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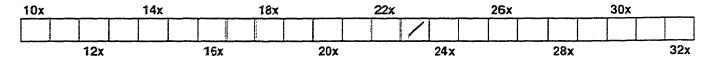
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## 42 VICTORIA, CHAPTER 31.

# CONSOLIDATED DOMINION LANDS ACT, 1879,

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO OF 1880 AND 1881, 43 VIC., CHAP. 26, AND 44 VIC., CHAP. 16.





## 42 VICTORIA.

## CHAP. 31.

An Act to amend and consolidate the several Acts respecting the Public Lands of the Dominion.

[Assented to 15th May, 1879.]

Nore—The date in the margin opposite any provision, is the year in which it was made, by this Act (1879) or by an Act amending that of 1872, and repealed by section 129 of this Act, when there is no date mentioned, the provision is part of the Act 35 V., c. 23, 1872.

WHEREAS it is expedient, with a view to the proper Preamble. and efficient administration and management of certain of the public lands of the Dominion, that the same should be regulated by statute, and divers Acts have been passed for that purpose which it is expedient to amend and to consolidate: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows :--

#### PRELIMINARY-INTERPRETATION.

1. This Act shall apply exclusively to the lands included in Interpreta-Manitoba and the several Territories of the Dominion, which <sup>tion</sup>. lands shall be styled and known as *Dominion Lands*; and this Act shall be known and may be cited as the "*Dominion Lands Act*, 1879;" and the following terms and expressions therein shall be held to have the meaning hereinafter assigned them, unless such meaning be repugnant to the subject or inconsistent with the context; that is to say:—

1. The term *Minister of the Interior* means the Minister of "Minister of the Interior."

2. The term Surveyor-General means the said officer, or in "Surveyorhis absence, the chief clerk performing his duties for the time General." being.

3. The term Agent or Officer means any person or officer, "Agent," employed in connection with the administration, and man." Officer."

lee. No. 33743,

agement, sale or settlement of Dominion lands ; and the term Local Agent means the Agent for Dominion lands employed as aforesaid, with respect to the lands in question ; and the term Land Office means the office of any such Agent. " Dominion 4. The term Dominion Land Surveyor means a Surveyor, Land Surduly authorized under the provisions of this Act, to survey Dominion lands. " Crown

5. The term Crown Timber Agent means the local officer appointed to collect dues and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to such officer, in respect to the timber on Dominion lands.

"Island." 6. The term Island, as used in connection with timber means an isolated grove or clump of timber in Prairie.

> 7. The term *Belt*, as used in connection with timber. means a strip of timber along the shore of a lake, river or water course.

8. The term Section means a section of this Act distinguished by a separate number, and the term Sub-section means a subdivision of any clause distinguished by a separate number or letter, in smaller type.

> 9. The term Canada Gazette means the Official Gazette of the Government, published at Ottawa.

#### DOMINION LANDS OFFICE.

2. The Department of the Minister of the Interior of Canada shall be charged with the administration and management of the Dominion lands.

1. Such administration and management shall be effected through a Branch of the said Department, to be known and designated as " The Dominion Lands Office."

2. Copies of any records, documents, plans, books or papers belonging to, or deposited in, the said office, attested under the signature of the Minister of the Interior or of the Surveyor-General, and of plans or documents in any Dominion lands or Surveys office in Manitoba or the North-West Territories, attested under the signature of the Agent or Inspector of Surveys, as the case may be, in charge of such office, shall be competent evidence in all cases in which the original records, documents, books, plans or papers could be evidence.

3. No person employed in or under the Dominion Lands Employees ... not to pur-chase lands, Office shall purchase any of such lands, except under authority

Lands.

Copies of documents certified to be evidence.

"Belt."

vevor."

Timber Agent."

"Section." "Sub-section."

" Canada Gazette."

Administration and management of Dominion

Office.

of an Order in Council, or shall locate military or bounty land warrants, or land scrip, or act as agent of any other person in such behalf.

#### SYSTEM OF SURVEY.

3. Subject always to the provisions hereinafter made with System of respect to special cases,—

1. The Dominion lands shall be laid off in quadrilateral Townships townships, containing thirty-six sections of one mile to contain square in each (except in the case of those sections rendered square miles irregular by the convergence or divergence of meridians as exclusive of road hereinafter mentioned) together with road allowances allowances. of one chain and fifty links in width, between all townships and sections.

2. The sections shall be bounded and numbered as shewn Sections. by the following diagram .

				Ň.			_		
ĺ	31	33	3 <b>3</b>	34	35	36			
	30	29	28	27	26	25			
w.	19	20	21	22	23	24	-		
	18	17 16	16	15	14	13	E.		
	7	8	9	1,0	11	12			
	6	5	4	3	2	1			
<u> </u>									

3. The township therefore will, subject to deficiency or Townships surplus from converging or diverging meridians, as the case to measure may be, measure on each side, from centre to centre of the 489 chains. road allowances bounding the same, four hundred and eighty-

nine chains: Provided that the Governor in Council may Proviso: as hereafter, should the same be deemed expedient, reduce the to reduction width of the road allowances on township and section lines of width of in that part of the territory lying north of the line between ances, in certownships eighteen and nineteen, and east of the tenth range tain places. east of the principal meridian, and west of the fourteenth range west of the said meridian.

4. The lines bounding townships on the east and west Lines sides shall, in all cases, be true meridians, and those on the bounding north and south sides shall be chords intersecting circles of latitude passing through the angles of the townships.

5. The townships shall be numbered, in regular order, How townnortherly from the international boundary, or forty-ninth ships shall be parallel of latitude, and shall lie in ranges numbered, in numbered. Manitoba, east and west from a certain meridian line run in

13

the year 1869, styled the "Principal Meridian," drawn northerly from the said forty-ninth parallel at a point ten miles, or thereabouts, westerly from Pembina.

6. In the territories east and west of Manitoba such other governing or guide meridians may be adopted and confirmed by the Governor in Council as may, from time to time, become expedient.

7. The townships shall be laid out the precise width of four hundred and eighty-nine chains, as aforesaid, on the base lines hereinafter mentioned, and the meridians between townships shall be drawn from such bases, north or south, to the depth of two townships, that is to say, to the correction lines hereinafter mentioned.

