POOR COPY

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

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D G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.
TERMS—$1,50 a Year, in Advance

BUSINESS NOTICE.

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The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of Northumberland (Miramichi and Restigouche (New Brunswick), and in Bonaventure and Gaspe (Quebec), among communities engaged in Lumbering, Shipping and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior advantages to advertisers. Address

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CURES
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DIARRHŒA,
AND
ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. In a safe, sure, and effectual Destroyer of worms in Children or Adults

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS COLDS HOARSENESS, ETC.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE.
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
E. MILBURN & Co., Proprietors, Toronto.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents: five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO.,
New York City.

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WAVERLEY HOTEL.
NEWCASTLE,----------MIRAMICHI, N B
THIS HOUSE has lately been refurnished, and every possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travelers,
ON LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT ON THE PREMISES.
L ke of Waverly House, St. John.) ALEX. STEWART, Proprietor

Canada House,
Corner Water and St. John Streets,
CHATHAM.
LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM.
Every attention paid to
THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.
Located in the business centre of the town. Stabling and Stable Attendance first rate.
WM. JOHNSTON, PROPRIETOR.

REVERE HOUSE.
Near Railway Station,
Campbellton, N. B.
formerly the Union Hotel, kept by Mrs. Grogan
Comfortable accommodation for permanent and transient guests. Commercial Travellers will also be provided with
Sample Rooms,
GOOD STABLING on the premises.
Daniel Desmond
Proprietor

ADAMS HOUSE,
ADJOINING BANK OF MONTREAL,
WELLINGTON ST, CHATHAM, N. B.
This HOTEL has been entirely
REFURNISHED,
throughout and every possible arrangement made to ensure the Comfort of Guests.
Sample Rooms,
—AND—
BILLIARD HALL
ON THE PREMISES; ALSO—
GOOD STABLING
—IN CONNECTION.—
TEAMS will be in attendance on the arrival of all trains.
THOMAS FLANAGAN, Proprietor

EARLE'S HOTEL
Cor. Canal & Centre Streets,
NEAR BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.
The best Hotel in the lower part of the City for Tourists, Professional and Business Men, Commercial Travellers, Agents, Etc., Substantial appointments, centrally located and most economical in PRICES
This Hotel has been Newly and Handsomely Furnished and Decorated. Contains a Grand Exchange, Passenger Elevator, Railroad and Steamboat Ticket, Telegraph Office and Billiard Room
The House can be reached by Horse Cars, Stages and Elevated Railroad, and is conveniently located and accessible to places of amusement and business, including Coney Island, Rockaway Manhattan and Brighton Beach, Central Park, High Bridge, Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklin Bridge, Starle's Glen Island, Bartholdi Statue, "Liberty Enlightening the World," etc. We have first-class accomodation for 400 guests, and our building being four stories high, and with numerous stairways, is considered the safest Hotel in the city in case of fire.
Branch Office, SEYMOUR, BAKER & CO, members N Y. Stock and Produce Exchanges, and Chicago Board of Trade. Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum, bought and sold for Cash on margins DIRECT WIRE TO CHICAGO.
Sanitary and Fire Arrangements Perfect, Location the Most Healthy in the City.
Ferdinand P. Earle,
Owner & Proprietor
EARLE'S NEW PALATIAL HOTEL
The Normandie,
BROADWAY & 38TH STREET.
European Plan; Restaurant Unsurpassed.
Waterbrook, Inspector of Buildings, says, "Every room is a place of security for its occupants, as the house is ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF." Steam heat, speaking tubes, electric bells, fire and burglar alarms attached to all rooms.
FERDINAND P. EARLE,
Resident Proprietor.

CEDAR SHINGLES,
PINE CLAPBOARDS, HEMLOCK BOARDS.
Dimensions Pine Lumber etc., etc.,
FOR SALE BY
GEO. BURCHILL & SONS

A NEW INVENTION
NO BACKACHE.
RUNS EASY
IN USE
70 Cords of Beech have been Sawed by one man in nine hours. Hundreds have sawed 5 and 6 cords daily. "Exactly" what every Farmer and Wood Chopper wants. First order from your vicinity secures the Agency. No Duty to pay, we manufacture in Canada. Write for Illustrated Catalogue sent FREE to all. Address FOLDING SAWING MACHINE CO., 308 to 311 S. Canal St., Chicago, Ill.

Wrought Iron Pipe
—AND—
FITTINGS.
GLOBE & CHECK VALVES.
BABBIT METAL.
RUBBER PACKING.
Cotton Waste, Etc., Etc.
J. M. RUDDOCK.
Chatham, N. B.

Cheese. Cheese.
LANDING TO-DAY:
413 Boxes Late Made Cheese
For sale low in lots by
C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.,
ST. JOHN.

For Sale and to Let.

DWELLING HOUSE
For Sale or to Let.
The Subscriber offers for sale or to let the dwelling house, barn and premises on King St., Chatham, now occupied by him. The property is wellsuited for a boarding House or private dwelling. Terms made known on application.
David McIntosh.

FOR SALE.
The lot of land cornering on Duke and Cunard Streets, Chatham, and known as the
WESLEYAN CHURCH PROPERTY.
This lot has a frontage of 93½ feet on Cunard St. and 50 feet on Duke St. and will be sold with buildings &c., as they now stand. This is one of the
BEST BUSINESS STANDS IN TOWN.
The buildings are in good repair and suitable
FOR WAREHOUSE OR FACTORY.
Possession given at once. Price low and term moderate.
J. B. SNOWBALL.

TO LET OR SELL.
The property in the west end of Chatham on the easterly side of Samuel Waddleton's lands known as the Rogers' place. Possession given immediately. For further particulars apply to
ROBT. MURRAY,
Attorney-at-Law.
Chatham, N. B., May 9th 1887.

FOR SALE.
A Brodwood & Son Piano, and Cabinet Organ, can be seen any day at my residence,
R HUTCHISON
Douglastown, 7th Oct., 1887

FARM for SALE.
The Subscriber offers for Sale his extensive and well known farm, on the right bank of the Tabusintac River at the end of the great road bridge crossing the same.
The property embraces one hundred and forty acres, seventy-five of which are under high cultivation. It produced this year (1887) 25 tons hay, 160 bushels wheat, 200 bushels oats, 60 bushels barley, 40 bushels peas, 900 bushels potatoes, besides other small crops.
It has on it a dwelling suitable for a hotel, a large barn, outhouses etc, one of the latter being 80 x 12 ft. There is a never-failing spring of water close to the house.
An inexhaustible bed of mussel-mud lies in front of the farm and this first class fertiliser is easily obtained.
Steamers and other large craft can lie at the bridge wharf rendering water carriage as well as land-conveyance easily available.
This is one of the best chances ever offered for a good farmer wishing to locate on the Miramichi.
For further particulars apply to D. G. Smith, Advance office, Chatham or to the owner, on the premises,
C. H. BOUCHER

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.
The Dwelling House situated on Sheriff Street, lately occupied by Mr. P. Loggie,
Apply to
J B. SNOWBALL.

Horse For Sale.
The subscriber will sell either of the following animals:—
A mare 7 years old, weight 1150 lbs., suitable for general purposes—or
A four-year-old filly, weight 1070 lbs., sired by Hambletonian and promises speed.
Both are sound and kind in harness
Apply to
WM KERR,
Chatham, Sept 7, 1887 9-29

JOHN McDONALD,
UNDERTAKER.
CASKET & COFFINS
of all kinds and prices kept in Stock.
Metallic and Patent Coffins,
furnished when required
Badges for Pall Bearers, Clergymen and Physicians Furnished.
Burial Robes also Supplied.
Prompt attention to all Orders day

COFFINS & CASKETS
The Subscriber has on hand at his shop a superior assortment of
ROSEWOOD & WALNUT COFFINS,
COFFIN FINDINGS
AND IROBES,
which he will supply at reasonable rates.
BADGES FOR PALL BEARERS also supplied
WM. McLEAN, - Undertaker

MIRAMICHI STONE WORKS!
John H. Lawlor & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
MARBLE, GRANITE AND FREESTONE

Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, Etc., Etc.,
CUT STONE of all descriptions furnished
CHATHAM N. B.

WM. WYSE, Auctioneer
—AND—
Commission Merchant,
—has removed to the—
GOLDEN BALL CORNER
the commodious warerooms recently occupied by
FOTHERINGHAM & CO.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
Quick returns made, Real Estate and Furniture sales promptly attended to.
WM. WYSE.

W. & R. Brodie
GENERAL
Commission Merchants
AND
DEALERS IN
FLOUR PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.
No. 16, ARTHUR STREET,
Next the Bank of Montreal
QUEBEC.

General Business.

BARREL HOOPS.
—FOR SALE—
4,000 Shaved Sucker ASH Barrel Hoops.
T. W. FLETT,
Nelson, May 12.

NEW METHODIST CHURCH.
ST. LUKE'S.
Persons wishing to rent PEWS or SITTINGS in the above Church, will have an opportunity of doing so every Wednesday evening between 7 and 7.30 o'clock, when the Church will be open and an official in attendance. Persons wishing Sittings should apply early, as most of the seats are now engaged,
GEO. WHITTAKER,
for Trustees

SHILOTH'S CONSUMPTION CURE
is sold on a guarantee and money refunded if not satisfactory, sold only in Chatham at the
MEDICAL HALL,
where every PATENT MEDICINE mentioned in this paper is to be found.

Our Prescription Department,
is very complete and always in charge of a qualified person. PRESCRIPTIONS sent to our address will be carefully packed and sent to any part of Country by Mail or Express. We make a specialty of PRESCRIPTIONS and FAMILY RECIPES. Address
J. D. B. F. Mackenzie,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, — Chatham, N. B

A GIFT
Send 10 cent postage, and we will mail you free a royal valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money at work, than anything else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immense pay sure for those who start at once. STINSON & Co. Portland Maine.

FIRE BRICK.
Ex S. S. Clifton
—20,000—
PRIME WELSH FIRE BRICK
FOR SALE
NEW BRUNSWICK
TRADING COMPANY.
Notice to Mill Owners

The Subscriber is prepared to furnish this Patent Log Carriage Shifting Machine, to any parties requiring the same, or supply drawings, etc., to enable parties to manufacture it for themselves.
The above is in use in several Mills on this River and perfect satisfaction is guaranteed.
Full information given by application to the Subscriber
ROBERT McGUIRE

TIN SHOP.
As I have now on hand a larger and better assortment of goods than ever before, comprising
Japanned, Stamped
—AND—
Plain Tinware,
would invite those about to purchase, to call and inspect before buying elsewhere, as I am now selling below former prices for cash.
The Peerless Creamer,
ROCHESTER LAMP,
The Success OIL STOVE
—Also a nice selection of—
Parlor and Cooking Stove
with PATENT TELESCOPIC OVEN
the lining of which can be taken out for cleaning thereby doing away with the removing of pipe oven as is the trouble with other stoves.
A. C. McLean.

SAMPLES DOMINION
Horse Liniment.
THE BEST EXTERNAL REMEDY before the public for Lameness, Spavins, Sweeny, Sprains, Swollen and Stiff Joints, Scratches, Cracked and Greasy Heels, Harness Galls, Cuts, Sores of long standing, Fistula, Poll Evil, Warts, Swellings and Bruises of all kinds.
Also, will eradicate Lumps on the Head and Neck of Cattle; will cure Cuts and Burns upon the Human Body; also, Frost Bites, Chilblains and Salt Rheum.
Sold wholesale by J. D. B. F. Mackenzie and retail trade.

WE SELL
POTATOES,
SPILING, BARK,
R. R. Ties, Lumber, Laths,
Canned Lobsters, Mackerel, Berries,
Potatoes, Fish, Etc.
Best Prices for all Shipments.
Write fully for Quotations
Hatheway & Co.
General Commission Merchants,
22 Central Wharf, BOSTON.
Members of Board of Trade, Corn and Mechanic exchanges

MIRAMICHI
STEAM BRICK WORKS.
The subscribers are now carrying on the business of
BRICK MANUFACTURING
on an extensive scale.
They are located near a siding of the Intercolonial Railway. All orders attended to promptly. Brick delivered f. o. b. cars, or at wharf,
Address all orders to
G. A. & H. S. FLETT.
Nelson Miramichi, N. B, May 2, 1887

APPLES!
1 CAR
Nova Scotia Apples,
1 CAR
CANADIAN APPLES.
CHOICE KINDS.
Lowest Prices.
G. STOTHART.
November 2nd, 1887.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR THE
'MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.'

GENERAL BUSINESS

CHATHAM RAILWAY.
WINTER 1887-8.
On and after MONDAY, NOV. 28TH, Trains will run on this Railway, in connection with the Intercolonial Railway, daily, (Sunday nights excepted) as follows—

GOING NORTH.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.	No. 1 EXPRESS.	No. 3 ACCOM'DATION	THROUGH TIME TABLE	EXPRESS.	ACCOM'DATION.
Leave Chatham,	12.10 a. m.	2.30 p.m.	Leave Chatham,	12.10 a. m.	2.30 p m
Arrive Chatham Junc.,	12.40 "	3.00 "	Arrive Bathurst,	3.22 "	5.48 "
Leave "	1.10 "	3.15 "	" Campbellton,	5.45 "	9.00 "
Arrive Chatham,	1.40 "	3.45 "	Dalhousie,	5.55 "	9 55 "

GOING SOUTH.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.	No. 2 EXPRESS.	No. 4 ACCOM'DATION	THROUGH TIME TABLE.	EXPRESS	ACCOM'DATION
Chatham, Leave,	12.10 a m	11.00 a m	Leave Chatham,	12.10 a. m	11.00 a m
Chatham Junc'n, Arrive,	12.40 "	11.30 "	Arrive Moncton	3.40 "	3.20 p m
" " Leave,	1.10 "	11.40 "	" St John		
Chatham, Arrive,	1.40 "	12.10 p m	" Halifax		

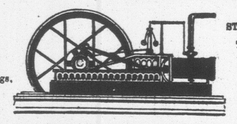
Trains leave Chatham on Saturday night to connect with Express going South, which runs through to St. John, and Halifax and with the Express going North which lies over at Campbellton.
Close connections are made with all passenger Trains both DAY and NIGHT on the Intercolonial.
☞ Pullman Sleeping Cars run through to St. John on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and to Halifax Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from St. John, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Halifax Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
The above Table is made up on I. C. Railway standard time, which is 75th meridian time.
All the local Trains stop at Nelson Station, both going and returning, if signaled.
All freight for transportation over this road, if above Fourth (4th) Class, will be taken delivery of at the Union Wharf, Chatham, and forwarded free of Truckage Custom House Entry or other charges.
Special attention given to Shipments of Fish

NORTHERN AND WESTERN RAILWAY.
WINTER Arrangement.
On and after MONDAY, OCT. 24th, until further notice, trains will run on the above Railway, daily, as follows:—

CHATHAM TO FREDERICTON. LEAVE			FREDERICTON TO CHATHAM. LEAVE		
Chatham	7.45	a. m.	Gibson	6.45	a. m.
" Junction	8.35	"	Marysville	7.10	"
Blackville	9.30	"	Cross Creek	8.20	"
Doaktown (arrive 10.40)	11.00	"	Boiestown	9.45	"
Boiestown	12.00	"	Doaktown (arrive 10.25)	10.45	"
Cross Creek	1.20	p. m.	Blackville	12 00	"
Marysville	2.50	"	Chatham Junc. (arrive 1.00)	1.20	p. m.
Gibson (arrive)	3.00	"	Chatham (arrive)	1.50	"

The above trains will also stop when signalled at the following flag Stations:—Nelson, Derby Siding, Upper Nelson Boom, Chelmsford, Grey Rapids, Upper Blackville, Blissfield, Stewart's, Ludlow, Astle Crossing, Clearwater, Portage Road, Forbes' Siding, Upper Cross Creek, Covered Bridge, Zionville, Durham, Nashwaak, Manzer's Siding, Penniac
CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY for all points east and west, and at Gibson with the N. B. RAILWAY system for St. John and all Western points; also at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

Miramichi Foundry
—AND—
MACHINE WORKS
CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
Malleable Iron,
Steam and Water Pipe,
Tees, Elbows, Reducers,
Union and other Couplings,
Globe and Check Valves,

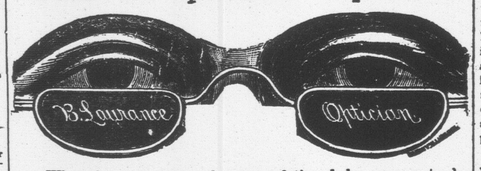


STEAMSHIPS TUGS, YACHTS, LAUNCHES BARGES, Etc., Built and Repaired.
General Iron and Brass Founders, Mill and Steamboat Builders.
Manufacturers of Steam Engines and Boilers, Gang and Rotary Saw Mills, Gang Edgers, Shingle and Lath Machines, and Well-Boring Machines for Horse and steam power.
Pond's Wisconsin Patent Rotary Saw Carriage a Specialty.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED
WM. MUIRHEAD, Proprietor, GEO. DICK Mechanical Sup

THE PEOPLE REJOICING AT
OUR TREMENDOUS SALE OF
Summer Dry Goods!
A Chasm or Low Prices which strike competitors dumb.
Sutherland & Creaghan,
Wholesale and Retail Direct Importers
Newcastle.
P S. See our large circular and Price List.

