









BABA SYRA'S QUEST.

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

FIBRE WARE. Some ten. We use nothing but fibre, pressed into shape...

"Ye are no chaviv of mine. The case of all Roma folk go wi' ye!"

licenses could transfer it to no matter what character they by the present bill a man to license was to be transferred...

for William and Bismarck. Feb. 2.—The Hamburger's correspondent says it is certain at Friedrichsruhe that William will take advantage...

discover Woman Inmate. Francisco, Feb. 2.—Mrs. W. J. woman about 28 years old, accompanied by her 5-year-old...



Little Daughter

Arch of England minister a distressing rash, by Dr. Richard... well-known Druggist, 207, Montreal, P. Q., says:

Underful Cures

by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one being that of a little child who was literally covered to foot with a red and exuberant rash...

Sarsaparilla

others, will cure you

The noble old city of Philadelphia winds the lovely Wissahickon, fairest and most entrancing stream yet unadded by man.

Retaining its Indian name of Wisau-sickon, or the yellow-colored stream, it has its source miles away among the fertile Dutch meadows...

For seven or eight miles above its mouth the channel is strangely tortuous between banks of rocks of mica schist, rising in every imaginable fantastic form...

There is not a spot upon which you may stand your feet, place your hand or rest your eye which does not throbb and pulsate back to your own, instantly-accorded sympathy.

Then another deep pool on whose surface the overhanging trees in their shadows like black oaks, fringing a bed of sapphires...

Again appears a little lake, or a wide swirl of waters where the spirits of the stream seem in wild bacchanalian chase in some glowing cauldron...

One of the latter, old "Boze," battered and grim, seemed sorely worried and perplexed. He ran a little way after the hand of Gipsies, halted and looked sadly after them...

Now, Baba Syra, we'll go back to my mother!" The old woman understood the brute's intimate pantomime instantly, but as if hesitating a moment in her mind...

set within the western boundaries of the noble old city of Philadelphia...

had forewarn her rape. She had come and gone between the camp-side and the great city at will.

It was as though the old pilgrim's load had loosened and rolled away among the shadows of the long, hard stony way behind.

With some swift instinct of recognition she saw and smiled to the saucy squirrel darting like a flash of flame from limb to limb above her head.

Like many a one not of Gipsy blood before her time and since, she could thus have eyes for the great city, and shrink aghast at the thunderings of the flaming forges along the Schuylkill...

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MONEY FOR YOU. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. A heavy doctor's bill, loss of wages, much discomfort.

box she felt decidedly improved. She has now finished her fourth box, and is apparently as well as she ever was.

FERRY'S SEEDS. The sower has no second chance. If you would at first sow, you would at last reap.

Wanted. Every owner of a horse or cow wants to know how to keep his animal in the best condition.

Sound Horses. Every owner of a horse or cow wants to know how to keep his animal in the best condition.

Fat Cattle. A book of valuable household and farm recipes will be sent free.

Johnston's Fluid Beef. Everything depends upon the one word JOHNSTON'S.

A NEW BRUNSWICK MIRACLE. THE TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE OF A WELL-KNOWN GENTLEMAN.

So Badly Crippled With Rheumatism that he was Helpless as an Infant—How he was Cured—A Lady Relative also Restored to Health.

(From the Richmond, N.B., Review.) The attention of the Review having been called to two cases in Kingston...

One bitter November evening found the two old pilgrims, while on their homeward way from the market, standing gazing into the window of a basement cottage...

"Never but one Griselda know about here," he at last answered. "Better run home, mother. Shouldn't you be coming on your own? Our Griselda was on the books a long time ago. Died in the night 20 years since. Lovely death! Leaned on the strong arm to the last. Hope you lean on the strong arm too,

THE IMPROVED ROYAL INCUBATOR. Simple and reliable, hatches all kinds of eggs. Hundreds in successful operation.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

News of the Day Selected from Friday's Evening Times.

MORE ABOUT RELIEF.

The Citizens Committee, Indignant at the City Council's Call a Meeting.

Fifty-five of the unemployed men are now at work. The relief committee has given work to 40 and the city have put 15 to work to make more attractive Beacon Hill Park.

The office of the relief committee was again besieged this morning. The besiegers this time did not come to register but to see if work had been secured for them.

Among the poor themselves there exists a feeling of sympathy for one another. This was very forcibly exemplified this morning at the relief committee's offices.

A man with a black eye, two deep cuts in the face and a bandage around his head made his appearance at the relief committee's offices.

A meeting of the citizens' relief committee was held this afternoon when a resolution was passed and ordered forwarded to the city council.

Exclusive Privileges.

Capt. Irving has issued the following circular: Canadian Pacific Navigation Co., Ltd. Victoria, B. C., January 22, 1894.

The same privilege has been given by Manager Topping of the Union S. C. Co., and the Guides will be circulated daily on the trains of the B. & N. R.

A Month's Celebration.

It has been suggested that a grand celebration extending over a week be held in Victoria about the 24th of May.

Officers of which, would be pleased to lend all the assistance in their power.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

The Council Meets in Special Session and Vote \$1,500.

The city council voted \$1,500 towards relieving the distressed at a special meeting held for that purpose yesterday afternoon.

When the Times went to press yesterday afternoon the subject was still under discussion.

Ald. Styles said it would cost more to break rock than to crush it with the crusher.

Mayor Teague favored the putting of the unemployed to work at whatever they were able to do.

Ald. Wilson moved that \$1,000 be set aside for work on the park. He said it should not be considered a salary.

Ald. Munn thought the action was inconsistent. Some men were employed by the corporation at \$2, while others were only going to be paid \$1.

The delegates representing the manufacturing interests of the province, who yesterday morning conferred with the general manager, respecting the proposed amendments to the labor law.

The motion was carried, it being understood that work would be given as soon as possible.

Passengers for California.

A large number of Victorians leave this evening on the steamer Umattila for San Francisco via the Midwinter Fair.

The foreign shipments of coal from the New Vancouver Coal Company's mines during January follow:

Instantly relieves the most violent attack, facilitates free expectoration and insures rest to those otherwise unable to sleep except in a chair, as a single trial will prove.

ESTABLISHING A CREAMERY.

New Westminster Moving in the Right Direction—Probable Profits.

It is proposed to establish a creamery in New Westminster city. The idea is to have the company a co-operative joint stock one, the total capital stock at the start to be \$20,000, divided into 200 shares of \$100 each.

The design of the building in the hands of the promoters is of one now in use in eastern Canada, now successfully can be judged from the fact that its product was the world's first prize in competition with the world's fair in Chicago.

The promoters have prepared the following approximate estimate of results of a creamery business, based on a milk supply of 1,500 gallons per day from all sources.

375 gals. full milk @ 20c. \$75.00
450 lbs. butter @ 25c. 112.50
900 gals. skim milk @ 10c. 90.00
Total \$277.50

375 gals. @ 25c. \$93.75
1,125 gals. @ 17c. 191.25

Mr. Justice Walker in the supreme court chambers this morning disposed of the following applications:

Sealey vs. Morse.—James Sealey applied to vary an order of Mr. Justice Drake settling a conveyance, B. H. T. Drake contra. Refused with costs.

Sealey vs. Morse.—Drake for the divorce under the will of the late W. C. S. Sealey, applied to attach James Sealey, the executor under the will, for not filing an inventory of the estate, which came into his hands as executor.

Victoria Iron Works vs. Williams et al.—Lawson (Bolwell & Irving) for the plaintiff applied for an affidavit on production by the defendants.

VERNON AND VICINITY.

There is nothing the matter with the winter climate of the Okanagan. One day this week an able-bodied mosquito, thirsting for gore, was among the visitors to the Newa Hotel.

The trial of the action of Beer Bros. vs. Collier was commenced before Mr. Justice Drake this morning.

