

# The Saint John Monitor.

Vol. XII.

Saint John, N. B., May 13. 1911.

No 24

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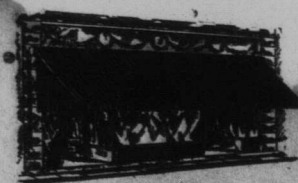
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## LIBERAL M. P.'S ON RECIPROCITY PACT.

Messrs Neely, Guthrie and Clark in St. Andrew's Rink.

AGREEMENT DISCUSSED IN ALL ITS BEARINGS IN A CONVINCING  
MANNER—WILL BE A GREAT BENEFIT TO CANADA.

Hearty applause from a large and enthusiastic audience in St. Andrew's Rink on Monday evening greeted the visiting members of Parliament who came here to discuss the reciprocity question. Mr. James Pender occupied the chair, and there were on the platform: Mr. John Keeffe, chairman of the Liberal executive; Senator G. G. King, Hon. L. P. Farris, Mr. J. S. Gregory, Mayor Frink, Messrs. H. N. Coates, Edward Lantallum, Dr. A. F. McAvaney, Timothy O'Brien, John McMullin, Alderman Scully, Dr. A. D. Smith, M. Gallagher, Councillor Donovan, Dr. J. M. Smith, A. F. Bentley, M. P. P., Hon. D. J. Purdy, James Lowell, M. P. P., John M. Elmore, I. E. Smith, Timothy Collins and others.

Mr. Pender spoke briefly, declaring his belief that reciprocity would be a good thing for the whole country.

Dr. D. B. Neely, M. P., for Humboldt, Sask., was first introduced and was warmly welcomed. After a reference to the pleasure he felt at visiting St. John, and how favorably impressed he was with the possibilities of the port—the improvement of which should be a national, not a local concern, Dr. Neely took up the reciprocity issue, and dealt with some of the arguments put forward a few weeks ago by Prof. Leacock and Mr. Ames, M. P. The latter had undertaken to tell them that reciprocity would be a great injury to the port of St. John because the supplies of the west would be tapped at their source and carried by the American railways to the markets of the world. There was not an atom of foundation for such a statement. Not only would the wheat of the west continue to go through Canadian channels, but as a result of the reciprocity pact there would be a much larger quantity shipped this way. The westerners expected by the competition of America, with Canadian and English buyers, they would get a fair price for their grain. The United States would want a small portion of the hard wheat to mix with their softer wheat, and that the amount so taken would not affect the supply to any extent. It was a fallacious argument that the business would all go north and south instead of east and west and so ruin the Canadian railways. In answer to the argument that the pork industry in Canada would be killed, it was only necessary to state that the pork packers in Western Canada are now making preparations to enlarge their plants. Instead of Canadian products going via United States ports, the people would find that the products of the middle west in the United States would be going through Canadian ports because of the shorter route. If the arguments of Prof. Leacock were sound, then Canada had been living in a fool's paradise and entirely at the mercy of her neighbors, as they could at any time have lowered the tariff wall and taken our products. Dr. Neely declared that there are no more loyal people in Canada than the farmers of the west. There was no basis for the disloyalty cry. Dr. Neely paid a hearty tribute to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and spoke appreciatively of the work of Hon. Mr. Pugsley.

Mr. Hugh Guthrie, M. P., for South Wellington, Ont., spoke of reciprocity from the business point of view, first expressing his delight at what he had seen in and about St. John. It had been claimed that this was an agitation from the west, but the delegation that urged the government to take up the matter was representative of the whole of Canada and the result of reciprocity, if attained, would be a benefit to all Canada and would not be sectional. Even admitting that it was only the farmers that were asking for reciprocity, it should be considered that out of every 100 people in Canada, 85 were farmers. The farms of Canada were worth more than the banks, the live stock was worth more than the bank stock, the foodstuffs were worth more than the goods stuffs; all would benefit. After dealing with statistics of the trade of Canada, Mr. Guthrie dealt with the schedules in the new agreement in detail, giving the amount of the reduction and the volume of trade under each head. On the free list were natural products including practically all farm goods, and three manufactured articles—cream separators, which were always free; typesetting machines, which were never bought in Great Britain, and wood pulp. In this class of goods Canada had done \$13,000,000 amount of business, of which \$9,000,000 was with the United States and \$4,000,000 with Great Britain. On

schedules B and D, were a few manufactured articles and proprietary goods, including automobiles, certain varieties of biscuits, pickles and sauces, etc., in which the reduction was from one to five per cent. The amount of business under this head was \$23,000,000, of which \$23,500,000 was with the United States and \$2,500,000 with Great Britain. A comparison of these figures would not lead to the conclusion that reciprocity would discriminate against the British trade, but rather that it affected articles in which the principal trade was with the United States. Canada was now buying \$110,000,000 worth of goods more from the United States than she was selling them and he had Mr. Foster's word that the natural result of reciprocity would be that the movement of trade would be southward and not northward. He felt sure that the new arrangement would be of more direct benefit to the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia than to any other section of Canada. Mr. Ames had sounded a note of alarm to the New Brunswick farmers in his address, but had gone out of the way of truth to frighten them. He had said that the United States sent \$2,000,000 worth of their products into this province in one year, but had neglected to mention that in these figures was the raw cotton manufactured here, the Indian corn ground in the mills, the early strawberries and vegetables out of season which were not in competition with New Brunswick produce. Mr. Guthrie read from the trade returns to show the small amount of the actual produce imported into New Brunswick against the competition of local farmers. The first effect of reciprocity would be the increase in land values. The fishing industry would be benefitted more by the new arrangement than it could be by any other method. In sending herring from St. John, on a \$10 hoghead a duty of \$2.50 was charged and who would say that the export would not be increased if this was removed? On cod the duty was three-quarters of a cent per pound and on haddock and the larger fish one cent per pound and the thousands of fishermen would be greatly enriched by the opening up of the new market of 90,000,000 by having this tax taken off. Boat builders along the shores of Nova Scotia had orders enough to keep them working for two or three years, just on the expectation of the agreement going into force. Anyone connected with the lumber industry knew how great the help would be to their business by the admission of rough sawn lumber free and the reduction of the duty on laths and shingles. The offer made by President Taft was unrestricted reciprocity, but this had been turned down by the Canadians. The country must have a tariff for revenue and the manufacturers must be protected. Another way in which St. John would benefit under reciprocity would be from the revival of the coasting trade, which flourished in the old days before Confederation. All the opposition to reciprocity was centred in Ottawa, all because Mr. Foster, who still dominated the Conservative party and stated its policy, had condemned the unborn infant and attacked the agreement before it was made public. Mr. Guthrie ridiculed the couple of Sir B. E. Walker and Mr. J. W. Flavell, Toronto, in opposing the agreement, and pointed out how the agreement will help Ontario cattle raisers. Then he proceeded to another argument, that by enlarging the market the production would be increased, thus lowering the cost to the consumer. It was quite plain that a stove manufacturer would sell cheaper if he made 10,000 stoves than if he only made 1,000. If the farmers grew more crops and produced more butter and eggs would not they be able to sell them cheaper? He believed that reciprocity would work the same way. The farmer's output would be so greatly increased that the cost of production per unit would be lessened and the prices would be lower. The New Brunswick farmer no longer need fear swamping the St. John market but could grow as much as he liked. It needed more immigrants to Brunswick and the prospect of an unlimited market was the greatest argument that could be used to attract them. Men in the Conservative party who had played the political game for fifteen years and lost on every throw were opposing the ratification of the agreement because they were afraid of the effect it would have even in the

first year. In their extremity they had raised the loyalty cry but he felt justified in saying that there was not an annexationist in public life in the whole of Canada. Turning to the record of the Conservative party, he challenged any member of the party in the audience to stand up and give one instance in which the Conservatives had benefitted the empire in their long years of misrule, and he recounted the good work of the Liberals. He referred to the attempts made by different Conservative leaders to obtain reciprocity, and predicted that with reciprocity as an issue, Ontario would return a majority of Liberal members to Ottawa at the next election for the first time since Confederation.

Dr. Michael Clark, M. P. for Red Deer, Alberta, after a pleasant reference to previous visits to St. John, said he had had considerable opportunity of seeing statesmen on both sides of the water, and in his opinion the Canadian parliament was composed of as able men as were to be found anywhere in public life and not the least of them was Dr. Pugsley. Turning to the arguments which had been advanced against the pact, he said that it had been asserted that St. John would suffer a diminution of its trade. He was convinced, however, that so far was this from being the case that St. John would not only not suffer as a winter port, but would become a summer port. Increased trade is bound to benefit the port of St. John and all the ports in Canada. But there is no place where results may be looked for with more certainty than in this city. The lessons of history are all against protection. Great Britain, in spite of all the talk of her alleged decadence, built and owned one-half of the entire shipping of the globe. They did a quarter of all the overseas trade of the world, and yet Great Britain and Ireland could be placed twice over in the Province of Alberta. The bearing of all this for St. John was that any lowering of the tariff was sure to be followed by an increase in foreign commerce. Opposition speakers had asserted that reciprocity would injure the chances of British preference. Canadians had a duty which they owed to themselves in this regard. The three elections which had taken place in Great Britain in recent years have proved that England stood bravely pledged to free trade, at least for a great many years to come. In his opinion the Liberals were truer to the old country than the conservatives because they were trying to follow her example. To-day the democratic party in this State was prepared to go much further in the revision of the tariff than the republicans. He observed that the next elections in Germany would show that high protection had lost many of its supporters in that country. High prices were being traced in their origin and destination. They were being traced to protection and the people were beginning to see that the profits were going to swell the pockets of the millionaires. The present fight was between monopoly and freedom. The men who were opposing the pact were the men who were making money out of wretched stocks, but it was not the men, it was the system that must be condemned. One thing which would ensue from reciprocity would be a rise in the value of land. That would mean increased prosperity for the whole of Canada. He scouted the contention that trade routes would be changed. It had been said that we would exhaust our raw materials. If that were to happen then the amount of trade done would have to be far greater than any history had so far recorded. The speaker dealt with the assertion that the liberal government had no mandate from the people to carry such a pact through, showing that governments were entrusted with just such powers.