1887. **London House.** 1887.
During the Winter the subscriber will sell the balance of his stock of
USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES
—PRICES UNDER COST.—
Has also on hand a good stock of GROCERIES, a choice assortment of TEAS the best value in the market, from 20c. to 40c per lb.
—IN STORE—
FLOUR, CORNMEAL, OATMEAL,
PORK, LARD, BUTTER,
TOBACCO, SOAP, and SUGAR
R. Hocken.

LAURENCE'S SPECTACLES.
When are Spectacles Required?



When the eyes water or become so fatigued by use as to be obliged to be frequently closed or relieved by viewing different objects
When more light is required than formerly.
When the letters of a book appear to blend with one another or to become double.
When the lamp has to be placed between the eye and the object.
When objects cannot be seen without holding them at an increased distance.
When much difficulty is found in threading a needle.
When the eyes appear confused as though they had a mist before them.
When black specks seem floating in the sight
When any of the above indications arise all affectation should be laid aside and a pair of Laurences Spectacle's or eye Glasses should be worn immediately.
Good fitting glasses are a great comfort. Our facilities for testing the sight and suiting the age are not surpassed anywhere—Prices to suit everybody.
AT THE MEDICAL HALL
J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE.
Chatham, NB, Feb. 17th, '86.

Miramichi Advance.
CHATHAM, N. B. - - DECEMBER 8, 1887.

The New County Jail.

The new County Jail is nearing completion. All the brick work, it is expected, will be finished this week, the plastering is about done, and all that remains to complete the building are the interior fittings peculiar to a prison.

The building, which was commenced in July, is built of brick. It is a two story and basement structure, 55 feet long and 45 feet wide. The basement will contain the heating apparatus, which will probably not be fitted up before next fall. There are thirteen cells on the lower flat, each 11 feet long by 6 2-3 feet wide, with 12 foot ceiling. The walls are 17 inches thick, cemented inside. The cells are arranged in two rows in the centre of the building, with a corridor about four feet wide running along each side of them. The cells are small and gloomy, and, though they are a great improvement upon the ones in the old jail in the matter of pure air and healthy accommodation they afford no interesting landscape views which were a great relief to the occupants of the old jail. They are filled with flushing water closets, the water being supplied from a cistern in the attic, to which it will be pumped from a well in the basement. The doors of the cells are made of strong heavy bar iron. The cells seem secure enough for the most desperate of prisoners. If a prisoner did manage to get through the wall of his cell, it would be to meet another of similar thickness between him and liberty, through which there would be a very small possibility of his being able to penetrate without detection. There is also a private office for the sheriff on the first floor.

On the second floor are the deputy's apartments and the debtors' cells. A broad hallway runs the length of the building, three rooms on the north side and two on the south side of which are occupied by the deputy. The debtors' cells are in the eastern corner of the building and are large and well lighted. The largest is 16 by 15, the other two are 16 by 12. There is a good view from each window, which in summer time will be quite cheering to those who have been unfortunate enough to have incurred the anger of their creditors.

A sewer to the river is yet to be constructed. The work will probably be commenced early in the spring.

The contract for the whole building was awarded to Mr. John McDonald, of Chatham, for $7,800, who sublet the brick and plaster work to B. Mooney & Sons, of St. John. All the bricks used were supplied from the Miramichi Steam Brick Works of G. A. & H. S. Flett of Nelson. Mr. Dan Grant, of New Glasgow, was the architect of the building, but as his original plans were for a stone building they were considerably altered to suit the recommendation of the County Council that the building be built of brick. The plastering is being done by Mr. Thos. Russell, of Newcastle. The building was erected under the inspectorship of Mr. George Brown.

The building, which rests on a strong stone foundation, presents a very handsome appearance. The County is to be congratulated in the possession of such a substantial and serviceable jail, and the great improvement that will be made in the care of prisoners. It must not be thought, however, that prisoners in the new jail will enjoy anything bordering on the luxurious. Far from it. While a prisoner will have the advantages of purer air, better sewerage and healthier conditions than existed in the old jail, the gloominess of his surroundings will be increased, for he is shut off entirely from the outside world. Anyone who has been incarcerated for a time in one of these cells and has been discharged, will not be very anxious to find his way back.

The old Court House looks more dilapidated than ever since the new jail rose into view, ann seems a very unsuitable companion for the imposing brick structure in the rear. However, it is probably sufficient for the present and the County will not feel like incurring any more expense in that direction for a few years, but it is a question of only a short time when the people will have as suitable a building for the dispensing of justice as for the punishment of crime

Death of a Wild Man.

CIVILIZATION KILLED HIM, AND HIS FAMILY WILL TAKE TO THE WOODS.

(From the Galvaston News.)

BEAUMONT, TEX.,—For over twenty years a wild man by the name of Richardson, with his family, consisting of his wife, with an occasional child added, have inhabited the woodland thickets of Jasper and Harden counties, hiding hither and thither as occasion might require, subsisting on the native produce of the forest, such as acorns, roots, &c., and when opportunity offered the decaying flesh of dead wild animals. In their wooded retreat, hedged in by an almost impenetrable thicket, this strange family lived untrammelled by the rules of civilized society. This life they led until about three months ago, when, unwittingly wandering within three miles of Beaumont, the family, apparently almost overcome with sickness and hunger, and unable to wander further, were captured by passers by and brought here.

The Church appointed a committee, who rented a house for them and undertook to furnish them with all the substantials of life, but old gray heads shook at the action of the committee. That man will die, they said, if you put him in a house where he is protected from the elements; treatment of this kind will kill them; all they need is plenty of rain and sunshine, cold and heat, a hollow log or grassy meadow to sleep in. But the fated hand of civilization was placed upon them. In a comfortable house the tender hands of the first ladies of the land nursed them; preachers prayed for them; they were furnished medicine by the skilled hand of an allophatic physician, fed on the best the market afforded; but notwithstanding all the kind treatment the predictions of the gray heads became true, and the wild spirit of the man, the child of nature, and an inhabitant of nature's wild forests, winged its way to the happy hunting grounds of eternal rest. The survivors will now witness the strange sight of see ing the father and husband laid to his eternal rest in the bosom of mother earth, in a coffin made by skilled workmen of some great city, and paid out of the coffers of Jefferson county, while they look on and wonder like some dumb creature at the strange proceedings. The survivors of this strange family will, no doubt, betake themselves to their former retreat, as the toil and worry, and work especially, is exceedingly distasteful to them.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS

Archbishop McGettigan, of Armagh, Primate of all Ireland, is dead.

If your child is suffering from worms, we would recommend you to give at once Dr. McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup, it is not only a safe and effectual remedy, but an exceedingly pleasant one.

Nil Disperandum

"Never despair," is a good motto for all. If afflicted with any lingering disease, remember "while there is life there is hope." Never despair of relief until you have tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It cures diseases of the stomach, liver and blood when all other medicines fail."

Mr. Sheehy M. P. has been arrested and placed in Sligo gaol.

BAIRD'S FRENCH OINTMENT cures Itching of the Scalp, or any Eruptions thereon, it stimulates the growth of the Hair, a small quantity applied to the head of children keeps them in a clean and healthy condition.

Mr. Sexton M. P. was elected Lord Mayor of Dublin on last Thursday.

In A Dreadful Condition

Hattie E. Manthorn, of Mill Village, Ont., says. "My cough was dreadful, I could not sleep at nights on account of it, but when I used Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I had rest and was quickly cured. All druggists sell this invaluable cough remedy.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.

For Children and Pulmonary Troubles.

Dr. W. S. Hoy, Point Pleasant, W. Va., says: "I have made a thorough test with Scott's Emulsion in Pulmonary Troubles and General Debility, and have been astonished at the good results; for children with Rickets or Marasmus it is unequalled." Put up in 50c. and $1 size.

The British Parliament is to meet on February 16th.

A Hint to Housekeepers.

Mrs. Robert Williamson, of Glenila, Parry Sound, Ont., says, "I could not keep house without Hagyard's Yellow Oil at hand. I have used it in my family for croup, sore throat, and a cut foot and can highly recommend it to everybody."

The Belgian Government has adopted a new repeating rifle for army use.

A Claim Verified.

B. B. B. claims to cure all curable diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys and blood. That it actually performs all its claims, is proven by testimonials from parties which none can dispute. Send for testimonials of remarkable cures.

Father is Getting Well.

My daughter's say:
"How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters.
He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable.
"And we are so glad that he used your Bitters."—LADY of Utica, N. Y.

Edward Harrington, M. P., has been arrested for publishing League proceedings.

A Postmaster's Opinion.

I have great pleasure in certifying to the usefulness of Hagyard's Yellow Oil," writes D. Kavanagh, postmaster, of Umfraville, Ont., "having used it for soreness of the toroat, burns, colds, etc., I find nothing equal to it."

The Manitoba Legislature is to be called for business early in January, when the fate of the Norquay Government will be settled one way or other.

A Matter of Economy.

As a matter of economy B. B. B. is the cheapest medicine in use for it takes less to cure chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood, than of any other known remedy. B. B. B. is only One Dollar a bottle.

Did She Die?

"No
"She lingered and suffered long, pining away all the time for years."
"The doctors doing her no good;"
"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about.
"Indeed! Indeed!"
"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

DISFRANCHISED.

[From the Boston Courier.]

"'Tis near election time," said he,
"As by the papers you may know, love;
Suppose then that we vote to see
If I shall kiss you ere I go, love?"
The gentle maiden blushed and said,
"I think it is a foolish notion,
But if you wish it, go ahead
I'll vote with you upon the motion."
He put the question, thundered, "Aye,"
Her "No," low spoken passed unnoted;
He hugged and kissed the maiden shy
The moment after he had voted.
"Oh, John, I voted 'No,'" said she,
"I know you did, my darling Kitty,
But women cannot vote, you see,
Excepting for the school committe.

A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery."
From a complication of the kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility.
Under the care of the best physicians, Who gave her disease various names, "But no relief."
"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it."—THE PARENTS.

TAILORING.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to tender his thanks to the public of Miramichi who have so liberally patronised his business at his late stand and to inform them that he has removed to his new premises on Water Street, next door to the store of J. B. Snowball, Esq., where he will be glad to welcome all old customers and to make the acquaintance of new ones. He has on hand a most complete new stock of
All Kinds of Cloths,
from which selection may be made for
Suits or single Garments
inspection of which is respectfully invited.
F. O. PETTERSON.

Shingle Wood.
Wanted a quantity of good cedar shingle wood at the Factory, Duke Street, Chatham.
GEO CASSIDY

Patents,
Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.
Upon receipts of Model or Sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability Free of Charge.
FEES MODERATE, and I make NO CHARGE unless PATENT IS SECURED. Information, advice and special references sent on application.
J. R. LITTLE, Washington, D. C.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office.

General Business.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED

CAPITAL PRIZE $300,000.

L.S.L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Grand Semi-Annual Drawings regularly every six months (June and December).

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

J. H. OGLESBY,
Pres. Louisiana National Bank.
PIERRE LANAUX,
Pres. State National Bank
A. BALDWIN,
Pres. New Orleans National Bank.
CARL KOHN,
Pres. Union National Bank.

GRAND
SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING
In the Academy of Music, New Orleans,
Tuesday, December 13, 1887.

Capital Prize, $300,000

100000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Halves $10; Quarters $5. Tenths $2; Twentieths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES

1 PRIZE OF $300,000		$300,000
1 PRIZE OF	70,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 is	25,000
2 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF	5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF	500 are	50,000
250 PRIZES OF	200 are	50,000
500 PRIZES OF	200 are	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of $500 approximating to $300,000 Prize are	50,000
100 Prizes of $300 approximating to $100,000 Prize are	30,000
100 Prizes of $200 approximating to $50,000 Prize are	20,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

1,000 Prizes of $100 decided by Prize are	$300,000
1,000 Prizes of $100 decided by Prize are	$100,000
126 Prizes amounting to	$1,055,000

For Club Rates, or any further information, apply to the undersigned. Your handwriting must be distinct and signature plain. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

Send POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (at our expense) addressed to

M. A. Dauphin,
New Orleans, La.
or M. A. DAUPHIN,
Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of General Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a Prize.

REMEMBER That the payment of all Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are Signed by the President of an Institution whose chartered rights are recognised in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes.

ROYAL
ROYAL ROSE BAKING POWDER
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and Wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

—FOR—
BOSTON
—via the—
PALACE STEAMERS
OF THE

International S. S. Co.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

One of the Steamers of this line will leave ST. JOHN as 8 a. m. every MONDAY, and THURSDAY, for BOSTON via EASTPORT and PORTLAND.

For tickets and all information apply to E. JOHNSON, AGENT, Chatham, or to your nearest ticket agent.

B. COYLE, JR Gen. Mgr. Portland. | E. A. WALDRON Gen. Pass. Agt.

Caution & Notice.

I hereby caution any and all persons against giving employment to my son, James Walls, a minor, without first making arrangements with me in reference thereto, as I shall hold them responsible to me for his wages.

And I further give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the said James Walls.

DUDLEY P. WALLS.
Chatham, Oct 5th, 1887.

Cheese! Cheese!

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE:
2,500 BOXES
Factory Cheese,
For sale low in lots by
C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.

General Business.

We are Clearing Out
OUR STOCK
now on hand at
A SACRIFICE.

We offer greater bargains than ever in
WATCHES,
JEWELRY
SILVER PLATED WARE,
And General Fancy Goods.
Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes,
and Smokers' requisites at prices away below the lowest, and quality the best.
Sole Agents for the celebrated
RALEIGH CUT PLUG
SMOKING TOBACCO.
TRY IT and be convinced of its Excellence.

L. HARRIS & SON.
Chatham, N. B., Sept., 8th 1887.

THE STAR
SAFETY RAZOR.
PATENTED JUNE 1880.
MEDAL OF
SUPERORITY AWARDED
—BY—
AMERICAN INSTITUTE 1882.
—THE BEST—
RAZOR in USE
Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS.
G. STOTHART,
Chatham NB.

TO SKATERS.
100 PAIRS Whelpley's Imperial and Express
CLUB SKATES
at reduced prices, from,
$2.50 to $1.00 per pair
until Christmas.
Wm. Wyse.
Chatham, 27 Nov. 1887.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
—xxx—
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT COST.
WE INTEND TO SELL OUR
LARGE and well ASSORTED
STOCK of BOOTS & SHOES at Cost, to make room for other goods.
Loggie & Co.

