

# The St. Andrews Standard

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ST. ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, FEB. 26, 1884.

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Vol 35

ST. ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, FEB. 26, 1884.

No 9

## ENGLAND SETTLEMENT IN NEW JERSEY.

### HARMONTON TRACT OF AND IN NEW JERSEY

THEY THOUSAND ACRES, surveyed, and is now offered for sale, in

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, 1884. This tract is situated in the township of...

HERE AND WHY IT IS IMPORTANT.

THESE ARE THE REASONS FOR THE IMPORTANCE OF THIS TRACT...

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## GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, January 27, 1884.

HIS EXCELLENCE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE HONORABLE

MINISTER OF THE TARIFFS AND CUSTOMS

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF FINANCE

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF JUSTICE

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF EDUCATION

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF LANDS AND FORESTS

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF MILITARY AFFAIRS

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF MARINE AND FISHERIES

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF LABOR

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF SOCIAL WELFARE

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF HEALTH

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AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

AND THE HONORABLE MINISTER OF FINANCE

## Poetry.

I wish I was an editor,

I really do indeed;

Get everything they need.

They get the biggest and the best

Of everything that grows,

And get in free to circulate

And other kind of plays.

And when a mammoth cheese is cut

They always get a slice,

They get Mr. Pitt's kisses too

To make it very sweet.

The largest pumpkin longest beet,

Is blown into the slumbers by

An editorial puff.

The largest bug will speak to them,

No matter how they dress,

A really cool is nothing if

You own a printing press.

And thus they get a blow out free,

At every party held;

The reason is, because they ride

And other people read.

## Interesting Case.

### OVERBOARD IN THE GULF.

[Concluded.]

When I next rose to the light of day

the man-of-war was fast receding. I was so

tired, so breathless from being nearly

smothered, that I could not raise my voice

above that of a child, and hence failed to

attract the attention of the look-out when I

saw gazing in search-of-land. May Heaven

grant that none who read these words may

ever experience feeling similar to mine at that

moment! In another instant I had recovered

my voice, but the frigate was now out of hearing.

Suddenly, just as I was giving way to despair,

I saw in the distance a large ship driving

before the gale, under a reefed main-top-

sail and stay-sail. She was heading directly

toward me. This afforded a new gleam of

hope. If I could but arrest her attention, I

thought I should be rescued. I forgot that it

would be first necessary to throw her into the

wind, and that the risk of her broaching-to

she taught me to pray. I was a boy going to

school, now chasing a butterfly; now watching

the angles from the village bridge, but ever

blazing on my way. I saw my little sister

die, and after her, one by one, in that season

of terrible epidemic, my four brothers. I fol-

lowed my father to the grave, the last victim

of that pestilence; I went with my surviving

parent, I promised always to stay by her; I

was left all in all. And then, with a flight of

years, came other pictures. I was older and

more adventurous, but I fear, not wiser nor

better. A strange longing for the sea had

seized me. I had secretly joined a ship sailing

for the Mediterranean, and was now on

my return. But, what? I was never to see

that happy home again! The stronging boat

of God had overtaken me! No mother would

ever weep over my ashes, no kind hand would

beck the sod with flowers. My boat was to

be tossed to and fro, midway down the depths

of ocean, until the trumpet or the archangel

should sound.

The night began to close in. Darker and

dearer the shades of evening fell around the

waste of waters, and the wind, as it went by,

seemed nothing but a whisper. Occasionally

the lightning threw a ghastly radiance across

the water. I was cold, weary, and half-stup-

id. My senses began to desert me. No

longer able to buffet against fate as I had done,

I took in each moment larger draughts of the

briety element. In fact, I was drowning—

Things actual and things visionary—the pro-

cess and the past—began to commingle in my

brain in a wild phantasmagoria. Faces of

childhood, the sweet faces of my dead brothers

and sisters, looked at me from the sky above;

while hideous ones, that countenance seen

in fever-dreams, grinned out from the spray

around. Confused noises, too, were in my

ears. There was music as if demons laughed in

the gale. Gradually all things seen or

heard became more and more indistinct—a

dead blank came before me, leaving only the

sensation of blackness; and then uttered for

Years have passed since then, and I have

rehearsed my deliverance a hundred times, yet

I always shrink to recall those terrible hours

when OYERKIND IN THE GULF.

In the hope that something may be done to

relieve the burdens upon the people, we have

united with our contemporaries in the effort to

prevent a tax from being imposed upon news-

papers. If that tax is levied, it will add to

the bitterness already felt, and now rapidly

growing. The following is the official record

of the action had at a meeting held at St.

