

The Things We Love Too Well.

The hearts we fondly wish would feel... The things that death alone can heal...

THE TWO BRIDES.

BY REV. BERNARD O'REILLY, L.D.

Her action is like the mighty and resistless force of the solar heat, gradually, without sudden violence or destructive haste, warming the atmosphere above the snow and ice-bound earth...

The gentlemen, however, knowing how late the hour was, lost no time in coming to their immediate departure. We have been commissioned, my dear sir, Mr. Waldron said, addressing Francis D'Arcy...

There comes a day, son, when all this is fair and sweet to you, when all this is fair and sweet to you, when all this is fair and sweet to you...

on which he founded his suspicions, telling him that they should never be made known to his sister. It is Charles's answer to my letter that has, I must now confess to you, Mary, determined me to go to Spain...

loom, and had come from the Spanish actress of the family. The good missionary, with tears in his eyes, was thanking his venerable friend for the princely gift, while all the members of the family surrounded him, when Mrs. D'Arcy entered the breakfast-room.

that gentleman refused to sell it. It is curious that, while the proselytizing sects can raise any amount for the benefit of the charities who pretend they are converting the Catholics, the respectable English residents cannot collect sufficient to build themselves a place of worship.

Weaving the Web.

"This morn I will weave my web," she said, As she stood by the loom in the ray light, And her young eyes, hopefully glad and clear...

"My life is too busy at noon," she said, As she turned carefully the wheel and strong, "But I will weave it till the evening, till the common work of the day is done, And my heart grows calm in the silence wide..."

"And now I will weave my web," she said, As she turned carefully the wheel and strong, "And I will weave it till the evening, till the common work of the day is done, And my heart grows calm in the silence wide..."

"I must wait, I think, till another morn; I must go to my rest with my work undone. It is growing too dark to weave," she cried, As she turned carefully the wheel and strong...

PERE MARQUETTE.

WHAT A PROTESTANT SAYS OF A JESUIT.

A SPLENDID TRIBUTE AND AN ADMIRABLE LESSON.

The address of the Rev. Dr. Goodwin, of the Congregational Church, Chicago, on Pere Marquette, was a glorious tribute, and an excellent lesson, acquire its chief value, in Catholic estimation, from the fact that it emanated from a clergyman of another faith...

A PROTESTANT DEFENDER OF THE JESUITS.

In the year 1853 a conscientious German Protestant set himself the laudable task of examining into the accusations, ancient and modern, against the great Society of Jesus...

of himself. No man is great until he forgets himself. Pere Marquette always forgot himself. He lived a true, a noble, and a divine life. If we had one Pere Marquette among the American Indians to-day, with the American Government as much behind him as the French Government was behind Marquette, the Indian question would not trouble us many years.

DISRAELI AND O'CONNELL.

A RECORD THAT LORD BEACONSFIELD DOES NOT CARE TO READ.

A scathing pamphlet on Lord Beaconsfield has recently appeared in England. It opens with these words:— In English political history, the sinister and grotesque being who now fills the post of Prime Minister will occupy a conspicuous and unique place. The strange character and destiny of Lord Beaconsfield will stimulate the curiosity of future students of human nature, and his success will be as incomprehensible to posterity as it is to his contemporaries.

JOHN WESLEY AND CARDINAL NEWMAN.

CHURCH PARADE IN OTTAWA.

SERMON BY REV. FATHER DAWSON.

On the occasion of the church parade of the Governor-General, B. G. Grant, in Ottawa, the Rev. Father Dawson preached a most impressive discourse in St. Patrick's Church. The following is a brief outline of the sermon:—

THE TRIUMPH OF THE CROSS.

Over the triple doorways of the Cathedral of Milan there are three inscriptions spanning the splendid arches. Over one is carved a beautiful wreath of roses, and underneath is the legend, "All that which pleases is only for a moment." Over the other is sculptured a cross, and there are the words, "All that troubles us is but for a moment." Underneath the great central entrance in the main aisle is the inscription, "That only is immortal which is eternal."

Company of Jesus has not existed for three centuries, and its history during that long period sufficiently proves that it has not failed as to the ends for which it was founded. It has fulfilled its purpose—I mean the promotion of Catholicism, which, according to Catholic ideas, is the same thing as the promotion of Christianity.

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Disraeli (roars of laughter). For aught I know, the present Disraeli is descended from him, and, with the impression that is, I now forgive the heir-law of the blasphemous thief who died upon the Cross (loud cheers and roars of laughter).

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which he has left, whatever else may be urged in its favor, "can never again be defended upon the ground of authority." And herein lies the vastly more important character of his work over that of John Wesley. Methodism has merely brought about the transfer to itself of the allegiance of a certain number of the adherents of the established religion...

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we are surely not to gather that there was the slightest injustice towards the rest; or to the men of all nations for whose salvation he gave his life. His great example is set before us for instruction; let it not be thrown away.

BETTER THOUGHTS.

IT IS IMPIOUS IN A GOOD MAN TO BE SAD.

It is impious in a good man to be sad. They are never alone who are accompanied with noble thoughts.

BEAUTY AND DEATH MAKE EACH OTHER SEEN Purer and lovelier, like snow and moonlight.

The way to gain a good reputation is to endeavor to be what you desire to appear.

A SMILE IS EVER THE MOST BRIGHT AND BEAUTIFUL WITH A TEAR UPON IT.

The law of charity would dictate that we were a friend of unbecoming conduct, and refrain from causing greater scandal by giving currency to what we find wrong in him.

IT WOULD REQUIRE BUT A LITTLE EXERCISE TO SAY A PRAYER FOR THE SOUL, THE BURIAL OF WHOSE BODY IS ANNOUNCED BY THE TOLLING BELL.

The Catholic who has once experienced sincere sorrow for his sins and resolved, whilst at death's door, to lead a better life, should remember that when he feels himself growing indifferent to the teachings of the church.

A LITTLE BOY ONCE CALLED OUT TO HIS FATHER WHO HAD MOUNTED HIS HORSE FOR A JOURNEY.

How merciful are the dispensations of Divine Providence! We are in ignorance of what sorrows are in store for us in life, we are strengthened to bear them when they come, and made to forget them when they are passed.

STRANGE THAT THOSE WHO TAKE SUCH AN INTEREST IN TEMPERANCE MOVEMENTS DO NOT EXERT THEMSELVES TO CURB THE PASSIONS OF MEN IN OTHER DIRECTIONS.

Stranger that those who take such an interest in temperance movements do not exert themselves to curb the passions of men in other directions. But, drunkenness is a crime done in day light and openly, and that is where the enormity lies, argue they.

JESTING SHOULD HAVE ITS LIMITS, EVEN AT HOME.

Jesting should have its limits, even at home. Among brothers and sisters a little harmless banter is perfectly admissible, and even playful and witty, but a family whose members are always snapping at each other in the style at present approved as clever, both in fiction and reality, can scarcely be upheld as a model of courtesy at home.

THE WORDS, "HONOR THY FATHER AND THY MOTHER," MEAN FOUR THINGS—ALWAYS DO WHAT THEY BID YOU, ALWAYS TELL THEM THE TRUTH, ALWAYS LOVE THEM, AND ALWAYS TAKE CARE OF THEM WHEN THEY ARE SICK OR GROUNDED.

The longer I live, says Sir P. W. Buxton, the more I am certain that the great difference in men between the great and the insignificant, is energy, invincible determination, an honest purpose once formed, and then death or victory. This quality will do anything in the world, and no talents, no circumstances will make a two-legged creature a man without it. The very reputation of being strong-willed, plucky and indefatigable, is of priceless value. It often costs enemies, and depels at the start opposition to one's undertakings which would otherwise be formidable.

DON'T WORRY YOUR CHILDREN BY TOO CONSTANT INTERFERENCE IN THEIR PLEASURES.