TO LET.
The Hotel and premises known as the Revere House, Lower Water Street Chatham N. B. now held by Daniel Desmond and at present occupied by Mrs. Annie Walsh. Good Stabling on the premises. Possession given immediately.
Apply to
L. J. TWEEDIE

REMOVAL
—OF—
MARBLE WORKS.
The Subscriber has removed his works from the Ferry Wharf, Water Street, to the premises adjoining Ullock's Livery Stable, Corner of Duke and Cunard Streets, Chatham, where he is prepared to execute orders for
Monuments, Head Stones, Tablets and Cemetery Work
generally; also, COUNTER and TABLE TOPS and other miscellaneous marble and FINE STONE work.
A good stock of marble constantly on hand
EDWARD BARRY

Billiard Table and
FITTINGS
FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale a Billiard Table, Balls and other fittings worth $275.00. He will sell at a bargain on reasonable terms. The table is in good order.
R. B. ADAMS.
Chatham, Sept. 14.

SEND FOR
SAMPLES
of FAIREY'S 25c All Wool
GREY FLANNELS.
Fairey's New Dress Goods.
Samples of any goods sent on application to
B. FAIREY, - - Newcastle.

IT COSTS NOTHING
to have
YOUR EYES EXAMINED
at MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL, Chatham and a pair of Spectacles or Eye Glasses
FITTED SCIENTIFICALLY.
Don't injure your sight by using a common pair of glasses. No charge for consultation.
HUNDREDS FITTED AND DELIGHTED
J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE
THE MEDICAL HALL
CHATHAM, Oct., 6th 1886.

Miramichi Advance,

CHATHAM, N. B. - - DECEMBER 8, 1887.

Is it Envy?

Our genial friend, the St. John *Globe*, appears to oppose the projected establishment of a new short line for mail and passenger traffic between Liverpool and Montreal via Shippegan. It does not attack the scheme directly, but intimates that it is one designed only to secure "possibilities for contractors, stock brokers and bonus seekers." The same kind of insinuation might have been made in connection with the railways leading into St. John; or with the cantilever bridge, or the proposed bridge at Navy Island. If the same spirit prevailed on the North Shore, we would not have joined the *Globe* in its demand that the transatlantic mail steamers subsidized by the Dominion should touch at St. John instead of Portland. Is it because St. John is jealous of Shippegan's natural advantages that the *Globe* seeks to discount and decry the efforts of those who are bringing them prominently before the public? It looks very much like it. The same cry was raised by the St. John papers where we were seeking aid for the Northern & Western railway. Indeed, the belief of our St. John friends seems to be that we, at the north, exist in order that the last possible cent may be squeezed out of us in the way of stumpage as well as for Federal taxation, while we are to be prevented from participating in the benefits of public aid for any undertaking which does not make us more or less dependent on our St. John neighbors. Fortunately, we are out of leading strings, and, in the matter of aid for our public enterprises, are not dependent on St John or its influence. It has never been disposed to help us, and we do not think it is able to hinder us, though it seems ungratefully willing to do so.

The Unacknowledged Blunder.

When we published the resolutions of the Quebec Conference a few weeks ago, we directed attention to a statement made by the *Sun* and repeated with more or less commas, by the *Times* and other conservative papers, to the effect that, under the financial propositions New Brunswick would not receive an additional cent. As this province would really receive $130,000 more from the Dominion than it does at present, it was manifest that the *Sun* and the smaller papers which so faithfully repeat its statements, had overlooked the $150,000 that we receive in lieu of export duty, and our remarks were made with a view of having these papers correct their error. Not one of them, however, has yet done so. The *Telegraph* referred to the matter on Thursday last and pointed out the *Sun's* mistake, but that paper, in a specious article, designed to evade the main issue, failed to acknowledge the misstatement it had made, proving that it prefers to mislead such of its readers as are ignorant, rather than to do justice to the Attorney General and Provincial Secretary, who happen to be liberals.

About Tin.

If the commercial despatches are not considerably astray, tin will be much higher in price for a time than it has been. It is stated that speculators have bought up all the tin in the London market, all in Liverpool, which supplies London with the crude material, and all *en route* to both markets, so that they have the business practically cornered. A despatch from Chicago, which is perhaps the largest packing centre in the United States, says:—

The syndicate will have control of the market until the middle of January, anyhow, and it is probable the break in high prices will not come until February. On Wednesday the price of tin was 32½ cents per pound. Then it rose to 32¾ cents and 33¼ cents, and yesterday it reached 34½ cents. Since 1873 the price of tin has never been over 26 cents. In London the price is now £152, spot, and £145 per ton, three months, sellers' option. Prices will yet go higher, but the figures cannot be estimated. As the English tin plate mills have shut down the source of supply for this country is cut off, and the consumption here having been rapidly on the increase those who use or make cans are in a bad fix.

The speculators in New York are greatly worried, as they have been operating a good deal in tin plate lately, expecting a drop. Canners, packers and oystermen also have neglected to make their contracts for cans, expecting a drop, and therefore they do not know what to do. If they buy cans at present prices they will be heavy losers. If they fail to fill their contracts they will lose their customers. Whatever they may decide to do, they will come out at the little end of the horn.

Baird Resigns.

Mr. Geo. F. Baird of Queen's County, who occupied Mr. G. G. King's seat in the House of Commons at Ottawa last session, and pocketed that gentleman's indemnity, has been forced by the fear of being kicked out when parliament again meets, to tender his resignation, which has been accepted. He states, we understand, that he "placed his resignation in the hands of the Conservatives" nine months ago. No one believes that story, however, unless he may possibly have made returning officer Dunn the repository of the document and instructed him not to make use of it. It is announced that Baird is to again offer as a candidate for the vacancy, and if so the government will spare no effort to secure his election.

Lumber Shipments to the U. K., Continent, etc.

The shipping season being at an end for this year, the returns from the different ports may be expected with little delay. Those already at hand indicate that the shrinkage of exports is not so great as was anticipated at some of the principal ports, although one, at least, will, doubtless, show a very material falling off.

MIRAMICHI.

The Miramichi shipments for 1887 to the United Kingdom, Continent, Africa, etc. are as follows:—

Shippers	No. Vis.	Tons.	Sup.ft deals, Scant'g. ends and boards.
J. B. Snowball,	43	24,854	21,681,332
Wm. Richards	19	12,288	11,393,833
D. & J. Ritchie,	19	10,857	10,277,599
N. R. Trading Co.	19	10,657	8,924,163
E. Hutchison,	13	8,097	7,769,923
G. Burchill & Sons,	5	3,297	3,663,930
W. M. McKay,	4	3,133	2,877,200
G. K. McLeod,	2	1,035	997,500
Geo. McKeen,	1	686	657,048
A. Morrison,	1	598	520,000
	126	755,43	68,121,629

Of lumber, other than "deals, etc, the following were shipped:—

Shipper.	Palings	Tons Birch Timber	Broom Handles
J. B. Snowball,	1,463,650	152	
D. & J. Ritchie,	135,500	5	
N. R. trading Co.	16,502		49,275
E. Hutchison,	45,000		
	1,659,852	157	49,275

Shipments continue to fall off, although the decline is not quite so marked as it was for a few preceding years as the figures show. The shipments for the last five years were:—

Year	Deals, scantling, etc.
1883	149 millions
1884	108 "
1885	87 "
1886	72 "
1887	68 "

The shipments of palings and timber were:—

Year	Palings	Timber, tons.
1886	2,910,763	1,784
1887	1,659,852	157

showing a great shrinkage in both items this year.

RICHIBUCTO.

The shipments from Richibucto and its outport, Buctouche, were as follows,—

Richibucto.

Shippers.	No. Vis.	Tons.	Deals, ends, etc
George K McLeod	18	7,271	6,560,000
Edward Walker	7	2,528	2,450,000
J & D Jardine	4	3,194	2,947,000
Brait & O'Leary	1	743	695,000
J & W Brait	1	300	350,000
Total	31	14,031	12,988,000

Buctouche.

J B Wright,	4	1,297	1,236,000
Henry O'Leary,	2	628	527,000
Total	6	1,907	1,763,000

The totals for Richibucto and Buctouche, together for 1886 and 1887 were as follows—

Year.	No. vis.	Tons.	s. f. deals, ends, etc.
1886	38	14,110	13,119,800
1887	37	15,938	14,751,000

During the season of 1887 Mr. O'Leary shipped 1,134 railway ties to Ireland and Messrs. Sumner & Co of Moncton sent 3,961 railway ties from Richibucto to the United States.

Educational.

Mayor Howland of Toronto who recently appeared before the Government Labor Commission, deprecated the neglect of technical education in the Common Schools, while undue attention was given to intellectual studies. The views expressed are on the lines of a recent article in the ADVANCE, and they are thus commented on by the Montreal *Herald*:—

The defective feature indicated by Mayor Howland suggests the question: What is the tendency of the teaching in our educational institutions, from our common schools upwards? The instruction imparted in reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, geography, analysis, mathematics and other advanced branches, has a tendency to develop the intellectual side of the youth's nature; his attention is naturally directed by such development to mercantile, ministerial or professional callings and away from mechanical and agricultural pursuits, which are as important to healthy national development as are the learned and professional occupations, and if he make rapid progress in his studies and is aspiring in his views as to what constitutes success in life, the training to which he is subjected, as much as the urging and encouragement of friends, will stimulate him to strive for pre-eminence and success in a mercantile, ministerial or professional calling. What is the result? That these professions are over-crowded, and the youth of our country are rushing into them under the mistaken notion that in them alone are to be found the avenues to useful, successful and brilliant lives; and in consequence of this state of things many who would have made excellent farmers or mechanics, and could have achieved honor, success and competence in these pursuits, have turned out to be poor, struggling and comparatively unsuccessful ministers, lawyers, doctors, merchants, &c. But this is not all. The tendency to which we have referred leads many of our young people to look upon mechanical and agricultural occupations as mere drudgery, beneath the notice of an aspiring young man, and fit only for the grovelling herd, devoid of education or ambition—forgetting that a successful farmer or mechanic can always be proud, or at least not ashamed, of his work, which is more than can generally be said of unsuccessful professional men. It is not difficult to predict what must be the outcome of further development in the direction we have indicated. The mercantile and learned professions will be over-crowded by a struggling throng in which the hundreds will be crowded to the wall and be compelled to lament that their life has been a failure, only the energetic, determined, plodding few reaching the top of the ladder; while agricultural and mechanical occupations—the industries which contribute more than any other to our country's prosperity,—will be looked down upon,—will be regarded as ignoble callings fit only for the uneducated, toiling and unambitious masses. Such a one-sided development of national life, if much longer continued, can only be fraught with disaster to the best interests of our country.

A SHIP CANAL is to be built between Liverpool and Manchester. It will accommodate vessels drawing 25 feet of water, will cost six millions of dollars and be about forty miles long. 20,000 men will be employed in its construction.

The Voters' Lists.

The polling in the pending election of a member for Northumberland to the local legislature, being set down for 13th inst.—before the close of the current year—the electoral lists of last year, viz., those which were used in the local election of March last, and *not* those revised in October, will be the ones voted on next Tuesday.

Riotous Quebec.

Our Quebec correspondent gives us some particulars concerning the cause of the recent riots in Quebec, in connection with the Salvation Army, which show that, unlike the disturbances which took place there some months since, these have not originated with the rough and ignorant elements of the city. Our correspondent, whose letter reached us early last week says:—

"Quebec has again been made lively by a series of those riots by which it has distinguished itself within the past year. The Salvation Army have been made the subject of another brutal assault. It appears that the Laval students claim the right of marching through the streets singly and creating all the disturbance possible, and in order to contest the point, on the evening of Thursday last a band of the said students whose ranks were augmented by a number of young Frenchmen from different parts of the city, took possession of the route usually followed by the Salvation Army. During the preceeding afternoon, a rumor to this effect was current throughout the city and a large number of the English-speaking young men together with the young Irishmen from "The Cove", who are always eager for a fight with their French brethren, resolved to protect the Army. The police turned out and St. John street was made lively for a few hours. The Army were ably protected on their evening march and no one was seriously injured. The windows of the Jeffery Hall School House, however, were badly broken whilst the barracks of the English Army were well guarded by the police force.

"Preparations were made for another attack and defence on the Saturday night following but as the police force was increased, and as the Mayor requested the Army to withold their parade till Wednesday evening, when he would guarantee all necessary protection, the French did not appear. The Laval University it is said have threatened expulsion to any of its students who may be arrested. The English and Irish who had mustered in great numbers finding nothing to do marched to the Mayor's residence and after some hearty cheering dispersed. We learn that one young man was arrested for carrying unauthorised weapons, but nothing of a serious nature occured.

"It is feared that trouble may yet be experienced in Quebec, at least a strong national feeling is being excited and it is thought there may be a repetition of the riots of ten years ago.

"On Sunday last his Eminence the Cardinal spoke out very strongly against the proceedings and several of the French papers are taking the matter up, one in particular in a somewhat lengthy editorial very strongly condemns the action of the Laval Students and their friends in attempting to create such an uncalled for disturbance.

"It may seem strange that Quebec has been the scene of so much trouble with the Salvation Army; perhaps the matter may be accounted for from the fact that in this city there are two distinct detachments of the said Army. About a year ago a contingent came from France with the avowed purpose of working among the French Canadians. These made a barracks of the Jeffrey Hall School-House which for a time was the center of considerable disturbance. A few months later, officers of the Canadian contingent appeared, occupying the old Congregational Church as a barracks; marching in company with the French Army they have brought upon themselves considerable hatred from the French-speaking population of Quebec, and thus within the last year the Salvation Army has been the subject of several brutal assaults."

The authorities of the city, having determined to test the right of the Army to parade the streets, took action on Thusday last and arrested seven members on the charge of being a public nuisance, beating drums, playing brass instruments, carrying a flag and generally impeding traffic. The prosecution, says a press despatch, "will be conducted by Messrs. Amyot, Pelletier and Foutaine, three of the eminent Quebec catholic lawyers; while Mr. Dunbar, Q. C., a prominent protestant barrister, will defend. Meanwhile the salvationists say they have suffered financially by the riots and appeal for funds for defence."

Shameful Treatment.

In reference to the placing of a daily mail on the trains of the N. & W. Railway for the accommodation of the people between Chatham and Newcastle on the Miramichi, and Fredericton, we can only say, in reply to several enquirers, that unfortunately for the important interests involved, the Government at Ottawa prefers to treat this County with neglect and contempt. It deliberately ignores our requirements; it pointedly refuses to recognise the representative chosen by the people under the constitution and, in every possible way, strives to punish them because they have independently exercised the franchise. Those who have the ear of the government in the County, and through whom it endeavors to humiliate us, are not content with the evils they have already brought about, but they and their emissaries are secretly laboring, even now, to have one of their choice sent to the local legislature, in order that the little influence which we may have in that quarter may be paralysed. We hope a rousing majority will be given to Mr. Morrissey next Tuesday, because he has had the independence to cut himself clear of such a combination, and as a protest of our people against a lot of men whose policy it is to punish them for asserting their privileges as freemen.

What do the smelt fishermen think of the new deal of our Ottawa rulers? They kept the matter a secret until after the fishing commenced—actually witheld the forms of license from the Overseers for three or four days after the opening of the season—and, then, informed the fishermen that the license fee was *trebled*. This is of a piece with the incompetent, bungling and vindictive record of the Ottawa authorities and their inspectoral representative at St. John. They dare not, as was at first attempted, prohibit smelt fishing, so they do their best to rob the fishermen of as much as possible of their earnings. The system of licensing nets was never intended as a means for raising revenue, and the former fee of one dollar a net was quite enough to secure the registration required by law. Now, without any previous warning, even to the overseers, the license forms come from the Inspector's office, and a new order is proclaimed under which the poor fishermen must pay *three dollars per net*.