John on the 20th inst. —

At a meeting of the St. John Press, held in

this city this day, the following journals, being

represented, namely:—The News, Telegraph,

Globe, Journal, Visitor, Intelligence, Church

Witness, and Colonial Presbyterian, the fol-

lowing Resolutions were agreed upon:—

I. That the Resolutions adopted by the

Press of this city on the 22nd of November,

1867, and formerly published, having been

re-affirmed.

II. That public sentiment in the Atlantic

Provinces, as expressed since the late regula-

tion of the Postal service was passed, is strongly

opposed to the imposition of newspaper pos-

tage, regarding the same as inexpedient and

undesired.

III. That Mr. Willis M. Livingston, and

Mr. Ellis be a Committee to give publicity to

the Resolutions, and to take such other steps

to give effect to them as they may deem pro-

per.

I. E. BELL, Chairman.

(Signed) WILLIAM ELDER, Secretary.

St. John, Feb. 20, 1868.

## A Second Ulysses.

An old man of very accurate physiognomy,

answering to the name of Jacob Wilnot, was

brought before the public court. His clothes

looked as though they had been bought in his

youthful prime for they had suffered more from

the ravages of the world than the proprietor

himself.

What business do you follow, Wilnot?

None but the private deserts the fair and

hope but the brave can live, with some of em.

It is my opinion that man ought not to have

any children. I have seen many enough

to find out you are blessed by pure necessity.

A Mistake.

Charles Wolfe alter led the lady Jane, and

to her father's house returned again, were, to

convoy them on their wedding tour, already

took a brilliant coach and four. When, on

the gathering showers at once descended, clouds

roll on coldly, and wearing winds, could

they move him not, but in his hand his bride

and gait himself cramped by her side;

when thus to cheer the fair one he began: "I

hope we shall have a fine sun."

But she, to whom the weather gave no pain, who

needed not the least nor patterning rain, but

most about her future state bethought her, re-

plied, "My dear I'd rather have a daughter."

CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT WATER.—The

extent to which water mingles with bodies ap-

parently the most solid, is very wonderful.—

The glittering opal, which heavy wears as an

ornament, is equally firm and water. Of every

100 tons of earth which a land field has in-

crease, 100 are water. The snow-capped

mountains of Sweden and Ben Nevis have many

millions of tons of water in a solidified form.

In every cluster of Paris streets which a man

carries through, or streets for sale, there is

one pound of water to four pounds of chalk.

The air we breathe contains five grains of water

to each cubic foot of its bulk.

ROMANCE IN WESTERN NEW YORK.—The

Elliotville Republican gives an account of a

couple in Lyndon, Cataraugus county, who

were married some thirty years ago, and moved

to New York city. The young wife for some

reason returned to Lyndon soon after, and

married an old man there, whereupon the de-

serted husband took revenge, and another wife

by marrying in the city. The two couples

lived peacefully, and raised families of several

children; but a few years since the land of

death deprived them of their second children

Original issues in Poor Condition

Best copy available

COMMUNICATIONS.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Dear Sir:—My communication of the 12th inst. respecting the discommunal character of the Charlotte Co. Grammar School, appears to have excited quite a commotion in certain quarters, and to have provoked the issue of at least "A Director" if not also "One of the Public." Evidently believing that production in the better part of labor, the latter writes in such a non-committal manner, that it is difficult to determine whether he is in favor of, or opposed to, the present order of things. Assuming the humble position of an enquirer he wishes to know by what authority I presume to speak for the public; whether the Act of A. D. 1816, if now tested by public opinion, would be pronounced valid in other denominations, and whether there are men in the Baptist and Methodist churches of this town, competent to discharge the duties of Directors of said school. In the first place I reply, that any person has the right to speak for, and on behalf of the public, to protest against wrong to plead for redress of grievances, and to labour to secure the repeal of every unrighteous enactment that may be found upon the Statute Book; and especially so, if from personal intercourse with and knowledge of the people, he is made acquainted with the prevailing discontent. Before the second question could be definitely answered, it would have to be submitted to a popular vote, and whether it would please or displease "One of the Public" the signs of the times pretty clearly indicate that the day is not far distant, when, in some way or other, it will be tested. And in order that the last may be correctly answered, it will be necessary to ascertain what are the qualifications required by law to render a person eligible for the office in question. On this point, I think, the law is silent, and therefore our only guide is the educational status of those composing the present Board. Are they all qualified to examine said school, and intelligently report thereon; or is a good deal said on examination days as unknown to them as B-n-gales or Micmac. What may be the scholastic attainments of members of the above named churches, I am not prepared to say, but really it sounds a little too pretensions to assume that the intelligence of the entire community is monopolized by any one church. "A Director" is evidently annoyed that any one should presume to say a word upon the subject, and accuses me of trying to stir up a feeling of hostility to the school, from motives of sectarian jealousy. I emphatically deny the charge, and contend that hygiene was both mild and respectful. Some men are so jealous, so narrow minded themselves, that they take it for granted that every one else must be like them. He seems to prefer to find fault on his fancied ecclesiastical superiority, and imagining himself a most important personage, is foolishly enough to suppose that others must be jealous. Jealous indeed, pray of what? Without saying one word against the Episcopal church, it is very doubtful whether any of "the sects" would be willing to day to exchange places with her. The very course "A Director" is pursuing, by having open to the charge of doing the very thing he complains of, for instead of discussing the merits of the question, he appeals to the past one and prejudices of the public.