Don't worry your children by too constant interference in their pleasures. They require freedom to a certain extent. Try a little judicious letting alone. The danger is often in your own nervous fancies; the little quarrel will blow over like a summer cloud; the chickens will be chased but not killed; puss and dog can take care of themselves; the swing will not break the sooner for not being watched; the birds won't come in with a sudden rush because you are not there to scream warning every ten minutes; a little fall from the tree or rock will teach your boy a caution more surely than forty lectures. Let them learn wisdom for themselves.

IN AN ANCIENT FLORENTINE MANUSCRIPT APPEARS THE FOLLOWING CURIOUS LEGENDARY DESCRIPTION OF DRUNKENNESS.

When Adam first planted the vine, Satan came and watered it with the blood of a peacock, with that of a monkey, that of a lion, and finally that of a pig. This is why the vine's fruits bear all the characteristics of these four animals. When a man takes his first glass of wine his vanity (the peacock) comes to the surface; at his second, the fumes of the liquor mount still higher, and he is so gay and at the same time so silly, that he at once reminds people of a monkey; then he quiets still more deeply, loses his temper, and is in his rage; lastly, he falls on the ground, and wallows in the mire like a pig.

man refused to sell it. It is while the proselytizing agency amount for the benefit of us who pretend they are Catholics, the respectable elements cannot collect sufficient themselves a place of worship. It is no sting in the case of religious wants become liberal question is one of war upon Sir Augustus and Lady among the patrons of the Rome, and her ladyship was promoting the Waldensian Summer. The British Ambassador is not so liberal toward the arch, and, in fact, has deserted the Anglican chaplain, for the Church in Via Nazionale.

CONVERSATION BETWEEN THE POPE AND AN ITALIAN LAWYER.

Rome correspondent of the following:— and of the Holy Father with the condition of the Papacy in been clearly expressed by him, sense, or more properly speaking, interview, which he recently the celebrated Turin Catholic Avvocato Canciano. After a sary questions on the business might the advocate to Rome, the After so long a time selling "his" property, the material is

ever replied that the Commission enahding the matter again for of legacies and such like and charities.

said the Holy Father to the who knew the legislation and rudence of the State, can well dition or not the citizens, and the Catholic citizens of Italy, Head, have or have not the guarantees?"

ly to this was in the negative. e then said: "You see then, ation in which the Papacy is a thoroughly abnormal, and I grow weary in demanding for dication of the right of the the Catholic citizens of Italy, Head, have or have not the guarantees?"

avvocato Canciano replied: "Holy mbering that I am a lawyer, that the right of Catholics enated, nor can it form the transaction or compromise, or

the Sovereign Pontiff replied: sholics have the right of being their consciences, and they are Church has the right to serve secure liberty. That which has may be undone; who to-day rance as the morrow! The a possible, and the people have is not governed by expe- rather with principles, and to not change. That which was just, is so to-day, and will s. Now, nothing is more con- of principles than the Papacy. It is possible, and the people have great social evil that continues against the Holy See bring to and in a special manner to sider to-day over the public affairs of the State, and the people have already been brought to them; they can preach the virtues betw Pope—these virtues by which

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London, Ont.

LETTER FROM HIS LORDSHIP BISHOP WALSH.

DEAR MR. COFFEY.—As you have become proprietor and publisher of the Catholic Record, I deem it my duty to announce to its subscribers and patrons that the change of proprietorship will work no change in its tone and principles; that it will remain, what it has been, thoroughly Catholic, entirely independent of political parties, and exclusively devoted to the cause of the Church and the promotion of Catholic interests.

Yours very sincerely,
+ JOHN WALSH,
Bishop of London.

MR. THOMAS COFFEY,
Office of the "Catholic Record."

Catholic Record.
LONDON, FRIDAY, SEPT. 26, 1879.

"Many a disordered liver is covered by a nicely-ironed shirt."—Free Press.
We know some editors who are sorely afflicted with this complaint when they undertake to give their views on Irish or Italian affairs.

A MEETING on the Land Question was held in Tipperary, Ireland, on the 21st, 12,000 persons being present, when resolutions were passed calling for abatement of rents and establishment of the peasant-proprietary system.

A THIRD Catholic priest has fallen a victim to the fever in Memphis. The Rev. Father Bienecke, of the Franciscan Order, died there on the 10th inst. Beside the three Catholic priests, we have seen mention of only one other clergyman, a colored preacher, on the list of fever victims at Memphis this season.

HENRY BUSH, D. D., of Arva post office, Ontario, has published a book styled "The War in Heaven." He will take postage stamps for payment. We are sorry we have no surplus stamps laid aside. We should like very much to have the particulars of this war. "Henry Bush, D. D., of Arva post office, Ontario," we should suppose, receives special dispatches every day by some sort of cable as to the progress of the war. We have been looking for some mention of the matter in the telegraphic columns of our contemporaries, but evidently they are not as enterprising in this particular matter as "Henry Bush, D. D., of Arva post office, Ontario." Send along your stamps, gentlemen, and get the news.

The great landlords of England are beginning to feel the tightness of the shoe which pinches the small farmers. Lord Willoughby has thirteen farms tenantless in Warwickshire, the Duke of Portland has thirty, and the Duke of Newcastle as many. The trustees of the Newcastle estate intend to work the lands themselves.

Would it not be much better for all parties were these large landed proprietors to give leases at figures which would enable the holders to make a decent living. The agitation commenced in Ireland is about to cross the channel, and it remains to be seen whether our contemporary the Free Press will style the English tenantry "full-blooded rowdies," if they dare find fault with the existing state of affairs.

If we take the various secret societies of the United States into account, the Most Eminent Grand High Priest, and the other thing, the Sir Knights, and the high cock-trodden monarchies on comensons all to pieces.—N. Y. Advertiser.

Some day not very far distant we may look for a grand collapse of secret societies. They are getting too numerous to be paying institutions. In fact the secret society market is glutted. But still we have them coming, assuming all manner of shapes, and holding out all sorts of inducements to innocent working men who are led on to expend their money for the support of a class of lazy fellows who are forever setting schemes on foot to gain a livelihood without performing an honest day's work.

A numerously-signed address by the congregation of St. Paul's Church in Limerick is shortly to be presented to His Lordship the Bishop of the diocese, congratulating him on his succession to the episcopacy.

In Toronto it is said that 20,000 signatures are expected to be attached to an address which is being prepared for presentation to the Bishop of Toronto, in view of his Lordship's charge to the Synod, and for his determination to uphold the Protestant character of the church.

We were under the impression no more would be said about that very unfortunate (for him) address to the Synod through which Bishop Sweatman gained so much notoriety and so little renown. If our friends who signed this address would read the replies thereto, they would perhaps deem it in accordance with propriety to say no more about that very weak and uncalculated document.

A young priest called Cottæus, who had recently been ordained, was anxious to celebrate his first Mass in his own native place, Erp, in Prussian Rhineland. On July 25, two days before this was appointed to be done, he received the following characteristic letter from the burgomaster of the place:—"Being informed that you intend to celebrate your first Holy Mass in the parochial church of Erp on July 27, I wish to tell you that in doing so you would commit an indictable offence, and the public prosecutor would take proceedings against you on the strength of the law of May 31, 1874. Should you yet persist in publicly celebrating Mass, an exemplary punishment would be meted out to you." The young priest did celebrate his first Mass, but only the sexton and his assistant were allowed to be present, the church doors being rigorously kept shut during the time. Not even his parents or sisters were allowed to witness the act.

