERS,	Evaporated Apples. Beef, Mess Pork, Mess	0 17 0 18 14 00 17 00 20 50 29 00	Mace Nutmegs Pepper, black white	100 190	Canada Plates:	5 00 6 00 8 80 8 85
HOSIERY, YARNS, CLOUDS, &c., &c.	Cheese Dried Apples Evaporated Apples Beef, Mess Pork, Mess " Cumber!'d eni " B'kfst smoked Haws	0 11 0 11 0 10 0 10 0 13 0 14	white Sugars: Porto Rico : Dark to fair		Boars Head	8 30 8 35 0 00 8 95 0 00 8 95
WORKS AT PARIS, ONT.	Lard Eggs per dos	0 13 0 14	Dark to fair Bright to choice Canadi'n refined Standard Granulat'd Bedpath Paris Lump Scotch Refined	0 071 0 071 0 072 0 08 6 075 0 08 0 087 0 09	Pen Iron Wire: No. 6 V bundle 68lbs.	0 00 8 86 2 00 0 00
R. J. WYLIE, Agent.	Hops Dressed Hogs Shoulders	8 50 8 75 0 06 0 064	Redpath Paris Lump Scotch Refined	0 10 0 10 0 07 0 07	" 9 " " 19 " Galv. iron wire No. 6 Barbed wire malad	2 30 0 00 2 60 0 00 2 60 2 89
TORONTO. The Wholesale Trade only supplied.	Leather. Spanish Sole, No. 1	0 28 0 29	Japan : Yokoha. com. to good "fine to choice	0 90 0 85	Barbed wire, galv'd "painted. Coil chain § in Window Glass:	0 07 0 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
McCRAE & CO.,	Do. No. 2 Slaughter, heavy Do. light	0 28 0 30	" fine to choice Congon & Souchons	091 098	25 and under 96 x 40 do 41 x 50 do.	940 945
WOOL 9 WODOTED	Buffalo Harness Upper, No. 1 heavy		Oolong, good to fine, "Formoss Y. Hyson, com. to g'd "Med. to choice	0 30 0 55 0 45 0 65 0 20 0 35	SI x 00 do Steel: Cast Boiler plate Sleigh shoe I' Plate: IC Coke.	
TRADE WULL & WURSTED	Upper, No. 1 heavy "light & med Kip Skins, French "English "Domestic	0 86 0 40 0 85 1 10 0 70 0 75	Gunpwd. com to med	0 20 0 85	I TO OTHEROOM	000 010
	" Veals	070 075	" med. to fine " fine to finest Imperial	0 56 0 75	IX " IXX " DO " Gunpowder ;	7 25 7 59 9 25 9 59 5 25 5 75
HOSIERS & WOOLLEN MANUF'RS.,	French Calf Splits, large, ♥ lb "small Enamelled Cow, ♥ f	1 10 1 85	Tobacco manufactured Dark "Western Leaf Bright s'rts gd to fine	0 38 0 40	Can blasting per kg. " sporting FF " " FFF	8 50 0 00 4 50 0 00 4 75 0 00
GUELPH, ONT. McCrae & Co. would call special attention to their Cetaweld Knitting Yarns-the strongest in the	Patent	. 0 17 0 90	Solace	070080 038050 070080	Rone Manilla	7 25 0 00
world-made from Canadian Cotswold wool.	Buil Russets, light Gambier Sumac	. 0 40 0 50	Glebe chewing Victoria "	085 098 074 080	Sisal Azes, Burrell's Single " L'ble. " Keen cutter	825 850
McKECHNIE & BERTRAM,	Buinse	0 05 0 06	Wines, Liquers, &c. 4le: English, pts	1 65 1 75	" Black Prince	110 00 00 00
Canada Tool Works, DUNDAS, ONTARIO.	Steers, 60 to 90 lbs	0.08.0.00	Porter: Guinness, pts.	1 65 1 75	Petroleum. (Lujined, W gallon) Canadian, 5 to 10 bris.	Imp. gal. 0 16 0 00
Supply complete outfits of Machinery for Railway Machine Shops, Locomotive Builders, Car Builders, Implement Manufacturers, Planing Factories, etc. CONTRACTS taken and fulfilled at shortest notice.	Cows Cured and Inspected Calfskins, green "cured		Brandy: Hen'es'y case Martell's " OtardDupuy&Co " J. Bobin & Co. "	11 50 11 75 11 00 11 95 9 50 10 00	Americ'n Prime White	0 16 0 00 0 161 0 00 0 25 0 00 0 28 0 00
Tenders given, and Price Lists and Catalogues fur- nished on application.	Sheepskins Tallow, rough Tallow, rendered	1 95 1 35	P. Castillon & Co	9 00 9 95	Oils.	
Notico to Creditora	Weel.		B. & D "Green cases "Red "	8 25 8 50	Cod Oil—Imp. Gal Straits Oil "… Palm per lb	0 07 0 10
Notice to Creditors	Fleece, comb'g ord "Southdown Pulled combing	018 019	Booth's Old Tom Rum: Jamaica, 16 o.p. Demerara.	0 00 6 50	Lard, ex. No 1 Morse's " ord. No. 1 " Linseed, Raw Linseed boiled	0 05 0 00
Perry, trading under the firm name of Wightman Bros. Notice is hereby given that the said JOHN ALEX.	" super Extra Salt, Etc.	0 31 0 33	Wines : Port, common " fine old	1 2 50 4 00	Salad	1 40 1 50
ANDER WIGHTMAN has made an assignment of		080 085	Sherry, medium old Whisky:	1	" qt., <b>¥</b> case Seal straw " pale Spirits Turpentine	0 85 0 90