While I have no wish to underrate the acts and deeds of our forefathers, I am nevertheless persuaded that it would not be difficult to prove that they did many foolish things, and consequently bent upon to us a great deal of trouble. Our legislators from year to year feel called upon to modify or repeal the laws of fifty years ago, as utterly inconsistent with the advanced state of society in our day. It is a matter of thankfulness that many "a new light" has arisen from a time to time, both in Church and State, to whom the world is deeply indebted; and whether "A Director" can tell the difference between them, I would remind him that nicknames are not arguments, and that perhaps a little more "light" about some other things in the past of this town would do the public no harm.

The reference to the Parish School is not all to the point, for as the public have control of the same, they can choose whom they please to be its Trustees. Your correspondent certainly conveys the impression that the Grammar School Board is "ecclesiastical" in its composition, while the Parish School is elected because it is not. Really, Sir, the modesty of some of the world were taken from it, for surely virtue and wisdom would die with them. Now as it is a poor rule that will not work both ways, and as it will not be doubted that Episcopal influence has ever been in the ascendant in the town, I suppose that is the reason why it grows so rapidly, why it flourishes so greatly, why it is so well known as to go ahead where, and why it is being men so active and so receiving. Thank you, Mr. Director, for the information, and however hard it may be to do so, it will be pleased to your credit.

The reason for the non-appointment of Baptist and Methodist ministers, not clergymen, to the office in question, is said to be because of their being changed so frequently. Would "A Director" be kind enough to tell me why a Baptist minister cannot remain as long in charge of a Church as either an Episcopalian or Presbyterian. How many ministers in this Province have remained longer in one place than the late respected Rev. S. Robinson, of St. John. And on the principle that the British Sovereign never dies, the Methodist minister is a perpetual incumbent. "A Director" must bear in mind that there are such people as Presbyterians, Baptists and Methodists, that they are growing in numbers and in influence, that how ever lamely they may have submitted to these things in the past, they are not disposed to do so much longer; that they must and will have equality of privileges; that

more than this they do not act, with less they will not be satisfied. Exception is taken to the use of the term "Episcopalian," but surely "A Director" will all his love of the ancients, is not so far behind the times, as not to have read Lord Carnarvon's celebrated Dispatch which laid it down as law, that beyond the boundaries of England and Wales, the "Church of England" did not exist.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, I would say that I have heard of enterprising parties from all over the Province, trying by both or schools, but sincerely hope that nothing of the kind will be attempted in this case, believing that an honest advocacy of the question will secure the object aimed at, without the terrible consequences decreed by "A Director."

Yours truly,  
Public Opinion.

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—President Johnson has appointed Adjutant General Thomas Secretary of War, thus again removing Secretary Stanton.

Gen. McClellan has been nominated Minister to England.

Great excitement exists caused by the action of President Johnson in the removal of Stanton from the War Office. General Thomas, appointed to succeed Stanton has been accused for violating the tenure of office law, and the committee on reconstruction have agreed upon and reported a bill to impeach the President.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—In the House of Commons this evening Mr. Disraeli gave an explicit denial to the report that the expenditures already incurred by the Abyssinian Expedition exceeded the estimates laid before the House at its last session, by the Government.

Lord Stanley made an explanation in regard to Mexico. He said that diplomatic relations with that country have been suspended for the reasons that last September the Mexican Government declined all intercourse with those powers which recognized the late emperor.