Dr. Clark concluded with a word to those who were afraid of the pact because of what it might lead to. To such he would recall the proverb, "Never cross a stile till you come to it." One step was good enough for him at a time especially when this step led, as infallibly as every measure of the liberal government had done, in the right direction.

The three speakers were frequently applauded during their addresses.

Between two of the speeches Mr. Pender read this telegram, which was received with applause:

Ottawa, May 8, 1911.  
John Keeffe, President of Liberal Executive, St. John, N. B.:

In supplementary estimates submitted to parliament by Finance Minister to-day there is an additional amount of \$500,000 for improvements in St. John harbor. This is for the purpose of commencing work of development in Courtenay Bay to provide terminals for the Grand Trunk Pacific.

WILLIAM PUGSLEY.

### ELECTIONS IN JUNE.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—The Local Legislature has been dissolved and the date of the general elections is fixed for June 14; nominations one week earlier. The Legislature just dissolved was elected on June 20, 1906.



(Written for the Monitor.)  
**THE ENEMIES OF CHRIST.**

At all times, and even now, there are enemies of Christ. So that, we may well learn if we are truly Christ's friend, we shall endeavor, in this essay, to point out the true mark of an enemy of Christ. Who are the enemies of Christ? To this question the answer will be given in the following lines. First of all comes the indifferent in matters of faith and morals. They, from their doctrinal pulpit, teach that all religions are good before God and man. It matters not with them, whether a man be a Jew, a Mohammedan, a Protestant or a Catholic, provided he is honest in the world's appreciation, he shall surely reach heaven. To speak the truth, it is a very easy doctrine; but is it that of Christ.....?

Why then has God become Man? Why does he suffer and die on a Cross; and, lastly, why does He choose Apostles who are to preach His doctrine to all living creatures?

The Indifferent, it is self-evident, is in open rebellion against Christ; and to acknowledge his pseudo doctrine, as true, is to declare Christ a liar and impostor. No, we Catholics, friends of Christ, cast away far from our mind such a diabolical teaching; and wish to live and die in the bosom of Christ's Church; the only one that has the words of life everlasting; the only one, in which, the pilgrim of earth shall find the way that leads to heaven.

Now come the Reformers. What do they say?

The Church who is, according to the words of Christ, to last forever, is but an old edifice doomed to ruin; it does not suit the times; error and truth, according to them, must join hands together, and bring forth a new modern church. This erroneous doctrine of the 20th century is that of Modernism, lately condemned by Pius the Tenth. They seem to forget the sad results of the Reformation of the 16th century. They too, as enemies of the Church, had plotted against her; and what remains today of this turmoil, but a stronger proof in favor of the Catholic Church: "That the gates of Hell shall never prevail against her."

Otherwise, this Spirit of Truth destined to abide forever with the Church would exist no more; or where could He be found among hundreds of sects tossed to and fro, by the variable winds of human believers.

Then, come such as read bad books, and immoral papers, whom, fed by such an unwholesome food, seek to spread light, when they themselves, are walking in complete darkness. Such men are ever ready to speak against Bishops and priests. "With the Modernist they preach that a change must be made in the Church's teachings; nay, more, even the Gospel itself must be adapted to this electric century. Surely to them can be applied the following words of Holy Scripture: "If he does not hear the Church, let him be to thee as a heathen and a publican." With such men, we wish not to be friends; otherwise we would merit the fate of the blind leading the blind. Next comes the Rationalist. To follow them one must have enthroned reason; for according to them it is the only God. All that human reason cannot fathom is thrown aside; even Christ's teachings are considered by them as untrue. Therefore, as no man can serve two masters, we Catholics, have to shun such a doctrine, remembering always the following text: "He that heareth you, heareth me, and he that despiseth you, despiseth me; and he that despiseth me, despiseth the One that sent me."

Now a word about the atheist; but as in the first pages of Holy Writ, he that saith, "there is no God, is called a fool," it would be altogether useless to spend more ink; and devote more time, concerning such a clown.

Next on the list comes the revolutionary. He is the most bitter enemy of both Church and State; his ideal programme is to walk in the blood of the victim of the victorious wars that he has himself planned and executed. All that is holy and truly patriotic is trampled under foot; whereas all that is unjust and immoral is admired, sanctioned and applauded.

At last comes upon the scene of life the Jew, the bitter enemy of the Christian; and therefore specially of the religion of Christ, whom he repudiates, in his pride and covetousness, as the Messiah.

In Europe they are more numerous

than in young America; but nevertheless they are gaining fast in number; and unless wise laws are enacted against such an import into our country, it is to be feared, that if allowed to grow, they will be, in a near future, worse than any other against the Canadian Christian.

My task has come to a close; I have tried to portray, very imperfectly, indeed, the different pictures of the enemies of Christ; and have tried to show you that the aim of them all is to war against Christ and His Church.

On our part, we Catholics and Christians friends of Christ; children of His Church, let us stand fast in the Faith, so that we may always bravely fight the good fight, against all these enemies of Christ.

SACERDOS.

**IS HOME LIFE REALLY DISAPPEARING?**

In a recent pastoral Bishop Shanahan of Harrisburg, Pa., deploras the dearth of real home life in America. "Now," he says, "young people do not care much for home. For many it has lost all the traditional sweetness that the word implies. The affections that made home ties and associations happy have been transferred to other scenes and surroundings and, judging by the results, the change seems to be a bad one. Fathers and mothers have not only lost control of their children, but the children themselves have lost that happy and gracious influence which Christian home life should ever exercise in the building up and development of true character. Evil associations have been formed, undesirable marriages entered into, troubles, sorrows, and scandals bred abroad, are brought home to sadden the hearts of aged parents whose closing days in life are thus made anything but happy and consoling. Hence it is that the Church appeals with all the tenderness of her motherly heart to the parents and children of today to respect the sacredness of home life clinging to its best Catholic traditions, and make what the ancient home of Nazareth was, poor and humble, it is true, but nevertheless, the sacred abode of faith and piety, peace and love."

**KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.**

Very Rev. W. F. Chapman, V. G., chaplain of the St. John Council, K. of C., performed the ceremony of blessing the new home of the Council, on Coburg street on Sunday evening in the presence of a large number of the members.

A despatch to the Globe from Chattanooga says: Upwards of two hundred and fifty knights, including members of the local council, are attending the Knights of Columbus meetings here and more are expected today. The attendance at the state convention on Tuesday will be the largest since the order was started in the province. Yesterday afternoon and evening was given up to degree work and the candidates initiated in Miramichi Council were large in number. The Charlestown team exemplified the third degree in the evening. The first and second degrees were given in the afternoon. Among those present are: State Deputy W. J. Mahoney, St. John, District Deputy for P. E. Island, John M. Hughes; District Deputy for Northern New Brunswick, Hon. John Morrissey; state secretary, C. Gavin Duffy, Charlottetown; state treasurer, A. E. Chisholm, Antigonish; state warden M. A. O'Brien, Harbor Grace, Nfld.; state advocate, Hon. F. J. Sweeney, M. P. P., Moncton; District Deputy for Nova Scotia, J. J. Martin; Messrs. Alexander McDonald, William Moran, Charlottetown; F. J. Cragg, N. J. Quinn, Halifax; Charles A. Owens, Past Grand Knight and Robert J. Murphy, Deputy Grand Knight, St. John; Dr. Bourque, E. A. Melanson, Moncton. This afternoon the members will enjoy a sail on the steamer Miramichi.

**SWITZERLAND'S WATER-POWER.**

It is estimated that Switzerland now utilizes a greater proportion of its available water-power than any other country. The total estimated power available from streams in the Swiss part of the Alps is 1,200,000 horse-power. Of this 400,000 was employed at the end of 1908, and early in the present year the amount will, it is believed, have risen to 700,000, or nearly 60 per cent. of the whole.

**WEDDING BELLS.**

New York, May 9.—Margaret Anglin, the Canadian actress, formerly of St. John, N. B., was married to Howard Hull, a magazine writer, at St. Patrick's Cathedral last night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Gleason, assisted by Rev. Dr. Sinnott.

The wedding party had a quiet supper after the ceremony at the home of Mrs. Anglin in West 28th street.

Miss Anglin met Mr. Hull last summer, when he went to California to assist in the production of "Antigone," in which she played at the University of California.

The couple will leave for France on the steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm today for a honeymoon automobile tour in the Austrian Tyrol. Miss Anglin closed her season in "Green Stockings" at Wilkesbarre, Pa., last Saturday, and announced her intention of going to Europe but kept her intention of being married a secret.

(Special to Globe.)

New York, May 9.—Margaret Anglin was married last evening in St. Patrick's Cathedral to Howard Hull, a writer connected with Everybody's Magazine. They leave for Europe today, the first vacation Miss Anglin has had in two years. The marriage will not interfere with the bride's stage work. She will play in New York all next winter, opening in September next.

A marriage of much interest to the people of Johnville was solemnized by Rev. R. J. Coughlan, April 26th, when Miss Margaret E. Keenan, daughter of James Keenan, was united in matrimony to Mr. Louis P. Boyd, eldest son of Edward Boyd, also of Johnville. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Alice Boyd, while the groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Joseph Boyd.

The happy couple are two of the most popular young people of Johnville, and a large number of their friends were present in the church to witness the ceremony. Nuptial High Mass was celebrated. Many beautiful presents were received, and as they are so deservedly held in his esteem by all their acquaintances many good wishes go out to them for their future happiness.

The groom is one of the most prosperous farmers of Johnville, and they will reside on the South Johnville road.

**AN INTERPRETER NEEDED.**

The following story, from Harper's Magazine, furnishes a rare instance of that devotion to a foreign language which has caused one to forget for the moment that he speaks his own tongue.

An Englishman, who spent his time adapting plays from the French for the British stage, was dining once in an English hotel, when, after he had eaten, he was seized with a desire to smoke. He called the waiter and said to him:

"Pent-on fumer, si?"  
 The man looked blank. "I don't understand a word of French, sir," he said.

The adapter was in despair. "Then for pity's sake send me some one who does!" he exclaimed.

