

The Waterdown Review

VOL. 2.

WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1919

NO. 20.

W. F. MORGAN-DEAN

G. R. HARRIS

WE WILL BUY OR SELL

VICTORY LOAN BONDS

Large or Small Amounts—Fully Paid or Partly Paid
Consult Us Before Buying or Selling

Morgan-Dean, Harris & Company

802 Bank of Hamilton Building

Reference—Union Bank, Hamilton

Phone Reg. 6854

Hamilton, Canada

The Bowes Co. Ltd Of Toronto

Have purchased the Roller Rink at Waterdown, (the machinery is installed) and are now open to receive No. 1, 2, 3 and Jam apples. Will pay highest market prices.

This plant will be one of the largest in the district, and we trust the people of this vicinity will give it their liberal support.

Stetler & Nicholson
MANAGERS

Willard's Choice Fork Dipped Chocolates

We are just opening up the largest consignment of Bulk Chocolates ever shipped to Waterdown direct from the factory.

Regular prices 60c to 75c a pound.

The Assortment Includes

| | |
|------------------|-------------|
| RASPBERRY JELLY | PEANUT ROCK |
| STRAWBERRY JELLY | PEANUT CHIP |
| ALMOND ROCK | FRUITENA |
| TID BITS | FIG PATTIES |
| CHERRY CENTERS | SNOW BALL |
| STRAWBERRY | LEMON |
| RASPBERRY | COCOANUT |
| WHIPPED CREAM | VANILLA |
| PEPPERMINT | HONEY |

Watch our windows and show cases for special Saturday bargains. Prices will range from 43c to 59c per pound.

W. H. CUMMINS

Druggist & Stationer

Phone 152

Waterdown

The Coal of the World

Canada Stands High But United States Comes First.

The "coal reserve" of the United States—by which is meant the estimated amount of coal underground—is, according to figures presented by the International Geological Congress of 1913, about twenty times as much as that of Great Britain, and practically half that of the entire world. This is the estimate of coal reserves of the principal countries given in metric tons (2,200 pounds):—

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| United States . . . | 3,486,361,000,000 |
| Canada | 1,234,269,000,000 |
| China | 995,587,000,000 |
| Germany (1913) . . . | 423,356,000,000 |
| Great Britain . . . | 189,533,000,000 |
| Siberia | 173,879,000,000 |
| Australia | 165,572,000,000 |
| India | 79,001,000,000 |
| Russia | 60,160,000,000 |
| Austria | 53,878,000,000 |
| Colombia | 27,000,000,000 |
| Indo-China | 20,000,000,000 |
| France (1913) . . . | 17,583,000,000 |

Following is the estimated available coal supply of the United States (in short tons), as given by the United States Geological Survey:—

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| North Dakota | 697,921,200,000 |
| Wyoming | 670,555,100,000 |
| Montana | 381,638,800,000 |
| Colorado | 317,589,600,000 |
| Illinois | 199,951,500,000 |
| New Mexico | 191,777,900,000 |
| West Virginia | 150,363,600,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 124,627,000,000 |
| Kentucky | 123,015,000,000 |
| Ohio | 92,943,900,000 |
| Utah | 88,294,000,000 |
| Missouri | 83,820,000,000 |
| Alabama | 67,200,000,000 |
| Washington | 63,776,400,000 |
| Oklahoma | 54,882,300,000 |
| Indiana | 52,673,500,000 |

The United States seems likely to become the chief coal exporting country of the world. In the year immediately preceding the war, the United States ranked third in coal exportation. Great Britain being first with 74,000,000 tons, Germany second with 35,000,000, the United States 22,000,000, Belgium 6,000,000, Japan 4,000,000, South Africa a little more than 2,000,000 and Canada and Australia about 2,000,000 each. This showed a grand total of 160,000,000 tons of coal moving in export in the world as a necessity of international trade.

Reports from Great Britain, formerly the world's chief coal exporter, indicate that her exports of coal in the year ending in June are about one-half that of the year preceding the war, while the coal exports of the United States have increased meantime more than 25 per cent, according to a bulletin from the National City Bank of New York. Great Britain fell from 73,400,000 tons in 1913 to 37,000,000 in the twelve months ending in June, 1919, while the coal exports of the United States, which were a little more than 10,000,000 tons in the fiscal year of 1914, were nearly 26,000,000 in the fiscal year 1918. Great Britain will do well to supply her own home consumption this year and have 20,000,000 tons for export.

Germany lost a percentage of her coal area by the peace treaty, and under the peace terms she must supply a large amount of coal to France, and she will have but a small amount, if any, coal for exportation.

With this fall off of more than half in the power of British coal exportation, the elimination of Germany as a coal exporter (except to France), and the extremely small quantity which any other country can this year export it seems clear that the United States will take its place at the head of the list of coal exporting countries. Even through the fall off in the last year in the coal production in the country, due to the return to Europe of so many aliens who were miners, may continue for a brief period, it is believed the United States will retain first place in coal exportation, for the reason that more than one-half of her output is mined with machinery, as against about one-fifth mined by machine methods in Great Britain.

Our Timber.

At the conference of the Canadian Forestry Association held at Montreal, it was resolved that permission be obtained to make an accurate survey of all standing timber in Canada, showing the various kinds of lumber and its quality, location and accessibility, together with available means of transport to the nearest market, also a report of all cut-over lands which are suitable only for forest growth, with the extent and situation of same. This information, it is considered, would be of the utmost value, not only to lumber operators, but to the Dominion and Provincial Governments, enabling them to develop to the full extent a permanent forest policy which would have the effect of conserving the great natural resources contained in Canada's forests.

Canada's Trade

Figures Must Be Altered to Restore Value of Dollar.

Canadian trade statistics for the first half of the calendar year appear to indicate that while the adverse balance in trade with the United States is still unfortunately large conditions in this respect are at any rate better than they were in the corresponding period of 1918. That is, Canada has been selling a greater value of goods to the United States, and importing a less value. There has been a marked falling off in exports as well as imports since March, however, the decline in imports being perhaps due to the high rate of exchange, which has led to the cancellation of many orders. The figures from Ottawa follow:—

| | IMPORTS. | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 1918. | 1919. |
| January | \$47,624,700 | \$59,431,482 |
| February | 41,185,814 | 52,255,909 |
| March | 70,570,794 | 56,557,492 |
| April | 66,934,076 | 43,071,213 |
| May | 78,266,622 | 58,083,040 |
| June | 70,597,035 | 61,236,510 |

\$375,179,041 \$330,635,646

EXPORTS.

| | EXPORTS. | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 1918. | 1919. |
| January | \$26,681,092 | \$38,836,250 |
| February | 22,795,703 | 32,357,038 |
| March | 37,111,492 | 37,086,020 |
| April | 26,459,118 | 23,625,004 |
| May | 36,784,057 | 35,179,067 |
| June | 39,834,229 | 29,383,659 |

\$189,665,691 \$196,467,038

From these figures it will be seen that the adverse balance of trade against Canada the first half of 1919 was \$185,513,350, while for the corresponding period of this year it was \$134,168,608. The balance must be still further reduced if the value of the Canadian dollar is to be restored. The discouraging feature of this year's trade is the falling off in exports since March. Canada must produce more—not only enough to supply her own people, but to afford a larger surplus for sale abroad.

Canada's Credit.

Canada's credit stands high. A reputation for sound financial methods during the war has been of inestimable benefit to the Dominion. Behind this stands also the realization of her immense natural resources and the fact that on the North American continent she is almost the sole remaining outlet for new settlement on a large scale. Within the new decade or two she will probably receive millions of the best class of immigrants, and these will make her per capita burdens light. The net public debt of Canada stands to-day at 1,500 million dollars. Seventy-five per cent. of it is due to Canadians. Weighed against her natural resources it is not heavy. It must also be taken into account that among her other assets Canada now owns and operates 14,000 miles of railway.

Branch of Corn Club at Portage La Prairie

Portage La Prairie, Manitoba can now boast of having a branch of the Corn Club. The membership of the club now numbers 150, with good prospects of a substantial increase. The members are all tried men, and thoroughly conversant with the art of growing corn. A sample of the corn grown on their extensive Club farm was received here last week, and it was truly a fine one, some of the cobs measuring 17 and 18 inches.

The fame of the Corn Club, which had its origin in Waterdown, now extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and daily the Head Office here is in receipt of letters from points in Manitoba and British Columbia requesting that application blanks for membership be sent them.

The Portage club, we understand will be an extensive exhibitor at the approaching Fall Fair to be held there next month. The following are the officers of the Portage branch: J. S. Brent, Pres.; Chas. Brown, Vice Pres.; Fred Metzger, Secretary; E. Greene, Treas.

Greenville

Gilbert Clark and his sister, Mrs. I. Thornton, of New Ontario, is visiting their father, Jas. Clark.

Miss Martha Clark is spending her vacation in Muskoka.

Mr. Walker Spent the week end in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Porter spent Sunday at Chas. Rayners.

The School Fair will be held at Greenville on Wednesday, Oct. 1st.

Mrs. Carey and little grand-daughter spent Sunday at J. N. Tunis

"Yus," said Bill the Coster, "it were superstition as made me marry my missus."

"How's that?" inquired his friend.

"Why, it were a toss-up 'tween her and Mary Jane. One day I was thinking which of 'em to have—Mary Jane or Anna—when, as I was walking along, I saw a cigar lying on the ground, so I picked it up, and blowed it if it didn't say on it 'Havanna,' so I had her."