Sir Stafford Northcote, Secretary of State for India, said the latest letters received from Gen. Napier gave reason to hope that the war in Abyssinia would be ended this season.

Tuesday, February 23rd, has been assigned as the day for the consideration of the state of Ireland in the House of Commons.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 21.

Dear Sir:—In accordance with a promise given you I send a few notes from the capital, which you can make such use of as you think proper. Fredericton is not so gay as usual at this season of the year, but does not appear like the old place, there are so many of the members who for several years past were the "great guns," absent. I think however that after a Session of two the new members will know the ropes. Writing of evening parties reminds me that we had a very pleasant party at His Excellency's the other evening, and it is but justice to say that Col. Harding did everything in his power to make the affair, what it turned out, most agreeable and pleasant.

You will have seen by the Press telegrams, that the new members are not disposed to be idle. They have bought in several measures, and advocated them with considerable ability. One of them, viz: taxation for support of Schools, am sorry to say received its quietus, but this arose from a feeling that it would interfere with the Government measure which will be introduced shortly.

Hartley's resolutions on the route of the Intercolonial Railway were introduced, in a very creditable speech by the mover, who is member for Carleton, and quite a young man, who recently took up the profession of a Civil Engineer, and had the benefit from Woodstock to the St. Andrews Railway. He is sound on the route to connect us by Rail with Quebec and Ontario, and exposed the ridiculous calculations of Major Robinson, the "Great Unknown" and other North Shore advocates.

He carried his point. The members for your County ably supported him. Stevenson and Fry your new members, are "slay bees," improving the hours, not by "gathering honey" but Legislative information. You must not, perhaps I should say their constituents generally must not expect too much from them; they long they will be found the right men in the proper place, still, willing to speak when necessary. I spent many months a few years ago, with one of them, when he was requiring that information which he will find so useful to him in his present position.

Your old stage, (I beg his pardon), the Hon. member of the Government from Charlotte is as wide awake as ever, and the member for St. George is about as ready and independent as any member in the House.

The Government brought in the first Bill on the 18th—to abolish the office of Clerk of the Crown, and the Clerk of the Circuits, and promised in a few days to be prepared with other measures. From my observation I am safe in saying that the House and Government appear in a measure to act independently of each other; but still there is a majority in the popular branch which would come to the rescue of the Executive. A feeling of economy is prevalent, but how far it will be carried out this depends sayeth not.

No Reports have as yet been laid before the House.

M. A.

book in the first Universities of Europe.

There is a gentleman in this Province at the head of one of its educational institutions, who attended the lamented professor's classes for some time, and was for many years an intimate friend of this distinguished man.

The Bill to assess the County of Charlotte \$1,000 for expenses of transmitting information to General Government with reference to the Intercolonial Railway, &c., was agreed in Committee on the 21st inst.

The Hon. W. B. Kinnear for many years a Representative for St. John and also a member of the Legislative Council died in St. John last week. Mr. Kinnear was universally and deservedly respected, and at the time of his death was President of the N. B. Auxiliary Bible Society.

It is reported that Mr. Skinner is to be appointed Judge of Probate, with a seat in the Legislative Council.

Mr. C. S. Loggin, has been appointed Secretary to the P. B. Agriculture, vice Judge Stevens, resigned.

POWERFUL IRON CLAD.—The most powerful iron clad in the world has been purchased by Russia; this monster war vessel surpasses all others in size, speed, armor, and armament—measuring 355 feet in length, 60 feet in breadth, 6,000 tons burden; her engines nominally 1,500 horse power, can be worked up to 7,000 horse power; her armament includes twenty-six 300 pounders, and requires 700 men to man her, the cost £400,000.

The "King William" was built by the Tanco Iron Works Company, of London, for the Sultan of Turkey, but his government failing to pay for her, the ship was offered at bare cost to the British Government, but inevitable red-tapeism delayed the purchase; and in the mean time the Prussian Government offered a considerable advance upon the price, and when the contract was signed, the British Admiralty offered to purchase, but too late.—The London Times says—"two little any of our vessels of the Warrior or Minotaur class which shall meet her." This formidable vessel is said to be "a feet in herself." She is so armed as to present at no point less than 6 inches of solid plate, backed by ten inch steel, and a double iron skin.

LECTURE.

The Rev. ROBERT WILSON has kindly consented to deliver a Lecture on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 4th MARCH, in the TOWN HALL, subject, "Characteristics of an Irishman, with sketches of Ireland and the Irish." The proceeds are to be applied in aid of the funds of the

Admission gratis excepting Society. Tickets—10 cents. To be had at the stores of Messrs. A. D. Stevenson, Geo. F. Stickney, J. S. Magee, and at the door.