**AUSTRIA'S LONGEST ELECTRIC LINE.**

The longest electric railroad in Austria is the 40 mile line running from Trient to Male, and it ranks among the long lines in Europe. It was built especially as an electric road, and is narrow gauge, using overhead trolley and working on 800 volts direct current. The motor cars have four 50 horse-power motors, one on each axle. Current for the line is taken from the distant hydraulic station of Sarca on 20,000 volts, this being reduced in three sub-stations along the railroad in order to feed the trolley wire. Freight and postal cars are also used.

**A NEW BIBLE CHARACTER.**

Deacon Smith, remarks the Washington Star, was not so learned in the Scriptures as he would fain have pretended.

"Ladies and gentlemen," declared once, beginning a religious lecture, "there's three Johns mentioned in the Good Book. There's firstly, John the Evangel, second, John the Baptist, and three, John the Bunion."

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### OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

#### THE MARRIAGE PURSE.

The oft-debated question of the financial arrangements of husband and wife is discussed in a recent issue of "T. P.'s Weekly." In the vast middle class, says the writer, it is still the almost universal custom for the husband to sit on the money-chest, and dole out to his wife the money she must spend to feed and clothe herself and his and her children, and to maintain what she is told is her own intimate queenhood, the outward and visible home. It does not matter whether the money is doled out liberally or not, grudgingly or otherwise; the system is surely wrong, and unless the wife is a spendthrift (and few wives are) it is unworthy. Such a system, apart from its unworthiness, is calculated to make her spend money mechanically when she must, and wildly when she can. If she does not learn to spend wisely she thereby proves that she possessed the solid good sense on which the fullest reliance might have been placed from the beginning. Yet you will find men who are prepared to apply the whole of Solomon's praise of the "prudent woman" to their partners, and who yet, in money matters, treat them exactly as they treat their clerks. The patriarchal purse will have to be abolished, and the marriage purse established. Thus in the middle-class family the wife would have her cheque-book, as a matter of course, as well as the husband, and each would draw upon the balance at the bank in perfect trust and with all necessary understanding.

Husbands who put their wives into financial leading-strings are not unkind, or intentionally unjust. The theory adopted by the husband, or, rather, inherited by him through generations, is that he owns and controls the family resources, but that he can and will make up for it to his wife by giving her presents and treats. But kindnesses imperfectly repair an injustice. Here again there may be real kindness in the giving and real grace in the receiving, but behind it all the system remains injurious. The purse domination of the husband is felt every day in ways of which he does not dream. It limits, if it does not destroy, the mother's prerogative, and makes her frequently appear as a deputy in the eyes of her children.

#### MILLINERY FOR CLUB NOVICES.

Two clubwomen, the one a novice and the other a veteran of many campaigns, were discussing the season's experiences at a luncheon the other day. The veteran turned to her novice sister and said:

"I saw you preside the other day at the meeting of ———, and you did wonderfully, my dear, but there is a bit of advice that I want to have you bear in mind for next year's meetings. I noticed that you were a bit frightened at first and the fact was called to my attention by your millinery. I could tell you were nervous by the wavering of the plume in your hat. Now, follow my example the next time. When I am to preside or read a paper I always lay out all my millinery for careful inspection. If I fear that I am going to have stage fright I say to myself, 'No waving plumes or big hats today.' I choose a quiet little turban and then the greater part of the audience that sees only my head will never imagine that I am shaking like an aspen leaf underneath it."—New York "Sun."

#### BLACK AND WHITE COMBINED.

Black and white continues in high favor despite the fact that the period of mourning in England is over. This was the occasion that made black and white rule the world of fashion during the last year. So many combinations that are elegant are obtainable in putting white and black together for costumes that women of distinction should cling to the idea. It is interesting to make a study of the different ways in which white and black are handled by those who know how to get the best effect through line rather than through color.

Such a costume may be so ordinary that no one would stop to look at it; another may be so dowdy that it would not call forth any remark except one of disapproval; another may be so simple and elegant that its wearer appears distinguished. This latter distinction is gained through a knowledge of handling black and

white in its right proportion, in knowing that none but the best quality of black must be used and that only the finest kind of white must be put with it. Then, too, the coloring, height, and carriage of the wearer must be taken into account in proportioning the black to the white.

#### GIFTS FOR BRIDESMAIDS.

The giving of presents by the bridegroom to the bridesmaids is said to be a link with primeval days. There are authorities who contend that it is a survival of the old marriage by capture, and even now in some countries the bridesmaids, all dressed alike, will not allow the bridegroom to approach the bride until he has bestowed on them a little cadeau to commemorate the event. In parts of India, the girls pretend to resist the removal of the bride, pelting the prospective bridegroom with balls of boiled rice. On the threshold of the home they make a final stand and only capitulate after the friends of the bridegroom as well as himself have paid toll in the form of presents.

In the neighborhood of Risenberg, on the evening of the day preceding the one on which the celebration of the nuptials take place the bridesmaids assemble at the home of the bride to make the wreaths, and during the meal which follows three symbolic dishes are placed before the bride. When the dancing is over two veiled figures are led up to the prospective husband by the "filles d'honneur," neither of which is his special property; he then becomes impatient. Finally a third figure is conducted to him, but ere he is permitted to claim her he has to pay a heavy ransom to the girls who surround her.

In these utilitarian days it is permissible for the bridegroom to give something useful as well as ornamental to the bridesmaids; it is, however, always a trifle that can be worn.

#### MY IRISH MARY.

By Mary Allegra Gallagher.  
The roses hide themselves away.  
When they behold my Mary's cheek;  
The birds regret they ever sang.  
When they have heard my colleen speak.  
Oh sugar's sour to her look,  
And calico on her is silk—  
She gave me of her dairy-pail.  
What wine was equal to that milk!

Just by mistake, I kissed her hand.  
Her fingers were so like the cream.  
I fed upon her beauty long.  
And to make sure she was no dream  
I took her arm, and went the turfs.  
The walk was miles, just five times five;

I almost made myoureen dead.  
Ere I'd be sure she was alive.

I'm jealous of the moon and stars.  
That follow her where'er she goes.  
And of the sunbeam on her heart.  
And of the too familiar shows.  
I envy all her happy kin.  
I will not let her have a friend.  
I do not like her Jersey cow—  
Oh! shall my sin in murder end?

I view the statues o'er in Church,  
So beautiful in figure, paint:  
My gaze returns to Mary pure.  
And of the chosen, she's my saint.  
"I'm glad my sermon's doing good."  
Said Father Burns from County Clare.

"I see you ev'ry week to Mass"—  
To let him think so, was it fair

#### ENGAGED.

A little girl in Cambridge was very naughty one day. She was so bad that, other corrections failing, her mother took her to her room to whip her.

During this proceeding the little girl's brother opened the door and was about to enter. But in her prone position across her mother's knee the little girl twisted around her head and said, severely:

"Eddie, go out! Can't you see we're busy?"

Archbishop Keane of Dubuque, commends the work being done for the prevention of tuberculosis. He says: "With all my heart I bless the efforts that are being made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, toward the elimination of that dread disease from among our people. God bless the work, especially in Iowa."

### PRIEST'S TRIBUTE TO ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS.

Very Rev. Dr. Murphy, P. P. of Macroom, preaching at the annual retreat of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in that town, said they were told that the society was condemned by the Church. There was not a particle of truth in that statement. He thought the calumny rested on the following basis: Some years ago a Scotch Bishop, not remarkable for his love of Ireland, found the Hibernians opposed to him on a question involving Irish Nationalist policy. He condemned and denounced them. An Irish priest, acting under the Bishop, refused to join in the condemnation, and for that was, he believed, suspended. The priest, who happened to know his theology better than the Bishop, appealed to Rome on the ground that there was nothing in the rules of the Hibernians opposed to the laws or discipline of the Catholic Church; and Rome, the supreme judge, the highest authority, decided with the priest and against the Bishop, and therefore there was nothing in the Hibernian rules against the faith or discipline of the Catholic Church, and no grounds, therefore, for a condemnation. Referring to the good work of the Order in fighting the sale of unwholesome literature, he said a few years ago when Dublin was flooded with immoral trash, the Hibernians at their own expense and by their own personal efforts grappled with the evil, and brought its wicked agents to justice. And, curiously enough, almost about the same time, while they were being denounced in the Four Courts as members of a secret condemned society, they were attending a retreat given for their body in Marlborough street Cathedral by a distinguished Redemptorist Father. Now there was not in Ireland or outside of it a man better versed in the theology and Canon Law of the Catholic Church than the Archbishop of Dublin; there was not living a more genuine lover of Ireland, and were they to be told that his Grace gave the use of his Cathedral to a society condemned by the Church and hostile to the real welfare of his native land?

#### HIS CHOICE OF WEAPONS.

In "A Century of English Ballads," a recent book by Mr. Harold Simpson, there is a delightful story of Stephen Incedon, an eminent tenor of other days, whose singing of "Black-Eyed Susan" was peculiarly to the people's taste.

While staying at a country inn, Incedon had quarreled during the evening with an army officer. He imagined he had closed the controversy by going off to bed, but the officer, left down-stairs to brood over his wrongs, thought otherwise.

Making his way to Incedon's bedroom, he found the singer fast asleep. When he succeeded in waking him, a matter of some difficulty, the officer demanded satisfaction.

"Satisfaction?" murmured Incedon, sleepily. "Well, you shall have it."

Whereupon he sat up in bed and sang "Black-Eyed Susan," in his best style. "There," he said, lying down again, "my singing of that song has given satisfaction to thousands, and it will have to satisfy you!" And he turned over and went to sleep again.

#### A WORK OF ART.

In connection with their exhibit the Grand Trunk Railway System are installing at the Festival of Empire, London an oil painting they have had executed by a prominent artist, of a portion of the city of Ottawa, showing the Parliament Buildings, the Ottawa River and Laurentian Hills in the distance, the "Chateau Laurier," the Grand Trunk's magnificent hotel, the new Grand Trunk station and the northern section of the city.

