

The Edmonton Bulletin.

VOLUME V.

EDMONTON BULLETIN FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1907.

NUMBER 98.

NEWS FROM THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

Canadian Archbishops are in Session—France will Have Team for Palma Trophy

Ottawa, Oct. 1.—Seven archbishops, all the Canadian ones except Mgr. Orbi, of Victoria, B. C., are to be here to attend the annual meeting of the archbishops of the Dominion held at the palace here today to discuss vital matters pertaining to the church in Canada. Archbishop Duhamel, of Ottawa, is presiding and among the important matters to be taken up will be the proposed plenary council, Archbishop O'Connor, of Toronto, and Archbishop Langevin, of St. Boniface, reached here last night and today the following will arrive: Archbishops Begin, Quebec; Bruchesi, Montreal; Gauthier, Kingston; and McCarthy, Halifax. The sessions are private.

Frederick Gutzmann, aged fifteen years, is dead at Armprior, near here. Captain French is taking a course at the Royal Military College. Mrs. French was formerly Miss Effie Fenwick of Ottawa.

Sir Danféis Morris, imperial commissioner of agriculture, for the West Indies, who has been on an official tour of Canada, is here and had a lengthy interview with the premier yesterday.

Major Winter, secretary of the Dominion Rifle Association, has received word that he will next year enter a team for the Palma trophy. Officials of the French national rifle association have written him seeking information.

The department of justice has notified Sheriff McCall, of St. Thomas, Ont., to release Elijah Kellor, of Southwold, who was sentenced for one year for sending obscene postcards through the mail.

Rev. J. Mavey of the Centenary Church, Montreal, has accepted a call to Bell Street Methodist Church here to succeed Rev. G. Campbell. Mavey is a former president of the Montreal Methodist Conference.

ROOSEVELT NEGLECTED.

Stead Complains That Honors Has Not Been Done U.S. Emperor.

The Hague, Oct. 1.—W. T. Stead has published in the Courier of the conference article entitled, "Honor to Whom Honor is Due," in which he recalls the three occasions when the conference rendered international courtesies. At the first sitting when telegrams were sent to Emperor Nicholas and Queen Wilhelmina at the laying of the foundation stone of the Peace Palace, and at the plenary sitting of September 21, when homage was rendered Emperor Nicholas as the initiator of the conference, and Queen Wilhelmina thanked for her hospitality. Continuing, Mr. Stead said: "Is there not some one else to whom the conference, mindful of international courtesies due the great powers of state and even the filial feeling due to the progenitor ought to have paid some recognition, however slight? Has the collective body of the delegates no knowledge of the fact that without the impulsive initiative of President Roosevelt in 1906, the conference would have been no conference in 1907? President Roosevelt is the initiator of the present conference, and Emperor Nicholas is worthy the greatest honor as the originator of the first conference, he played but a secondary part in summoning the second."

Mr. Stead says he believes the proper course of the etiquette of international intercourse have been shocked by this conspicuous, although unintentional neglect. He adds that the conference might be called to order by the conference which he calls one of those minor scandals that ought not to have occurred. He adds that Senator Barbosa (Brazil) whose position entitles him to express the sentiments of a Latin-American might be able to suggest a remedy whereby the conference even at the eleventh hour might remedy this "curious omission."

Bishop Won From President.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 2.—The Episcopal bishops and other churchmen who have been in Washington for several days attending the convention of the International Brotherhood of St. Andrew, left today for Richmond, Va., for the triennial convention of the Episcopal Church. The Bishop of London held a reception at the railroad station. He admitted for the first time that he won the tennis match at the White House on Friday between himself and President Roosevelt.

"I suppose you will not tell who won that tennis match," he asked. "Certainly, I will," he answered. "I did."

GOVERNMENT TO SEND MINISTER

To Japan to go Into Japanese Immigration Question—Bill for Rot Damages Received.

Ottawa, Oct. 1.—The question of Oriental immigration to Canada was again discussed at a meeting of the cabinet this afternoon. It is probable that a member of the Government will be delegated as commissioner to be sent to Tokyo to conduct the negotiations there looking to the reaching of an entente with Japan regarding the restricting of immigration to this country. It has not yet been decided which minister will go but ever is delegated will leave on Oct. 30 by the next steamer sailing from Vancouver for Japan. Mr. C. G. Ross, who was sent to Vancouver two weeks ago to inquire into the general situation with respect to Oriental immigration is now on his way back to Ottawa. The Government will await his report before taking further action. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will leave tomorrow for Quebec where he will spend a few days in his own constituency. On Friday he will meet Hon. Messrs. Fielding and Brodeur who are expected to arrive on that day from England.

C.N.R.-G.T. DIFFERENCE

Arbitrators' Award in This Case Has Been Made.

Montreal, Oct. 1.—The board of arbitration appointed to deal with the differences between the Grand Trunk and Intercolonial have made their award. Under the terms of the original contract it was stipulated with respect to any traffic originating throughout the companies' system of connections west of Montreal and east of Quebec, that the Grand Trunk and Intercolonial should be the junction point and the company undertaking the traffic should be the Grand Trunk. The award is in favor of the Grand Trunk.

NOW A BILLION STATE.

Minnesota's Assessment Exceeds Billions of Dollars—According to Auditor's Statement.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 2.—Minnesota has reached the dignity of a billion dollar state. State Auditor Iverson in fixing the state levy for the current year has figured on assessments of \$1,000,000,000. It is evident that the actual figures will be somewhat in excess, but as some of the assessments are bound to be delinquent the excess will be needed to meet the auditor's estimate. The state revenue and needs \$1,700,000 and the levy has been fixed at 1.7 mills on the dollar, and the valuation will reach the desired result. The big increase comes from the iron mines. Last year the total state valuation ran to over \$900,000,000. This year the iron mines have raised \$100,000,000 by the tax commission and other raises are being made by the board of equalization, which will carry the total over the billion mark.

CHICAGO LAWLESSNESS.

A Series of Bomb-Explosions Caused by Faction.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 2.—For the second time in the last few weeks a bomb exploded last night under the platform of the Wisconsin Central depot at Forest Park, formerly Harten. Last night's explosion was the eleventh in a series seemingly aimed at leaders of a gambling ring. None of the explosions caused any damage to property to any person, and but small damage to property has resulted. The motive actuating the perpetration is supposed to be unity existing between factions of gamblers, in which one is seeking to extort from the other a share of rights from gambling operations.

GENERAL BIRTH TALKS OF WORK.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 2.—At the close of the civic reception to General Booth in the city hall the general gave a "private audience" to representatives of the press. Gathered about the big table in the auditorium of the council chamber, with his officers about him, the "grand old man" answered questions about the directness for which he is noted. The Bishop of London is quoted as having said recently in a Canadian paper that there was "no record" for the century as an organizer of forces which aim to rehabilitate the lost and friendless of the world; there is certainly no excess of starch in the general's makeup—he is primarily and vitally, even in his virile old age—the man "who does things."

DISAPPEARS IN LONDON.

Donald Ross, an American, Buys a Fine Motor Car and Vanishes.

London, Oct. 2.—Donald Ross, an American, who came to Europe in search of an automobile capable of covering 100 miles an hour, and who on Sept. 29 purchased an E. L. Snodgrass eight-cylinder automobile on Brooklands track for \$10,000, after the car had covered one quarter of a mile in 7.8 seconds faster time than ever made on Brooklands track, has not been seen by his friends for a week and anxiety is felt regarding him as he left all his baggage at a hotel where he was stopping. Ross, when he purchased the car, said he intended to enter it in a twenty-mile race in California for a stake of \$25,000 and would also enter it in the Florida Beach races.

THE DISASTER IN SPAIN.

Number of Victims Not Established—Bodies Carried Across the Mediterranean.

Malaga, Spain, Oct. 1.—The work of cleaning the city of mud, which in many streets averages two and a half feet deep, is progressing slowly today. The exact number of flood victims has not been established, as corpses are still being found buried in slime and mud. Some of the bodies were carried across the Mediterranean and were washed on the shore near Mella, on the north coast of Africa.

DEATH DEALING SLIDE.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 2.—Word came last night of a young woman, described as a musician, to abduct the little princess from the convent.

STEAMER METANORA BURNED.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—The old steamer Metanora of the Pacific wrecking fleet, owned by the Canadian Pacific, was burned at Shawanaga Sunday night. She struck a rock and after the crew went ashore, turned over and caught fire. The bay is north of Ferry Sound. She was fully insured.

STANDARD OIL CASE.

Important Evidence Discovered in Suit to Dissolve the Trust.

New York, October 2.—P. F. Kellogg, government counsel in the suit to dissolve the Standard Oil Company, went to Washington Saturday to confer with the President. He discovered some new evidence which may have an important bearing on the hearing before Examiner Pettis in this city. Going over the books placed at his disposal by the company, he found entries which he hopes will take the place of evidence he wanted to get from the mining stock exchange covering the period from 1892 to 1899. It had been thought that the missing books held the key to the Standard Oil case. Kellogg's contention is that the Standard Oil Company is really a reorganization of the old trust dissolved in 1892.

BLUEBEARD LOSES JEWELS.

Sultan Must Satisfy Advertisements to Pay War Indemnity to France.

Paris, Oct. 1.—The powers signatory to the Algerian convention, with the exception of Spain, have agreed to the measure contemplated by France with a view of preventing introduction of contraband into Morocco. In spite of the Spanish reservations the measure determined upon by the French but simply desires complete proof that Mulai Hafid is not a French ally but simply desires French neutrality in his contest for the sultanship. Tazi, brother of Mohammed, the late sultan, who was deposed in 1905, is in Paris from Marseilles and has opened negotiations to sell the sultan's jewels for money to meet the war indemnity.

THE NATURAL GAS FLOW INCREASES.

Bulletin Special. Calgary, Sept. 30.—The natural gas flow is now shooting 40 feet in the air and here is every prospect that inside of a hundred feet more drilling the main body of gas will be reached. The well and shareholders are holding ten dollar shares at a hundred.

WILL NOT STOP BOYCOTT LIST.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 1.—That the American Federation of Labor will continue to publish its boycott list today, the federation has been specifically set forth in the answer of the federation to the complaint of the Buck Stove & Range Company asking for an injunction against such publication, which was filed in the Supreme Court of the United States today. The federation denies any purpose of intimidating any one, but it admits that it has given its approval to certain boycotts and the fact of such action has been published. Specific denial is made of any conspiracy to boycott, injure or destroy the business of the Buck company.

Baby Fell From Train.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—A woman on the Soo train Saturday last discovered, when a mile west of Almont that her little child was missing. The child had fallen off the train. The mother was frantic. The child was found on a wire from Arnprior, that the baby had been placed in a basket and sent along the road where the Soo train traveled about 30 miles per hour, and was awaiting claimant at Almont.

To Present Monster Petition.

Ottawa, October 1.—It is reported from Vancouver that a petition praying the Dominion government to pass drastic legislation barring all Orientals from Canada, is being circulated. It is expected the petition will have more than fifty thousand signatures, and will be forwarded to the premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The sentiment is in favor of appealing to the King if the decision of the government is not to act immediately.

Bookbinders' Strike Extends.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 1.—Bookbinders and stitchers from every industry in the city walked out this morning finding that their demands for an eight hour day and nine hours pay had been refused by their employers Oct. 1st. The employers, all of whom are members of the Minneapolis Typographic Union, have arranged to continue the fight and to import from the outside if necessary to resume business. Other cities similarly affected are New York, Boston, Chicago, Columbus and Kansas City.

Pennsylvania Graders Indicted.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 1.—Ten of the men involved in the capitol prosecution have been indicted by the Dauphin county grand jury on charges of conspiracy. Three men are mentioned in the six true bills found out of the 23 cases laid before the grand jury yesterday.

WAS JUSTICE TAMPERED WITH?

Toronto Globe Demands Explanation of Legal Charges Made by Counsel in Ontario Bank Case.

Toronto, Oct. 2.—The Globe this morning under the caption "Casting on Justice" calls for an investigation of the bill of particulars made by Mr. Frank Arnold, K. C., against Mr. G. R. Cockburn, president of the wrecked Ontario Bank. Arnold billed him for \$7,350. Cockburn refused payment and the court ordered the bill of particulars showing how the bill was run up.

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CHINA PREPARES FOR PARLIAMENT.

Tientsin, October 2.—An imperial edict, dated September 30, decrees compulsory education for everybody in China, and declares that people are to be taught the principles of constitutional government, in order that they may be better fitted to elect representatives when a parliament is created. The edict expresses anxiety to establish parliamentary institutions, but adds that the success thereof depends upon the education and knowledge possessed by those called upon to govern.