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 7 1/2 o'clock. Feb. 19.

Department of Inland Revenue.

OTTAWA, 10th February, 1868.

It is reported that the Governor General has been pleased by an Order in Council, dated on the 21st ultimo, to authorize that the 95th Section of the Act 31 Viet. Chap. 8, be as far modified as to place Mail in the same position as Mail Express formerly occupied, and as Spirits and Tobacco may occupy, viz: of having the privilege of being so forth transferred in bond removed from one bonded warehouse to another bonded warehouse, or from place to place where Officers of the Inland Revenue are stationed, and of being exported free of duty, under the regulations provided and approved by an Order in Council of the 17th May, 1855, for the "warehousing and exportation of Spirits, Malt Liqueur and Tobacco."

By Command,  
THOS. WORTHINGTON,  
Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

NOTICE

An application will be made to the Governor General in Council for an Act to allow the Province of Charlotte County, to apply for the office of Fireward in the town of... Also an Act authorizing the... in the sum of... the fund... to the Act passed 1867, for...  
By Command,  
R. S. M. BOUCE,  
Commissioner.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 31st Dec. 1867.  
NOTICE is hereby given that I, Governor General in Council, under the authority vested in me, and direct that horses, hogs, pigs and other animals, poultry and other stock, whether by Agents or private individuals, shall, on importation, be accompanied by payment of Customs duty, and of...  
By Command,  
R. S. M. BOUCE,  
Commissioner.

NOTICE

An application will be made to the Governor General in Council for an Act, declaring that the... of the Province of... shall be applied to the benefit of the...  
By Order of the Governor General,  
GEO. S.  
January 12, 1868.

WANT

For the Parish School  
A FIRST CLASS MALE  
...  
St. Andrews, Jan. 26, 1868

FISH. FIS

THE Subscribers have  
...  
St. Andrews, Jan. 15.

Geneva, Old Whisky

For the "Academy" from Du  
from Liverpool  
65 Hbls.  
500 Green Cases  
45 Red  
150 Cases best Cognac  
3 Hbls  
18 Qr Cases  
20 do 4 doz pint fl  
20 do  
Dec. 11.

NOT

is hereby given, that the  
...  
St. Andrews, Nov.

HOUSE

The following  
...  
St. Andrews, Nov.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, FEB. 26, 1868.

Intercolonial Railway Route.

Petitions regarding the route of the Intercolonial Railway, are in course of signature in every Parish of this County; this is as it should be.—The North Shore Counties, Gaspe and Lower Canada have passed resolutions in favor of the Major Robinson route, and we are pleased to notice, that St. John and Carleton Counties have petitioned unanimously similar to those in this County. It is important that the Privy Council should have an expression of opinion and the sooner this is in their possession, the better for the interests of the Province. The resolutions passed by the Local Legislature were telegraphed to Ottawa, and will have an important bearing on the decision of the Privy Council, and at the same time corroborate the arguments of Messrs. Beck, Lawrence and others.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"Candor" was received too late for insertion this week. To ensure publication, communications should be handed in on Tuesday morning, and only written on one side of the sheet.

We regret to learn that Mr. Kerr, M. P. for Northumberland, lies dangerously ill at Fredericton.

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We regret to learn that Mr. Kerr, M. P. for Northumberland, lies dangerously ill at Fredericton.

Married.

At St. Stephen, on the 25th inst., by the Rev. A. B. Black, Mr. A. DESHERES STEVENSON, Merchant, of St. Andrews, to MARIETTA, daughter of Mr. Harrison Thompson, of St. Stephen.

Ship News

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS  
ARRIVED.  
Feb. 17, Schr. Ellen G. King, Marshall, Cuba 296 hogheads, 55 tierces, 43 bbls Molasses, 5 bags Coffee, Eaton & King.  
CLEARED.  
Feb. 21, Schr. Julia Clinch, Maloney, Saint John ballast.  
Empress, Marco, Eastport, Express goods.  
22, Delta, Cook, Read, sck, shingles Goodrod & Co.  
Ceres, Robbins, Boston, 1525 sleepers, R. Ross.  
Lizzie, Clark, Boston, 1,000 sleepers, 48 bundles hay, Hanson Bros.  
23, Elizabeth Bowley, Gatacob, 700 boxes smoked herring.

