

DEC.

THE CHIGNECTO POST
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CHIGNECTO POST.

Preserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 14.—NO. 31.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1883.

WHOLE NO. 706.

Farm and Household.

—Eat slowly and you will not over eat.

—Salt petre and olive oil will cure corns.

—Let sunshine in all your rooms; it is better than medicine.

—Indian bread: 4 cups meal, 2 cups flour, 1 of molasses, 3 of sour milk.

—Frozen house-plants, will revive, if sprinkled with camphor water.

—Sew your bedtick all up and turn it every time you make your bed.

—For house plants:—Put a piece of raw beef in the bottom of the pot before you put the dirt in.

—Mix turpentine with stove polish, put on cold stove a little at a time, will shine when rubbed.

—A thousand sheep from Ontario for England are detained at Montreal because 14 are affected with scab.

—The Angora goat is becoming popular in Texas. Its fleece has been obtained in grading the common kind to a wool bearing standard.

—For whooping cough:—Olive oil two ounces; oil of nutmeg, one ounce; oil of cloves, one drachm, mix; to be rubbed on the chest at bed-time.

—For burns and scalds allow water, apply immediately, keep well covered with saturated cloth. Cures in from one-half to one hour, leaves no mark.

—A flock of 17,000 sheep is being driven from New Mexico to winter near Fremont, Nebraska. Three thousand tons of hay have been put up for them to nibble at.

—A writer in the N. Y. Times says that all the methods he has tried for making a cow give down her milk which she has been holding up, the best is to put a rope around her horns and lift her by it. This he has tried in the worst cases without failing.

—The Cheyenne and Arrapahoe cattle company, of which ex-Mayor Cooper, of New York, is President, has leased 100,000 acres of land in the Indian Territory, and means to put 60,000 cattle on it. The land rent is two cents an acre per annum, and the lease runs 10 years.

—Either tea or coffee long boiled, drives aroma into the air, and pleases the nostrils, but disappoints the palate. A good way is to scald like tea, clear with a tablespoon cold water and let keep hot ten minutes or more, but never boil it. Tea is best drank two minutes after boiling, try it.

—The Orange County Farmer offers the excellent piece of advice to farmers that plenty of good air, light diet and warm clothing are more desirable than the buckwheat cakes and hash and bacon rendered with grease, and vegetables long cooked and sodden with unhealthy substance.

—The value of the willow crop of Wyoming County, N. Y., is estimated at \$120,000. The heaviest crops are found in the towns of Perry, Gainesville and Warsaw, and the willows are shipped to Syracuse, Buffalo and New York to German basket makers, where they command from \$4 to \$24 per ton.

—Fresh beef exports from the United States in October were unusually large, being 12,472,290 pounds, compared with 2,556,200 pounds last year. Tallow also showed a large increase, amounting to 6,116,902 pounds, compared with 2,076,235 pounds last year. The aggregate of exports of beef products for October was 32,487,900 pounds, against 15,046,075 last year.

—If, says Dr. Hoskins, the tendency of poverty is to breed envy and discontent, and drive men to crime by breaking down their respect for the rights of property, the no less sure tendency of wealth is towards over-indulgence, selfishness, and disregard for the rights of others. If poverty makes thieves, wealth makes tyrants, and which class is the more dangerous to society is not an easy question to answer.

—The students of the Mass. Agricultural College are to have a course of lectures this fall and winter. Col. John E. Russell, Sec. of the State Board of Agriculture, will lecture on Monday evening, December 10, on Tropical Flora. Maj. Henry E. Alvord, of Houghton Farm, Orange Co., N. Y., and Dr. James R. Nicholas, editor of the Journal of Chemistry, will lecture in January.

—The 28th, Ex-Prez Stockbridge, lectured upon the subject, "Shall a Farming Man go West?"

—A sensational sale of Merino sheep is reported from Adelaide, Australia. The flock belonged to Mr. E. W. Pitts, The Levels. The highest price paid for lambs was 190 guineas, (about \$995.) Altogether 162 lambs were sold for \$8,428 guineas, the average being 52 guineas, (\$270) per head. On the second day of the sale there were sold 1,927 breeding ewes, 622 ram lambs, and 574 ewe lambs, giving a total of 3,123 sheep. The sum obtained for these was \$32,158. A pen of nine two-year-olds made 50 guineas, (\$270) each. The total realized by the two days' sale was \$41,510 for 3,402 sheep.

Shediac Agricultural Show.

The annual show of the Shediac Agricultural Society was held on October 13th. The stock were shown on the premises of Nelson Cannon, Esq., the cereals, vegetables, &c., in a building belonging to the firm of G. Dickie & Co. It is much to be regretted that this enterprising Society has no other buildings, nor grounds of its own. This Society, since its organization, has endeavored to advance the interests of agriculture in Shediac (not always, perhaps, in the orthodox way), yet advancements are shown year by year which cannot be more surprised in districts where farming and especially stock-raising are a specialty. It always endeavors to purchase the best of everything, stock, pure bred if possible, and the show this year proves the correctness of the principle. For the last four years it has owned a Shorthorn bull and for two years an Ayrshire as well. It has now on hand three Leicester and one Shropshire Down ram, and one yearling pure bred Cheviot sheep. It is unnecessary to go over the show in detail, but suffice to say the prize list was as varied as such lists usually are, and nearly if not all the departments were filled. The entries of stock and wheat were exceedingly large, reflecting much credit on the care of the stock and the culture of this important cereal. The entries in the other departments were not so numerous, but the quality, with few exceptions, very fine. Below is a list of the prizes awarded:

—LIST OF PRIZES.

Best farm horse, C. Dickie; 2nd, R. C. Tait; 3rd, C. A. Dickie.

Best mare with foal, Clayton Dickie; 2nd, Edward Babin; 3rd, Gilbert Wilbur.

Best 4 years old colt, H. Seely Bell; 2nd, James Mugridge; 3rd, H. Seely Bell.

Best 3 years old colt, John Glenning; 2nd, Geo. W. Wellings; 3rd, Dr. Norfolk.

Best 2 years old colt, P. J. Sweeney; 2nd, Clayton Dickie; 3rd, C. A. Dickie.

Best 1 year old colt, Adam Tait; 2nd, Geo. W. Wellings; 3rd, John McDougall.

Best bull any age, Dr. Norfolk; 2nd, James Mugridge; 3rd, Edward Babin.

Best steer calves, Gilbert Wilbur; 2nd, O. Chapman; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best heifer calf, G. Wilbur; 2nd, John Robinson; 3rd, Philip Cormier.

Best 2 year old heifer, J. I. Evans; 2nd, J. D. Weldon; 3rd, James Wilbur.

Best 2 year old heifer, Adam Tait; 2nd, Clayton Dickie; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best dairy cow, P. J. Sweeney; 2nd, Cliff Cannon; 3rd, James Wilbur; 4th, Gilbert Wilbur; 5th, Edward Babin; 6th, Gilbert Wilbur.