FIRE PREVENTION DAY, OCTOBER 9th

Prevent Fires

In Your Home

By removing all Rubbish and Litter. Have your furnace and stove pipes in proper condition. Properly installed Lightning Rods are more than 99% efficient.

In Your Factory and Shop

By removing oily waste and other fire menaces. Prohibit smoking on the premises. Cleanliness, order and forethought are important factors in reducing fire waste. Provide better and more systematic inspection and watchman service and also more efficient fire-fighting equipment.

In Your Office

Do not leave lighted cigars, or cigarettes where they may start a fire. Do not throw a lighted match into the waste-paper basket.

In Your School

By teaching the children the danger of Fire. Before leaving each night see that there can be no overheated stoves or furnace. Teach the children not to play with matches.

In Your Church

Have chimneys properly cleaned out before starting your furnace. Never put on an extra fire except when someone is on hand to attend to it.

ONTARIO FIRE PREVENTION LEAGUE, INC.

Affiliated with Ontario Fire Marshal's Office, Department of Attorney-General, Parliament Buildings, Toronto

GEORGE F. LEWIS, Sec.-Treas.

GILLET'S LYE
USEFUL FOR OVER 500 PURPOSES
MADE IN CANADA

ANIMAL DOCTORING.

Many of the Lower Orders Show Results.

It appears that the simple remedies of nature generally suffice to cure beasts of their ailments and that they are guided to them by instinct.

In a communication to the Biological Society of Paris a distinguished naturalist sets forth the fact that medicine as practiced by animals is thoroughly practical.

Animals instinctively choose such food as is best suited to them. It is maintained that the human race also exhibits this instinct, and the French scientists blame medical men for giving insufficient attention to the likes and dislikes of their patients in this respect. The instinct, he believes, is a guide that may be relied upon.

A large number of species wash themselves and bathe—elephants, stags, birds, ants, etc. Animals rid themselves of their parasites by using dust, mud, clay, etc. Those suffering from fever restrict their diet, keep quiet, seek darkness and airy places, drink much water and at times plunge into it. When a dog has lost its appetite eats that species of grass known as "dog's grass." Cats also eat grass, catnip, etc., when sick. Sheep and cows in the same circumstances seek out certain herbs. An animal suffering from chronic rheumatism invariably

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours Truly,

T. B. LAVERS,
St. John.

ably keeps as much as possible in the sun. The warrior ants maintain regular organized ambulances.

When Latrelle cut the antennae of an ant, other ants immediately covered the wounded part with a transparent fluid from their mouths. If a chimpanzee is wounded, it stops the flow of blood by placing its hand on the wound or dressing it with leaves and grass.

A terrier once had an injured eye. It remained lying under a counter, avoiding heat and light, although it had been its habit to keep near the fire. It adopted a general treatment—rest and abstinence from food. The local treatment consisted of licking the upper surface of its paw, which it then applied to the wounded eye.

Cats also when hurt treat themselves by this simple method. Delaunay cites the case of a cat that remained for some time lying on the bank of a stream; also that of a cat which had the singular fortitude to remain for forty-eight hours under a jet of cold water.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Then and Now.

A correspondent wants to know if the American enlistments and losses were as great in the Civil War as in the World War which has just closed. In the Civil War, the Northern States altogether enrolled 2,320,272 men, while the Confederates are believed

to have had a total enrollment of 600,000, their reports being both incomplete and inaccurate. There are said to have been 112 battles in the Civil War, in which five hundred or more men were killed or wounded on either side, and there were in all 1,882 general engagements. On the Northern side 110,070 men were killed in battle or died of wounds, while 248,458 died of disease. The South is believed to have lost 100,000 in the struggle, making the total death rate on both sides upward of half a million. In the great war just closed the United States mobilized considerably over four million men, and sent more than two millions overseas, of whom more than a million and a quarter actually engaged in combat. Of the total, 61,000 died of wounds, only a handful by disease, while about 200,000 were wounded. It will thus be seen that the American losses were nothing like as great as in the fighting from 1861 to 1865. Nevertheless they were engaged in greater battles than during the Civil War, for almost a million American soldiers fought in the Argonne battle, while at Gettysburg, the greatest fight of the Civil War, there were only 158,343 men engaged with total casualties of 51,112.—Halifax Record-er.

GEE, BUT IT'S GOOD FOR A BAD COLD

Nothing Can Touch Catarrh-ozone In Curing Quickly.

You may dislike taking medicine—but coughs are best cured without medicine. The modern treatment is "Catarrhozone"—It isn't a drug—it's a healing vapor full of pine essences and healing balsams. It spreads over the surfaces that are weak and sore from coughing. Every spot that is congested is healed—irritation is soothed away, phlegm and secretions are cleaned out, and all symptoms of cold and catarrh are cured. Nothing so quick, nothing so sure, so pleasant as Catarrhozone. Beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine Catarrhozone. Large size, which lasts two months, price \$1.00; small size, 50c; sample size, 25c, at all dealers.

THE GAS BAG'S GAS.

By far the lightest of all known gases is hydrogen, and that is why, when used to fill the balloons of an airship, it gives a greater "lift" than any other gas. Hydrogen is much lighter than coal gas, although that, in its turn, is immensely lighter than ordinary air.

But both hydrogen and coal gas have one very serious disadvantage. They are inflammable, and when mixed with a certain volume of air are highly explosive.

There is only one other gas which at all compares with hydrogen for lightness. This is "helium," a gas which exists in the air we breathe, but in very small quantities.

To give some idea of how small let us put it this way: Supposing you could multiply the atoms of a cubic foot of air so that they were big enough to see with the naked eye, then let them pass at the rate of 60 a minute. It would be only one in three months that a helium atom would come by.

Yet helium is plentiful enough in the upper layers of the atmosphere. We know that because the flash of meteors as they enter the earth's atmosphere give the "spectrum" of helium when watched through a spectroscope. We know, in the same way, that the atmosphere of the sun is chiefly composed of hydrogen and helium.

The Americans have discovered a method of making helium gas in large quantities, and they propose to use it for the purpose of filling the great gas bags of their enormous new dirigibles. An airship filled with helium would be safe from any inflammable bullet or other fiery device. For, unlike hydrogen or coal gas, it will neither burn nor explode.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

SCIENTIFIC JOTTINGS.

Machine massage is said to cure fallen arches.

A reserve supply of perfume for military is now carried in a hollow finger ring.

A rubber washbasin folds into a package, which may be carried in the vest pocket.

Smoke clouds have been found to effectively screen the movements of troops and boats.

A very acceptable substitute for butter may be made from potatoes at a cost of about 10 cents a pound.

A canvas tent erected inside the gar-

Where Service is not Sacrificed to Size
Walker House

Walker House keeps the car free from dust while standing between runs.

The work of the British Guiana Research Station of the New York Zoological Society, which was interrupted by the war, has just been resumed, three members of the staff, headed by Director William Beebe, having recently arrived at the station.

Some recent investigation of the temperature of leaves made in the deserts and mountains of Arizona and in the Santa Lucia Mountains of California have resulted in the discovery that leaves show a very rapid change of temperature at times. These fluctuations are almost constantly going on. Changes of from one to three degrees C. were observed in from 30 to 60 seconds, and if a moderately strong wind is blowing the change may amount to five degrees in thirty seconds.

The Automobile Association and Motor Union, Fanam House, Whitecomb street, London, W. C., is offering a prize of \$5,000 to the inventor of a method by which coal gas can be used as fuel for automobiles. The conditions governing the contest are that the container for the coal gas must not occupy more than nineteen cubic feet of space; its weight must not exceed 140 pounds; it must contain the equivalent of two or three gallons of gasoline, and its cost to the motorist must not exceed \$10 or a yearly rental of \$25.

The Eugenics Record Office at Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., is engaged in building up an analytical index of the inborn traits of American families, especially with a view to studying the inheritance of such traits, tracing their recombination in given pedigrees, etc. Down to the beginning of last year the office had on file 534,625 cards indexing individuals who are described in the archives of the establishment on the basis of surname, natural trait and geographical locality. An elaborate classification of traits has been worked out.

By taste, man is enabled to detect one part of salt in 640 of water and of quinine, one part in 150,000 of water.

WELL TRAINED.

"I tried my best to find out if that new man was married, and I don't know yet," said the spinster lady at the boarding house.

"I found out before ten minutes had passed," said the wise widow. "He is married."

"How did you know?"

"He listened to everybody who started to talk without once interrupting."

TEETHING TROUBLES

Baby's teething time is a time of worry for most mothers. Baby's little gums become swollen and tender; his bowels get out of order and constipation, colic or even diarrhoea sets in. To make the teething period easy Baby's Own Tablets should be given the little one. They sweeten the stomach; regulate the bowels and keep baby good natured. Concerning them Mrs. Marcel D. Le Blanc, Memramcook, West N. B., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past six years and have found them indispensable. To my mind nothing can equal them in allaying the fever accompanying teething. I would not be without them and can strongly recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Rifle That Boone Carried.

Daniel Boone's rifle, a genuine old-fashioned flint lock, carried by Boone on many a perilous trip in the dark and bloody hunting ground of Kentucky and on his famous Indian hunting expeditions, was recently brought into a hardware store in a small town in southwestern Wisconsin for much needed repairs. It is now the property of a Mr. Rafter, formerly of Mississippi, who recently traded his 2,300-acre plantation for Wisconsin property and has moved his effects north. The rifle was given him by a doctor, to whom it had been given by an aged hermit living in the mountains of Tennessee.