ONTARIO

Amherstburgh, Hytown, Branford, Chatham, Chippawa, Cornwall, Crumville, Clifton, Darlington, Dover, Danville, Dundas, Guelph, Oakville, Oshawa, Paris, Picton, Queenstown, Sarnia, Sault Ste. Marie, Stratford, Trenton, Whittby, Windsor, Woodstock.  
QUEBEC.  
Amherst, Magdalen Islands, Costicook, Gaspe, New Carlisle.  
NOVA SCOTIA.  
Halifax, Amherst, Annapolis, Antigonish, Arichat, Bedford, Barrington Passage, Bear River, Bridgetown, Canning (in Cornwallis), Digby, Kelly Cove, (Great Bras d'Or, Guysborough Harbour, Bridgewater in La Haine, Liverpool, Lunenburg, Mahone Bay, Margarettville, North Sydney, Pictou, Port Gilbert, Port Hawkesbury, Port Hood, Port Medway, Pagnanoh, Ragged Islands, Saint Anne's, Saint Peter's, Sydney, Tatamagouche, Wallace, Weymouth, Windsor, Yarmouth.  
NEW BRUNSWICK.  
Bathurst, Buctouche, Campbellton, Welchpool, Caraquette, Chatham, Dalhousie, Edmonstoun, Fredericton, Grand Falls, Moncton, New Castle, Richibucto, Sackville, Shediac, St. Andrews, St. George, St. John's, St. Stephen's, Auloder, Westchester, Woodstock.

NOT

is hereby given, that the  
...  
St. Andrews, Nov.

**NOTICE**

DEBERT WILSON has kindly...  
TOWN HALL, subject...  
Lecture to commence at 7 1/2

**NOTICE**

Application will be made to the Legislature...  
CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT...  
K. S. M. BOUCHETTE

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J. LOCHARY, Junr.

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**GOLDEN FLEECE!**

H. & P. CULLINAN  
Have received per Royal Mail Steamships a  
general assortment of  
**FALL AND WINTER GOODS,**  
Comprising French Merinos, all colors, French Poplins, French De Laines, Repps, Black Silks,  
Barabens, Coburgs, Laistres, Winceys, Popinets,  
Irish Poplins from the house of Fin Bros.,  
Black Silk Velvets, one case of Dress and Mantle Trimmings, Flats, Beaver and Whitney Cloths,  
Under Clothing, Hosiery and Gloves, real French Kid Gloves, first quality; English and  
Scottish Plaids, Astracan and Larbaich Cloths for Mantles and Sacques, Linen  
Goods in white, brown and half bleached Table Cloths, Napkins, D'Oyleys,  
Towelling, Turkish Rubbers, Holland, Sheetings,  
**READY MADE CLOTHING,**  
In heavy blue and black Beaver and Pilot, Whitney and Melton Overcoats and Reeling Jackets,  
Sack and Shooting Coats, newest style, Black Cloth Dress Coats, Fanny Tweed and Joeskin Pants,  
Joseph Rodgers & Sons Table and Pocket Cutlery.  
All the above goods are offered very cheap for, each either wholesale or retail.  
St. Stephen, October, 1867.

**FLOOR OILS!**

100 Barrels choice brands CANADIAN FLOUR, direct from Montreal.  
300 lbs. CHEESE, of a fine quality, and 25 Barrels of  
NO. 1 NOVA SCOTIA APPLIES.  
All of which will be sold cheap for CASH—wholesale and retail.  
A. D. STEVENSON.

**WANTED**

For the Parish School in this Town  
A FIRST CLASS MALE TEACHER—  
The duties of the school will consist of  
Teaching the Provincial Grammar, and reading  
Lauds, the latter equal to about Sixty dollars  
per annum. School House opposite the  
AL. G. F. PAUL, Trantee.  
J. LOCHARY, Jr., Clerk of the Peace.  
St. Andrews, Jan. 26, 1868.

**WANTED**

THE Subscribers have on hand and offer for  
sale:  
20,000 Q.TLS. Pollock and Cod Fish.  
Pickled, Smoked and Fresh Herrings.  
Fresh Fish constantly for sale.  
CLINCH, McLEAN & CO.  
St. Andrews, Jan. 15.

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sale:  
20,000 Q.TLS. Pollock and Cod Fish.  
Pickled, Smoked and Fresh Herrings.  
Fresh Fish constantly for sale.  
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CLINCH, McLEAN & CO.  
St. Andrews, Jan. 15.