A Trip With a History.

The Port Blakely mill company is the proud owner of a Russian gunboat, which thrashes its way through the salt waters of Puget Sound under the name of the Poltikofsky.

FROM SATURDAY'S EVENING TIMES.

A BAD FALL.

J. Keith Drops 35 Feet From the E. & N. Bridge—seriously injured.

J. Keith, the architect, had a narrow escape from death last night. He fell into the water. He struck his forehead either on a stone or piece of wood, for he was badly cut, and is probably suffering from concussion of the brain.

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THE WORKINGMEN'S

A Large Assembly at the Discussions Labor's In

There was a great big political meeting of the late city hall last night, and good speeches were made.

On asking the route of the new road was surveyed last year by the section of the late Mr. Lumby, and a couple of hundred dollars expended thereon.

STEAMBOAT HUMORS.

The recent dispatch from Port Townsend in a Seattle paper to the effect that the City of Seattle on the 1st inst. leased by the Canadian Pacific railway and Captain John Irving for operation on the Alaska route is a bit of a hoax.

Paris, Feb. 2.—A bomb with a lighted fuse attached was found on the first floor of the city hall at Versailles yesterday.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

London, Feb. 2.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard says that King Milan, of Serbia, is about to leave Belgrade, in a steamer to visit the Okanagan Lake.

London, Feb. 2.—The Daily News discusses at length the discharge in bankruptcy granted to Michael Davitt on Tuesday.

BISHOP DOANE'S ANNIVERSARY.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 3.—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the consecration of Right Reverend William Crosswell Doane as Bishop of the diocese of Albany of the Protestant Episcopal Church was celebrated at the cathedral yesterday in the presence of an overflowing congregation.

The experts who returned a few days ago from a visit to the Haddington Island stone quarries carefully inspected the stone and its peculiar formation and are satisfied that an unlimited supply of the best building stone can be had.

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ochrane their assessment was on \$70,000 to \$100,000. Mr. F. asked for a construction of... improvements were... lands other than 640 acres.

THE WORKINGMEN'S MEETING

A Large Assembly at the City Hall Discusses Labor's Interests.

MANY QUESTIONS DWELT UPON

Provincial Government Arraigned for Its Land and Chinese Policies—Frederic Davie Has a Hard Time Getting a Hearing.

Steamboat Rumors. A dispatch from Port Townsend... of Seattle for the effect that... by the Pacific railway and... operation on the Alaska...

There was a great big turnout at the... meeting of the laboring men at... city hall last night, and some rather... speeches were made.

GENERAL DISPATCHES

Bomb in World. Feb. 2.—A bomb with a lighted... was found on the first... of the city hall at Versailles...

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of an anti-Chinese clause, and told... of his failures. He had made every... possible effort, but in answer...

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and the morning paper would seek... to array one party of the workingmen... against the others and profit by the quarrel.

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INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE

Events of the Week in the Great Inland Country.

From the Nelson Miner. The Deluge... and loaded... was reorganized on Tuesday evening...

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KASLO'S VOICE

The Citizens in Mass Meeting Assembled to Ask for Several Reforms.

At a mass meeting of the citizens of Kaslo, held on Jan. 25th, the following resolutions were passed:

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hanging well and are taking out a breast... seven feet wide of the richest ore ever... found in the mine.

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The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, February 9, 1894.

HON. MR. POOLEY'S POSITION.

The action of Hon. Mr. Pooley in appearing for the island railway corporation against the government of which he is a member was certainly a subject which the legislative assembly should consider. It is not so evident that the question was brought up in the best way, inasmuch as the government was given the opportunity to plead that the motion was sprung upon it, and that it was impossible to make its defence on the spur of the moment. As the matter now stands the house has negatived Mr. Cotton's motion without anything like a proper discussion. The premier has said that he can cite numerous precedents for Mr. Pooley's action, if time is only given him. It is to be hoped that he will make good this assertion, for it will assuredly take quite a number of precedents to justify in the public mind the appearance of the president of the council in court as an advocate against the government. The precedent on which Mr. Cotton acted, namely, the incident which occurred recently in New South Wales, is most directly against the premier's argument. This will be seen quite plainly from the following account of that incident given by the Colonist of the 11th of last month: "The political situation in New South Wales is complicated, peculiar and most interesting. A private firm in the colony went to law with the railway commissioners. Singular to relate, the crown law officers accepted briefs against the commissioners, who are also servants of the crown. Their conduct was criticized pretty freely in the press and the country, and it came up for discussion and judgment before parliament on a motion of adjournment. The action of the attorney-general and the minister of justice was condemned by a large majority. The question then arose as to whether this vote should be considered as a vote of censure on the government as a whole, or as applying only to the two ministers implicated. There were many who believed that every member of the government was included in the censure pronounced by the house. But the government thought differently. Its members chose to consider that the vote affected the attorney-general and the minister of justice, and no one else, and consequently they as a body did not resign. Of course, as soon as the result of the vote was known Mr. Burton and Mr. O'Connor sent in their resignations to the leader of the government." Our neighbor thought it "singular to relate" that the two members of the New South Wales government should appear in court against that government indirectly, so we may infer that it will at least regard Mr. Pooley's action as singular. The New South Wales legislators had no hesitation in condemning the conduct of the two ministers there, but the majority in the British Columbia house is made of different stuff. How much more comfortable for Sir George Dibbs would it have been if he had only been in front of a "thumbs-up" battalion such as Premier Davie manipulates.

"UP A TREE."

The Ottawa government is not eager to meet parliament, and there is very likely truth in the rumor that the meeting will be postponed till the latest possible date. The following dispatch from the capital shows how fresh difficulties are continually cropping up: "Temperance organizations are sending memorials to the government protesting against the ratification of Tupper's treaty with France, because it provides for the reduction of the duties on wines, and thus places a new obstacle in the way of prohibition by pledging the faith of the country to the admission of intoxicating drinks at a time when the people of Ontario and other provinces are crying out for prohibition. Ministers Bowell and Foster are known to be still opposed to the ratification of the treaty, and its refusal to accept it is one of the reasons why the meeting of parliament has been postponed." With the temperance people, the Ontario wine makers and the general N. P. crowd against it, the French treaty would appear to have a hard time in prospect. But it is the government's own treaty, and the government must ask parliament to ratify it; or else violate all rules of diplomacy and responsible government. The situation is a very interesting one indeed, and there need be no hesitation in accepting as correct this picture of the government's position drawn in another Ottawa dispatch: "Mr. Code, president of the Macdonald club, declines to make any statement as to why the meeting which Sir John Thompson promised to address to-night was abandoned. Others state that discussions in the cabinet over tariff revision, the French treaty and the McGreevy affair, make it dangerous for Thompson to attempt to expound the ministerial policy at the present time."

NOT FOR REVENUE.

A correspondent of the Montreal Witness quotes the Metal Worker and Iron Age, trade journals, for January, 1894, to show that at the mills car lots are sold in New York, Chicago and Pittsburg for 90 for cut nails and \$1.10 for wire nails. The Canadian duty on cut nails is \$1, and on wire nails, \$1.50 per 100 pounds, making, according to this correspondent, the extraordinary tax of 111.4-8 per cent. on cut nails, and 136.10-11 per cent. on wire nails. The same correspondent maintains that the duty on barbed wire is 75 per cent. The correspondent adds: "All the above duties are prohibitory. Cut nails in Montreal are \$2.25. Two years ago cut nails

were selling in New York for \$1.40 and in Montreal for \$1.90. Prices in New York have fallen 50 cents and advanced 35 cents here. There was no combine here then. The difference now between prices here and in the United States, after paying the duty, would be used up in freight from Pittsburg, the great manufacturing centre. The whole of the \$1 and \$1.50 duty goes into the manufacturer's pockets, less a duty of \$2 a ton on a small proportion of the scrap iron imported for their manufacture." These are specimens of purely protective duties which Liberals say should have no place in the tariff, inasmuch as the national government has no moral right to empower one part of the community to pry on the remainder. But the government at Ottawa especially represents the section of the community which profits by and believes in the prevailing business and is therefore obliged to take its orders from that section. The public will be apt to watch with some interest the treatment by the government of such duties as are spoken of by the Witness correspondent. If they are really dealt with as "mouldering branches" then there will be some reason to credit the ministers with the intention to effect a bona fide reform.