The rifle is a formidable affair, a real "long rifle," one of the type that gave the nickname of the "long rifle" to our western frontiersmen. It has a barrel 46 inches long, is 45 calibre, a flint lock with a patchbox of inlaid silver, and weighs ten pounds. The end of the butt is set with a wild boar's tusk, and has the double or set trigger. On the side of the stock are carved with a jackknife the words, "Boon's Tru Fren"; on the walnut stock the initials D. B., and five most significant and sinister notches, each notch standing for "one good Injun." At the lower end of the stock is a long and deeply cut gash said to have been cut by an Indian tomahawk thrown at Boone. What happened to the Indian is not recorded.

The rifle, badly broken in shipment, has been repaired and is now on exhibition.—Exchange.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

A Wonderful Bullet.
It is claimed by M. Rogosea, a Spaniard, that he has invented a marvelous bullet, destined to revolutionize the art of warfare, for, fired from an old smoothbore gun of 1830 pattern, with a charge of but nine grams of powder, it can destroy walls or houses at a distance of 1,200 yards, or discharged from a modern rifle, at a distance of 3,000 yards. The bullet is seven inches long, pointed like an arrow and weighs about seven ounces. It is a diminutive shell rather than a distance of 3,000 yards. The bullet is that, though fired with black powder, not the faintest trace of smoke issues from the gun at its discharge. The bullet proceeds even from a smoothbore gun in a straight line, not in a series of loops, as it ought to do, according to the laws of ballistics.

Gave Revenue Officers Tip.

Revenue officers who arrested an Atlanta man with fifteen gallons of whiskey in his motor car, found he had a letter from a Georgia farmer, saying that the writer had "some very fine pigs for sale at the low price of \$7 each," and that "the sow had a litter of thirty," a remarkable thing in the animal world. On investigation, they found the sow to be a complete moonshine still and the litter to be thirty jugs of high-powered moonshine whiskey.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. P. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

Persons to Avoid.

Unwelcome are the loiterer, who makes appointments he never keeps; the consultant, who asks advice he never follows; the boaster, who seeks for praise he does not merit; the complainer, who whines only to be pitied; the talker, who talks only because he loves to talk always.—Selected.

Our Language.

Though a fawn may grow into a buck, gender conditions being right, there is no known process whereby fawning and bucking can be made to resemble each other. Somebody says the Philippine Islands could supply enough food for the human race if transportation could be arranged. No doubt. Also hades could furnish heat for all the world's cities if a pipe line could be constructed and maintained.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Worth Knowing.

To preserve the natural color of greens boil as rapidly as possible, and without covering. A little sugar added also seems to help. Never let an umbrella dry standing point downward. That rusts rods and rots cloth at the tip. Open it wide, leaning it downward on the handle. Fill up nail holes with putty or a mixture of glue and fine sawdust pressed in firmly. When dry varnish over and the places will not be detected. Freshly baked bread has a tendency to become soggy if left lying flat. Turn the loaves on side or end. A few pieces of paraffin heated and poured over the holes of an old piece of tinware and allowed to harden will put it in shape to hold anything cold. If lettuce is cut off above the ground the roots will grow again and the lettuce will be more tender, and ready to use more quickly, than if seed is planted each time.

MCCRIMMON'S ANTISEPTIC COMPOUNDS
MCCRIMMON'S Mouth Wash
The universal Mouth Antiseptic for Pyorrhoea and Sore Gums.
Heals and hardens bleeding gums at once and tightens the teeth.
MCCRIMMON'S Mouth Wash deodorizes all decomposed matter, and makes the mouth fresh and sweet.
A BOON TO SMOKERS
MCCRIMMON'S CHEMICALS LIMITED
Manufacturing Chemists
29 RICHMOND ST. E.
TORONTO

SINCE 1870
SHILOH
30 DROPS CURES COUGHS

ISSUE NO. 39, 1919

FARMS FOR SALE

IMPROVED GRAIN, STOCK, FRUIT, Garden lands, Norfolk County. Get description. W. Lewis, Waterford, Ont.

MUSKOKA FARMS—ONE TO TWO hundred acres; wood, stock, or crops. Farms, buildings, fences. Address Realty Co., Box 529, Bracebridge.

IF YOU DESIRE TO SELL YOUR farm or country home, send me full particulars, and have description published in my new catalogue. If you are in the market to buy, describe your wants and see what I have to offer. No expense whatever to you unless I effect a sale. J. D. Higgar, Realty Broker, 506 Clyde Block, Hamilton, Ont.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

WANTED—SMART GIRL AS GENERAL in good home. Apply at once to Mrs. R. B. Cotton, 146 Westminster Avenue, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

SEND A DOMINION EXPRESS Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

WHISKEY, CHAMPAGNE, WINE, brandy, beer, easily made; get ingredients from grocer; full instructions, \$1.00. Vino Co., Box 11, Rutland, Mass.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

117 ACRES ON PROPOSED HIGHWAY AT Brantford; splendid brick house; 12 rooms, suitable for two families; hot and cold water, bath, etc.; also full line of implements and stock at fair value. What have you to offer, town or city property or smaller farm. Particulars, Edd. Roberts, R. R. No. 4, Brantford, Ont.

POULTRY WANTED.

HENS WANTED, ALIVE, UNDER 8 pounds, 20 cents a pound, over 8 pounds, 24 cents. Cockerels, 4 pounds or over, 25; ducklings, 20; pullets, 3 pounds or over, 25. I pay express. No deduction for shrinkage. Samuel Lewis, 607 Dundas street west, Toronto.

EDUCATIONAL

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Thorough courses—Shorthand, Clerical, Bookkeeping and Secretarial. Excellent opportunities for Public School teachers and High School graduates.

We give personal attention, individual instruction, and prepare our students thoroughly for superior positions.

In estimating value, you must consider service, quality and price—not price alone. It is not so much what you pay; it is what you receive, that is vital to you.

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Write us to-day. New students enrolled every Monday.

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FREE
To Asthma, Hay Fever and Catarrh sufferers. Write to-day and get a trial treatment of the world's greatest remedy. Buckley's two bottle mixture; nothing ever made like it... One bottle gives instant relief, while the other drives the poison from the system. Something different; no burning or nerve wrecking drugs, but two scientific mixtures that will conquer any of the above ailments. Don't hesitate a minute longer. Fill out the blank below and get started on the road to health.
W. K. BUCKLEY MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.
97 Dundas St. East, Toronto.
Sir:—Please send me two bottles of your mixture. I enclose ten cents to cover cost of packing and mailing. Do this to-day as for a limited time only I make this offer.
NAME.....
ADDRESS.....



Webster On "Morale"

MORALE (Mo-ral) n. (F. See Moral, a) the moral condition, or the condition in other respects, so far as it is affected by, or dependent upon, moral considerations, such as zeal, spirit, hope and confidence; mental state, as of a body of men, an army, and like.

HAT is Dr. Webster's definition. Many of us know the word only in its war-time application.

Webster dwells firstly upon the usage of the word "morale" as applied to the common-place happenings of every-day life. His allusion to its reference to an army comes later. And Webster is correct—meticulously so.

It was their private-life morale that made such splendid soldiers of our boys when the time came for them to don the khaki. It was that, and that alone, that made them take the first step, and it was that which carried them through to victory. If their every-day morale had been neglected, the Army could have done little with them and success would not have crowned their efforts.

It is the many little incidents of your daily routine that make up your morale—the morning shave, your clean linen, polished shoes, brushed clothes. Webster speaks of zeal, spirit, hope and confidence. It is by attention to the small details of your personal appearance that these may be attained.

The Gillette Safety Razor enters as much into the morale of every-day life as it did into that of the trenches. It helped our soldiers to maintain their confidence and bearing. It will do the same for you. The Gillette Safety Razor makes the daily shave come easy—there is no pulling or scraping—no honing, or stropping—just five minutes of perfect shaving comfort. And, afterwards, a chin that tells of morale and self-respect.

Sold at most stores catering to men's needs.

MADE IN CANADA



KNOWN THE WORLD OVER 540

The Gillette Safety Razor Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal, Que.

D'ANNUNZIO STILL MASTER OF SITUATION AT FIUME

London Hears Italy is Acting to Meet the Trouble There.

Geneva Cable — Gabriele D'Annunzio is still master of the situation at Fiume, of which he took possession recently at the head of insurgent Italian forces, refusing to obey the Italian Government's order to return with his troops, according to advices which have reached here despite the extreme rigor of the censorship which has been set up regarding the Fiume developments.

The British and American contingents in the city were jeered and hissed by the population as they marched to their workshops, the advices state, but embarked safely on their vessels without further incident. The French contingent is said to have remained in Fiume, barricaded in its barracks.

ITALY ACTING.

London Cable — Fiume has been isolated from the world by the Italian Government, which is apparently taking steps to meet the situation that has arisen through the action of Captain Gabriele D'Annunzio in forcibly taking possession of the city and forcing Allied and Jugo-Slav forces to leave. The evil of the censorship was drawn yesterday, and since that time little has been learned of events in the city.

The Jugo-Slav peace delegation in Paris has issued a statement indicating that Italian regular troops are moving on the city. The Italian battleship Dante Alighieri is said to have been damaged by her crew, and has been unable to leave the port of Fiume. British, French and American detachments which were in the city at the time of D'Annunzio's coup are reported to have boarded ships and departed.

BADOLGIO'S APPEALS.

Paris Cable — Of the Italian sailors who landed in Fiume only 100 remained in the city at the last advices, the others having rejoined their ships, the official advices state. It is announced, however, that Rear Admiral Casanova, who landed yesterday in an attempt to restore order, has been "illegally detained" on shore.