Big G. T. R. Bridge.

Fort William, Oct. 2.—The G. T. R. has under construction a big drawbridge over the Kaministiquia river to be used in the moving of the 1908 crops. It is designed not only for railway traffic but will be constructed to accommodate electric railway, vehicles and foot traffic. The contract price for the construction of abutments and piers is \$250,000.

Builders and Contractors

Get our figures on your factory work and save money. We are in a position to quote right prices on special detail work.

Store Fronts, Panelling, Partitions, Counters, Spooling Frames and Turnings prepared at shortest notice.

W. H. CLARK & CO., LTD.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SASH AND DOOR FACTORY
NINTH STREET, W. EDMONTON, ALTA. Phone 37

National Trust Company, Ltd.

Capital \$1,000,000 - - - Reserve \$450,000

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Town Property at Lowest Current Rates.
Lowest Expense. No Delay.
No Commission Charged to Borrower.

A. M. STEWART, Manager Edmonton Branch.
Corner of Jasper Ave. and First

The Manchester House

(Established 1886)

Grain Sacks

The Well-Known
W.
Seamless Sack

only \$3.00 per dozen

W. Johnstone-Walker & Company
267 Jasper Avenue East.

FRUITS

Of The Season

Arriving Daily

Strawberries Cherries
Bananas Oranges
Also Fresh Rhubarb
Ripe Tomatoes

AT
Hallier & Aldridge's
Bakers and Confectioners

Fluctuations in C. P. R. Stock.

New York, Oct. 1.—As might be expected after the violent rise in Canadian Pacific stock yesterday, the fluctuations in the C. P. R. stock today were not so pronounced. The price was advanced sharply and when the market closed the price was 1/2 cent higher than it was at the opening. The fact was demonstrated that no doubt was left anywhere as to the exact nature of the operations that had been undertaken by the company. The fact was demonstrated that the position was weak and just as it had been weakened by a similar operation in the year. No sympathy was wasted on the bears, but it was everywhere felt that the market was being manipulated in a way that would result in a sharp rise in the price of the stock. The fact was demonstrated that the market was being manipulated in a way that would result in a sharp rise in the price of the stock.

Was Made of Heroic Stuff.

St. Paul, Oct. 1.—With his right arm mangled terribly and held as in a vise between two rollers of his press, Edward Tracy, a press feeder at the St. Paul Press, exhibited remarkable nerve. Though his arm was caught up as far as the elbow between the big rollers and so badly crushed that the wrist that the jagged edge of the bone pressed against the raw flesh, Tracy kept himself conscious by sheer grit and instructed the rescuers how to take the press apart and release him. For over half an hour the man, though in terrible agony, kept up and was finally released.

Gasoline Explosion in Smyth.

Hamilton, Oct. 2.—Through an explosion of gasoline tonight in a blacksmith shop at McNab street, owned by William Hutchinson, the place was entirely destroyed, along with the contents and Mr. Hutchinson was severely injured. He was filling the lamp with stuff when it was exploded by a candle standing near. Firemen were called but were unable to save the place. The damage is about \$250.

3 Years For Receiving.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—For receiving goods stolen by boys from Grand Trunk cars at Niagara Falls, Jas. Wadsworth, hotel keeper, was sentenced to three years in penitentiary today.

TORIA HOTEL

her Guin, Proprietor
The place to stop at.
Tobacco and Cigars.
Finest Liquors.
Completely remodelled and
refurnished throughout.

R

stock of all kinds of
of the best quality
RUCE
d have just received a
ET ROOFING
attention.
ve us a call.

CO., Ltd.
Namayo Ave.
Branch Yard, Vegreville

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STATIONER,
- ALTA.

INDS OF
chool District Forms.
Desks. Etc

ng Better
Sod Plow

ity Clippings" Bottom.

BRADLEY, I.L., U.S.A.
for all classes of work. At
flat furrow in the sod. Just
ground plow and the long
plow and landside. If we
in this locality, we'd be call-

Edmonton, Alta

ing or
Selling
es the business every

Clock on the
Edmonton
Harness, Etc.

Smith
Edmonton, Alberta.
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hard-earned money to buy
in at ridiculous discounts, if
available.

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CERY BAGS

and will not tear or burst.
bers. Each bag has the

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

ACTIVITY AT SASKATOON.
Operations on the C.N.R. and G.T.P.
At That Point.

Saskatoon, October 2.—General
activity prevails at the various sites of
the C.N.R. works in and around
Saskatoon. Contrary to common
opinion, the work on the bridge has
been transported from the river to the
C.N.R. depot. A large force has been
employed for nearly a week loading the
material on flat cars, preparatory to
moving to the G.T.P. bridge, the concrete
work of which has lately been completed
by John Gunn & Sons.

This morning Chief Engineer
Armstrong went out to the "diamond"
about two miles to the south, where
the C.N.R. and G.T.P. cross each
other and superintend the work of
setting the diamond. At the present
time a spur is being placed from the
C.N.R. to the G.T.P. bridge for the
special purpose of carrying the steel
to the bridge, which will be put
under construction at once.

Contractor Sharp, of the
Mar-Share Company, arrived in the city
yesterday, and today is superintending
the construction of the C.N.R.
couchhouse. This morning a large
force of men was put on the job.
Men are building concrete on one side,
others building concrete footings,
while a new force of masons are lay-
ing brick walls on the north and east
sides.

The latest and most aggressive
acquisition to the C.N.R. construction
work is a gang of over a hundred
men and four score teams with com-
plete outfits. This force reached
Saskatoon this morning, having arrived
from the G.T.P. grade by the coast
where the work is complete. The
major part of the outfit left this
morning for the Grossex Lake line.
This makes over one hundred and
twenty teams on this work.

Contractor Cummings represents the
'Sandy' Mann Co., also in the city.
He has charge of the work on the
Dixley Hill, where everything is pro-
gressing well.

Insurance Company Must Pay.
Belleville, Oct. 2.—Mrs. Crooks, the
mother of a child who was killed a few
days after insuring his life in the Mutual Life
of Canada, recovered \$1,000 from the
company at the assize here yesterday.
The company sought payment on the
ground that the deceased insured
as a car checker when in reality
he was a switchman, a risk they
would not take. The jury returned a
verdict for the full amount.

After Telegraph Companies.
New York, Oct. 2.—Attorney General
Jackson today applied to the Supreme
court for an injunction to prevent the
suit against the International Western
Union Telegraph Companies to void
the companies' charters so far as New
York is concerned. Jackson main-
tains that the companies have entered
into contracts to fix rates on mes-
sages.

THE ISTHMIAN AGENT
Refuses Charges of Spanish That Men
Are Ill-treated.

Paris, Oct. 2.—Leroy Park, the isth-
mian canal commission, expresses sur-
prise at the recent charges of the Span-
ish government that Spanish laborers
who have gone to Panama were grossly
abused and maltreated. Mr. Park says
he knows of no complaints.

Women May Compete.
London, Oct. 2.—The athletic women
of all countries will have an opportunity
of displaying their prowess in the Olympic
games which will be held in London
next year. This does not mean, however,
that the hockey or the football girl will
be let loose in the stadium. The women
competitors will be restricted to the gen-
tler arts of skating, lawn tennis, and
arabian. There will be no actual com-
petitor for lady gymnasts, but any
teams who wish to give performances
will be welcomed.

Curious suggestions have reached
the British Olympic Association from
all parts of the world. One enthusiastic
angler wanted to arrange a half-casting
competition.

Aeromats To Compete at St. Louis.
New York, Oct. 3.—Three celebrated
German aeromats, two of whom will
take part in the international aerona-
tic cup race that starts from St. Louis
on October 21, have just arrived here
from Europe. Those who will compete
for the cup race are Oscar Reischel and
Hans Heidemann, representing the aero-
nautic branch of the German army. He
has come to this country to witness the
big race in which he is not to be a com-
petitor. The third German competitor
is Paul Meskel, who, with Capt. Hugo
Von Abercron, will leave Germany for
United States next week.

Burn in Vancouver.
Vancouver, Oct. 2.—At Burn, now
here, is in fine form and the race be-
tween W. E. Chandler of the Vancouver
Athletic club, and himself on Wednesday
will prove one of the best events of the
day. As to what distance it will be, it
is unofficially reported that Burn had
agreed to make the distance ten miles.
Chandler is quite at home at fifteen
miles and Burn is also strong at that
distance, but in all probability the going
will be at the distance first agreed upon,
ten miles.

Inhuman Parents Deserted Infant.
Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 3.—Charged
with deserting a two weeks' old baby at
a local hospital, Amy Nelson and Joseph
Foster, both of Winnipeg, were arrested
today and placed in the police station
without bail. For some time the couple
are said to have been living with the
girl's parents in a change of man and
wife, and when it became known that
she was to become a mother Parker
brought her here and secured work at
Campden Place where he was caught
today. The woman was found at a
local hotel.

PRODUCTION CURTAILED.
Lumber Output Reduced by 50 Per
Cent.—Logging operations Less.

Nelson, B.C., October 3.—A gold
strike of some importance has been
made upon the Westmont mine upon
Slocan Lake by Frank Griffith. A
parallel vein recently struck yielded
\$5,000 on a car load sent to the Trail
smelter. A diamond drill has been
set to work upon the Arlington, and
the Ottawa has recommenced work.
Allogother prospects in the Slocan
are very much brighter.

F. A. Anstie, secretary of the Mount-
ain Lumbermen's Association, who has
returned from a trip into East
Kootenay and Alberta, said on his re-
turn: "I find about 50 per cent of
the logging operations will be discon-
tinued to the mills having closed down
and a great many other mills are
shutting their doors. The present con-
tinuing operations within a few
weeks. It also appears to be certain
that logging operations will be prob-
ably from 50 to 60 per cent. less
than the scale of 1906. The reason
for this is the decrease in the price of
the prairie provinces, induced by the
stringency of the money market, cur-
tailing building operations."

TELEGRAPH RATES DOUBLED.
Newspapers Must Hand Out Large
Sums for News Over C. P. R.

Winnipeg, Oct. 2.—The C. P. R.
Telegraph company has increased their
rates at a moment's notice. The new
schedule increases the day rate from
Western Ontario 100 per cent, in-
creases the day rate from Saskatchewan
114 per cent, increases the night rate
from Alberta 114 per cent, increases
the day rate from Saskatchewan 114
per cent, increases the night rate
from Saskatchewan 100 per cent.

The Free Press today published a
strongly condemnatory editorial, espe-
cially condemning the fact that the
rates were made retro-active. It says
in part: "It is not very long since
the C. P. R. Telegraph company can-
celled their rates which had been in ex-
istence for over a dozen years. The new
schedule increased the night press rate
60 per cent, and the day rate 100
per cent, only 233 per cent. In this
case the C. P. R. Telegraph company
did not make the new rates im-
mediately effective as in the present
case. They made it retro-active. They
dated it back. The imperial ukase,
mandate, or rescript, whatever you
choose to call it, instructed the news-
papers that they would be called upon
to pay this additional 60 per cent
and 233 per cent. It is a date in the
past, which was duly set forth. Upon
the newspapers mildly pointing out
that this was hardly to be done with
the rules of the game the great
men who guide the destinies of the
telegraph monopoly relapsed into their
haughty silence, and sent in their
bills. The thanks, hearty thanks, of
the public, however, has been secured
for establishing, by their conduct, the
case for extending the authority of the
railway commission over the telegraph
companies. The case is already strong
but we are not without hopes that
they will make it overwhelming by
some crowning act of autocracy and
imbecility."

Was a Crimean Veteran.
Died in Wisconsin—Prominent and High
Principled Citizen.

Ashland, Wis., Oct. 3.—Judge Samuel
Brisley, a veteran of the Crimean war
who died in this city today, aged 86
years, spent three years in Crimea, having
previously served in putting down the
Irish rebellion. He was shipwrecked at
Schmiedel and fought in the battles of
Inkerman and Alma. He also witnessed
the charge of the Light Brigade.

He served under Lord Raglan and his
successor, Lord Sittion. Judge Brisley
was a resident of Ashland 20 years. He
was a prominent Catholic, and a bishop
and archbishop throughout the state
were his personal friends. He was a
prominent prohibitionist and very warm
in taking measurements. In the
meantime his assistant cleaned out the
office.