Best pair 3 year old steers, J. W. Wellings; 2nd, Edward Babin; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best pair 2 year old steers, C. A. Dickie; 2nd, John Glenning; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best pair 1 year old steers, Clayton Dickie; 2nd, Gilbert Wilbur; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best ewe, Wellings Mills; 2nd, G. W. Wellings; 3rd, H. A. Seely; 4th, H. A. Seely.

Best ewe lamb, G. W. Wellings; 2nd, Edward Babin; 3rd, Willis Wellings.

Best ram, Chapman; 2nd, Wellings Mills; 3rd, G. W. Wellings.

Best ram lamb, Lorang Babin; 2nd, Edward Babin; 3rd, John Bell.

Best pair turkeys, John Dickie; 2nd, G. W. Wellings.

Best pair ducks, Adam Tait; 2nd, Wm. R. Wood; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best pair geese, H. A. Seely; 2nd, Sherman Wellings.

Best pair hens, Adam Tait; 2nd, W. R. Wood; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best bushel peas, John Robinson.

Best bushel early blue potatoes, John Robinson; 2nd, Clayton Dickie; 3rd, Clayton Dickie.

Best bushel silver dollars, Adam Tait; 2nd, Philip Cormier.

Best bushel carrots, John Bell; 2nd, O. Chapman.

Best bushel turnips, Philip Cormier; 2nd, Gilbert Wilbur.

Best bushel black beets, O. Chapman; 2nd, John Bell.

Best bushel cabbages, John Bell; 2nd, O. Chapman.

Best bushel white cabbages, Edward Babin; 2nd, John McDougall.

Best bushel barley, Laurent Boudreau; 2nd, James Mugridge.

Best bushel buckwheat, E. Babin; 2nd, James Mugridge.

Best bushel timothy seed, Edward Babin; 2nd, James Mugridge.

Best print butter, Fred Beale; 2nd, O. Chapman; 3rd, James Wilbur.

Best tub butter, Fred Beale; 2nd, John McDougall; 3rd, G. W. Wellings.

Best tomatoes, James Wilbur.

Best apples, J. I. Evans; 2nd, Sherman Wellings; 3rd, Sherman Wellings.

Best pole beans, Fred Beale; 2nd, Edward Babin; 3rd, John Bell.

Best bushel beans, John Bell; 2nd, O. Chapman.

Best corn, G. L. Wellings; 2nd, Gilbert Wilbur.

6 yards flannel, Wellings Mills.

6 yards all-wool flannel, Sherman Wellings.

6 yards all wool cloth, Sherman Wellings.

Best pair socks, John McDougall; 2nd, O. Chapman.

Best ladies' hose, Sherman Wellings; 2nd, John McDougall.

Best pair mitts, John Dickie; 2nd, Sherman Wellings.

Best worsted work, O. Chapman; 2nd, H. S. Bell.

Best broad work, Fred Beale; 2nd, H. S. Bell.

Best leather work, James Wilbur.

Sofa cushion, O. Chapman.

—FLOWERING MATCH.

Mea—1st, Laurent Casey; 2nd, Philip Cormier; 3rd, James Wilbur; 4th, Laurent Boudreau; 5th, John Robinson; 6th, Col. McDougall.

Boys—1st, Laurent Casey; 2nd, Philip Cormier; 3rd, James Mugridge; 4th, Edward Babin.

High License in Missouri.

Mr. Editor: May I ask you to publish the following, which I cut from the National American, published in St. Louis, not a fanatical temperance paper either—

"Before the Downing bill was passed, we gave it as our opinion that there was nothing in it but the revenue, and that that was an injury rather than a benefit to the temperance cause. We have now in this city some 1,500 high license saloons, and if there is one man in St. Louis who is able to see the good results of high license which its friends promised us, we want to interview him. We are not at all fanatical. If there is any good in it, we are anxious to see it. We were wrong in pronouncing the Downing law a cheat and a fraud. We know that many good honest temperance men have been the victims of the Downing law. Will they point out to us any good accomplished, or is it likely to accomplish, or confess that they have been disappointed? Our columns are open to any man who has a good word to say for the Downing law. What we want is the truth, whether it proves us a true or false prophet."

Similar testimony comes from all places and in all countries where high or stringent license has been tried, and all experience proves that the only effectual remedy is that applied by the All-Wise Himself to all sin, wrong-doing and crime, i. e., "Thou shalt not," or entire and absolute prohibition. On this line we propose to continue to fight until the world is rid of the curse, and when that good time arrives, as it surely will, there will be lots of people to surety their appearance from behind the hedges and under the fence, ready to join in the shouts of victory and claim to have been of that way of thinking from the first.

Let the friends of prohibition stand firm. The grand end and victory is not distant, and the results will be magnificent.

Yours very respectfully,

W. H. R.

Amherst, Nov. 26th, 1883.

Personal and Political.

—Mr. James McMillan not long ago gave the University of Michigan \$5,500 for the purchase of a Shakespeare library. With this money over two thousand volumes have been purchased.

—Curiously enough, there is still in existence in England the office of Court Jester.

—Incumbent in Mr. W. F. Wallcut, a pretty old jester he is, being seventy-six years of age.

—An admiring friend once presented Andrew Jackson with a sarcophagus that had held the body of one of the Roman Emperors, with the request that he would adopt it as his own coffin. But the staunch old democrat declined on the ground that his republican feelings would now allow him to have his body laid to rest in a repository prepared for a royal inmate.

—Dr. Stocker, Chaplain of the Court of Germany, is noted for his frantic opposition to the Jews. A few days ago he came over to London and applied to the Lord Mayor for leave to lecture at the Mansion House. This was refused on the ground that he was a Jew hater.

—Thoreau he essayed to lecture at Memorial Hall, but was saluted with so many groans and hisses that he was compelled to give up the attempt.

—What a thing it is to be an Archbishop. We learn from an English paper that his Grace of Canterbury, who has, alas, been suffering from a boil on his sacred person, "new only requires complete rest in a recumbent position for a few days."

—Ordinary lay persons would have merely to "lie still." The same authority informs us that the Bishop of Peterborough has been "again attacked with violent abscessed paronychia." But we will not be so profane as to translate this into the vernacular of secular life.

December Weather.

By Walter H. Smith, Montreal.

After a wet and windy autumn season, December, 1883, is fair to show a continuance of unsettled weather. This is added from the several strong aspects occurring during the month between the two boisterous blusters, Uranus and Mercury. The last month of the year will probably end with some downfall after this a favorable interval of fine weather, changing about the sixth day to wind and storm. Towards the eleventh another unsettled term may be looked for, continuing for a day or two, or up to the thirteenth, cloudy with considerable wind, and if accompanied by snow there will be drifts in many places. At the winter solstice (20, 21, and 22), there is every indication of a very unsettled and stormy time. Uranus reaches the square of the sun on the first named date. Winds high and boisterous will, no doubt, prevail, accompanied by snow in some sections. This blustering term will be followed by clearing to fine weather. The 27th and 28th promise once more a variable time with a bit of wind, the year ending with a spell of colder weather. The temperature of December, however, as the rest of the winter season, will range above the average—Vennor's Almanac.

