

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT,

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[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

Prose.

"THE CROSS OF CONSTANTINE."
WRITTEN BY THE LADY FLORA HASTINGS, 1833, IN
THE ALBUM OF A FRIEND.

Inquirer in this "—not unto thee alone
Thy vision spake, imperial Constantine;
As mere passage of an earthly throne
Laid in 'mid heav'n the consecrated sign—
The mystic cross doth with soft lustre glow;
It speaks through every age in every clime,
To every slave of sin and child of woe."

Inquirer in this "—aye, when the rebel heart
Lings to the idols it was wont to cherish,
As it sees those fleeting boons depart,
Wistheth that things so bright were formed to
perish—

"—hence 'd one ' and athwart the gloom,
Lead in the brightness of that cheering ray—
Hourn not, O! Christian, though so brief its
blow,
Thought that is worth a sigh shall pass away!"

Inquirer in this "—when fairest visions come
To lure thy spirit to a path of flowers;
Sling the exile from a hec'ty home
To dwell a stranger in unholy bowers;
Sing in His strength who bursts the bonds of sin
Clasp to thy bosom, clasp the holy cross!
Wast thou not seek a hec'ty crown to win?
Wast thou not contented all bravely but lost!

Inquirer in this "—though powers of cart and
wheel
Were leagued to bar thee from thy heav'nward
way—

"—cross shall every darkling shade dispel,
Erase every doubt, and re-assure dismay—
Wast not, oh! weaned one! faint not—for thee
The Lord of Righteousness and Glory bled,
His spirit's influence, with free
and pleasure's sanction, is upon thee shed—

Inquirer in this "—when by thy fever'd bed
You see't the dark-wing'd angel take his stand,
Soon shall lay thy body with the dead,
And bear thy spirit to the spirit's land,
Wast not—the cross sustains thee, and its aid
That last trial shall thy succour bring;
Carries through the dark, the untrod shade,
To sin's banish'd, and death's hush no sting!"

A TRAGEDY FROM LIFE.

PART I.—THE PLOT.

On the banks of the Neva, not far from the
of Cronstadt, an enormous rock rises in
alot, on which is erected the equestrian
of Peter the Great. About the com-
ment of April, 1831, two young men
seated at the foot of the monument, con-
sulting with admiration the fine edifices
were visible from the spot—the quays
quite confining each side of the river—
Academy of Arts—and the beautiful winter
ice, which was then a splendid building,
now it is only a heap of cinders and
The young men were evidently of
ent nations, as might be perceived, not
from the dissimilarity of their features,
from their style of dress. One was an
of the imperial guard of Russia, boasting
ancient ancestry, and tracing back his line
to the illustrious Memoir. His name was Petto-
Kainoff, and he was remarked amongst
sociates for his love of poetry, and the
able ardour with which he frequented
singing table. The other was a young
secretary of legation, named Eugene
only. He was also an admirer of litera-
and loved better to repeat to his Russian
a hymn of Lamartine, or a point of
brilliant compositions of Maskoff, or
Puckin, than to pursue the frivolous
of the empty pleasures which generally
sided the leisure time of his associates at
ambassadors. Eugene had soon perceived,
commencing his diplomatic career, that
and much exaggerated the advantages he
to derive from it. He found that it com-
principally in learning some petty secrets
of the court, which were not of the slightest
consequence, or in engaging in some puerile
games, which led to fortune, though
glory. He therefore devoted himself to
improvement of his mind, and, as a re-
sult from time to time, composed dramatic
works, which he hoped to get represented on
the stage in France under a feigned name.

Not, but that the capital of Russia possessed
rich and numerous theatres. The vaudeville,
the opera, the drama, and even classical Ara-
gody were there all represented; and the
names of Scribe, Rossini, and Alexander Du-
mas, were as well known at St. Petersburg
as at Paris. But Eugene was of opinion that
an author's works are the glory of his
country, and acting on that persuasion, he
kept his friends sacred for his native soil.
His Russian friends also wooed the muses,
and the *Abeille du Nord* frequently contained
some of his effusions. He possessed a noble fortune,
and could he altogether give up his passion for
gaming, might live in the enjoyment of every
luxury of life. He had promised his friend,
on their first acquaintance, to refrain from visiting
Nicolaï's, the great gaming-house of St. Pe-
tersburg, for a year, and he had most un-
willingly kept his promise. The year terminated
on the day referred to at the commencement
of this story. The Russian had expressed his
determination to play once more, and then he
promised his friend that for ever he would
abandon the hazard of the die. The young
Frenchman tried all he could to induce him
to alter his intention of again yielding to the
baneful indulgence, but Petrowitch remained
firm in his resolution. Seeing that further
remonstrance was useless, Eugene offered to
relate to the Russian officer the plot of his last
drama. "It is laid," he remarked, "in your
country, and I have tried to make it essentially
Russian. The hero is a young Siberian miner,
who supports his family by hard labour. He
tenderly loves his wife, and occasional gleams
of happiness lighten the gloom of their exist-
ence. For a few years they live thus in a
constant struggle with penury, when one day
the obscure peasant lights on a vein of silver,
which renders him as rich as the richest of the
boyards. The miner then rubs the earth from
his hands, bids adieu to the desert and his
cabin, and takes his departure with his family
for St. Petersburg."

"Your plot is romantic enough, at all
events," remarked the Russian.

"Romantic it certainly is, but, at least, it
is not without example. The wealth of the
five brothers, Demidoff, had no other origin."

The young officer nodded his head in ac-
knowledgement of the correctness of the state-
ment. "But what becomes of your hero in
the capital of Peter I. and Catherine II.?"

"Providence still smiles on him. He pur-
chases his freedom, and at a large price he
obtains titles of nobility. By a course of
circumstances, explained naturally enough for
my purpose in the drama, the Emperor be-
comes desperately in love with his wife, and
proposes to elevate him to the honours of first
favourite. Whilst debating what can have
caused the Emperor's kindness, he finds out,
when too late, that his former position was a
far preferable one. A boyard, he is informed,
has taken off his daughter, and the Emperor
has insulted his wife. Then he curses his
wealth. Strung to madness by his injuries,
he engages in a conspiracy, which has for its
object to place the boyard at his mercy, and
to hurl the Czar from his throne. But every-
thing is discovered at the moment of execu-
tion, and the Emperor, in his gracious clem-
ency, is contented to snatch from the en-
nobled peasant his titles and his treasures, and
to send him back to the poverty from which
he issued. . . . Such is my plot. What do you
think of the dénouement?"

"Why, if I must tell what I think, it ap-
pears to me to be not very dramatic, and very
improbable. A man so suddenly elevated
could not re-assume with resignation his former
poverty and slavery. Besides, a work of this
description ought to have a striking termina-
tion—the French stage has undoubtedly of
late years been prodigal to excess of the
poison, the poison-cup, the secret stab, the
church-yard, the executioner, and such san-
guinary deeds, yet you appear to me to fall
into the opposite evil. Leave your dénouement
to me Eugene. I will undertake it. You
shall have one in the morning I promise you."

"With great pleasure," said the young di-
plomatist.

"Adieu, then," said Petrowitch, "To-

night at Nicolaï's—it is the last time I sacrifice
at fortune's altar."
"Well, if you will go, all I say is, good
fortune be yours."

PART II.—THE DÉNOUEMENT.

The next morning Eugene was idly reclining
in an arm chair near the stove, and call-
ing back to memory some of the scenes in
which he had borne a conspicuous part at Pa-
ris, and calculating how soon he might expect
to see again his family and his friends, when a
heavy hand was laid on his shoulder. He
turned round, and met the gaze of Petrowitch.
The Russian was pale as death, and his
features expressed something at once bitter
and determined.