THAT FALSE STATEMENT.

If Thomas G. Sherman had been listening to the efforts of Premier Davie and his supporters yesterday and the day before he would have repeated with emphasis his aphorism that "figures won't lie, but liars will figure." The gory statistics of the last election were something awful to behold, and with them all they failed to meet successfully Mr. Kitchen's charge that a false statement had been published in an official document by the government. It was undoubtedly uttering a falsehood to assert, as is asserted in that famous "Defamers" document, that "the number of votes actually polled at the general election for candidates avowedly supporting the government was equal to the number of votes polled for both opponents and independents combined. The independent and opposition speakers had no difficulty in showing how gross a misstatement this was. The government organ affects to regard this as a matter of no consequence, and we have no doubt that others besides the government, its supporters and the organ will pronounce in that way, for there are unfortunately too many people blessed with tough consciences. Nevertheless the general public will hardly regard it as a trifling affair that the government should coolly insert a barefaced lie in a state paper ostensibly prepared for the instruction of the Governor-General-in-Council. Of course the Colonist abuses Mr. Kitchen and those who sided with him for "wasting time" and raising "worrying" questions. This latter part of the charge is true in one sense, for the Premier has shown himself a good deal worried in all these matters. As to wasting time, Mr. Davie rather cruelly cut the ground from under the organ's feet when he proposed an adjournment over to-day. In any event the Colonist shows all its customary insolence when it speaks of the time spent in the discussion as wasted simply because it was spent for a purpose disagreeable to itself and its master. The organ would do well to remember that the public are not in the habit of adopting its standard of judgment in such matters.

Ottawa Journal: The fame of Judge William Elliot, of London, and of Judge Palmer, of New Brunswick, whose conduct on and off the bench have been the subject of remark in recent years, has reached British India. The India Jurist, in a recent number, publishes a homily on the bench in Canada, taking for a text the conduct of Judge Elliot in the infamous London Seat Steal on the one hand, and the practices of Judge Palmer in the seaboard province on the other. These judicial scandals, "remarks this British India authority," remarks this common in Canada, and are bringing the bench into disrepute." The India Jurist does not seem to have heard of Judge Tuck, but we suppose he will get there, too. We should think the decent judges on the Canadian bench must be growing somewhat concerned for their name and fame. Fortunately the exceptions like Elliot and Tuck are few.

The Toronto Mail says: "In connection with the Behring Sea difficulty, England has paid \$100,000 to the sealers for the loss of trade during the operation of the motus vires, but that is only a portion of her outlay on account of the arbitration. The two leading counsel for Great Britain each received for their services \$7500, or together about \$15,000. Besides this there are other expenses which will add materially to these figures. It has cost the mother country some hard cash for coming to the assistance of Canada." The greater's the pity that Canada got so little out of the expenditure.

Our Ottawa correspondent to-day gives a summary of the insoleocy law which the government intends to introduce at the approaching session of parliament. It is hardly necessary to say that the subject is one of great interest in mercantile and legal circles.

Seizure of the Mogul. Tacoma, Feb. 3.—Inspector Keeney was ordered out of the cabin of the Mogul yesterday, the officers claiming he was too officious. To-day customs officers seized a quantity of shawls, cigars, smoking jackets, etc., some of which were presented to the steamer's officers, and all of which they claim are not subject to seizure. They will appeal to the British vice consul.

English Sperm Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spurs, curbs, splints, ring bones, swellings, stifles, sprains, sores and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 per use of one bottle. Sold by Langley & Co.

KOOTENAY CROPPINGS.

Railway Construction Brings Good Times to Nakusp.

BUSINESS BRISK AT SLOCAN MINES

Two Million Dollars' Worth of Ore Probably to be Taken Out This Winter—An Unsolved Mystery—Boundary Creek's Excellent Prospects.

(Nakusp Ledger.) Upwards of 50 tons of ore are being sent into Kaslo, whence it is shipped to the smelters over the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway per steamer Nelson. So many men and teams being employed on the road have made times brisk in Kaslo. Almost every property in the Slocan is constantly engaging new men to get out ore, while new prospects are being opened up. At present there are about 19 mines shipping, 15 more getting their dumps piled up, and over a dozen others in an advanced state of development. Fresh capital is continually coming into the country, and as a result numerous sales have taken place. Word has been received from several American sources that an influx of greenbacks and gold eagles may be expected in the spring. At the present time the Slocan is really the only district shipping ore on the continent, and as silver shows an upward tendency, the owners of the mines feel greatly encouraged. Confidence and success may be expected in the spring, the province, affording a noticeable contrast to the many idle camps across the international border. It is estimated that \$2,000,000 worth of ore will be taken out during the winter. Eighty men are employed on the R. & A. L. B.

\$800,000 was taken in at the C.P.R. depot in Revelstoke last year. That was the largest business done on the road between Vancouver and Winnipeg. It is only a few months since the R. & A. L. B. took the ore from the Freddie Lee mine into Kaslo. Provincial Officer Fauquier went up the lake on the Arrow Saturday to search for the body of a man said to have been drowned in the spring. Particulars of which appeared last week. The shore was diligently scanned for over four miles, particularly at the point, but not a trace of the body was observed. Considerable fresh snow had fallen, however, which would have effectually obliterated all signs, while a second theory may be advanced for the fruitless search in the fact that wolves have been unusually numerous in that region of late, and it is quite possible that the brute devoured the body. Mr. Kautz, a local sportsman, says he has seen a wolf's paw print in the snow near the shore. Sanderson would send up a party of men from the hot springs in a rowboat to continue the search. Who the man was or whence he came remains as dark a mystery as ever.

The new year dawned auspiciously for the Boundary Creek country. In that section there is great mineral wealth buried in the mountains and river bars awaiting the hammer and drill and the monitor and sluice box to develop and bring it to the surface and have effectually obliterated all signs, while a second theory may be advanced for the fruitless search in the fact that wolves have been unusually numerous in that region of late, and it is quite possible that the brute devoured the body. Mr. Kautz, a local sportsman, says he has seen a wolf's paw print in the snow near the shore. Sanderson would send up a party of men from the hot springs in a rowboat to continue the search. Who the man was or whence he came remains as dark a mystery as ever.

The ledge group of mines is being worked with vigor and with most favorable indications of early tapping the main ore body. The Finlay mines are also being energetically worked. An incline tunnel has been driven over 500 feet, and the ore body augmented 70 per cent. The later assays show 70 per cent. lead and from 40 to 140 oz. of silver per ton.

The Davey group, the Wilson mine and the Hayes Twin mine are all holding their own as development proceeds. The plan of the mine is, as a consequence, not being worked at present, but the companies are not idle as they are taking advantage of the lull to do much needed repairs, place new machinery and set up additional sluice boxes and other things in order to commence work in the early spring.

F. J. Carroll, representative of the San Francisco Seby Smelting Co., has recently been in the country, and he remarks that several ships are being chartered for the shipment of ore to his works. No less than ten sacks of mail came in Tuesday, for which the gods be praised, hereafter all of them being permitted to lie at Revelstoke till it gets moldy with age. The Lardau country to develop several promising claims has been made. In concluding a column of funny reminiscences of his trip to the coast, returning on a steamer, he will write us more. We are in a good mood to-day, and have almost forgotten the hard times of '93.