8. The said forty-ninth parallel, or international boundary, Base lines for shall be the first base line, or that for townships one and two. The second base line shall be between townships four and five, the third between townships eight and nine, the fourth between townships twelve and thirteen, the fifth between townships sixteen and seventeen, and so on northerly in regular succession.

> **9**. The correction lines, or those upon which the "jog" resulting from the want of parallelism of meridians shall be allowed, will be as follows, that is to say:-on the line between townships two and three, on that between six and seven, on that between ten and eleven, and so on. In other words, they will be those township lines running east and west which are equi-distant from the bases, at the depth of two townships.

> **10**. Each section shall be divided into quarter-sections of one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, subject to the provisions hereinafter made.

**11**. In the survey of any and every township, the deficiency or surplus, as the case may be, resulting from convergence or divergence of meridians shall be allowed in the range of quarter-sections adjoining the west boundary of the township, and the north and south error in closing on the correction lines from the north or south shall be allowed in the ranges of quarter-sections adjoining, and north or south respectively of the said correction lines.

**12.** The dimensions and area of irregular quarter-sections Dimensions and\_area of resulting from the provision in the next preceding clause, irregular quarter secwhether the same be deficient or in excess, shall, in all cases, tions, how to be returned by the surveyor at their actual measurements be returned. and contents.

Correction lines, what township lines to be.

townships.

Division of sections.

Allowances for deficiency or surplus in survey of townships.

governing or guide meridians.

Other

Townships to be 499 chains wide on the base lines

13. Preliminary to the sub-division into townships and Country to be sections of any given portion of country proposed to be laid laid out into out for settlement, the same shall be laid out into blocks of four four townships each, by projecting the base and correction each in the lines, and east and work moridian boundaries of each block. lines, and east and west meridian boundaries of each block : and how,

1. On these lines, at the time of the survey, all township corners. section and quarter-section corners shall be marked, which corners shall govern, respectively, in the subsequent subdivision of the block.

2. Only a single row of posts or monuments to indicate Posts and the corners of townships, or sections (except as hereinafter monuments. provided) shall be placed on any survey line. These posts or monuments, as an invariable rule (with the exception above referred to), shall be placed in the west limit of the road allowances, on north and south lines, and in the south limit of road allowances, on the east and west lines; and in all cases shall fix and govern the position of the boundary corner between the two adjoining townships, sections or quarter-sections, on the opposite side of the road allowance :

3. Provided that in the case of the township, section, and Proviso : as quarter-section corners on correction lines, posts or monu- to correction lines. ments shall in all cases be planted and marked independently for the townships on either side ; those for the townships north of the line, in the north limit of the road allowance; and those for the townships south, in the south limit.

14. The township sub-division surveys of the Dominion Surveys to be lands, according to the system above described, shall be performed by contract. Land shall be performed by contract at a certain (1872 & 1874.) rate per mile or per acre, fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council.

15. Legal sub-divisions as applicable to the survey, sale Legal sub-and granting of the Dominion lands, shall be as follows: divisions of and it shall be sufficient that such legal sub-divisions be severally, as the case may require, designated and described by such names or numbers and areas for letters patent, that is to say :---

1. A section or 640 acres;

A half-section or 320 acres;

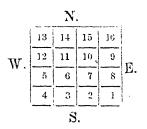
A quarter-section or 160 acres;

A half quarter-section or 80 acres ;

A quarter quarter-section or 40 acres.

Quarterquarter sections.

2. To facilitate the descriptions for letters patent of less than a half quarter section, the quarter sections composing every section in accordance with the boundaries of the same as planted or placed in the original survey, shall be supposed to be divided into quarter guarter-sections, or forty acres, and such quarter quarter-sections shall be numbered as shown in the following diagram, which is intended to show the above proposed sub-divisions of a section.



Areas to be more or less. (1872 & 1874.)

Proviso : as

out and des-

cription of lands in cer-

3. The area of any legal sub-division as above set forth, in letters patent, shall be held to be more or less, and shall in each case be represented by the exact quantity as given to such subdivision in the original survey.

16. Provided that nothing in this Act shall be construed to the laying to prevent the lands upon the Red and Assiniboine Rivers, surrendered by the Indians to the late Earl of Selkirk, from being laid out in such manner as may be necessary in order tain localities to carry out section thirty-two of the Act thirty-third Victoria, chapter three, or to prevent fractional sections or lands bordering on any river, lake, or other water course, or public road, from being divided; or such lands from being laid out in lots of any certain frontage and depth, in such manner as may appear desirable; or to prevent the subdivision of sections or other legal sub-divisions into wood lots as hereinafter provided; or from describing the said lands upon the Red and Assiniboine Rivers, or such subdivisions of fractional sections, or other lots or wood lots, for patent, by numbers according to a plan of record, or by metes and bounds, or by both, as may seem expedient.

#### DISPOSAL OF THE DOMINION LANDS.

LANDS RESERVED BY THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

Recital.

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17. Whereas by article five of the terms and conditions in the deed of surrender from the Hudson's Bay Company to the Crown, the said Company is entitled to one-twentieth of the lands surveyed into townships in a certain portion of the territory surrendered, described and designated as the "Fertile Belt : "

And whereas by the terms of the said deed, the right to Recital. claim the said one-twentieth is extended over the period of fifty years, and it is provided that the lands comprising the same shall be determined by lot : and whereas the said Company and the Government of the Dominion have mutually agreed that with a view to an equitable distribution throughout the territory described, of the said one-twentieth of the lands, and in order further to simplify the setting apart thereof, certain sections or parts of sections, alike in numbers and position in each township throughout the said territory, shall, as the townships are surveyed, be set apart and designated to meet and cover such one-twentieth :

And whereas it is found, by computation, that the said Recital. one-twentieth will be exactly met by allotting in every fifth township two whole sections of six hundred and forty acres each, and, in all other townships, one section and threequarters of a section each; therefore—

In every fifth township in the said territory, that is to say : Certain in those townships numbered 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, sections and parts of sec-50, and so on in regular succession northerly from the inter- tions in cer-national boundary, the whole of sections Nos. 8 and 26, and tain town-in each and every of the other townships, the whole of section known as No. 8, and the south half and north-west quarter of section Hudson's Bay 26 (except in the cases hereinafter provided for) shall be lands. known and designated as the lands of the said Company.