"Good morning, Eugene," said he, in a
hoarse and quick voice: "I have kept my
promise, and have been thinking of your
dénoûment. Listen," continued he, with an
inexplicable smile—"Yesterday I was rich,
powerful, envied. I had 15,000 slaves,
150,000 roubles a year, a sumptuous residence
here, a summer palace on the banks of the
Volga, rich farms, entire villages as my prop-
erty. . . . Well, when I quitted you yesterday,
I went to play, and since then I have lost all—
my hotel, my palace, slaves, farms, villages—
all—I possess nothing in the world at this
moment but the dress I wear, and a dishonoured
name. . . ."

"Well?"—said Eugene in astonishment at
the Russian's words. "I have kept my promise,
and have been thinking of your dénoûment. Listen," continued he, with an
inexplicable smile—"Yesterday I was rich,
powerful, envied. I had 15,000 slaves,
150,000 roubles a year, a sumptuous residence
here, a summer palace on the banks of the
Volga, rich farms, entire villages as my prop-
erty. . . . Well, when I quitted you yesterday,
I went to play, and since then I have lost all—
my hotel, my palace, slaves, farms, villages—
all—I possess nothing in the world at this
moment but the dress I wear, and a dishonoured
name. . . ."

"You desire to prove to me that my fifth
act is not in keeping with the rest?" inter-
rupted Eugene, with an involuntary anxiety.
Petrowitch fell back a step, drew from his
pocket a pistol, cocked it, and placed it against
his right temple, before his friend could pre-
vent him.

"Neither in keeping, nor dramatic," said
he, coldly. "Not a step, my dear fellow; you
will only precipitate matters and hasten
my death—I lost all at Nicolaï's last night—
but you will gain something by my mis-
fortune—I promised you a suitable dénoûment,
and I keep my word."

The report of the pistol followed his words,
and he fell dead on the floor.

Eugene returned, sad and solitary, to his
office at the Ambassador's. It is useless to add,
that he never finished the TRAGEDY OF LIFE—
Court Gazette.

Extract of a Despatch from Lieut. General Sir
John Colborne, G. C. B., to Lord Glenelg,
dated Government House, Montreal, January
31st, 1839:—

My Lord,—I beg leave to state to your
Lordship that I am persuaded that the most
important remedial measures required in the
present situation of the country are those
which would tend to the construction and en-
largement of the judicature, to the establish-
ment of registry offices, to the commutation
or abolition of the *lots-et-ventes*, particularly
in towns, and the other oppressive incidents
of the feudal tenure, to the continuation and
completion of local improvements, and to the
introduction of a well regulated system of dis-
trict police.

With returning tranquillity it is justly ex-
pected that the measures to which I advert
will be speedily carried into effect, preparatory
to the changes of a more difficult nature which
may be proposed for the permanent govern-
ment of this province. Lord Durham, I am
aware, appointed commissioners to report upon
several of the subjects in question, and had, I
believe, framed Ordinances for the considera-
tion of Her Majesty's Government, to autho-
rise a commutation of the *lots-et-ventes* in
Montreal, and the establishment of registry
offices; but I imagine that the reforms which
he was desirous of introducing were not finally
determined on, and I have therefore requested
the Executive Council to collect such infor-
mation as will enable me either to promote the

views of my predecessor, or to propose mea-
sures for reconstructing the Court of Appeal
and the Judicature of the Province, if the al-
terations which may be suggested can be effec-
ted through the legislative power granted to
the Special Council.

Most of the measures to which I have
thought it right to draw your Lordship's atten-
tion as being of a character to demand the
prompt interposition of Her Majesty's Govern-
ment, or of the Special Council, might, if
found to be practically beneficial, be subse-
quently embodied in an imperial act, provid-
ing for the future government of the province.
I have no doubt that they are immediately
required to impress a conviction of the efficacy
of the law in parts of this province where
justice has been hitherto imperfectly admin-
istered, to repair in some degree the evils under
which the loyal inhabitants have long laboured,
and relieve all classes from burthens which
they have reluctantly borne, and to deprive the
disaffected of that influence which acknowl-
edged grievances, speciously exaggerated,
have unhappily obtained for them.

COPY of a Despatch from Lieut. General Sir J.
Colborne, G. C. B., to Lord Glenelg.

Government House,

Montreal, March 15th, 1839.

My Lord,—With reference to Lord Dur-
ham's despatch of the 16th June, No. 10, respec-
ting an additional power being granted to
authorize the Special Council to provide means
for improving the province, and completing
principal bodies to carry on and complete the
public works now in progress, I beg to trans-
mit to your Lordship the accompanying copy
of a Report of the Executive Council upon
this subject. I have adverted, in my des-
patch of the 31st January, No. 34, to the be-
nefits of extending the system of police, which
has been introduced into the cities of Quebec
and Montreal, to the rural districts. The
continuance, however, of the police already
established must depend on the enlargement of
the Special Council, which can alone ade-
quately provide for its support. Amongst
other measures connected with local improve-
ments which in the present situation of the
country are highly desirable, and which must
be deferred till the Special Council is invested
with the authority to raise loans applied for by
Lord Durham, are the establishment of inferior
tribunals in every district, for the summary
trial of petty offences, which may coviate
the evil and inconvenience of bringing com-
plainants and witnesses from remote distances;
and the erection of court houses and gaols.
Whatever may be the restrictions which it
might be deemed expedient to impose upon the
exercise of the required important power by
the Special Council, I cannot but express my
opinion that to promote the future tranquility
of the province, and to deprive the influential
factious individuals who have long exercised a
dangerous control in several sections of this
province, the speedy concession of this addi-
tional power is indispensable. I have, &c.
J. COLBORNE.

Extract of a Despatch from Lieut. General
Sir J. Colborne, G. C. B., to the Mar-
quis of Normanby, dated Government House,
Montreal, 13th April 1839.

The Ordinance to incorporate the Ecclesi-
astics of the seminary of St. Sulpice, to confirm
their title, and to provide for the general ex-
tinction of seigniorial rights and dues within
their fiefs and seigniories, I trust will be
sanctioned by Her Majesty's Government as
soon as possible, and be authorized by an Im-
perial Act to be continued in force till repealed
or revoked by competent Legislative authority
in the province. The provisions of this Or-
dinance appear to give satisfaction generally
to the inhabitants of Montreal, and also to the
Superior and Ecclesiastics of the seminary,
but certainly demand the confirmation of the
Imperial Parliament with reference to the
extensive interests which would be affected
by any doubt as to the permanency of the
arrangements proposed.

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, FRIDAY, 30th AUGUST, 1839.

The contents of New-York papers of Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, received since our last, are not important. The commercial intelligence of the latest date will be found in another column.

London and Liverpool papers to the 19th ultimo were received at the Exchange yesterday, through the kindness of Captain Robinson of the ship *Ceur de Lion*, who, but for the arrival of the *Liverpool*, would thus have furnished us with later intelligence from England. As it is, the papers brought by Captain Robinson fill a hiatus in the files per steam-ship, but we do not find anything new in them.

The paper from the Lower Provinces, brought by the Eastern Mail, which arrived yesterday afternoon in due course, are principally occupied with details of the late calamitous fire at St. John, New Brunswick. We subjoin several extracts, from which it will be seen that the citizens of St. John have requested the Lieut. Governor to convene the Legislature with the least possible delay; and that the conduct of the military has been most exemplary.