The Power of Pain.

entirely overcome by using W. T. B. Balfour's Cure-All Eucalypti, Pine or Lavender in the Bath, Chest or Side, Orange, Rose Throat, and Fluorid Colic are cured by this treatment.

Weather Hints.

From Vennor's Almanac for 1884.

If the sun sets in crimson clouds and rises brilliant, or if the stars are numerous and bright, we know in a general way, that we may reckon on a duration of fine weather.

Dews and white morning fogs are symptoms of clear days.

A dark and vapory sun, and a sickly-looking moon with blunthorns, and a circle round her, or pallid, big and non-squinting stars are all signs of approaching rain.

If the sun comes up pale and then turns red, or if the moon is large and ruddy, with sharp black horns we may count on wind.

The Chickweed is called "the poor man's barometer" because it shuts up its flowers when wet is approaching.

The aurora borealis, when very bright forebodes stormy, moist, unsettled weather.

A haze around the sun indicates rain; it is caused by fine rain or mist in the upper regions of the atmosphere.

A large part of America takes the exact shade of its character for each day from the weather which it finds when it opens its eyes in the morning. It is true that in the majority of cases, we are almost unconscious of the subtle influence which is at work upon us, not only because its effects are usually too minute to attract our attention, but also because we are so accustomed to them that unless they happen to be exceptionally marked, it does not occur to us to investigate their cause. This indifference applies, however, to a good many other things besides weather, and the fact of its existence may be indicated by the action of weather on us is not real, then our forgetfulness that we are always breathing implies that we could do without air.

Dressmaking in France.

The French government recognizes the importance of dressmaking as a common accomplishment for the girls of the republic. It directs those who are to serve as teachers of the art to go to Paris during the summer holidays to take cutting-out lessons for twenty days. All traveling expenses are defrayed by the state. Free instructions are given to students residing in and around Paris morning and afternoon. A writer gives the following account of a session attended: After a little instruction the amateurs try their skill; the materials they either buy or receive from the Caisse de Bienfaisance or charity organization on condition that they make garments for the poor. When I was there an indigent mother with her two children came to be fitted by the elder girls. Meanwhile, the younger ones (about ten or twelve years old) delineated on the blackboard quickly and correctly the bodies of a bodice, and a skirt, and a pair of trousers, and as to allow them to reach the blackboard which waited the schoolroom. Each child was provided with a small sponge, chalk, and a flat ruler, ready to mark the lines named by the teacher. As the children afterward returned to their seats to hear explanations of the difference between right and wrong side, and to test whether these explanations were well understood, each child had to place and trace on the half of a reduced-sized bodice, first on the top, then on the back of the two-fold lining, etc. The long lesson appeared as doll-play to the little people, who were evidently delighted with their progress, and to the spirited style of teaching.

To Attain Long Life.

Some one wisely says he who attains after a long and pleasant term of life must seek to attain continual equanimity, and carefully avoid everything which too violently taxes his feelings. Nothing more quickly consumes the vigor of life than the violence of the emotions of the mind. We know that anxiety and care can destroy the healthiest body; we know that fright and fear, excess of joy, becomes deadly. They who are naturally cool and of a quiet turn of mind, upon whom nothing can make too powerful an impression, who are not wont to be excited either by great sorrow or great joy, have the best chances of living long and happy after their manner. Preserve, therefore, under all circumstances, a composure of mind which no happiness, no misfortune, can too much disturb. Love nothing too violently; hate nothing too passionately; fear nothing too strongly.

"I don't take much stock in proverbs," said Brown to Jones. "For instance, look at the oft-quoted one:—'A friend in need is a friend indeed.' For most of my experience with friends in need has been to find that they are not in need."

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are, itching, pain, inflammation, particularly at night, when, as if by magic, the piles come out, and the patient is unable to rest. If allowed to continue, the piles will become enlarged, and the patient will be obliged to use "SWANSON'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure for Itching Piles, Hemorrhoids, Itch, Eczema, Scabies, Ringworm, and all other skin diseases. It is sold by all druggists.

PLASTER FROM NAPPA for sale at the Railway Station.—31.

For Young Men to Remember.

That clothes don't make the man. That if they once get in debt they may never get out of it.

That parting the hair in the middle brings on softening of the brain.

That to deal honorably with all men they begin with their washer-woman.

That they need something more substantial than cigars, kid gloves, and a cane to start housekeeping with.

That they can't reckon on their father's fortune to bring them through life. Fortunes are slippery things—better have something better to well back.

That the girl who decks herself in the latest things out and parades the street while her mother does the washing, isn't worth wasting much love on.

That a fellow who deliberately proposes matrimony to a girl when he can't support himself, is either a first-class fraud or a fool—unless he marries for money and becomes her hired man.

—Mr. W. J. Cuddy, of Newbury, informs us that he has used Burdock Blood Bitters in his family with good effect, and that the Rev. J. E. Smith has used it, and speaks of it in high terms of praise. It is the great system-renewing tonic that cures all diseases of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys, acting harmoniously with Nature's laws. 25,000 bottles sold during the last three months.

—Mr. J. Kennedy, dispensing chemist, Coburg, says that no blood purifier that he has used has had such a large sale as Burdock Blood Bitters, and adds, "in no case have I heard a customer say anything but words of highest praise for its remedial qualities."

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the public to his LARGE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK of

Boots and Shoes, Which he offers at a SMALL advance on cost, as a buy in large quantities, I am enabled to offer EXTRA inducements to purchasers. Come and see for yourself.

Rubbers and Over-Shoes

Always in Stock at Lowest Rates.

nov14 JAMES R. AYER.

Apples, Apples.

Now in Store and for Sale at Lowest Market Rates:

50 Bbls. Choice Winter Apples.

nov14 JAMES R. AYER.

Cash for Tallow.

I WILL pay cash for Tallow, and will give 1 lb. of good Soap for 1 lb. of grease.

JAMES R. AYER.

Sackville, March 7, 1882.

Herring! Herring!

I N Stock: 20 Bbls. No. 1 HERRING, a choice article, which will be sold for cash.

JAS. R. AYER.

Poultry Wanted.

I WILL pay HIGHEST PRICES for ALL KINDS of POULTRY. Part cash paid if required.

nov14 JAMES R. AYER.

DOWN TOWN VARIETY STORE.

FLOUR FISH, &c.

IN STORE—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL:

125 BBLs. LUMBER FLOUR; 15 Hbbls. HERRING; 10 SHAD; 10 Quaints CODFISH.

nov14 C. W. KNAPP.

Tea, Raisins, &c.

20 CHESTS TEA—Good quality; 25 Bbls. WHOLE COFFEE; 25 Bbls. CHOICE RAISINS; 25 Bbls. LAYERS RAISINS; 1 Bbl. CURRANTS; 1 " BEANS; 1 " BARLEY; 10 SUGAR; SPICES OF ALL KINDS.

nov14 C. W. KNAPP.

Dry Goods, Caps, &c.