18. Provided that the Company's one-twentieth of the The Comlands in fractional townships shall be satisfied out of one pany's one-twentieth in or either or both, as the case may be, of the sections num-fractional bers eight and twenty-six as above, in such fractional town- townships. ships,-the allotment thereof to be effected by the Minister of the Interior and the said Company, or some person duly authorized by them respectively.

19. Provided further, that on the survey of a township company being effected, should the sections so allotted, or any of them, may select or any portion of them, be found to have been *bond fide* of allotted settled on under the authority of any Order in Council, or land found to of this Act, then, if the Company forego their right to the upon under sections settled upon as aforesaid, or any one or more of such authority. sections, they shall have the right to select a quantity of land equal to that so settled on, and in lieu thereof, from any lands then unoccupied.

20. Provided also, as regards the sections and parts of Company's sections as mentioned in clause seventeen, that where the lands to form same may be situate in any township withdrawn from settle- timber limits. ment and sale, and held as timber lands under the provisions hereinafter contained, the same shall form no part of the timber limit or limits included in such township, but shall be held to be the property of the Company :

The Company to be paid one-twentieth of the revenues from timber limits territory within the fertile belt.

Proviso : as to lands denuded of timber.

2. Provided further, that one-twentieth of the revenue derived from timber limits which may be granted in unsurveyed territory within the fertile belt, as hereinafter provided, shall be annually, so long as the townships comprised in unsurveyed in the same remain unsurveyed, paid and accounted for to the Company, such one-twentieth to cease or to be diminished in proportion as the townships comprised in such limits, or any of them, may be surveyed, in which event the Company shall receive their one-twentieth interest in the lands in such townships in sections eight and twenty-six as hereinbefore enacted : Provided, nevertheless, that on such sections being surveyed as aforesaid, should the same, or either of them, prove to have been denuded of timber by the (1872 & 1874.) lessee, to the extent of one-half or more, then, in such case the Company shall not be bound to accept such section or sections so denuded, and shall have the right to select a section or sections to an equal extent in lieu thereof from any unoccupied lands in such township.

Title to lands to pass to Company without Patent in certain cases, and under Patents in other cases.

**21.** As townships are surveyed, and the respective surveys thereof confirmed, or as townships or parts of townships are set apart and reserved from sale as timber lands, the Governor of the said Company shall be duly notified thereof by the Surveyor-General, and thereupon this Act shall operate to pass the title in fee simple in the sections or three-quarter parts of sections to which the Company will be entitled under clause seventeen, as aforesaid, and to vest the same in the said Company, without requiring a patent to issue for such lands; and as regards the lands set apart by lot, and those selected to satisfy the one-twentieth in townships other than the above, as provided in clauses eighteen and nineteen, returns thereof shall be made in due course by the Local Agent, or Agents, to the Dominion Lands Office, and patents shall issue for the same accordingly.

#### EDUCATIONAL ENDOWMENT.

Sections 11 and 29 in every township set apart as an educational endowment.

Such sections not to be subject to right of purchase by private entry or preemption or homestead right.

22. And whereas it is expedient to make provision in aid of education in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, therefore sections eleven and twenty-nine in each and every surveyed township throughout the extent of the Dominion lands, shall be, and are hereby, set apart as an endowment for purposes of education.

1. The sections so dedicated shall be designated " school lands," and shall be dealt with in manner as hereinafter provided, and the same are hereby withdrawn from the operation of the clauses in this Act relating to purchase by private entry and to homestead right, and it is hereby declared that no such right of purchase by private entry or homestead right shall be recognized in connection with the said sections or any part or parts thereof:

2. Provided that, on a township being surveyed, should Provise : if such sections, or either of them, or any part of either, be such sections found to have been settled on and improved them and in are found setfound to have been settled on and improved, then and in tled on and such case the occupant or occupants conforming to the re- improved. quirements of this Act shall be confirmed in such possession and the Minister of the Interior shall select a quantity equal to that found to have been so settled on from the unclaimed lands in such township, and shall withdraw the land so selected from sale and settlement, and shall set apart and publish the same as school lands by notice in the Canada Gazette :

3. Provided further, that the land found to have been set- Proviso : 3. Frovided juriner, that the land lound to have been see themestead tied upon and improved as above is not embraced within lands, (1879.) the class of lands reserved from the operation of the Homestead provisions of this Act by sub-section eighteen of section thirty-four thereof.

#### DISPOSAL OF SCHOOL LANDS.

23. The school lands shall be administered by the Gover- How to be administered. nor in Council, through the Minister of the Interior : (1879.)

1. Provided that all sales of school lands shall be at public Sales to be by auction, and that in no case shall such lands be put up at an anction ; upset price upset price less than the fair value of corresponding unoccu- limited. pied lands in the township in which such lands may be situate :

2. Provided, also, that the terms of sale of school lands Terms of shall be one-fifth in cash at the time of sale, and the remain- payment. der in nine equal successive annual instalments, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, to be paid with each instalment on the balance of purchase-money from time to time remaining unpaid :

3. Provided, also, that all moneys from time to time realized Investment from the sale of school lands shall be invested in Dominion of moneys arising from securities, and the interest arising therefrom, after deducting sales; the cost of management, shall be paid annually to the Govern-disposal of interest on ment of the Province or Territory within which such lands securities. are situated towards the support of public schools therein,the moneys so paid to be distributed with such view by the Government of such Province or Territory in such manner as may be deemed most expedient

#### MILITARY BOUNTY LAND CLAIMS.

24. In all cases in which land has heretofore been or Warrants to shall hereafter be given by the Dominion for military services, be granted for warrants shall be granted in favour of the parties entitled to for military such land by the Minister of Militia and Defence, and such services.

warrants shall be recorded in the Dominion Lands Office in books to be kept for the purpose, and shall be located as hereinafter provided, and patents for the lands so located shall be issued accordingly.

Such warrants may be located in sale, or be given in payment for lands.

Proviso.