The papers agree, substantially, in the following account of the origin of the fire:— "Originated, as is reported, from the carelessness of a boy, who was drawing ordnance spirit from a cask, and who suffered his candle to come in contact either with the spirit, or with a pile of *calum*, which was very improperly placed on the top of the cask."

A private letter received in Quebec, states that insurances to the amount of £50,000 on the property destroyed had been effected in the United States and in Europe, leaving a loss to the Province of New Brunswick of £150,000, all accounts agreeing in the estimate of £200,000. The same letter adds, "The loss is well distributed, and it is not supposed will produce any commercial difficulties or failures. There is no appearance of any dependency, and business people are in good spirits."

The burnt district of 1837, being situated to the southwest of the market slip, the fire did not extend to that portion of the city.

At a Public Meeting of the Inhabitants of the City of St. John, held at the Court House pursuant to public notice, on Tuesday the 20th instant—for taking into consideration what measures would be most advisable to be adopted in consequence of the late calamitous fire: His Worship the Mayor having been called to the Chair, and John H. Gray, Esquire, appointed Secretary to the Meeting—

Resolved unanimously, That His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor be respectfully requested to call the Legislature together with as little delay as possible, for the purpose of their taking into consideration the calamitous consequence resulting from the late awful conflagration in this City, and for adopting such measures for the prevention of a like calamity in future, as in their wisdom may be deemed expedient.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S ANSWER. Gentlemen, I have hastened to come amongst you for the purpose, as well of expressing and evincing the deep sympathy which I feel in the great calamity by which this City has again been visited, as of having it in my power by being on the spot, to make my personal advice, assistance, and good offices available for the relief of the sufferers on this melancholy occasion, in any way which may depend upon me as the Representative of my Gracious Sovereign in this Province.

I will lose no time in consulting Her Majesty's Executive Council upon the expediency of now calling the Legislature together, for the purpose of considering the remedies proper to be applied to the existing state of things in this City, and I will willingly give my concurrence and assent to Legislative relief—(whether by way of loan, subject to such arrangements for ultimate re-payment as may be deemed proper or otherwise,) being afforded to such of the sufferers where circumstances may require it,—but above all for prescribing such conditions as shall effectually secure the reconstruction of those buildings; and the future construction of all others in this city, upon a principle of greater security. This I cannot

but regard as a measure of deep importance to the best interest of this Commercial City, and I accordingly do not doubt that it will be readily acquiesced in by all classes of the community.

J. HARVEY, Lieutenant Governor. Saint John, August 21.

At a Common Council held on the 26th day of August, 1839

Resolved.—unanimously, that the highly exemplary conduct of Major Brookes, the Officers, non-commissioned Officers, and Soldiers of the 69th Regiment, the Officers and men of the Royal Artillery and Engineers during the late awful conflagration on Saturday evening last, in arresting the progress of the flames and in rescuing and protecting property from destruction, deservedly entitle them to the thanks of the community, and that the Common Council now for the first time assembled since that calamitous event, would be doing a great injustice to the feelings and opinions of the Citizens whom they represent, if they did not on behalf of the whole people convey to Major Brookes, the deep sense so entertained of the obligations which they are under for the meritorious exertions of the Military, and request that he will communicate such their opinions to the Officers, non-Commissioned Officers, and men.

Halifax, August 26th.—Arrived last evening, Transport *Barque Valleyfield*, Goffs, Cork, 34 days, ordnance stores. Passenger, Capt. G. B. Whalley, Ens. G. E. Atkinson, W. G. M. Clibborn, A. M. A. Bowles, 123 men, 37th Regt. Capt. Ashmore and Hiers, Ensign Abbott, and 52 men, 36th Regt. Assistant Surgeon A. Browne, and 1 man 23d Regt. Exchanged signals 7th inst., at noon, lat. 43.35, long. 46.14, with steamer *British Queen*, 6 days 2 hours out—1450 miles; exchanged signals at 8 o'clock A. M., on the 8th, with a British frigate, bound east, probably the *Piqueur* or *Malagasc*.

The steamer *Liverpool* sailed from New-York on Saturday, with sixty-six passengers. In the list we observe the names of Mr. W. W. Linn, Montreal; Mr. Arnold, Toronto; Mrs. Harvey, and Alexander Harvey, Esq., Upper Canada; Miss Scott, Toronto; Hon. J. P. Bouvier, England.

We find that the *St. Lawrence* is not, as we had begun to imagine, monopolizing steam boat accidents this season: the *De Witt Clinton* and *Rochester*, came in contact on the 23d instant, near New-York, and the bows of the former were stove.—The *Express* says, "There is no country in the world like ours for boundary questions." The Governor of Iowa has now issued one in relation to a disputed territory between Iowa and Missouri.—The following does not convey a very satisfactory idea of the financial state of the "only country where a man can be a man in the true sense of the word."

"Government Protests.—A government draft for \$10,000 on the Custom House in this city, was protested this morning for non-payment; it is stated other small sums have been also protested. For some time past drafts upon the Post Office in this city have been protested—the amount (we are told) in aggregate over \$20,000."—*Mobile Chronicle*.

The alleged relationship between R. Walsh, Esq., and the refugee nun is denied.

The New-York papers have had the good fortune, since the news by the *Liverpool* was "used up" to obtain another "Long, low, black schooner" story. Of course such a wind-fall is made the most of, and the exciting details are served up after the most approved fashion. Thus runs a portion of a long paragraph:—

Another Long Low Black Schooner.—A vessel was discovered off our coast on Wednesday under very mysterious circumstances. The Pilot boat *La Fayette*, about ten o'clock on the morning of that day, while off the Woodlands, about twenty five miles from this city, fell in with a Baltimore built schooner, painted black with a green bottom, and with the arrangement of having been at sea about three months. She had two long top-masts, and on her stern were two gilt stars. The pilot boat *Blossom* was in company with her.

On approaching the vessel a number of negroes, twenty-five or thirty, were seen on deck. Some were almost or quite naked, some were wrapped in blankets, and one had on a white coat. The *Blossom* had previously

attached a tow line to the schooner, but she, perceiving an intention on the part of the blacks to haul up the boat to their vessel. The stowage crew on board were armed with muskets and cutlasses. One of them had a belt of dollars round his waist; another, called the captain, had a gold watch. They could speak no English, but appeared to talk in the negro language.

A bit of lynching at Buffalo is chronicled by the *Commercial Advertiser* in this manner:—

"A family of practical amalgamationists, occupying a tenement on the island, opposite the foot of Main Street, were obliged to vacate their dwelling on Tuesday night. It was razed to the ground, and the household furniture of the family much damaged."

The steamer *Eagle* arrived yesterday at 11 o'clock, bringing the Montreal papers of Wednesday, which are exceedingly barren of news.

The *Lady Colborne* was to leave this morning at six, but a gale having been very nearly applied on Wednesday.

In the Criminal Court at Montreal, indictments have been preferred against Robert Wright, John Griffin Youngman, Andrew Egan, Jules Bourgeois, Juli e Gregoire, Oesime Gagnon, Francois Desj. Eliot Cite, and Julien Brousseau, for inciting soldiers to desert; John Delany, for highway robbery, Joseph Thompson and William Lennon, for Larceny, were tried and found guilty.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Mr. and Mrs. Seguin's second concert takes place to-night, and we predict a full house. We were led into error in our last, by the *Mercury* in stating that the concert was to take place on Thursday.

To-morrow evening Miss Shirreff and Mr. Wilson, of whom we spoke in our last, give a concert. The provincial papers have been loud in their praise of these talented vocalists.