A few years ago a return was submitted to parliament, on a motion therefor, which showed that Northumberland fishermen then paid over fifty per cent of the total amount of "fees, fines and forfeitures," collected by the Fisheries department in New Brunswick. There are, on the Miramichi and its tributaries over five hundred smelt nets, and this new order means a new tax of over $1,000 on our fishermen. If a year's notice of such a sweeping change were given, the imposition would raise a timely protest and avert the robbery, but sprung, as it has been, on the fishermen, it is such an outrage as is calculated to make outlaws of law-abiding men. This is another sample of the rule of the men who are writing letters to their friends throughout the County imploring them to vote against Morrissey and strengthen their influence at Ottawa. We have enough of their influence already and the people should lay their hands on it. The people see, more and more, the need of such men as Peter Mitchell having the handling of these fishery bunglers for a time, and we think he would make short work of Northumberland's pe rsecutors.

A Lucky Coal Miner in Pueblo, Col.

Mr. Albert Evans, of Rockvale, was at the Victoria. He purchased one-tenth of ticket No. 61,503 in the September drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery for one dollar. He was found to have drawn one-tenth of the fifty thousand dollar prize for a dollar invested. He is a young man who has followed coal mining for a living, but he intends to invest this money in a farm and establish himself for life.—*Pueblo* (Col.) *Chieftain*, Sept. 22.

Nomination Proceedings.

The High Sheriff, John Shirreff, Esq., opened his election court at Newcastle on Tuesday forenoon for the purpose of receiving nominations of candidates for the seat in the House of Assembly vacated by W. A. Park, Esq., who has accepted the office of Collector of Customs for the port of Newcastle. About one hundred persons were present an hour after the court was opened, and the proceedings all through, were remarkably quiet.

The usual oath was administered to the Sheriff by E. Lee Street, Esq., J. P. and the Sheriff, in turn, administered the oath to the election Clerk, Mr. A. A. Davidson, jr.

Those present sat in expectancy for an hour after the preliminary proceedings had been gone through, and it was nearly one o'clock when Mr. E. Lee Street, of Newcastle, seconded by Mr. Thomas Keating of Chatham, nominated Mr John Morrissey. Mr. John O'Brien, a few minutes after, handed in his nomination, which was signed by Messrs. Jas. Robinson, Donald Morrison, Michael Oldfield and a number of others.

Mr. Morrissey demanded a poll.

The Sheriff then announced that an hour or more would elapse before the hour for closing the court, and the time might, if the candidates wished it, be occupied by them in addressing the electors. Meantime, he would receive any other nominations that might be made.

MR. MORRISSY.

Mr. Morrissy was the first speaker and was enthusiastically received. He said he was "the bolter," and referred to this being the second time he had offered as a candidate. The handsome vote he received in March last encouraged him to say, then, that he would again offer, and that when he did so it would be as an independent candidate. "That's what I am" said Mr. Morrissy. His opponent, Mr. O'Brien, was personally a respectable man and he had, in his canvass invariably said so. Politically, however, it was hard to say what Mr. O'Brien was. He reminded him of the animal which George Francis Train said he had seen in Australia.—It laid eggs like a hen, suckled its young, was web-footed and roosted in a tree. That was something like O'Brien's politics.

Mr. Morrissy next proceeded to discuss the hardship our people labored under in consequence of the high rates of stumpage on logs and bark, and said the latter especially was extremely hard on the poor man. He recited instances of injustice done to operators and others and thought our revenue requirements ought to be so controlled by the government as to afford some relief to the lumber industry. He felt sure of his election and would urge this matter strongly upon the government and legislature.

He would also urge the claims of settlers to the lumber upon lands gazetted to them, and agreed with the Surveyor-General, who, in his last report, admitted that something should be done to improve the regulations in this respect. He had advocated changes in this direction in his canvass last spring and he did so still. He referred to cases of settlers in Rogersville and elsewhere, in which bark had been unjustly seized, and said a sweeping reform in such matters was demanded. If proper representations were made to the government, he had no doubt that beneficial changes would be brought about.

He also referred to the neglect of free grants applications in the Crown Lands office and said there were now, perhaps, one hundred cases in which such applications had been made, accompanied by the required fee of $1.50, and it was doubtful if they could tell at that office even who the parties were that the money came from, so indifferently were the applications treated. The government sent Ira Cornwall to England to tell people there about our province, but why did they not do more towards settling and retaining the people who were in the Country?

Referring at considerable length to the management of the roads and bridges, he said that instead of spending small sums here and there all over the country he would advocate the policy of placing some competent man in, say, Derby one year, and some other parish the next year—and so on until all the parishes were attended to—and spending in each a sum sufficient to put the roads and bridges in thoroughly good order, and they would so remain for a good many years and not be subject to the present tinkering process. He instanced the Escuminac Plain road, on which some $400 was almost wasted a few years ago because about $200 more was not added at the same time to make a substantial and lasting job of it. He said the condition of the Northwest, Redbank and Johnston bridges was disgraceful and as this County pays about one third of the provincial revenue derivable from local sources, they should be better looked after. What had our representatives been doing that they had not attended to these bridges? When he went to Fredericton he would be like Peter Mitchell with the claim for Mrs. Murphy's cow. He would compel the government to give more attention to such matters, if only to get clear of his annoying them

He was, also, in favor of a lien law, arguing that it would be unobjectionable to the honest merchant or business man, and especially so to the lumber operators who, as a class, paid their men. The tailor had a lien on clothes that he made, and the watchmaker on the watch he repaired, and why should the laborer, who toiled for months in the woods or on the river not have a lien on the lumber or other production in which he put his work, until he was paid.

In the matter of the Franchise, he was in favor of every man, who was a British subject and paid taxes, having the right to vote. It was so now in our Municipal elections and why not also in the Provincial and Dominion elections?

He held that it was a hardship to require applicants for third class teachers' licenses to be required to go to the expense of attending the Normal School at Fredericton. That exaction of the regulations debarred the daughters of poor men from becoming teachers and favored those who were better off. The Principals of the High Schools, together with the district Inspector, ought to be sufficient to examine such candidates and issue third class licenses and, in view of the fact that these principals would have a personal knowledge of the candidates' attainments they would be better qualified than the Normal School authorities to judge of their capabilities. He would favor this change, to give the poor men's daughters a chance.

Mr. Morrissey next took up Mr. O'Brien's card and said that, unlike Mr. O'Brien, he claimed he was just as fit to represent the County as Mr. Park was. If he didn't think so he wouldn't offer. If Mr. O'Brien believed himself to be so inferior to Mr. Park he had no business asking the people to elect him. Mr. O'Brien also said he should be moved by honorable considerations, etc. Why should Mr. O'Brien not be so moved? He (Mr M.) not only believed that he *should be* moved by honorable considerations, but he claimed that he was so moved. He was taught, as a boy, to be honorable in all things and had not forgotten it. Mr. O'Brien also claimed in his card that a holder of Crown Lands should not have the area of such land added to or diminished during the term of his lease. That was nonsense, for after a man had operated on two or three miles for a year or two he might wish to lease other lands adjoining, and it was in the interest of the business of the country that he should be allowed to do so.

He opposed imprisonment for debt, and when he was deputy sheriff he let off the only man who was ever handed to him as a debt-prisoner.

The *Advocate*, in a little article published a few weeks ago, had excommunicated him from the liberal conservative party. It had practically said "don't vote for Morrissey"—Morrissey is a bolter." "He's left the Liberal-Conservative party." The man who wrote the statements in the *Advocate* and the man who printed them knew them to be false. He was ready here and now to prove them false, if challenged. He had acted consistently all through, and it was not he that had changed. Like his father, whom they all knew, no man could charge him with inconsistency and he challenged any man to do it here, so that he could meet him face to face.

Mr. O'Brien had said he would beat Morrissey in his own parish. He would not be so unkind as to say he would beat O'Brien in Nelson, but he had no fear of the boys, or men either, of Newcastle going back on him. He had been with them, from boy to man and they would, he knew stick to the Newcastle boy. He had visited some parts of the County and intended to visit others, but feared he could not, between now and the 13th, call upon all whom he desired to see, but he would ask all present to vote for him and to ask all their friends to do the same.

Mr. Morrissey's speech was frequently applauded and he received hearty applause at its close.

MR. O'BRIEN

said that unlike Mr. Morrissey, this was the first time he had offered for the legislature. He had always been returned in his parish at the head of the poll when he ran for the Municipal Council, however. He regretted that his little friend Park, as he was called, had resigned his seat for in going about among the people he had heard him well spoken of everywhere as one who was mild and meek, and all that.

His card was, he knew, quite a long one, but unlike Mr. Morrissey, he had a good deal of business to attend to, and he had taken that method of reaching the electors, although since he had begun to canvass he had seen a good many of the people in different parts of the County. Mr. O'Brien next referred to his lumber business and his payments of stumpage and said that the Crown Lands revenue was about $103,000, from which the government ought, in justice, to give the lumbermen a rebate of, at least, $25,000, which would be a great relief. He found that the ten years leases were unpopular in Ludlow. It was claimed there that they shut out the small operator, but he did not think it would make much difference as the log haulers generally obtained the ground they required through the merchants, such as Snowball, the Ritchies, McLaggan or O'Brien. He had now some 50 miles of land, half of which he held in trust for parties who wanted it for bark, cedar, etc, but if the year to year system were in force he would not hold more than half the quantity.

He did not mean, in his card, that a man should get no more land than he had leased at first. What he held was that after a man had bought a tract, perhaps in competition, at a high price, the government should not lessen its area by granting any part of it to settlers On the other hand it was hard for free grants settlers to be kept off good lands, and that was why he would advocate the separating of settlement lands from lumber lands and the reservation of the former for the full benefit of settlers, who should be entitled to the logs and bark on them, free from stumpage or other charges.

He was opposed to the laboring class in the towns having to pay road taxes. It was unfair that a man who had only a small income should be directly taxed nearly as much as the man who owned property. He said persons who had no property in Chatham and Newcastle paid $1.20 as road tax.

Mr. D. T. Johnstone, sr., here informed Mr. O'Brien that he was in error as far as Chatham was concerned, and Mr. O'Brien said perhaps he was.

Mr. O'Brien, continuing, said he was in favor of a lien law, and also against imprisonment for debt, which seemed like putting a man in jail for spite. He was also in favor of reviving the bear bounty act.

He again referred to his several elections, at the head of the poll, to the Municipal Council, and to his being chosen warden last year, without opposition, as evidence of his popularity, and said Morrissey's father and his (O'Brien's) mother came from the same place, Callan, County Kilkenny, and that, therefore, Morrissey was not "a Tipperary boy," as he had said he was last spring. In his canvass he had told the electors that the question in the present contest was a matter of men—whether it was better to take O'Brien with the business he was doing or Morrissey with his business. He (O'Brien) had worked his way up to his present business by his own efforts and had been fairly successful. Referring to the bridge, which he and Mr. James Robinson of Derby had built over the Southwest, he said that a man whose tender was only $200 higher than his, had offered him $2,000 not to enter into the contract, but to let him have it. He (O'Brien) however told him he would not do so because he would then bring workmen from the other side of the province to erect the bridge. He had done this in the interest of our own workmen, while it would have been better for himself, perhaps, had he taken the $2,000.

Mr. O'Brien closed by claiming that he would get two-thirds of the votes cast in the election.

MR. DENIS MCEVOY,

amid considerable confusion, which prevented his being heard, tried to question Mr. O'Brien in reference to the stumpage charged to his lumbering parties, and he also censured him for taking the legitimate work of builders and mechanics out of their hands, by contracting for bridges, etc.

MR. MORRISSEY

said he wished to add to what he had said about the *Advocate's* reference to his relationships with the liberal-conservative club, that he believed the gentleman who was named as succeeding to his office was a decent, honest man.

CLOSING.

The Sheriff now announced the different polling places and gave notice that next Tuesday, 13th, would be polling day.

Don't

let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself.

The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, and "know how it is, themselves." Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

That Card.

No little amusement is manifested over that election card of Mr. O'Brien, and people are asking "where did he get it? That, however, is nobody's business. It's there, and they must take it as they find it. Why one sixth of it should be devoted to giving Mr. Park "taffy" is not understood by many, but when it is known that the new collector has a very large number of relatives in the County, it will be understood that Mr. O'Brien hopes, in this adroit way, to put a good deal of fresh salt on the tails of a whole flock of birds. Whether they will be like the old birds that couldn't be caught with chaff remains to be seen.

It should not be necessary for a candidate to assert that he ought to be moved by honorable considerations, but, Mr. O'Brien had in his mind, perhaps, the young man who was asked by his best girl's mother what his intentions were, and assured her that they were "honorable, but not immediate." Such is no doubt Mr. O'Brien's case exactly.

What he means by strongly urging "a due observance of public opinion and legislation," "particularly when the same are intended for the public weal," regardless of the "peculiar or private opinions of the few," is probably known only to "the few." The paragraph must have slipped into the card somehow by accident. So far as we know everybody hereabouts obeys the laws, and they are not in need of being "strongly urged" to do so by Mr. O'Brien or any one else. Moreover, when did he become a public monitor in such matters?

We observe that he professes to have adopted the ADVANCE's attitude towards the local government, which is much more to his credit than his former hostility, as a supporter of the opposition.

He employs a good many words to express the old idea of having our settlement lands set apart from our lumber lands. It is a proposition commended by our best public men, and the wonder is that none of our Surveyors-General have had the separation carried out. There's nothing new in it, however. It's a very old chestnut.

Respecting the proposition to relieve everybody of road taxes, we don't see how Mr. O'Brien can work it out. If the road tax and statute labor are abolished (and the one goes with the other) then the roads must be maintained altogether out of the provincial revenue. But the government says the revenue is so small that it cannot maintain the public services now chargeable upon it, without the exorbitant stumpage tax of which we all so justly complain. Does Mr. O'Brien favor an increased rate of stumpage to maintain the roads when he does away with the road tax? or will he abolish both the road tax and stumpage and let the roads go to the dogs?

Then, there is the "Lien Law." We think we heard something about that in connection with a certain "ticket." If the whole ticket, which included three lawyers, has done nothing towards giving us what every state in the American union has, and two of the lawyers have "backed out," we fear Mr. O'Brien will be equally inefficient in the matter.

In fact, the card is composed of ancient political generalities, sufficient to set every chestnut bell in the County ringing, and it is no wonder people are amused over it.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a pure vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend, 35 doses, 35 cents.

Children Cry for

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

LECTURE.—MR. W. H. H. Murray, ("Adirondack") will soon lecture in Moncton on the commercial and political unity of the continent.

REV MR. TAFT OF CHATHAM preached with much acceptance to good congregations in the Moncton Methodist Church yesterday morning and evening.—*Times.*

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN has redeemed his gold watch which he pawned here for money to buy his ticket to St. John. He writes to parties here that he was thoroughly disgusted with the city, but we shall do our best to survive the shock.—*Bangor Commercial.*

A BATHURST GIRL named Susanne LeBlanc, was crushed to death between two cars at the Fitchburg, Mass., railway depot on Sunday evening, 27th ult. Her companion, a girl named Cormier, was also badly injured.

METHODISTIC.—Rev. R. S. Crisp, Moncton, has received a cordial invitation from the Quarterly Board of St. Luke's, Chatham, to take the pastoral charge of that church at the end of the conference year, when Rev. Mr. Harrison's term will expire.

POPULAR ENTERTAINMENT.—An Entertainment under the auspices of St. Mary's Juvenile Temperance Guild, will be held in St Mary's School Room on Tuesday evening, the 13th inst. at half past 7 o'clock. There should be a full house. Admission 10 cents.