Intended to Talk Canada.
Ottawa, October 3.—Japanese Consul-
general Nouse, talking to a
W.A.P. correspondent at noon, said
that he had intended giving a series
of demonstrations in Japanese cities
regarding Canadian trade with Japan
when he returned there, but since the
trouble on the coast he is in some
doubt as to how his countrymen
might receive them. He explained
that by demonstrations he meant ad-
dresses in reference to Canadian-
Japanese trade. He thinks that they
might not care to hear them now. He
is taking all his family back with
him, and will sail on the same vessel
that the Canadian envoy will go on.

Austrian Emperor Ill.
Vienna, Oct. 2.—Emperor Francis
Joseph is confined to his apartments
at Schoenbrunn Castle suffering from
an attack of bronchial catarrh. The
physicians in attendance declare his
condition is not serious but that the
patient needs a good rest.

Slick Robbery in Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 3.—Slick thieves clean-
ed up \$150 at the Rock City tobacco
company's office this morning. A man
pretending to have a contract to repair
the sidewalk got the book-keeper out to
assist in taking measurements. In the
meantime his assistant cleaned out the
office.

\$100,000 for Opera Box.
New York, Oct. 2.—Henry Clay
Foster has purchased the box at the
Metropolitan Opera House owned by
Henry Barby who died last winter
and for the first time in five years
there will be a change in the part-
ners. The purchase price was \$100,000
which is \$20,000 ahead of the price
of the last box, which was sold in
1903 when the late Heber Bishop's
box was bought by James Huggin.

CALGARY'S NEW HOSPITAL.
Plans of Local Architects Accepted—
Brick Block Collapsing.

Bulletin Special.
Calgary, Oct. 3.—After bickering
over the plans, eighteen in number,
for the past two months, the joint
committees of the hospital board, the
city council and the medical board
came to a decision last night and ac-
cepted the plan of Lawson & O'Garra,
local architects, for the new hospital
building which will cost \$140,000.

The large brick block, erected last
spring by ex-Ald. Thomas, is gradu-
ally falling down, the front wall com-
ing away, and people who had apart-
ments in the two upper floors are
moving out. Poor construction is said
to be the cause of the trouble.

Will Not Increase Navy.
London, Oct. 2.—Reports have been
appearing in the London newspapers
for the past week from Canadian sources
that the British admiralty intended
to re-establish a naval base at Esqui-
mault, British Columbia. Reply-
ing to inquiries today, officials of the
admiralty said there was no founda-
tion for the rumors in present form.
There was no intention either of resuming
control of the fortifications at Esqui-
mault, which were taken over by the
Canadian government, or of increasing
the strength of the British fleet in
Pacific waters.

Meteor Fell in Mountains.
Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 3.—With a roar
like that of a cannon a big meteor fell
into the mountains back of Harrisburg
yesterday evening, setting fire to the
fort and frightening hundreds of people.
The roar and report as the meteor
struck the earth were heard all over
the northern end of Dauphin county.

THE LEMIEUX
ACT INVOKED

Lethbridge Miners Ask for Board of
Conciliation to Settle Diffi-
culty in Mines There.

Lethbridge, Oct. 2.—The miners
working the A. R. & J. Company's
mines appealed last night to the de-
partment of labor for a board of con-
ciliation under the Lemieux Act to
settle the dispute between the men
and the company.

It was arranged that a board of ar-
bitration consisting of two men from
Lethbridge and two from the company,
and Chief Justice Sifton as
chairman, should sit and decide the
dispute, but this fell through. The
men had their two representatives here
two weeks ago and the district
officials of the U. M. W. have been
here most of the time since then, but
the district would not meet them.

Repeats the Charge.
Vancouver, Sept. 25.—Mr. Mc-
Bride may not be liked, but he
cannot get away from the fact that he
told the secretary of state, not that
the governor had ordered the bill, but
that he had instructed him not to
sign it, and that this was con-
firmed by the governor himself. So
spoke Mr. B. G. Macpherson Satur-
day.

Continuing, Mr. Macpherson said
that there was no excuse for Mr. Mc-
Bride. He had publicly posed as an
opponent of Asiatic immigration, had
led a House which was unanimous
on the question, and had then gone
to the governor's room and advised
him that he was not to sign the bill.
"Did he tell the House anything
about it?" asked Mr. Macpherson.
"Did he let his colleagues or even Mr.
Bovens know that the bill was sent
passed? And, by the way, was Mr.
Hower willing that the bill should
be voted for political purposes?"
He ventured the assertion that no such
piece of political double-dealing has
ever been known in the history of the
province. The people of British Colum-
bia meet with enough difficulty from
eastern people in this matter
without finding covert enemy in
their own camp."

Lemieux to go to Tokyo.
Ottawa, Oct. 2.—If it is found that
Hon. Rudolph Lemieux's absence
from parliament during the part of
the coming session will not seriously
interfere with the legislative program
affecting the post office and labor de-
partment, it is probable he will be
the minister selected by the govern-
ment to go to Tokyo on the 20th to
confer with the Japanese government
in respect to immigration and trade
relations between the two countries.
Mr. Lemieux is especially equipped
for the task. He was in close touch
with Prince Fushimi during the visit
of the Japanese member of the royal
family in Ottawa, and as minister of
labor would naturally be entrusted
with a mission which so intimately
concerns the interests of the laboring
classes in British Columbia. It is
not improbable that the minister may
be accompanied by a high official of
the government who would supplement
former diplomatic efforts by col-
lecting first hand information as to
the economic and social aspect of
the question of oriental immigration
for the guidance of the government
in formulating a wise immigration policy
in respect to the teeming populations
of Japan, China and India.

Electric Railway Accident.
Steubenville, Ohio, Oct. 3.—Motorman
dramas was fatally hurt and 20 passen-
gers sustained painful injuries as the
result of a collision north of this city
today between two traction cars on the
Steubenville and Toronto road. The
accident, it is said, was due to the heavy
fog. Both cars were wrecked.

C.P.R. MAY LOWER
FREIGHT RATES

Assistant Freight Traffic Manager
Peters to Discuss Question
in the West

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 2.—The coast
will in all probability be granted by
the C.P.R. a number of substantial
concessions in the matter of
freight rates eastward into the ter-
ritory tributary to Lethbridge, Calgary
and Edmonton.

While no official statement to this
effect could be secured today from F.
E. Peters, assistant freight traffic
manager of the Canadian Pacific rail-
way, who arrived from Winnipeg this
morning, it is expected that the freight
committee of the board of trade to dis-
cuss this question indicates that re-
ductions in present rates are prob-
able.

"Pending my meeting with the
board of trade I cannot make any
statement officially in regard to this
matter," said Mr. Peters. "I will
have a conference with the board to-
morrow morning and I have no doubt
that arrangements satisfactory to all
concerned will be made."

Borah Was Acquitted.
Boise, Idaho, Oct. 3.—United States
Senator Wm. Borah was last night ac-
quitted of the charge of conspiracy to
defraud the government out of valu-
able Idaho lands. The case was sub-
mitted without argument on the part
of the defence and the jury was out
just long enough to take one ballot.

The verdict was greeted by cheers and
applause, which the court officers
made no effort to restrain.

Theatres on Steamers.
New York, N.Y., Oct. 3.—Alfred Hay-
men, who is manager for Charles
Frohman in this city, said yesterday
that theatres on ocean liners would
probably soon be a reality. Mr. Hay-
man said that he had been in touch
with Frohman and that they had prac-
tically concluded arrangements in Lon-
don to provide plays and concerts on each
of their new projected Cunard steam-
ships.

New Steamer Would Not Float.
Quebec, Oct. 2.—It was discovered
yesterday afternoon that the new C.
P. R. steamer, Ansinabou, which was
to be launched in Quebec, had been
cancelled. The steamer was to be
built by the Quebec Dock Co. and
was to be named after the late
Senator D'Almeida. The steamer was
to be built for the C. P. R. and was
to be used for the Quebec to London
route.

KAISER SHOWS TEETH.
Berlin, Oct. 2.—Germany's
most important move in years,
involving a direct menace to
the peace of Europe, was
announced today by the
government.

Hamilton Increases By 22.115.
Hamilton, Oct. 3.—The Hamilton as-
sessor's returns show Hamilton's popu-
lation to be 63,756, an increase of 22,115.
The assessment increased \$2,633,124.

Natural Gas at Wetsaskiwin.
Wetaskiwin, Oct. 3.—A strong pres-
sure of gas has been obtained at the
city well, an illumination may be
given next Saturday night.

New U. S. Customs Officer.
St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 3.—Jud La-
mour, Jr., son of a prominent Republi-
can politician in North Dakota, has
been appointed by President Roose-
velt general customs officer of North
Dakota.

C. N. R. is Extending.
Toronto, Oct. 2.—The Canadian Nor-
thern are rapidly pushing north with
new branches in Ontario. The bridge
over the Still river is completed and
tomorrow morning a construction
gang will commence to lay the steel
over the bridge, which is 110 feet high
and 300 feet long. The steel will be
laid at the rate of a mile per day
and it is expected to be at French
river, a distance of 15 miles, in a
couple of weeks, as grading is com-
pleted out of that section. White labor
is almost entirely used in bridge work
and handling steel, but Italians are
employed to ballast the track
and handle ties, etc.

A Daring Burglary.
Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Details came out
this morning showing that the burg-
lary at the office of the American con-
sul-general, Hon. J. G. Foster, who is
in Montreal, was a very daring piece
of business. It occurred three blocks
from the police station, right oppo-
site the parliament buildings. The
clever thieves got in by a first floor
window, walked upstairs and burst
into the door panel of Foster's office. Un-
locking it from the inside they went
direct to the safe and without any
explosive without even a scratch
to the big vault, got the combina-
tion. Without touching any papers
they took \$200 in bills and leaving
everything intact, literally carried out
the song which says, "They walked
right in and turned around and
walked right out again." They were
still at large and the police have not
a trace of them.

Must Give Up Sports.
Philadelphia, Sept. 30.—The will of
Miss Anna T. Jeans, who died re-
cently at Friends' Home, in this city,
which she established, and who a
short time ago gave \$1,000,000 to this
use for the betterment of the colored
people of the south, was admitted to
probate today. It disposes of prop-
erty said to be worth \$3,000,000.
Miss Jeans' bequested Swarthmore
College all the coal lands which she
owned in Pennsylvania on condition
that the college shall discontinue
all participation in inter-collegiate
sports.

High Price of Bread in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Oct. 2.—All Ottawa bakers
today announced to their customers
that wheat is up and is now 12 cents a
loaf. This is the highest it has been
here in eight years and is the second
increase since June. The increase in
the price of flour is the cause, it
costing \$1.35 per barrel more than it
did early in June. The bakers say
that when selling at eleven cents a
loaf they were making more than they
are now, so high has flour gone.

Tennis Cup Presented.
London, Oct. 2.—The Prince of
Wales, who witnessed the double
match for the Davis Cup on July 22,
last, has presented the All-England
lawn tennis club with a silver cup
to be held for a year by the winner
of the All Comers' single in the con-
test for the championship of the world,
and provided for the under rules gov-
erning the Davis' cup competition.

Woman Found Dead in Bed.
Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Miss Patience
Ottawa, of Hintonburg, an Ottawa sub-
urb, was found dead in bed yester-
day evening, setting fire to the
bedroom. The coroner is investigat-
ing but there seems nothing to suspect
of foul play. The woman was quite
old.

WHAT HAS BECOME
OF DONALD ROSS?
Young Canadian From Streetsville
Who Had Just Sold \$250,000 Min-
ing Stock Vanishes in London

Toronto, Oct. 2.—Was Donald Ross
of Streetsville a victim in London, Eng-
land, who has been missing since the
session of the proceeds of the big sale
of Kimberly diamond mining shares?
Is he the quarter of a million dollar
millionaire, 22 years old, who is propos-
ing the attention of the authorities at
Streatsville, and are asked to thorough-
ly probe on behalf of relatives who begin
to think the young Canadian met foul
fate?

The mystery attending the disappear-
ance of Ross in London depends greatly
as facts become known. Ross is a young
Canadian who has been in London for
two or three years has made a good deal
of money. He has a fine stock-farm near
Streatsville, and has been dealing largely
in horses, one of his recent transac-
tions having been with the government
of Japan.

He spent a considerable part of last
winter in London at the Hotel Cecil and
returned to Canada in the early spring
having left once more early in June for
the old country. Since that time his
brother, J. Ross, and uncle, Es-
sington, of Westminister have had
letters from him dated from the
Hotel Cecil, Savoy, the Carlton and Berkeley
hotels.

It was from Berkeley he disappeared
a week ago, leaving his baggage in his
rooms and his things in such a con-
dition as to indicate that he expected to
return. This did not greatly worry his
relatives, for he is somewhat easy going
and might have remained away for a
week motoring, a sport of which he is
a weak fond.