Mr. McGilguy, representative of the company, has just returned from the coast, and he reports that the work on the coast has been done in a most satisfactory manner. The work on the coast has been done in a most satisfactory manner. The work on the coast has been done in a most satisfactory manner.

Revelstoke Lumber Co. has just commenced work on a contract for getting out 1,000,000 feet of lumber from the Slocan River, north of the Green Side. The snowfall in Revelstoke this winter has been the heaviest on record. Yesterday the snow gauge measured 200 inches, or over 16 feet. The weather, however, has been better than the whole winter, and the cold experienced last winter. The steamer Lytton, which was bound for the coast, was held up at the Methodist church are successful in gaining

a large number of converts, among them being a great many young men about town. Rev. C. A. Proctor (Methodist) and C. A. Hays (Presbyterian) are jointly conducting the meetings. Messrs. Duchesne and Walker, C.P.R. engineers, are helping, and have engaged taking soundings just below Revelstoke bridge for the final selection of the position of the structure over the Columbia, on which work will be commenced in the spring. E. P. Dunn is doing good service. During the week he has been the means of adding to the Revelstoke division up to 350, with another hundred to be added. When Mr. Nault's scow was laid up at the big bluff near the Green Side last November on account of the ice jam, she carried among other things a quantity of brandy, whiskey and Hudson Bay rum in barrels. Willie Mr. Nault was making arrangements for hauling the cargo down to the head of the lake the whole of the night, but the barrels were left. It has never been discovered who the thieves were, but there was a great number of them. The structure over the Green Side to whom the smell of Hudson Bay rum was so straight would certainly be irresistible.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Events of the Week in the Great Inland Country.

(Gairland Sentinel.) A man named Poole on Friday last drove up three checks on the bank of B.C., which he gave at different business houses for goods, obtaining the difference in money. He has hitherto been considered a respectable young man and a friend made the amounts good before the money was taken away. The checks placed under the drunkard's act, by which persons supplying him with liquor will make themselves liable to a fine of \$50.

A petition to the local legislature has been sent forward to Mr. G. P. Mackenzie, M.P., signed by 95 men in Kamloops and vicinity, praying that the provisions of the game laws as to a close season for birds be extended to all the province. It is asked particularly that the close season of the Cascades for all kinds of ducks and geese be from April 1st to Aug. 31st inclusive, and for all kinds of grouse and prairie chickens from Feb. 1st to Aug. 31st inclusive.

The contract for the construction of the Nicola valley railway will be let early in the month. Mr. F. J. Comiskey, C. P. R. agent at Sicamous, is laid up with inflammatory rheumatism. Mr. Campbell, from Griffin lake, is returning home. Chief Kelly returned on Sunday from New Westminster, after taking Joseph Zink to the asylum for the insane. It is thought he will soon recover.

Mr. H. Abbott, general superintendent of the Pacific Division C. P. R., with his private secretary, passed through on Tuesday night, returning from his annual trip to Montreal. On a Chinaman was brought up from Lytton, where he had been sentenced to two months in jail at hard labor for selling liquor to Indians and placed in goal.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fortunes, of Tranquille, celebrated their wedding on Sunday and Monday last, when a host of their friends called on them to extend congratulations. Harvey Smith, son of Hon. Frank Smith, who was lost near the North Thompson, is believed to have survived having been five days without food. He has now recovered.

J. D. Huntington was arrested on Monday by Chief Kelly in an opium den on the charge of stealing about \$100 from the safe of the Cosmopolitan hotel. The Revelstoke Printing and Publishing Co. recently organized, have ordered their plant. The presses and other machinery are expected to arrive in three or four weeks.

The Presbyterian people at Revelstoke are going to build a snug little house of worship, to be commenced as soon as the snow disappears. A goodly portion of the money is already on hand. Winter has set in in earnest at Salmon Arm. The valley was visited by a heavy snow storm on Thursday last, and this week we have had some very severe frosts. Trees are heavily laden with snow, so progressive chopping is very much impeded.

With pure, vigorous blood coursing through the veins and animating every fibre of the body, cold weather is not only endurable but pleasant and agreeable. Several medicines are certain in their results as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. What it does for others it will do for you.

To Newcastle for Repairs. The steamer Miowara was given a careful inspection in the dry dock at Esquimalt this morning. When she is inquired it will be necessary to remove and replace with new ones a total of 140 plates on her bottom. They were cut, warped, dented and torn by the coral reef upon which she was held fast for two months in Honolulu harbor. It has been determined that the work to be done in Esquimalt dock will only include the strengthening of the temporary repairs made at Honolulu. When that is completed, the ship will go to Newcastle. There is in addition to having new plates put on and a new sternpost frame put in, the well deck portion of the ship forward will be decked over and passenger accommodations put in. It is not yet known definitely how long it will be before the ship will be ready to proceed on her voyage.

Passengers for San Francisco. The steamer City of Puebla will sail for San Francisco to-night after the arrival of the Premier from Vancouver. The following cabin passengers will go from Victoria: C. S. Phelps, and wife, R. Tennant and wife, J. H. McNab, Adams, J. St. Clair Blackett, Mrs. M. Gilchrist, Miss C. McCrory, J. D. Bryant, S. Berwin, Charles E. Baird, wife and child, Mrs. F. Carne, Mrs. Kosche, Miss A. Macomber, Miss G. Miller, J. Miller and wife, T. M. Henderson and wife, J. R. Miller and wife, Miss A. McCrory, Mrs. J. Phair, Mrs. P. Briggs and Children, Wm. McCrory, B. O'Mara, C. Urquhart, J. O. Graham and wife, Miss C. McAllister, Mrs. T. E. Atkins, Mrs. J. M. Atkins, H. E. Keats, R. Jardine, W. McDougall, W. C. Healey, Miss C. Moan, F. L. Peck and wife, D. F. Boissevain and wife.

Rheumatism cured in a day—South American and European Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cured in 1 to 3 days. It is a mystery. It never returns. The cause and the disease immediately disappear. The best and the most reliable. 75 cents. Sold by Langley & Co.

NO MORE SIDEWALKS

Out of the General Revenue, is the Sense of the Council.

CEMETERY BY-LAW REFERRED BACK

Ald. Wilson's Sewerage By-Law Also Referred to the City Barristers—Coroner Hasell Asks for a Public Morgue and a Coroner's Constable.

The city council held a two and a half hours session last night and put through a considerable volume of business. All the aldermen were present. City Clerk Dowler reported the following communications as having been dealt with during the week: Referred to the street committee: J. P. Matthews and six others, requesting that the sidewalk on Montreal street, between Niagara and Dallas road, be repaired. W. E. Holmes and 27 others, requesting that a sidewalk be laid on Catherine street west side, and north of Craigflower road. Alan S. Dumbleton, renewing a request for the improvement of Jubilee avenue.

William Andean, desiring a sidewalk for upper Pandora avenue. Hong Chong and 19 others, requesting that some gravel be placed on Cormorant street. P. A. Irving, calling attention to the dangerous pits in Richards street, between Niagara and Dallas road, to be repaired. S. Salmond, desiring permission to remove a few loads of earth from the bank of the road near Clover Point.

Referred to sewerage committee—William Andean, complaining of a nuisance in front of his premises, Pandora avenue, caused by the drainage from Harrison street. J. P. Matthews and 6 others, pointing out the need of a surface drain on Montreal street between Niagara street and Dallas road. M. McKinnon, referring to a former communication respecting the overflow of water on his property at Spring Ridge from corporation drains.

City Treasurer Kent reported in the matter of delinquent taxpayers, giving the number and names of individuals who refused to pay their taxes; also the names of three corporations likewise delinquents. Report received. An effort will be made to collect. Arthur H. Dutton, on behalf of the workmen, wrote thanking the council for use of the city hall. Market Superintendent Johnson reported receipts for January as \$38,930. The Single Tax club wrote requesting the publication of the assessment roll. Received and filed.