his Estate and Effects to Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, Accountant, in trust for the benefit of all his Creditors and that persons having claims against him are required to send in their names, residences, and particulars of their claims, and the nature of security (if any) held by them, by letter, prepaid addressed to the undersigned, on or before the 16th day of May, 1883. And notice is hereby given that after that date the said Trustee will pro- ceed to distribute the assets of the said John Aler- ander Wishtman among the parties entitled thereto	Canadian V bbl "Eureka," per 56 lbs. Washington " Rice's dairy "	0 00 0 63 0 00 0 52 0 00 0 50	Scotch Dunville's Irish, do	8 50 8 75 Bond Paid	Drugs. Aloes Cape	0 20 0 22
and the nature of security (if any) held by them, by letter, prepaid addressed to the undersigned, on or before the 16th day of May, 1863. And notice is hereby	Sawn Lumber. Clear pine,11 in. or over Pickings		Alcohol, 65 o.p. ¥ I. gl Pure Spts " " " 50 " ' S u.p. " FmilyPrf W.liskyI. Old Bourbon * "	1 00 9 76 0 90 9 50 0 45 1 98	Alum Blue Vitriol Brimstone	0 02 0 02 0 06 0 07 0 02 0 08
	Pickings Clear and pickings 1 in. Flooring, 14 & 14 in Ship'g culls, stks & sidgs		F'milyPri WliskyI. Old Bourbon • " " Bye and Malt	058 188 058 188 050 180	Borax Borax Camphor Cantic Soda Cream Tartar Erson Salte Extract Logwood, bulk Gentian	0 169 0 17 0 87 0 38 0 101 0 11
having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given, and that he will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt or claim he	Dressing	10 00 12 00 15 00 16 00 12 00 13 00	" Bye and Malt D'mestic Whisky Shup Bye Whiskey yrs old	045188 075180	Cream Tartar Epson Salts	0 \$8 0 40 0 5
shall not then have had notice. E. R. C. CLARKSON, Trustee. 26 Wellington Street E., TORONTO.	Shingles, XXX, 16 in "XX	2 60 9 75 1 60 1 80 2 00 0 00	Men's Calf Boots "Kip Boots	1320 520	Gentian Hellebore	0 14 0 16 0 19 0 14 0 14 8 17
April 3rd, 1983.	Paints, &c.		" Split Stogas	192300 30001	Hellebore Indigo, Madras Madder Morphine	0 85 9 95 0 18 0 14 9 80 2 93
SPENCERIAN PENS	in Oil, 🍄 25 lbs Do, No. 1	1 80 1 65 1 65	No. 1 Stogas	150 900	Madder Morphine Oplum Parls Green Potass Iodide	5 00 5 95 0 174 0 18 0 99 0 94
Units the essential qualities of Elasticity, Durability and real Swan Quill action	" 2 " 8 • White Lead, dry Red Lead		" Gaiters & Bals	1 10 1 60	Quassia Quinine	2 00 9 20 0 10 0 19 9 09 9 85
and are suited to all styles of writing. For Sale Everywhere.	Venetian Reg Eng. Venetian Reg Eng. Yellow Ochre, Frach Vermillion, Eng.	0 02 0 02 0 01 0 32 0 75 0 90	" Goat Bals	090 130 175 975 090 115	Salsperre Sal Rochelle Shellac	0 094 0 10 0 35 0 40 0 40 0 45
BUNTIN, BOYD & CO., Montreal.	Varnish, No. 1 furn Bro. Japan	1 10 1 95 1 00 1 10 0 85 0 87 2	"Batts	080 100	Guassia Guassia Saltoetre Saltochelle Shellac Balphur Boll Soda Aah Soda Bicarb, per keg Tartarie Acid	0 024 0 03
				0 00 0 75	Tartarie Acid	i 60 0 <u>1</u> 65



Montreal, 29nd January, 188

Sold by all dealers throughout the World.

CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary,





T. H. BROSNAN, President. A. WHEELWRIGHT, ASSISTANT SECRETARY.

GEO. H. BURFORD, ACTUARY.

By a recent Act of the Legislature of New York State, this Company's charter was so amended that hereafter all the profits shall belong to the Policy-holders exclusively.

All Policies henceforth issued are incontestable for any cause after three years.

C. P. FRALEIGH, SECRETARY.

Death Claims paid at once as soon as satisfactory proofs are received at the Home Office.

Absolute security, combined with the largest liberality, assures the popularity and success of this Company.

GOOD AGENTS desiring to represent the Company, are invited to address M. W MILLS, Superintendent of Agencies for British North American Provinces, 30 King Street East, Toronto, Ont.

THE MONETARY TIMES, TRADE REVIEW AND INSURANCE OHRONIOLE.