Letter received by his brother, how-
ever, dated at Berkeley hotel, Friday,
Sept. 20th, put a more serious face on
affairs. Donald Ross says he propos-
ing on the next day to sell his stock in
the Kimberly diamond mines to the amount
of \$250,000 and to sail for Canada, leav-
ing Sept. 25th. The vessel got into New
York Tuesday night and the officials in
charge sent a message stating that Donald
Ross was not among the passengers.

No Gold in Samples.
Calgary, Oct. 2.—Much to the dis-
appointment of many persons who
thought that the discovery of gold
had been made on the banks of the
Red Deer river, upon further investi-
gation it was found that the sample
drilled to a message state that Donald
Ross was not among the passengers.

Set Train on Fire.
Odessa, Oct. 2.—A train having on
board 200 persons, was held up last
night by a band of robbers who opened
the mail car by an explosion of
dynamite. The explosion set the car
on fire and the flames communicated
to the crowded passenger car with the
result that several women and child-
ren were badly burned before they
could escape. While the robbers were
trying to blow open the safe in the
mail car they were attacked by gen-
darmes. Several on both sides were
wounded, but the robbers escaped.

U. S. CREAM
SEPARATOR
will make most money for you
because it gets most cream.
It averages to skin cleaner
than other separators, and
that what counts in the long
run. The U. S. has been doing
the best work in many thou-
sands of dairies for the past
10, 12 to 15 years. Do
not throw away money that a
U. S. will save. The U. S. is
also the simplest, strongest,
safest, neatest separator.

MANITOBA IS PROSPEROUS.
Annual Official Report Evidence Uni-
versal Prosperity.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 3.—The annual
report of Manitoba's department of
agriculture and immigration in 1907,
which has just been issued to the pub-
lic, states that during the year good
wages prevailed and work was con-
tinuous in every branch of labor. Ag-
riculture being the basis of a great
portion of the wealth of Manitoba,
when the crop is good all other
branches of business are prosperous
and wealth is accumulated accord-
ingly.

Manitoba it is stated, is attracting
a most desirable class of immigrants
from that part of the United States
south of the province and the better
class of Europeans are now making
their homes here. "If further evi-
dence regarding the prosperity of this
province were necessary a glance at
the increase of the amount expended
in farm buildings would convince the
most skeptical and an inspection of
new homes and improved old ones
where farmers generally are surround-
ed with almost city home comforts
could not fail to be convincing."

"A feature regarding this prosperity
is the large number who annually take
advantage of winter excursions to eas-
tern provinces as well as the number
of Manitobans who rent their farms
and spend the winter in the south."

With regard to the amount expend-
ed on farm buildings returns show
that there has been spent \$4,575,885,
an increase of \$570,984 over 1905. A
word of warning is given to farmers
with regard to the selection of clean
soil and the cultivation of soil by a
attention to which it is suggested the
output of Manitoba would be very
much increased and consequently
much more profitable.

BORE AGAIN FOR NATURAL GAS.
From Thursday's Bulletin.
"We shall resume boring operations
by November 1st, and will annually take
advantage of winter excursions to eas-
tern provinces as well as the number
of Manitobans who rent their farms
and spend the winter in the south."

Some one entered the home of Col.
John Foster, the American consul-
general here, and it is said took \$200
from the safe while he was out of the
city.

Earl Grey has received the follow-
ing telegram from Capt. Alberta, of
the German cruiser "Bremen," at Hal-
ifax: "Before leaving Canadian waters
it is my pleasant duty to commu-
nicate in the name of his majesty's ship
Bremen, my best thanks for your Ex-
cellency's great kindness and the
hospitable welcome found in all the
harbors of the Dominion." (Signed)
Capt. Alberta.

No dates have yet been fixed for
the return sittings of the board of rail-
way commissioners. The board has
not received any application from the
Western Canadian newspapers for
inquiry into the increased rates
charged by the C. P. R. Telegraph
company, but if such a protest should
come to hand they will give it care-
ful consideration.

The labor department is advised
that the Rosamond woolen mills
strike at Almonte is settled. The 300
employees return to work at once.
They were affected through a lockout
resulting from five workers striking
for higher wages. Three of the work-
ers have agreed to go back at the old
wages, but the other two refused and
have been replaced by others.

206 JAPS WERE
NATURALIZED

Railway Commission May Consider
C.P.R. Press Rates—
Strike Ended

Ottawa, Oct. 2.—It will be an "eye-
opener" to many throughout the
Northwest and British Columbia to
learn that the Japs are not only going
to work in Canada, but many are be-
coming Canadian citizens. It is sur-
prising to be told by the official sta-
tistics on file at the state department
that no fewer than 206 Japs were nat-
uralized as Canadian citizens during
the year between July 1, 1906, and
July 1, 1907. There has been hereto-
fore no indications that the Japs were
inclined to take up Canadian citizen-
ship.

Consul Nasse to Explain.
Mr. Nasse, the Japanese consul gen-
eral, who is likely to sail for Japan
from Vancouver on the 20th inst., said
today: "I have been granted six
months' leave of absence to visit
Japan and it will be my first visit
back to that country since I came to
Canada, six years ago."

He will lay the full facts re the Pa-
cific coast troubles before the Japa-
nese government. He will also in-
quire into details regarding the Canadian-
Japanese trade which is growing
quickly and is now greater than ever
before. It is expected the cabinet will
on Monday name the Canadian envoy
who will probably be a cabinet min-
ister. Some think Mackenzie King
will be the choice.

The premier has gone to Quebec,
and it is thought will attend the
banquet to be given at St. Hilaire in
honor of Messrs. W. S. Fielding and L.
P. Hoodless, who arrive from England
tomorrow.

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have been replaced by others.

The Dye of Quality
Maypole Soap
Made in England
but sold everywhere.
The new, clean, quick, brilliant, fade-
less home dye, "Maypole Soap," is the
dye of highest quality.
It gives satisfactory results in home
dyeing every single time.
Its high quality prevents that
"streaky" effect that powder dyes
cause.
It is a cake for all colors and is free
from alkali.
Book all about it—free by
addressing Frank L. Benedict & Co., Montreal.

MONEY'S WORTH
If you are not wearing "Progress Brand"
Clothing, you are not getting as much
style—as much service—and not nearly
as much satisfaction—as you should.
Any man, who wears
"PROGRESS BRAND"
will tell you so.
Look for the Label that
Protects. It goes on
every genuine "PROGRESS
BRAND" Suit or Overcoat.
107

U. S. CREAM
SEPARATOR
will make most money for you
because it gets most cream.
It averages to skin cleaner
than other separators, and
that what counts in the long
run. The U. S. has been doing
the best work in many thou-
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not throw away money that a
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also the simplest, strongest

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

DAILY—Delivered in City, 54 per year. By mail, per year, \$2. By mail to United States per year \$6.
SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year \$1. Subscribers in the United States \$2. All subscriptions strictly in advance.
BULLETIN CO., Ltd.,
DUNCAN MARSHALL,
Manager.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1907.

BEWARE THE GRABBERS.

Friday evening's meeting at least revealed that the business men of the city have a correct appreciation of the value of the street railway franchise, and that they have no intention of obligingly handing it over to whoever chooses to come along and ask for it.

This is a healthy sentiment, and there is every reason to believe that it prevails among the citizens generally. Aside altogether from their attachment to the principle of municipal ownership, the ratepayers understand that the street railway franchise is the most valuable in the possession of the city, more valuable probably than all the other franchises combined. This valuable asset they have no notion of parting with under any ordinary circumstances, and under no circumstances at less than a fair value.

They may be relied upon, too, to understand that under the circumstances of to-day they are not likely to get an offer of anything approaching the real value of the franchise. Whether or not the capitalists produced the money stringency for the purpose of gobbling up franchises, there is no room for doubt that they are making the stringency an opportunity for doing so, and that the offer for the street railway franchise is merely an incident in the general campaign of grab.

Whatever might be a fair price for the street railway franchise, we are in a peril of being offered that price at a time when ready cash can purchase money-making enterprises of all kinds at far less than normal value. That an offer should be made at this particular time is all the proof necessary that the maker of the offer does not contemplate paying what the property is normally worth. If there is any right time to sell the franchise, that time certainly is not the present.

The wonder is not that an offer should be made for one city franchise at the present time; the wonder will be if scores of offers are not made for every franchise in the possession of the city. However "stifling" money may be, we are safe in assuming that hundreds of astute gentlemen have been hoarding their wealth for just such emergencies, and that they will duly appear on the scene with seductive promises and ridiculously low offers for every franchise that is worth having. That the approach is made first on the street railway system merely means that that system is expected to be the largest profit-maker in the list of city services.

Unless we are much mistaken, this offer will be followed by bids for the telephone system, by offers to "relieve us" of the electric lighting plant, by tenders for the waterworks and sewerage system. If no one asks to buy our license to breathe it will only be because he does not see his way to collect the dues.

The point to be remembered is that the franchise-hunter is not a public benefactor, but is governed solely by the laudable and common ambition to "make money." He believes not only in selling service as high as the law will allow, but in buying service systems as low as the callidity of their owners will permit, or as the exigencies of the hour may compel them to accept. To part with a civic franchise at this stage of the game would mean not only the loss of the franchise, but a loss of credit and prestige of perhaps greater consequences than the loss of the franchise. Edmonton has begun the construction of a municipal street railway system; Edmonton ratepayers are notoriously favorable to municipally owned enterprises; if, under these circumstances Edmonton sold its partially completed system, the conclusion abroad would be that the city was under the pressure of financial disaster. Whether or not we can afford to complete the street railway system, we assuredly can not afford to ruin our financial standing by surrendering the franchise for a ridiculous figure. And under the present conditions of the money market we are not likely to be offered any figure that is not ridiculous.

WHY NOT LET THE CITIZENS LOAN TO THE CITY?

Why should not western cities borrow money for current expenditure directly from the citizens in small sums and at short time?

In every city in Western Canada are hundreds of citizens who could advance a few hundred dollars each for short periods on good security and at a reasonable rate of interest. The individual sums are small but the aggregate in any reasonably large and prosperous city runs into hundreds of thousands.

At present this money is deposited in the banks, a large portion of it drawing no interest at all, the remainder earning only the 3 per cent. paid for savings accounts. The money thus deposited in the banks is re-loaned by the banks of the cities at not less than six per cent. per annum.

The net result is that the owners of the money as ratepayers of the cities pay the banks six per cent. for the privilege of using their own money for city purposes; in return they receive from the banks only three per cent. for nothing and the money deposited in the savings departments and nothing at all on the amount deposited in current accounts.

Why not short-cut this expensive process by permitting the owners of the money to lend it directly to the city, the city paying a lower rate of interest than is demanded by the banks, but a higher rate than is paid by the banks on savings accounts? If this were done the owners of the money would profit both ways—they would receive more for the use of their money as private citizens and they would pay less interest as ratepayers of the city.

For their services in handling the money of depositors the banks quite properly demand compensation—but compensation at the rate of borrowing for nothing and re-lending to the owners at six per cent. is rather expensive for the owners.

The practicality of the scheme need not be doubted. A somewhat similar plan was resorted to by President Lincoln during the war and met with remarkable success—that of offering bonds to all comers and in whatever quantities were desired.

Why should it not be practicable to issue notes of the city for say \$100 each for three months drawing, say, one and one-half or five per cent. interest and offer these at par at the city offices? The expense of handling them could not with any reasonable prudence approach the difference between the interest paid the holders of the notes and the interest now paid the banks on overdrafts.

In times of financial stress this should provide a more economical means of tying over until municipal bonds could be disposed of, but the advantages of the scheme would not be limited to seasons of depression.

Every city which has large current expenditure must have a balance on the wrong side of the books during the summer months—for the simple reason that the expenditure must be made largely during the summer and that taxes are not paid until the autumn months. In the meantime the city borrows from the bank—at six per cent. Why not issue short term notes for small amounts, redeemable when the taxes are payable, and at less than six per cent.?

A city which is constructing public works on any considerable scale must necessarily have an overdraft or temporary deficit on this account. The debentures cannot usually be sold until the work is completed—or at least it is not wise to sell the debentures until it is known how much money is needed for the season's work.

But in the meantime the workmen must be paid and material purchased as work proceeds. At present this is accomplished by temporary loans from the bank at six per cent. Why not get the loans from the people at a lower rate than the bank charges, but at a higher rate than the bank pays them for the money it re-loans to the city?