THEATRE ROYAL.—Mr. & Mrs. Davenport, with their highly talented young daughter, arrived here in the steamer *Eagle*, from Montreal. It will be seen by an advertisement in this day's *Transcript*, that Miss Davenport will appear, at the Theatre Royal, on Monday evening next, in the character of *Richard III.*, in Shakspeare's celebrated tragedy of that name, and subsequently will personate some characters in the invaluable play of the *Manager's Daughter*. The acting of Miss Davenport has been most enthusiastically praised by the Montreal press, and in making over some files of English papers, we find that our contemporaries in the old country are equally as warm in their commendations of this surprising juvenile actress. "The *Thunderer*" of the English press, the *London Times*, says of Miss Davenport's acting, that it "surpasses all that can be imagined of juvenile talent. Her representation of *Richard III.* is a finished performance; her elocution is beautifully chaste; her readings new and intellectual. For a female of the tender age of Miss Davenport (11 years) to study and actually to repeat the part of *Richard III.* is no commonplace task; but to deliver the text with that appropriate emphasis and discretion, to enter into the just conception of the character, and to personify it in the manner in which Miss Davenport did, must at once excite our admiration and wonder. Her excellence in the dramatic art is the effect of natural genius, for she identifies herself with the characters she undertakes in such a manner as cannot be the result of mere imitation."

We anticipate a crowded and fashionable audience for the reception of Miss Davenport, on Monday night.

From the *Montreal Herald* of Tuesday. Miss Davenport's Benefit last night was crowded. We have not seen such a House for many years, and richly she deserves it. When she made her appearance alone on the stage, we trembled for the consequences, not deeming it in the scope of possibilities that a child of twelve years of age could rival *Matthews*; but she aptly states in the address, she had "Nerve at will."

This extraordinary juvenile actress has done more than ever was before in Montreal. We are credibly informed she has cleared 4000 dollars; indeed she must, for during the three weeks she has been here, she has not had a bad house; so it ought to be, talent should meet its reward; and we feel great gratification that our chubbie "lassie" has roused the dramatic feeling in our fair city. May every happy feeling attend her. Citizens of Quebec look to your hearts.

The Quebec races commence on Tuesday next, and much sport is anticipated. "Maria," "The Nun," "St. Isaac," and a number of others belonging to Quebec gentlemen and officers of the G. A. S., have been training for some time past. The course has been improved, and we perceive that the steeplechase stand has been magnified to twice its original dimensions, an improvement that was greatly needed. We have not heard of any horse having as yet arrived from Montreal, but we suppose some are forthcoming.

We have much pleasure in laying before our readers (on the last page) extracts from the *John Colborne's* despatches recommending an extension of the powers of the Special Council, to which reference has frequently been made in debates in the Imperial Parliament. In the despatch dated 31st July, 1839, it will be seen that Sir John has, with admirable conciseness, pointed out the most important remedial measures required for rendering the Province "British in fact;" but, if we remember rightly, the Lower Canada Bill has been so amended since its introduction that the Special Council will not have the power to alter the tenure of lands. This is to be regretted, as with the enlightened views of Sir John Colborne, the Special Council armed with sufficient powers might be enabled to do more in a single session towards the improvement of immigration than was effected by the Provincial Parliament from 1792 to the period of its demise.

THE LATE COLLISION.—From a gentleman who was on board the *Lady Colborne* when the collision took place, and in whom we repose confidence, we have obtained a copy of the following statement, which we are assured can be corroborated by a dozen persons who witnessed the whole transaction. This statement has been made before the Notaries:—

Between the hours of 11 and 12 on Saturday night the 24th instant, having left Tim. Rivers, we observed the sparks from the chimney of a steam-boat, apparently about the miles ahead. The Pilot being on the look-out, the Master went down to the lower deck to change his clothes, and desired the Pilot to keep good look-out. He had not been long at the lower-deck, and being in conversation with the Engineer, when the pilot rang the large bell for the Engineer, the Master immediately ran on the upper deck, and the Engineer in his engine. On arriving on deck, he observed the other steamer to be steering to the north; he ordered the helm to be put a-port, and bailed the other steamer to hard-a-port her helm, but receiving no answer, and finding she did not alter her course, he ordered the helm of the *Lady Colborne* to be put to starboard, and rang the bell for the Engineer to stop the engine, which was promptly attended to, when to his great surprise, they observed the *Britannia* steamer coming full speed into the starboard fore-gangway. The Master hailed them to stop their engine, which they did not until she drove into the *Lady Colborne*, cutting away the guard and the hull of the vessel to within two feet of the water's edge. The *Britannia* then reversed her engine, and bore away. The Master of the *Lady Colborne* hailed them to stop, but to all his repeated calls they made no answer, and kept their course to Tim. Rivers.

The *Lady Colborne*, besides suffering much damage, had one cask and one barrel of oil stove in, and one barrel lost.

The Ship *Roger Stewart*, which arrived here on Wednesday from New York, brought a quantity of Flour which, it will be seen by the advertisement is to be sold at auction this day.

A letter from Riviere du Loup mentions that Mr. Milliken, D. A. C. G., and family, have arrived at that place.

The bark *Monark*, which arrived at this port lately, from Glasgow, brought the portrait of the late Earl of Dalhousie, for the Quebec Literary and Historical Society;

The Criminal Term of the Court of King's Bench, was opened here this day, by the Honourable Judge E. Ke. Rolland and Gale. Mr. Justice Pyke presided, and delivered the charge to the Grand Jury, of whom John Tetreau, Esquire, is Foreman. We understand that the calendar is a very heavy one. We also understand, that during the term, Jalbert will be put upon his trial for the murder of Lieut. Weir.—*Montreal Gazette* of Tuesday.

On Sunday afternoon open Mr. Breckanridge's funeral, disappointed as the safe which they contain any. All the booty couple of old coats.—M

Toronto, Aug. 29th in another fire was destroyed whence order Monday night. The extinguish it however was for it raged till it had destruction. The house Mahon, and the greater house adjoining to M building belonging to stables in Newgate str F. Collins, were all con course is very considerable is insured. There is no was the work of an insect Archdeacon Strachan, deacon Spencer, of Bern sacred Bishops, the Bishop of Toronto, and of Newfoundland. The place on the 3d inst. a Palace of Lambeth.—T

COMING

NOTICES.—The animated address in our last, has attracted the subsequent transactions bids' until at 85, the price continue the same, both a man; the sales were again at 86 3/4.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Sin has continued to present rare transactions, though been almost exclusively, receipts having been very low that as well as other descriptions, have continued to from our previous quantities of Western, from new with first the season) but mostly 87, for fancy brands. They brands, Canal, at 65, 50 @ Ohio, via canal, 86, 50; 66, 75, the latter for the cl

GRAIN.—A parcel of Wheat was disposed of a quantity of handsome Man appeared. Some cargoes of ad to arrive, were also without meeting purchase Provisions.—There has demand for Beef, which in price as before noticed. ever, for some days past, Pork, and we have advance for both Mess and Prime 3

EXCHANGE.—The trans last were to a fair amount today. The purchases u 8 to 1/2 per cent. the for the latter for United States Abstract of the Trade ending Dec. 31. 1838— 245,225 tons, 14,93 men Exports in 2000 ships, 23 value £917,999 9 4.