The same institution asked for the use of the city hall, Wednesday, 14th inst., to hold a meeting. Request granted. The B. C. Agricultural Association directors asked that the council meet them in conference. A day was ordered named by the mayor. Coroner Hasell wrote asking that a public morgue be built and that a coroner's constable be appointed. Plans of such a building were enclosed, the plans showing a building worth \$2000.

Ald. Harris favored the idea. He thought that the morgue could be erected in the vicinity of the market hall. Mayor Teague thought it might be a provincial affair. Referred to the cemetery committee to report. The matter of naming a salary for the superintendent of streets was deferred to a subsequent meeting of the council, when the estimates will be laid on the table. Leave was granted Ald. Munn to introduce a by-law to extend the electric light plant.

The finance committee reported appropriations for \$7000; another appropriation for \$400 out of the surface drainage fund was also put through. Three thousand dollars were appropriated out of the educational by-law funds. A lively discussion occurred on a report of the finance committee asking appropriation for laying 1000 feet of sidewalk on Oak Bay avenue. Several aldermen objected against the laying of sidewalks out of the general revenue. The street committee and the finance committee appear to have acted under a misunderstanding. As the lumber was on the ground it was left stand, the feeling of the council being against sidewalks out of the public revenue.

The street committee recommended that sidewalks be laid by the aldermen objected to the laying of sidewalks out of the public revenue. Ald. Baker said it was no use referring a communication to the street committee and then refer it back to the finance committee. He would like to see the estimates brought down. Referred to the finance committee.

The council went into committee of the whole on the cemetery by-law. Ald. Harris said the Anglican synod had asked the council to take over two acres of land adjacent to the cemetery for burial purposes. The offer had been made to the council last October, but had not been favorably considered. The secretary of the synod had written him that the synod would be ready to reopen negotiations. The cost of laying out the new addition to the cemetery was estimated at \$5000.

Ald. Wilson asked what would be the nature of the responsibility assumed by the city in case of taking over the Anglican synod land. Mayor Teague thought that the responsibility would not be much. Ald. Styles wanted the money voted for a cemetery, \$10,000, devoted to other purposes. Mayor Teague said it would be used before the year was over.

This by-law provided that the sums be paid back in 50 years. Ald. Munn ridiculed this idea. If Victoria could not pay \$5000 back in less than 50 years, it had better "sell out." The committee rose and reported progress. It was understood that an endeavor would be made to raise the money out of the general revenue; the sum asked in the by-law was thought too small to put before the ratepayers. The sewerage by-law was then taken up in committee of the whole. A question arose on the legality of certain clauses and the matter was finally referred to a committee of Mayor Teague, Ald. Wilson, City Engineer, Wilnot and the city barristers.

A by-law to borrow \$200,000 in anticipation of the current year's revenue was put through and the council adjourned at 10:40.

ANYHOW FOR THE INSANE.

Report of Dr. J. B. Dowler, the medical superintendent of the asylum for the insane, New Westminster, B. C., in his report says:

During the year the total number of patients under treatment was 187, of whom 143 were males and 44 females. Remaining in residence at the close of the year were 133, of whom 109 were males, and 24 were females.

The number admitted was forty-nine (49), this being fifteen less than the previous year, which decrease is owing, no doubt, in a great measure to the restrictions placed by the legislation of the year on admitting patients who did not properly belong to the province. In this number were included five who were allowed to return to their homes at the request of their friends, but came back to the asylum before the end of the year. Deducting these, the number of new patients received is forty-four (44). The whole of these five had been in the asylum during previous years, one a female, has been alternately between this and her home since 1887.

The discharged number thirty-six, of which twenty-one had recovered, and five were discharged unimproved. Two were not insane when they were admitted. One of these, a native of China, was sent here through some quarrel over gambling with other Chinese. A few days' residence in the asylum soon satisfied me that the excitement under which he was acting on admission was not the result of insanity, and he was discharged. The other was a released convict from the penitentiary, where he had simulated insanity to avoid having to work.

There were, as usual, several attempts made to escape, one of which was successful. A man named Francis, a blacksmith managed to baffle the surveillance of his keeper and get away. The number of deaths was fourteen, being 7.9 per cent. of the whole number treated. Table No. 5 shows the age-length of residents on January 6, 1894. I am sorry I have to report one death by suicide. At midnight of November 24th, the watchman, going his rounds, found a man named Frank Fielder, who hanged himself to the transom of his room.

The other deaths were caused by the effects of the disease from which the patient suffered on admittance, excepting one case of phthisis, which developed itself during the patient's residence here. On the whole, the general health of the patients has been very good, owing to the perfect sanitary conditions of the water, ventilation and drainage. Not a single case of sickness traceable to a defect in the above showed itself during the year. Unfortunately, early in December, in a grippe made its appearance in every ward, and although no fatalities are to be directly attributed to it, yet it has left a great number of the old and infirm in a weakened condition.

During the past year all the available ground for garden purposes was cultivated to the best advantage. We have done some necessary road-making, excavating, and draining, and are laying out the grounds in the front of the building, which, when finished, will greatly improve the appearance of the place, but the class of labor employed makes it slow work, being all voluntary on the part of the patients, digging and delving through hard-pen. I again beg to draw your attention to the necessity of increasing the garden space by getting some of the forest land at the back of the building cleared, as the more produce we can raise ourselves, the more self-supporting the institution becomes. For the work of clearing this land is necessary to employ our outside labor, as it would not be prudent to entrust the patients with the tools, etc., required for such work.

The total amount of work done by the patients during the year represents the expenditure of \$924.65. I must again suggest that the asylum be lighted by electricity instead of gas at present, with gas. The electric light service in the town is good, and I have no doubt that gas is a safer, but I believe it to be much safer. The total cost of introducing it into the building, including wiring, cages, lamps, and everything required, would not exceed \$250.

The per capita cost includes all the expenditure of the asylum, salaries, provisions, fuel, lighting, drugs, furniture, bedding, etc., in fact everything but what belongs to the Lands and Works Department, and transport of lunatics and keepers. The cost this year per patient per month was \$15.83 5/8, and 50 cents. This slight increase is accounted for in several ways, viz., furniture and light, and the addition of one attendant in the opening of E ward last January, an increase in the price of provisions, and the contract over the previous year, and the extra amount of fuel consumed during the exceptionally cold weather of last January and February.

The excess of the expenditure in Lands and Works over the vote can only be accounted for in the smallness of the amount voted, it being only half of what I asked for in the estimates. The vote of 1893 may be taken as a fair estimate of what is required for the ensuing years, with the following additions: Salaries, \$950; fuel, \$200; and lands and works, \$1000.

The only changes in the staff I have to note is the resignation of Miss Henrietta Jones, who resolved to go into scientific training for a nurse at St. Luke's Hospital, San Francisco. Her place is most ably filled by Miss Maria Fillmore, who had several years' experience as attendant in large eastern asylums.

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ROYAL CHRON.

Edmund Yates Discovers Events of the I

THE LEADERSHIP OF THE

Russians Reported as He Descend on He

A Force of 40,000 in Ready Frontier—Concessions made in the Matter of Coming Emigration—The Numbers of One Family Po

New York, Feb. 6.—Edmund Yates Discovers Events of the I

The Princess of Wales after left Sandringham on a residence there of two months, and proceeded to visit to the Queen, accompanied by the Princess. The Princess had Queen for nearly six months. Royal Highness returned in the autumn direct to the Windsor castle, and the Princess of Wales returned to the Bess of Exeter, and she pay a brief visit to the Bess of Exeter at Sussex Square when she leaves London. The Princess depose her departure from the room until after the rooms which are to be her home on Tuesday, Tuesday, March 6. The Princess at these functions to which are limited to 200 proof of the falsity of the her resolution to retire.