The following is an account recently given by a Protestant of his feelings at the elevation of the Host:—"I call it a divinely important moment—when, in the Catholic Church, the Holy Eucharist in the monstrance is elevated by the priest and presented to the people for adoration. The Holy Trinity, the Divinity in person, redemption, sanctification, everlasting life, the terrors and joys of eternity—all are seen and felt by the faithful Catholic in this one grand moment; His body, His spirit, are no longer upon earth. They are with God, as God is with Him. What Protestant minister can claim to have produced, with the most elaborate sermons on morality, this vivid delineation of the invincible, this representation of that which no eye had seen, no ear had heard, and which had not entered into the heart of man, in the minds of any of their hearers? When, during my sojourn at Vienna, I entered the Church of St. Stephen, on Sunday morning, and there beheld a dense crowd of people kneeling down around me during the elevation of the consecrated Host, involuntarily I prostrated myself like the most faithful of that creed, and prayed with tears in my eyes and an uncontrollable emotion of the heart."

SPEAKING of the late bishop, a prominent Protestant journal in Germany says:—"Bishop Martin was perhaps no great Church politician, and much less a subtle diplomatist. But he may be held up as a prominent and exemplary type of those faithful, self-denying priests and chief pastors who, no less to our own joy and satisfaction than to that of our brethren, are numbered by thousands within the pale of the Catholic Church, and who at last have formally carried off victory for this Church over the Falken of the Kulturkampf. Faithful, sincere, and firm as a rock, Conrad Martin, a homeless exile on earth, has at last entered his eternal home in heaven. Not only all true Catholics, not only all sincere Christians, but indeed all whose thoughts are elevations and lofty, whose ideas are fair and honorable, will with feelings of deep emotion lay a wreath of praise upon the bier of the hero who fell on the field of battle, and who only after death was permitted to return to his metropolitan see." Another Protestant newspaper, but of more democratic and rationalistic tendencies, the Frankfurter Zeitung, speaks in no less praiseworthy terms of the deceased bishop. "The Catholics," it says, "will always honor his memory, and he is fully entitled to this honor by his labors as well as by his sufferings. If history may not rank him among the mighty and towering

men of genius, it will surely place him in the ranks of those who have honestly and faithfully made use of their moderate talent, who have done their duty, strictly following their moral convictions and the dictates of their conscience. Bishop Martin will not be left without the honor due to all such upright and noble men."

BISHOP GEORGE BUTLER, of Limerick, has written the following message approving the proposed statue to the memory of Patrick Sarsfield, the hero of Limerick:—"Every Irishman, and especially every Limerick man, is proud of Sarsfield—of his military genius, of his dauntless and dashing bravery, of his stainless honor, of his deep, steadfast, undying love of Ireland. None of her sons have served her better—dared more for her at home, or won more honor for her abroad. Why is it that this monument is still to be built? Surely it is a reproach to Ireland that this tribute of duty and patriotism has been so long withheld. We are all to blame, but especially we of Limerick; for, as his noble kinsman, writing from Dromore Castle has truly said, 'The name of Sarsfield is inseparably connected with the history of Limerick.' It was at Limerick his last battle for Ireland was fought—here his last blow was struck for the honor and freedom of our country. Let Limerick do its duty at last; let us lead the way, and patriotic men from every part of Ireland will be sure to follow."

THE Topeka, Kan., Democrat says: A bad book, magazine, or newspaper, is as dangerous to your child as a vicious companion, and will as surely corrupt his morals and lead him away from the path of safety. Every parent should set this thought clearly before him and ponder it well. Look to what your children read, and especially the kind of papers that get into their hands, for there are now published scores of weekly papers, with attractive and sensuous illustrations that are as hurtful to young and innocent souls as poison to a healthy body. Many of these papers have attained a large circulation, and are sowing broadcast the seeds of vice and crime. Trenching on the very borders of indecency, they corrupt the morals, taint the imagination, and allure the weak and unguarded from the path of innocence. The dangers to young persons from this cause were never so great as at this time, and every father and mother should be on their guard against an enemy that is sure to meet their child. Look to it then that your children are kept as free as possible from this taint. Never bring into your house a paper or a periodical that is not strictly pure. See to it that an abundance of the purest and healthiest reading is placed before your children. Hungry lambs will eat poison; but it will feed on good food will let poison alone. If you wish to save your children and the children of others do all you can to sustain and circulate healthy moral literature.

In a recent letter to one of his friends Garibaldi says:—"To raise Italy from her present state of apathy it is necessary to substitute truth for lies. Man created God—and not God man." The Buffalo Catholic Union makes the following comments on this remarkable production:—"The Osservatore Romano in commenting on this infamous letter, concludes by asking why, with the excellent insane asylums which Italy possesses, a place was not found for this miserable wretch, who disgusts every one with the filthiness of his frenzied blasphemies. The Unita Cattolica says that this letter, written by Garibaldi to his 'dear friend,' and dated 'Civita Vecchia, 12 August, 1879,' ought to be well meditated upon. 'This is speaking clearly! Italy is plunged in such apathy, because it believes God has created man, when really man created God! The creature created the Creator; the fruit created the plant; the effect produced the cause. Giuseppe Garibaldi the father was born to Menotti Garibaldi the son. Behold the new Garibaldian philosophy! And it behooves him to proclaim abroad in Italy 'the substitution of the truth for the lie.' At one time, according to Garibaldi, the religion of the Pope was a lie; now the lie is

the existence of God. We await the proclamation of Atheism at Rome, and the institution at St. Peter's of the feast of the Goddess of Reason. Italy shall have, like France, her 10th of November, 1793."

THERE is a vast amount of bigotry yet extant among some of the officials in English charitable institutions. The London Punch recently contained an article setting forth this fact in a very forcible and pungent fashion. Our contemporary says:—"The sympathy of Mr. Bumble has been awakened by a report in a paper to the effect that a meeting of the Cardiff Board of Guardians broke up the other day in disorder, the result of an angry discussion, occasioned by a communication from the Local Government Board confirming the appointment of a nurse whom they objected to because she was a Roman Catholic. In this respect, their behaviour, Mr. Bumble is disgusted to observe, has been ascribed to bigotry; as if, in objecting to a nurse on the ground of religion, the parochial mind of any respectable body of Poor Law Guardians could ever possibly be actuated by any consideration whatsoever for any such contemptible trifles as paupers' souls. The reason why they disapproved of admitting a nurse on account of her being a Roman Catholic, was because they were afraid that, as such, she would be very likely to perform the duties of her office after the manner of a Sister of Charity, in a precious deal too mild and gentle and lenient a way to be a fit and proper attendant on the vile and vicious inmates of a Union Workhouse."

THE following testimony from the London Times as to the amount of success attending the attempt to "evangelize" some of the Catholic States of the continent of Europe will be perused with interest by people who innocently believe that they have been led to believe by those who have a personal interest in the speculation:—"The persons at Rome and some other places in the Mediterranean fly to cooler climes when the heat becomes unbearable, and either shut up their churches or leave them in the charge of some one whose only object is to see a place which he has no other chance of seeing. Most of the Anglican services in central and northern Europe are only continued for three or four months. Switzerland, for example, is a land of spiritual light from June to September inclusive, a land of darkness the rest of the year. The congregation itself, which necessarily constitutes the fact staring the world in the face, is somewhat peculiar and hardly one to convert the world. It is made up of people who, if not all wealthy, have at least money enough to enjoy a costly amusement. With certain qualifications, they are all ladies and gentlemen. There are no poor among them. It is a well-to-do-section of the human society released from its moorings and giving itself to the currents of pleasure and curiosity. Such a body has hardly the capacity for setting up as a model church and showing the world what Christians ought to be. As for the congregation at Rome, it usually consists of about three hundred handsome young ladies in the very top of fashion, with chaperons and a few gentlemen. Several of them have the advantage over that (the church) near the Porte del Popolo in that they meet in the beautiful edifices with everything that could recreate even the jaded senses of a daughter of fashion at our own West End. But even with the sweet-toned organs, painted windows, brass-work, mosaic, lady choirs, and good reading, and preaching to pretty faces and tight-fitting dresses will not convert the world or upset an ancient Church, pagan as we may deem it."