SHIP INTELLIGENCE

- PORT OF ARRIVAL August
Ship Roger Stewart, Gou
Provisions, Rodger,
Brig Richard Law, Wh
pool, coals, Mattia
Brig United Kingdom, A
derland, coals, 11k
Brig Mary, Moreton, 13
Frost & Co.
Schr. Enterprise, Pritch
Chaleur, fish, Ch
Schr. Carleton Packet, I
fish and plaster, L
21
Brig Covenant, Clark, St
Chapman & Co.
Brig Albion, Robinson, J
Maitland & Co. 11
Brig Resolution, Deaves,
ral cargo, Maitlan
steerage passs.
Brig Agnesnon, Oliver
coals, Wm. Daws
Schr. Henrietta, Bondre
Islands, plaster an
The Cour de Lion, hu
REPORTED BY
Brig Kincaidshire, 25c
cargo, Gilmore &
age passengers.
Schr Packet, 27th July,
arrive & Co. 1 pa
Schr. Henry Brougham
mond, fish, S. Ch

mence on Tuesday anticipated. "Maria, id," and a number of the gentlemen and have been training for course has been in... to twice its original... heard... from Mor... al, but... ing... are in laying before... extracts from... he recommending... of the Special Com... has frequently been... Imperial Parliament... 1st Jan'y, 1859, it will... has, with admira... the most important... for rendering this... act; "but, if we... ower Canada Bill... its introduction that... it not have the powe... This is to be... ighted views of Se... cial Council ar... night be enabled to... towards the encou... than was effected by... ent from 1792 to the... .—From a gentleman... dy Colborne when... in whom we have... obtained a copy of... which we are assum... a dozen persons... nstruction. This sta... the Notaries—... 11 and 12 on Saturd... having left Tim... sparks from the dis... apparently about the... being on the look-o... to the lower deck... wishing to learn... d the Pilot to keep... not been long in... in conversation with... he pilot rang the... Master immediately... the Engineer in his... on deck, he directed... steering to the north... he put a port, and ball... hard-a-port but being... r, and finding she di... ordered the helm to... to starboard, and rang... to stop the engine... attended to, when I... y observed the Britan... speed into the start... duster hailed them... they did not wish... Colborne, cutting away... of the vessel to with... edge. The Britanni... and bore away. The... Colborne hailed them... eated calls they made... their course to this... besides suffering mu... and one barrel of oil... lost... fawalt, which arrived... on New York, brought... ch, it will be seen by... to be sold at auction... du Loup mentions that... G., and family, has... which arrived at this... ow, brought the portrait... house, for the Quebec... Society;... of this Court of King's... here the day, by the... ke, Rolland and Gale... ided, and delivered the... y, of whom John Tor... man. We understand... very heavy one. We... during the term, Jal... trial for the murder of... of Gazette of Tuesday...

On Sunday afternoon some thieves broke open Mr. Breckanridge's office, but were fortunately disappointed in getting any money, as the safe which they wrenched, did not contain any. All the booty they acquired was a couple of old coats.—*Montreal Herald*

Toronto, Aug. 29th inst.—Yesterday morning another fire was discovered on the same premises whence originated the alarm on Monday night. The exertions made to extinguish it however were not so successful for it raged till it had effected a considerable destruction. The house and shop of Mr. MacMahon, and the greater part of his goods; a house adjoining to Mr. Sweetman, and a building belonging to Mr. Smith, and two stables in Newgate street belonging to Mr. F. Collins, were all consumed. The loss of course is very considerable, and not a shilling is insured. There is scarcely a doubt but it was the work of an incendiary.—*Patriot*

Archdeacon Strachan, of Toronto, and Archdeacon Spencer, of Bermuda, were to be consecrated Bishops, the former under the title of Bishop of Toronto, and the latter of Bishop of Newfoundland. The ceremony was to take place on the 30th inst. at the Arch-Bishopical Palace of Lambeth.—*The Church*

Commercial.
New York, Aug. 24.

ASHES—The animated shipping demand for Pots, noticed in our last, has also materially advanced, the subsequent transactions extending to about 200 bbls only at \$5, the price before quoted. Pearls continue the same, both as regards price and demand; the sales were very limited at \$6.25 @ \$6.75.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Since our last, the market has continued to present rather a quiet appearance, the transactions, though to some extent, having been almost exclusively for domestic use. The receipts having been very light of Western, prices of that as well as other descriptions, throughout, generally, have continued without essential variation from our previous quotations; some small parcels of Western, from new wheat, were received, (the first of the season) but mostly retained for family use at \$7. for fancy brands. The sales were of common brands, Canal, at \$6.50 @ \$6.62; good brands of Ohio, via canal, \$6.50; Georgetown, \$6.50 @ \$6.75, the latter for the choicest marks.

GRAIN—A parcel of 100 bushels North River Wheat was disposed of at \$1.37 1/2 and an equal quantity of handsome Maryland, on terms not stipulated. Some cargoes of Southern, shortly expected to arrive, were also offering in the market, but without meeting purchasers.

PROVISIONS.—There has been no variation in the demand for Beef, which continues also the same in price as before noticed. The transactions, however, for some days past, were more extensive in Pork, and we have advanced our lowest quotations for both Mess and Prime 25 cents per bb'l.

EXCHANGE.—The transactions in bills on England were to a fair amount for the steam packet of to-day. The purchases were principally made at \$8 1/2 per cent, the former rate for private, and the latter for United States Bank bills.

Abstract of the Trade of Halifax for the year ending Dec. 31, 1858.—Imports 14,291 ships, 245,825 tons, 14,03 men—Value \$1,255,012 1/2. Exports 13,200 ships, 238,174 tons, 14,613 men—Value \$917,059 9/4.

Shipping Intelligence.
PORT OF QUEBEC

ARRIVED.
Aug. 28th.

Ship Roger Stewart, Gordon, 6th Aug. New York, provisions, Rodger, Dean & Co. 1 passenger.

Brig Richmond Lass, Wheatley, 12th June, Hartlepool, coals, Mastland & Co. 3 passengers.

Brig Guite, Kingdom, Henderson, 13 June, Sunderland, coals, Atkinson & Co.

Brig Mary, Moreton, 13th July, Liverpool, salt, Froste & Co.

Schr. Estropiere, Pritchard, 7th August, Bay de Chateaur, fish, Chalifour, 3 passengers.

Schr. Carleton Packet, Landry, 27th July, Halifax fish and plaster, Latham & Ruston, 1 pass. 29th.

Brig Coventry, Clark, 8th July, Newcastle, coals, Chapman & Co.

Brig Albion, Robinson, 29th June, Londonerry, Mastland & Co. 131 passengers.

Brig Revolution, Deaves, 14th June, London, general cargo, Mastland & Co. 3 cabin and 22 steerage passengers.

Brig Agamemnon, Oliver, 11th June, Sunderland, coals, Win. Dawson.

Schr. Henrietta, Boudreau, 5th August, Magdalen Islands, plaster and herring, to order.

The Cent de Lion, has returned from Gross Isle

REPORTED BY TELEGRAPH.

Brig Kincaidshire, 29th June, Aberdeen, general cargo, Gilmore & Co. 2 cabin and 57 steerage passengers.

Schr. Packet, 27th July, Halifax, herrings, LeMessurier & Co. 1 passenger.

Schr. Henry Brougham, 7th August, New Richmond, fish, S. Chalifour.

Schr. Marie, 7th August, Carleton, 11 passengers.

Schr. Mary Hester, 6th August, Gaspe, fish, H. J. Noad, 4 passengers.

Brig Eliza Ann, 12th July, Cork, ballast, Chapman & Co., 1 cabin 20 steerage.

Brig Lena, 2nd July, Sunderland, coals; R. F. Mastland & Co.

Schr. Victoria, 3rd August, Arichat, fish, to order.

Schr. Lord David, 1st August, Labrador, fish, F. Buteau, 6 passengers.