1 CASE FUR CAPS for Men, Boys and Children;

Boots and Shoes of all kinds, for Ladies and Children;

Fancy Shirts, White Shirts; Red and White Flannels, Grey Cottons; Blankets, Sheetings, Wincors; Under-Shirts and Drawers, etc., etc.

nov14 C. W. KNAPP.

Crockeryware, Glassware, &c.

JUST Received and Ready for Inspection, a WELL ASSORTED Stock of Crockeryware and Glassware, consisting of Vases, China Cups and Mugs, Children's Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Lamps of all kinds and prices, Tea Sets in China and Stone, Sets in Stoneware of all kinds, and a large assortment of Lanterns, all of which I will sell cheap for cash.

nov14 C. W. KNAPP.

Wanted! Wanted!

POULTRY, PORK, BUTTER, EGGS, for which I will pay the highest prices.

nov14 C. W. KNAPP.

Business Cards.

R. BARRY SMITH, Barrister, Solicitor and Notary,

Main Street, - Moncton, N. B.

A. W. D. KNAPP, Collecting Justice and Accountant,

BRIDGE STREET, SACKVILLE, N. B.

ROBERT BECKWITH, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c.

DORCHESTER, N. B.

A. D. RICHARD, LL. B., Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c., &c.

DORCHESTER, N. B.

THOMAS A. KINNEAR, Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c.

DORCHESTER, N. B.

D. I. WELCH, Con

CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., DEC. 5, 1883.

—At the close of the Leeds Liberal Conference, Mr. Bright, speaking of the House of Lords, said: "A House of Legislature hereditary and irresponsible cannot be a permanent institution in a free country. By some method the two Houses, they are to continue to exist, must be reconciled."

—There is trouble again brewing in Newfoundland. The French claim the exclusive right of fishing along the southern shore and drive away the Newfoundland fishermen who intrude upon their preserves. So far the British Government has ignored this conduct of the French, and the English fishermen are now threatening to take the law in their own hands.

—A writer in *Chambers' Journal*, remarking that nothing so lowers the vital forces more than sleeplessness, which arises from (1) mental worry, (2) disordered stomach, (3) excessive muscular exertion, (4) functional or organic disease, and recommends as a remedy to "mind your eye"—in other words to distract the attention by keeping the eye balls in a certain position.

—In all that pertains to parliamentary decorum the English are immeasurably ahead of the Americans. A good example of the difference between the two nations in this respect is to be found in the contest that has been going on among the Democrats at Washington in regard to the Speakership of the House of Representatives.

There were four candidates, Carlisle of Kentucky, Cox of New York, Springer of Illinois, and Randall of Pennsylvania, who has already been twice Speaker. These gentlemen some time ago took rooms in Washington and carried on a most vigorous personal canvass among the representatives as they assembled to meet in Congress.

Mr. Randall "pointed with pride" to his two very successful terms of office. Mr. Carlisle, in his position as coming from the Southern States which supply the bulk of the Democratic representatives. Mr. Cox ran, apparently, just because he was a jolly good fellow and has been the wit of Congress for the last fifteen or twenty years.

Mr. Springer carefully paraded a microscopic boom confined to himself and another man in hopes that the representatives might fall to agree on one of the other three candidates and that he might eventually develop into "the dark horse" who was to win the race. The upshot of the whole affair was that Mr. Carlisle got the caucus nomination. All this seems to us highly undignified, if not degrading. But it should perhaps be in justice remembered that the Speakership of the House of Representatives is of immeasurably greater power and importance than that of our own or the British House of Commons and that, therefore, the temptations to a personal canvass are proportionally stronger.

—The United States have been enjoying a season of unprecedented prosperity. The total foreign commerce for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1883, reached the stupendous sum of \$1,547,020,316. The excess of the exports over the imports was \$100,058,488 as against a similar surplus of \$25,902,683 for the previous year. The most important exports were agricultural products and mineral oils. The cotton exported amounted to \$247,328,721; breadstuffs, \$208,010,850; provisions of other kinds, \$107,388,287; lumber, \$22,095,229; mineral oils, \$44,913,079. In manufactured goods by no means so good a showing was made, the exports of these amounting to but \$111,890,000, less than one-seventh of the total exports. Shipping is as usual in a very bad state. Only 21 per cent. of the foreign trade was done in American vessels. For the coasting trade, which is reserved by law to home-built vessels, only 18,530 tons of iron shipping were turned out against 652,777 tons built by Great Britain. The imports amounted to \$724,639,574 of which about one hundred millions were for sugar alone.

With this commercial prosperity there goes, of course, a corresponding wealth of Federal revenues. These amounted for the fiscal year to \$398,287,582, which, with expenditures footing up \$265,408,138, leaves a surplus of \$132,789,444. This surplus, though it cannot be a source of pride, is yet, in regard to the proper disposition to be made of it, a genuine white elephant to American statesmen and financiers. It cannot be allowed to stay in the Treasury, and for reasons recently given in the Post it is impossible to devote it to the redemption of the national bonds without producing a general paralysis in the money market. Schemes for its disbursement of more or less unobscure have been proposed in various quarters. The Republicans of Pennsylvania in their last state campaign introduced into their platform a proposition to distribute the surplus annually among the various states. Mr. Blaine, who is presumably intinctured with the temperance ideas of his State, proposes to distribute not the entire surplus but only the amount derived from the tax on spirituous and malt liquors and tobacco, amounting at present to \$86,000,000. But all such schemes are as unconstituted and are probably set about only to be utilised as electioneering devices. The question remains as a knotty problem to be discussed by the Congress which is just beginning its sessions.

Trade and Commerce.

LOCAL.

—A meeting of Mr. J. R. Ayer's creditors met on Tuesday at the International Hotel, there was present Mr. J. Wood in the chair, Mr. Logan, the assignee, Messrs. Cummings and Leaman, Truro, Messrs. Leaman and Peters, Moncton, Messrs. D. S. Harper, Fride, J. H. Goodwin, J. L. Black and others. Mr. D. G. Dixon presented a statement of Mr. Ayer's affairs shewing assets to the amount of \$27,000 (deducting depreciation of stock and losses from bad debts) and liabilities to the amount of \$22,000, shewing a surplus of over \$5,000. This seemed to the creditors a very satisfactory exhibit and much better than at first anticipated. Mr. Ayer's good faith throughout was not questioned, and that his hitherto business had been a prosperous one was generally conceded. After a lengthy discussion, Mr. Logan was requested to appoint a Receiver to carry on the business until it could be finally wound up. Mr. Logan agreed to this, and Mr. D. G. Dixon was appointed Receiver.

GENERAL.

—The Yarmouth organ factory, which recently commenced operations, is now turning out instruments at the rate of four a week.

—\$10 million feet of logs were cut in New Brunswick last season, of which the Miramichi contributed 140 million ft., and the Restigouche 25 million ft. Mr. Gibson handled 110 million feet of logs, and expects to cut next year over 30 millions on the Nashwaak. Mr. Edward Jack thinks the spruce worm has done its worst.