L' EVANGELINE is the name of a new French paper, published at Digby, N. S. by Mr. V. A. Landry, late of the Courier, Bathurst. It presents a very creditable appearance, claims to be independent in politics, and is well edited. There ought to be a good field for such a journal in Nova Scotia.

SUPPER.—The ladies of St. Andrews Church gave a supper in Masonic Hall on Wednesday evening of last week, partly in honor of the patron saint of Scotland, but with a friendly regard also for the funds of the church. The affair was a success, the amount realized being $70, above expenses.

APPOINTMENTS.—James R. Landry is appointed by the Local Government to be chief inspector in the County of Gloucester, under the provisions of the Act of Assembly, 50th Vic., chap. 5, intituled "An Act respecting the Sale of intoxicating Liquors."

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "Illustrated London News," American edition, is now out. It contains three reproductions in oil of colored pictures and one in water color, a full page Evangeline, and a great variety of Christmas reading in song, story and sketches, with appropriate pictures. The Christmas issue of this great London weekly are famous, but this of this year is the greatest number yet made.

OF COURSE:—The *Advocate* says "the "Liberal Conservative party can be relied "on to protect the interests of Canada."

In this part of Canada, those who speak and act for the Liberal Conservative party are doing the best they can to make rebels of loyal subjects. Witness the treatment the fishermen are receiving in the lower part of the county and that accorded to the people generally along the Southwest in the matter of mail accommodation.

AN EQUITY SUIT, Letson vs. Johnson, to try which Judge Palmer came from St John on Tuesday, accompanied by stenographer Fry, was suddenly ended for the present by Mr Tweedie. for the defendant, directing His Honor's attention to the fact that the writ for summoning the jury had been placed by plaintiff's attorney in the hands of a very near relation of defendant. The judge and stenographer left at once for St. John.

LONDON "TIMES" of Nov. 26th has the following notices of dividends:—

Bevan, L. L. L. (separate estate) Fenchurch Street, London, and Redhill, Surrey, timber merchant late a partner in the firms of George Guy & Co., of Fenchurch Street, London, and Guy, Bevan and Co., of St. John, New Brunswick, timber merchants—first div. of 20s., Nov. 24, 8, Walbrook, E. C.

Guy, R. G. (separate estate), Fenchurch Street, and Loughton, Essex, timber merchant—first div. of 5s., Nov. 24, 8, Walbrook, E. C.

MR. GEO. FRANCIS TRAIN, the well known political agitator and egotist, who has been entertaining audiences along the railway line between St. John and Miramichi, was in Chatham two evenings last week, appearing before a small audience in Masonic Hall the first night and a larger one in Temperance Hall the second. He succeeded in entertaining his auditors to their satisfaction, but it may be taken for granted that they were not, under the circumstances, hard to please.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT occurred at Stellarton station N. S. on Monday morning last, when I. C. R. engine No. 170 exploded, killing W. Eastwood, trackmaster, of New Glasgow; D. Robinson, trackmaster of Hopewell, and A. Fraser, machinist, Acadia Coal Company. Fireman A. Murray was seriously injured. Conductor Grant, brakeman McLean and a man named McInnes were slightly injured. The new station house was badly wrecked. Fraser leaves a wife and nine children, Robinson a wife and six children, Eastwood, a wife and four children.

OBITUARY:—Mr. Robert Wilson, the well known ferryman at Douglastown, died at his home on Thursday last. He was an obliging, honest man and his familiar presence will be much missed by patrons of the ferry, as well as his friends and neighbors generally.

Lawrence Murphy, son of Mr. Timothy Murphy of Barnaby River, crossing watchman at Chatham Junction, died at Chicago last week. His remains were brought home for interment.

It is only a few months since the remains of another son of Mr. Murphy were brought from the west for burial.

PERSONAL:—Mr. Alex. Gibson and Mr. Thos. Temple, M. P. visited Chatham on Saturday last arriving at 3 a. m., having come from Montreal on the night Express. They left about half past eight the same morning for Fredericton. While here they were the guests of J. B. Snowball, Esq.

Mr. D T Johnstone, jr., who has been seriously ill for several weeks is recovering.

Mr. Charles Thomson of Newcastle has been very ill at Ottawa with typhoid fever.

We regret to learn that Mrs. Waits, wife of the pastor of St. Andrew's church, Chatham, continues quite ill, from what is thought to be the rupture of one of the blood-vessels of the brain.

W. W. McLellan, Esq. I. C. R. trackmaster is enjoying a trip to the west.

Mr. Edward Sinclair is visiting Quebec.

Mrs. McKay, wife of the pastor of St. John's church, Chatham, is convalescing after her recent serious illness.

The editor of the ADVANCE is much improved in health since last week.

THE ADVOCATE publishes an alleged letter in which there is about as much taffy for Mr. O'Brien as there is in Mr. O'Brien's card for Mr. Park. The Tory organ's writer heads it "What to do in the election" and says:—

"Vote for O'Brien who is an honest, upright man, true to his friends, true to himself."

Well, "they do say," that Mr. O'Brien's greatest friends are Mr. James Robinson, who nominated him, and Mr. John O'Brien who was nominated, and that these friends of his have a big claim for extras on the Southwest Bridge, and that, if elected, he intends to be true to his friends and himself. Mr. Morrissey is also an honest, upright man, but he has no claim for extras.

A "DOUBLE-BARRELLED" SHOUT.—The mission of Hon. Mr. Ritchie and Mr. Tibbits to the Miramichi the other day was to make an investigation, as to the returns of the number of bears slaughtered in Northumberland last year, there being a suspicion that the returns from some of the districts were crooked. The returns show that 271 bears were killed in that country in 1886, or 87 more than the preceding year. The alleged crookedness is said to have been located at Cain's River. The man who, it is said, made one shout do for a number of bears was away from home at the time and the investigation proceedings have been adjourned until his return.—*Gleaner.*

THE "GHOST" OF THE SQUANDO.—Bathurst correspondent of the Transcript says: No more will Bathurst be agitated by the headless man of the "haunted" Squando. She met her fate during the heavy storms, and after lying stranded in the mud for over a year she has been dashed ashore by the fury of the gales, and is now all broken up. Capt. Leel, who purchased the hull this last summer for $40 is now at work saving the wreckage, and it is expected he will clear a nice little sum by his speculation. The men engaged at the work were somewhat surprised to find, in between the timbers of the vessel, two cooking pots and an old metal axe. No reason as to their presence there can be given; perhaps the "headless man" used them for cooking and chopping wood.

DESERVED RECOGNITION.—Last Monday evening before Mr. Hugh McLeod left for his new position at Campbellton, forty of the teachers and office-bearers of the Presbyterian Sunday School, met him at the Manse to say good bye. After supper Rev. Mr. Hogg, Mr Weir and Mr. McAllister, spoke in very complimentary terms of Mr. McLeod's work and worth in the Church and in the community and expressed their regret with others at his removal, and congratulated him on his well earned promotion in the I. C. R. service. Mr. McLeod replied in a manner that showed his appreciation of the regret and good wishes of his fellow workers in the church.—*Transcript* of 3rd.

ARCHIBALD-CARMICHAEL. — At the church of St. John the Evangelist, Bay du Vin, on Monday evening, 5th inst. by the Rector, Rev W J Wilkinson, Edw. M., third son of Senator T. D. Archibald, North Sydney, C B, to Eliza Caroline, eldest daughter of J. C. E. Carmichael, Esq., formerly of H.M. Customs, Chatham. Owing to the illness of the bride's father the wedding was a very quiet one. The bride was given away by her brother, Sydney. She was attired in a neat travelling suit of navy blue cloth with bonnet to match, and was the recipient of some very handsome presents, the groom's being an elegant set of jewelry with diamonds, pearls and emerald settings. Immediately after the ceremony, and amidst the firing of guns, ringing of bells and showers of rice and old slippers, the happy couple left for Chatham where they took the midnight train for Halifax.

The Smelt Fishery.

The close season for smelt-fishing with bag-nets ended on 30th ult. (Wednesday) and our fishermen feared that the weather would not be cold enough to freeze the river over and make the ice strong enough to admit of their carrying on their operations. On Wednesday night, however, the ice had partially formed, and was sufficiently strong in a good many places to admit of the poles and other gear being advantageously placed by a large number of fishermen and, all day Thursday, as well as the following days of the week, the river in front of Chatham presented a busy and interesting scene. There were, of course, some nets which could not be got out owing to the weakness of the ice, and, even with all the caution observed, there were several immersions and some narrow escapes, but, on the whole, the "cold snap" came most opportunely and, doubtless, has saved our fishermen from annoyances and restrictions which had there been no ice would be visited upon them.

It is now about ten years—long enough to establish the fact that the fishery is practically inexhaustible—that smelt fishing with bag-nets has been carried on in the Miramichi and its tributaries. When our fishermen first engaged in it, a determined effort was made by the Inspector of Fisheries for the province to secure its prohibition, he claiming and laboring to make the Department at Ottawa believe that in a few years the smelts would be all fished out—practically exterminated—and the public, no doubt, still remember the apparently learned and scientific arguments the ADVANCE was obliged to meet and refute on the subject of the "silver backed" and "black backed" smelt, which the learned Inspector claimed were different branches of the same species, etc. Fortunately, for our fishermen, the attempted prohibition was not effected. All interested now know that the "silver back" and "black back" were but creations of an overwrought mind, that there is no indication of the prophesied extermination of the fishery, and that it has, meantime, grown to be even more valuable and beneficial to the community than our great salmon fishery itself. Had the cold snap of Wednesday night and Thursday not visited us, we would, of course have missed the great catch of the opening season, and, without doubt, the gleeful "I told you so." would have been heard in interested quarters and renewed attempts to prohibit smelt-fishing been the result.

Let us, therefore, be thankful for the cold snap.

The fishery opposite Chatham extends along about two miles of the river and it is a privilege the like of which is not enjoyed, so far as we can learn by any other town in the province. There were, last week, about 100 nets in operation within this small district—all within easy sight of the wharves. For the information of those who have not seen this mode of fishing we may state that the nets are made of stout cotton twine, have meshes of about one and a quarter inches, are shaped like an ordinary bag, with mouth twenty or more feet in diameter and a depth of 30 to 40 feet. The mouth of the bag is strengthened by rope and there is, in most of the nets, a device for opening the end so as to let the fish out when the bag is hauled out of the water.

The mode of setting the net is as follows:—Two poles or stakes, long enough to reach and be driven from three to five feet into the bottom of the river, with tops reaching from 4 to seven feet above the ice, are placed, one at each end of a slot cut in the ice, which is generally about 18 inches wide and 20 to 25 ft. long—or a little longer than the square of the mouth of the net. The open mouth of the net, when set in the water, presents, against the tide, the form of a bag attached to these poles, the lower part being a few feet from the river bottom and parallel with it, the upper part some 15 or 20 ft. above and parallel with the lower part while the sides of the mouth are parallel with the poles or stakes. The gearing by which the net is so placed consists of four wooden or iron rings placed on the poles, and to these rings the head-line or mouth of the net is attached at given points, generally about equi-distant. Lines, or small ropes, for hauling the net up are attached to the rings and, to set the net, the lower side is pushed down by crotch-ended poles, the upper side following, as soon as the mouth is fully distended. The fish drift into the bag with the tide and when hauling time comes the lines are drawn up, which closes the lower part of the mouth upon the upper, and then both are hauled up through the slot in the ice together and the contents emptied.

The catch of smelts opposite the town on Thursday and Friday nights must have been over 100 tons, and the fish were of larger average size than any yet taken here. There were some fair catches afterwards, but most of the nets were brought ashore on Monday, as the moderate weather rendered the ice very weak. The cold weather returned on Tuesday night and the fishermen were again throwing the river. Within a week several men have made over $100 a piece. It takes at least three men to handle a net to advantage, so neighbors assist each other, or three, or four, of them work in partnership. One group owning three nets made over $300 while another cleared over $400 with four nets. Off Chatham alone, where about half the catch of the river was taken, the value of the fish caught, as they lay on the ice, was $4,000. To this is to be added the money put in circulation for hauling, for packing, which gives employment to a large number of even children, cost of boxes, truckage, rent of warehouses and freight over the Chatham railway, which would foot up nearly $7,000. For the whole river the two nights work would produce $15,000.

It is not claiming too much, we think, to say that the Miramichi river has no equal anywhere for the value of its natural products. To say nothing of its forests and mills producing an average of 100,000,000 ft of lumber, thousands of cords of bark and cargos of bark extract and railway sleepers etc. by the train load, its salmon, smelt and bass fisheries are unsurpassed. Mackerel fisheries, which attract American and other seiners by the hundred, lie at the river's mouth, while our herring and cod-fisheries have a world wide reputation. These are all important and valuable elements of commerce, but the Miramichi Salmon pools are also among the most attractive in Canada for the sportsman, and the river abounds with magnificent trout and other game fishes. We should appreciate such a river and value the privileges it affords as.

One of the S. A. Lassies.

FREDERICTON, Nov 29.—John Thomas Walsh, painter, formerly of St. John, now of Fredericton junction, is looking for a woman whom he married in this city, Oct. 10th last, Rev. Mr. Roberts performing the ceremony.

It appears that she was married in October, 1885, to George A. Bernard, by Rev. Dr. McLeod, and that Bernard is still alive and in the city. It is said that the woman, whose name is Mary Ann Bates, was deserted by her first husband on account of her unfaithfulness. She led a reckless life for a time and then joined the salvation army here. Then she went to Fredericton junction, where she met Walsh, who proposed after one day's courtship, was accepted and immediately married. They boarded in a house at the junction and repented at leisure of their infatuation. They began to fight and in a short time the woman Bates decamped with all Walsh's property. Hence his anxiety to find her.

Showing Their true Colors.

The *Advocate* which has heretofore been "as meek as Moses" over the local election came out yesterday in full war paint. Knowing that the leaders of the Liberal Conservative party, who have managed to alienate most of the independent men who have supported it in the County, have overdone the private letter business in advocating Mr. O'Brien's election, the Newcastle organ is forced to show its colors. It dared not say "boo!" before, but now, in order to induce as many Conservatives as possible to do the behests of the blunderers of the Newcastle Club, it endeavors to make it appear that Mr. Morrissey is nominated as the Liberal party's candidate. The liberals have not nominated or chosen any candidate. They have learned, however, that Mr. O'Brien's candidature was brought about by the leader of the Liberal-Conservative party—or what is left of it—directing him to get ready to run for Mr Park's place. This is Mr. O'Brien's own statement to several—liberals as well as conservatives. Mr. O'Brien, after deciding to obey this direction endeavored to secure the support of leading liberals, claiming that he had always been a liberal, etc. although he voted against the liberal candidate in last Spring's Dominion election. He was plainly told and knows that Mr. Snowball, as well as the officers of the liberal associations—county and parish—are opposed to him and are supporting Mr Morrissey. The reason is because they do not propose to be made cats-paws of to pull certain political wire-pullers' chestnuts out of the fire. Mr. O'Brien has secured promises of votes from a few liberals, and those will, no doubt keep their word, but, if it be true, as reported, that he is claiming to have the support of any appreciable number of leading liberals he is simply drawing on his imagination, or attempting to deceive both himself and others. We hope the good sense and independence of Northumberland will heartily support Mr, Morrissey. There is no necessity, based on either honesty or good policy in mincing the matter. The duty of every man in the County at this time is to administer a reproof to the parties who are using Mr. O'Brien for their own purposes, and are evidently ashamed to father their own work. The open, manly way is the best and it is on the side of those who prefer it that the ADVANCE will always be found. Vote for the independent man—Morrissey!

Correction.

A somewhat sensational report which recently appeared in the *Gleaner*, and was copied in the *Globe*, has called forth the following letter:—

DOAKTOWN, Nov. 30, 1887.