The Princess of Wales being collected by week, and yesterday Coves for Gibraltar on the sea. The Prince of Wales left for the Riviera week in March and will before his departure go to London about April 9, before proceeding to Coblenz. The Emperor and Empress have invited the Princess of Wales and the Princess of Monaco to go to the wedding of the Grand Duke and the Grand Duke M. ceremony will take place Monday.

The Duke and Duchess are to go to Germany in a short time and will be a marriage of Grand Duke of the Princess Victoria. The reconciliation of the Emperor seems everybody excepting Emperor's palace in a and when there was of dine with some suburban. The "method" was that he says he is to be placed by getting some of the forest land at the back of the building cleared, as the more produce we can raise ourselves, the more self-supporting the institution becomes. For the work of clearing this land is necessary to employ our outside labor, as it would not be prudent to entrust the patients with the tools, etc., required for such work.

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Table No. 5 shows the age, sex, and residence and cause of death of these patients, and is so sorry I have to report one death. At midnight of November the watchman, going his rounds, found a man named Frank Fielder, who had hanged himself to the transom of a window.

Other deaths were caused by the influenza which had been admitted, except in the case of phthisis, which developed during the patient's residence in the hospital. The patient died in his room, and was found by the watchman at midnight of November. The patient had been suffering from phthisis, and was found by the watchman at midnight of November.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are to go to Germany in April for a short time and will be at Coburg for the marriage of Grand Duke of Hesse and the Princess Victoria Melita.

The reconciliation of Prince Rimarck to the Emperor seems to have pleased everybody except perhaps, Dr. Schweninger, who was compelled to reach the Emperor's palace in a hackney coach and when there was coolly requested to dine with some members of the household. The Emperor was furious for in other days he always had a court carriage and a place at the high table. A tactical error had been committed, for Dr. Schweninger's influence with the Emperor is one of the largest and was able, at the first court ball, on Wednesday evening, to satisfy King Leopold's legitimate curiosity as to the sensational reports of Mr. Gladstone's impending resignation.

The great gathering at the Casino in the town of Baden, which was animated every remembered, but the queen, who wore her priceless five row tiara, one of the most costly jewels in Europe, seemed depressed and retired early.

In consequence of the rumored resignation of Mr. Gladstone there has been a revival of all the old speculations as to what will happen when the resignation actually takes place. It is a good opportunity for reviewing the proposals of the various newspapers. There are two men marked out for the first right to the reversion of the leadership—Sir William Harcourt by priority of service and Lord Rosebery superiority of ability and popularity. Both are indispensable to the party, but both are impossible for Sir William will not serve under Lord Rosebery and Lord Rosebery will not serve under Sir William.

Who is, then, to have it? Only one other name has suggested itself, Mr. Asquith, but he is too young and inexperienced and too much envied. Shrewd students of politics hold that a good humored man of no importance, such as Mr. Campbell Bannerman has been chosen, but the Liberals should by any chance come back victorious from the polls.

When military and naval officers are ordered to active service the extra premium demanded by the insurance offices is a very serious consideration. As instances of the same demand, General Henry Brackenbury had to pay £21 for every one hundred pounds insured at the outbreak of the Ashantee war, and General Wolsley had to pay £22 for every one hundred. These rates were not then based upon any known statistics, but elaborate calculations have since been gone into as the risks of officers from a life insurance point of view, and the board of Greenham has adopted a set of premium rates within easy reach of officers. For instance, in the case of the outbreak of war for a policy covering risks of climate and warfare an officer aged thirty would pay £8 8 shillings 8 pence per hundred pounds more than a civilian here in London.

The Sugar Bounty. New Orleans, Feb. 6.—At a meeting of the business men yesterday at which were present representatives of the sugar exchange, a resolution was adopted protesting against the action of the U. S. representative in abolishing the sugar bounty and appealing to the Senate to prevent the accomplishment of the resolution declares "a great wrong by which half a million people will be thrown out of employment and hundreds of millions of invested capital will be impaired."

ROYAL CHRONICLER

Edmund Yates Discusses on the Events of the Day.

THE LEADERSHIP OF THE LIBERALS

Russians Reported as Preparing to Descend on Herat.

A Force of 40,000 in Readiness on the Frontier—Concessions Made to Germany in the Matter of Duties—A Coming Encyclical—Thirteen Members of One Family Poisoned.

New York, Feb. 6.—Edmund Yates in his weekly cable from London says:—The Princess of Wales and her daughter left Sandringham on Saturday after a residence there of more than three months, and proceeded to Osborne on a visit to the Queen, who had not seen the Princess for nearly six months, as Her Royal Highness returned to Sandringham in the autumn direct to Sandringham, and the influenza prevented the usual visit to Windsor castle in December. Her Royal Highness is now quite recovered to health, and she will probably spend a brief visit to the Duke and Duchess of Argyll at Sussex Square, Brighton, when she leaves Osborne. The Queen has begged her departure for the Mediterranean until after the two drawing-rooms which are to be held at Buckingham palace on Tuesday, Feb. 27, and Tuesday, March 6. The presence of the Princess at these functions, invitations to which are limited to 200, are the best proof of the falsity of the reports which have been so recklessly circulated about her resolution to return to society.

The Princess of Wales' racing yacht Britannia completed her out-fit last week, and yesterday the yacht left Cowes for Gibraltar on her way to Marsella. The Princess of Wales will not leave for the Riviera until the second week in March, but will hold two levees before her departure. He will return to London about April 9, about ten days before proceeding to Coburg.

The Emperor and Empress of Russia have invited the Prince and Princess of Wales and the Princesses Victoria and Marie to go to St. Petersburg for the wedding of the Grand Duchess Xenia, and the Grand Duke Micolovitch, which ceremony will take place about Whit Monday.

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STILL FURTHER OFF.

Parliament Not Expected to Meet Until the End of March.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—The rumor was current today in the parliament, which is not expected to meet until the end of March. The last date at which it can be called, as the constitution provides that it will meet within one year from the date of prorogation. Parliament was prorogued last year on the 1st April, and the government organs will to-morrow be permitted to publish the order-in-council containing the decision of the cabinet on the petitions for the repeal of the Northwest school ordinance. This decision was published in the Montreal Witness about two weeks ago and will be confirmed by the official announcement to-morrow morning.

Arrangements for the settlement of the Northwest of fifty Hungarian families now located near Pittsburg, Pa., have been completed.

EASTERN CANADA.

A Seafarer's Suicide—Arrival of the Overseas Steamer Baltimore.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 6.—The long over due Furness line steamer Baltimore arrived this morning from London, after a passage lasting 22 days. The steamer sailed from the other side on the 18th of January, and the second day out the wind freshened, and was soon blowing a gale, with a heavy sea. This sort of weather continued until the 19th, when the wind increased to a hurricane, with squalls and mountainous seas. The vessel being light rolled and pitched about in a frightful manner. Water was shipped fore and aft, and the deck filled. At 2 p.m. on this day a big sea came on board on the port side, filling the decks with water, and striking the boiler and rudder.

The mass meeting was attended by a crowd of several thousand people, attracted by the illuminations and fireworks. Two hundred incandescent lights illuminated the square. Unlike the defiant tone of the meeting of November 25, the speakers were hopeful and congratulatory, though tinged with a heroic tone. The audience listened with great enthusiasm for an hour and a quarter. Hattwell pointed out the monarchy had its Runny-mede in 1887 and that in 1893 its trumpeting of the motto of the British monarchy was broken. Walter Smith glorified the heroism of the Honolulu battleship, who defied the demands of the President. All the speakers pointed to annexation as the goal to be sought.