1. Such warrants may be located by the owners thereof, in any of the Dominion lands open for sale, or may be lands open for received in payment for a homestead claim for the same number of acres, or in payment in part or in full, as the case may be, for the purchase at public or private sale of Dominion lands, at the value shewn upon their face, estimating the number of acres in the warrant at the price mentioned therein : Provided always, that no greater area than twenty per cent. of the land, exclusive of school and Hudson's Bav Company's land, in any township, shall be open for entry by Military Bounty warrants issued after the passing of this Act.

As to war-2. In accepting warrants as so much purchase-money, any rants acdeficiency shall be payable in cash: but should any paycepted as ment by warrant or by amount in warrants, be in excess, purchase money. the Government will not return any such excess.

3. In locating a warrant, should the same be for any aliquot As to locating (1872 & 1876) part of a section, it must be located in a legal subdivision of corresponding extent; for instance, a warrant calling for one hundred and sixty acres must be located in a certain quarter section intact.

Assignments 25. Assignments of Military Bounty land warrants duly of Military Bounty Land made and attested before any person entitled by law to take affidavits shall be recognized as conveying the beneficial Warrants. interest therein, but no assignment of the interest of the original owner (except in the case of Red River soldiers' warrants as hereinafter mentioned) will be held as transferring such interest, unless the assignment be endorsed on the back of the warrant; and in subsequent assignments the warrant, unless the same has been lost (as hereinafter mentioned), must be attached to and form part of the claimant's or locatee's papers.

Warrant or patent to issue in favour of legal representatives of deceased officer or soldier.

**26.** In all cases where an officer or soldier entitled to Military Bounty land dies before the issue of the warrant, or between the issue of the warrant and the location thereof, the warrant or the patent, or both, as the case may be, shall issue in favour of the legal representatives of such deceased officer or soldier, according to the law of the Province or Territory where the lands in question lie, who shall be ascertained in such manner and by such court, commissioners or other tribunal, as the Legislature of such Province shall prescribe by any Act passed for that purpose, and shall be certified to the Governor under such Act,-or if the lands

be in any territory in which there is then no Legislature, then in such manner and by such commissioners as the Governor in Council may, from time to time, direct,—and any Order in Council in that behalf may vest in any commissioners under it power to summon witnesses and examine them on oath and to compel the production of documents, and generally may vest in them all such powers, and impose upon all other persons all such obligations, as the Governor in Council may deem necessary in order to ascertain and certify to the Governor the person or persons to whom the patent ought to issue,---and on any such certificate under this clause the patent shall issue in accordance therewith :

2. Provided that in the absence of any court, commis- Provision in sioners, or other tribunal established by the Legislature of case of there being no the Province or Territory within which the lands in ques- Court to detion lie, to determine the legal representatives of such legal repredeceased officer or soldier, the Minister of the Interior may sentative. refer any case arising under the provisions of this section to  $\frac{36}{\text{cited}}$ . the court authorized to be established under the Act passed in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter six, intituled "An Act respecting claims to Lands in Manitoba for which no Patents have issued;" and the provisions thereof shall be and are hereby declared to be in this respect applicable to cases arising under this section.

27. Whenever any warrant for Military Bounty land, New warrant issued in pursuance of this Act, is lost or destroyed, whether in case of one lost or the same may or may not have been sold and assigned by destroyed. the original owner, the Minister of Militia and Defence (such loss or destruction having been proved to his satisfaction) may, and he is hereby required to cause a new warrant of like tenor to be issued in lieu thereof, in favour of the person to whom the warrant belonged at the time of its loss or destruction, if he be still living, or to his legal representatives as aforesaid, if he be no longer living,-which new warrant may be assigned, located and patented, and shall be of like value in every respect with the original warrant; and in any and all such cases of re-issue, the original warrant, in whosesoever hands it may be, shall be null and void.

28. And whereas by Order of the Governor in Council, Recital. dated the 25th April, 1871, it is declared that,---

The officers and soldiers of the 1st, or Ontario, and the 2nd, Free grants or Quebec, Battalion of Rifles, then stationed in Manitoba, under Order in Council whether in the service or depôt companies, and not having confirmed. been dismissed therefrom, should be entitled to a free grant of land, without actual residence, of one-quarter section,--such grant is hereby confirmed, and the Minister of Militia and Defence is hereby authorized and required to issue the necessary warrants therefor accordingly.

Assignments Government nized.

**29**. And whereas effect could not be given to the aboveof interest in mentioned Order in Council, until the lands in Manitoba grants recog- had been surveyed, and in the meantime many of the said men so entitled as above have assigned their interest in such free grants,—such assignments duly made and attested, and having the certificate of discharge in the case of non-commissioned officers or private soldiers attached thereto, and filed in the Dominion Lands Office before the issue of the warrant, shall be held to transfer in each case the interest of the man so entitled in the warrant when issued,-which latter, in every such case, shall be attached, after registry, to the assignment on file, and held for delivery to the party entitled thereto, or for location.

#### ORDINARY PURCHASE AND SALE OF LANDS.

Surveyed Dominion Lands open to nurchase at \$1 per acre.

Proviso.

**30**. Unappropriated Dominion lands, the surveys of which may have been duly made and confirmed, shall, except as otherwise hereinafter provided, be open for purchase at the rate of one dollar per acre; but no such purchase of more than a section, or six hundred and forty acres, shall be made by the same person: Provided, that whenever so ordered by the Minister of the Interior such unoccupied lands as may be deemed by him expedient, from time to time, may be withdrawn from ordinary sale or settlement, and offered at public sale (of which sale due and sufficient notice shall be given) at the upset price of one dollar per acre, and sold to the highest bidder:

Proviso 2. Provided further, that any legal sub-division or other a ided. (1879.) portion of unappropriated Dominion land which may include a water power, harbour or stone-quarry, shall not be open for purchase at the rate of one dollar per acre, but the same shall be reserved from ordinary sale, to be disposed of in such manner, and on such terms and conditions, as may be fixed by the Governor in Council on the report of the Minister of the Interior.

#### PAYMENTS FOR LANDS.

31. Payments for lands, purchased in the ordinary man-Payments in cash. ner, shall be made in cash, except in the case of payment by Exceptions. scrip or in Military Bounty warrants as hereinbefore provided.