General Badoglio, who was sent by the Government to Fiume to handle the situation has issued a proclamation to the troops, inviting them to remain faithful to discipline. His proclamation denounces the volunteers as men "who abandoned their posts and went to Fiume, creating a state of things which cannot be approved or tolerated."

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and move it.

AWAITS SPEECH BY LLOYD GEORGE

Britain Keenly Anxious as to His Words

At Brotherhood Congress To-night.

London Cable — (By the Associated Press)—Premier Lloyd George's return to England last night from his vacation at Deville, France, and a brief visit in Paris, will be followed to-night by an address, which will be delivered at the London City Temple, and which, in view of the extreme political and economic unrest prevailing in the country, is awaited with keenest curiosity and interest.

Among the many topics which the public is eager to hear the Premier discuss are the Russian tangle; Ireland; the reduction of national expenditures; industrial developments; the probable dissolution of Parliament, and a general election. An election would be particularly welcomed, but it is doubtful if the Premier will speak on that subject to-night, it being suggested that he will probably avoid controversial topics as far as possible. In view of the fact that the speech will be addressed to the International Brotherhood Congress, Mr. Lloyd George will probably confine himself mainly to elaborating his recent appeal to the nation to co-operate in the establishment of a new world order, leaving other matters for addresses he has promised to deliver elsewhere.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

"A BIT MORE"

Near a great city school is a shop known to the children who patronize it as the "BK More Shop." The proprietor caters to the boys and girls in little things the children like, and he always gives a "bit more" of candy. There are three classes of people, those who don't do their duty those who do their duty and those who do their duty and something more.—Christian Herald.

Huns to Wear Bark Shoes.

To help out in the present great scarcity of leather and the consequent dearth of footwear, a German army authority recommends the introduction of linden bark moccasins such as worn by the Russian peasantry. Made from the bark of young twigs, these shoes are said to stand two years' wear; yet they are light and easy, and can be made to fit well. The linden forests of the prince of Monaco, near Laon, France, Germans say, would supply sufficient bark to make 1,000,000 shoes, and the making of them would furnish excellent light occupation for prisoners and slightly wounded.

Old Story Disproved.

Most persons know the story told of Cleopatra, to illustrate her luxurious habits of living, that she dissolved in her wine a precious pearl, no one seems yet to have questioned what must have been the effect upon the drink, but scientists scoff at the possibility of such solution. The fact is pearls are not soluble in wine. The most powerful vinegar affects them slowly, and never entirely dissolves them, for the organic matter remains behind in the shape of a spongy mass that is larger than the original pearl.

Miller's Worm Powders are not surpassed by any other preparation as a vermifuge or worm destroyer. Indeed, there are few preparations that have the merit that it has to recommend it. Mothers, aware of its excellence, seek its aid at the first indication of the presence of worms in their children, knowing that it is a perfectly trustworthy medicine that will give immediate and lasting relief.

KING'S APPEAL IS A SUCCESS

Majority of Staple Trades Accept Scheme

For Employment of Disabled Soldiers.

London Cable — (Reuter's despatch)—The King's appeal to employers to employ disabled ex-soldiers has been received favorably. Everywhere there are prospects that the solemn obligation mentioned by His Majesty will be generally supported. The Ministry of Labor denies that fifty thousand disabled soldiers seeking work and fifty thousand more for whom work is wanted will shortly be discharged from hospitals and convalescent homes. The scheme put forward as an addendum to the King's proclamation invites employers with over ten employees to take five per cent. of disabled men on their establishment if possible. It is not intended the proposals will lead to the dilution of unskilled labor. Wages of the men who have been trained will be governed by conditions laid down in agreement with trade advisory committees and disability pensions will not be taken into account. A majority of the staple trades of the country have accepted the scheme. Participants in the scheme are entitled to use on their correspondence paper a device indicating the fact.

A FRIGHTFUL FIRE

Causes widespread sorrow—likewise a lively corn causes much pain—the cure is "Putnam's," the old reliable Putnam's Corn Extractor, that never fails and always cures; try it. 25c at all dealers.

PROFITEER IN CLASS WITH RAT

British Government Will Crush All Such Vermin.

Street Markets Are Cutting Prices There.

London Cable — Charles McCurdy, Parliamentary Secretary to the Food Minister, declared yesterday that the Government classes the profiteers with rats and other vermin, and is determined to stamp them out. Mr. McCurdy was speaking at the opening day of the administration of the new Profiteering Act and allude to the new Canadian statute dealing with a similar evil.

Criticism against the English act is mainly on the ground that it will never scotch the big profiteer, but merely render the small trader liable to espionage and prosecution. Meanwhile street markets are increasingly instituted in the crowded districts. Their establishment is frequently followed by a drop in prices at the neighboring shops. The lack of housing accommodations is certainly a vital problem as profiteering at Newport, Monmouthshire, interrupted the Borough Council meeting, protesting from the gallery. There were, they claimed, 600 homeless families in the town. Liverpool corporation is spending £22,000 sterling in converting army

PEACE CONFERENCE HAD NO SAY AS TO IRELAND

President Wilson Gives Plain Answer to Agitators In the United States

Nations League Will Be Forum to Hear All Self-Determination Claims

On Board President Wilson's Special Cable—Setting forth publicly for the first time his interpretation of the League of Nations covenant as it affects Ireland, President Wilson said in a statement to-day that the League would constitute a forum before which could be brought all claims for self-determination which are likely to affect the peace of the world.

"The covenant would not bind the United States to assist in putting down rebellion in any foreign country," he asserted, "nor would it limit the power of this country to recognize the independence of any people who seek to secure freedom."

He said Ireland's case was not heard at Versailles because it did not come within the jurisdiction of the Peace Conference.

The President's statement was in reply to a series of questions sent to him by the San Francisco Labor Council. It is understood that within a few days he will reply similarly to the questions put by other labor bodies regarding Shantung and the representation of the British dominions in the League Assembly.

The President's statement detailing the Labor Council's questions and his answers follow:

"(1)—Under the covenant does the nation obligate itself to assist any member of the League in putting down a rebellion of its subjects or conquered peoples?"

Answer: "It does not."

"(2)—Under the covenant can this nation independently recognize a government whose people seek to achieve or have achieved their independence from a member of the League?"

Answer: "The independent action

of the Government of the United States in a matter of this kind is in no way limited or affected by the covenant of the League of Nations."

"(3)—Under the covenant are those subject nations or people only that are mentioned in the peace treaty entitled to the right of self-determination, or does the League possess the right to accord a similar privilege to other subject nations or peoples?"

Answer: "It was not possible for the Peace Conference to act with regard to the self-determination of any territories except those which had belonged to the defeated empires, but in the covenant in the League of Nations it has set up for the first time in article 11 a forum to which all claims of self-determination which are likely to disturb the peace of the world or the good understanding between nations upon which the peace of the world depends can be brought."

"(4)—Why was the case of Ireland not heard at the Peace Conference? And what is your position on the subject of self-determination for Ireland?"

Answer: "The case of Ireland was not heard at the Peace Conference because the Peace Conference had no jurisdiction over any question of that sort which did not affect territories which belonged to the defeated empires. My position on the subject of self-determination for Ireland is expressed in article 11 of the covenant, in which, I may say, I was particularly interested, because it seemed to me necessary for the peace and freedom of the world that a forum should be created to which all peoples could bring any matter which was likely to affect the peace and freedom of the world."

but into private dwellings. Other local authorities are also attracted by this temporary solution.

The Pill That Brings Relief.—When, after one has partaken of a meal he is oppressed by feelings of fullness and pains in the stomach he suffers from dyspepsia, which will persist if it be not dealt with. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the very best medicine compounded to deal with dyspepsia, and their sterling qualities in this respect can be vouched for by legions of users.

SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

Boston Firemen, No Matter What Comes, Will Not Go On Strike.

WHEAT SPROUTS

Whole Streets in Southern Spanish City Collapsed in 'Quake.

North Toronto ratepayers started a campaign for secession from the city. John Uremovic, Austrian, was instantly killed at Sault Ste. Marie when a blast furnace door blew open.

Charles M. Schwab predicts a great era of prosperity in the United States. Mrs. Dennison Haight, wife of a well-known farmer of Huntingdon township, was found dead in bed.

Andrew Harner, one of the best-known and respected farmers of Blenheim township, committed suicide Sunday afternoon.

Hiram McCreary, of Ramsay township, was unanimously chosen as candidate for the forthcoming provincial election by the U. F. O. of North Lanark.

Conservatives of South Renfrew chose Hon. T. W. McGarry as candidate for the Ontario Legislature.

The outstanding development in the situation resulting from the police strike at Boston was the declaration of the city's firemen that, come what may, they would remain at their posts of duty.

Gold to the amount of 14,000,000 marks was despatched to England on Tuesday by Germany, in payment for foodstuffs supplied to Germany.

The French Government has authorized experiments with a benzol and

alcohol mixture as a substitute for gasoline in automobile engines. In view of the high prices of the latter a dollar a gallon.

A suit to recover \$10,000 for alleged libel has been filed by Arthur E. O'Leary, former president of the Toronto District Labor Council, against James Simpson, editor of the Industrial Banner.

Notices have been posted in the various Toronto police stations stating that a meeting of members of the force will be held in the near future for the purpose of forming an independent policemen's union.

When Asthma Comes do not despair Turn at once to the help effective—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This wonderful remedy will give you the aid you need so sorely. Choking ceases, breathing becomes natural and without effort. Others, thousands of them, have suffered as you suffer but have wisely turned to this famous remedy and ceased to suffer. Get a package this very day.

Confucius.