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The Referee Was Winner. Dayton, O., Feb. 6.—Frank Schivarsky and Stephen Burns fought near the mouth of the Miami river yesterday. In the fourth round the referee and seconds joined in a unanimous decision in favor of Burns. The referee whipped the timekeeper and declared the fight a draw.

Probably Sold to Hippolyte. Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 6.—General Manager of the steam yacht Natche, which he purchased in New York to bring down arms and ammunition for his secret expedition against President Hipolyte, of Haiti, left Savannah, Ga., three weeks ago and has not been heard from since. She is suspected by Manigault's followers that he secret her cargo, and herself have been sold to Hippolyte.

Indian Territory Friends. Fort Smith, Ark., Feb. 6.—Chief Harjo of the Cherokee nation arrived in Fort Smith to-day and held a long conference with United States District Attorney James F. Read, in regard to extending upon the people in Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Illinois, and nearly all the Southern states. It has been discovered that attorneys in Arkansas and the territory are sending circulars broadcast over the country announcing that persons who have a drop of Indian blood in their veins can be admitted to citizenship in the Indian territory in time to share in the \$6,000,000 from the sale of Cherokee bonds. To establish this claim a fee is exacted from the dupes who bite at the announcement. In the second place there are 7,000 persons illegally scattered about the territory who are sending out circulars offering to sell lands which they occupy but to which they have no title.

Lutheran Church and Unionism. Oskosh, Wis., Feb. 4.—The latest religious sensation in Oskosh has been the barring out of his congregation by a south side Lutheran minister of all members of labor unions. A test case was made on the application of Henry Hoggens, a printer, who was not permitted to join, although his parents have been life-long members of the church, and his father is an officer. Rev. C. Dowdlat, the clergyman in question, was interviewed on the position of the Lutheran church towards unionism and this is what he said in substance: "We Lutherans and endeavor to keep ourselves free from all such proceedings as are against God's commandments. The Lutheran church is ruled solely by God and His word. Because the principals and endorsers of the unions are against God's commandments, therefore, and therefore alone, we are obliged to be against the unions. Such principles are evidently against the Fourth commandment. The workman removes the bars which God has put between master and man, when he does not to the employee with decent requests or desires. A single Christian cannot pledge himself to endeavor to secure employment

ABROGATION DAY

Celebration of the Anti-royalists in Honolulu.

The Annexationists to the Fore. Representatives of Foreign Powers Carefully Hold Aloof.

Indian Territory Sharpers Bent on Defrauding the Public—Programme for the Closing Celebration of the Pope's Jubilee Year—Treachery in Haiti.

Honolulu, Jan. 19. (per barkentine W. H. Dimond).—The observation of abrogation day passed off with perfect good order. The American League raised a new American flag. The military paraded and a noon salute was fired. Public reception was held in the council room. Illuminations and fireworks were displayed with a brilliancy unprecedented here. All closed with a very enthusiastic mass meeting. The executive building swarmed with visitors to the reception. No uniforms were seen except a few of the local military. A few consuls and naval officers were present in ordinary garb. The warships were decked out with the week's washing, and the men kept aboard. Some of the officers did not staid their denunciation of Minister Willis. Willis was the only foreign representative who made any reply to the notices sent them of the reception. To avoid the discourtesy of a refusal they treated the notices as merely notifications, not invitations, and needed no reply. It is believed that they were under general instructions to avoid anything offensive to the people whom President Cleveland has announced his intention to restore. To have in any way participated in the celebration of her detestation would have been an offensive act toward the people of this territory, and in earnest sympathy with the government, but were compelled officially to follow the lead of Willis.

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BENHAM AND DA GAMA.

Discussion Over the Rio Affairs—Reports as to Mello's Operations.

London, Feb. 2.—The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting on the action of Admiral Benham at Rio Janeiro, says: "As long as Admiral Benham was content to protect American vessels he was well within his rights and duty, but the government at Washington has issued a paper declaring that Admiral Benham, besides protecting American commerce, ought to end monarchic aspirations. This is the Monroe doctrine, which is not yet codified within the law of nations. If Admiral Benham attacks a single Brazilian insurgent merely because he suspects that he is a monarchist, he will be as much a pirate as Admiral da Gama would have been had he fired on an American vessel. He is not authorized more under President Cleveland's suzerainty than the United States are under Great Britain's suzerainty."

Washington, Feb. 2.—Secretary Herbert, after the cabinet meeting today, decided to make public the latest cable message received from Admiral Benham, but repeated his assurance that it had no special public interest. It is accordingly understood that the dispatch involved a question of international law, which is the one reservation Mr. Herbert made in his promise to give out all future dispatches.

Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 30. via Montevideo, Feb. 2.—The American flag is the subject of the differences between the government and the insurgents have been continued during the past week. Admiral da Gama's written proposition has been submitted to Rear-Admiral Benham, commander of the United States fleet. The government propositions were completed yesterday, and were placed in the hands of General Carvalho last night, to be delivered to Rear-Admiral Benham today. G. M. Bolinas, Admiral da Gama's agent in the negotiations, says that his chief is anxious for a peaceful settlement. The government is willing to make a compromise, despite all warlike reports. The trouble over the cargo of the American vessels interrupted the negotiations, but did not stop them permanently.

The spectacle of the American fleet all ready for action yesterday was magnificent. All the American ships in the harbor are rejoicing over Admiral Benham's decisive action in behalf of American commerce. The British minister cabled 2,000 words concerning the incident to the London Foreign office. Persons sympathetic with the insurgents are bitter towards the American commander. They say that he acted solely in the interests of President Peixoto and otherwise misrepresented his views. Admiral da Gama's position in the harbor grows worse daily. Three desperate night attacks on Arriuco have failed, while the government has mounting a bombardment in the harbor. Admiral Benham will not be able to leave the harbor unless he acts soon; but he can surrender and obtain asylum with us at any time."

Admiral da Gama said yesterday that Admiral Mello, with the insurgent cruiser Republica and three transports of troops, was approaching Santos, co-operating with an army that was marching on the city. The naval and military forces ought to be sent to meet the army, and prevent the harbor goods from being looted. Three desperate night attacks on Arriuco have failed, while the government has mounting a bombardment in the harbor. Admiral Benham will not be able to leave the harbor unless he acts soon; but he can surrender and obtain asylum with us at any time."

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CONGRESS AT WORK.

A Busy Day for the Legislators at Washington.

Democrats Straining Every Nerve To Secure a Quorum to Pass Hawaiian Resolutions.

English of California Wins His Case—Appropriation for Enforcement of Chinese Exclusion—Commander Ludlow Examined by Hawaiian Committee To-day.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—The house on assembling to-day took up the Hawaiian resolution, and yeas and nays were called.

The house committee on appropriations today reported the bill making appropriations of supply and for urgent deficiencies for the current fiscal year. Among the appropriations made by the bill is one of \$50,000 for enforcing the Chinese exclusion act.

The house has again failed to adopt the McCleary resolutions for lack of a quorum, the vote standing—Yeas, 174; nays, 3.

Every effort is being made to get a Democratic quorum in the house to pass the Hawaiian resolution. Telegrams were sent to 33 absent members from the house last night and this morning. A dozen of these members were in their seats at first roll call, and it was found that five votes only were needed to make a quorum of Democrats. Half a dozen Democrats on the floor refrained from voting.

The house committee on elections today decided the contested election case, English against Elliborn, from the third California district, in favor of English. The formal presentation of the boundary controversy between Brazil and Argentine Republic will be made on Saturday next to President Cleveland, who is to arbitrate the dispute at the junction of the two countries with Paraguay, and has been the subject of controversy for many years.

On the second roll call the Hawaiian resolution was agreed to by the house. The senate committee on foreign relations examined Commander Ludlow of this city to-day. He gave testimony upon the subject of annexation and the general commercial value of the Hawaiian Islands. He was not there on duty at the station. At a meeting of the full committee this morning no conclusion had been reached regarding making the testimony given to the committee public.