#### TOWN PLOTS, ETC.

Minister may for Towns or

32. The Minister of the Interior shall have power, from reserve tracis time to time, to set apart and withdraw from purchase and Village plots. from the homestead clauses of this Act, any tract or tracts of land which it may be considered by him expedient to lay out into town or village plots, and to cause the same to be

surveyed and laid out, and the lots so laid out to be sold, either by private sale and for such price as he may see fit, or at public auction.

33. The Governor in Council may also set apart and ap-Governor in propriate such Dominion lands as he may deem expedient, Council may set lands for the sites of market places, gaols, court houses, places of apart for public worship, burying grounds, schools, benevolent insti- other public tutions, squares, and for other like public purposes, and at purposes. any time before the issue of letters patent therefor, may alter or revoke such appropriation, as he deems expedient, and he may make free grants for the purposes aforesaid of the lands so appropriated,-the trusts and uses to which they are to be subject being expressed in the letters patent.

HOMESTEAD RIGHTS OR FREE GRANT LANDS.

34. Any person, male or female, who is the sole head of a Entry for family, or any male who has attained the age of eighteen homestead years, shall be entitled to be entered for one hundred and right. (1876.) sixty acres, or for a less quantity, of unappropriated Dominion lands, for the purpose of securing a homestead right in respect thereof. (Form A.)

But a person obtaining such homestead entry shall be Proviso: as to liable to the forfeiture thereof should he not become a settlers under Act of 1874. bonû fide occupant of the land so entered within two (1879.) months of the date of entry, and thenceforth continue to occupy and cultivate the same as hereinafter provided.

1. The entry of a person as aforesaid for a homestead right Right shall entitle him, on payment of a fee equal in amount to obtained by entry. that hereinafter prescribed for such homestead entry, to receive at the same time therewith an entry for any adjoining one hundred and sixty acres, or less quantity, of Dominion land then unclaimed, and such entry shall (1876.) Amended. entitle such person to take and hold possession of and cultivate such land so entered in addition to his homestead, but not to cut wood thereon for sale or barter, and, at the expiration of the period of three years, or upon the sooner obtaining a patent for the homestead under the fifteenth sub-section of this section, shall entitle him to a pre-emption of the said land so entered at the Government price of one dollar per acre; but the right to claim such pre-emption shall cease Forfeiture in and be forfeited, together with all improvements on such certain cases. land, upon any forfeiture of the homestead right under this Act:

2. When two or more persons have settled on, and seek When two or to obtain a title to the same land, the homestead right shall more claim. be in him who made the first settlement.

If both have improved.

3. Provided that in cases where both parties may have made valuable improvements, the Minister of the Interior may order a division of such land, in legal sub-divisions, in such manner as may preserve to the said parties, as far as practicable, their several improvements; and further may direct that what the land of each of such parties, as so divided, may be deficient of a quarter section, shall be severally made up to them in legal sub-divisions from unoccupied quarter sections adjoining.

Interfering claims, how settled.

4. Questions as to the homestead right arising between different settlers shall be investigated by the Local Agent of the division in which the land is situated, whose report and recommendation, together with the evidence taken, shall be referred to the Minister of the Interior for decision.

Homestead claims on surveyed land.

On unsurveyed land. (1876 & 1879.)

5. Every person claiming a homestead right on surveyed land must, previously to settlement on such land, be duly entered therefor with the Local Agent within whose district such land may be situate; but in case of a claim from actual settlement in then unsurveyed lands, the claimant must file such application within three months after due notice has been received, at the local office, of such land having been surveyed and the survey thereof confirmed; and proof of settlement and improvement shall be made to the Local Agent at the time of filing such application,-whereupon such claimant shall be allowed to enter, to the extent of one hundred and sixty acres, as a homestead, the land as the same may have been surveyed and laid out, upon which he may be resident, in such manner as to cover his most valuable improvements: Provided that on the survey of a township being made, the Government shall not be bound to protect any person found to have settled on land which, by law, or by allotment duly made, may be claimed by the Hudson's Bay Company.

Occupants of contiguous lands.

6. Persons owning and occupying Dominion lands may be entered for other land lying contiguous to their lands, but the whole extent of land, including that previously owned and occupied, must not exceed one hundred and sixty acres, and must be in legal sub-divisions.

Entry of contiguous lands.

7. In entries of contiguous lands, the settler must describe in his affidavit the tract he owns and is settled upon as his (1872 & 1876.) original farm. Actual residence on the continguous land entered is not required, but bonâ fide improvement and cultivation of it must be thereafter shown for the period required by the provisions of this Act.

Affidavit to be made in formB (1876.)

8. A person applying for leave to be entered for lands with a view of securing a homestead right therein, shall make affidavit before the Local Agent according to the form B in the Schedule to this Act.

9. Upon making this affidavit, and filing it with the Entry. Local Agent, and on payment to him of an office fee of ten (1872 & 1876.) dollars, for which he shall receive a receipt from the agent, he shall be permitted to enter the land specified in the application.

10. No patent shall be granted for the land until the No patent for expiration of three years from the time of entering into three years. possession of it, except as hereinafter provided.

11. At the expiration of three years the settler, or his Rights of rewidow, her heirs or devisees, or if the settler leaves no presentatives of settlers, widow, his heirs or devisees, upon proof to the satisfaction after three of the Local Agent, that he, or his widow or his or her years. representatives as aforesaid, or some of them, have (except in the case of entry upon contiguous lands as hereinbefore provided) resided upon and cultivated the land for the three years next after the filing of the affidavit for entry, or in the case of a settler on unsurveyed land, who may, upon the same being surveyed, have filed his application as provided in sub-section five, upon proof, as aforesaid, that he or his widow, or his or their representatives, as aforesaid, or some of them, have resided upon and cultivated the land for the three years next preceding the application for patent, shall be entitled to a patent for the land, provided such claimant is then a subject of Her Majestv by birth or naturalization :

Provided always, that the right of the claimant to obtain Proviso. a patent under the said sub-section as amended, shall be <sup>(1876.)</sup> subject to the provisions of section fifteen of this Act:

Provided further that, in the case of settlements being Proviso: as formed of immigrants in communities (such for instance as to settlements those of Mennonites or Icelanders), the Minister of the ties. (1876.) Interior may vary or waive, in his discretion, the foregoing requirements as to residence and cultivation on each separate quarter-section entered as a homestead.