Those who have seen the picture have expressed gratification on the true portrayal of the subject and the artistic execution of the work. The picture went forward to London via the S. S. Celtic on Saturday, April 15th, and will no doubt be an attractive feature in the Grand Trunk building at the Festival of Empire. The picture is five feet by seven feet with a twelve inch gold moulding of special design.



## The Saint John Monitor.

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Single Copies, Two Cents.

TIMOTHY O'BRIEN, Editor.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 13, 1911.

## HOW TO HELP YOUR CATHOLIC PAPER.

The St. John Monitor is thankful to those of its readers who kindly express their interest in its welfare and success.

There is one way in which much good might be done to this Catholic weekly, and surely no one will bear us ill-will for saying what it is. Each and every one of our readers ought to make it a point to patronize as far as possible and as regularly as feasible the stores and business concerns that advertise in our paper.

These stores and concerns—it is well known—belong all to the best, to the most reliable and reputable of our city. It is therefore in the interest of the buyer as well as in that of this weekly that these excellent firms should prosper and be more enabled to keep up their good name.

That is what we venture to ask our readers, thanking them beforehand for doing so and for thus materially helping our own endeavors.

## THE CODIFICATION OF CANON LAW.

The Bishops of the world may expect to have in their hands about the end of June the first part of the new Code of Canon Law, which deals with the questions of matrimonial impediments. Notwithstanding the persistent vigor with which this, the greatest enterprise of the present Pontificate, is being pushed forward by the Commission appointed a few years back by Pius X, it is not probable that the entire Code can be brought to a conclusion before the lapse of thirty or forty years. The field is too vast to be covered with the necessary care in a shorter period. Of the various decrees the promulgation of which has been anticipated during the past year or so, such as those concerning removal of parish priests by their ordinaries and the necessity for ecclesiastics of abstaining from commercial affairs, nearly all have been published by way of experiment. They will, of course, be substantially incorporated in the new Code, but they will to a certain extent undergo accidental changes, inasmuch as the Roman authorities will take note in the meantime of the manner in which each decree works out. The many responses given by the Roman Congregations to ecclesiastics by way of explaining one or other of the decrees will make some additions to them, when the day comes for their final incorporation in the great Code.

## THE SEPARATION DECREE.

We are told that under the new "Law for the Separation of Church and State," in Portugal, "no one may be prosecuted for a religious cause." What does this mean? Is it not a charter for license given to the anti-clericals and the enemies of Christianity? They may revile the clergy and travesty the creed of the people to their heart's content, but no legal proceedings will be taken against them. "Domestic devotions are declared absolutely free"—it is a wonder that the Dictators permit families to pray at their own hearths without let or hindrance—but public worship is subjected to certain restrictions. Religious liberty, forsooth! "The sup-

port of any form of worship devolves upon the respective religious bodies or communities" and "one-third of the income of such bodies is to be devoted to charitable objects." Apparently the godless individual need not spend a penny in relieving the wants of the poor, but if a man worships God in a church, a third of what he contributes must be allotted to charity. In other words, worshippers must pay the poor rate for the anti-clericals and all who do not go to church. "The religious communities are to take no part in public education, but are restricted to giving religious instruction." More religious liberty! There must be no competition with atheistic teachers. Then the Government is to have control of public worship and seminaries, is empowered to reorganize—according to Masonic views?—the College of the Colonial Mission, and will insist that Pontifical Letters may not be published in Portugal without its authorization! The new regulations of the Dictators are a code for slaves.

## TAKE CARE OF THE CEMETERY.

The following beautiful sentences are from an appeal addressed by Father Jones, of Marysville, Ky., to those who should be interested in beautifying the Catholic cemetery in that vicinity:

"The names, the memories, the homes of the dead are entrusted to the living. Shall we prove faithless to an honor so sacred?"

"Deep in every heart lies the desire for remembrance, now and hereafter. Our palpable fulfilment of the trust toward our dead is evidenced by the beauty of their last home. Neglect is bitter in any aspect, but when linked to the memory of silent loved ones, it merges into cruelty. In life, our all; in death so soon forgotten!"

Well said, Reverend Sir!

Contrary to the old tradition, the world is full of people who dance and don't pay the piper!

If Catholic fathers and mothers pattern their home life as far as is humanly possible after the model of Nazareth, they are performing some of the finest social work.

## THE ARCHBISHOP OF TORONTO DEAD.

Toronto, May 10.—His Grace Archbishop McEvay, died at 12.25 this morning, after a long and painful illness from pernicious anaemia. The end came very peacefully, the distinguished patient having been unconscious for hours. At the bedside were Rev. Father Burke, editor of the Catholic Register; Rev. Father Kidd, secretary of the Archbishop and Chancellor of the Diocese; Rev. Father Whelan, rector of St. Michael's Cathedral; Rev. Father McGuire, nephew of the Archbishop; Dr. R. J. Dwyer, the attending physician and several sisters of the church. His Grace's illness was considered hopeless from the first, although he rallied frequently and made several public appearances since his condition first became critical last year.

Deceased was born at Lindsay, Ont., in 1854, and received his classical education in St. Michael's College, Toronto, and was graduated with honors in the University of Toronto. He afterwards studied theology in the Grand Seminary at Montreal, and in 1882 was ordained a priest by the late Archbishop Cleary, in Trenton. In addition to his thorough classical and theological training, Bishop McEvay had in early manhood received a most thorough practical business education. His first duties as priest were performed in Kingston. When the diocese of Peterboro was established he was transferred there and placed in charge of the missions of Bobcaygeon, Galway and Fenelon Falls. When Bishop Dowling succeeded the late Bishop Janot in Peterboro in 1887, Father McEvay was transferred to Peterboro and appointed rector of St. Peter's Cathedral. At-

terwards he was transferred to Hamilton, where he became rector of the cathedral. He was successively promoted to the rank of private chamberlain to His Holiness Pope Leo XIII then domestic prelate and Vicar General of the diocese. In 1899 he became Bishop of London, and a few years ago succeeded Archbishop O'Connor in Toronto. Archbishop McEvay was a man of much executive ability. At the consecration of Bishops Casey and Barry in St. John in 1900, he was the preacher at the service in the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception.

His Lordship Bishop Casey left for Toronto on Wednesday evening to attend the funeral.

## LAW AND ORDER IN THE EMERALD ISLE.

The congratulations extended by His Majesty's Judges to the grand juries up and down the country at the Spring Assizes are assuredly a complete answer to Orange calumniators of their native land and also to their abettors in Great Britain. At Donegal, Judge Wright said he had it on very good authority from the County Inspector of Constabulary that the county was law-abiding and peaceable, and he believed such was the case. Judge Cherry said the County Down was in a state of profound peace. The Lord Chief Justice of Ireland at Kilkenny said he was glad to find the county in the same satisfactory condition in which he had found it for many years past. The immunity from crime which is enjoyed was a credit to the people and it was satisfactory that such excellent relations prevailed between all classes. Judge Gibson said that, considering the very large area of County Mayo, and the great number of persons in it, it was on the whole peaceable. Lord Chief Baron Pilles, at Tralee, congratulated the grand jury on the peaceable state of County Kerry, "at a time of great political agitation." The County Cavan was described by Judge Holmes as not only peaceable, but prosperous. Judge Kenny was presented with white gloves in Waterford and in acknowledging the gift said it seemed to him that there was an unbroken record of peace and good order in the city. There were only two cases at Queen's County Assizes, and Judge Kenny said there was a complete absence of serious crime. At Cork, Judge Dodd said the County was in a state of great quietude, and an absence of serious crime. At Omagh, County Tyrone, Judge Holmes said there was no case of a serious character to go before the grand jury. At Roscommon Judge Madden said none of the five cases to go before the grand jury was suggestive of anything exceptional in the state of the county. Lord Chief Baron Pilles said that nothing could be better than the state of the City of Limerick. Judge Dodd said, all things considered, the condition of Limerick County was satisfactory. The Lord Chief Justice congratulated the grand jury of Wicklow on the state of the county. Judge Holmes said County Derry was peaceable and prosperous, and congratulated the grand jury. The Recorder of Dublin, addressing the grand jury on Saturday, said he felt they were justified in looking with pride upon the condition of the county. It was large, and extended some twenty eight miles along the seaboard, and in it were a number of towns and townships. From Little Bray to Balbriggan there was a very varied and very wide population. It was a matter of the greatest possible gratification that this large district was absolutely free from serious crime. It was a matter of which they had a just right to be proud. He was sure he only expressed the wishes of the grand jury in saying that he ardently hoped the present condition of the county might long continue.

## REV. H. A. MEAHAN.

(Moncton Times editorial.)

Few clergymen were more beloved by members of their own flock or more highly esteemed by other religious bodies than the late Father Meahan, whose sudden death in June, 1905, caused a general feeling of sadness throughout this community. It is therefore gratifying to see that the project to erect a monument to his memory is making good progress. The monument will be in the form of a

**Red Rose Tea is so popular** because "it's good tea" and because when you buy a package you have the comfortable feeling you're getting an article fully worth every cent you pay for it.



Prices: 30c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 60c.

## "NICKEL" NEXT WEEK

## The Puritan Mixed Quartette

Magnificent Musical Attraction.

Also, Elsy Wallace, Orchestra and Best of Pictures.

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We have one of the finest stocks in St. John to select from, including:—

DIAMONDS,  
RINGS,  
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These goods are all of superior quality and are sure to give satisfaction. Prices the lowest.

Reliable Jewellers.

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High Class Investments.

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BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

## INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY TENDERS

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tender, Addition General Office Building, Moncton," will be received up to and including

SATURDAY, MAY 20TH, 1911.

for the construction of an addition to the General Office Building at Moncton, N. B.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Office of the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N. B., at which places forms of tender may be obtained.

All conditions of the specification must be complied with.

A. W. CAMPBELL,  
Chairman,

Government Railways' Managing Board.  
Ottawa, Ont., May 5th, 1911.

Celtic cross and it is expected to have it erected during the present summer. The cost will be between a thousand and fifteen hundred dollars

## INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

## Buffet Service

## ON NIGHT EXPRESS TO HALIFAX

Leaving St. John at 23.30 (Daily, except Sunday.)