—The Barrington, N. S., woollen mill, which commenced work in October, has already turned out 2,000 yards of cloth and 1,000 pounds of yarn. The capital of the company is \$10,000 and the market is so good the capacity will be increased next summer. Mr. N. M. Baird, formerly of the Oxford mill, is the Mechanical Superintendent.

—Commerford Bank of British North America bills of five dollars denomination were circulated by a cattle dealer in Montreal last week. They are well got up, but the prefix of 3rd of July, 1877, is omitted, the date being only July, 1877. Check letter D. signed Geo. Hart, Acco't, and R. R. Grindley, Mang'r. You cannot be too careful with them as they are calculated to deceive even the experts.

—The Londonderry Steel Company, which includes the Chignecto Colliery at Macan, have been attached for very large sums. Mr. Jamme, the manager, states: "We were getting along finely when the great disaster to the Stellarton mines embarrassed us very seriously for a year or more. We were finally obliged to make arrangements to supply ourselves with suitable fuel. This necessitated a large expenditure for property, plant, preliminary work, etc., etc. A large amount of the money at our command for current expenses was thus tied up, and one difficulty soon led to another until the present situation was reached. We have produced about 30,000 tons of iron this year, as against 600 tons last year. The stoppage of the works would not only be a calamity to Colchester County—it would be a blow at the iron industry of the whole Dominion. The workmen understand the situation and are anxious to help us do the best we can under the circumstances. The condition and prospects of the mine were never better, and I believe there will be very little difficulty in getting capitalists to organize a new company, take hold of it and work it successfully."

—Lord Rossmore, the Grand Master of the Orangemen of Ireland, recently summoned those of his law to attack the Parnellists when holding meetings in Ulster at the same time writing a somewhat cool letter to the Government asking for the suppression of such meetings. It is stated that the Lord Commissioners have his case under consideration and that he will be deprived of his commission as magistrate.

—Week before last witnessed the death of two Governors in the United States—Head, of New Hampshire, and Randolph of New Jersey. The latter was also United States Senator for one term.

—The officials of the Nova Scotia railway are: C. A. Scott, General Manager. F. D. Laurie, Freight & Pass. Agent. G. B. Gully, Auditor. M. F. Funch, Mechanical Supt. A. B. Gray, Trackmaster.

—The Westminster County Court opens next Tuesday, at Dorchester, and in addition to considerable civil business, we regret to learn that the criminal calendar will be large.

—Congress opened on Tuesday. President Arthur did not propose any measure to reduce the national revenues, and nothing towards Reciprocity with Canada.

—Fifty-nine per cent. of the land taken up in Manitoba is ploughed and backset. Only twenty-nine per cent. was in that shape this time last year.

—Sunbury election resulted in the return of Glazier by 608 votes against Morrow's 547.

Personal and Political.

LOCAL.

—A meeting of the Norwegian skaters, and his brother come to Halifax next month, for a tour, in company.

—The reverend Editor of the *Chatham World* views the coming year with the direst apprehension,—"only three weeks' probation before leap year!"

—M. Matkoff, editor of the *Moscow Gazette* which ranks among the foremost of European journals, is considered as being the most influential subject in Russia.

—Mr. Moody, the evangelist, is again at work in London, and the *Times* of that city say that he "expounds Scripture in plain, homely phrase, in fervid, earnest tones, with marked American accent and animated gesture, turning aside from his text now and then to humorous or moral, which elicits a laugh or a smile."

—Last week Lord Lansdowne, our new Governor-General, in company with Lady Lansdowne, paid a visit to the Normal School in Ottawa. While they were witnessing some scientific experiments, a jar of hydrogen exploded with a report that could be heard on the street, struck the ceiling, and fell in fragments on the heads of the visiting party.

—On Monday last week the hundredth anniversary of the education of New York by the British was celebrated in that city. The performances consisted of processions, parades, speeches, dinners, &c., &c. A fine statue of Washington in front of the Sub-Treasury was unveiled by Governor Cleveland and an admirable oration was delivered by George William Curtis, editor of *Harper's Magazine*.

—In Russia the Nihilists are now broken up into widely scattered groups, each more or less independent of the rest. They are desperately in need of funds. Last spring a rich Russian widow married a young Pole, and soon afterwards was murdered and robbed. Six months afterward, on being arrested as a Nihilist, he confessed that he had murdered the widow for the sake of her money, which he had distributed among the young Nihilists of Poland. Similar cases have frequently occurred.

—Sir Wilfred Lawson, the Radical statesman, does not know why people should quarrel over politics and religion. He would as soon think of quarrelling with a person for having the rheumatism. "A man has the rheumatism because it is a disease of the body, and a Tory is a Tory because he is not strong enough to resist the attacks of error."

—Mr. Gladstone once said that the duty of a government is to make it easy for men to do right, and the duty of the people in relation to the government is to make it easy for the government to do right, and difficult for it to do wrong.

—At West Point, once, General Sherman, accompanied by the Commandant of Cadets, was making an inspection tour of the barracks. He wasn't looking for contraband goods, but while in one of the rooms he got talking about his cadet days, and "When I was a cadet," he said to the Commandant, "we had things in the chimney's during the summer months. I wonder if the boys do so still." (It was then in June.) So saying, he stepped up to the fireplace and reached up the chimney. Rattling down at his touch came a board, followed by a frying pan, a bottle (empty), and a suit of citizen's clothes. The faces of the cadets who occupied the room were a study. But the General only laughed, and turning to the Commandant said: "This is an exceptional case, Colonel. No need of reporting these young men."

—Lady Lansdowne has been heard to express the opinion it is rather odd at Rideau. Picture scene, 6 a. m.: the window panes coated with an inch of nettled frost; the thermometer stood at 25° below zero, and the impatient wife addressing her husband as the Most Honourable Henry Charles Keith Petty-Fitzmaurice, Marquis of Lansdowne, in the County of Somerset, Earl of Wycombe, of Chipping Wycombe, in the County of Bucks, Viscount Clan and Calstone in the County of Wilts, and Lord Wycombe, Baron of Chipping Wycombe, in the County of Bucks, in the Peerage of Great Britain; Earl of Kerry and Earl of Lonsdowne, Viscount of Lonsdowne and Fitzmaurice, Baron of Kerry, Lixnaw, and Dunkerron, in the Peerage of Ireland; Governor-General of Canada, and Vice-Admiral of the same, you get right up and kindle the fire.

—Sherman is 64, and looks older; but the family is hardy, and he is likely to see 1900. Sheridan is 80, McClellan, now a rotund man with bending shoulders, has not changed much of late. He is rich, and continues well in his New York city home. Rosecrans and his wife live, almost unnoticed, on Capital Hill, while he is here as a member of Congress from California. His complexion is like a youth's, and his hair as white as snow. Hawley and Logan are the other two most distinguished generals in Congress. Both are 57 years old, but neither has grey hair. Rosecrans will be re-elected this winter by an old companion in the Western armies, Gen. Slocum, of Brooklyn. Gen. Sickles is practicing law in New York, and Stoneman is Governor of California. Fremont is no longer rich. He and his wife, Jessie Benton Fremont, are forgotten in crowded New York. Don Carlos Buell runs an iron furnace in Kentucky. Banks is a Union States Marshal. Terry, the youngest of the Brigadiers who won fame in the war, will succeed Sherman in the command of the army.