A man cannot be a practical Catholic and love the world. That's the reason so many are not Catholics. The way to a glorious resurrection is one of denial, as Christ himself has said. Protestantism requires no denials, but Catholic faith does. Which can be the way? The girl that will promenade the streets at night, either with or without company, for the sake of enjoying forbidden pleasures has already entered upon a downward course and instead of shining with virginal purity, she is a loathing object in the sight of angels.

INFIRM AND SUPERANNUATED PRIESTS.

Among the many good works begun by our worthy Bishop, there is one, which, when he is gone to his reward, will keep his memory fresh and green among the priests of the Diocese of London. That work is the society which he established and had chartered July 8, 1876, for the benefit of "The Infirm and Superannuated Priests of the Diocese of London."

The 2nd article of the Rules and Regulations regarding the Society reads:—"Every parish shall pay a yearly contribution of twenty dollars. Parishes having curates, to pay five dollars over and above for every curate."

ARTICLE 3.—All priests exercising the sacred ministry in the diocese shall be de facto members of the society. At the annual meeting of the Directors of the Society on the 19th inst., it was found that although six hundred and odd dollars had been paid out during the three years, the Treasurer had safely invested nearly four thousand dollars, and the directors passed *non con.* a resolution authorizing the sum of three hundred per annum to be paid to any "infirm priest" of the diocese who, on account of ill-health, etc., would be unable to do missionary work. This sum to be increased as soon as the funds amount to six thousand dollars.

His Lordship, though de facto president of the society, and contributing forty dollars per annum towards its funds, leaves the appropriation of the money to the "Board of Directors." What a safeguard is such a society for a poor priest. It does away at once with the temptation to hoard money for the rainy day. No parish feels the yearly contribution, and yet in a few years the interest of the fund will be sufficient to meet all emergencies. It would be well if some of our lay Catholics would remember in their WILLS "The Society of St. John the Evangelist, for the benefit of the Infirm and Superannuated Priests of the Diocese of London."

RAPID TRANSIT.

Miss Fay, the young lady who causes pianos and things generally to fly around indiscriminately at her word of command, gave our citizens an entertainment on Tuesday last. We hope, for the sake of our hire wagon people, she won't take up her residence in London. Their occupation would be gone. It would be a more serious blow to them than the building of the street railroad to our cabmen. But it would be a grand thing to have a joint stock company formed of these spirit people. How easily and how cheaply and carefully would we then have our furniture moved about from place to place. No doubt this young lady's entertainment will cause many of our fellow-citizens who have no settled religious belief to rush at once to the conclusion that this is the veritable system for which their souls have been suffering for many years, and will fledge it as a little girl would a doll until the novelty dies away.

The following item touching upon the matter, clipped from an American paper, will be read with interest:—"The Fay mediums who humbugged 600 or 800 people in the Academy of Music in this city last winter by advertising that a table would rise four to five feet and float in mid air; spirit hands and faces be plainly seen and recognized by their friends; guitar played and passed around the room by the invisible power; flowers brought and passed to the audience by hands plainly seen; a large piano would rise clear from the floor and played upon without a living soul touching it," and then gave a performance that was such a stupendous fraud that sensible people regretted to say that they were present, were exposed in Watertown, the other evening. The Times says: "The crowning effort of the evening Fay said, 'Go to let the committee hear and then let the unseen agencies unite him.' So a new committee was agreed upon—John Nill and H. M. Allen. They stepped forward and tied Fay in the box. Then they withdrew to one side of the stage. The curtain was drawn and the great unseen was at work. After a delay of fully five minutes, Nill thought something was wrong inside. He felt concerned for Fay, so when the chap that guarded the cabinet had turned his head, Nill stepped up quietly and pulled the curtain and saw Fay busily engaged in untying himself. Nill told the audience what he saw and great applause followed. Fay became very mad and the show ended here. Fay is very poor in the business."—Auburnian

They have a young man in the Advertiser office in this city who has seen a good deal of this sort of humbug, and knows how most, if not all, of it is performed. We are sorry he was not allowed an opportunity to be one of the judges. If it were the case we doubt not the show would be most thoroughly. The following is his opinion of the entertainment:—"The general verdict was that the whole affair was a fraud, considering the method of advertising. If it were looked at simply as a piece of jugglery, it was clever of its kind. But there was not one experiment produced that has not been exposed in the same hall. The gentleman who acted as lecturer claimed that the demonstrations were produced by spiritualism. He generously, however, allowed all those who chose to differ with him the liberty of their opinion. We shall emulate his liberal example, and allow him to think that the spirits do the work if he chooses. But we supplement that with our opinion, which is that the spirits have very little to do when they go around the country performing petty tricks that can be accomplished by every third-rate juggler. Drs. Fenwick and Flock acted as committee, and they were honest. But in the demonstration of Miss Fay they forgot to look at the iron ring, and if they examine it fully next time they will know more about it than they do now. Any person who wishes to see jugglery may safely visit this show. But if they wish more than that they will be most egregiously sold. And perhaps they will deserve it."

OUR SCHOOLS.

Our pages for the last few weeks have been full of the accounts of the opening of the various Catholic schools over the Province. Gradually we are working up to the position we all would wish to occupy. Whilst there still is, indeed, always will be, something to be desired, we have yet ample reason for thankfulness, and not a little ground for legitimate pride. For, be it remembered, our Separate Schools are still in their youth. People do not need to be very old, in order to remember the passage of the Act which gave them legal existence, and (we are not finding fault with the Act, but still) the effect of that law was to throw upon our Catholic people the expense of beginning *de novo*. We knew one section in which all the ratepayers were Catholics, except two, and these two had the schoolhouse, and grounds, etc., all to themselves, whilst our people had to buy and build and furnish anew. But in spite of this and other drawbacks we have made marked progress, and need only a little of the spirit and self-denial of the men who prepared for us the boon of separate education in order to succeed.

Shall that spirit be found amongst us? We cannot question it, and for this reason: The Church, we know, must subsist to the end; God has promised that, and there is no doubt about it, and just now the Catholic school—though not absolutely necessary, as the divine word is sufficient—is here at least, practically necessary for her freedom, as it is through the schools the chief attack is made upon her in our days.

The Acts of the Apostles tell us that of the Ephesian crowd who filled their city with tumult on occasion of St. Paul's preaching, "The most part knew not whereof they were assembled," yet for this very reason they were feverishly determined, and for two hours and more kept shouting at the top of their voices. The silversmith, however, who was keen enough to see that his trade in making images of Diana would be gone if the Apostle were successful in his preaching, knew well what he was about, and kept up the clamor as long and as cleverly as he could, and consequently it is of him alone, not of the senseless, noisy throng, St. Paul complains.

Something of this kind may be remarked in this matter of schools. Say a word against the huge system of public schoolism, with its multitudinous staff of inspectors, teachers, trustees, etc., with its palatial buildings, terrific expenses, and lo! you have a hornet's nest about your ears instantly. "Insidious enemies of our grand public school system," "promoters of ignorance," "Medievalism," and so on, are the insulting clamors with which you are at once met. Now, how is this? You may criticise protection, and the Mail will argue, laugh at Free Trade, and the Globe will answer civilly; nay, even you may attack and show up the absurdities of any of the various isms that prevail, and people will not much mind it. But, breathe but a syllable against "our glorious Public Schools" and, like the Ephesians on that famous occasion, the whole country will cry out "great is our public school," and like the Ephesians too, the great majority know not whereof they cry. There are those, however, who do know, and knowing, manufacture the epithets that are hurled against us, and hound down (where they can, in the United States, for instance)

Nativity of the Virgin.