12. When both parents die without having devised the when both land, and leaving a child or children under age, it shall be parents die lawful for the executors (if any) of the last surviving parent, (1872 & 1876.) or the guardian or guardians of such child or children, with the approval of a judge of a superior court of the Province or Territory in which the lands lie, to sell the lands for the benefit of the infant or infants, but for no other purpose; and the purchaser, in such case, shall receive a patent for the land so purchased.

13. The title to lands shall remain in the Crown until the Title in issue of the patent therefor, and such lands shall not be Crown until liable to be taken in execution before the issue of the patent.

15

14. In case it is proved to the satisfaction of the Minister Settler abandoning his of the Interior that the settler has voluntarily relinquished claim. (1876.) his claim, or has been absent from the land entered by him for more than six months in any one year without leave of absence from the Minister of the Interior, then the right to such land shall be liable to forfeiture, and may be cancelled by the said Minister; and the settler so relinquishing or abandoning his claim shall not be permitted to make more than a second entry.

15. Any person who has availed himself of the foregoing Patent before end of three provisions may, before the expiration of the three years, obtain a patent for the land entered upon by him, including payment of the wood lot, if any, appertaining to the same, as hereinafter provided, on paying the Government price thereof at the date of entry, and making proof of settlement and cultivation for not less than twelve months from the date of entry.

16. Proof of actual settlement and cultivation shall be made Proof of improvement. by affidavit of the claimant, before the Local Agent, corroborated on oath by two credible witnesses.

Inspection by order of Minister.

years on

price, &c.

The Minister of the Interior may, at any time, order an inspection of any homestead or homesteads in reference to (1872 & 1874.) which there may be reason to believe the foregoing provisions, as regards settlement and cultivation, have not been, or are not being carried out, and may, on a report of the facts. cancel the entry of such homestead or homesteads.

And in the case of a cancelled homestead, with or without

improvements thereon, the same shall not be considered as

of right open for fresh entry, but may be held for sale of the

land and of the improvements, or of the improvements thereon, in connection with a fresh homestead entry thereof,

at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

Provision in case of a cancelled homestead. (1876.)

Assignments void.

17. All assignments and transfers of homestead rights before the issue of the patent, except as hereinafter mentioned, shall be null and void; but shall be deemed evidence of abandonment of the right; and the person so assigning or transferring shall not be permitted to make a second entry.

Proviso : for special case. (1874)

Provided that a person whose homestead may have been recommended for patent by the Local Agent (the conditions in connection therewith having been duly fulfilled), may legally dispose of, and convey, assign or transfer his right and title therein.

Homestead to give?certain rights. (1876.)

Any person who may have obtained a homestead entry, shall be considered, unless and until such entry be cancelled, as having an exclusive right to the land so entered as against any other person or persons whomsoever, and may bring and maintain actions for trespass committed on the said lands or any part thereof.

18. The above provisions relating to homesteads shall Certain proonly apply to agricultural lands,—that is to say, they shall visions to not be held to apply to lands set apart as timber limits, or as agricultural hay lands, or to those lands on which coal or other valuable [ands. (1876 & 1879.) mineral is, at the time, known to exist, or to lands valuable for stone or marble quarries, or to those having water power thereon which may be useful for driving machinery.

#### GRAZING LANDS.

35. The Governor in Council may, from time to time, Special provigrant leases of unoccupied Dominion lands for grazing pur- sion as to grant leases of unoccupied nominion lands for grazing pur-leases of poses to any person or persons whomsoever, for such term of grazing years, and at such rent in each case, as may be deemed ex- lands. (1876.) pedient: but every such lease shall, among other things, contain a condition by which, if it should thereafter be thought expedient by the Minister of the Interior to offer the land covered thereby for settlement, the said Minister may, on giving the lessee two years' notice, cancel the lease at any time during the term.

#### HAY LANDS.

36. Leases of unoccupied Dominion lands, not exceeding Leases of hay in any case a legal sub-division of forty acres may be granted lands for purfor the purpose of cutting hay thereon, to any person or cutting. persons whomsoever being boná fide settlers in the vicinity (1876.) of such hay lands, for such term and at such rent, fixed by public auction or otherwise, as the Minister of the Interior may deem expedient; but such lease, except as may be other- Proviso : not wise specially agreed upon, shall not operate to prevent, at to prevent any time during the term thereof, the sale or settlement of (1876.) the lands described therein under the provisions of this Act, -the lessee being paid in such case by the purchaser or settler, for fencing or other improvements made on such land, such sum as shall be fixed by the Local Agent, and allowed to remove any hay he may have made.

#### MINING LANDS.

37. No reservation of gold, silver, iron, copper, or other Mines or mines or minerals shall be inserted in any patent from the minerals not to be reserved Crown granting any portion of the Dominion lands. in patents of lands.

38. Any person or persons may explore for mines or Any person minerals on any of the Dominion lands, surveyed or unsur-may explore veyed, and not then marked or staked out and claimed or occu-mining lands. pied, and may, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained. purchase the same.

31-2

**39.** Mining lands, if in surveyed townships, may be Mining lands in surveyed acquired under the provisions herein contained, and shall be townships to sold in legal sub-divisions. When situate in unsurveyed be sold in legal subdivi- territory and without the limits of the Fertile Belt, such lands shall be sold in blocks to be called mining locations; Those in and every such mining location, except as hereinafter prounsurveyed territory vided, shall be bounded by lines due north and south and without the due east and west, astronomically; and each such location limits of the Fertile Belt: shall correspond with one of the following dimensions, to be sold in namely, eighty chains in length by forty in width, containblocks, to be called mining ing three hundred and twenty acres,—or forty chains square, locations. containing one hundred and sixty acres,-or forty chains in Description of length by twenty in width, containing eighty acres: such blocks.

Proviso : as to

1. Provided further that in case of certain lands proving to be rich in minerals, the Minister of the Interior shall have the power to withdraw such lands from sale, and in lieu thereof institute a system of lease:

rent.