—The output of the Oxford gold mine, East Chesham, for the month ending November 27th was \$10,800—the cost of production \$1,700.

Disaster in Bay of Fundy.

Loss of "Princess Louise" and Eight Lives.

The newly-built Government steamer "Princess Louise" was launched on Thursday, from the shipyard of Jotham O'Brien, at Macan, and a St. John tug boat, taking her in tow, proceeded to Wood Point to place her under the care of the Dominion steamer "Newfield," Captain Guildford. Here a new steel wire towline was adjusted and the two vessels got under way for Halifax. On board the "Princess Louise" were Captain Daniel Browne, Superintendent of Lighthouses, and a crew numbering thirty men and one boy.

"We left Cumberland Basin," said Capt. Guildford to a newspaper reporter at St. John, "about 6.30 on Sunday morning. The weather was fine and clear with light winds from the north. The new vessel was separated about 60 fathoms from the 'Newfield'."

EXTRA PRECAUTIONS HAD BEEN TAKEN to make the hawser secure. On the "Newfield" a strong chain, which was connected with the windlass, was made fast to the end of the steel hawser. In addition to this the two large blocks and tackles were fastened to the hawser, in order to prevent its slipping should it break. Before we left Cumberland Bay I had endeavored to prevail on Capt. Brown to remain on the "Newfield" with me, but he said he would go on the new vessel. He had been very hard worked for the last few days before that, and I thought, as he needed rest, he had better take it on the "Newfield," but as he would not, I sent Second Officer Dadey, of the "Newfield," with him, to render him all the assistance he could. The morning was so fine when we set out that

NO ONE FEARED A STORM, and although preparations were made for one we apprehended no danger. Everything went well until the afternoon. The wind was in our favor and we were making good progress. About 2 p.m. the wind changed to SSE, and the barometer falling I determined to make for Digby. When we got out of the Bay of Fundy it was too thick to attempt to pass through Digby Gut with such a cumbersome tow. I kept the "Newfield" and her tow moving round in a circle just outside the Gut. About 10 p.m. it commenced to drizzle, and the wind shifted again, this time into the N.E., and the glass which had been falling slowly tumbled down rapidly. With a lee shore in front of us, I gave orders to put on a full head of steam, and headed the "Newfield" N. N. E., and shaped her course for St. John. The drizzle, however, continued, and with snow, continued and although under a full head of steam we

MADE BUT LITTLE HEADWAY, how much we were unable to say, as not a landmark was anywhere in sight. About midnight the wind changed to the north and increased to a hurricane. The drizzle had then increased to a thick snow storm. As the storm increased the tow became so tight that the hawser became taut, and the hawser stood it well, although at times it seemed as if every jerk would be the last. The vessel was kept down to the work until 2.30 on Monday morning, when the chain fast to the hawser broke, and another chain was bent to the windlass in about half an hour. The sea was constantly breaking over the "Newfield," and the work of repairing the damage was one fraught with danger. We started again, dead and low.

FACED THE GALE ONCE MORE. About half an hour after the chain broke I caught a glimpse of the light. I judged the ship then to be about three miles S.W. of Digby light. A few minutes afterwards the steel hawser parted about six fathoms from the "Newfield." We lay by for a time, but the atmosphere was then so thick with snow that we could not see the new vessel much less be of any assistance to her. When Capt. Guildford put on all steam and headed the "Newfield" for St. John, the wind blowing more furious every hour. Until 7.30 a.m. the "Newfield" was kept under full head of steam, but the latter hour still within but a short distance of the Nova Scotia coast. After midday both wind and sea moderated somewhat and the "Newfield" crossed the bay arriving at St. John, without further disaster, about 5 o'clock in the evening.

About a quarter to four the hawser suddenly snapped. Capt. Browne, at the wheel of the "Princess Louise," could see a short distance away the light on Point Prim. Awestruck and helpless he presented the vessel, from running aground, he attempted to head her for a less dangerous part of the shore than that towards which she was being fast driven by the raging tempest, but the great violence of the wind and the efforts made to change her course were useless. She was carried directly against a square bluff rock, striking with great violence, and immediately keeled over on her side. Waves of great size began at once to sweep over her, carrying everything before them, and soon all those on deck, including Capt. Browne and seven others, were swept into the sea and drowned. James Dene, the boy belonging to the "Newfield," and Richard Soy, a seaman, engaged at Macan, were below at the time, and staying there until all the tide had receded, they then lowered themselves by a rope over the side and safely reached the shore.

The two survivors state that at the time the tow-line parted they were in the cabin. Below they could hear anything the vessel had struck, listed over toward the sea, and all on deck were washed off and lost. After the tide had ebbed sufficiently, Dene and Soy broke open the cabin skylight, and obtaining a rope, they lowered the boy over the side and then followed himself. Both reached dry land safely, but Dene was in a very exhausted condition, and Soy, though

also very weak, had to help him along. Finally Soy, in search of a house and soon finding one, several of its occupants started out to bring in his companion. He was found in an almost perished state, but after reaching the dwelling began to recover. Both remained at the house all to-day and are doing well.

The "Princess Louise" is now lying in pieces, having held together but a short time after striking. None of the bodies of those drowned have been washed ashore, and it is thought that they will never be recovered. Outside of Capt. Browne, most if not all of the men on board the wrecked vessel had been shipped at Macan. The others were: Captain Daniel Browne, married; Michael Dadey, second officer; Alfred Hiltz, second officer; John McKenzie, married; Jacob Singer, married; Harry Gray, unmarried; Arthur Wood, unmarried.

New Publications.

—We beg to acknowledge late Colorado papers from W. J. Muncey, Esq., of Irvine, Colorado.

—We are frequently indebted to Mrs. C. K. San Francisco, for publications from the Golden Gate.

—T. G. Loggie, Esq., chief draughtsman in the Surveyor General's department, has laid out on a table one of his admirable Crown Land Maps.

—A. G. Beckwith, Esq., C. E. Government engineer, has presented to the Province, issued in his department.

—Rev. A. B. Brown, Evansville, Ind., has favored us with late papers.

—Late United States papers received from Mr. C. P. O'Brien, Montreal.

—The Official Handbook of Manitoba and the Eastern Provinces has been received from Mrs. Cornwall, Jr., Esq., Liverpool, G. B.

—McMillan's Almanac for 1884 has come to hand and is full of statistical and astronomical information.

—Vennor's Almanac for 1884 is complete with weather, wise and otherwise, knowledge and generally. It is published by the Gazette Co., Montreal.

What it did for an Old Lady. CONSUMPTION STATION, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1878.