SEPTEMBER 7, 1879.
Hail hissed day which saw the birth
Of her who proved the world's salvation.

Then Jesse's root sent forth its rod
Whence sprang a flower of wondrous bloom.

The power and majesty of God
Lay latent in a Virgin's bosom.

Our Mother than I from our place
We greet thy birthday here returning.

NEWS FROM IRELAND.

DUBLIN.

On August 29th a new mortuary chapel
was dedicated at Glasnevin Cemetery
by the Most Rev. Dr. McCabe.

WICKLOW.

A horrible murder was committed on
August 23rd near the village of Coolraney,
about three miles from Arklow.

WEXFORD.

On August 26th three quay porters took
a boat for the purpose of going to bathe
over Ferrybank.

MEATH.

As already announced by the cable,
a farmer named Thomas Tandy, was found
on August 24th, lying dead with a gunshot
wound and other marks of violence.

KILDARE.

On August 24th, as Mr. William O'Gorman,
living at Waterstown, was driving
home from Naas, a distance of over two
miles, while passing along the Grand
Canal bank, met with an accident which
might have resulted very seriously.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

On August 24th, an assault of most brutal
character was committed at Kilmalogue.
From the deposition of the injured man,
Patrick Molloy, which was taken by Captain
Leastry, Resident Magistrate, it would
seem that as he was on his way home
he was met by two men, named
Slattery and Maher.

KING'S COUNTY.

Owing to a man named Cilly having
been threatened with death and assaulted
for refusing to leave the employment of
Thomas Daly, herd to Mr. Jonathan
Goodbody, near Clara, the Government
recently decided on erecting an iron hut
on the land, and on taxing the district
attached to it.

DONEGAL.

At the request of Lord Leitrim's tenantry
to afford them a meeting at which to state
their grievances, with a view to their re-

Richardson, who resided near Shinrone,
was found drowned. Deceased was fright-
ened when a child, and became subject to
epileptic fits. When he felt the symptoms
approaching he plunged his head into
water, and on the occasion he met his
death he was near a stream only two
inches deep, and the supposition is that he
lay in the water and became unconscious
before any assistance arrived.

LOUTH.

The crops in Meath and Louth continue
to be in a most alarming state as regards
their safety. The incessant rains have
rendered it almost impossible to save them.

CORK.

On Aug. 27th, a poor woman named
Nancy Flynn was drowned in a pool of
water a few inches deep, which remained
after a heavy rain, a short distance from
Glanworth.

On Aug. 27th, the goods store of the
Cork and Brandon Railway at Brandon,
and a large quantity of valuable prop-
erty which it contained were destroyed
by fire. The damage done is estimated at
£5,000. It has not been yet ascertained
how it was that the fire originated.

A boatman named Williams died
suddenly, on Aug. 29th, at Queenstown.
He was rowing a boat when he was
seized with a fit, after which he died.

LIMERICK.

On Aug. 25th, fearful rains lodged and
shelled the corn crops in the west of the
county Limerick, and elsewhere through-
out the county. The reports as to the
state of the crops in various parts of the
county are very contradictory. First,
as to the potato. In some districts they
are stated to be well-flavored, but not
"floury." In other districts, where set in
heavy land, they have grown to an im-
mense size, owing to the wetness of the
soil, and when cooked are cut up look-
ing more like soap than Ireland's favorite
vegetable, and a large proportion with
half-rotten centres. The blight is also
reported from some districts, but so far
none of the tainted potatoes have reached
the Limerick market, where a fair quality
is retained at from 9s. to 7d. per stone.

On August 22d, as some visitors were
returning from Killee to Kilsrish, and
proceeding home on a horse and
car, the reins got loose, and the horse
dashed forward, knocking the car to pieces,
and injuring some of the occupants. Mr.
Joshua Dowling, Ballyerra House, had
his arm broken, and two young ladies
who were in the car narrowly escaped
injury. The occurrence took place at
twelve o'clock at night.

ARMAGH.

With regard to the late Lurgan riots
forty-four persons have given notice of
their intention to apply for compensation
for damage done to property during the
late disturbance, the total amount claimed
being £200. A temporary barrack has
been established in Shankill street, in
the middle of the Roman Catholic portion
of the town.

DOWN.

On Aug. 26th, a terrific storm of wind
and rain passed over a wide district of the
County Down. The rainfall was very
heavy, and the wind blew a gale, proving
most injurious to the oat and wheat crops,
which in many places have been pros-
trated. Another result of the storm is
the loss of the stalks at the root. This pre-
vents the cars from filling as they other-
wise would have. Several districts near
Newry were visited by a remarkable hail
shower, the stones being as large as marbles.

COAL AND WOOD-NORTH.

End Yards, No. 1 Richmond street, oppo-
site Covered Skating Rink; No. 2, rear corner
of Richmond and Albert streets. Wood de-
livered to any part of the city on the shortest
notice, either cut, split, or in the
bulk. The price will in all cases be found as
cheap as any other yard in the city, or as can
be obtained by the market. Satisfaction
guaranteed. Ross & McNeil. 41-ly

dress, and in pursuance of his notice to
that effect, about 1,000 of the tenantry
assembled in Milford on August 26th, and
were received by the Earl of Leitrim.
The meeting was held at the Cornmarket,
Milford. In reply to a memorial from the
tenantry, asking for a reduction of bog
and grazing charges, for liberty of sale,
and finally to dismiss his agent and all
other estate officials, and replace them by
men having more sympathy with the
tenantry, Lord Leitrim substantially re-
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Educational.

CONVENT OF ST. JOSEPH.—
Academy for the Education of Young
Ladies, Toronto, Ont.; under the auspices
of the Most Rev. J. J. Lynch, Arch-
bishop of Toronto. This spacious and beau-
tiful institution, conducted by the Sisters of
St. Joseph, is situated in the most healthy
and picturesque part of the city. The
locality is distinguished by the best pro-
vided and most commodious buildings.
The students are commenced on the first
Monday in September, and is divided into
two terms of five months each. Pupils
are received at any time during the year.
No deduction is made for withdrawing pupils
before the end of the term, unless in case of
protracted illness or dismissal.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY.—
London, Ont., conducted by the Ladies of
the Sacred Heart, Incorporated by an Act
of Parliament in Canada, passed in 1860.
Locality unrivalled for healthfulness, offer-
ing particular advantages to pupils even of
the most delicate constitutions. Air, bathing, water
pure and food wholesome. Extensive grounds
devoted to the cultivation of the most vigor-
ous and practical system of education
thorough and practical. Educational advan-
tages unsurpassed.
French is taught, free of charge, not only
in the English, but in the French language.
The Library contains choice and standard
works. Literary reunions are held monthly.
French and instrumental music, from an
 eminent feature. Musical societies take place
weekly, and instrumental music is taught
and encouraged self-possession. Strict atten-
tion is paid to physical and mental health,
and to the development of the faculties, and
to the general good of the country; but if any of the tenantry had any particular
grievance to state against his agent, or
any other of his estate officials, he would
afford them redress if their complaints
were well grounded.