2. The rent payable to the Crown under any such lease shall be a royalty, not to exceed two and a half per cent. on the net profits of working:

Proviso : sale 3. Provided further, that when there are two or more applicants for the same tract, and a prior right in either or any of the applicants is not established to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior, the same may be tendered for by the claimants on stated terms of lease, and sold to the highest bidder:

Further provision for reservation.

4. Provided also that, in territory supposed to contain minerals, the Minister of the Interior may, in his discretion, reserve from sale alternate locations or quarter-sections or other legal sub-divisions, with the view of subsequently offering the same either for sale or lease at public competition.

Mining locations to be surveyed.

**40**. Mining locations in unsurveyed territory shall be surveyed by a Dominion Land Surveyor, and shall be connected with some known point in previous surveys, or with some other known point or boundary (so that the tract may be laid down on the maps of the territory in the Dominion Lands Office) at the cost of the applicants, who shall be required to furnish, with their application, the Surveyor's plan, field notes and description thereof.

Lands supposed to contain minerals, to be sold at the same price as farming lands. Proviso.

41. No distinction in price shall be made between lands supposed to contain mines or minerals and farming lands, but both classes shall be sold at the uniform price of one dollar per acre; provided that section thirty of this Act as regards offering lands at public sale shall apply to coal and mineral lands also, when the same are in surveyed townships.

rich mineral lands.

sions.

Proviso for

when no prior right.

42. It shall also be lawful for the Minister of the Interior Exemption of to exempt from the preceding provisions of this Act, such of certain lands the Dominion lands upon or adjoining the banks of rivers or ingproviother waters as may be supposed to contain valuable "Bar," sions. "Bench" or "Dry" "Diggings" for gold or other precious metals; and the Governor in Council shall regulate from Governor in time to time, as the same may become necessary and council to regulate. expedient, the nature and size of the claims containing such diggings, and shall fix the terms and conditions upon which the same shall be held and worked, and the royalty payable in respect thereof, and shall appoint and prescribe the duties of such officers as may be necessary to carry out such regulations.

#### INDIAN TITLE.

43. None of the provisions of this Act respecting the set-As to lands tlement of agricultural lands, or the lease of timber lands, <sup>still under</sup> or the purchase and sale of mineral lands, shall be held to apply to territory the Indian title to which shall not, at the time, have been extinguished.

#### COAL LANDS.

**44.** Coal lands, designated by the Government as such, are Excepted hereby withdrawn from the operation of this Act as regards from homethe rights of squatters to homesteads on the Dominion lands in advance of the surveys.

45. The Minister of the Interior shall have power to pro- Provision as tect any person or persons desiring to carry on coal mining to working mines. in unsurveyed territory, in the possession of the lands on which such mining may be carried on,-provided, that before entering on the working of such mines, such person or persons make written application to the local agent to purchase such land; such application must be accompanied by a description by a Dominion Land Surveyor setting forth generally the situation and the dimensions of such land, and shall also be accompanied by payment of the price thereof, estimating the number of acres (which shall be in the discretion of the Minister, but shall in no case exceed three hundred and twenty) at the rate of one dollar per acre. Such application shall be filed by the agent receiving the same, - Filing appliand on the survey of the township containing the land cation. applied for being effected, the claimant or claimants shall be entitled to a patent for such number of acres, in legal sub-Patent. divisions, including and covering the mine worked, as shall (1874.) correspond to the application and to the extent of land paid for :

Provided that all operations under this section shall be Proviso : 25 subject to the rights of the Hudson's Bay Company to sections to H. B. Co. 31-21

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Further pro- eight and twenty-six as hereinbefore enacted: Provided viso. (1874.) further, that the survey of the township within which such land may be situate, shall not be delayed beyond a period of five years after the date of the purchase of such land, without the consent of the Hudson's Bay Company thereto first had and obtained :

Proviso for continuous working. (1874.)

Provided further that such mine shall have been continuously worked, to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior, during the interim between the application and the survey; but if the same should, at any time during such interim, cease to be worked for twelve consecutive months, unless the lands in question be no longer valuable for mining purposes, then the claim of the parties to the land shall lapse, and the mine shall be forfeited to the Crown, together with any and all purchase money which may have been paid to the Government on account thereof.

Coal lands may be exempted from sale and settlement under this Act.

46. The Minister of the Interior, with the view of preventing undue monopoly in coal lands, may, in his discretion, on a township being surveyed, exempt from the sale and settlement provisions of this Act, the sections or other legal sub-divisions of land which may be said to contain coal, except those on which mining may have been carried on under the next preceding clause; and the same shall be subsequently sold or otherwise dealt with in such manner as may be deemed expedient by the Governor in Council.

#### TIMBER AND TIMBER LANDS.

#### TIMBER IN TOWNSHIPS SURVEYED FOR SETTLEMENT.

47. And whereas it is expedient that the timber forming Timber forming islands or "Islands" or "Belts" in townships thrown open for settlement, ships thrown should be so disposed of as to benefit the greatest possible open for number of settlers, and to prevent petty monopoly, it is settlement, to be disposed therefore enacted as follows :---

of so as to benefit the greatest posmonopoly, and how.

1. The Minister of the Interior may direct that in the subsible number division of townships which may consist partly of prairie prevent petty and partly of timber land, such of the sections or subdivisions of sections containing Islands, Belts or other tracts of timber, shall be subdivided into such number of wood lots of not less than ten, and not more than twenty acres in each lot, as will afford, so far as the extent of wood land in the township may permit, one such wood lot to each quartersection prairie farm in such township :

Proviso : as to school sections.