Schr. Princess Royal, 1st August, Labrador, fish and oil, to order, 4 passengers.

CLEARED.
Aug. 24th.

Brig Xanthus, Handford, Sligo, Ryan & Brothers.

Brig Albany, Barret, Sligo, Gilmore & Co.

Schr. Kaine, Potter, Miramichi, J. B. Symes.

Schr. Abino, Rae, Richibucto, Rodger, Dean & Co. 29th.

Brig Ashton, Brodie, London, LeMessurier.

WELLAND CANAL MARINE LIST FOR JULY, 1859.

American vessels, up..... 60
do. do. down..... 58
British vessels, up..... 16
do. do. down..... 19
Boats and scows (British) up and down..... 54
C'ubs of Timber, (Canadian) down..... 29
do. Staves, do. do..... 2
do. Lumber, do. do..... 2

Total vessel, up and down, in July, 1859... 153
do. do. do. do. 1833... 108

Increase for 1859..... 45

LOST, between the Burial Ground and L D'Aiguillon Street, on Sunday evening, between 8 and 9 o'clock, a BROOCH, with a TOPAZ set with pearls. Whoever brings it to the office of this paper, will be suitably rewarded.
30th August, 1859.

THEATRE ROYAL.
THE GUARDIANS OF MISS DAVENPORT, previous to their return to England, have determined to introduce to the Quebec audience, the most astonishing Juvenile Actress of the day.

THE CELEBRATED MISS DAVENPORT, from the Theatres Royal, Drury Lane and Covent Garden—whose success in Europe was unprecedented—and who has created an immense sensation in America, having been presented, on the occasion of her benefit in New York, with a splendid GOLD WATCH CHAIN, who will perform a few nights only, and will appear

IN THE TRAGEDY OF
RICHARD III.
The part of Richard III by Miss Davenport (hailed by her with extraordinary success), AND A NEW PIECE,
Written expressly for her, called the
MANAGER'S DAUGHTER.
IN WHICH SHE WILL SUSTAIN SEVEN CHARACTERS!

First Appearance of
MRS. DAVENPORT,
An Actress of Celebrity, from the London Theatre, expressly to support Miss DAVENPORT.

Also,
MR. DAVENPORT,
Late Stage Manager of the Strand Theatre, London

ON MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 2,
Will be performed the Tragedy of
RICHARD III.

RICHARD III. Miss DAVENPORT.
(In which character she will wear the hat of the late Edmund Kean, presented to this extraordinary child.)

OPPOSITE CHARACTERS, to support Miss Davenport, ... Mr. and Mrs. DAVENPORT.

To conclude with a New Piece, written expressly for Miss Davenport, by E. Lancaster, Esq., with new appropriate dresses, properties, &c. Music composed expressly for Miss Davenport by the celebrated Mr. Gott, called the
Manager's Daughter,
In which she will sustain Seven Characters!

MR. DAVENPORT, Manager of the Theatre Royal, Richmond. MR. DAVENPORT (Written and intended for him.)

MISS DAVENPORT. MISS DAVENPORT.

MISS JEAN MARGARET DAVENPORT, (the Manager's) MISS DAVENPORT Daughter 10 years of age.)

CHARACTERS ASSUMED.

HECTOR EARSPLETTER, a Caricature Sketch of a gentleman MISS DAVENPORT

Yankee.

Yankee Doodle's come to town, mounted on a Pony.
He stuck a feather in his cap, and called him Mac-carooni.

MISS EPHE HEATHERBLOOM, a Missions from the Highlands. MISS DAVENPORT

Highland Fling.

"Dance! I have danced o'er the bonny purple heath flowers, wif the mythesome moon shining about me, and the sweet laverock piping to my steps, 'till a' scene'd a fairy land, and the earth herzel appeared dancing frae beneath my feet"

FERRIS O'ROTHERWELL, a Middleman from the Empire-ale Isle, with not a bit of MISS DAVENPORT brogue at all at all.

With a New Song—
"MY FATHER LIVED NEAR ULSTER TOWN."
PAUL, a Minstrel Boy, from "La Grand Nation," with a MISS DAVENPORT New Song.

"Sally the Minstrel Boy wanders from home, Sally must be from his dear country roan, Pity him, Lady fair, shed mercy's ray, SAPPHELIA THEATRIS, imitations of Jacqueline and Sally Screechowl, with the character of an Old Lady, Three MISS DAVENPORT score and Ten, for which she dresses on the Stage.

"WHEN I WAS A YOUNG ONE, NO GIRL WAS LIKE ME!"

THEATRE ROYAL.
ENDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

SECOND VOCAL CONCERT.
THIS EVENING, (FRIDAY) AUGUST 30TH.

MRS. SEGUIN,
MR. SEGUIN,
Of the Theatres Royal Drury Lane, Covent Garden, Associates and Professors of the Royal Academy, assisted by
MR. LATHAM,
Respectfully announce a Vocal Concert for
THIS EVENG. Friday, AUG. 30,
BETWEEN THE WORKS OF THE MOST POPULAR AUTHORS.
Boxes, 5s.—Pit, 2s. 6d.—The Gallery will be closed.

Tickets to be had at the Albion Hotel, or at the doors on the evening—to commence at 7 1/2 after 8 o'clock.

CONCERT.
MISS SHIRREFF & MR. WILSON,
PRINCIPAL SINGERS FROM THE THEATRES ROYAL, DRURY LANE AND COVENT GARDEN, LONDON,
RESPECTFULLY announce, that they will give a CONCERT, on SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, the 31st August, when will be performed a selection of Songs and Duets, from the most popular operas, and their most admired English, Scotch and Irish Ballads—it being the only time they will have the honour of appearing in Quebec.
Tickets and Programme to be had at the usual places.

CANADIAN PATRIOT,
J. Lutchn, Master,
NOW IN PORT, WILL LEAVE FOR MONTREAL,
THIS AFTERNOON, 30th AUG. AT SIX O'CLOCK.
Cabin Passage 25s. Steerage Passage 7s. 6d.

THE NEW STEAM PACKET,
LADY COLBORNE,
JOS. NICKLESS, MASTER,
Will leave the Queen's Wharf for Montreal, ON SATURDAY NIGHT, AT NINE O'CLOCK.
Cabin Passage 30s. Steerage 7s. 6d. 30th August.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:
At their Stores, St. Peter Street,
WINEY PIPES, 30 Hhds. Becarello Wine, just received ex Dumfriesshire, from Belfast.
L. P. and Cargo Tenerife Wine in pipes, hhdts. and qr. casks,
500 bags Newcastle Shot, assorted Numbers,
450 half boxes Crown Window Glass, assorted sizes,
100 boxes Fig Blue,
ALSO:
150 barrels Irish Pork,
50 do. Stockholm do.
5000 sheets Patent Sheathing Felt,
3000 do. do. Roofing do.
Sheathing Copper and Nails,
And on Brevery Wharf:
100 Chaldrons superior Sunderland Grade Coals,
Wm. PRICE & CO.
Quebec, 29th Aug. 1859.

A YOUNG CANADIAN having a few leisure hours daily, would be glad to employ them in the teaching of the French Language to a few respectable gentlemen, on very moderate terms.
A line left at this office will be punctually attended to.—Address—"Canadian," Quebec, 14th August.

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THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

FOR PUBLIC CONSIDERATION.