Confucius was not a religious teacher. He taught ethics, and was a great philosopher. His doctrines dealt with man's relations to man, and not with man's relations or responsibilities to God. The true followers of Confucius can properly be said to have no religion, but most Confucians have religious notions, borrowed either from the Buddhist or Taoist religions, or from both.

Sores Heal Quickly—Have you a persistent sore that refuses to heal? Then, try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the dressing. It will stop sloughing, carry away the proud flesh, draw out the pus and prepare a clean way for the new skin. It is the recognized healer among oils, and myriads of people can certify that it healed where others failed utterly.

U.S. REQUESTS UPON JAPAN

Tokio Cable—According to the Jiji Shimpo, the United States Government has requested a memorandum from Japan stating, first, that Japan has no aggressive designs on the Province of Shantung; second, that Japan is to abandon her rights to the establishment of an exclusive Japanese settlement in Tsing-Tao; and third, announcing the exact date for the return of Shantung to China, and also the date for the withdrawal of the Japanese troops there.

The newspapers point out that it will be difficult to fix the dates, as this must be settled by direct negotiations between Japan and China.

THE WATERDOWN REVIEW

Issued every Thursday morning from the office, Dundas Street, Waterdown
 Subscription \$1.00 per year. Papers to the United States, 50 cents extra.
 Advertising rates furnished on application
G. H. GREENE
 Editor and Publisher

THURSDAY, SEPT. 25, 1919

LOCAL MENTION

Dr. D. A. Hopper left on Monday last to visit relatives in Paisley.

Mr. Stewart Mitchell has accepted a position in the Royal Bank here.

Mrs. P. A. Neff is spending the week with friends in Stoney Creek.

Will the party who advertised for Watch charm please call at Review Office and claim same.

Mrs. J. F. Wedderburn arrived home yesterday after a very pleasant vacation trip of several weeks duration.

The Rev. Geo. Roland, of Christie exchanged pulpits with Rev. Mr. Wedderburn of Knox church on Sunday last.

Lloyd Henry, who was so severely injured during the ball game at Strabane on Labor Day, is again able to be around.

Miss Jenny Logo of Coburg, and Mrs. Donald MacGregor of Caledonia spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lyons.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cook of Hamilton have moved in the property which they purchased from Miss Moore some time ago.

About 40 members of the A. S. D. club of Hamilton are the guests of Mr. Archie Mullock this evening at a corn roast and dance.

Mrs. Andrew Kelly of Winnipeg, daughter of the late John Bremner, visited with Mrs. Henry last week and also called on several old friends.

Coal is coming into the village in very liberal quantities. One local dealer, Mr. Fred Thomas, having received seven cars during the past week.

What is wrong with the electric lights on Vinegar Hill? That part of the village has been in darkness for the past three weeks. Let there be light.

MARRIED—In Hamilton on Sept 18th by the Rev. S. Brunside Russell Gertrude Tyson, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sharpe, to Charles John Cook.

On Monday evening Dr. MacKenzie Smith will give a talk in the Township Hall to parents regarding the health of children in school. All parents are invited whether they have children requiring medical attention or not.

If the person who stole the Lodge bible out of the Corn club's lodge room on last Friday night does not return same forthwith, a prosecution will follow. This was a contemptible trick and one deserving of the severest punishment.

The largest ear of corn ever produced in the village of Waterdown, so far as known, was grown by Mr. Thos. Radford this year on his property in the village. The cob is 18 inches long and is a fine specimen. It is now on exhibit at the Review office.

The produce and ladies' work exhibits at the Waterdown Fall Fair this year will be placed in a large tent erected for that purpose. The Prize Lists are now in the hands of the secretary, Mr. W. G. Horning, and anyone desiring one should apply to him.

Mr. A. Alton was a successful exhibitor at the Oakville Fair, having secured 5 firsts and 1 special on his birds. He was awarded 1st on Barred Rock cock, hen, cockerel and pullet; 1st on Minorca cock; special on B. R. cock. J. J. Green and Ed. Slater were also successful exhibitors. Mr. Green securing 16 prizes out of 17 entries of Brown Leghorns, 7 firsts, 6 seconds and 3 thirds. Mr. Slater's winnings on White Leghorns were 2 seconds and 1 third.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that a By-Law was passed by the Corporation of the Village of Waterdown on the 19th day of September 1919, providing for the issuing of Debentures to the amount of \$20,000 for the completion of the new Public School in the Village of Waterdown for S. S. No. 3, East Flamboro and Waterdown and that said By-Law was registered in the Registry Office for the County of Wentworth on the 23rd day of September 1919.

Any motion to quash or set aside this By-Law, or any part thereof, must be made within Three months after the first publication of this notice, and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated at Waterdown this 25th day of September 1919.

J. C. MEDLAR,
 Clerk of the Corporation of the Village of Waterdown.

NOTICE

Owing to the rink being otherwise occupied the King's Daughters will hold their annual concert in the Drill hall on Fair night, Oct. 7th. The proceeds will be for the Memorial hall.

Rally Day services will be held in the Methodist Sunday School on Sunday next.

Mrs. Thomas Bowen wishes to thank the members of the W. M. S. for their kind remembrance.

The marriage of James T. McDonough, of Westover, and Miss Olive Hetherington was solemnized in the First Methodist Church, Hamilton on Wednesday, Sept. 24th, in the presence of near relatives. Rev. R. A. Facey officiated.

A social under the auspices of the Epworth League will be held in the Methodist Sunday School room on Monday evening, Sept 29th. A program of recitations, solos, quartettes and instrumentals will be given, and refreshments served. Admission 20c and 10c. Everybody welcome.

Next Sunday evening there will be a song service in the Methodist church, to which everyone is cordially invited. There will be a ten minute singing of well known hymns for the congregation; a bright sermonette by the pastor followed by a musical program rendered by the choir.

The Womens Institute will meet with Mrs. Facey on Wednesday Oct. 1st. Miss Inksetter will give a paper on What we learn from Experience. Question drawer by Mrs. W. Langton. The Bulletin received from the Minister of Agriculture on Community Halls and Athletic Fields in Rural Districts, will be at the meeting for the benefit of the members.

The Liberal Conservatives of N. Wentworth are holding a convention in Dundas on Saturday next for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Ontario Legislative Assembly. It is a foregone conclusion that the nominee will be Dr. A. F. Ryckman, M. L. A., if he will consent to be the standard-bearer of the party again. The Doctor however seems to prefer retiring from public life and devoting himself to his medical practice. Should he insist on such a course the names of Dr. S. J. Rasberry, Reeve Peter Ray and F. J. Shaidle are mentioned as probable nominees.

The Ironsides again proved themselves superior to Flamboro Centre's ball team on Saturday last. Both teams were without their regular line-up, but never the less presented a good game of ball. Following is the score by innings

Waterdown— 4 0 1 2 2 0 1 0 3—13
 Flamboro Centre— 2 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—5
 Batteries— Featherston-Ribson Payne-Buttenham. Umpire: J. J. Burns.

Price at 3rd and Hall at s. s. for F. C. got everything that came their way.

Tony stole home in the ninth. Langton's bat was again in evidence, a home run this time.

Featherston will be in senior company next year.

Gordon played snappy ball at 3rd.

Ribson caught a good game.

Vance and Nicholson have a sure pair of hands for youngsters.

Lloyd Harris was off color.

\$25 Reward

For information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of parties trespassing and stealing fruit from the premises of J. and C. Anderson, Waterdown. 15

Wanted

Good general or cook, no washing and good wages. Apply Mrs. G. R. Harris, 11 Proctor Blvd. Hamilton. Phone Garfield 3392.

For Sale

2 Heavy Horses. Apply to H. Newell, R. R. No. 1, Millgrove.

For Sale

Good Frame House and lot, barn and chicken house, good well and cistern. \$1500. Apply to A. Hemmingway, Waterdown.

Found

A quantity of Seed Wheat. Owner can have same by applying to John Mitchell, Waterdown.

Help Wanted Men and Women
 Apply on the Premises
Wentworth Orchards

For Sale

One Brick Cottage with large lot in village of Waterdown, \$1800. Also new modern Brick Bungalow on Dundas street. Apply to Mrs. S. Gallagher, Waterdown.

Miss E. Dale Sinclair, L. T. C. M.
 Teacher of Voice
 Mill Street - Waterdown
 Pupils prepared for Toronto or Hamilton Conservatory examinations if desired.

Found

Black and white Hound. Owner can have same by paying expenses. A. E. Alton

For Sale or To Let

Block of land. About 60 acres, north of Dundas street. Less than 1 mile from Waterdown South station. Soil suitable for gardening or general farming, apply to L. J. Mullock, Waterdown.

For Sale

5 Pigs 8 weeks old. W. H. Reid Waterdown.

Car of Western Oats

Will arrive at Millgrove station in a few days. Parties requiring any should order early. H. A. Drummond. Phone 14-12 or 31-13 Waterdown.

For Sale

A handy Farm Wagon with 3000 lb. bolster springs, box, doubletrees, neckyoke and heavy shafts, good as new. Also Covered Market Wagon with pole and shafts, all complete and almost new. Covered Buggy, also several sets of harness and other articles. J. W. Young, Waterdown

Farmers Attention

Bring your live hogs to Millgrove station. We are prepared to pay highest market prices.
 Drummond & Gallagher

For Sale

One Frame Barn 24 ft. x 24 ft. 12 ft. posts, heavy frame, in first class repair new roof. One large Kitchen Cabinet with glass door top. One Sideboard also one Yearling Jersey Grade Heifer. S. Frank Smith. Phone 167.