GALWAY.—
An Aug. 26th, a man named Patrick
Jordan, formerly a licensed publican in
High street, Galway, was superintending
the taking down of a high gable end
wall of a house. He was standing under-
neath, and the wall came down upon
him, belonging to Dr. Roe, was carried
aloft in the air a considerable distance;
and a quantity of clothes, which were
also drying, were caught up and blown
away, and disappeared in the distance.
Several persons witnessed the affair, and
great excitement prevailed in the locality
at such a startling event.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, WINDSOR,
ONTARIO.—This Institution is pleasantly
located in the town of Windsor, opposite De-
troit, and combines in its system of educa-
tion, great thoroughness in the French
language, with thoroughness in the English.
Terms (payable per session in advance) in
Canadian currency: Board and tuition in
French and English, \$20; Private room, \$20;
Drawing and painting, \$10; Music and use of Piano,
\$10; French and English, \$10; Total, \$70.
Scholarships are granted to deserving pupils.
For further particulars apply to the Super-
visor, to any Priest of the Diocese. 41-ly

COLLEGE OF OTTAWA.—This
Chartered College, directed by the Oblate
Fathers of Mary Immaculate, is situated in a
pleasant and healthy locality, and is the
resort of students and orators, the theatre of
important, instructive events, and a civil
engineer's school. The various branches of science
and commerce are taught in the English
language, and also in French and Latin.
French is also carefully attended to. The
department of French is under the direction
of a French teacher, and is conducted on
the same plan as in the French schools.
The system of education embraces every
branch of a liberal education, including the
French language. Plain sewing,
fancy work, embroidery in gold and silver,
drawing, and painting, are also taught.
Board and tuition per annum, paid semi-
annually in advance, \$100. For further
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111-113 Dundas street, Toronto. 41-ly

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AMERICAN WALNUT FURNI-
TURE.—The subscriber keeps constantly
on hand a large assortment of American Wal-
nut Furniture, being agent for one of the largest
factories in the United States, where the
most improved machinery is employed. The
furniture is supplied at a much cheaper rate
and guaranteed as good quality of work and
finish as any furniture on the continent.
Princess Louise Walnut
sideboards at \$18.00; Marquis of Lorne Bed-
room sets (without) at \$20.00; Queen Anne
Bedsteads (without) at \$20.00; Prince of Wales
Hair-cloth Parlor sets, \$20.00; Sea-grass Mat-
tresses, \$10.00; Walnut, \$2.00; Bedsteads, \$2.50;
Extension Tables, \$10. Furniture exchanged,
GEO. RAWDEN, 171 & 173 King street, oppo-
site Revue House. 41-ly

PREPARE FOR WINTER.—Wm.
STEVENSLEY, 302 Richmond street, has on
hand a large stock of Coal and Wood stoves,
hardware and general house furnishings, which
will be sold at the lowest prices. A large stock
of coal and lamps in stock. 41-ly

W. J. BIVANTON, DEALER
in all kinds of FURNITURE, King
Street, near Market Square, London, Ont.
Second-Hand Furniture bought and sold. 41-ly

W. J. TRAHAR, MERCHANT
Tailor, 402 Clarence street, 2nd floor
south of Dundas street, London, Ont. 41-ly

W. J. TRAHAR, MERCHANT
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THE
POPULAR GROCERY
T. E. O'CALLAGHAN
Has opened out one of the
CHOICEST STOCKS OF FAMILY
GROCERIES!

EVER SEEN IN
LONDON.
EVERYTHING NEW AND FRESH
AND CHEAP.

Goods delivered promptly. Call and see.
Don't forget the place.
"THE RED FRONT,"
Next to the City Hotel,
DUNDAS STREET.

SPECIAL SALE OF
CHOICE GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS.
FITZGERALD,
SCANDRETT & CO.
Have just received a very large
consignment of
THE VERY CHOICEST FAMILY
GROCERIES,
AND
WINES
AND
LIQUORS.

Of the purest brands, which will be sold at
figures to suit the times.
GOODS DELIVERED PROMPTLY TO
ANY PART OF THE CITY.
Call and inspect the new stock just arrived.

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,
169 DUNDAS STREET,
Nearly opposite new Federal Bank.
THE NATIONAL POLICY.
FOR—
CANADA,
PAY AS YOU GO
In anticipation of an advance in the
value of the Canadian dollar, the
value in dollars from 17 to 20, 25, 30 and 35
per cent. will not affect our customers, as
we will sell at the OLD LOW PRICES this season.

READY MADE CLOTHING
A large stock, cheap,
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER
in first-class style,
DRESSMAKING.
GEO. D. SUTHERLAND & CO.,
158 DUNDAS STREET.

BELO! WHY DON'T YOU CALL AT
SCARROW'S
and get your Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Val-
ises, etc., etc. 7. We make our goods and
sell them cheaper than any other firm in
Canada. Fact! Our Oak-Tanned Leather
Harnesses, etc., etc.
W. SCARROW, 215 Dundas St.
THE POPULAR GROCERY
Is where every person can
get the
CHEAPEST AND BEST
quality in the city.
GROCERIES, WINES & LIQUORS
Wholesale and Retail.
JOHN SCANDRETT,
Directly opposite Strong's Hotel,
175 Dundas-st. 5m

A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S
PIANO-FORTE AND MUSIC
WAREHOUSES,
ODDFELLOWS' BLOCK,
229 DUNDAS STREET.

GENERAL AGENT for the celebrated
Graham & Sons, Boston; Dunham & Sons,
New York; Hays Bros., New York;
Canadian Agents for Buffalo, Ewer & Co.,
of London, the renowned publishers of sac-
red and secular Music and Musical Works.
A large assortment of Music by Mozart,
Haydn, Lambillotte, Mercedante, Hummel,
Peters, Jauson, Ewer, Rosewig, and other
celebrated composers of Catholic Music.
Every variety of Sheet Music, Musical Mer-
chandise and Instruments kept in stock.
\$66
A WEEK in your age, been another capital
invested. You can get a business trial with
out expense. The best opportunity ever offered
for those willing to work. You should try ex-
perimenting with the business as offered. No room to
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TELEGRAPHIC.

UNITED STATES.

Chicago, September 22.—The tug C. W. Parker, while towing the schooner A. Wood to Evanston, burst her boiler off Lincoln Park. The following are the killed: Robert Lakey, captain; John Callaghan, engineer; Peter Rogers, fireman; William Burton, cook. The only one on the tug who survived was William McGuire, deck hand, and he was badly injured.

Memphis, Tenn., September 22.—No new cases of fever reported to-day. Two deaths since last night, including W. S. White, Operator, Western Union Telegraph Co. White's is the third death in the telegraph office here this season of fever.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Dublin, Sept. 20.—The recent fine weather has enabled farmers in the southern and midland counties to harvest their grain. Oats are excellent; wheat is fair, hay in some places about average; potatoes fair. Crops on poor and low lands are disappointing, but there is no danger of famine or any form of universal distress.

Dublin, Sept. 20.—The Council of the Home Rule League has passed a motion made by Chas. St. Patrick, member for Meath, to the effect that it is too late to take action on the letter of Wm. Shaw, member of Parliament for the County of Cork, in which he refuses to participate in the proposed Irish National Convention, and suggests the establishment of a convention to discuss the land question only.

AUSTRIA.

London, Sept. 21.—A despatch from Pesth says the floor of a synagogue at Szolnok, near Munkacs, gave way yesterday, owing to over-crowding. Eighteen women were killed and eight seriously injured.

INDIA.

Calcutta, Sept. 22.—Reports from Cashmere are still gloomy. All European eye-witnesses agree that great corruption prevails among the officials. The Maharajah and his ministers show want of energy in relieving the distress of the people. A ghastly story has been going the rounds of the papers that two boat loads of famine-stricken people were taken out into the lake and drowned. The story has been contradicted, apparently on the authority of Durbar, but it obtained general credence among the people and visitors in the valley.

AFGHANISTAN.

London, Sept. 18.—A Candahar despatch says that General Hughes' brigade has been ordered to Khelat Ighlial. The regiments at Herat maintain on the 5th, and murdered their commander.

A Ali Kheyl despatch says intelligence has been received of the terrible outbreak at Herat. The troops have revolted and murdered the civil and military authorities.

Simla, Sept. 19.—It is rumored the district of Khasia has revolted.

London, Sept. 21.—A correspondent at Ali Kheyl reports that an important embassy has arrived from the Ameer of Afghanistan bringing assurances of his fidelity. The Holy War is being preached in the Khost Valley and among the Mongolians. Great preparations are being made by the rebels, and vigorous resistance may be expected at Cabul.