It is no instance has prevailed that has been productive of more deplorable consequences, than the blind concession that the members of the medical profession alone are competent to administer remedies for disease. The general countenance which is given to this preposterous pretension of an interested class, is one of the most prolific sources of disease, suffering, and early death. How many thousands of persons there are, at the moment surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of almost every variety of human malady, from their reluctance to incur the expense of consulting a physician, and from their silly prejudice against the most simple medicines, unless sanctioned by the mystic authority of a pretendedly learned prescription? If they could see that prescription in plain English, they would find, in a vast majority of cases, that it ordered nothing in the world but a little rhubarb or senna or jalap, or aloes, mixed with sugar and water, and mystified with a little peppermint, or some other scented drug; and a simple cathartic like this is generally efficacious. But the druggist keeps the prescription, and when the patient gets ill again he has again to consult the physician, instead of procuring for himself, at a mere fraction of the original expense, the wonderful remedy which had relieved him. It is that a majority of the population of every civilized country suffer disease to work its insidious way into their system, because the relief they derive from medical aid is at once expensive, transitory, and difficult of access; and thus is exemplified the memorable confession of an eminent physician, that "Prescriptions in the Roman language have indirectly killed more than all the Roman armies."

A medicine so compounded that it will cleanse the alimentary canal of all its feculent accumulations, and incurably give a new and invigorating action to all the viscera that contribute their agency to the digestive functions, and by promoting the insensible perspiration, relieve the whole system of febrile and inflammatory symptoms, must necessarily prove a great blessing to mankind, if tendered at a price which places it within the reach of all classes. If it have an extensive sale, it cannot fail to work more cures, and to do far more general good, than all the members of the medical profession combined can possibly accomplish within the comparatively narrow limits of their private practice. Such a medicine the public has in MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS, the efficacy of which are established throughout the United States, and voluntarily certified by thousands of individuals whom they have relieved and cured. It is in vain that the interested denouncers of popular medicines attempt to insinuate, in their indiscriminate and unfeeling facts, that theories are more absurd even than prejudices. Could the most eminent and successful physician that ever lived collect so many testimonials of remarkable cures, and of so extensive an alleviation of suffering under an almost endless variety of human diseases as have been spontaneously presented to the proprietor of the LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS during the last two years? He believes not, and would be happy to put the question to the test.

The pre-eminent reputation of these medicines being firmly established upon the basis of insuperable facts, it only remains necessary to inform persons who are unacquainted with them, of some of the multitude of maladies in which they have repeatedly proved successful, and in which, therefore, it may confidently be presumed they will succeed hereafter: 1. Dyspepsia, both chronic and casual, under the worst symptoms of restlessness and pain, colic, head-ache, nausea, loss of appetite, heart-burn, costiveness, bilious sallowiness, general debility and wasting away of the body. 2. Diarrhoea, whether feculent, mucous, serous, leucorrhoeal, or tubular. 3. Jaundice, both bilious and spasmodic, hepatic, infantile, and of the dark green variety. 4. Helminthia, or worms, both alvine and anal, and of every variety, from the large tape and joint worm to the insect larva of the stomach and rectum. 5. Piles, of the blind, the bleeding, the white and the caruncular varieties. 6. Costiveness, whether arising from constipation or obstruction, and of howsoever long standing. 7. Colic, the iliac, the painters', the constipated, the constructive, and flatulent. 8. Coughs, the common or humid cough, and the dry and the whooping cough. 9. Asthma, the nervous or dry and common or humid. 10. The Breast pang, acute and chronic; and also Pleuragis, or whether of the mild, the acute, or the sweating variety. 12. Fever and Ague. 13. Influenza, in any stage. 14. Dysentery, acute and chronic. 15. Rheumatism, acute and chronic, together with podagra, or gout. 16. Marasmus, whether of general atrophy or loss of flesh, or pulmonary decline and consumption, if taken before cavities have been formed in the lungs. 17. Scrofula—singularly and rapidly efficacious even in the worst cases. 18. Scurvy. 19. Hypochondriasis, and all other nervous affections. 20. Spasmodic Palpitation, of the heart and of the arteries. 21. Head-ache.

It is evident, therefore, that these medicines are compounded of ingredients which act upon the system universally, and not mere abortive preparations, which act without causing pain, or producing any prostration of nervous energy, but on the contrary, strengthen, invigorate and enliven, from the first day's experience of their operation, until the period of convalescence. Directions for use accompany them.

All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

Sold wholesale and retail by WM. B. MOFFAT, 307 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

BEGG & URQUHART.

N. B. The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canadian. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that the fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of bitters and box of pills.

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore carried on by GEORGE HOWARD will from the 1st May, be continued by the Subscribers, under the firm of GEORGE HOWARD & SON, Shoemakers and Farriers, St. Paul Street, Quebec.

THE subscribers will commence in their new establishment as well as the old in a few days, where they will have on hand all sorts of ready-made Implements of Husbandry, such as Forks, Hoes, Axes, Spades, Ploughs, Harrows, &c., &c. Horses shod in the best of styles—Good Stabling for Sick Horses. They flatter themselves that they shall be able to give every satisfaction; and as they wish to do business on as short credit as possible, all those who have been in the habit of putting off payment from time to time, will have to pay cash on the spot,—as times and prices will not allow more than three months credit.

GEORGE HOWARD & SON,
Foot Hope Street.

18th May.

MADEIRA WINE.

THE undersigned have received via London a FRESH SUPPLY of the much esteemed brand "J. Howard, March & Co."

JOHN GORDON & CO.

17th June.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has received per Earl Durham, a splendid Chalk and Alabaster Crushing Mill, well worth notice, which is worked by 4 horses. The two Granite edge Runners and Bed Stone, each 6 feet diameter and 16 inches thick, weighing 3 tons each, with all the machinery complete, and in excellent order; the plan of which can be seen at the Globe Hotel. The subscriber offers the said Mill at a most reasonable price.

ADAM SCHLEUP.

2nd August.

—ALSO,—

THE subscriber received per Earl Durham, a splendid Double Iron Door, with two Double Locks, 15 Bolts in each lock, Chisnour, maker—being well adapted for a Bank.—Further particulars enquire of the subscriber.

ADAM SCHLEUP.

2nd August

PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers respectfully beg leave to acquaint their friends and the public in general, that the business heretofore conducted by J. J. SIMS and, from this date, be carried on under the style and firm of

J. J. SIMS & BOWLES.

They are now moving into those spacious new premises, corner of Hope Street.

J. J. SIMS,
J. BOWLES, JUNIOR.

Apothecaries & Druggists, Upper Town Market Place.—1st May.

NEW SHIP CHANDLERY.

ESTABLISHED.

THE Subscribers having entered into Co-partnership, intend carrying on the above business (in the premises lately occupied by S. Brocklesby & Son, St. Peter-street,) under the style and firm of Pinkerton & Oliver,

A. H. PINKERTON,
J. E. OLIVER.

Quebec, 20th May.

OIL PAINTINGS

For Sale.

FIFTEEN original pieces of the Venetian School of Paintings, chiefly Religious subjects, several of which possess great merit, among which is an Annunciation, a St. Francis, St. Joseph, Triumphs of Religion, Charity, several Madonnas, an ancient Cavalry Battle Piece, &c., &c.

HENDERSON & CO.

13th August.

HAVANNAH CIGARS,

OF THE FOLLOWING CHOICE BRANDS:—
REGALIA, Union,
Tucan,
Cassadores,
José Lopez Trigo,
Trabucco,
Ezpelata,
Iberia,
Star,

FOR SALE BY
P. LANGLOIS.