SOFT COAL

Car of Soft Coal at Millgrove Station. I will be at Millgrove Station Monday and Thursday of each week. For other arrangements phone Garfield 2693 Hamilton or Waterdown 14-12. H. A. Drummond

All Kinds

Of No. 1 Wood and Coal for Sale At Reasonable Prices

H. SLATER
 Waterdown

Splendid Positions at Good Salaries

The demand for competent Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Clerks and Typists is greater than the supply. You are assured of a good position if you can qualify for the many excellent calls which are coming into our office daily from large business interests.

You can prepare now to accept one of these positions. New students are admitted every Monday.

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 Principal

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 A Joy A Sorrow**

Say It with Flowers

One Bundle of Telegraph Matches

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with every \$5 cash order
Saturday Only

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O. B. Griffin, Waterdown

Wanted At Once

We have several buyers who are wanting small and large farms.
 If you want to sell, ask

The Royal Real Estate Exchange

7 MARKET STREET

They Know.

Hamilton, Ont.

Gordon & Son

LADIES and GENTS

**CUSTOM
TAILORS**

Cleaning, Pressing and
Repairing a Specialty

PHONE 153
WATERDOWN

BUCHAN'S

Canada Food License No. 9-1987

FOR
**Groceries
AND
Confectionery**

Upton's Pure Jam
Orange Marmalade
Peanut Butter

Whole Mixed
Pickling Spice

WE SELL
**Linkert Bros.
BREAD**
Fresh Every Day

AGENT FOR
Wah Lee
**LAUNDRY
HAMILTON**

PHONE 182
Waterdown

Important Collection Entitled "The Path on the Rainbow."

Mary Austin, the novelist, has been carefully studying the songs and chants of the North American Indians for several years, and she recently published an anthology of this primitive poetry, to which she gave the title "The Path on the Rainbow," which will interest everybody who has paid any attention to Indian lore. "The Path on the Rainbow" does not lend itself readily to review. One might go about the task in the thoroughly businesslike and justly academic manner adopted by Mary Austin in her introduction to the book. One might profess to discover, and, indeed, might discover the golden thread of development running through this extraordinarily primitive verse, and one might or might not arrive at the conclusion which Miss Austin arrives at that the "poetic art in America at the time it began to be overlaid by European culture had reached a mark close to that of the Greeks at the beginning of the Homeric era." On the other hand, one might end by questioning whether there were any standards by which this strange song-dance-verse could with justice be judged. As it appears before us in the cold black and white of a translation, at best, a sorry third of itself, whatever that self may be, it must be honestly confessed that much of it is frankly meaningless; and that much more of it is a simple repetition of simple statements of fact, without any effort to do more than to call up the picture which each reader has of these facts in his own chambers of imagery.

Some of it, however, and this renders the search for it so extraordinarily worth while, has all the attributes of true poetry.

My children, my children,
It is I who wear the morning star
on my head;
I show it to my children,
Says the Father.

It is vers libre, of course, but vers libre of a very high order, and all may understand and appreciate it. Or again, take the first few lines of the poem entitled "The Wold Woman's Lullaby":

What shall I sing to thee, Babe on
my back?
Song of the Eagle that mates with
the storm!
Hi-i-ri-iki! Ri-ek!
The wild gale is weeping, driven be-
fore him
To his nest on the black lone mast of
the night;
Swinging, swinging, far out, high
out, over the sea!
Hi-i-ri-iki! Ri-ek!

It is instinct with the true poetic spirit, abundantly free, tremendously concentrated on the expression of one idea and universal in its appeal.

There is much more like it. And yet a careful study of the book must convince one that the ordinary man, trained in the literature of the West, is not fully equipped to appreciate Indian poetry. What the poems really expressed to the Indian, when to the words was added music, music calling up in every cadence a thousand recollections, and to the music the rhythmic motion of the dance, it is quite impossible for the reader to gather from the beautiful translations which the book presents him. "Verse is to the Red singer but a shorthand note to his emotions, a sentence or two, a phrase out of the heart of the situation. It is the inside song alone which is important. Says the medicine man, explaining these matters, 'You see, Injun man singin' an' cryin' while he sing. It ain't what he singin' make him cry; it's what the song make him think, that's what he cryin' about.'" So remarks Miss Austin in the course of her introduction. As an explanation of Indian poetry it could not well be improved upon.

Teachers' Salaries.

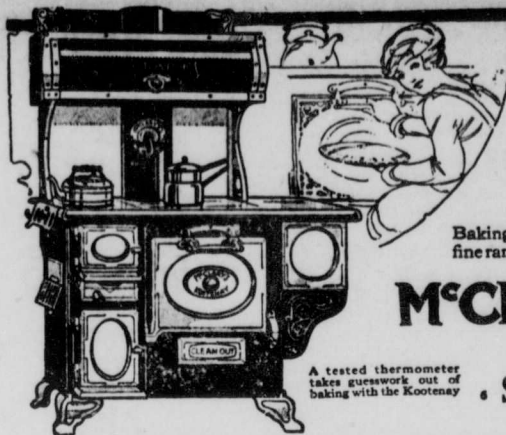
If "painfully low salaries" are paid teachers now, as Hon. Dr. Cody says, what must they have been a few years ago? There is not really so much advance, however, as there seems to be, and it is well that the Minister of Education has a proper appreciation of the subject. If a teacher just fresh from the Normal School gets a salary of \$550 per annum she can't get her board for probably twice what it would have cost her a few years ago, and everything she has to buy costs her much more than it would some time ago. Then as to male teachers, though there has been an advance in salaries it is probably not equal to the increase in the cost of living. There will be people both in cities and towns, however, who will complain of the high cost of education. Education of the right kind implies a teacher of the right kind. A good teacher is worth a good price.

Most of 'Em Do.

Widow—What do you think of Ethel's dress?
Frosh—It does make you think, doesn't it?

Vernacular.

"Why did you discharge your cook?"
"She said she wouldn't be reprimanded."
"Did she express herself to that effect?"
"Yes, but what she really said was, 'I won't take no sass offen nobody.'"



THINK of the time and trouble you can save with this dependable range.

No black-leading. The cooking-top is burnished brighter than steel. Grates—the modern duplex type—clean the ashes out at a single turn. Oven walls nicked steel—easily cleaned.

Baking becomes a real pleasure when you have this fine range to work with. Call and see the Kootenay.

McClary's Kootenay

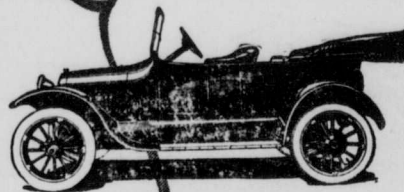
Sold by **S. H. GALLAGHER**

A tested thermometer takes guesswork out of baking with the Kootenay



Made in Canada

YOU are urged to investigate the economy records, the reputation and the performance of Chevrolet cars because to know all about them is to be convinced that their purchase reflects favorably on the good judgment of their thousands of owners.



Chevrolet "Four-Ninety" Touring Car, equipped with electric lights and starter, highest type two-unit system, single wiring used. Complete lamp equipment, mohair tailored one-man top, top cover and side curtains; tilted windshield; speedometer; electric horn; extra rim and carrier on rear; complete tool equipment, including pump and jack. Foot rest, robe rail, pockets in each door. Price \$895, f. o. b. Oshawa, Ont.

Wm. Livingston
Carlisle, Ont.

Booze Costs Years of Life

Insurance Records Prove Moderate Drinking Increases Death-rate 35%

LIFE Insurance figures prove that the excess of deaths among moderate drinkers over abstainers runs from 11% to 74%. It is the business of Life Insurance Companies to know the risks a man takes when he uses liquor. These Insurance men have no theories to prove and no doctrine to preach. Their figures are as cold as ice, and they make you pay for the risks you run. To them it is simply business—a matter of dollars and cents. But to you it is a matter of life and death.

Actuarial Comparison of Death Records

| Ages | Total Abstainers | Moderate Drinkers | Excess Deaths Among Moderate Drinkers |
|-------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 20-30 | 4,221 | 4,617 | 11% |
| 30-40 | 4,201 | 7,041 | 68% |
| 40-50 | 6,246 | 10,861 | 74% |
| 50-60 | 13,056 | 18,524 | 42% |
| 60-70 | 29,078 | 34,568 | 19% |

From tables prepared by R. H. Moore, Actuary of the United Kingdom Temperance and General Insurance Company, based on Records of over 60 years' experience.

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THE number of deaths among moderate drinkers averages 35% higher than among abstainers.

If you have habitually taken two glasses of whiskey per day or the alcoholic equivalent in beer, your chances of dying before your time are double those of total abstainers.

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Vote "No" to repealing the Ontario Temperance Act, and "No" to rendering it practically worthless by the proposed amendments.

"No!"—Four Times—"No!"

Answer every question on the Referendum Ballot with an X under the heading "No," and herein fail not, or your vote is lost to Temperance Progress.

Ontario Referendum Committee

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Lesson XIII. Sept. 28, 1919.
Jesus Our Saviour and King.
Review: Matthew 21: 1-9, 15, 16.

Summary.—Lesson I. Topic: The spirit and mission of the Christian Church. Place: The church was established at Jerusalem. At Pentecost the Holy Spirit was given in its fulness, and under the ministry of the apostles multitudes were converted. There was a spirit of liberality among the people and aid was given to all who were needy.

II. Topic: Significance and importance of Christian baptism. Places: Bethabara, Galilee, Judea. Jesus gave his apostles their commissions to go forth to all the nations and teach them the truths of the gospel and to baptize them in token of their acceptance of Jesus and in token of their having had their sins taken away. Jesus was baptized by John the Baptist as introduction to his ministry.