In the St. John GLOBE of the 25th of November we notice a very exaggerated report in connection with Rev. Mr. Montgomery's recent visit to Doaktown.

The report says, the key of the Union church is held by the resident Baptist clergyman; that when Mr. Montgomery arrived he found the door locked upon him, and a zealous churchman broke open the door; that the Baptist minister threatens legal action, &c.

These statements are not correct. The key of the church is held by the sexton of the church. When Mr. Montgomery arrived he found the door open and a large congregation awaiting him. The door was not broken open, as reported, but opened by one of the first of the congregation who arrived at the house. We have not heard of the Baptist minister threatening legal action, nor do we think there is any intention on his part of doing so, as it is not at all probable he ever thought of such a thing.

The people here were much pleased to have Mr. Montgomery visit us; evidence being in the full house that congregated to hear him preach. Should he favor us with another visit (which we hope he will before many days), he will find a hearty welcome awaiting him.

ROBERT SWIM & SON.

Very Thin.

When the $3 tax on smelt nets was announced, many persons who knew the tricks of Tory management in the County, did not hesitate to say that the outrageous order, was made so that it might be rescinded just before the next Dominion election, in order that the fishermen might be fooled into believing that our Newcastle and Ottawa oppressors were especially favoring them. Even now the *Advocate* says:—

It is hoped that Mr. Adams or whoever has the fishermen's interest at heart will get this rescinded, if only for this season, then in future smelt bag net fishermen would know what they have to pay.

The blunderers at Newcastle find they have overreached themselves. Their letters to friends—and others—imploring them to vote for O'Brien and a liberal-Conservative victory in the pending election, read together with this order for a $3 tax, on smelt nets will not hurt Morrissey a great deal.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS

Beach the Australian oarsman has resigned the championship, and has finally retired from aquatics Hanlan has challenged Kemp.

A letter from Damascus tells of arrangements for street cars through that ancient city found by Abraham, 1,900 years before the Christian era

Hon. Edward Blake is in London. He has decided to prolong his stay, and when the weather grows colder he will visit the south of Europe. Mrs. Blake has left Canada to join him, sailing on Nov. 30th. The rumours published about his seeking a place in the British house of commons are stated to be absurd.

An earthquake occurred in Ireland on Nov 28. The shock seems to have been confined to the southern part of the island, and was very severe. The rock at Cape Kilkianea, on which the lighthouse stands has been rent asunder, and the house considerably damaged.

A suit was entered last week on behalf of the Montreal *Herold* company to recover three thousand dollars from the Northern Assurance Co. The *Herald*, it is claimed, was insured in that company but they now refuse to pay on the ground that the policy had expired at the time of the fire.

When the autumn leaves are rustling,
Let 'em rust.
If October winds are gusting,
Let 'em gust.
But a girl who's on her muscle
Better never try to tussle
With an air-inflated bustle,
Lest it bust.

—*Toledo Commercial.*

During the fishing season of 1887, Gloucester lost thirteen vessels, aggregating 863 tons, of a value of $62,900, and eighty-four lives. A great proportion of the lost fishermen were Provincialists. The losses for all New England were 22 vessels, of 1448 tons, valued at 102,900, and 159 lives.

Dr. Robillard, medical health officer of Ottawa has presented a report to the Board of Health in which he states that the Ottawa River is contaminated by a creek running into it above the source whence the city water supply is obtained. This contamination, he believes, is the cause of a great deal of the fever existing in the city. It has been resolved to deviate the course of the creek.

Among the reports which have reached Ottawa from Washington is one to the effect that the British commissioners have asked for the abolition of fishing by means of purse seines. It is the general opinion among those who are best informed upon that question that if the use of purse seines is continued the days of the Canadian mackerel fishery are numbered, and its end will not be far distant.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1.—Representative Mills, of Texas, who will be chairman of the committee on ways and means, has prepared a tariff bill which is a complete revision of the existing tariff and adds to the free list salt, copper, anthracite and bituminous coal, iron ore, lead ore, hair, wool, flax, timber, lumber, laths, shingles and empty barrels. There are strong hopes in government circles that the republicans will not strenuously oppose the bill.

New York Times. Millions of dollars are spent yearly upon dentifrices. They lead to the spending of millions more upon dentists. A large percentage of this vast outlay is unavoidable. The remainder could be saved if mankind, after reaching the age of reason and its last teeth would not persist in continuing fresh. Common table salt is all that is needed. There is none so simple and efficacious. It will actually retard decay after we have filed off the enamel by using the fool's toothpick, which is a quill instead of a silver of a soft wood—or better still, a thread.

DIED.

At Chatham, Dec 4th inst., Wm McNaught, aged 76 years.

New Advertisements.

CITATION.

New Brunswick,
County of Northumberland.

To the Sheriff of the County of Northumberland or any Constable within the said County Greeting:

WHEREAS, John Brown, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Hugh Bain, late of Chatham in the said County, Merchant, deceased, hath by his petition represented to me that he hath filed an account of his administration of the estate of the said deceased, and hath prayed that the same may be passed and allowed.—

You are therefore required to cite the heirs and next of kin of the said Hugh Bain, deceased, the creditors and all others interested in his said estate to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at my office Newcastle, within and for the said County on TUESDAY the THIRD day of JANUARY next, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause (if any they have) why the said account of administration should not be passed and allowed as prayed.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this twenty-sixth day of November, A D, 1887.

(L. S.)

(Signed) SAM THOMSON,
Judge of Probates,
Northumberland.

(Signed) G B FRASER,
Registrar of Probates,
for said County.

For Sale!

Cabinet Organ, two full sets of Reeds, in perfect order. Apply to

A. W. S. SMYTHE

BLANK FORMS!

Deeds,
Mortgages,
Bills of Sale,
Railway Receipts,
Railway Bills,
Fish Invoices,
Magistrates' Blanks
of all kinds.
Customs Blanks,
Bills of Lading,
Charter Parties,
School Rate Bills,
District Assessment Lists,
Teachers Agreements,
Notes of Hand,
Joint Notes,
Drafts,
etc., etc., etc.

For Sale at the

ADVANCE OFFICE.

Furniture Depot.

My Stock of Furniture is now the largest and best in the County.

Handsome BEDROOM SETS,
PARLOR SETS,
CENTRE TABLES,
DINING TABLES,
LEAF TABLES, &c.
CHAIRS of every kind from 45c., to $1.50 each,
SIDEBOARDS,
WHAT-NOTS, BUREAUS,
SINKS, WASH-STANDS,
Iron and Wood BEDSTEADS,
all prices.

☞Send for price list to

B' FAIREY, Newcastle.

MONEY SAVED!

You can save money by buying your Pork, Beef Flour, Molasses, Tea, Sugar, Tobacco, Rice, Barley, Dried Apples, Currants, Lard, Butter, Cheese Hams, Bacon, etc.

—ALSO—

Ready Made Clothing, Overalls, Hats, Shirts Collars, Ties, Rubber Coats, Rubber Boots, rubber ware, Boots & Shoes in Men's, Women's Misses & Children's sizes.

—ALSO—

Dress Goods, Corsets, Hose, Frillings, Gloves Ladies' Collars, Ginghams & fancy small wares Grey Cottons, from 5cts., White Cottons from 7 cts., and Fancy Prints, from 5cts., per yd at

F. W. Russell's
CHEAP CASH STORE, Black Brook

FOR SALE.

1 Thorough Bred Jersey Bull, 3 years old.
As I must dispose of the above this fall the intending purchaser may expect a bargain.

Alex. Flett.

Nelson, Mir., Oct 19th, '87.

TAILORING.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to tender his thanks to the public of Miramichi who have so liberally patronised his business at his late stand and to inform them that he has removed to his new premises on Water Street, next door to the store of J. B. Snowball, Esq., where he will be glad to welcome all old customers and to make the acquaintance of new ones. He has on hand a most complete new stock of

All Kinds of Cloths,

out of which selection may be made for

Suits or single Garments

inspection of which is respectfully invited.

F. O. PETTERSON.

Shingle Wood.

Wanted a quantity of good cedar shingle wood at the Factory, Duke Street, Chatham.

GEO CASSIDY

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR THE 'MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.'

Livery Stable!

The Subscriber having purchased the Livery Stable outfit of the late John A. Ward, begs to announce that he will continue the business at the same stand, and solicits a share of public patronage.

Teams of all Kinds
furnished, with or without drivers.

Fishing and Pleasure Parties
provided for at short notice.

☞Regular Coach service in connection with Trains and Steamers.

Chatham, N. B. JAS. P. SEARLE

Wm. ROBINSON

—Manufacturer of:—

Fine Carriages, Road Waggons,
Working Waggons, etc.

NEWCASTLE, - - N. B.

Now on hand the following waggons:—

PIANO BOX, on Regina gear.
WHITECHAPEL body, on Regina gear. (Both of above, on Timkin gear.
CONCORD Waggons and Piano box do., on common side springs.
TWO-SEATED SURRIES, on Timkin gear. Regina gears, with tops.
PHYSICIANS' 4-WHEEL FLIES.
LUMBER - WAGGONS. Carts and Stevens of all kinds—single and double.

☞REPAIRING done at short notice.☜

A large and varied lot of

SECOND-HAND WAGGONS,

very serviceable. GREAT BARGAINS are offered in this line.

—oXo—

—Agent for the well known—

Agricultural Implement

Manufactory of Messrs. Patterson Bros., Wood stock Ontario.

Percheron Horse.

FOR SALE a Percheron Horse three years old, off, weight nearly Twelve Hundred.

Apply to L. J. TWEEDIE.

Chatham, 5th Oct., 1887

White Beans.

In Store—30 Bbls. White Beans.

For sale by C. M BOSTWICK, & CO.
St. John.

JUST ARRIVING.

125 barrels Patent Flour, Morning Star.
125 " " " Challenge.
75 " " Superior Extra.
50 Oatmeal.
50 Quintals Codfish.
100 Half Chests Tea.
25 barrels sugar.
1000 lbs. Hams and Bacon.
20 barrels Pork.
10 " Choice Plate Beef.
200 dozen Brooms
120 " Buckets.
Earthenware in dinner and Tea sets,
Crocks, Chambers Sets, &c.
1000 rolls Room Paper.

ROGER FLANAGAN.
Chatham, N B.

Tea! T Tea

On Hand and to arrive from London

100 HALF CHESTS TEA.

E. A. STRANG Chatham

WAGGONS! WAGGONS.

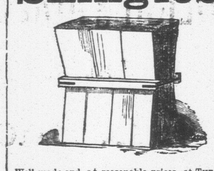
THE Subscriber has on hand thirteen (13) new waggons, comprising Single and Double Plano Single and Double Concord Single Whitechapel etc. They are of the very best material, style and workmanship, and will be sold at the most reasonable rates. Inspection is invited by parties a need of Waggons, as the lot on hand

Cannot be Surpassed

North Sho for style and price

JOHN MOWAT

Shingles!



Well made and at reasonable prices, at THE FACTORY, Chatham.

GEO. CASSADY.

NOTICE.

Please take notice that all debts due me, and not settled before the first of December, will be placed in other hands for collection.

12—1 MISS J. DAVIDSON.
Chatham, Nov. 9, 1887.

ST. JOHN SUN.

The Weekly Sun.

The Leading Commercial and Family Paper of the Maritime Provinces; EIGHT PAGES—containing the news of the week from all parts of the world,

Telegraphic and Shipping News,

a Sermon by one of the leading Clergymen of the day, an interesting serial, and a large variety of useful and instructive reading;

LATEST MARKET REPORTS,

CORRECTED EVERY WEEK.

WILL BE SENT TO ANY PART OF CANADA, UNITED STATES, NEWFOUNDLAND OR GREAT BRITAIN, POSTAGE PAID,

From now to 31st December, 1888

—FOR—

ONE DOLLAR.

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THE DAILY SUN.

2 cents per copy; $5.00 per annum. The best advertising medium in the Maritime Provinces.

☞Rates furnished on application.

ADDRESS: THE SUN,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

FLOUR FLOUR

125 bbls. COCK'S FRIEND, patent,
125 " PARAGON, patent
125 " TRIUMPH, "
125 " FOUNTAIN.

☞To be sold Low FOR CASH.

A. STRANG, - - Chatham.

LIVERPOOL SALT! IN BAGS.

FOR SALE BY
NEW BRUNSWICK TRADING COMPANY

LONDON HOUSE.

—ON HAND, AND TO ARRIVE.—

100 Chests of well selected TEA

which will be sold low at a small advance for Cash.

My TEAS at 20c, 25c, and 30c., give general satisfaction and are better than any yet offered.

—IN STORE—

'Crown of Gold,' 'White Pigeon and other Brands of FLOUR.

CORNMEAL, OATMEAL, BEEF, PORK, LARD, BUTTER, TOBACCO AND SUGAR, at bottom prices.

—ON CONSIGNMENT—

100 Qtl. GOOD CODFISH.

R. HOCKEN.

FALL GOODS.

Now landing and for sale low

10 Doz. Coal Hods.
1 " Fire Sets.
1 " Ash Sifters.
3 " Fancy Stove Boards.
3 " Tubelar Lanterns.
2 " Brass hand Lamps.
6 " Lantern Globes.
6 " " Burners.
3 Gross Lamp Wicks.
6 Doz. Fire Shovels.
3 Cases Stamped Tinware.
3 Bundles Plough Castings.
100 Weight Stove Repairs.

W. J. WOODS,
CUNARD STREET, - - CHATHAM

HORSES & CATTLE.

Kendall's Spavin Cure

50 cts and $1.00 per bottle

Kendall's Blister

50 cts per box.

Kendall's Condition Powders

25 cts per package.

A supply of the above celebrated remedies Horses and Cattle just received direct from manufacturer.

A copy of Kendall's book entitled "Treatise on the Horse or the horse Doctor," which usually sells for 25cts, will be given free to all who apply for it at the

MEDICAL - - HALL

J. D. B. F. Mackenzie.

Littell's Living Age.

IN 1888 THE LIVING AGE enters upon its forty fifth year, having met with constant commendation and success.

A WEEKLY MAGAZINE, it gives fifty-two numbers of sixty-four pages each, or more than

Three and a Quarter Thousand

double-column octavo pages of reading matter yearly. It presents in an inexpensive form, considering its great amount of matter, with freshness, owing to its weekly issue, and with a completeness nowhere else attempted.

The best Essays, Reviews, Criticisms, Serial and Short Stories, Sketches of Travel and Discovery, Poetry, Scientific, Biographical, Historical, and Political information, from the entire body of Foreign Periodical Literature and from the pens of the

Foremost Living Writers.

The ablest and most cultivated intellects, in every department of Literature, Science, Politics, and Art, find expression in the Periodical Literature of Europe, and especially of Great Britain.

The Living Age, *forming four large volumes a year*, furnishes, from the great and generally inaccessible mass of this literature, the only compilation that, while within the reach of all, is satisfactory in the COMPLETENESS with which it embraces whatever is of immediate interest, or of solid, permanent value.

It is therefore indispensable to every one who wishes to keep pace with the events or intellectual progress of the time, or to cultivate in himself or his family general intelligence and literary taste.

OPINIONS.

"We have thought that it was impossible to improve upon this grand publication, yet it does seem to grow better each year. We regard it as the most marvelous publication of the time."—*Christian at Work, New York.*

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"Such a publication exhausts our superlatives. There is nothing noteworthy in science, art, literature biography, philosophy, or religion, that cannot be found in it. It contains nearly all the good literature of the time."—*The Churchman, New York.*

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"In reading its closely printed pages one is brought in contact with the men who are making opinion the world over. Always new, always attractive, always exhibiting editorial wisdom, it is as essential as ever to every one desirous of keeping up with the current of English literature."—*Episcopal Recorder, Philadelphia.*

"It is edited with great skill and care, and its weekly appearance gives it certain advantages over its monthly rivals."—*Albany Argus.*

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"It enables its readers to keep fully abreast of the best thought and literature of civilization."—*Christian Advocate, Pittsburg.*

"It is unequaled."—*North Carolina Presbyterian, Wilmington.*

"It is absolutely without a rival."—*Montreal Gazette.*

Published WEEKLY at $8.00 a year, *free of postage.*

☞TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS for the year 1888, remitting before Jan. 1st, the numbers of 1887 issued after the receipt of their subscriptions, will be sent *gratis.*

Club-Prices for the Best Home and Foreign Literature.