Quebec, 20th May, 1859.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
100 BARRELS Prime Mess Pork,
200 ditto Prime and Cargo Beef,
(Quebec Inspection.)
120 kegs Plug Tobacco,
20 hhds. U. C. and American Leaf ditto,
30,000 Havanna Cigars,
150 barrels U. C. Whiskey,
20 ditto Sperm Oil, (winter),
74 ditto Cod ditto,
10 hhds. Seal ditto,
40 bags roasted Coffee,
240 boxes Bunch Raisins,
100 dozen Corn Brooms, of super. quality,
40 bags Walnuts,
20 ditto Filberts,
70 kegs U. C. Butter,
50 chests Young Hyson Tea,
50 ditto Hyson Skin ditto,
50 ditto Srachong ditto,
100 boxes Pecco, ditto,
100 ditto Souchong, ditto,
84 tierces Mocovado Sugar,
150 barrels ditto ditto.

JOHN YOUNG.

3rd July, 1853.

SALT AFLOAT.

CADIZ SALT for Sale, from on board the barque "Eliza Ann," Captain Carruthers.

—Also in Store,—

150 barrels Prime Mess Hamburg Pork,
5 kegs Fine Lard.
J. W. LEAYCRAFT, DUNSCOMB & Co.
3rd July.

FOR SALE.

450 BOXES Lisbon Oranges, superior fruit and in fine order, now landing at Gillespie's Wharf, ex schooner Alert, from Lisbon.
15 pipes Spanish Red Wine, now landing 5 hhds. at the Wellington wharf, ex Celia
200 lbs. Hambro' P. M. Per., ex Emanuel.

—AND IN STORE,—

Teneriffe Wine, Pasley's brand, L. P. and Cargo in pipes, hhds. and qr. casks.
200 boxes Waterford Fig Blue.

WM. PRICE & CO.

29th May.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER
No. 11, Notre Dame Street,
20 SEROONS of BLACK PEPPER,
(sifted.)
10 Baskets Olive Oil,
20 Barrels Roasted Coffee
20 Casks superior A'sa Ale, in wood and bottle.

—ALSO:—
1 Pipe Blackburn's Madeira,
10 Hhds. Vinegar, &c.

JOHN FISHER.

Quebec 17th June, 1859.

FOR SALE,

At No. 11, Notre Dame Street.
20 CASKS ALUM,
10 Casks Epsom Salts,
8 Casks Brimstone,
10 Baskets Double Berkley Cheese,
7 Bags Cotton Wick,
1 Hhd. Westphalia Hams,
3 Cases Preserved Ginger,
12 Boxes Souchong Tea,
10 Cases Gin.

JOHN FISHER.

Quebec, 8th June.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
LADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's
INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.

FREDK. WYSE,

No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albion Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.

2nd August.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
Two Hundred Barrels superfine FLOUR,
TWO Grantham Mills—a very superior article.

WM. PRICE & CO.

21st June.

A. PARROTT,

Copper & Tin Smith, Brasser & Plumber.
HAS REMOVED to No. 19, Mountain Street, opposite Mr. Neilson's Bookstore, where he will be happy to receive orders for all kinds of work in his line.

Quebec, 8th May

LONDON STATIONARY,
PLAIN AND FANCY.

THE Subscribers have received supplies of the following articles of PLAIN and FANCY STATIONARY, viz:—

Writing Papers.
FOOLSCAP AND POT.—Whitman's superfine laid Foolscap, highly glazed; do. do. gilt; 17-1/2 low wove Pot and Foolscap.
POSTS AND NOTE PAPERS.—Fines and superfine large and small, thick laid, blue wove Post and blue wove Posts; superfine wove glazed and gilt Post; superfine laid yellow and blue wove Note Paper, gilt and plain; extra Satin Post and Note Paper, gilt and plain; embossed and plain Letter and Note Paper, coloured; black edge and black bordered Post and Note Paper; variety of plain Envelopes for Letters and Notes.

Drawing Papers

AND DRAWING MATERIALS.
Whitman's finest Drawing Paper, six sizes; coloured Crayon Paper; London and Bristol Drawing Boards, coloured and plain, of 2, 3, 4 sheets thickness; Drawing Books; Achromatic Colours and Colour Boxes, of 6, 12, and 18 cakes; Javvenite Colour Boxes; and Brockman & Langdon's Drawing Pencils; Chalk Pencils, coloured Crayon Pencils, Portcraques and Stamps & Chalk; Canal and Patent; Flat Brushes, tin, for varnishing; Indian Ink; Transfer Varnish; Rice Paper, coloured and plain; Tracing Paper; Cases of Mathematical Instruments, of different qualities; a great variety of Elementary Drawing Books, Paper Machee, Miniature Frames.

Cards and Card Cases, &c.

Plain, gilt, black edged, black bordered, embossed and highly glazed Visiting Cards, of different sizes; perforated, embossed, and fancy coloured Cards; plain, embossed, and roan Card Cases; Playing and Conversation Cards; Pocket Book and Note Cases, &c. sorted.

Inks, and Ink Stands, &c.

A variety of ebony Inkstands; plain and fancy Ink Glasses; Pewter Ink Stands; Pocket Ink Stands; Black and Red Ink, Patent Scrap Top Ink stands; Excise or Auctioneer Inkstands; Gold and Silver Ink; Coomb's Pocket Inkstands.

Miscellaneous.

Gold, Silver, and imitation Gold Paper; Memoranda, Coloured, and Fancy Papers; Tissue Paper, coloured and plain; elegantly finished Albums and Scrap Books; Memorandum Book plain and gilt; black, red and fancy coloured; Sealing Wax; Morocco and plain Leather Pocket Books with or without steel clasps; embossed and plain Portfolios; patent overprinted Paper Cases; Silver do. of Albatra; Leads for replacing do.; Desk Knives; Pink Tape, different breadths; Prepared Parchment, different sizes and of the finest quality; Edlin's universal Pen Holders; Gold Borders, and Gold Paper Ornaments; Plain and elegant Snuff Boxes; Rodger Penknives; Tapers and Taper Stands; Sewing Machines; Music Paper, in quires and in books; Music paper coloured and embossed, of various sizes; Toy Books, of all descriptions; Blue Lead Pencils, of different qualities; Slates of Slate Pencils; India Rubber, patent and common Ivory and Bone Paper Cutters; Rulers, W. Fer Stamps, alabaster and bronzed Ink Weights.

Blank Books.

Consisting of Ledger Journals, Day Book, Bank Check Books, Ruled Memorandum Book, Pass Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order.
Bills of Exchange in books; Merchants Quills, Steel Pens, various kinds, Swan Quills, Italian Pens in boxes.

W. COWAN & SON,
13, St. John Street.

SPLENDID BOOKS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND NOW SELL FOR CASH THE UNDERMENTIONED SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED WORKS:
VIZ:—
FINDEN'S TABLEAU of the Affections, a series of Picturesque Illustrations of the various womanly virtues.—1859.
GEMS OF BEAUTY, displayed in a series of highly finished engravings of Spanish subjects, by the first Artists.—1859.
HEATH'S PICTURESCAPE ANNUAL for 1859, edited by Leslie Ritchie.
FINDEN'S PORTS AND HARBOURS, Watering Places, Fishing Villages and other picturesque objects on the English Coast.
THE RIVERS OF FRANCE, from drawings by Turner.
METROPOLITAN IMPROVEMENTS, or London in the nineteenth century, from drawings by T. H. Sheppard.
THE GALLERY OF MODERN BRITISH ARTISTS, consisting of series of engravings from Works of the most eminent Artists.
HEATH'S GALLERY OF BRITISH ENGRAVINGS, 2 vols.

W. COWAN & SON,
19th June.

R. C. TODD,
HERALD PAINTER,
No. 16, St. Nicholas Street,

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