Commencing Monday, April 17th, Breakfast will be served on the Buffet Sleeping Car on No. 10 Express after departure of train from Truro.

For further particulars apply to  
GEO. CARVILL,  
City Ticket Agent,  
3 King Street.

## The Value Of Eyeglasses

Until you have worn a pair of Glasses that properly fit your eyes, you can have no idea of the comfort there is in glasses.

Until you have worn a pair of Toric Lenses you cannot realize the difference there is between Toric and Flat Lenses.

Ordinary flat lenses will relieve your eyes of strain; Toric lenses will in addition give you a degree of ease and a freedom from the sensation of having glasses on that easily makes them worth much more than the small extra cost.

Come in and talk over the matter of glasses, and particularly of Toric Lenses.

**L. L. Sharpe & Son,**  
Jewelers and Opticians.  
21 KING STREET,  
St. John, N. B.



**Onion Setts**  
**Potato Onions**  
**SEEDS**  
**Wheat, Barley, Oats,**  
**Alfalfa, Clover**  
**Kidney and Market Potatoes.**

**Jas. Collins,**  
**216 UNION STREET,**  
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—THE—  
**International**  
**Railway**

NOW OPEN FOR TRAFFIC.

Uniting Campbellton at head of navigation on Baie Chaleurs with the St. John River Valley at St. Leonard. At St. Leonard, connections are made with the Canadian Pacific Railway for Edmundston and points on the Temiscouata Railway, also for Grand Falls, Andover, Perth, Woodstock, Fredericton, St. John and Western Pointe. Affording the shortest and cheapest route for Fish, Lumber, Shingles and Farm Products, from Baie Chaleurs and Restigouche Points to the Markets of the Eastern States. At Campbellton connection is made with trains of the Intercolonial Railway. An express train, with superior accommodation for passengers, is now being operated daily, each way, between Campbellton and St. Leonard, and, in addition to the ordinary freight trains there is also a regular accommodation freight train carrying passengers and freight, running each way on alternate days.

The International Railway  
 Company of New Brunswick



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Wharf at Grandigue, N. B.," will be received at this office until 4 p. m. Monday, May 22, 1911, for the construction of a public wharf at Grandigue, Kent County, N. B.

Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and at the offices of Geoffrey Stead, Esq., District Engineer, Chatham, N. B., E. T. P. Shewen, Esq., District Engineer, St. John, N. B., and on application to the Postmaster at Grandigue, N. B.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, the place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works for the sum of six hundred (\$600.00) dollars which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,  
 R. C. DESROCHERS,  
 Secretary.

Department of Public Works,  
 Ottawa, April 22, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

**KODAKS**

AND

**Premo Film Cameras**

We have all the Leaders.

**Prices from \$1 to \$65**

Now is the time to make your selection.

**H. G. Nelson & Co**  
 11 KING STREET.

**Patterson's**  
**Daylight**  
**Store.**

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

207 Union Street.

**Children's**  
**Cloth and**  
**Felt Tams**

25c, 35c, 48c,  
 50c, 59c each

**Children's**  
**Cloth Caps**

19c, 22c, 25c each

Store Open Evenings

**Miss M. Campbell**  
**MILLINER**

55 Germain St.

Is showing all the latest styles in Large Hair Braid Hats in Black or Cream and Tusken, as well as some very; Turbans in all colors.

Also, a large assortment of Rustic Sailors, in all colors, at 75 cents each.

Any lady calling on Miss Campbell will be sure to get a becoming hat,

**Grand Display of**  
**SPRING**  
**MILLINERY**

At the dawn of the spring season a few words in regard to our splendid display of Spring Millinery. To have success of any kind is the outcome of early preliminary work—and we have been studying and planning for weeks in advance to bring about this magnificent showing of Spring Millinery to be the most stylish—becoming, and lowest priced to be found anywhere.

New models are arriving daily in all the popular shades and latest designs for spring wear.

**Miss J. MacLaughlin**  
 107 Charlotte Street  
 Opposite Dufferin Hotel.

**COAL**

Scotch and American Anthracite. Best Quality. Broad Cove and Reserved Sydney Soft Coal.

We are now prepared to take orders for Scotch and American Anthracite at Summer Rates.

T. M. WISTED & CO.,  
 321 Brussels and 142 St. Patrick St.  
 Telephone 1687.

**GIRLS OF LONG AGO.**

In the early decades of the last century etiquette was reduced to a science. Between 1810 and 1840 the libraries, public and private, contained innumerable books for the guidance of young men and women aspiring to enter the high degrees of society. Some of the maxims in these little volumes sound quaint today,—and yet not lacking in point,—as this, from "Etiquette for Ladies; With Hints on the Preservation, Improvement and Display of Female Beauty."

There are many young women, who, when they sit down to the piano or harp, or to sing, twist themselves into so many contortions, and writhe their bodies and faces about into such actions and grimaces, as would almost incline one to believe that they were suffering under the torture of the toothache or the gout. Their bosoms heave, their shoulders shrug, their heads swing to the right and left, their lips quiver, their eyes roll; they sigh they pant, they seem ready to expire. And what is all this about? They are merely playing a favorite concerto, or singing a new Italian song.

Both for health and beauty's sake they should be careful not to stoop too much, or to sit too long in the exercise of the pencil. An awkward posture in writing, reading or sewing, is productive of bad effects; and, what may seem almost incredible,—but many who have witnessed the same, can, I am sure, give their evidence in support of my representation,—there are young persons who, when writing, drawing, reading or working, keep a sort of ludicrous time with their occupations, by making a succession of unmeaning and hideous grimaces.

I have seen a pretty young woman, while writing a letter to her lover, draw up her lips and twist the muscles of her face in every direction that her pen moved; and so ugly did she look during this sympathetic performance, that I could not forbear thinking that, could her swain see the object then dictating her vows, he would take fright at the metamorphosis, and never be made to believe it could be the same person.

**THE ART UNION OF LONDON.**

The annual drawing took place in London on 27th April, but the St. John subscribers have not had much luck, there being only four prizes for this city. Mr. H. D. Burns, draws a water color painting, the St. John Art Club a bronze statuette, "Piping Hot," Mr. F. Nell Brodie a rose bowl in Wedgwood ware, and Mr. G. W. Parker a rose bowl in Rouge Flambe. The first prize, an oil painting, value £100, was drawn by J. Hawtree, Tooting Graveney, England.

**For a Few Weeks**

Until the Bell building is completed, our friends will find us at Congregational Church, nearly opposite our new quarters. We will have ample accommodation. Come and see us.

**S. Kerr,**  
 Principal.

**The Park Drug Store**

Carries a full line of PUREST DRUGS, and your Prescription will receive careful attention by experienced and reliable dispensers.

312 Brussels Street.

Telephone 3298.

**THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.**

Commencing May 7th, and until further notice, the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows:—

Leave St. John, Lawton Saw Company's Wharf, on Saturday, 7.30 a. m., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George.

Returning leave Saint Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, Tide and Weather permitting. (Agent) THE LAWTON SAW CO., Manager, Lewis Connors, Black's Harbor, N. B.

**GRAND DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT.**

Opera House June 5th and 6th.

We take the following item from the theatrical column of Tuesday's Globe:—

The production of The Lost Paradise, to be given by the Irish Literary and Benevolent Society in the Opera House on the 5th and 6th of June, promises to be an interesting feature of this season's amateur theatricals. The rehearsals are being directed by Mr. John R. Pauley, whose professional training—he was for many years with Thos. E. Shea, and other stars—will no doubt prove of valuable assistance in the direction of the amateur "stars." Included in the members of the cast will be Misses Josephine Lynch, Florence O'Regan, Lydia McIntyre, Susan Murphy, Helena O'Reilly, and Messrs. D. J. Corr, F. V. Conlon, J. R. McCloskey, Jr., L. A. Conlon, F. J. Corr, J. H. McHugh, and E. J. Cronin. The choruses are Mrs. John O'Regan, Mrs. Joshua Ward and Mrs. Matthew O'Neill. Two big novel and musical specialties with choruses, which in themselves prove quite an attraction, will be introduced between the acts.

At the meeting of the Irish Literary and Benevolent Society, held in their rooms, Union St., Wednesday evening, considerable interest was displayed by the members in planning for the success of the entertainment referred to in the above paragraph. The advance tickets, which may be exchanged later on, are now in the hands of members and their friends. Messrs. Timothy O'Brien, D. J. Corr, James Barry, Edward J. Cronin, John O'Regan, William Flaherty, Frank Conlon, Frank J. Casey, James T. McGivern, J. Vincent Shea, William M. Murphy, Leonard Conlon, Baptist Cronin and Frank J. O'Regan comprise the Committee of Management.

**CALIFORNIA AS A FIELD OF ROMANCE.**

Writes Mrs. S. M. O'Malley in the Catholic Sun, in the "Under the Lamp" column:—

Mrs. Josephine Byrne Sullivan-Conlon, associate editor of the Michigan Catholic, speaking before the Michigan Authors' Association recently, made some interesting points regarding the material to be found in Michigan, comparing it with California as a field for romance. "California," Mrs. Conlon said, "was made famous by its native born authors, who did not hesitate to write of their own State; that is the Franciscan missions with their many Indian settlements were the theme of her romances. Michigan might be so recognized through its missions at Harbor Springs, St. Ignace, Assinins, Mackinac and other places. That the first real Michigan play had never been dramatized; and we have yet to hear of a Michigan novel." All these facts are worth noting; it would be a good thing if Mrs. Conlon's suggestions were heeded. But should something not be said here of the books of Mary Catherine Crowley? I confess I am not as familiar with them as I would wish; but what of "The Heroine of the Strait" and other tales of hers?

**STUDY IN SMILES.**

Smiles are wonderful things. They are so various and the causes of their variety so elusive. The difference between one smile and another depends, we suppose, on a trick of the eye or mouth, or the play of certain muscles, which produce such contrasts as the broad smile, the sarcastic smile and the simpering smile.