[Possessed of THE LIVING AGE and one or other of our vivacious American monthlies, a subscriber will find himself *in command of the whole situation.*"—*Phila. Eve. Bulletin.*]

For $10.50, THE LIVING AGE and any one of the American $4 monthlies (or *Harper's Weekly* or *Bazar*) will be sent for a year, *postpaid*; or, for $9.50, THE LIVING AGE and the *St. Nicholas* or *Scribner's Magazine.*

Address, LITTELL & CO., Boston

NOTICE FOR WINTER SUPPLY!

DAILY EXPECTED

1 Car Load Ontario Apples

Choice Winter fruit, consisting of

Northern Spy, Greenings, Russetts, Baldwins.

☞Please Call and Book Orders.

W. S. Loggie.

CARD.

To the Electors of the County of Northumberland.

GENTLEMEN:—As a vacancy has occured in the representation of this County in the Local Legislature, I beg to announce myself as a Candidate for this position.

If I am honored by being chosen as your representative I shall endeavor to secure for the county all useful and necessary legislation and to remove that which I consider bears heavily upon the industry and energy of the people

It shall be my special endeavor to secure a reduction of the stumpage Tax on Lumber and Bark and an equitable distribution of the money appropriated for our free grant settlements, with a view to giving increased encouragement to new settlers and a speedier opening up and settlement of the country.

I shall support the present government in all measures which I consider wise and just. My politics are the interests of my county.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your Obt. Servant,
JOHN MORRISSY.

Newcastle, Nov. 29, 1887.

CARD.

To the Electors of the county of Northumberland.

GENTLEMEN:—William A. Park, Esq., has resigned his position as your representative in the Local Legislature of this Province, having accepted the office of Collector of Customs and Savings Bank Agent for the town of Newcastle. Such resignation causes a vacancy in the representation of this County, and the Sheriff's proclamation fixes nomination for candidates on the 6th December next and polling day the 13th of same month.

I offer as a candidate to fill such vacancy recognizing at the same time the apparent loss our County has sustained by Mr. Park's withdrawal from public life and still further that I am not the possessor of the many qualifications with which he is endowed for the position of a representative.

His (Mr. Park's) legal training, public and private associations and general knowledge of matters pertaining and closely touching our political institutions, national as well as provincial amply qualified and fitted him for this important sphere.

In offering as a candidate I therefore recognize that I should be moved by honorable considerations towards the County, and if elected so act as between the body of the people and myself as I would in my private dealings between man and man.

In this connection I would strongly urge a due observance of public opinion and Legislation when once adopted by the General and Local Parliaments, and particularly when the same are intended for the public weal, and that such legislation should be faithfully accepted and strictly enforced without regard to the peculiar or private opinions of the few.

If elected I will give the present government a generous support, basing it upon the manner in which our county's interests are affected. I can find but little in their general legislation to condemn or which is against Northumberland's interests. I reserve for myself, however, as a person in the lumbering business of the county (and by which I earn my livelihood), the free and untrammelled right to press by every reasonable means upon the Government and individual members, as well as in the Legislature, a REDUCTION SO FAR AS THE IMPOSITION OF THE STUMPAGE AND OTHER LUMBER TAXES ARE CONCERNED. Our lumbering interests require some consideration and I am in warm sympathy with the business men of this county in their demands for a reduction of the same.

Another fair and reasonable proposition, and by the adoption of same, security to the merchants and lumbermen would be guaranteed, viz: —that all the lands offered by the crown for lumbering purposes, sold and purchased subject to public competition, whether for a period of 3, 5 or 10 years, shall not be lessened in acreage or mileage during the term of the lease.

Following in line with the above course the question of the "settlement of lands," or in other words what improvement can be made relating to settlers? I am of opinion that blocks of land after having first received some thorough and practical inspection and examination as to its agricultural qualities and fitness for settlement, should be positively

(Gleaner)

At a Miramichi Lumber Camp.

WITH GUN AND GAME-BAG.—TAPPER GOES TO THE CAMPS BUT WILL NEVER GO AGAIN.—OLD MAIDS, BEANS AND SWAMP-SOGGINS.—WILL I GET AWAY ALIVE?

HARVEY, Nov. 28.—Tapper, our St. John merchant, who enjoyed himself so well at Harvey on Jubilee day, having read a great deal lately regarding the lumber business of the Miramichi concluded that in no way could he gain so good a knowledge of it as by visiting these famed lumber regions.

Accordingly he took down his lightning magazine rifle, and boarded the morning train on the N. B. R. for the celestial city. Here he took the Northern & Western for Boiestown where he was met by Squire Keator, and behind a spanking team driven to the squire's farm.

Next morning he and the squire started for the "Old Maids," a camp of the squires, which he had so named on account of two brooks which here emptied into the Miramichi. I have been told, though privately, that the squire said the only resemblance he saw between the brooks and old maids was that "both are apt to be dry."

They arrived at the camp before dinner, and the first object that Tapper spied was Joe Sprague. Joe was cook, and when the squire told him that Mr. Tapper is going to stay a few days, and I want you to lead him into all

THE MYSTERIES OF THE LUMBER BUSINESS,

and give him all the knowledge of it possible, Joe's eyes fairly danced. Said the squire, "I must go to the bread pan" this afternoon and see how they are doing there.

Tapper viewed his surroundings with the air of a man who had cut millions of spruce although at the same time he would have been puzzled to tell one from a hemlock, but he resolved to make the cook and men believe he was quite at home.

The men came in to dinner, and seeing the stranger with gun and gamebag at once began to talk about shooting,—and Joe giving them a hint as to whet the squire wished,—old Ben Dawson asked Tapper if ever he had shot a swamp-soggin," cause if you haint, and mighty few men have, you've come to the right ground. I believe I saw the track on one down in the big cedar swamp." Joe interposed, didn't Nat Shears kill one here last winter? No, said Ben, he called it a soggin, but it was nothing but an aldervan? Why, what kind of animals are they? Are they big or small? A swamp soggin and an aldervan! I never heard of them before, and I've been to every circus that has visited St. John." Well mister, said Ben, I'll not describe the soggin but ye're likely to see one, but a aldervan is a sidehill rabbit,—two short legs on one side and two long ones on the other, so its handy to feed on the hill sides. They ain't plenty but there is sum! I'll cruise round this afternoon and see if we can't find the feller."

When dinner was despatched they went away to their work leaving Tapper and Joe alone in the camp. Tapper began to inquire about the animals but Joe said "I never saw one and can't tell you about them, but old Ben's posted. He said he saw the track and he'll find it." Joe went on with his culinary preparations, and Tapper in amazement saw him take an old larrigan and begin to fill it with beans. Joe had filled it nearly full of moss, unknown to Tapper, and now put in a pint of beans. Cantilever!" said our merchant, "what are you going to do with that?" Why!

THAT'S THE WAY WE COOK BEANS,

since we got the stoves. Ye see, we can't have a bean-hole, so we make the moccasins do. I think it does better. I know the men seem to like them." But, said Tapper, its dirty, abominably dirty! "No siree! It just gives them the right flavour." Tapper vowed on his secret soul that he wouldn't eat them, and began to oil his gun.

When the gun was fixed to satisfaction he went out and strolled round, but did not go very far from camp. His mind was filled with conflicting thoughts. It will be fine if I kill it and take its fur home, but perhaps it has feathers, a swamp soggin, its a queer name. Then the idea would strike him, it may be savage and bite. If its cross I'll say I can't get the gun off, and won't go near it. So he thought and planned the long afternoon, while in the hovel old Ben was planning also. He got a pail and filled it with water, molasses and rotton onions, and then took a piece of green poplar and peeled it, so that it was as white as though painted.

Watching till Tapper had gone into the camp, he took these articles and went a short distance into the woods, where stood an old dry pine with a large hole at its roots. Here he inserted the peeled poplar after tying a chalk-line round it, and then cutting the line in two, he threw the end of it across a limb overhead, and fastening the pail of "medicine" to it, hoisted it up into the tree, so that a very slight pull would tip it.

THEY FIND THE SWAMP SOGGIN.

When he entered the camp, seeing the men were all in, he said, "Boys I've found her! She's there in the old pine! I knowed it was a soggin, and it's an old huger! Let us get supper and then after it." Tapper's eyes were beginning to pop out, and his hair began to assume a perpendicular position, but putting on a bold face he said, "Yes, boys, hur-hur-hurry up it may be gone." Supper over Ben and Joe had a conversation while Tapper was getting ready, and away they started. "Now," says Ben, "Watch the hole, when I strike the tree, and you see something white fire!" Joe had the pail line in one hand and the soggin line in the other, and old Ben placed Tapper on one knee right under the pail.

Joe says, "are you ready?" Tapper says, "ye-ye-yee," his gun performing curious circles as if he were shooting snine. Ben struck the tree, Joe pulled the soggin line, Tapper fired and Joe pulled the pail. With a whoop that would wake the dead, Tapper, as the mixture struck his head and shoulders, broke for the camp. Away went the gun, an old fallen tree lay right across his path, he makes a wild spring, but a limb catches his pant leg, zip-er-r-rash, he's down in the leaves and moss,—no he's up again,—moss and beech-nuts flying in all directions, and howls that would scare the Nappadoggan whooper.

When he got to the camp, he was a sight to behold. He was moss and leaves from head to foot, one tail of his coat was gone, and smell, why it would knock a house down. "Man," says old Crabtree, who had not left the camp, "ye missed him, but he did na miss you!" A short time after, the others came in. Joe bringing the hat and rifle. "Ye missed him," said Ben. "Ye-ye-yes," says Tapper. He could hardly open his mouth, for the "medicine" had glued up his hair and whiskers to an alarming extent. "What will I do! what will I do! he ejaculated, "will this smell never leave me?" Joe thought if they carried the joke farther they would have a lunatic on their hands, "I'll clean your coat, and if you were shaved and had your hair shingled you would be all right." "Bu-bu-but there is no barber." "Oh yes," says Ben, "I'll soon rid yon of your locks," and in a few minutes

TAPPER WAS BENT BACK ON THE DEACON SEAT

and Ben was clipping his hair in fine style.

Soon the barber had him put in shape and he was just as good as ever.

Next morning at breakfast each had a plate of beans, but Tapper paid no notice to his. He watched the others eating and said nothing. However, Ben asked him if he didn't like beans. Said he, "No man knows anything about beans till he eats them in the woods." "Yes, try them! try them!" said all, and Tapper thought a few wouldn't kill him, so he stuck in his fork, and oh, horrors, pulled out on the end of it a larrigan strap. His eyes glared, but making no remark, he pushed away the plate. Joe had seen the action, and coming over, with a spoon lifted the strap out, remarking, "the stitches in that piece haven't been soaked enough, but it will be all right for the next mess."

While the others were talking and eating, Joe noticed that Ben had become very quiet all of a sudden, and, after watching him a few moments, he enquired, "Well, Ben, what's eating you now?" "I was thinking," said Ben, "that this is old maids' night, and they'll be down in the yards picking gum. Maybe this stranger might get them to go away." "Old maids!, says Tapper, "Why what do you mean! surely there are no women up here?" "Oh, but there is," says Ben, "that's how it got it's name.

TWO OLD MAIDS FROM FREDERICTON

are living above here a piece. I had a talk to them and they said as how there was so many elley-tresity lights in town, that decent women can't sleep; the light fellers will be peeking into the winders." I tried to get them to leave, but its no use. They said as how they'd pick gum for a livin', and I suppose for fear of the men they come at night, and they get here mostly Thursdays as they go to others and it takes them a week to get round.' "Now stranger, if you could get them to go home you would do a good job, for some of these nights they'll freeze to death." Tapper's sympathies were aroused, and he said, "I'll speak to the old ladies, perhaps they'll pay some attention to me." When night come all were ready. Tapper had no thoughts of the "soggin;" but went forth from the camp to conquer, escorted by the whole crew. Ben had told him that he must be very polite and Tapper promised. Ben and Joe had gone some time before the others to, as they said, enquire of the females as to whether they would talk to the stranger. Tapper and his escort marched on to the yards, and sure enough were the ladies busily picking gum. Tapper at once stepped forward and made a most profound courtesy, "Hoighty toighty!" said the elder of the ladies, here's a town man. Shake, mister, and she clutched his hand in a grasp that made his knees wobble. "Are you Grit or Tory? Free vote or weighed in the balance? Commersh or Annexation? Blue vitrol or bees wax? and the other seizing his left hand they began to turn him round the punch bowl, the punch bowl!" The grasp on Tapper's hands was more than he could bear. He began to yell, the ladies spun him round faster, till his coat tail spread like a parachute and his legs cut as many antics as a dude's at a dancing party. "Oh, let me get back to St. John, never will I come to the lumber woods again. Old maids, beans, and swamp soggins, will I get away alive?" Here the men rushed up and rescued him and bore him home. He departed in the morning for St. John.

On the train the conductor asked him how he liked the woods. "No one, says Tapper has the least idea of the lumber business till they've been there. I had a lively time."

ED. W. CATER.

NEW FURNITURE.

Old Oak Bedroom Setts, oil finish.
Cherry Bedroom Setts.
Ash Bedroom Setts,
Antique Oak Bedroom Setts.
Cam Chairs.
Rattan Chairs and Rockers.
Rattan Cradles,
Swing Cotts.
Parlor Suits.
Sideboards, Lounges, &c.

All new Stock.

B. FAIREY.
Newcastle

D. T. JOHNSTONE,
Chatham Livery Stables.
Regular Coaches to trains leaving and arriving a
CHATHAM RAILWAY STATION

Pitcher's Castoria.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

NEW GOODS.

Recently received, a FULL STOCK of all kinds of
DRY GOODS
Special Values in COTTONS
viz., GREY COTTONS, WHITE COTTONS, SHEETINGS, and PILLOW COTTONS, TABLE LINENS, TOWELS and TOWELLINGS.

Printed Cottons ver- Cheap,
in decidedly new and pretty Patterns.
Large Variety of DRESS GOODS. Also Coburgs, Lusters Cashmeres and Merinoes, Cloths in English and American Tweeds, All Wool Homespuns and Canadian, (cheaper than present Mill Prices) Men's Ready Made Clothing in Coats Pants and Vests, Boys' Ready Made Clothing, White and Colored Cotton Shirts, Fancy Tweed and Cloth Shirts, Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps, in all qualities,
Wool, Union, russels Tapestry and Hemp Carpets, Floor. Oilcloths, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, and 8-4 Linoleum.
Special value in Tea, Sugar, Tobacco, Molasses, Soap Flour, Meal Pork Beef Beans Fish
The inspection of Wholesale and Retail Buyers respectfully invited.

William Murray - Argyle House,

NOW ARRIVING.

FALL IMPORTATIONS
—FULL LINES OF—
DRY GOODS,
Hosiery.
Haberdashery, etc.
Carpets,
Cutlery,
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HATS,
Latest Styes.
J. B. Snowball.

OF COURSE!

"Where are you going to buy your Dry Goods?" "At B. Fairey's Newcastle,
Most Certainly."

He has also the largest, cheapest and best stock of furniture in the county.
NEW PLUSH AND HAIR CLOTH LOUNGES JUST IN.
B. FAIREY, Newcastle.

FAIREY'S PRICE LIST FOR NOVEMBER.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS. GENUINE BARGAINS.