Secretary Carlisle yesterday signed writs for the deportation to Havana of 123 Spanish cigar makers who recently arrived at Key West under contract to work in a cigar factory there.

The bill to repeal the election laws passed the senate this afternoon. Yeas, 39; nays, 28.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The house naval affairs committee ordered a favorable report on the resolution expressing pleasure and satisfaction at the prompt action of Benham in protecting American commerce at Rio de Janeiro.

Washington, Feb. 7.—In the Senate the Hawaiian resolutions were taken up and Carlisle addressed the house, endorsing the action of the President and also the policy that the islands should not be allowed to fall into the hands of foreigners. Culberson also defended the resolutions. At the meeting of the Senate finance committee the following objection was made to giving hearings. If the privilege extended to one industry it would have to be made general. The Democrats have decided to refuse hearings until the bill reports to the Senate. They say the Republicans followed the same plan on the McKinley bill.

The Chesapeake Figurehead. Elizabeth, N. J., Feb. 7.—Rev. N. H. Sherman, pastor of the East Baptist church, who, in the summer '92, found the figurehead of the famous man-of-war Chesapeake, lying on the shores of Cheltenham or Halifax Bay, has made over since determined efforts to get it. Where it is said it now lies neglected. In response to a petition sent to the secretary of the U. S. navy to aid in securing the relic to place it in a museum in Washington, the following reply has been received from the secretary: "I cannot see in what way the department could move in the matter. The question is a very delicate one, and any proposition to restore the relic to those in whose possession it is believed would be tantamount to giving up the relic to those who captured it. It seems to me, therefore, that your captors rather than those who lost it in fair fight."

Washington, Feb. 7.—Secretary Carlisle is authorized over the Bland bill to coin the seigniorage silver in the treasury. He has discovered that under the proposed legislation not only would silver certificates to the amount of fifty-five million dollars be immediately issued, but it would be in circulation 25,000,000 silver dollars that have been lying in the treasury vaults for years. Carlisle came to the attention of the committee on the subject of this matter. It is understood the secretary will prepare a substitute for the Bland bill that will permit the coinage of the seigniorage and its use as fast as practicable. It is believed Bland will accept Carlisle's suggestion but will press his own measure.

Alaska-B. C. Boundary. Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—The president has sent to the senate a treaty with the representatives of the government of Great Britain for the extension of the time for making the survey of the boundary line between Alaska and the British possessions. The original treaty providing for a joint commission for this work was negotiated and ratified during the summer of 1892, and commissioners were appointed on behalf of the two governments. In accordance with the terms of the treaty the commission was to make a survey of the territory adjacent to that part of the boundary line of the United States and Canada

and dividing Alaska from the Northwest Territory from latitude 54.5 degrees north to a point where the boundary line enters the 141st degree longitude west. The purpose of the survey is to set at rest some questions of dispute going back of the time of the ownership of Alaska by Russia and involving a conflict in claims made by the two countries to land along the southeast opposite the Channel Islands. Under the terms of the treaty this commission was to complete the work inside a period of two years, which would expire this fall. It had been found impracticable to accomplish this, and the present treaty extends the time for another year.

A National Academician's Works. New York, Feb. 7.—The sale of the paintings of the late A. H. Wyant, N.Y., was opened auspiciously in the Fifth Avenue art galleries last night. Seventy-two paintings were sold for \$17,000. The bidding began briskly and was well sustained. The highest price obtained was \$1,000, for which some the Union League club purchased "The Valley of the Housatonic." For the same price George A. Heath obtained a striking work "Moonlight and Frost." "The Sunlit Vale" was sold for \$800. Other notable pieces sold were "A Rocky Lodge in the Adirondacks," for \$825; "Sketch in the Woods at Sunset," \$180; "Moonlight Through the Clouds," \$450; "Woodland," \$300; "A Summer Day," \$450; "Solitude Adirondacks," \$520; "Clearing After Rain," \$300. The rest of the paintings, seventy in number, will be sold to-day. The sale is made by the executors of the estate.

FIGHTING FOR PROTECTION. Woolen Men, Printers and Bookbinders Interviewing Tariff Committee. Ottawa, Feb. 7.—Woolen manufacturers are here again to-day interviewing the tariff committee. They are objecting strongly against any reduction in the protection now afforded them. Mr. Kay, M. P. for Hamilton, is with them. A delegation from Toronto is here to-day also seeing the committee about the tariff as it affects printers and bookbinders.

The fall text of the order in council dealing with the Northwest school ordinance will not be made public until it has reached Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh of the Northwest Territories. It is, however, officially given out, as was stated in the States of rights, that the law will not be interfered with. The cabinet holds that the ordinance passed is strictly within the powers of the Northwest assembly, and that therefore the government has no objection to the power of disallowance. It is also shown that to disallow the ordinance would not remedy the grievance complained of. The ordinance of 1892 is merely a consolidation of all the laws in the Northwest in regard to school matters. It is an embodiment of the ordinance of 1888 and of the amending ordinance of 1890, so that to meet the wishes of the petitioners it would be necessary to disallow both of these, which would be to end the power of disallowance. The government could not order the assembly to amend the law, but it has asked the Lieut.-Governor, the executive and the assembly to give careful consideration to the complaint of the petitioners, that relief, if necessary, may be given by amending the ordinance.

Howell on Australian Trade. Quebec's Carnival Financially Successful. Toronto, Feb. 7.—The Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of trade and commerce, has accepted an invitation of the Canadian manufacturers' association to address them on the question of Australian trade at a luncheon to be tendered him on Wednesday, Feb. 16, by the association, immediately previous to the regular annual meeting of the association to be held on that day. A large attendance of manufacturers is expected, not only from Ontario, but from Quebec and the Lower Provinces.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—The newspapers' association has decided to petition the legislature for a law to restrict the exercise of the aldermanic and school trustees franchises by all civic officials and permanent employees, such as firemen and high school teachers.

Quebec, Feb. 7.—It is now certain that the carnival committee will have a large surplus after paying all expenses, and the question at present is what is to be done with it.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—The official returns of the recent vote on the plebiscite on prohibition in this province show a total for of 192,487; against, 110,757; majority, 81,730.

The Lugos Trial. Caracas, Venezuela, Feb. 6.—The trial of the Lugos brothers, charged with attempting to poison and assassinate Roberto Rodriguez after using him as a tool to defraud the bank of Venezuela out of a large amount through a forged check, began last Thursday. Long before the hour appointed for the opening of the doors of the Palacio Federal the streets were filled with excited soldiers in blue. So incensed were they that it was rumored the prisoners would be lynched on their way to court. The government quickly nipped this in the bud, however, by sending an escort of 50 fully armed soldiers. Manuel Felipe was the first to appear on the street, marching to court in the center of a hollow square of soldiers. He looked a little pale but held his head high and looked on the crowd with disdain. From the sight of the bloody dagger, revolver and ropes with which his unsuspecting victim was to be lowered into his grave did not disturb him. He took a seat facing the judge, who will alone try the men, there being no jury system in Venezuela. The district attorney opened the case for the people and made the charge. The prisoner pleaded "not guilty" of either the forgery or the attempt to assassinate Rodriguez. The boy he claimed to be insane; that everybody was intoxicated and in a free fight he and his accomplices merely acted in self defense.

He said the grave in the yard was a well dug by his uncle, and that he had assisted in hiding Rodriguez. The boy was a lifelong friend. Manuel was next brought into court, then the uncle, Francisco Paolo and finally Rodriguez. The testimony of the Lugos was much the same. They both claimed to have no recollection of the forgery, repeating his story as told the night of the crime. The trial proper will commence next week. The general impression here is that the Lugos will receive a light sentence, as their victim's entire recovery and their old father has agreed to pay back all the money obtained on the check to the bank of Venezuela.

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