Some smiles are genuine; others are put on as we put on our manners. First, the society smile, "set in enamel," much cultivated by women from a sense of duty. Second, the fatuous smile of the passenger, who sits down rather abruptly in the underground, helped to his place by a jerk of the train, a smile meant to convey that he finds the incident as funny as other people do. Third, the mechanical, absent-minded smile of a man listening to his companion's joke, and preparing to tell his own. Fourth, the smile best described as "on the wrong side of the mouth," of the blue stocking wife when her husband publicly misquoted Shakespeare, of the ordinary wife, when he lets the family skeleton peep out of the cupboard. Fifth, the joyous, triumphant

smile of the girl thinking of her lover. Sixth, the most beautiful smile of all, the smile of pure, loving rapture on the face of a mother, as her child springs into her arms.

**AMUSEMENTS.**

**ABOUT MOVING PICTURES.**

Several splendid features are announced for presentation at the Gem Theatre in the near future, notice of which will be given through the daily press and other sources. It would be well worth while for those, who appreciate the best that can be had in motion picture productions to visit the Gem Theatre, as the management of this popular house aims at presenting only the standard pictures from the licensed studios.

Miss Leola Allen, the new Metropolitan soprano soloist, has made a lasting impression on her hearers, the patrons of the Gem, and is being heard after-noon and evening in favorite selections. The same may be said of the Gem Orchestra composed of leading musicians and playing the latest melodies. The usual big souvenir matinee will be given on Saturday afternoon.

**PURITAN QUARTETTE IMMENSE HIT.**

The Puritan Quartette of mixed voices heard at the Nickel Monday afternoon and evening for the first time, is the best musical attraction this house has brought to St. John. The applause that followed each appearance of the quartette was uproarious. Attired in the garb of Puritan farm-folk and staged in a pretty rural scene, with special lighting effects, the ladies and gentlemen opened their act with a medley of "the songs of yesterday," including: Good-Bye, Molly Darling; Silver Threads Among the Gold, Captain Jinks of the Horse Marines; Loves' Old Sweet Song, Swanee River, Massa's in De Col, Col. Ground, Alice Where Art Thou? and Do-Dah, Do-Dah Day. With a pleasing finale, interpolated with exquisite solos by each of the vocalists, this number delighted everybody. Then followed a charming little Southern number, Sugar Moon, concluding with a pretty dance movement in the spotlight. Recall after recall was given.

**OPERA HOUSE.**

Helen Grayce and her remarkable gathering of players, including Lawrence Brooke, will complete their two weeks' engagement at the Opera House this evening. For the past fortnight, they have been giving delightful performances to large and highly appreciative audiences. It is their first visit here and a return engagement at any time would be warmly welcomed. Today's Matinee play is the Cowboy and the Lady. The Squaw Man is on the boards for to-night. Those attending the evening show will do well to note that the curtain rises at eight o'clock.

**NEW RESTAURANT.**

On Friday, J. S. Vincent, caterer, opened for business at his new stand, 47 Germain street. The shop has been renovated and very prettily painted. In a beautiful glass case situated in the front shop is the silverware, china and cut glass which will be used by Mr. Vincent. On the shelves in the rear of the counter are candles of every variety. Adjoining the front shop is the dining room and ice cream parlor, which has been tastefully decorated, and illuminated by handsome electric bulbs. Mr. Vincent has spared no pains to make his new quarters attractive and without doubt he will receive a large patronage, for he is a thoroughly competent caterer.

**ST. MARTINS TELEPHONE CO.**

The annual meeting of the St. Martins Telephone Company was held on Wednesday afternoon, when the old board of directors were re-elected, with the exception that Richard O'Brien takes the place of the late R. O. Stockton. The directors met afterwards and elected officers. They are as follows: C. M. Bostwick, president; W. E. Skillen, vice-president; R. Connelly, C. M. Bostwick, Jr. and R. O'Brien, A. W. McMackin is secretary treasurer.

Father Bernard Vaughan, while motoring home to Atherstone after preaching at Nuneaton, found a waggoner by the roadside with a broken leg, bandaged the limb and took him to hospital.





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#### THE FITTEST AT THE TOP.

The Catholic Record sends congratulations to Mr. Joseph A. Chisholm, K. C., upon his unanimous election for the third time to the chief magistracy of the city of Halifax. Mr. Chisholm occupies amongst his fellow-citizens the same degree of respect and confidence which was the portion of Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, ten years ago. In that great city few cared to oppose Patrick A. Collins. There seemed to be a consensus of opinion favoring his retention as Mayor. The choice of such men as Mr. Chisholm for high station is an index that public opinion is veering around to the point which denotes a greater interest in municipal affairs. Too long has the characterless ward boss plied his trade, and there has been an end of him in our municipal and parliamentary life. For Canada it was important that would no high places of trust men of the type of Joseph A. Chisholm, K. C., Mayor of Halifax.

#### "A SPECIALIST AT THE GAME."

An amusing case has been heard at Limerick, when Michael Leathy, a farmer, who described himself as a matrimonial agent, sued Patrick O'Neill, another farmer, to recover five pounds, a commission said to be due for arranging a marriage for the defendant. The plaintiff told the Court that he had brought about more matches than any one in the county. "In fact," he added, "amid laughter, 'I am a specialist at the game.' The defendant denied that there was any promise of a commission, and said that the plaintiff, who was a distant relation, simply acted in a friendly manner. The county court judge dismissed the action.

#### WOMEN AS BANK CLERKS.

The dignified Bank of England has for some time past employed quite a small army of lady clerks, and now comes the news that a branch of the London Joint Stock Bank is following in the footsteps of the Old Lady of Threadneedle street.

The duties which the newly-enrolled lady bank clerks are called upon to fulfil consist for the main part of checking work, and are carried on under much the same conditions as prevail in the Bank of England.

A prominent London banker with twenty years' experience says that the male clerk need not fear the feminine invasion. For simple work the lady assistant is quite satisfactory, but for the more complicated forms of banking she would not do, he thinks. In the event of a sudden rush of business during the day the girl clerk is apt to "lose her head." Of course, some of the men do that now and again, he adds "but more seldom."

#### THESE BIG HATS.

"Oh, that cat!"  
"What the matter, girl?"  
The cat went to sleep on my new hat and I wore her down town without noticing her.—Washington Herald.

### SUNDAY VESPERS.

Attendance at Sunday Vespers is a practice which is too much neglected by the faithful nowadays. Although every one cannot say the Divine Office every day, as it is incumbent on the clergy and religious to do, the faithful should desire to join in it as often as possible. Vespers on Sunday enables them to fulfil this duty. Vespers is the most solemn of the day offices. It is the evening prayer, by which we thank God for the blessings of the day, and prepare for the night. It is the most eloquent of evening prayers, consisting as it does of the most beautiful psalms and accompanied by antiphons and hymns, and terminating with the sublime canticle, the "Magnificat," which expresses, in the words uttered by the Blessed Virgin, the feelings of all Christians as they contemplate the mystery of the Incarnation.

The holy and eloquent Cardinal Giraud, Archbishop of Cambrai, spoke thus in a celebrated instruction to his people:

"It is not only on account of its antiquity and because it is a portion of that grand Liturgy which has been the edification of centuries, which has enchanted solitude, animated catacombs, and given life to our basilicas whose vaults and pillars have seemed tremendous with joy at the sound of the organ and the chants and sacred instruments, as if sensible of our festivals; it is not only on account of this that the Office of Vespers, commands itself to our fervent piety, but because it contains such admirable prayers drawn from the pure source of the Word of God and from the Holy Scriptures, and as breathed forth by the Holy Spirit Himself, Human tongues never uttered language more elevating, more touching, more worthy to express the greatness and goodness of God, more appropriate to the numberless needs of man and his miseries. It is mostly the prophet king whose melodious harp is heard emitting sounds sweet and powerful, tender and terrible, which cause the very fibres of our souls to tremble with joy or sadness, love or penitence, admiration or thankfulness. Under the most rich and varied forms with the pomp and dignity of a style unexampled and forever above imitation, the grandest vertices of the faith, the lovely principles of morality, the most startling prodigies proceeding from the right hand of God, are brought before our eyes."

#### WORSE THAN ST. JOHN.

Writing of the base ball craze in the staid old town of Kingston, the Canadian Freeman says:—

Almost every society, Sunday school and other local organizations in Kingston have organized a baseball club in connection therewith. The latest to join the craze is the retail merchants, policemen and guards in the Penitentiary. Surely the old town will be well represented on the athletic field this summer. The next to hear from now will be the clergy.

#### MANDY GRADUATES.

When Mandy graduates, by jing!  
We're going to see her through.  
There ain't a gold-darned blessed thing  
Her old Pap wouldn't do.  
She's goin' to have a brand-new dress.  
Just like them fashion plates.  
We won't spare no expense, I guess.  
When Mandy graduates.

When Mandy graduates, by jing!  
She's goin' to speak a piece.  
It's all about some ancient king.  
What lived, I think, in Greece.  
Then, too, she's going to take a part,  
In one o' them debates.  
They'll see our gal is all-fired smart.  
When Mandy graduates.

When Mandy graduates, by jing!  
The knowledge sure will flow.  
I guess she knows most everything.  
That any one kin know.  
I mean the things you lea a from books,  
An' figgerin' on slates.  
An' purty? Well, she'll have the looks.  
When Mandy graduates.

When Mandy graduates, by jing!  
I sorter wonder how.  
She'll git along. She's had her fling;  
She's edicated now.  
But she don't know how garlens grow  
An' housework she jest hates.  
Sich thoughts I s'spose is foolish  
though,  
When Mandy graduates.



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## Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section if available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price, \$3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, \$3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.  
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

## "THE OTHER SIDE."

A Mixed Marriage Which Showed the Villany of a Self-Confessed Betrayer.