London, Sept. 22.—A Calcutta despatch says the Government is not satisfied regarding the Ameer's conduct. The Ameer has caused the execution of the commander of the mutineers, but public feeling is still strong against him for not protecting the lives of the members of the Embassy. He has forfeited forever the respect of his subjects.

A despatch from Shuterghand says a body of Mongols waylaid a returning company near there, and killed nine Sepoys, sixteen mutineers, and carried off eighty four mules.

London, Sept. 22.—A despatch from Simla states that a special mission from the Ameer is now on its way to the Indian frontier to seek an interview with Viceroy Lytton. The object of this visit is believed to be to induce the latter to abandon the advance on Cabul. In view of the doubts entertained of the Ameer's loyalty to the British this mission is viewed with distrust, and the opinion is openly expressed by commanders of the English forces and others that it can only be explained upon the theory that Yakoob Khan is in secret league with Russia, and is thus seeking to gain time. The mission has already arrived at Ali Kheyl en route to the present headquarters of the Viceroy. The feeling among the English troops is strongly against granting any concession of the kind which will probably be demanded by the Ameer.

ZULULAND.

London, Sept. 18.—Further particulars of the capture of King Cetewayo have been received. It was somewhat by accident that the capture was effected. A patrol of the King's dragoon guards, scouting in the heart of the Nyome, first fell upon his trail, followed it up, and ran him to earth. Finding himself surrounded and resistance altogether impracticable, the African monarch advanced to the Captain of the patrol and tendered him his surrender. He was in a greatly exhausted condition, and bore on his person evidence of much privation, suffering and mental disquietude. But he maintained a remarkable self-composure, and in offering his surrender said he had no doubt his captors would extend to him the rights of a royal prisoner of war. All the important Zulu chiefs have now surrendered or made their peace with Sir Garnet Wolseley, and the task remains of perfecting by wise measures what has been accomplished by this long and disastrous war.

London, Sept. 22.—A despatch from Sir Garnet Wolseley to the War Office announces that he has signed terms of peace with all the Zulu chiefs, and effected a thorough understanding with them, which in his opinion will preserve the future peace of South Africa. One of the provisions of this treaty puts an end to the Zulu military system whereby young warriors of tribes were not permitted to marry until they had served in battle and distinguished themselves by bravery. The chiefs who have signed the treaty undertake to prohibit the importation of arms into their territories, and promise to make no declaration of war upon other tribes

without consent of the British authorities. At Cape Colony the terms of the treaty, as explained by Sir Garnet Wolseley, appear to be extremely comprehensive and prudent, and reasonable anticipations are now entertained that we have seen the last of warfare between the English and natives in South Africa.

Cape Town, Sept. 22.—Cetewayo will come here immediately to await the orders of the Home Government. His capture had a quieting effect among the natives, and the danger of a rupture with the Portuguese has passed away.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 12th instant, the wife of Chas. Doe, Esq., of a son.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

H. H. GORE, 519 Richmond street, sells the best ice cream in the city, made with pure cream and no corn starch used in it. Come and try it or have one quart sent to your house. Gore's home-made bread is noted all over the city for its sweetness, and those who have given it a trial will give no other.

DR. MOTHERSILL would beg to notify the inhabitants of London and vicinity that in a practice of nearly thirty years he has never lost a case of confinement, nor any case of scarlet fever, erysipelas, or diphtheria, or any case of typhoid fever, nor any case of diphtheria for the last fifteen years. He is habitually curing cases that have resisted treatment at the hands of other practitioners, such as heart and lung affections, kidney and liver complaints, and all forms of nervous debility, dyspepsia, etc.

REMOVAL.—Wm. Smith, machinist and practical repairer of sewing machines, has removed to 253 Dundas street, near Wellington. A large assortment of needles, oils, bobbins, shuttles, and separate parts for all sewing machines made, kept constantly on hand.

It will pay you to buy Boots and Shoes at Pocock Bros. They keep a full line of ladies' and gentlemen's fine goods. No trouble to show goods. Written orders promptly attended to.

A MONTGOMERY, importer and wholesale dealer in foreign and domestic fruits, stacked fish, game, oysters, etc., City Hall buildings, Richmond street, London, Ont.

COMMERCIAL.

London Markets. London, September 25, 1879.

The arrivals of wheat on the Market Square to-day were considerable, and rather above the average. Owing to an improved demand, notwithstanding the liberal supply, the tone of the market was altogether in sellers' favor. Winter wheat of all kinds advanced and may be quoted at \$1.75 to \$1.81. Oats were steady at late figures; barley scarce and wanted. Hay plentiful and weaker. Butter quiet; eggs firm. Fruit of all kinds is becoming scarcer and dearer. Potatoes steady at 90c to 65c.

Table with columns for GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED, and MISCELLANEOUS. Lists various commodities and their prices.

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WESTERN FAIR.

\$12,000 OFFERED IN PRIZES.

Will be held in the CITY OF LONDON, September 29th & 30th, and October 1st, 2nd & 3rd.

Prize Lists and Entry Papers may be had on application to secretary. All entries are requested to be made on or before 20th Sept. Railway arrangements have been made for ONE FAIR to London and return.

WM. MCBRIDE, Secretary. WESTERN FAIR OFFICE, London, 1st Sept., 1879.

JOHN M. DENTON, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Would notify his patrons that he has received a very Choice Line of Goods suitable for the Fall Trade. These goods are Very Superior in Quality and Style, and can be had in this City only at John M. Denton's. All other Lines Complete in Every Department.

372 RICHMOND STREET. 372 FOREST CITY GROCERY.

Opposite Oddfellows' Hall, DUNDAS STREET, S. VINCENT.

Fine Teas and Sugars. Pure Wines and Liquors, put up in flasks. Ale and Porter on Draught, 10c. per quart.

Goods delivered to any part of the City.

S. VINCENT, Cor. Clarence & Dundas sts., London.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE GOTHIC HALL, TRUSSES.

Of the latest improvements and Elastic Stockings, Elastic Knee-Caps, Abdominal Supporters.

Every Requisite for the Sick Room. B. A. MITCHELL & SON, 114 Dundas St., West, north side.

Special attention paid to fitting on Trusses. DR. MITCHELL, Manager.

J. W. ASHBURY, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

115 Dundas St., London.

All the leading Patent Medicines of the day kept in stock at the lowest prices.

BROWN & MORRIS, ENGLISH, AMERICAN AND GERMAN SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

Cor. Dundas & Clarence Sts., LONDON, ONT.

Dealers in English, American and German SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

Farmers and others may rest assured that in this line will be found at our place of business, and will be sold at the lowest price.

BROWN & MORRIS, Cor. Dundas & Clarence Sts., 41-ly

Go to W. McLEOD HORN, 124 Dundas Street, London, for the Gold and Silver watches, Jewellery, Clocks, Spectacles & Fancy Goods.

Wedding rings made to order. The only Fine Jewellery House in this line in the City.

Remember the place. W. L. CARRIE, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, DEALER IN FANCY GOODS, 417 RICHMOND STREET, Opposite the office of the Advertiser.

A large stock of Sheet Music constantly on hand. Music not in stock can be procured in a few days.

Consumption and general Debility. From J. JARVIS, Westminster.