A conservative estimate reveals the practical value of the scheme. Normally there are probably a thousand men in Edmonton who have balances in their current accounts ranging from \$500 to \$1,000 each—a total of from a half million to a million dollars. So far as the owners are concerned this money is "idle." But it is not idle. A large part of it is re-loaned to the city and the owners pay six per cent. on the money from which they derive no revenue. Why should they not loan this money direct to the city and get the same rate of interest as they pay?

These sums combined should be sufficient to meet any temporary loans the city ordinarily requires. If they were turned over directly to the city the owners would receive more returns and the city pay less interest. And, being advanced on short time notes the owner could calculate to have his money available when likely to be needed for other purposes.

THEY TRAVEL ALONE.

It will be observed that Dr. Sproule, Grand Master of the Orangemen, and grand councillor of the Opposition on how to catch the Orange vote, is not among the lesser lights that revolve about Mr. Borden on his western trip. For reasons good, sufficient and sufficiently patent, it was considered desirable that these gentlemen travel separately. Accordingly Dr. Sproule made his trip some few months ago unhampered by the presence of Mr. Borden and his equivocalities and poured out the feelings of his soul on all who were opposed to either the Orangemen or the Opposition, with a double dose for those hardy spirits who dared differ with both.

Now Mr. Borden comes along unhampered by the presence of Dr. Sproule and his vigorous assets, and will endeavor to convince those who differ with the Orangemen that it is their duty to support the political party to whom Dr. Sproule tries valiantly but not always successfully to deliver the Orange vote. That he may the better do so he brings along Mr. J. G. H. Bergeron, of the constituency of Beauharnois, a gentleman who is not likely to set the heather on fire by vehement declarations of Orange principles.

That Mr. Borden and his henchman considered and conserved their mutual peace of mind by deciding to travel alone there can be no doubt. But it was not ever thus. They started out together on an previous trip, and stayed together until they reached Manitoba. Here, however, Mr. Borden felt called upon to pay his respects to a high official of the church to whose destruction Dr. Sproule devotes a fair portion of his time. This was more than the worthy Doctor could stand. He suddenly recollected some business that required attention back in Ontario, felt that he was the only man who could attend to it satisfactorily and forthwith hit the back trail for the east riding of Grey.

For him no more electioneering with Mr. Borden in a country where the voters hold two faiths. The side-road school houses of Ontario ring frequently with his dual admonitions to the Protestants of that province to mix-up their religion and their politics and vote for Dr. Sproule and Mr. Borden; but when an appeal has been made to political independence by the aid of religious bigotry Dr. Sproule excuses himself and leaves the duty to Mr. Bergeron.

But it is not altogether chagrin that keeps Dr. Sproule at home. He has splendid reasons from the standpoint of the Order which honors him with the chieftainship. In denying Mr. Borden temporarily the pleasure of his society and the assistance of his voice he is only handing back the kind of treatment Mr. Borden has handed the Order of which Dr. Sproule is head. When there existed a possibility of rousing the Orangemen against the Federal Government with the cry that the rights of Protestants in the West were being coerced Mr. Borden was only too happy to raise the cry and to have Dr. Sproule echo it. But when the Orangemen of the West, with their good common sense refused to be herded like sheep at the bidding of Mr. Borden, and when further appeals to them seemed likely to make more trouble than profit Mr. Borden suddenly lost interest in them and their cause. While the Autonomy Bills could be worked as a political lever such they were speedily forgotten. We search the Halifax platform in vain for any allusion to the "mess of pottage" to "manacled slaves," to "down-trodden people" and any other of the inflammatory phrases which two years ago were worked to death in an attempt to stampede the Orangemen and the ultra-Protestants against the Autonomy Bills and their authors. Mr. Borden now passes the "school clauses" over as a thing unknown—whereas Dr. Sproule stays at home.

This is not meant to suggest that a schism has severed the cordial relations between Dr. Sproule and Mr. Borden—no danger while Mr. Borden remains head of the party. Dr. Sproule's loyalty to his party is not a fragile tendon to be snapped by Mr. Borden's disloyalty to the Order which honors Dr. Sproule with its highest office. There is no schism, but only sweetest accord, between Dr. Sproule and Mr. Borden—accord whose sweetness is revealed by the willingness of Dr. Sproule to stay at home and avoid embarrassing Mr. Borden with his presence. It is considered politically expedient; hence Dr. Sproule takes his trip and admonishes the Orangemen to support Mr. Borden because they are Orangemen.

Mr. Borden takes his trip under circumstances which tacitly invite Roman Catholics to support him because he does not give a rat for the Orange men and their cause.

Logically, of course, the first plank in Mr. Borden's platform should be a condemnation of the school clauses; that neither the first nor any other plank refers to them at all only means that he has not the courage of his late convictions or that his convictions existed only for the purposes of the hour. Whichever be the case Mr. Borden has dropped the school clauses and Dr. Sproule stays at home lest his presence should remind the electors that Mr. Borden has done so.

Leader Mackay a Man to Cheer For

The new Leader of the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature is easily the ablest man holding a seat in that House, and during the few years he has been in public life, has made a name for himself, not only as a keen critic of legislation, but as a man who can suggest a remedy for the defect he is pointing out.

Mr. Mackay has had a remarkable career, having passed the third-class teachers' examination in Ontario when only fourteen years of age, and although he taught school for three years he graduated from Toronto university with first-class honors at the age of twenty-three. He taught in a High School for four years, after which he studied law. In his present profession, he is a man of front rank.



HON. A. G. MACKAY
Leader of the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature.

The new Leader has shown that he has honor in his own country, as he represents the constituency in which he was born, and in which he has lived practically all his life, winning it by the handsome majority of 271, after it had elected a Conservative to two parliaments.

As a public speaker, Mr. Mackay is in a class with Sir Richard Cartwright, and in his style of public utterance is not unlike that of the venerable knight. In a campaign Mr. Mackay is a man to cheer for, and in debate few men in public life are quite so much feared by their opponents. In the work he has undertaken the new leader has an uphill fight, but no abler, braver, fairer fighter ever undertook a difficult task. The Liberals of Ontario will never falter on account of the lack of courage of their leader, and his opponents will find in him a man incapable of doing a mean thing, but a foeman worthy of their steel. The opposition will never be on the defensive while it is led by A. G. Mackay.

MUTUALLY AGREEABLE.
The people of Vancouver and the residents of Honolulu are apparently at one in not wanting the Japanese to emigrate from Hawaii to British Columbia. While Vancouver does not want the Japanese, Honolulu does not want to lose them. The Honolulu Evening Bulletin, in a recent issue, said:—

"The experience of the recent emigration enterprises with Vancouver as their destination, does not appear from the outside to be such as will give a special impetus to a continuation of the business.

"More rioting should not be necessary to convince the intending emigrant of Hawaii that while there may be a place for him on the Pacific coast, it is a mighty hot one. There are more brickbats where the weapons of the first mob came from.

"While the small farm advocates are travelling about the mainland enlisting hordes of small American farmers to quit their fields and come to Hawaii, it is a very wise decision for such laborers as may be here to let well enough alone and continue to gain a fair return for their labor in these islands."

Clearly Honolulu wants the Japanese and Vancouver wants Honolulu to keep them.

ITS "IMPORTANCE."

The Winnipeg Telegram rightly says: "The opening up of the Hudson's Bay route is a matter of great importance to the West in particular, but it is important to the whole of Canada as well." So "important" does the Telegram consider the project that it demanded a couple of months ago that the railway to the Bay be abandoned unless the country to be traversed by the line be annexed to Manitoba.

ON THE SIDE.
Premier Gouin wants Ungava annexed to Quebec. Well, who else wants it?

After all five per cents at ninety-three scarcely threatens an inundation of cheap money.

A Winnipeg broker has been sentenced to ten years for fraud. He neglected to sue the Telegram for libel.

It is quite appropriate that a nation whose emblem is a dragon should be represented by an ambassador named Fang.

Now the embalmers want to become a close corporation. One step toward the happy condition when a man cannot afford to die.

Premier Roblin denies having disciplined Mr. Borden. Premier Roblin is the man who swore that he did not hold himself responsible for what he said speaking politically.

The Albertan figures out that Calgary "is paying .54 of one per cent. less for its money than Edmonton." What has high finance to do with vulgar fractions?

Toronto Star: It is, we apprehend, no fault of Mr. George E. Foster that the charm of his presence is lacking to that Western tour. Mr. Foster is too experienced a politician not to know that absence makes the heart grow fonder of some other fellow.

Montreal Herald: Perhaps Mr. Borden's unexpected delay in Vancouver was occasioned by inquiries into that little grant of shares by which Sir Adolphe Caron made himself solid with the McBride Government, and for which the wage said his knightly decorations ought to be stripped from his breast.

Mr. M. S. McCarthy, M.P., has offered neither proof nor retraction of his declaration that the Conservatives

have won in Calgary every time the votes were honestly counted. Unless and until he does so he must be content with the role of a shameless slanderer who has neither the evidence to prove nor the decency to retract.

Toronto Globe: According to Mr. Borden, the shocking wickedness of the Laurier government at Ottawa is sufficient to call down upon the Dominion, the fate of the doomed cities of the plains. The four righteous men he puts forward to avert the judgment and save the Dominion are Mr. Foster, Mr. Fowler, Rufus Pope and Mr. Bennett.

NOW ON RECORD.

(Toronto Globe.)
Some progress was made last week by Mr. R. L. Borden in the direction of public ownership. The logic of his present position will carry him inevitably away from historic Conservatism and land him beside Mr. W. F. Maclean in what the typical Tory would call "the slough of Socialism."

On Friday afternoon at Woodstock the Conservative leader committed both himself and his party to the policy of nationalizing both the telephone and telegraph systems of Canada. His language was far in advance of his cautious and hesitating Halifax platform. Here is what he said in reply to the Globe's criticism: "Now, gentlemen, so far as I am concerned let me assure you that I am thoroughly in earnest, thoroughly sincere, and the Conservative party is pledged to the nationalization of telegraphs and telephones. Both should belong to the postal system of Canada."

"Gentlemen, this attitude of the Globe is a mere pretence. It knows that every elector in Ontario favors public ownership in the public utilities."

Those words sound big and brave, but when taken as a pronouncement of Tory policy they ring hollow, and on the lips of Mr. R. L. Borden they sound too much like a campaign promise to carry instant conviction. It does not happen to be true that "every elector in Ontario favors public ownership." If Mr. Borden knew the opinion of large and influential sections of the Conservative electors of Toronto—and elsewhere he would not use such extravagant language.

But, allowing for hyperbole, here is a question for Mr. Borden: To whom is credit due for whatever public ownership opinion there is in Ontario or anywhere else in Canada today? Can one atom of credit be placed to the account of Mr. R. L. Borden? When did he advocate public ownership in public utilities? What risk did he take in parliament or on the platform to promote the policy of nationalization? Throughout his entire career as leader of the telegraphs and telephones of the Conservative party when that issue was up he was either dumb or he damned it with faint praise. And now, when by the campaigning advo-

cacy of men who do not follow his lead and of newspapers that are not allied to his party public opinion is awakened and organized, he suddenly appears upon the platform and "pledges" in itself and says, "The Conservative party is pledged," because, as he adds, "upon that issue we can sweep every electoral district in Ontario." His "pledge" comes too late for him to claim credit as a pioneer.

What Mr. Borden now presents as a plank in his platform was laid down as a principle by Sir William Mulock three years ago, when as postmaster-general he took his stand in favor of operating the telephone and telegraph services in connection with the postal system. The present postmaster-general, Hon. Mr. Lennieux, is a statesman of the same school, and when the time comes will speak for himself. But where was Mr. Borden when Sir William on the one side and Mr. W. F. Maclean on the other were interesting parliament and other public opinion on this question? For his aggressiveness as a protagonist of public ownership Mr. Maclean was denounced by his own party, and ever since has been an outcast from the Conservative caucus, cursed by the very men who now take up his cry and call him "my friend Mr. Maclean." The shallowness of this sudden enthusiasm for the public interest may possibly be matched by Mr. Borden and his company when they reach Manitoba and "pledge the Conservative party" to free trade in agricultural implements.

THE RYRIE
Sovereign
Fountain Pen

THIS "special" Fountain Pen is made of the finest grade of Para Rubber, and is fitted with a 14 solid gold pen with Tiddim, which assures a steady flow of ink.

COMPLETE with a safety clip which holds the pen securely in the pocket, the price is \$1.00.