III. Topic: Communion with Christ and with one another. Place: Jerusalem. At the close of the last Passover that Jesus celebrated with his disciples he instituted the Lord's supper by taking bread and breaking it and giving it to each of his disciples. He passed the cup to them also that they might partake of it. The bread represented his broken body and the wine his shed blood.

IV. Topic: Basis and benefits of Christian fellowship. Place: Written from Rome by Paul. A close and warm fellowship exists among the children of God. In the early church at Jerusalem, after Pentecost, the Christians enjoyed fellowship and shared their worldly goods among the needy. The basis of Christian fellowship is love for God and for one another.

V. Topic: The nature and value of true worship. Place: Near Sychar. Worship is the outpouring of a sincere heart in adoration, praise or prayer to God. Jesus taught the woman of Samaria at Jacob's well that "God is a spirit" and they who would worship him must worship him in spirit and in truth. By worshipping God one becomes more like him and receives strength for service.

VI. Topic: Personal evangelism the duty and privilege of all Christians. Place: Philippi. Paul was divinely called into Macedonia to preach the gospel. He began his labors at Philippi and through his efforts Lydia and her household and the jailer and his family were converted.

VII. Topic: Christian missions; aims; methods and results. Places: Antioch in Syria; Cyprus; Asia Minor. The coming of the Holy Spirit upon the followers of Jesus at Pentecost was that they might be purified and empowered to witness for Christ. The church at Antioch set Paul and Barnabas apart for foreign work and sent them forth.

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VIII. Topic: The Christian ideal of human brotherhood. Place: Pera. Jesus' talk with the lawyer who approached him with a question led to the statement of what constitutes the essence of true religion, which is the love to God and man. Jesus' recital of the experience of the man who had fallen among thieves and was neglected by the priest and the Levites, but aided by the Samaritan, showed how sharply was the lawyer's idea of love to one's neighbor.

IX. Topic: The progress of the temperance movement. Place: Babylon. The subject of temperance is strikingly set forth in the course pursued by Daniel and his three Hebrew companions, who determined not to defile themselves with the food and wine provided for them. They found favor with the steward and were allowed a diet of vegetable food and water.

X. Topic: The universality of the kingdom. Place: Capernaum. In the prayer Jesus taught his disciples there is a petition for the coming of the kingdom. The kingdom of heaven is accessible and it is an everlasting kingdom. Its growth is illustrated by the parable of the mustard seed; its transforming power, by the leaven in the meal; its value, by the treasure in the field and the goodly pearl; its success, by the net and fishes.

XI. Topic: Biblical teaching about the future life. Place: Mount of Olives. The doctrine of a general judgment is clearly taught. At the coming of the Lord in his glory all nations will be gathered before him and separated into two companies, the righteous on his right hand and the wicked on his left. The basis of the separation will be character and conduct.

XII. Topic: The Bible is a progressive revelation. Place: Palms written in Jerusalem. The Psalms may pay high tribute to God's word. The Bible is effective in transforming life and character and is of priceless value. It is a revelation which God has made of Himself to man.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Topic.—Christ's programme for the world.

God does nothing aimlessly. A defined and commensurate purpose attaches to every exercise of divine wisdom or energy. His own glory is the only proper end and must be the governing principle of all he does either in the realm of matter or morals. The creation and peopling of a world constituted a stupendous manifestation of the wisdom and power of the Creator, and in original perfections afforded a partial, but undimmed, reflection of His excellences and glory. Neither material nor moral mar defaced the perfect work. We are wholly indebted to revelation for authoritative knowledge concerning the origin or end of the world. So far as human wisdom can penetrate or revelation discloses, this world was designed as the arena of moral probation for mankind, and the scene of exalted and blissful communication between the Creator and the perfectly responsive creature. It was to continue a most glorious province of an infinite dominion, in which "righteousness, and

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peace, and joy, should assert undisturbedly.

Whatever moral or resulting material catastrophes have occurred, or may transpire, the great end can never be lost out of God's thought. He has never relinquished His original idea (Isa. 66: 22, 23; Eph. 1: 4). Since the foreseen moral emergency has arisen, God has wrought unceasingly toward the fullest possible restoration. The purpose remains unflinched, though the method has undergone necessary and essential readjustment. That which was originally direct and immediate has become secondary and mediatory. Revelation and communion are possible only through the "great high priest," that is passed into the heavens. The undisputed sovereignty of Deity is the original and unchanging purpose. "That God may be all in all," "Christ is all, and in all," expresses the end and agency. The final and complete dominion of God through Christ in this world is an indisputable scriptural disclosure and is called the kingdom of heaven from its origin and character, and the kingdom of Christ from its Ruler and King. It was announced by both John and Jesus (Matt. 3: 2, 4; 17). The latter declared it to be present in Himself (Luke 17: 20, 21). It forms the subject of much of Christ's teaching. It is now the kingdom of grace; finally, the kingdom of glory. It is now "the kingdom of the cross; hereafter, the kingdom of the crown." It is heavenly in its nature, yet is to be set up on earth. It will break down and destroy all other kingdoms and itself will never be destroyed (Dan. 2: 34-44; 7: 13, 14). The prophets through the "Spirit of Christ," foresaw the "sufferings of Christ," and the glory that should follow.

The final dominion of Christ will be "from sea even to sea, and from the river even unto the ends of the earth." The Isles shall wait for His law. None are excluded from the benedictions of the kingdom. He wills for "all men" to be saved, and to come unto the knowledge of the truth." For this purpose He has commanded

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a world-wide evangelism. Jesus declared a supreme moral power emanating from the cross (John 12: 32, 33). He has left assurances of His return to receive His own, and for the conquest of evil (John 14: 3; Acts 1: 11; 1 Thess. 4: 16, 17; 2 Thess. 2: 8; Rev. 20: 5, 6). W. H. C.

FARM GARDEN

BEST TIME TO PLOW.
The question is frequently asked whether it is better to plow in dry soils or to disk and then wait till it rains. The general conclusion seems to be that it is better to plow in dry soils than to wait for rain than to plow the ground early in the summer when dry. Experiment station reports show that ground that was disked in July and left until September to plow produced slightly more wheat than ground that was plowed in July when the soil was dry.

By plowing we kill weeds and in that way prevent loss of water from the soil, and permit plant food to accumulate. Plowing places the ground in proper condition to absorb the rain that falls. Plowing ground in the proper moisture condition improves the structure of the soil. It also incorporates with the soil organic matter from which plant food may later be liberated. The most important thing accomplished in working ground in preparation for a crop is killing the weeds. A good, thorough double disking of the soil will kill a crop of weeds successfully as well the plowing. If the weeds are prevented from growing by either plowing or the thoroughly disking, there will be very little loss of water from the soil.

We also think that if the weeds are prevented from growing, and if moisture conditions are right, plant food will accumulate in the soil as rapidly where the ground has been worked very little as where it is worked deep by the plow. In fact, in a dry summer, ground that is plowed is loosened to such an extent that the surface soil dries out more completely than where the ground is worked with a disk, and we actually have less plant food liberated in a season of drought than in plowed ground than in disked ground.

RETENTION OF RAIN.
A second object to be accomplished in working ground is to absorb the surface moisture falling as rain will be retained upon the soil and not escape in surface run-off. The summer rain often falls in torrents. It is not uncommon to have a rain of from two to four inches in a few hours' time, especially following a long period of hot, dry weather. A field that has been plowed and left rough will absorb a much larger part of a rain of this character than a field that has been plowed, and a loosely-plowed field will absorb a much larger portion of such a rain than a disked field. In fact, this is the main advantage in plowing ground rather than disking it in a dry period of time.

There is no tillage implement used upon the farm that improves the structure of the soil to the extent that it may be improved by the mold-board plow. The mold-board plow was designed to turn the soil in such a way that it would granulate it and therefore, put it into excellent tilth.

In order that a plow may accomplish what it is designed to do, the ground must be plowed when it is moist and mellow. If plowed too wet the structure of the soil will be injured. If plowed too dry the ground will be turned over in

lumps and the plow will have no effect whatever either to improve or injure the structure of the soil. Thus from the standpoint of improving structure, there is nothing gained in plowing ground dry.

NOTES.
—Poor dairy methods and poor dairy products are coincident.

—Sterilization of the utensils used in handling milk or cream tends to reduce contamination.

—Factors which tend to check bacterial development in milk and cream favor their keeping quality.

—Pasterization reduces the bacterial contents of milk and cream.

—Immediate cooling of milk or cream removes the animal heat and checks fermentation.

—The old theory, held for many years, was that all food must be cooked to produce the most grain when fed. This has been shown to be wrong, and in most cases it has proved that there is an actual loss of food value in cooking for fattening purposes. As an exception to the above should, however, be noted in the case of potatoes. The Oregon Agricultural College has shown that when three times the weight of cooked potatoes is fed with rolled barley, a very economical gain can be had.

—An English authority on butter-making claims that adding one pound of salt to every gallon of cream immediately after it is taken off the milk aids in ripening the cream and gives from 15 to 20 per cent. more butter than from cream that has no salt in it. The butter-milk is, of course, useless, as it cannot be fed to stock when it contains so much salt, but its loss is more than made up by the large quantity and better quality of butter.

—We can learn from the Japanese a thing or two about stabling horses. In that country horses are backed up to their stalls, then a door is closed at the head, which has a grain and hay rack conveniently constructed, to which the nag is secured. When needed the door is opened and the horse led forth. No one gets kicked, no refuse matter is visible to the visitor, and it seems to be a sensible way to construct a place for any horse.