A striking and memorable example of the reckless temerity of the state in interfering with the province of the Church—the Catholic Church—even when her action does not conflict with the laws of the Protestant State, may be found in the celebrated litigation over the Yelverton marriage case. In this proceeding a Catholic lady, Miss Theresa Longworth, had been cajoled into a semi-private marriage by a villain wearing the British military uniform, an heir to an earldom. The marriage took place at a little country church in Kilbroney, near Rostrevor, in the County Down, Ireland. Major Yelverton was a Protestant, and he depended on that fact as sufficient to free him whenever he had got tired of his Catholic wife. On leaving Ireland the couple went to Scotland, and resided there for some time—long enough to cause them to be recognized as wedded persons under the common law and custom of that country, and it was proved at the subsequent trial that they were so recognized and so registered at hotels. In England the noble Major got tired of the lady, and got his marriage declared invalid, according to the English civil law. But the lady's relatives hailed him before the judges of the Irish bench and a mixed Dublin jury, and after a trial, the most thrilling, and a confession of villainy the most cold-blooded on the part of the gallant officer—drawn out by the merciless cross-examination of Mr. Edward Sullivan, afterwards Master of the Rolls—the marriage in Rostrevor was declared to be perfectly valid, and so was the common law litigation in Scotland. Here was a case of English civil law deliberately set up to defeat both Irish Catholic law and Scotch common law; to sustain the villany of a self-confessed British would-be betrayer of Irish virtue and the rights of the Scottish common people!

The Yelverton case was one of the most momentous matrimonial "cause celebre" that ever occupied the attention of judges and juries. It is many years since it stirred the justice-loving world, and we do not speak positively as to the sequence of the various transactions incidental to its course. We only recall the salient facts, but we believe if any present-day lawyer takes the trouble to read the whole story will soon be able to realize where the charge of usurpation of rights and powers in the religious and social spheres rightfully comes home.—Exchange.

## DEATHS AND BURIALS.

The funeral of Miss Rose A. Tierney, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Philip and Ellen Tierney, took place last Saturday morning at 8.45 o'clock from her late residence, 341 Main street, to St. Peter's church, where Requiem High Mass was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. J. Borgman, C. SS. R. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery. A large number of friends attended the funeral.

Mr. Bernard Gallagher died on Saturday at the residence of his son, Mr. Charles Gallagher, 65 Sheriff street. Mrs. Thomas Gallagher, of Dorchester, Mass., is a daughter. The funeral took place Monday morning at 8.45 o'clock and after Requiem Mass at St. Peter's church, interment was made in the new cemetery.

Miss Esther Elizabeth Collins, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Collins, an invalid for a number of years, died on Sunday. She is survived by one sister, Miss Grace. The funeral took place on Tuesday morning at 8.30 o'clock from her late residence, 126 St. James street, to St. John the Baptist church, where Requiem High Mass was celebrated by Very Rev. W. F. Chapman, V. G. Interment in the new Catholic cemetery.

Mr. Thomas Gillen, a well known and highly respected resident of the North End, passed away suddenly at his late residence, 212 Millidge avenue. He was a cooper by trade and on Monday attended his work as usual with Messrs. Purdy & Green, in whose employ he had been for upwards of forty-six years. Later on

that night he took suddenly ill and in a short time passed away. Heart trouble was the cause. He was an active member of St. Peter's church and his valuable services will be greatly missed. Three sons and five daughters survive. The sons are Henry, Harding and Thomas, all of this city, and the daughters are Mrs. James Duncan, Mrs. George Doherty and the Misses Bessie, Margaret and Agatha, all of this city. He also is survived by one brother, Mr. James Gillen, of the I. C. R. in Moncton.

Mr. Thomas Furlong, whose death took place on Friday evening, after a lengthy illness, was in his years of active work a prominent citizen of St. John. Born in Dublin, he came to St. John in 1850, and after a brief stay went to Philadelphia, where he spent seven years. On his return in 1857 he went into business at Chubb's Corner, then a very important centre of business activity, and soon he came to be the principal wine merchant of the period. A good many years ago, however, as the result of an accident, he was obliged to retire from business, and since then has led a more or less retired life. Mr. Furlong was a connoisseur in art, a lover of good books, genial, kind-hearted and hospitable, with hosts of friends in all walks of life. He is survived by four daughters—Mrs. Edward Schmidt, Montreal; Mrs. Harold Coleman, Boston; Miss Furlong, and Miss Helen Furlong, and by one son, Mr. Gerald Furlong, Montreal.

The funeral took place on Monday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from his late residence, 378 Union street, to the Cathedral, where services were held by Rev. Michael O'Brien. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery. There was a large attendance.

## THE DELEGATE APOSTOLIC.

Quebec, May 8.—Mgr. Stagni, apostolic delegate to Canada, arrived here on Saturday. He drove immediately to the Basilica, where he officiated at Benediction. Addresses were afterwards presented to his excellency by Archbishop Begin, on behalf of the clergy, and Mayor Drouin on behalf of the citizens, to both of which he replied in French. On Sunday Mgr. Stagni paid visits to Spencer Wood and to Mayor Drouin, after which he held a reception at the Archbishop's Palace, which was attended by thousands of people. Mgr. Stagni visited St. Anne De Beaupre on Wednesday.

## A STately EDIFICE FOR SHEDIAC

The Rev. Fr. LeBlanc, of Shediac, is busy these days with his plans for the new building to be erected on the R. C. church grounds of his diocese. The new structure will be known as the "Providence of St. Joseph," and is to be utilized as a home for the aged, the poor, and as a hospital. It will be managed by the Sisters of Providence from Montreal and will be the largest institution of its kind in the province, providing accommodation for 300 people. It will be a three-story-wooden structure, the main building being 200 feet long, with wings at each side, and will cost in the vicinity of \$25,000, says the Moncton Times.

## AN ANGRY EDITOR.

We take the following editorial note from the Victoria County News, published at Perth, N. B.:

It is a low-down trick for young women to inveigle a lad 10 years old to hang a May basket on the door of the editor's sanctum. True the editor may not be a recognized Marathoner but the spirit is willing if the flesh is weak.

The following item is taken from the local columns of the same paper: A good joke was going the rounds yesterday. Some of the Perth young women invaded Andover on Tuesday evening—May 2nd.—and hung out May baskets. One Andover swain, on being acquainted with the fact that his door knob was ornamented with a basket, sought the wrong girl in his osculatory quest. The young woman, all unconscious of the cause, was highly indignant when given a rousing smack. The perpetrators of the joke stood by and enjoyed a laugh.

## QUEBEC'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Quebec, May 8.—Sir Francois Landriault, ex-Chief Justice of the Superior Court of this district, was sworn in on Saturday as Lieutenant Governor of this province in the place of the late Lieutenant Governor Pelletier. The ceremony took place in the legislative council chamber. After signing his oath, Quebec's new Lieutenant Governor received the congratulations of the large number of prominent citizens present. When the swearing in ceremonies were concluded, His Honor retired to his private apartments, where refreshments were partaken of and where he was kept busy for some time signing official documents, leaving shortly after eleven o'clock for Spencer Wood to take up his new residence.

## AN UNPREJUDICED AUTHORITY.

Lewis Nixon believes that if we indulge in 'too much of that species of national emasculation, the disarmament, we shall 'lose our spirit,' and sink to the level of China.'

We invite Mr. Nixon's attention to an interesting analogy.

A few weeks ago a bill was introduced at Albany to stop men from promiscuously selling and carrying revolvers. At first thought it seemed impossible that any class of people could object to this bill except would-be man-killers. But behold! the gentlemen who manufacture revolvers thought it a very vicious piece of legislation and have begun active lobbying against its passage. Undoubtedly they are actuated by the loftiest principles. Obviously they are convinced that this law would lead our citizens to 'too much of that species of emasculation, the disarmament,' and that our virile gangsters when deprived of their guns would 'lose spirit' and 'sink to the level of China.'

But of course there is all the difference in the world between a man who manufactures six-shooters with which crooks can rob their victims or butcher their enemies, and a gentleman like Mr. Nixon who manufactures warships with which great and good nations can relieve one another of their real estate or usher one another's citizens into a better world.—New York World.

## NOW AND THEN.

We take this item from United Canada, Ottawa:

Some nervous gentlemen in the House of Commons were alarmed when the first Canadian Papal Delegate arrived in Ottawa early in April, 1897. The delegate's mission to this country is better understood now, and all Canada welcomes Mgr. Stagni.

Five tunnels now pierce the Alps. The boring of the Reetschberg Tunnel which began in 1907, was finished a few weeks ago, but the tunnel will not be ready for railway traffic until 1913. It is about nine miles long.—the third longest tunnel in Europe,—and is really a supplement to the Simplon Tunnel. Thousands of men are working upon it and the cost will be nearly twenty million dollars.

Royal princes do not differ much from other boys. The Prince of Wales, who is now seventeen, made his first public speech the other day, and the newspaper accounts say that he "blushed, stammered, bit his lip, and gave frequent supplicating glances to his tutor." Unnumbered thousands of young men in every civilized land know just how he felt.

Rev. John C. Price, one of the best known priests of Pittsburg, Pa., died last month. Father Price was a native of New York. His ecclesiastical studies were made at St. Mary's, Baltimore, and St. Michael's Seminary, Pittsburg. He was ordained August 18, 1877, by the late Bishop John Tuigg. He conducted for many years the Question Box for the Pittsburg Observer.

## WHY PATRICK HENRY SAID IT.

A Hardin county schoolboy in writing a composition on Patrick Henry, said: "He married when he was quite young, and then made a speech, in which he said: 'Give me liberty or give me death.'"—Elizabethtown, (Ky.) News.



## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Mr. J. Tobin returned last week from Ottawa.

Mr. R. W. W. Frink, who was at his office for a short time on Saturday and again Monday morning, the first since his recent illness was warmly greeted by his many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Robertson, are expected from England at the end of the week.

Mr. Francis S. Keane, of the I. C. L. ticket office, left last week on a two weeks' vacation trip to Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Humphrey, have removed from the city to "Sunny-side farm," the property at Jubilee Station (Nauwigewauk), lately purchased by them from the estate of the late S. Z. Dickson.

M. E. Ring left for his home in Minneapolis last evening. This was his first visit to St. John in twenty-three years, and he noticed many improvements. He came here to attend the funeral of his mother.—Telegraph.