GENTS—A number of people have been cured and restored to health by the use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In one case, a lady of over seventy years, had been sick for years, and for the past six months, has not been able to get around half the time. About six months ago she got so feeble she was helpless. Her remedies, or physicians, being of no avail, I sent to Dr. Ayer, forty-five miles away, and got a bottle of his Sarsaparilla. It improved her so she was able to dress herself and walk about the house. When she had taken the second bottle she was able to take care of her own room and walk out to the neighbors, and has improved all the time since. My wife and children also have derived great benefit from their use. W. B. HATHAWAY, Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

New Advertisements.

PRINTING OF ALL KINDS.

NEATLY EXECUTED, AT LOWEST RATES, AT THIS OFFICE.

Teacher Wanted.

AT Brooklyn District, No. 11, Westmorland, a Second or Third Class Teacher. Apply to HARVEY COPP, Dec. 5, 1883. 21

FOUND.

A BROWN AND WHITE HEIFER, A year mark. The owner can be proved by proving property and paying expenses. DAVID ESTABROOKS, Upper Sackville, Dec. 4, 1883. 11

STRAYED.

A STEER, 2½ years old, red and white, half cross of the left ear and a swallow-tail in the right ear. Any person giving information will be rewarded by the subscriber. ISAAC G. HAMILTON, Baie Verte, Dec. 4, 1883. 11

To Let or for Sale.

The Store formerly occupied by C. A. Bowser. Possession of the Store given at once. Sale subject to present lease of Dwelling House on stairs. C. A. BOWSER, Dec. 4.

Steam Grist Mill.

THE subscriber is now prepared to GRIND 100 BUSHELS daily, the best quality of flour, and expects to have it ground the same day. I keep on hand and for sale Home Ground and Graham Flour. ALFRED B. DIXON, Sackville, Nov. 21, 1883. 31

TO THE PUBLIC.

THANKFUL to my friends and the public generally who have so generously patronized my Shoe Store in Lower Sackville, I now beg to inform them that I have this day Sold out my Stock and Goods Will in the same to Albert G. Smith.

And would solicit for him the same patronage that has been so kindly extended to me. ABNER SMITH, Sackville, Dec. 4, 1883. 3m

Business Change.

HAVING PURCHASED the Stock in the Sackville BOOT and SHOE Store from Mr. Abner Smith, I now beg to inform them that I have removed to the Merchants' Bank Building, Next door to Post-Office, where I intend keeping a FIRST CLASS BOOT and SHOE STORE.

In addition to stock on hand, I am now opening NEW FINE GOODS from Montreal, and will keep constantly on hand the BEST Assortment to be found, and hope by strict attention to business to receive the patronage of the public generally. I have on hand and am expecting daily a FULL LINE of Men, Women, and Children's Overcoats and Hatters, including Men's and Women's "MARTINA"—suits, thing new. A. C. SMITH, Dec. 5m

THE CELEBRATED "Ellora" Carpets!

Awarded the Silver Medal at the late Dominion Exhibition held in St. John. THE BEST VALUE AND THE FINEST GOODS in the Dominion at the present day for the price. Will be offered from this time forward at Retail, at Wholesale Prices. T. R. JONES & CO., ST. JOHN, N. B.

New Advertisements.

FUR OVER-COATS.

Raccoon and Black Russian Dog; Buffalo, Otter Trimmed; Ladies' Bl'k Bookhara Dog Mantles. ALL VERY CHEAP. J. L. BLACK.

Fur Robes!

Buffalo, Lined & Unlined. Chinese Goat Robes, IN BLACK AND GRAY. PRICES FROM \$9.00. J. L. BLACK.

Sled and Sleigh Shoe

STEEL!

3 Tons Shoe Steel of all regular Sizes up to 3 inches wide. 2200 Lbs. Short Link CHAIN, 1-4, 5-16 AND 3-8 INCH. J. L. BLACK.

WE ARE AT

The same Old Stand for Nearly 30 Years, And renew our invitations to all.

OUR STOCK

Never was more Complete than at present. J. L. BLACK.

SPECIAL

INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO ALL BUYERS Who Pay Promptly. J. L. BLACK.

Rubber Over-Shoes!

6 CASES

Felt Rubber Foxed Over-Shoes, For Men, Women and Children. J. L. BLACK.

TEA! TEA!

Ex Steamer "Juliet" from London: 72 Pkgs. Choice Tea, Chests, Half-Chests and Caddies. J. L. BLACK.

Tobacco. Tobacco.

15 BOXES CHALLENGE, 12½; 40 CADDIES LITTLE SERGEANT; 30 CADDIES BLACK HAWK; 10 CADDIES MAGGIE MITCHELL; 20 CADDIES YELLOW BIRD. J. L. BLACK.

Kerosene Oil and Sole Leather.

NOW IN STORE: 60 Bbls. American Water White Oil. 30 Sides Sole Leather, good quality. FOR SALE VERY LOW. J. L. BLACK.

Staple and Fancy

GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED: LADIES' HATS, in large variety; BLACK AND WHITE LACES; PRINTS, large Stock; WHITE AND GREY COTTONS; GREY FLANNELS; TWEED SHIRTINGS; MEN'S SHIRTS & DRAWERS; SUSPENDERS, &c. For Sale Very Low. J. L. BLACK.

FURNITURE!

ASH BEDROOM SUITS, very nice; Pine Painted Suits; Extension Ash Dining Tables; Extension Birch Dining Tables; Fall-Leaf Dining Tables; Centre Tables; Wash Stands; Ash Bureaus; Couches; Easy Chairs—Upolstered; Dining, Parlor and Kitchen Chairs; Rocking Chairs, &c. For Sale Very Cheap. J. L. BLACK.

IRON! IRON!

12 TONS IRON, From Londonderry Iron Works, Comprising a full assortment of sizes, which, in addition to stock before held, gives our customers a total of 25 TONS TO SELECT FROM. Special prices quoted to persons buying half a ton or more. J. L. BLACK.

New Advertisements.

DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED: 3000 Yards Grey Cotton, Which is offered Lower than ever before. Special Bargains to Purchasers of a Whole Piece.

Grey, White and Red Flannels, At Great Bargains. All admit it.

Over-Coats & Reefers, Splendid Assortment at Low Prices.

Ladies and Children's Hosiery in all sizes.

A Full Stock of General Dry Goods. J. F. ALLISON.

Christmas Groceries!

In Store and to Arrive: BRIGHT PORTO RICO SUGAR; 3 Bbls. Barabara Molasses; Rankin's Biscuits, in several varieties; 20 barrels Choice Winter Apples; Choice Canadian Cheese; New Layer and Valencia Raisins; New Figs and New Nuts; Full Stock of Essences and Spices; Canned Fruits; Candied Citron Peel and Confectionery. And everything necessary to make up a First Class Assortment. Remember our Prices are very Low for Cash. All kinds of Produce taken in Exchange for Goods. Music Hall Building. J. F. ALLISON.

CUSTOM TAILORING

FALL AND WINTER 1883-4.

I TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that I have received the greater part of my

Fall and Winter Stock of CLOTHS, Comprising the Largest and most Varied Assortment I have ever offered in all the Leading Makers of

Scotch, English, French, and Canadian Fabrics. My Cutter, Mr. HOBBS, has just returned from New York, where he has taken a complete course in Mitchell's Celebrated Cutting School, and we are now prepared to produce most

Fashionable and Perfect Fitting Garments, And to give our Customers every satisfaction. All are cordially invited to call and examine our Stock. J. F. ALLISON.

MY THANKS

TO THE PUBLIC for the kind patronage extended to me on my old premises for the last 12 years.

MY REQUEST

Of the public a continuance of your favor, coupled with the promise of constant efforts to please you. C. A. BOWSER, MUSIC HALL BLOCK.

'83. JEWELLER'S HALL. '84.

The Cheapest Place TO BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER, WARE, CASES, RINGS, CARDS, RECEIVERS, GOOD SILVER, KNIVES, CRUT STANDS, JEWELRY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere. J. H. OGDEN, Sackville, Dec. 5, 1883. 41

Public Notice.

I HEREBY give notice that I intend to do a strictly CASH business in Sackville, commencing on January 1st, 1884, and that no books will be kept from that date, and that no Jobbing or Repaying will be done unless settled for when taken away. W. J. WOODS, Sackville, Dec. 4, 1883. 11

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of JOHN OULTON, late of Sackville, farmer, deceased, will present the same, duly attested, to the subscriber within three months; and all persons indebted to the Estate will pay the same to the subscriber. OLIVIA OULTON, Executor. Sackville, Nov. 30, 1883. 3m

Special Notice!

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that all Accounts due and requested to be PAID AT ONCE, as I will not render any Accounts but one, and if the same is not paid in due time, they will be handed in to a lawyer for collection. W. J. WOODS, Sackville, Dec. 4, 1883.

Odds and Ends.

The oldest couple in use—
The wedding-ring.

The grate mistake most people make is, that they think more of their cunning than they do of their honesty.—*Josh Billings.*

An Indiana man bet \$10 that he could ride the fly-wheel in a saw-mill, and as his widow paid the bet, she remarked: "William was a kind husband, but he didn't know much about fly-wheels."

My case is just this, said a citizen to a lawyer: "The plaintiff will swear that I hit him. I will swear that I did not. Now, what can you lawyers make out of that if we go to trial?" "A hundred dollars, easy," was the reply.

Dibbin had a horse which he called "Gruffy." "Very odd name," said a friend. "Not at all," responded Tom; "when I bought him it was Buy-o-Gruffy; when I mout him it was Top-o-Gruffy; and when I want him to go it's Gee-bo-Gruffy."

A gentleman took the following telegram to the telegraph office: "Mrs. Brown, Liverpool street, I announce with grief the death of Uncle James. Please come quickly to read will. I believe we are his heirs. John Black." The clerk, having counted the words, said: "There are two words too many, sir." "All right, cut out 'with grief,'" was the reply.

Cape Railway Terminus

THE subject of so much controversy has not been

FIXED AT LAST,

But the subscribers are happy to announce that they have now completed their

FALL IMPORTATIONS

Which, in all lines required in Country Trade, they offer at INDUCEMENTS, both in the character of their Goods and the LOWNESS of price that distances competition. Our Goods have been personally selected with great care for this market.

In Dress and Fancy Goods

They embrace all the Fashionable Novelties introduced during the season, and in this connection we beg to call attention to LADIES' WOOL DRESS GOODS in all the leading colors, and TRIMMINGS in Braids, Velveteens, Velvet Ribbons, &c. We offer a specially selected assortment of

Ready Made Clothing

Of good quality at low rates. Our STAPLES comprise a full stock at good value. We offer special inducements in

Crockeryware, Hardware, Woodware, Glassware, Boots & Shoes.

We are prepared to take orders for

Stoves and Hardware, and have now in stock an assortment of PARLOIR, HALL, BEDROOM and COOK STOVES, also STOVE-PIPES of all sizes. Also everything in stock.

Flour, Corn-Meal, Tea, Sugars, Molasses, and a full line of Fresh Groceries.

We also have a lot of SLACK COAL from the Old Union Mines for black-smithing purposes. For sale very cheap.

Crane & Harper, BAYFIELD, N. B.

MILLINERY!

MRS. C. H. BENT

WISHES to inform her friends and the public that she is prepared to do

ALL KINDS OF MILLINERY

In the Store, at Amherst, lately occupied by Mrs. Barnes, where she will be pleased to receive the FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE NEWEST STYLES in

Flowers, Feathers, HIRDS, WINGS, LACES, RIBBONS, RIBBON VELVETS, OTTOMAN SILKS, PLOTTIES, BLACK, CHAMP, AND SILVER.

And all Goods used for Millinery Purposes

Plush, Velvet and Felt Hats, In all the Newest Designs.

Ladies' and Children's Hoods and other Woollen Goods.

All kinds of Millinery, Fancy Work, including Felt, Plush, Cotton, Embroidery Silks, Cashmere and Berlin Wools, Hair Goods, Black Corsets and Braces in latest styles.

Warner's Health Corsets a specialty.

AN INSPECTION IS SOLICITED

AMHERST, N. S.

St. Lawrence Canals.

Notice to Contractors.

THE letting of the works at the upper entrance of the CORNWALL CANAL and those at the upper entrance of the RAPIDE PLAT CANAL, advertised to take place on the 13th day of November next, are unavoidably postponed to the following dates:—

Plans, specifications, &c., will be ready for examination at the places previously mentioned on and after Tuesday, the 20th day of November.

For the works at the head of the Galop Canal, tenders will be received until TUESDAY the eighteenth day of December. Plans and specifications, &c., can be seen at the places before mentioned on and after Tuesday the fourth day of December.

By Order, A. P. BRADLEY, Secretary.

Dept. of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 20th October, 1883. 361

LANDING.

2000 Bags LIVERPOOL SALT;

10 Barrels NEW CABBAGES;

20 Barrels DRIED APPLES;

20 Tons DRAINAGE W. LEAD;

25 Casks LINED OIL.

GEORGE S. DEFOREST,

18 South Wharf, ST. JOHN, N. B.

TEA

250 Half Chests of TEA.

Direct Importation. Now Landing.

GEORGE S. DEFOREST,

18 South Wharf, ST. JOHN, N. B.

FALL GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

J. E. HICKEY'S.

1 CASE COSTUME CLOTH, in dir.

1 Case Black and Colored Cashmeres;

1 Case Fawn and Fawn Plaid;

2 Cases Fawn and Fawn Plaid;

1 Case Black and Colored Velveteens;

1 Case Buttons, Trim & Smallwares;

1 Case Towels and Toweling;

1 Case Bed-Spreads, Quilts, &c.;

12 Pieces Grey Flannels;

12 Pieces Scarlet, White, Blue Flannels;

20 Pieces Cotton Flannels;

10 Pieces Crotona, Plain & Reversible;

10 Pieces Linen and Turkish Tabling;

100 Pieces Print Cotton, at cost;

3 Cases American Hats and Caps;

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