If the ground is cultivated often enough, no weeds can grow, and if the ground is kept so carefully prepared before putting in the seed by deep plowing and frequent harrowing, the cultivation required after the plants are up need not be more than one inch deep. If this is done frequently there can be no weeds, and they will become fewer every year, while the cultivation will prevent loss of moisture in the soil by affording a loose covering of dry earth.

—Some cows are not good for much except to raise calves. The quantity of milk they give is so small that it is as well to sell them as to keep them. A poor quality of milk also seems to make cows thrive, but won't make butter. A production of at least 20 pounds of butterfat, or 6,000 pounds of milk per cow per year, should be the aim of dairy farming.

FREAKS OF THE SEA.

Some Strange Experiments in Shipbuilding.

Since that memorable day long ago when our rude forefathers first ventured afloat in their dugout canoes many curious ships have been built, says London Answers. Perhaps the most extraordinary of all these freaks was the steamer Connector, which was launched in 1863. The Connector was built in three sections, each of which was, so to speak, a ship in itself. The bow, or forward section, which was fitted up in the usual way, was jointed to the midship section by means of a huge bolt in such a manner that, as the ship pitched, it could rise or fall quite independently of the other two sections.

Thus, as the ship met the waves a kind of wriggle ran along the hull. First the bow section rose, then the

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midship section followed suit, and finally the stern section wriggled upwards. The craft passed safely through some severe trials, and even ventured out to build up ships in sections like trains, so that any particular section could be dropped at the various port of call. A few years ago two remarkable ships were to be seen moored off the Royal pier at Southampton, and these vessels were always referred to locally as the cigar boats.

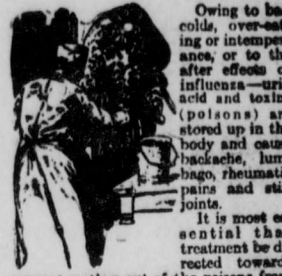
They were invented by the Wilkins, of Baltimore, U.S.A., and had four funnels and a flagstaff or polemast, but there was no superstructure of any kind—just a big metal cage. These ships behaved well in rough weather, but shipbuilders were not inclined to give up the normal type of craft in favor of these strange locking and uncomfortable freaks. The Russians built some extraordinary ships in the 80's, but the most remarkable of all these freaks was the royal yacht Livadia, built in Glasgow for the Czar Alexander II., in 1880. The ship's hull was built of iron, "shaped like a turbot," and upon this rested the upper part of the craft, which was like a normal steamer. The flat-bottom had an area of more than one-third of an acre. The ship was, therefore, almost as broad as she was long, and displaced 7,700 tons of water. She was fitted up as a palace, but failed to complete her journey to Russia.

Confucius.

Confucius was not a religious teacher. He taught ethics, and was a great philosopher. His doctrines dealt with man's relations to man, and not with man's relations or responsibilities to God. The true followers of Confucius can properly be said to have no religion, but most Confucians have religious notions, borrowed either from the Buddhist or Taoist religions, or from both.

Wash The Kidneys!

After Bad Colds or Influenza
Look to Kidneys and Bladder!



Owing to bad colds, over-eating or intemperance, or to the after-effects of influenza—uric acid and toxins (poisons) are stored up in the body and cause backache, lumbago, rheumatic pains and stiff joints.

It is most essential that treatment be directed towards prompt casting out of the poisons from the body which cause these pains and aches. This means that the excretory organs—(the bowels, skin and kidneys)—should be excited to their best efforts. Every one should clean house—internally—and thus protect one's self from many germ diseases, by taking castor oil or a pleasant laxative such as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, which are made of May-apple, aloes and jalap. Take these every other day. This will excite efficient bowel action. If you suffer from backache, irritation of the bladder and the kidneys, shown by the frequent calls to get out of bed at night, considerable sediment in the water, brick-dust deposit, perhaps headache in the morning, you should obtain at the drug store "Anuric" (anti-uric acid), first put up by Dr. Pierce.

To build up the strength and improve the blood, take an iron tonic such as "Ironite," manufactured by Dr. Pierce, to be had in tablets at drug stores, or some good herbal tonic such as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, made from wild roots and herbs without alcohol, and put up in tablets or liquid.

Fish and Warfare.

Fish suffer. The finny tribes do not enjoy bombs.

The chase after submarines stirs only coast waters.

A number of dead whales, sharks and porpoises have drifted ashore.

These evidently have been killed by gunfire or the explosion of shells or bombs beneath the surface.

Fish show their fear and distaste for war craft by making off to deeper waters outside.

There are a few fish which may be classed as warlike, such as swordfish, the man-eating sharks, etc.

But for the most part, fishes are peace-loving entities, and their natural alarm at the explosion in their native element, no doubt, is rightly credited with causing them to flee from their former haunts near shore.

Old Story Disproved.

Most persons know the story told of Cleopatra, to illustrate her luxurious habits of living, that she dissolved in her wine a precious pearl. No one seems yet to have questioned what must have been the effect upon the drink, but scientists scoff at the possibility of such solution. The fact is pearls are not soluble in wine. The most powerful vinegar affects them slowly, and never entirely dissolves them, for the organic matter remains behind in the shape of a spongy mass that is larger than the original pearl.

Windmill Electricity.

Windmills are used to generate electricity in the Netherlands, where waterpower is scanty. The wind acting through the windmill drives the generator, producing the electricity, which is then stored in a storage battery and used for various purposes.

PAINFUL RHEUMATISM.

May Be Driven Out of the System by Enriching the Blood.

In the days of our fathers and grandfathers rheumatism was thought to be the unavoidable penalty of middle life and old age. Almost every elderly person had rheumatism, as well as many young people. Medical science did not understand the trouble—did not know that it was rooted in the blood. It was thought that rheumatism was the mere effect of exposure to cold and damp, and it was treated with liniments and hot applications, which sometimes gave temporary relief, but did not cure the trouble. In those days there were thousands of rheumatic cripples. Now, medical science understands that rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and that with good, rich, red blood any man or woman of any age can defy rheumatism, and many who have conquered it by simply keeping their blood rich and pure. The blood making, blood enriching qualities of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is becoming every year more widely known, and it is the more general use of these pills that has robbed rheumatism of its terrors. At the first sign of poor blood, which is shown by loss of appetite, palpitations, dull aching and dim eyes, protect yourself against the further ravages of disease by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have cured thousands of people—if you give them a fair trial they will not disappoint you.

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READ THE REVIEW

BY-PRODUCTS.

Farmers Are Learning Lesson In Saving Waste.

The packers claim to make all their profits out of the by-products, sources of income which were utterly ignored not many years ago. A good many farmers, says the Scientific American, may be skeptical of this claim in its entirety, but no one doubts that the packers turn by-products to good account. It is interesting to note the great progress farmers have made in a similar direction.

Not many years ago straw stacks were counted valueless, and everywhere burned. Now progressive farmers spread the straw and find it a valuable fertilizer, and while burning is still much too often practiced, it is a dying custom. In some sections of Western Canada the Government has forbidden the burning of straw stacks.

Corn stover has a fluctuating value from year to year, varying with the supply of our roughages and live stock conditions, but its feeding value is definitely known, and for some years past the tendency has been toward wider use of the stalks.

Cottonseed, valuable both as a feed and a fertilizer, was formerly thrown away. It is now a by-product of tremendous importance, not alone to the cotton industry, but to innumerable cattle feeders.

Far West cattle feeders would find it difficult to dispense with ensiled beet tops, nutritious by-product of beet growing for the sugar factories.

Hardly a year passes that some waste product is not utilized in a large way for the first time. One of the newest high-protein chicken feeds is the rinds and waste cuttings of cheese pressed into large bricks. It is now being marketed on a commercial scale. Cattle and sheep feeders in the pinto bean territory, which now takes in practically all of New Mexico and Colorado, and growing areas in Wyoming, Nebraska and Kansas, are fast making bean straw a standard article. Bean growing in this section is undergoing great development, and bean straw will become an important feed. It is used as the sole roughage with satisfactory results, but a better plan, so they who have used it say, is to feed it with ensilage, when its value is close to that of alfalfa.

And no one has forgotten yet that sweet clover, now a valuable legume, was formerly a weed—and still is one, to many farmers.

When one considers the many by-product feeds used by dairymen—low-grade molasses, beet pulp, brewers' grains and a dozen others—it is hard to see how the agricultural industry could get along without them.

Charwomen Form Union.
Nearly one thousand charwomen employed in the Dominion Government offices at Ottawa have formed a union with a view of obtaining an increase in wages.

Milk In Brick Form.
In some parts of Siberia milk is frozen and sold in brick form, and soup frozen into balls is sold to travellers to take on sledge journeys.

A combination storm and glare shield that can be clamped on an automobile windshield in front of a driver's seat has been invented.

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Children's Plush and Velour Hats, Brown, Blue or Black

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Misses Gun Metal Bal. 8 inch top, low heel, wide toe, a splendid fall boot. Ames, Holden make

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Women's Kid Bal, medium toe, low walking heel, 9 inch a comfortable shoe. Cinderalla brand

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Women's Kid blucher cut, cushion sole, low rubber heel nice quality leather, patent toe cap

\$7.00

Women's Chocolate Kid bal. 8 inch top, new, well stitched, walking heel, a dressy shoe

\$8.00

Child's Kid boot blucher cut, patent tip, and spring heel Cinderalla brand

\$2.75

Child's Plain Toe boot, wide enough for any child, nice quality kid, low spring heel, Cinderalla brand

\$3.00

Baby's Kid button boot, fine quality kid, wide toe and patent tip

\$2.00

This Store will close every Wednesday at 6