A fine assortment of all-Wool Tweeds, at 47c.
Canadian Homespun, Extra Heavy, 39c.
Fine Canadian Tweeds, from 55c. (all-wool).
Men's Shirts and Drawers, from 56c., the suit.
Men's all-Wool Shirts and Drawers, from $1.10 the Suit.
Men's Country Socks, 20c., Cardigans, 85c
Swansdowns, 8c. 9c. 11c. 13c., splendid value.
Grey Flannels, from 18c., Homespun Shirtings from 20.
28 in. all-Wool Grey Flannel, 28c., a job lot A 1 value.
A special lot of fine Union Flannels, at 22c.
Scarlet Flannels, 18c., White do., 25c.
Tickings from 14c.. Striped Osnaburg, 11½c.
Dress Meltons from 10c 13c. 18c. 23c.
Fancy Check do. now selling at 17c.
Ulster Cloths from 55c., double width.
Nap Cloths from 87c.
Ladies' Cloth Jackets reduced in price.
Ladies' Shawls.
Tam O'Shanters, 30c.
Bed Comfortables, 90c., White Blankets, $2.25.
ALL GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.
P. S. I am not retiring from the retail trade, nor have I any rubbish to offer at auction.
B. FAIREY, Newcastle.
Newcastle Nov. 7, 1887.

Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 17th day of December next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, between the hours of twelve noon and 5 o'clock p m.

All the right, title and interest of David J. Buckley in and to all that piece or tract of Land situate lying and being in the Pleasant Ridge Settlement in the Parish of Rogersville and County of Northumberland, abutted and bounded as follows, to-wit.—Beginning at a make standing on the Southern side of a reserved road at the North west angle of lot number thirteen granted to Lemuel Bourk on the western side of the Intercolonial Railway, thence running by the magnet South seven degrees and thirty minutes east forty-four chains and 50 links, thence South eighty nine degrees West thirty four chains and fifty links, thence North one degree West forty-four chains to a stake standing on the Southern side of the aforesaid reserved road, and thence along the same north eighty-nine degrees east twenty chains to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres more or less, and distinguished as the North part of Lot number seventy-four in the Pleasant Ridge Settlement, and granted to the said David J. Buckley on the 10th January A D 1884 as by reference to the said grant will more fully appear.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court at the suit of John D Buckley against the said David J. Buckley.

JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff
Sheriff's office, Newcastle, Sept 6th, A D 1887.

Mortgage Sale

To Thomas Whitton of the Parish of Chatham in the County of Northumberland in the Province of New Brunswick Trader and Bridget Whitton his wife and to all others whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the Ninth day of April in the year of Our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Eighty Four and made between Thomas Whitton of the Parish of Chatham in the County of Northumberland in the Province of New Brunswick Trader of the one part and the undersigned Daniel Desmond of the Parish County and Province aforesaid Trader of the other part which Mortgage was duly recorded in the Records of the County of Northumberland on the Ninth day of April A. D. 1884 in volume 62 of the County Records pages 381, 382 and 383, and is numbered 249 in said volume—There will in pursuance of the said Power of sale and for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the Twenty first day of January next in front of the Post Office Chatham in said County, at Ten o'clock in the Forenoon The Lands and premises in said Indenture mentioned and described as follows namely: All and singular that certain Lot piece or parcel of Land and premises situate lying and being in the Town of Chatham aforesaid and bounded and described as follows to-wit: Commencing on the South side of Water Street in the Town of Chatham aforesaid at the Northwesterly angle of the Land now in possession of William McNaughton, formerly owned by James Kerr, thence westerly along the south side of Water street aforesaid Forty one feet thence South on a line parallel with Westerly side line of the said McNaughton property One hundred feet to the Northerly boundary of the property formerly owned by the late Patrick Dulhanty; thence Easterly along the Northerly side of said Dulhanty's property Forty one feet or to the Westerly side line of said McNaughton's property One hundred feet to the place of beginning—Together with all and singular the Buildings and improvements thereon and the rights members privileges hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in anywise appertaining—Also the reversion and reversions remainder and remainders, rents issues and profits thereof &c of the said Thomas Whitton and Bridget Whetton his wife, of in to out of or upon the said Lands and premises and every part thereof.

Dated the Eleventh day of October A. D. 1887.

L. J. TWEEDIE, Solicitor for Mortgagee. (Sgd) DANIEL DESMOND Mortgagee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 21st day of January next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, between the hours of twelve noon and five o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest of Thomas Whitton in and to all and singular that certain lot piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing on the South side of Water Street in the Town of Chatham aforesaid, at the Northwesterly angle of the land now in possession of William McNaughton, formerly owned by James Kerr, thence Westerly along the South side of Water street aforesaid Forty-one feet, thence South in a line parallel with the Westerly side line of the said McNaughton property One hundred feet or to the Northerly boundary of the property formerly owned by the late Patrick Dulhanty, thence Easterly along the Northerly side of said Dulhanty's property forty-one feet or to the Westerly side line of said McNaughton property, thence Northerly along the Westerly side line of said McNaughton property One hundred feet or to the place of beginning, and conveyed to the said Thomas Whitton by Daniel Desmond by Deed dated the 8th day of April A. D. 1884 and being the land and premises upon which the said Thomas Whitton at present resides.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court by William A. Hickson against the said Thomas Whitton.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 8th day of Oct., A. D. 1887.

JNO SHIRREFF, Sheriff of North'd

Furniture Depot.

My Stock of Furniture is now the largest and best in the County.

Handsome BEDROOM SETS,
PARLOR SETS,
CENTRE TABLES,
DINING TABLES,
LFAF TABLES, &c.
CHAIRS of every kind from 45c., to $1.50 each.
SIDEBOARDS,
WHAT-NOTS, BUREAUS,
SINKS, WASH-STANDS,
Iron and Wood BEDSTEADS, all prices.

Send for price list to

B. FAIREY, Newcastle.

MONEY SAVED!

You can save money by buying your Pork, Beef Flour, Molasses, Tea, Sugar, Tobacco, Rice, Barley, Dried Apples, Currants, Lard, Butter, Chees Hams, Bacon, etc.

—ALSO—

Ready Made Clothing, Overalls, Hats, Shirts Collars, Ties, Rubber Coats, Rubber Boots, under ware, Boots & Shoes in Men's, Women's Misses & Children's sizes.

—ALSO—

Dress Goods, Corsets, Hose, Frillings, Gloves Ladies' Collars, Ginghams & fancy small wares Grey Cottons, from 3½c., White Cottons from 7 cts., and Fancy Prints, from 5cts., per yd at
F. W. Russell's
CHEAP CASH STORE. Black Brook

FOR SALE.

1 Thorough Bred Jersey Bull, 3 years old. As I must dispose of the above this fall the intending purchaser may expect a bargain.
Alex. Flett.
Nelson, Mir., Oct 19th, '87.

CALL AT THE
NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE
FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS

VEGETINE, CUTICURA, Kidney Wort, Maltine, Hydroline, Quinine Wine, Quinine Wine & Iron, Beef, Burdock Blood Bitters,
Acid Phosphate, Warner's Saf Cure, Liquid Rennet, Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract, Emulsion Cod Liver Oil, Cod Liver Oil (Skrei Brand)
COD LIVER OIL [(Morse's Norwegian),
Dr. Pierce's Medicines,
Dr. Grosvenor's Liveraid,
Allen's Lung Balsam.

HAIR BRUSHES, CLOTH BRUSHES, NAIL BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, VIOLET POWDER, TOOTH POWDERS, SOZODONT, TOOTH SOAP, DENTOROMA, SPONGES, SOAPS, ETC

E. LEE STREET, Proprietor.
Physicians' Perscriptions carefully prepared
Newcastle Sept. 2, 1886.

General Business.

Livery Stable!

The Subscriber having purchased the Livery Stable outfit of the late John A. Ward, begs to announce that he will continue the business at the same stand, and solicits a share of public patronage.

Teams of all Kinds
furnished, with or without drivers.
Fishing and Pleasure Parties
provided for at short notice.
Regular Coach service in connection with Trains and Steamers.
Chatham, N. B. JAS. P. SEARLE

Wm. ROBINSON
—Manufacturer of:—
Fine Carriages, Road Waggons, Working Waggons, etc.
NEWCASTLE, - - N. B.

Now on hand the following waggons:—
PIANO BOX, on Regina gear.
WHITECHAPEL body, on Regina gear.
(Both of above, on Timkin gear.
CONCORD Waggons and Piano box do., on common side springs.
TWO-SEATED SURRIES, on Timkin gear. Regina gears, with tops.
PHYSICIANS' 4-WHEEL FLIES.
LUMBER - WAGGONS, Carts and Slovens of all kinds—single and double.
REPAIRING done at short notice.
A large and varied lot of
SECOND-HAND WAGGONS,
very servicable. GREAT BARGAINS are offered in this line.
—Agent for the well known—
Agricultural Implement
Manufactory of Messrs. Patterson Bros., Wood stock Ontario.

Percheron Horse.

FOR SALE a Percheron Horse three years old, off; weight nearly Twelve Hundred.
Apply to L. J. TWEEDIE.
Chatham, 5th Oct., 1887

White Beans.

In Store—30 Bbls. White Beans.
For sale by C. M BOSTWICK, & CO. St. John

JUST ARRIVING.

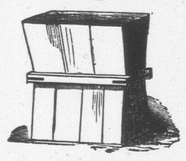
125 barrels Patent Flour, Morning Star.
125 " " " Challenge.
75 " Superior Extra.
50 Oatmeal.
50 Quintals Codfish.
100 Half Chest Tea.
25 barrels sugar.
1000 lbs. Hams and Bacon.
20 barrels Pork.
10 " Choice Plate Beef.
20 dozen Brooms
20 " Buckets.
Earthenware in dinner and Tea sets, Crocks, Chamber Sets. &c.
1000 rolls Room Paper.
ROGER FLANAGAN.
Chatham, N B.

Tea! T Tea
On Hand and to arrive from London
100 HALF CHESTS TEA.
E. A. STRANG Chatham

WAGGONS! WAGGONS.

THE Subscriber has on hand thirteen (13) new waggons, comprising, Single and Double Piano Single and Double Concord Single Whitechapel etc. They are of the very best material, style an workmanship, and will be sold at the most reasonable rates. Inspection is invited by parties n need of Waggons, as the lot on hand
Cannot be Surpassed
North Sho for style and price.
JOHN MOWAT

Shingles!



Well made and at reasonable prices, at THE FACTORY, Chatham.
GEO. CASSADY.

NOTICE.

Please take notice that all debts due me, and not settled before the first of December, will be placed in other hands for collection.
12—1 MISS J. DAVIDSON.
Chatham, Nov. 9, 1887.

ST. JOHN SUN.
The Weekly Sun.
the Leading Commercial and Family Paper of the Maritime Provinces; EIGHT PAGES—containing the news of the week from all parts of the world,
Telegraphic and Shipping News,
a Sermon by one of the leading Clergymen of the day, an interesting serial, and a large variety of useful and instructive reading;
LATEST MARKET REPORTS,
CORRECTED EVERY WEEK.
WILL BE SENT TO ANY PART OF CANADA, UNITED STATES, NEWFOUNDLAND OR GREAT BRITAIN, POSTAGE PAID,
From now to 31st December, 1888
—FOR—
ONE DOLLAR.
The large and constantly increasing circulation of the WEEKLY SUN makes it a most desirable MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISERS wishing to reach all parts of the provinces. RATES LOW.

THE DAILY SUN.
2 cents per copy; $5.00 per annum. The best advertising medium in the Maritime Prouinces.
Rates furnished on application.
ADDRESS: THE SUN, St. JOHN, N. B.

FLOUR FLOUR
125 bbls. COOK'S FRIEND, patent,
125 " PARAGON, patent
125 " TRIUMPH, "
125 " FOUNTAIN.
To be sold Low FOR CASH.
A. STRANG, - - Chatham.

LIVERPOOL SALT!
IN BAGS.
FOR SALE BY
NEW BRUNSWICK TRADING COMPANY

GENERAL BUSINESS

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE FOR INTERNAL —AND— EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases. We will send free, postpaid, to all who send their names, an Illustrated Pamphlet containing information of very great value. Everybody should have this book, and those who send for it will ever after thank their lucky stars. All who buy or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price, 25 cts.; 6 bottles, $1.50. Express prepaid to any part of the United States or Canada. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2116, Boston, Mass.

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN. LINIMENT

SAY! JUST READ THIS.

WHAT YOU CAN GET AT THE
Newcastle Drug Store.
PLUSH GOODS,
—CONSISTING OF:—
Brush and Comb Cases, Ladies' and Gents' Dressing Cases Shaving Cases, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Perfumery Cases, Baby Dressing Cases, Manicures, Clocks, Mirrors (set in Plush), Wall Pockets, Photo Frames. Perfumery Boxes and Baby Dressing Cases are Musical and play two tunes each.
SILVERWARE,
—CONSISTING OF—
CARD BASKETS, BREAKFAST CRUETS, SALTS, ETC
—ALSO—
Cups, Vases, Toilet Sets, Fancy Moustache Cups, Cut Glass Bottles Chinese Lanterns, Japanese Fire Screens, Bronze Clocks, Smokers' Sets, Cribbage Boards, Ink Stands, Work Baskets (German,) Perfumery in Fancy Bottles.
There is the largest and best assortment in Miramichi at the
NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE,
NEXT NEW POST OFFICE.
E. LEE STREET, PROPRIETOR
Newcastle, Dec. 11th 1886

Fire, Marine & Life
INSURANCE AGENCY AT
CHATHAM, - - N. B.

The undersigned is prepared to Insure property from fire in the County of Northumberland in the following Old and Reliable English, American and Canadian Fire Insurance Companies.

ENGLISH.

The London & Liverpool & Globe Insurance Company of London,
" Imperial " " "
" Phœnix Fire Assurance " " "
" Fire Insurance Association, Limited, "
" Lancashire Insurance Company of Manchester.
" London & Lancashire Insurance Company of Liverpool
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society of Norwich

AMERICAN.

The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford
" Hartford " " "

CANADIA.

The Royal Canadian Assurance Company of Montreal.
" Western Assurance Company of Toronto.
" Citizens " " "

MARINE INSURANCE.

Risks taken on Vessels, Cargoes, Freight and Disbursements Sterling Certificates issued, if required, in the following Marine Insurance Companies.—
Boston Marine Insurance Company of Boston
Manheim Insuranco Company of Manheim,
Royal Canadian Insurance Co., of Montreal
British America " " of Toronto
Western " " of Toronto

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Standard Life Assurance Company of Edinburgh.

The Rates of Insurance in this Office are low and the Bonuses large.
Low Rates, Fair Settlements and prompt payment of Losses guaranteed.

Thos. F. Gillespie,
Insurance Agent.
Chatham, July 11th, 1887.

JOB-PRINTING

LOWER Water St. Chatham, MIRAMICHI

Having completed the removal of the ADVANCE establishment to the building next N. B. Trading Co's. office, Lower Water Street, we are now prepared to execute all kinds of

BOOK AND JOB-PRINTING

in first class style. This establishment was the only one in the Province in a position to enter into competition with the city offices at the

Dominion Centennial Exhibition

at St. John, where it received a

—MEDAL AND DIPLOMA—

for "Book and Job Printing" and "Letter-Press Printing." This is good evidence of the fine character of its work.

We have also, constantly on sale a large line of blank-forms such as:—
RAILWAY SHIPPING RECEIPTS.
FISH INVOICES, (newest form.)
MAGISTRATES' BLANKS.
DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.
SUPREME AND COUNTY COURT BLANKS.
SHERIFFS' BLANKS.
TEACHERS' AGREEMENTS.
SCHOOL ASSESSMENT FORMS.
ETC.; ETC., ETC.
Send along your orders.

D. G. SMITH
Chatham N B.

Children Cry for