Regina Leader, May 4: Hon. A. Turgeon, Attorney General of Saskatchewan, left today for England on government business. He will be accompanied on the trip by Mrs. Turgeon. Mr. Turgeon will go first to Ottawa, where he will spend several days, also in connection with government business. He will then leave for England, and will be gone some time. Though not going specifically for the Coronation, he will be present at the ceremonies.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McGaffigan announce the engagement of their second daughter, Minnie E., to Mr. Alfred J. Marois, of Quebec. The marriage will take place in the Cathedral on June 1st.

Dr. John Murphy, who has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Casey, Milltown, returned Lewiston Thursday, May fourth, where he was formerly a member of the hospital staff of physicians. Dr. Murphy is being requested by friends to locate in Eastport, where he is assured of finding a good field to practice his profession. Rumor has it that the doctor may in the near future take unto himself a partner from along the St. Croix to share in his success at the island city, should he decide to open an office there.

Frederick Gleaner: Miss Jennie McGrath and Masters John and Chas. Canty, arrived here from Butte, Montana, on Saturday and are visiting Mr. P. H. McGrath, Lower St. Marys. Ottawa Journal: Mr. Pius Michaud M. P., and Mrs. Michaud have left for their home in Edmundston, N. B., where Mr. Michaud was called by the drowning of his brother.

St. Andrews Beacon: Robert Cummings, of Foxboro, Mass., whose health has not been up to the mark, is here for the purpose of recuperation.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cullen, of Halifax is visiting her sister, Miss McPartland, Meeklenburg street.

—Mr. Michael Barry left for Vancouver Wednesday evening accompanied by his wife and brother, Mr. Harry Barry. Many friends were at the depot to wish them success.

The Misses Osborne, of Milltown, entertained on Friday evening last, a notable gathering of young society people from Calais, St. Stephen and other places. Five tables were nicely ar-

ranged for, whilst and prizes were awarded to Chas. Kelly and Miss Josie Hinchey. Refreshments were served during the evening.

## DEATHS AND BURIALS.

Mr. John Ward, a well known resident of Oromocto, passed away at that place Tuesday evening, after a short illness. He was 81 years of age and is survived by a wife, three sons Philip and James, at home, and John, who resides in the West. The two daughters are Mrs. John Ladds, Upper Mauderville, and Mrs. Melvin Currier of Upper Gagetown.

The funeral of Mrs. Isabella McGean, who died in Haverhill, Mass., was held on Wednesday at St. Andrews, Rev. J. M. O'Flaherty officiated. She died at the home of her daughter with whom she had lived for several years. Deceased was in her eighty-second year, and is survived by three daughters, Mrs. William Gillespie, of Lowell, Mass.; Mrs. Edward Daniels and Mrs. Patrick Flynn, of Haverhill, nine grand children and one great grand child.

Mrs. James McGinnis died at Victoria Hospital, Fredericton, on Sunday after an illness extending over five weeks. The deceased was 37 years of age and survived by a husband and ten children, six boys and four girls. Six sisters and three brothers also survive. The funeral took place on Tuesday morning, with High Mass of Requiem at Saint Dunstan's at 9 o'clock by Rev. F. L. Carney. Interment was made at The Hermitage.

## CHURCH COLLECTORS APPOINTED.

At St. Anthony's church, St. Marys, on Sunday, Rev. J. J. Ryan announced that he had appointed Messrs. James P. Hughes and J. McAnulty to receive pew rents and all church dues within St. Mary's parish.

## C. M. B. A.

The members of Branch 134, C. M. B. A., will hold a social assembly in the York Theatre Assembly Rooms, on May 22nd, celebrating the twenty-first anniversary of its organization. It will be patronized by Mesdames Michael Ryan, D. J. O'Neil, R. J. Ritchie, R. J. Walsh and W. J. Magee.

## OFFICERS ELECTED.

At the annual meeting of the Relief and Aid Society Monday afternoon the following officers were elected: President, Mr. S. S. Hall; secretary, Mr. W. D. Everett; directors, Mr. James H. Frink, Mayor; Hon. W. H. Tuck, Hon. J. V. Ellis, Dr. P. R. Inches, Dr. A. F. McAvaney, Messrs. Richard O'Brien, William Peters, William Shaw, H. Adam Glasgow, John C. Ferguson and John Kerr.

## TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Twenty years ago when Mr. John Redmond was liberated from Kilmalmain jail, he was greeted by Mr. Ralfour, now leader of the Conservative Opposition in the British House of Commons. Twenty years is not a very long stretch, but it has had many turns and twists, the most notable being the great power that has come to Mr. Redmond and the leader of the

Irish Nationalist party. At a social event last week at which Messrs. Redmond and Balfour were present, the latter again gave the former a very hearty shake hands, remarking that twenty years had elapsed since they had before fraternized. Mr. Redmond was then one of the Irish Patriots who had been lodged in jail for "looking crooked" at a landowner. But that kind of business in Ireland is now a thing of the past, even the historic Kilmalmain jail having gone out of existence, and with it the agrarian crimes—in fact the Ireland of today has no criminal statistics worth mentioning—which boast cannot be made by any other country in the world, says the Canadian Freeman.



## Tenders for Dredging.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Dredging, Maritime Provinces," will be received until Monday, May 15, 1911, at 4 p.m., for dredging required at the following places:

Prince Edward Island—Summerside and Vernon River.

Nova Scotia—Cheticamp, Digby, L'Archeveque, Larry's River, Margaro Harbor, St. Mary's River, West Bay.

New Brunswick—Buctouche Beach, Cape Tormentine, Loggieville, Maquaph Lake, Ox Island, Raft Channel, Richibucto, Scotchtown, Shediac, Shipigan Gully, St. George, St. Stephen.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signature of tenderers.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa. Tenders must include the towing of the plant to and from the work. Only dredges can be employed which are registered in Canada at the time of the filing of tenders. Contractors must be ready to begin work within thirty days after the date they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender.

A separate cheque for each place for which a tender is submitted must accompany the tender. This cheque must be equal to five per cent (5 per cent) of the amount of the tender, based on the approximate quantities set opposite the name of the place, in no case must the cheque be for less sum than \$1,500. The cheque must be accepted on a chartered bank, and payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete contract, but will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,  
R. C. DESROCHERS,  
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,  
Ottawa, April 21, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

GEM

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New Soprano Singer

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Late Pictures and Music.

New Devices  
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With the revolving of the wheel of time, we are confronted once more with the reigning popularity of the

## "Ear Jewel."

We have just received a lot of the most desirable designs of white stone and pearl Drop Earrings, also various colored stones and Pearl Effects. New ideas in Pendants, Lavallieres, Veil and Corage Pins.

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Spring Showing  
Of Millinery

Come now and select your Headwear for Spring.

A choice assortment of the latest and most popular shapes at Bargain Prices.

Mrs. Ida Brown,

MAIN STREET - North End

## Sewing Machines

\$24.00 will buy a handsome drop head Sewing Machine, latest improvements, at W. H. BELL'S, 38 King Street.

GREAT BARGAINS in Second Hand Sewing Machines in good repair, at W. H. BELL'S, 38 King Street.

NEEDLES, OIL, Extra parts. Repairs for all kinds of Sewing Machines at W. H. BELL'S, 38 King Street, Opp. Royal Hotel.



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## DISFIGURED—BUT NOT FOR LIFE

The disfiguring blotches, pimples and sores of childhood, coming from impure blood, yield promptly to the healing curative influence of Nyal's Blood Purifier.

It-accurring sores, tetter, skin eruptions—unfailing signals of bad blood—permanently cured and the skin restored to its original smoothness when Nyal's Blood Purifier is taken as directed. The price is \$1.00. We sell it and recommend it as a truly scientific and trustworthy remedy.

Sold by

E. CLINTON BROWN, Druggist,  
Corner Waterloo and Union Street.

## THE PARK DRUG STORE.

The attention of our readers, and particularly those residing in the locality, is drawn to the advertisement

## GRAND TRUNK RY. SYSTEM

## REDUCED RATES

In effect until April 10th inclusive.

Second Class Colonist Fares from Montreal to

Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria, Westminster, B. C.  
Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, Wash.  
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\$47.70

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\$49.00

Low rates to many other points, and also from other stations on the Grand Trunk Railway System.

## TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

Leave Montreal for Chicago on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 10.30 p. m. Berths, which may be reserved in advance, available for accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets on payment of nominal charge. Connection made with trains carrying cars of similar style at Chicago.

For further information apply to J. Quinlan, D. P. A., Montreal, or

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KING EDWARD HOTEL  
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elsewhere of The Park Drug Store on Brussels street, a few doors from the corner of the street and Haymarket Square.

## Palmer's Patent Hammock

Our stock of Hammocks for this season consists of a new variety of weaves in plain and fancy twills, canvas, satin, basket, diamond, diagonal and Marseilles. The designs are fancy stripes, fancy embroidered. Chinese, conventional, heraldic, peacock, Egyptian, etc., richest colorings. All Hammocks full size with concealed spreaders.

\$1.30 Figured Twill and Canvas Weave in handsome stripes.

\$1.55 Zig Zag Twill and Diamond Figures, stripe effects.

\$2.00 Close Canvas and Twill Weave, Jacquard design.

\$2.25 Close Figured Twill, and satin make, Jacquard design.

\$2.75 Figured Twill Weave, conventional leaf and stripe effect.

\$3.15 Close Canvas and Twill Weaves, Jacquard and fancy embroidered designs.

\$3.50 Figured Twill Weave, modern design, stripe effect.

\$4.50 Fancy Twill Weave, ivy design, very new.

\$4.65 Tapestry Weave, decorative design, neat check effect.

\$5.25 Double Tapestry Weave "Heraldic" design, gorgeous colorings.

\$6.00 Marseilles Weave, ornamental designs, red and gold.

\$6.50 Marseilles and Double Tapestry Weave, peacock and Egyptian designs

Strong Heavy Canvas Hammocks in all white, string double with cord and rope. Two concealed spreaders. Size 38 and 80 inch. Price \$2.00.

The "Arawana" Campers Hammock made of strong "Khaki" Duck, heavy cords, without spreaders, each Hammock packed in a bag made especially for outing parties. Price complete \$2.50.

Double-prong, Swinging Hammock Hitch Hooks 10c. each.

LINEN ROOM.

Manchester, Robertson, Allison, Limited