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TORONTO

THE
City Solicitor and
Applicants for
Given Their
Reference to

The appointment of civic officials was made meeting of the city council, at which all were present except A. John C. F. Howie, K.C., who had succeeded Mr. J. city solicitor, and J. city building inspector, to Blaney. The various salary to the sale of 95 of worth of 5 per cent. city of the Scottish-American of Edinburgh, were given readings and passed. tion to sell the street class was only a few call from the aldermen with a consideration of

Only One Communist Alderman MacFarlane, the Strathcona fire committee, were stating would provide Edmonton power from Strathcona kilowatt hour, provided a feed wire app

Sidewalk Petition A petition was received foot plank sidewalk on of Canada, streets from River streets. This referred to the commission

Three other sidewalk received, one for a sidewalk on the north street from King to Avenue, another for a on the north side of Ross Nunnay to Kinross, for a plank walk on east from Kinross to. Manuel stated the street was very badly needed through water to properties. The case referred to the commission

The Douglas Company The report of the commission made by the Jasper street, was by overflow of sewer in of their premises was

This damage was due to insufficiency of the sewer in front of the Douglas Company premises, to carry extraordinary fall of storm fell at that time. To the cure of this trouble sewer was afterwards 1 Douglas avenue and Cur

Rice street to the north sewer. The Douglas Company special contingencies as No. 241, clause 54, provided for the collection of back-water traps shall add cellar drains in add water seal traps where possible danger of flood sewer or from the rain-

It is recommended that water trap be placed on drain where the bottom or surface is less than that over the top of the street. There is no back-water Douglas Company premises. Douglas Company did not the damaged goods or opportunity of realizing. They now state, however goods were totally valueless exception of some Sanitar printing frames, for which now willing to make an and have stated their accept the sum of \$100 a tion in full for their damage.

The legal opinion of Newell, acting city solicitor with attached, and we be the legal opinion of the of the offer of the Dougl of \$100 in full settlement sideration of the fact the establishment of a back-w not insisted upon by the p spector when he approved installation of the service. There were no reports special exhibition comm assessment committee, the industries committee and on the investigation of department. The commi revision of by-laws was report, but it was withheld appointment of the city s

Building Inspector J. D. McKinnon was held inspector to assist tion made vacant by the of J. D. Blaney, who had until he became an alderm date in the by-election f resignation of Alderman It took an hour to make ment, the balloting resu ties. The committee to question of the appointe ferred presented three recommended voting by these. The names were: asis, J. A. Kinney, J. D. The report was adopted and proceeded with. After Gariepy had moved that made concerning the res J. D. Blaney as building should be rescinded. Th this motion was to nomi pointment of a successor.

The Mayor exercised his vote on this question, an sistance in doing so had eedings. On the first ba suit was as follows: R. J. J. D. McKinnon, S. F. A. Before taking the first it in the event of a tie be candidates the third, if less than the others, be eliminated. A second vote and the result was: R. J. J. D. McKinnon, S. F. A.

"The question has to be night," said Alderman G the committee composed of Gariepy, Manson and An fired to confer and make mediation as to the nee a solution of the diffic committee failed to agree a ed a report to that effect ballot was then taken, at

SEEING IS BELIEVING

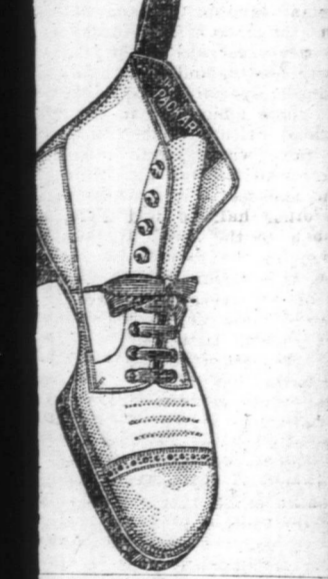
W HEN we announced our Big CLEARING SALE some people were sceptical about our statement regarding the prices at which we offered our goods. Their doubts soon vanished when they entered our store and saw the same goods displayed before them with the prices marked as in our advertisement, and all our customers felt convinced that we are doing MORE THAN WE ADVERTISE because all of our IMMENSE STOCK IS GOING AT THE SAME RATE. The values as listed in our last advertisement are still on sale at the same prices because we have plenty of stock on hand. We have opened our Fall and Winter Overcoats and marked them at SUCH LOW PRICES that to secure one will mean a saving of from 3.00 to 8.00, which is worth while taking advantage of. No. 5026, heavy cloth overcoats in black and navy, good value at 9.50, now 6.50; No. 8571, heavy overcoats in good fancy tweeds, best value for 11.00, now 7.50; No. 6028, best Beaver cloth, very best material and workmanship; remember this coat is guaranteed; best value that could be produced from 18.00 to 23.00, only 15.00. Always pleased to quote prices. Yours truly,
S. F. MAYER.

Walker & Co.

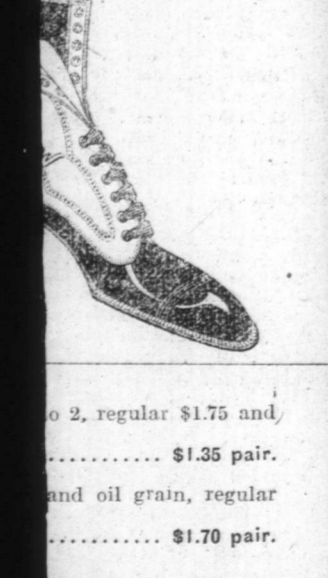


Thursday, Oct. 12th.

Department



either hal or blucher \$2.60 pair.



2, regular \$1.75 and \$1.35 pair.

and oil grain, regular \$1.70 pair.

Walker & Co.

WITH THE FARMERS

PRESTON VS. RED FYFE WHEAT.

Mr. Richard Waugh, of the Winnipeg Free Press, in a letter to the Department of Agriculture of Alberta, has raised the question of the relative merits of Preston and Red Fyfe wheat...

Preston was greatly boomed by the cropland a few years ago as about the only variety that had a chance to ripen in the newer portions of the northwest...

There was another conspicuous argument for using Preston. It has always stood high on the government reports as a successful yielder. Earliness and heavy cropping are special merits provided we can be certain that such claims are well founded...

So much for its earliness and milling value. Let us now examine its claims as a yielder. The methods of cultivation in view on the experimental farms are just what Preston and the rank soils of the new west also favor it.

Whether the winning fields grew the purest wheat is from my point of view a very trifling consideration. The only point of serious importance is whether Preston is entitled to take front rank as a milling wheat and whether it will stand the test of a quarter of a century...

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established in Canada. The idea at present is to secure 10,000 acres of good land, and on this to pursue the work of seed improvement.

The Regina board of trade has become interested in the scheme, and the president and publicity commissioner, as well as other officers of the board, have busied themselves with Mr. Garton. He is impressed with the richness of Regina soil, and to-day he is being driven over the country that he may see the land, and may also get some duck shooting.

New Westminster News. Edmonton and Strathcona, the enterprising twin cities of Northern Alberta, will be represented at British Columbia's annual fair which will open here next Tuesday.

A district exhibit, representative of Alberta's agricultural resources ranging from vegetables to No. 1 hard wheat and industrial products showing forth the possibilities of the two cities from a manufacturer's standpoint, will be arranged in the northwest corner of the big agricultural building.

Both Mr. Daly and Mr. Porte made an unqualified statement to the effect that twice as many visitors would come to this fair this year than did any previous British Columbia exhibition.

GRAIN MARKETS. Winnipeg, Sept. 30.—The markets were slightly firmer at opening today. Liverpool being 1/4d. higher, but soon the U.S. markets began to decline to 1/2c. lower than Saturday, but Winnipeg closed 1/4 to 2 lower, the largest decline being on cash wheat.

Winnipeg, October 1.—Liverpool came slightly lower today, and continental markets are all lower, but United States markets opened higher than yesterday.

HE IS SATISFIED WITH ALBERTA. D. W. Warner, one of the most successful farmers in the Edmonton district and ex-president of the A.F.A. who has been travelling in the States and in Ontario during the last six weeks declares that after having seen the best in the east he is more than ever pleased with the province of Alberta and especially of the Edmonton district.

Mr. Warner attended the Toronto and London Exhibitions and states that next to the live stock exhibits at these places the Alberta exhibit was the greatest feature of the fairs and was demonstrated such by the popular verdict.

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with any part of the continent, while the splendid crops in Southern Saskatchewan and Alberta is like a gigantic "After this year," says Mr. Warner, "it will be Alberta For Ever!"

WINTER WHEAT PLEASED HIM.

Prof. Ten Eyck of Manhattan, Kansas, who was sent into this province by the Board of Regents of the Kansas State Agricultural College and Experiment Station, to study growing winter wheat from a view of improvement of seed wheat to improve the Turkey Red grown in Kansas, has made a report of the results of his visit to Alberta to the Board of Regents.

Prof. Ten Eyck describes the area of the province which is most suitable for the production of winter wheat and states that it is most successfully grown in an area bordering on the base of the Rocky Mountains, usually within view of the perpetual snow-capped peaks, and from 100 to 150 miles wide and 700 miles long.

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cutting has been completed. No frost imminent—About half grain cut. Weather favorable. No further damage.

MOVEMENT IN GRAIN.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 2.—The department of trade and commerce has received from C. Castle, of Winnipeg, a statement of the shipments of grain by vessels from Port William and Port Arthur from the opening of navigation to August 31, 1907, and also for the crop year of 1906, which is from September 1, 1906, to August 31, 1907.

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shipped for market. The year 1906 thus represented far more than one season's work.

MONEY TO MOVE CROPS.

New York, Oct. 3.—It is obvious that the local money situation is working closer for general reasons. The long delayed transfers of money westward to move the crops are now in full swing, and the clearing house banks and the sub-treasury on the sub-treasury on this account up to the close of business this morning. There were no features of interest on the stock market today.

EXPERTS' CROP ESTIMATE.

Ottawa, October 3.—Dr. Saunders, director of the experimental farm, who is keeping in touch with crop conditions through a host of special correspondents, is inclined to the belief that the Winnipeg estimate of 40,000,000 bushels of wheat fit for milling is below the actual yield. He believes the probable crop will be between 50,000,000 and 60,000,000 bushels and also a considerable quantity of feed.

Winnipeg advises reaching here place the inferior grade at 25,000,000 bushels, and recent reports received from the experimental farm are varied in their terms. The report of Dr. Saunders, of the Brandon district, is that the experimental farm yield is much better than was expected a few weeks ago. The reports from Indian Head district indicate that there will be only a half crop, while around Battleford the outlook is better than it was and greatly improved during last few weeks.

TO-DAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, October 3.—All markets strong today again. Liverpool 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 higher and continental markets also higher. American markets 2c higher. Our Winnipeg market stronger on early deliveries than later. October wheat being up 1 1/2c and May only 1 1/4c higher. Today's closing prices: No. 1 Northern 106 1/2, No. 2 Northern 104, No. 3 Northern 99, No. 4 wheat 85, No. 5 wheat 85, Feed 66 spot or on route. Futures closed: October 106 1/2, November 104 1/2, December 95, May 110. Oats—barley and flax all higher. Oats—No. 2 white 5 1/2 spot or on route, No. 3 white 5, No. 4 white 4 1/2, No. 5 white 4 1/2, No. 6 white 4 1/2, No. 7 white 4 1/2, No. 8 white 4 1/2, No. 9 white 4 1/2, No. 10 white 4 1/2, No. 11 white 4 1/2, No. 12 white 4 1/2.

NEW WHEAT GRADES HIGH.

Winnipeg, October 2.—The pessimistic and calamity howlers who, since the commencement of harvest, have been devoting the most of their energy to stocking the crop and generally deprecating the country, must have received a rude jolt if they devoted any of their time to a study of the recent returns, showing how the receipts of wheat have been grading to date. During the past week the movement of grain, railway by late cutting and threshing, became quite free, and for the first time since the commencement of the year the quality of the crop just harvested.

The returns of the inspectors, so far made would indicate that the pessimistic opinion is not being borne out by results, as only a very small percentage of the wheat is grading low. The facts are that during the week commencing on Monday, September 23, and ending yesterday, 853 cars of new wheat were inspected at Winnipeg. Of these not less than 712 or over 83 per cent, graded No. 3 northern or better, a splendid showing when one considers the conditions under which the great proportion of the crop was harvested.