For nearly six years I had been suffering with severe lung disease and general exhaustion of the nervous system, which was thought to be a fatal case of consumption. My flesh wasted, and cough was constant, with frequent haemorrhages and night sweats. My food was abundant and of a purulent character. I had tried several doctors of this city without receiving any benefit. With these symptoms I consulted Dr. Wilson, Electro-Pathic and Hygienic Physician, who, upon careful examination of my chest, both by percussion and auscultation, and also by the new method of Electro-Diagnosis of the system, assured me of a favorable termination of my complaint. I put myself under his care, and received the electrical applications at first, daily, and afterwards tri-weekly; and I am pleased to state that in one month I was able to resume business duties. The effects upon me were very marked, and I can confidently speak in favor of Electro-Pathic Treatment as given by Dr. Wilson, in all complaints of the chest, where the lung tissue is not too far disorganized. Mr. Jarvis is in good health at the present time.

N.B.—These testimonials of cures are given, not for the information of those who already know what the proper quantities of electricity can accomplish, but for those persons who have not had time to give attention to the Therapeutic uses of Electricity.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING held at Liverpool, on the 1st August, the report submitted showed the following figures:

Table showing financial details of the Royal Insurance Company, including Fire Premiums, Losses, and Reserves.

BUCKEYE BELL FOUNDRY, 47-ly

CATHOLIC CHURCH & SOCIETY JOB PRINTING.

For all kinds of Catholic Societies we will print promptly and at low prices.

SEND FOR ESTIMATES. THOS. COFFEY, Catholic Record, London, Ont.

W. H. ROBINSON, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, DEALER IN CHEMICALS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, DYE STUFFS, ETC.

All Patent Medicines sold at as Low Figures as by ESTABLISHMENT IN CANADA.

Open Sunday afternoon and evenings for dispensing Prescriptions.

ST. ANNE, OTTAWA RIVER.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Secretary of Public Works, and endorsed "Tender for Canal and Lock at St. Anne," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western mail on Friday the 10th day of October next, for the construction of a Lock and the formation of approaches to it on the landward side of the present Lock at St. Anne.

A map of the locality, together with plans and specifications of the works to be done can be seen at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western mail on Friday the 10th day of October next, at either of which places printed copies of the same shall be obtained.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that Tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and in the case of firms, except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same, and further, an accepted bank cheque for the sum of \$2,000 must accompany the Tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the works, at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

The due fulfillment of the contract, satisfactory security will be required by the deposit of money to the amount of five per cent. on the bid sum, or for large sums and for which the sum sent in with the Tender will be considered sufficient.

Ninety per cent. only of the progress estimates will be paid until the completion of the work.

To each tender must be attached the actual signatures of the responsible solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions, as well as the signature of the works embraced in the Contract.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary. Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 20th August, 1879.

ROYAL STANDARD LOAN CO. OF CANADA.

OFFICE—45 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONTARIO.

THE above Company make advances on Real Estate on favorable terms of repayment; six per cent allowed on all Savings Bank Deposits of \$100 and upwards, for a fixed period liberal terms will be made.

F. A. FITZGERALD, Esq., President. W. H. FERRELL, Esq., Vice-President. JAMES H. HILL, Esq., Treasurer. DONALD M'CALLAN, Esq., Manager.

NATIONAL POLICY GREENS.

Can't be undersold, so have reduced the price of building materials.

Georgian Bay Barn Lumber, \$11 00. Flooring and V. Siding, 17 00. Warranted shingles, per square, 1 75. Lath, per 1000 pieces, 2 00. Rippled Boards, 1 50. Other kinds of Lumber, Sash, Mouldings, Frames, etc., proportionally cheap. Yard and factory—Corner Clarence and Bathurst streets. 47-ly

L. G. JOLLIFFE, (Successor to Stevens, Turner & Burns) PLUMBER, STEAM & GAS FITTER, BELL HANGER, ETC.

Dealer in Hand and Steam Pumps, Iron and Lead Pipes, Brass and Iron Fittings, etc. Special attention given to fitting up houses and Public buildings outside of the city, with plumbing, gas fitting, etc. Also heating stoves with steam or hot water. 375 Richmond St., London, Ont. 42-ly

W. T. STRONG, PHARMACIST AND DRUGGIST, STRONG'S HOTEL BLOCK.

The greatest possible care taken in the selection of PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!!

We will offer to-morrow 67 doz. Men's, Youths' and Boys' FUR, FELT AND WOOL HATS,

The balance of a WHOLESALE BANKRUPT STOCK! PURCHASED IN TORONTO AT 46c. ON THE DOLLAR.

The whole of which we are determined to clear out at a small advance on costs, in order to make room for our NEW FALL STOCK!

Hurry up and Secure your Bagains! These Goods must be Sold at 41.3m 179 Dundas Street HEAL'S Opposite Strong's Hotel.

NEW STORE. PETHICK & McDONALD

Have much pleasure in announcing to the public that they have opened out one of CLOTHS, TWEEDS & FURNISHING GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY. GOOD TWEED SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES: All Wool Tweed Suits . . . \$12 75 Scotch Tweed Suits . . . \$16 00

The public would do well to inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. PETHICK & McDONALD, First Door north of City Hall, Richmond St.

CAUTION! CAUTION! THE GENUINE SINGER! SEWING MACHINE

Has the Company's Registered Trade Mark on side of arm, and the words, THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY Printed on top of arm. Office and Salesroom in the Odd Fellows' Hall Building, 222 DUNDAS STREET.

J. R. HICKOK, MANAGER. BOOK & JOB PRINTING AT THE RECORD OFFICE.

MCDONALD'S ONE OUNCE STIFF HATS

Readers of this paper requiring something new in the way of a STIFF HAT! should see these MCDONALD'S.

ALSO THE LATEST STYLES IN GENTS' FURNISHINGS. MCDONALD'S, EDGE BLOCK, 400 RICHMOND ST.

CHAMPION PORTABLE SAW & GRIST MILLS

SEND FOR SAMPLE OF FLOUR. USES BEST FRENCH BURR MILL STONES. SUPERIOR SHUT MILL. CAPACITY ONE & QUARTER BARRELS OF FLOUR PER HOUR.

ADDRESS WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO. BRANTFORD CANADA. SAY WHERE YOU SAW THIS ADVERTISEMENT.

D. REGAN, HIS IMMENSE STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES!

At prices even below BANKRUPT STOCKS. All his Goods are first-class, bought for cost from the best manufacturers in the country.

They will enable him to sell at prices which cannot fail to satisfy his customers. REMEMBER! FIRST-CLASS WORK AT PRICES AS CLOSE AS ANY STORE IN THE DOMINION.

CHURCH AND SCHOOL FURNITURE.

We have much pleasure in calling the attention of School Inspectors, Trustees, and others to our new improved Seat and Desk. Owing to our large experience in the manufacture of School Furniture as a specialty, our attention has been directed to the defects in the existing styles of School Desks, with the result, we believe, of having produced a seat and Desk perfect in every particular. As will be shown by reference to our illustrated catalogue, which can be had on application, the seats are slatted and curved to fit the body perfectly, and fold out of the way when required.

The back is also slatted high, and curved to fit the body and give the very best support. The Desk when folded out is wide and at the most convenient inclination for writing. When folded up for reading, a small ledge keeps the books in place, and the angle of the leaf is such that the pupil may sit in an upright and natural position without straining the eyesight in the least. Send for catalogue and price list.

BENNET BROS., London, Ont. EATON'S "PALACE" DRY GOODS HOUSE, 142 DUNDAS STREET.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE in Prices all this Month of June! Last Saturday, at the "PALACE" DRY GOODS HOUSE, Four Hundred and Five customers were served with DRY GOODS. Cheap goods make lively times. We sell cheap all the time! Now in Particular!

JAMES EATON & CO. CHAPMAN'S DRY GOODS NOW GOING ON!

Dress Goods, Worth 25c., 35c., and 45c. per Yard, 12c. Prints, 5c. per yard; White Diaper, 5c. per yard. Oxford Shirting, 7c. per yard.

READY-MADE CLOTHING A SPECIALTY. J. H. CHAPMAN & CO. (EATON'S OLD STAND.)