**E. & N. A. Railway.**

Winter Arrangement  
OF TRAINS. 1867  
On and after WEDNESDAY 27th instant  
small further notice, Trains will run as fol-  
lows:  
UP TRAINS. 8 45 a.m.  
Leave St. John " " 4 00 p.m.  
DOWN TRAINS. at 10.00 a.m.  
6.30 a.m.  
Leave Shediac " Sussex  
The 4 p.m. Train will go to Sussex only.  
All the Trains will carry Freight.  
A Freight Train will also leave St. John for  
Moncton at 11 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays  
and Fridays, and Moncton for St. John at 6 10  
a.m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.  
Freight for stations West of Sussex will only  
be sent from St. John by the 4 p.m. train, and  
must be delivered at the Station one hour be-  
fore.  
Freight for Stations East of Sussex must be  
delivered at St. John Station before 6 o'clock  
p.m. of the day preceding the departure of the  
train by which it is to be sent.  
Freights to be forwarded from Sussex must be  
delivered at least one hour before the Trains are  
due to leave that station, and at least half an  
hour before their departure from all other sta-  
tions.  
GEO. THOMAS,  
Ct. Airman.  
Railway Commissioners Office, St. John, N. B., Nov. 20 1867.

**Accommodation Stage**

Between  
ST. ANDREWS & ST. STEPHEN.  
On and after this date, an Accommoda-  
tion Stage will run between the above named  
places, twice a week each way.  
LEAVING ST. ANDREWS  
Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays,  
AND ST. STEPHEN  
Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays,  
at 9 o'clock, a.m.  
HARRY & BRIDGES,  
C. C. BRIDGES.  
St. Andrews, Dec. 15, 1867.

**"DUNVILL & CO."**

Old Irish Whiskey.  
Ex "Lavinia" from Belfast.  
Old Irish Whiskey.  
J. W. STREET.  
20 Cases }  
5 Qr. Cases }  
Nov. 20.

**Notice**

An Application will be made to the next Ses-  
sion of the Legislature, for the passage of  
an Act to establish a Room on the Lunatic As-  
ylum above the Bridge.  
Molasses & Sugar.  
To arrive per "Juliet" from Halifax via St. John.  
8 HIDS. prime Barbados and Porto Rico  
Sugar.  
12 do Genesee Molasses,  
13 Puncheon Venezuela Rum.  
J. W. STREET  
Sep. 12, 1867.

**KEROSENE. KEROSENE.**

12 Barrels Kerosene Oil, also,  
Glass, Putty, Nails, Fire and Coarse Salt,  
Brooms, Pails, Shovel, Tobacco, Molasses, Tea,  
Sugar, Raisins, and a general assortment of  
Groceries, &c.  
For sale cheap at  
Nov. 27.  
G. E. O. HATHWAYS.

**The Quintette Orchestra.**

A COLLECTION of Quadrilles, Walzes,  
Polkas, Contra Dances, Polka Reelows,  
Schottisches, Mazourkas, and Serenades, Pieces,  
arranged for two Violins, Clarinet, Cornet and  
Bass, in five books, one for each instrument.  
Price of the set complete, six dollars. Mailed  
post paid on receipt of price.  
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,  
277 Washington street, Boston.  
Jan 11

**Flour; Mess Pork**

Ex "Lyon" from New York:  
60 Bbls. FLOUR, 12 Bbls. MESS PORK.  
Jan. 8.  
J. W. STREET.

**WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY**

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR  
**CONSUMPTION,**  
and acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be  
the most reliable Preparation ever introduced  
for the relief and cure of  
**LUNG COMPLAINTS.**  
This well known remedy is offered to the public, name-  
ly in the experience of over forty years, and is a specific  
remedy in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy  
cure of  
Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza,  
Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Falsetto,  
Soreness in the chest and side,  
Hemoptoe, &c.  
Liver Complaints, &c.  
The unparalleled success that has attended the applica-  
tion of this medicine in all cases of  
**PULMONARY COMPLAINTS**  
has induced many physicians of high standing to employ  
it in their practice, and who advise its use in all the  
cases of their patients. We have space only for the  
names of a few of these, as follows:  
ALEX. HAYES, M.D. A. A. GIBBS, M.D.  
E. BUTTS, M.D. W. B. CHASE, M.D.  
Wm. A. HARR, M.D. A. SULLIVAN, M.D.  
E. FELLOWES, M.D. H. D. MARTIN, M.D.  
WALTER FLEMING, M.D. Wm. A. HALL, M.D.  
H. G. BARROW, M.D. A. H. WOODS, M.D.  
BRADFORD KNAPP, M.D. S. H. TRACY, M.D.  
MATTHEW TRACER, M.D.  
Such testimony  
**CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.**  
From the same evidence in our possession of the  
following:  
From L. J. RAINE, Esq.,  
of Le Mans, Montreal. "Having experienced the  
benefits of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in the  
case of my daughter, I am induced to express the  
highest opinion of its efficacy. For some  
months I was most cruelly afflicted with a severe  
cough, accompanied with some pain in the  
chest, which did not leave me, and so reduced was I  
in strength, that I was unable to attend to my  
business. I tried many remedies, but all failed,  
and I could walk but a few steps without resting.  
I then procured a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of  
Wild Cherry, and after using it for a few days,  
I found a decided improvement in my condition,  
and after having used four bottles, I am com-  
pletely cured. I have since used it in several  
other cases, and with the same success. I can  
therefore recommend it to all who are afflicted  
with any of the above named complaints, and  
I am sure that such patients will be satisfied  
with the result. It is a valuable and reliable  
remedy, and I feel glad to be acknowledged as the  
author of its success."  
A CURE FOR WHOOPING COUGH.  
St. Hyacinthe, Que., Aug. 21, 1866.  
Messrs. Wm. Fowle & Son,  
Boston. "Several months since a little daughter  
of mine, ten years of age, was taken with Whooping  
Cough in a very aggravated form, and nothing was  
done for her recovery, except to rub her chest  
with liniment, and to give her some tea. She had  
been in bed for three hours after she had  
taken a dose of medicine, and so reduced was I  
in strength, that I was unable to attend to my  
business. I tried many remedies, but all failed,  
and I could walk but a few steps without resting.  
I then procured a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of  
Wild Cherry, and after using it for a few days,  
I found a decided improvement in my condition,  
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author of its success."  
Proprietor of the Courier de St. Hyacinthe.  
Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,  
and all those whose occupations require an unusual ex-  
ercise of the vocal organs, will find this Balsam of  
Wild Cherry, which will effectively and immediately relieve their  
irritation. This Balsam, unlike most others, is ex-  
tremely pleasant to taste.  
A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated  
parts at once removes the difficulty.  
**BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND  
IMITATIONS.**  
Remember, they imitate in name only, without pos-  
sessing the virtues. See some names signed "Dorris"  
on the wrapper.  
**WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY**  
IS PREPARED BY  
**SETH W. FOWLE & SON,**  
29 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.  
And is for sale by all Druggists.

**GRACE'S SALVE**

This Salve is a vegetable preparation discovered in  
the 17th century by Dr. Wm. Grace, surgeon in King  
James' army. Through its agency the cruel scourge  
of small pox, measles, and other diseases that afflict  
the children of our day, and was regarded by  
all as a public benefactor.  
**GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE**  
Cures in a very short time  
CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BRUISES,  
SCALDS, EXCORIATIONS, SALT RHEUM, RING-  
WORMS, CHAPPED HANDS, SORES,  
FROZEN LIMBS, FROZENS, CHIL-  
BLAINS, PILES, CHANCES, &c.  
**GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE**  
is prompt in action, relieves pain at once, and reduces  
the most angry-looking swellings, and is demerolous, so  
if applied, thus affording relief and a complete cure.  
SOLE MANUFACTURERS  
**SETH W. FOWLE & SON, BOSTON.**  
Proprietors.  
Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.  
For a copy of J. Light's 40 & J. ng 10.

**Gin & Brandies**

May 22, 1867.  
"Es the 'Waverly' from Charante and  
'Ceres' from Delphabaven, via Saint John  
30 Qr. Cases GENEVA  
24 Qr. Cases  
160 Cases  
7 Cases Jas. Hennessy & Co.  
25 Qr. Cases best old and 6'd  
20 Cases Brandy  
15 Hds. do. do. do. do. do. do.  
0 Cases do. do. do. do. do. do.  
J. W. STREET.

**Letters**

REMAINING in the Post Office, St.  
Andrews, Jan. 15, 1868.  
Babb Malcom McGowan Patrick  
Davis Robert McGowan Patrick  
Hansard Bernard McPherson Bell  
Hansard Miss Norton Chas. J.  
Little Miss Fergus Bussell Miss C. P.  
McConvey Mrs. H. Stewart D.  
Persons calling for any of the above will please  
say "Advertised."  
G. E. CAMPBELL, P. M.  
P. O., St. Andrews, Jan. 15, 1868.

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