During each day of the week in question the percentage of No. 1 Northern which inspected, was greater than any other grades, with No. 2 Northern second, but always some distance away. Saturday and Sunday were typical examples. On the former, out of 186 cars of new wheat inspected 157 cars No. 3 Northern or better, which two cars were No. 1 hard, 85 cars No. 1 Northern, 56 cars No. 2 Northern and 15 cars No. 3 Northern. On Sunday 177 cars No. 1 Northern, 57 cars No. 2 Northern and 11 cars No. 3 Northern. Grain men unite in expressing the opinion that the showing so far made is a remarkably good one, and all are highly pleased at the results attained.

MEDICINE HAT FAIR.

Medicine Hat, Oct. 2.—The twenty-first annual exhibition of the Medicine Hat Agricultural Society was held on Tuesday and Wednesday night and the buildings erected for the display of fruit and vegetables proved too small to accommodate the magnificent display which was made. The variety was immense and the standard was very high, particularly in the root crops, the samples of Alberta Red were of a fine quality, and the judges were almost at a loss in selecting the winners. The biggest classes of course were in horses and cattle, there being 24 shows in the first mentioned class.

Building permits for over \$100,000 were issued in Medicine Hat during September.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 2.—Receipts at the Toronto Live Stock market, are 70 cars, 1,025 cattle, 1,890 sheep and lambs, 400 hogs and 160 calves. Large numbers of ranch cattle being sent to English markets from the West have put an effectual stopper on the export trade here. Butchers sold at \$3.50 to \$5. the live figure for extra choice. Feeding cattle were not offered freely and there is still a good demand at \$3.25 to \$3.50 for steers and \$2.25 to \$2.50 for bulls. Calves \$3 to \$6, sheep, \$3 to \$4; 35 lambs \$4.50 to \$5.65; hogs \$6.12 1/2 for selects, with no sale for inferior stock.

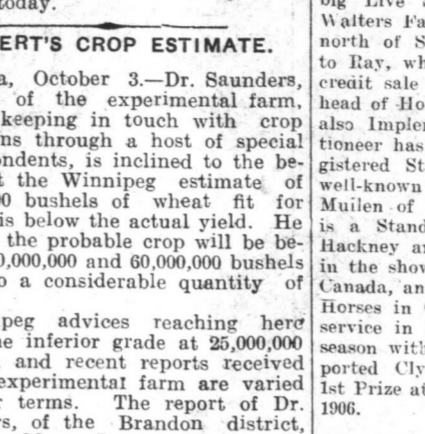
FINANCIAL NEWS.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 2.—The market was less active today than yesterday, but prices were fairly well maintained. Mackay Common was the leader in activity, selling for three hundred and thirty-seven shares. The company has issued circulars showing the strength of their establishment and pointing out the length of time it has been in operation. The company is a wireless people to become proficient in handling messages from all parts of the country. General Electric was strong, 108 1/2, being the lowest sale during the day. The market shows few transactions in bank and loan companies. The Graby Company is liquidating their annual report yesterday showing a decrease in gross earnings of two hundred and thirty thousand but an increase in net of fifteen thousand.

LARGEST LIVE STOCK SALE.

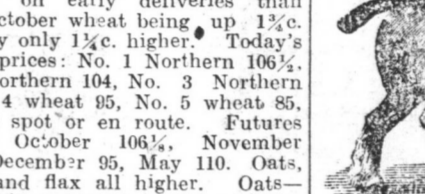
The largest Live Stock Auction Sale ever held in Edmonton City Market Square took place last Saturday when 38 head of Cattle and Oxen, also 34 horses and Mares mostly in Teams were sold. Robert Smith the well-known Live Stockman and Auctioneer conducted the sale. He also sold \$10,000 worth of Edmonton City Real Estate under the hammer on Saturday last. Don't forget his big Live Stock Sale at Mr. Gustav Walters Farm which is situated 6 miles north of St. Albert on the main road to Ray, when he will have a cash and credit sale of 70 head of Cattle and 12 head of Horses and Mares mostly Heavy also Implements. Mr. Smith the Auctioneer has purchased this week two registered Stallions for \$3,000, from the well-known expert Mr. William A. McMillen of Mount Forest Ontario. One is a Standard Bred and the other a Hackney and neither have been beaten in the show rings of the old country or Canada, and are therefore the best bred Horses in Canada. They will stand for service in Mr. Smith's Stockyards next season with "The Gem Prince" the Imported Clydesdale Stallion which took 1st Prize at WINNIPEG EXHIBITION, 1906.

BIG AUCTION SALE



LIVE STOCK AT SAINT ALBERT TUESDAY, OCT. 8

At 1 o'clock prompt

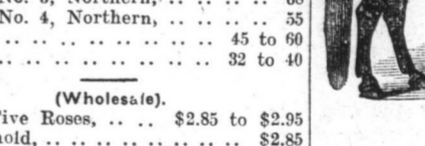


Also a large quantity of Farming Implements, at MR. GUSTAVE WALTERS' FARM, 6 miles North of St. Albert, on the Main Road to Ray.

CASH AND CREDIT SALE

ROBERT SMITH LIVE STOCK AUCTIONEER 63 Macdougall Avenue, Edmonton

Warranted to Give Satisfaction. Gombault's Caustic Balsam



Has Imitators But No Competitors. A Safe, Speedy and Positive Cure for Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Flatulence, Colic, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Typhoid, Diphtheria, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Migraine, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Pain in the Back, Pain in the Limbs, Pain in the Joints, Pain in the Nerves, Pain in the Muscles, Pain in the Bones, Pain in the Cartilages, Pain in the Ligaments, Pain in the Tendons, Pain in the Sinews, Pain in the Fasciae, Pain in the Membranes, Pain in the Epithelium, Pain in the Endothelium, Pain in the Mesothelium, Pain in the Peritoneum, Pain in the Pleura, Pain in the Pericardium, Pain in the Pericyst, Pain in the Pericapsule, Pain in the Pericardium, Pain in the Pericyst, Pain in the Pericapsule.

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As

AROUND THE CITY

LOCALS.

Mrs. Saunders, of Clark street, was removed yesterday by the Red Cross Ambulance to the Public Hospital for treatment.

The house owned by W. H. Gariety at 337 Fourth street is being moved to the corner of Seventh and Athabasca. It will be fitted up as a dwelling.

The young men's club of McDougall's church will meet for re-organization next Thursday evening. Election of officers will then take place, and refreshments will be served.

The operations of the city street roller on Namayo caused an accident on Saturday evening, when a horse driven by John Stephens took fright and overturned the wagon, the occupants getting severely bruised.

The provincial W. C. T. U. convention will be held on October 4 to 7 in this city. The meetings will take place in McDougall Methodist church except on Sunday, when a mass meeting will be held in the First Baptist church.

The ten-year-old child of Mr. Burt died in Calgary last week and the body was brought up to Edmonton on Saturday afternoon. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2:30 from 323 Picard street, Rev. Mr. Tuttle conducting the services.

A small blaze in the rear of Hamilton's feed stable frightened people in that neighborhood yesterday about 8:30 a.m., but an alarm was sent in from the box at the corner of Elizabeth and Queens. The fire was easily put out without loss.

Another party seeking homes in the Pembina and Padre river districts start this evening for that portion of the Province in charge of Mr. Taft, of Namayo avenue. He reports that the party he drove through these districts a week ago are already located on quarter sections.

The C. W. Copp Piano Company, of Boston, one of the largest musical instrument manufacturing companies in the United States, have written to the secretary of the Board of Trade asking the conditions existing in Edmonton for the establishment of a manufacturing branch of their business.

R. Parker, representing Konig & Stiffman, importers, Montreal, is in the city on business. He said this morning: "The general financial condition of my buyers is good. They are paying cash all up the C.N.R. to get the discount, and the volume is larger than they have ever been before."

The band concert to be given this evening by the Citizens' band at 2:30 in the Thistle rink, is being given under the patronage of His Worship the Mayor, the members of the city council and Major Parkin, commanding. A squad of the C. M. R. An excellent program has been arranged. Admission will be charged and the returns will be applied to the slim treasury of the newly-organized band.

From Tuesday's Bulletin.

The census of the city, taken by the Yale Hotel Company enumerators, is not yet completed. The population arrived by the Temperance and Moral Reform League is 15,500.

Single fare rate has been obtained from the C.P.R. for delegates to the Alberta Provincial Convention at Calgary on October 23rd. It will be necessary for each delegate to require the least ticket to Calgary or a written receipt. It will only be necessary for them to purchase a single ticket to Calgary if the required certificate is obtained from the agent.

The excavation for the foundation and basement of the new Norwood public school has been completed.

Work on the Alexander Taylor school is progressing steadily. The walls are almost completed to the roof.

W. S. Weeks, formerly senior member of the firm of W. S. Weeks & Co., who dissolved some time ago, has opened an office in his new building on First street, between Athabasca and Peace avenues.

The claim of the Douglas Co., Ltd., for damages from a cellar flooded last year has been referred to the City Solicitor for an opinion by the city engineers who had the matter under consideration.

J. I. Auten, a former resident of Edmonton, who is now in Ponoka, is in the city today. Mr. Auten owns a large farm in the Sturgeon district and has still on hand 15,000 bushels of last year's oats which he is now disposing of.

Word has been received in the city from Nanton of the death of Percy Robertson, the three-year-old son of A. G. Robertson, M. P. for High River. The little fellow was run over by a wagon drawn behind a traction engine, dying in two hours after the accident.

J. Stewart, of Foley Brothers & Larson, contractors, was in the city yesterday. With favorable weather, he says, the G.T.P. grade between Edmonton and Saskatoon will all be completed this fall, except for a small section through the Beaver Hills. This will be done in the spring.

Secretary Harrison, of the Board of Trade, received a consignment of Alderman Daly, who is in New Westminster in charge of a display of grains and grasses from Edmonton and Strathcona. The alderman states that the crop of vegetables and grains will be poor, owing to the recent cold weather. The people are much interested in the display of grains, and it is one of the best advertisements for our city and vicinity.

R. A. J. Little, of Oshawa, Ont., is in the city and intends opening a stationery and family goods store in the Opera house block. Mr. Little was through the west in April last, sight of the situation and decided to locate in Edmonton, as being the coming city of the west. He is still pleased with the present conditions, notwithstanding the temporary money stringency. Mr. and Mrs. Little will make their home on 4th street in Dr. Macaulay's house, lately occupied by Mr. Hubbard.

A GALICIAN WEDDING.

The home of Michael Staszak, of Fort Saskatchewan, was the scene of a pretty and picturesque wedding, after the rites of the Galician people, on Saturday night.

Philip Strozemski, in addition to the Galician ceremony, the marriage was solemnized Sunday morning by Father Dorais, of Fort Saskatchewan. A large number of the relatives of the young couple were present at the ceremony on Saturday night, as well as many of the prominent citizens.

NEW FIRE HALL READY.

The new east end fire hall will be completed and ready for occupation by the end of the week. The apparatus will consist of a chemical wagon and a hose wagon. There will be six men and a captain stationed at this headquarters. The captain will be Tommy Lauder, who is now assistant chief at the main building.

CENSUS OF THE CITY.

The census of the city, both by the holders of the license of the Yale hotel and the Temperance and Moral Reform League, has been completed, and the figures are being tabulated this week.

The application, which was to come up before Judge Harvey next Wednesday, has been further set down for next Saturday, owing to the absence of the city clerk and the counsel engaged on the case.

While nothing authoritative has been given out as yet, it is understood that the figures of the Moral Reform enumerators will show that there are in the city between 15,000 and 16,000 persons. The returns of the Yale hotel have not yet been compiled, but it is probable that their figure will be a considerably larger one.

MR. BARFORD'S ORGAN RECITAL.

The organ recital, given by Mr. Vernon Barford in All Saints' Church last night after the service was attended by hundreds of people every seat in the church being occupied. The music was of a high order. Mr. Barford interpreting a program of attractive classical music with his usual excellent execution of technique and expression.

Wolstenholme's Canon was a delightful selection, the whole program, moreover being rendered in such a way that these organ recitals if continued would prove exceedingly popular. The program comprised: "The Lord's Day Variations in E. Faulkner; Second Andantino in D flat, Lemare; Postlude in E flat; Intermezzo in D flat; and Victoria, Canon, Minuet and Trio, Wolstenholme."

INCOME FROM TORONTO STREET RAILWAY.

Under the present agreement between the owners of the Toronto street railway and the city, the latter obtains percentages of the profits on the following sliding scale:

When the gross receipts are: Up to \$1,000,000 per annum 8 per cent. per annum.10 per cent. per annum.12 per cent. per annum.15 per cent. per annum.20 per cent. per annum.25 per cent. per annum.30 per cent. per annum.

In addition the company pays to the city the cost of the interest on the \$800 per mile of single track, and \$1,600 per mile of double track per annum.

BACK FROM AUSTRALIA.

J. C. Johns has returned to the city after a seven months' trip to Australia. He says he is even more difficult to obtain in the antipodes than he is in Canada. Australia is exporting a lot of goods but there is no money coming in to pay for them. The business is very quiet. He thinks the Australian are their equal in architecture and beauty, but there is a more reserved business atmosphere in such a bill and in March, 1908, when the announcement of a Lord's Day observance bill was made in the House of Commons it was the only one of its kind in the world.

ALBERTA'S PENITENTIARY BEST.

Warden McCauley of the Alberta Penitentiary has been invited to attend the annual convention of the National Prison Association in Chicago.

The program of the convention includes papers and discussions upon several topics intimately connected with prison administration and discipline. Among the subjects treated are: "Essentials of Probation," "Reformatory Methods," "Prison Visiting in Canada," "The Intermediate Sentence," "Vagrancy," "The Insane Criminal," "Punishment and Parole," "The Dope Habit in Prison," "Prison Discipline for Women."

Warden McCauley also visited several of the prisons in the states of the Union, and describes the Alberta institution as superior to the best of them. He states that his visit to the states this year has impressed him more than ever with the superiority of Alberta as a desirable land to settle in.

NEW BRICK COMPANY PLANT.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new plant of the Pressed Bricks Co., Ltd., which is located at the corner of Gallagher-Hull Packing Co., just east of the Edmonton Lumber Co.'s yards on the south side of the river. The main building is well under construction and about half of the machinery is on the ground ready for installation.

An expert is expected from Toronto next week to inspect the machinery and the company propose if possible to commence the manufacture of bricks this fall. A sand pit has been opened up on the property and from this a large part of the material for the manufactured article will be secured. It is expected that the plant will be run from the E. Y. & P. line down to the property along the south side of the river. Dr. R. Fraser is the president, Charles May, vice president, and Henry J. Hellivell, secretary of the new company.

RECEPTION FOR ARCHDEACON GRAY.

Van, Archdeacon Gray, who returns this week from his long trip to Japan, will be the guest of honor at a reception given in All Saints school house on Tuesday night. Arrangements are being made for an enjoyable evening. All members of the congregation are cordially invited to take this occasion of meeting their rector.

THE STETTLER FAIR.

Stettler fair which was postponed from Sept. 18th to October 2nd, will open on the latter date. Extensive preparations have been under way all summer. The agricultural society has been organized with Messrs. J. N. Tice, president and Lesock Kuback, secretary-treasurer, and a successful exhibition is now assured. One of the real sensations for visitors to the fair is a flying machine which has been invented by a Stettler man. On the first day of the fair the trial trip will be made and every hope is entertained concerning the success of the invention.

ALARM SYSTEM FINISHED.

Work upon the installation of the fire alarm system will be completed by tomorrow, and the forty boxes covering the entire city will be then in operation. The boxes extend as far north as 44th Street, as far east as the end of Jasper extension and Fraser's flats, and as far west as the corner of Fourth and the Victoria. There are also boxes near the brewery on the flats, and north of the railway track at the corner of Vermillion and Third streets. The entire system is well arranged, and there should be no trouble in getting the brigade quickly to any required spot.

MR. BARFORD'S ORGAN RECITAL.

The organ recital, given by Mr. Vernon Barford in All Saints' Church last night after the service was attended by hundreds of people every seat in the church being occupied. The music was of a high order. Mr. Barford interpreting a program of attractive classical music with his usual excellent execution of technique and expression.

Wolstenholme's Canon was a delightful selection, the whole program, moreover being rendered in such a way that these organ recitals if continued would prove exceedingly popular. The program comprised: "The Lord's Day Variations in E. Faulkner; Second Andantino in D flat, Lemare; Postlude in E flat; Intermezzo in D flat; and Victoria, Canon, Minuet and Trio, Wolstenholme."

INCOME FROM TORONTO STREET RAILWAY.

Under the present agreement between the owners of the Toronto street railway and the city, the latter obtains percentages of the profits on the following sliding scale:

When the gross receipts are: Up to \$1,000,000 per annum 8 per cent. per annum.10 per cent. per annum.12 per cent. per annum.15 per cent. per annum.20 per cent. per annum.25 per cent. per annum.30 per cent. per annum.

In addition the company pays to the city the cost of the interest on the \$800 per mile of single track, and \$1,600 per mile of double track per annum.

BACK FROM AUSTRALIA.

J. C. Johns has returned to the city after a seven months' trip to Australia. He says he is even more difficult to obtain in the antipodes than he is in Canada. Australia is exporting a lot of goods but there is no money coming in to pay for them. The business is very quiet. He thinks the Australian are their equal in architecture and beauty, but there is a more reserved business atmosphere in such a bill and in March, 1908, when the announcement of a Lord's Day observance bill was made in the House of Commons it was the only one of its kind in the world.

ALBERTA'S PENITENTIARY BEST.

Warden McCauley of the Alberta Penitentiary has been invited to attend the annual convention of the National Prison Association in Chicago.

The program of the convention includes papers and discussions upon several topics intimately connected with prison administration and discipline. Among the subjects treated are: "Essentials of Probation," "Reformatory Methods," "Prison Visiting in Canada," "The Intermediate Sentence," "Vagrancy," "The Insane Criminal," "Punishment and Parole," "The Dope Habit in Prison," "Prison Discipline for Women."

Warden McCauley also visited several of the prisons in the states of the Union, and describes the Alberta institution as superior to the best of them. He states that his visit to the states this year has impressed him more than ever with the superiority of Alberta as a desirable land to settle in.

NEW BRICK COMPANY PLANT.

Work is progressing rapidly on the new plant of the Pressed Bricks Co., Ltd., which is located at the corner of Gallagher-Hull Packing Co., just east of the Edmonton Lumber Co.'s yards on the south side of the river. The main building is well under construction and about half of the machinery is on the ground ready for installation.

An expert is expected from Toronto next week to inspect the machinery and the company propose if possible to commence the manufacture of bricks this fall. A sand pit has been opened up on the property and from this a large part of the material for the manufactured article will be secured. It is expected that the plant will be run from the E. Y. & P. line down to the property along the south side of the river. Dr. R. Fraser is the president, Charles May, vice president, and Henry J. Hellivell, secretary of the new company.

COYOTE IN EAST END.

A high coyote, known for several days seen by the outposts at the penitentiary prowled to close to the buildings yesterday at the noon hour, and, within a range of 200 yards distant, was shot in the hind quarters.

EAST END LAND SLIDE.

Hon. Mr. Oliver, Minister of the Interior, had a conference with the Mayor yesterday with reference to the lands of the city which is falling in at the eastern end of the city. The Minister pointed out that the question was one that some time under the Department of Public Works supervision but he assured the mayor that as the representative for the city in the Federal House, he would bring the question to the attention of that department.

Strathcona News

DR. J. G. SHEARER IN STRATHCONA.

From Tuesday's Bulletin.

The Strathcona Baptist Church was filled to the doors last night to hear Rev. Dr. Shearer, the retiring secretary of the Dominion Lord's Day Alliance, speak on the new act which is now in force throughout Canada. Rev. J. R. Bowen, president and Rev. Mr. McDonald and Mr. Fleming were also on the platform.

Rev. Dr. Shearer in opening his address referred to the prophecy he had heard in a conversation in Eastern Canada four years ago as to the increased observance of the Sabbath. The prophecy has more than come true. The year 1906 has been essentially a Lord's Day year in a great many of the provinces of the Dominion. France and China had passed acts for Sunday observance. And the previous year in Great Britain and before Spain had passed similar bills.

Sir Wilfrid's Testimony.

When the Canadian bill was before the Commons and it was denounced by Henry Bourassa, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in the House of Commons, said that he had seen the effects of Sabbath non-observance, he had determined to work on Sunday and when the act is in his own country if he could help it. And this testimony brought home to the minds of the members with the speaker or four exceptions.

The speaker referred to the "holy-day Sunday" as it was observed in many parts of the world before the act in that country.

He could not understand any intelligent man who would support a barber shop, tobacco store, etc., in the name of liberty. He might advise the cutting of the hair of the members with the speaker or four exceptions.

The speaker referred to the "holy-day Sunday" as it was observed in many parts of the world before the act in that country.

Amendments Struck Out.

As a result of the ten amendments were withdrawn. Two still stand but these the Lord's Day Alliance hope to have wiped out at next session.

Salient Provisions of Act.

Dr. Shearer told some of the salient provisions of the act now in existence and that it is a very satisfactory one. When the act came into force 150,000 men had no Sabbath rest. Now not more than 75,000 have to work on Sunday and when the act is in full force not more than 50,000 will have to work necessarily and these will be protected from seven days' work. Another benefit is that 100,000 American Sunday newspapers have been prevented entry into Canada, and a third, Moral suasion has received a great impetus in the country and the Lord's Day Alliance has gained incalculable prestige throughout the Dominion.

Concluding, Dr. Shearer instanced a case in Ontario of the pain of conscience that it is a victim of a Sunday railway accident had for having gone to work on the Sabbath in defiance of the Sunday Observance Act, but in obedience to the orders of his employers. He closed with a plea for an effort to assist in the better enforcement of the act.

At the close of the meeting the report of the secretary of the auxiliary was presented by J. Hamilton McDonald and officers were then elected as follows:

- President—Dr. Holston.
- Secretary-Treasurer—J. H. McDonald.
- The pastors of the city churches are vice presidents ex-officio.
- The auxiliary is made up of the above officers and the following two from each church:
- Presbyterian—W. J. Scott, J. M. Montgomery.
- Baptist—Robert Ritchie and O. Bush.
- The other nominations to be made later.

THE POLICE ARE FULLY INDICATED.

From Wednesday's Bulletin.

There were lively times in the Strathcona city council chamber for an hour or so last night. Many important matters had been scheduled for consideration, including the following:

The Radial Tramway Co. franchise. The appointment of a police magistrate. The condition of the water in the city system. The question of the salaries of the police, etc.

The ward by-law. The appointment of an auditor. The hour of eight arrived, however, and only Mayor Mills and Ald. McTear and Elliott were present. A large crowd of citizens sat by awaiting the opening of deliberations, but the hour sped on, still no more aid-ermen appeared.

At eight-thirty the mayor read the clause of his by-law, dealing with the absence of a quorum, and called upon the secretary-treasurer to call the roll. The council, Ald. McKenzie, Rankin, Hulbert and Crawford were recorded as absent.

"I am sorry there is not a quorum this evening," the mayor said. "There are a number of important matters which urgently require prompt action. I am seriously considering having the number of meetings each member has attended compiled at the close of the year and published. If the ward system will lead to a better attendance of members it is a good thing and we should adopt it, if now declare this meeting adjourned till next regular meeting."

The Court of Revision.

Last night was also fixed for the night of the court of revision for the special frontage assessments and a number of citizens were in attendance for the purpose of appealing. As there are no rules for fixing the hour of meeting of this body a police officer was sent out to drum up Ald. McKenzie, apparently the only available man, in order that there might be a quorum for the court of revision. The policeman was successful and Ald. McKenzie.

Appeals were heard from F. G. Pearce, Arthur Gainer, Hon. A. C. Rutherford, D. L. Campbell, Thomas Richards and others, and the assessment roll as amended was afterwards confirmed on motion of the aldermen.

Charges Against Pettis and Officer Harris.

The mayor (reading): "On an occasion last winter Steele Murdock was assisting a drunken man home when Officer Harris took the man away and because Murdock asked to be allowed to take the man home he was charged with interfering with the police and mulcted of \$17."

Officer Harris explained that Murdock was taking home a man who was using most profane language. After warning he took him in charge, Murdock interfered; he was warned, but continued and was afterwards summoned into court. A number of witnesses corroborated Officer Harris' statements and after the hearing Murdock was fined.

The mayor (reading): "On another occasion he was let out of a back door of a business place, made his way up the lane and was going home—under the influence of liquor, it is true, but interfering with nobody—when he was arrested by Constable Harris, fined, and made to pay costs—always costs."

Officer Harris said he had taken the man that evening off the streets twice—once to Gray's barn and the second time to the Dominion hotel. The third time he went to Cowley's drug store and they put him out on the back lane. Murdock came down the lane and was arrested on Whyte avenue—not the lane—at Burns' corner.

Ald. Elliott said he had seen this arrest and could corroborate all Officer Harris had said.

The mayor (reading): "When the same man was arrested on the occasion on which he was sent to the Fort for two months, he was put in a cell, but for ten hours without food, water, and recovering as he was

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