2. Provided, that neither the sections and parts of sections in each township vested in the Hudson's Bay Company by

this Act nor those sections set apart herein for schools, shall be subject in any way to the operation of the next preceding sub-section :

3. The division of such wood lots shall be by squared Marking out posts, numbered from one upwards, marked with a marking wood lots. iron, and planted in the section lines bounding the timber tract so laid out; and each wood lot shall front on a section road allowance:

4. Provided, that in case an Island or Belt of timber be Proviso in found in the survey of any township to lie in a quarter- case of island section or several quarter-sections, but in such manner that timber. no single quarter-section shall have more of such timber than twenty-five acres, such timber shall be taken to be appurtenant to such quarter-section or quarter-sections, and shall not be further divided into wood lots :

5. The Local Agent, as settlers shall apply for homestead Apportion-ment of wood rights in the township, and in the same order as such appli- lots to cations shall be made, shall, if so requested, apportion a settlers. wood lot to each quarter-section so applied for, not having thereon more than ten acres of timber, and such wood lot shall be paid for by the applicant at the rate of one dollar per acre, and shall be entered on the Local Agent's books, and be returned by him as in connection with the homestead so entered; and on such homestead claimant fulfilling all the requirements of this Act in that behalf, but not otherwise, a patent shall issue to him for such wood lot: Provided always, that any person to whom Proviso: a wood lot was apportioned in connection with a homestead befree grants under the provisions of sub-section five of section forty-six of in certain cases. (1879.) "The Dominion Lands Act of 1872," having duly fulfilled the conditions of such homestead grant required by the said Act, shall receive a patent for such wood lot as a free grant, as provided in the said sub-section, notwithstanding the repeal of the said sub-section by the Act of 1874: Provided further, Proviso. that the cancellation of a homestead shall carry with it the (1876 & 1879.) cancellation of the wood lot which may have been apportioned thereto, and also the forfeiture of the purchase money of such wood lot :

6. Provided, that any homestead claimant, who, previous Proviso: to the issue of the patent, shall sell any of the timber on against sale his claim, or on the wood lot appertaining to his claim, to saw-millers, saw-mill, proprietors or to any other than settlers for their \$50. (1872 & own private use, without having previously obtained permission so to do from the Minister of the Interior, shall be guilty of a trespass, and may be prosecuted therefor before a Justice of the Peace, and upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to a fine or imprisonment, or both ; and further, such person shall forfeit his claim absolutely.

Reservation **48.** Any tract of land covered by forest timber may be set. of timber apart as timber lands, and reserved from sale and settlement. lands.

Timber limits. 49. Except where it may be thought expedient by the Minister of the Interior to divide a township into two or more timber limits, the several townships composing any such tract shall each form a limit.

Word "tim- 50. In the enactments and provisions under "timber" ber" defined. heading "Timber and Timber Lands," the word "timber" **50.** In the enactments and provisions under the present: includes all lumber, and all products of timber hereinafter mentioned, or of any other kind whatever, including firewood or bark.

51. The right of cutting timber on such limits shall be Right of cutting to be put up at a bonus per square mile, varying according to the situation and value of the limit, and sold to the highest bidder by competition, either by tender or at public auction.

52. The purchaser shall receive a lease granting the right Purchaser to have lease. of cutting timber on the land for twenty-one years, and containing the following conditions, with such others as shall have been embodied in the notice of sale, that is to say:-

1. The lessee to erect a sawmill or mills in connection Conditions with such limit and lease, and subject to any special conditions which may be agreed upon and stated in the lease,--such mill or mills to be of capacity to cut at the rate of a thousand feet, board measure, in twenty-four hours, for every two and a half square miles of limits in the lease, or shall establish such other manufactory of wood goods as may be agreed upon as the equivalent of such mill or mills, and the lessee to work the limit, in the manner and to the extent provided in the lease, within two years from the date thereof, and during each succeeding year of the term ;

2. To take from every tree he cuts down all the timber fit To take all timber. for use, and manufacture the same into sawn lumber or some other such saleable product as may be provided in the lease or by any regulations made under this Act;

To prevent 3. To prevent all unnecessary destruction of growing destruction. timber on the part of his men, and to exercise strict and constant supervision to prevent the origin or spread of fires;

To make monthly returns.

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sold.

of lease.

Mills.

4. To make returns to the Government monthly, or at such other periods as may be required by the Minister of the Interior, or by regulations under this Act, sworn to by him or by his agent or employee cognizant of the facts, declaring the quantities sold or disposed of as aforesaid, of all sawn. lumber, timber, railway-car stuff, ship timbers and knees, shingles, laths, cordwood or bark, or any other product of timber from the limit, in whatever form the same may be, sold or otherwise disposed of by him during such month or other period, and the price or value thereof;

5. To pay, in addition to the bonus, an annual ground Rent. rent of two dollars per square mile, and further a royalty of five per cent. on his monthly account;

6. To keep correct books of such kind and in such form To keep as may be provided by his lease or by regulation under this <sup>books.</sup> Act, and to submit the same for the inspection of the collector of dues whenever required, for the purpose of verifying his returns aforesaid.

7. The lease shall describe the lands upon which the Rights of the timber may be cut, and shall vest in the lessee during its lessee. continuance, the right to take and keep exclusive possession of the lands so described, subject to the conditions hereinbefore provided or referred to; and such lease shall vest in the holder thereof all right of property whatsoever in all trees, timber, lumber and other products of timber cut within the limits of the lease during the continuance thereof, whether such trees, timber and lumber or products be cut by the authority of the holder of such lease or by any other person, with or without his consent; and such lease shall entitle the lessee to seize in replevin, revendication or otherwise. as his property, such timber where the same is found in the possession of any unauthorized person, and also to bring any action or suit, at law or in equity, against any party unlawfully in possession of any such timber, or of any land so leased, and to prosecute all trespassers thereon and other such offenders as aforesaid, to conviction and punishment, and to recover damages, if any; and all proceedings pending at the expiration of any such lease may be continued and completed as if the lease had not expired :

8. Such lease shall be subject to forfeiture for infraction Forfeiture of of any one of the conditions to which it is subject, or for any the lease. fraudulent return ; and in such case the Minister of the Interior shall have the right, without any suit or other proceeding at law or in equity, or compensation to the lessee, to cancel the same, and to make a new lease or disposition of the limit described therein, to any other party, at any time during the term of the lease so cancelled : Provided, that the Minister of the Interior, if he sees fit, may refrain from forfeiting such lease for non-payment of dues, and may enforce payment of such dues in the manner hereinafter provided.

9. The lessee who faithfully carries out the above con-Renewal of ditions shall have the refusal of the same limits, if not lease.

required for settlement, for a further term not exceeding twenty-one years, on payment of the same amount of bonus per square mile as was paid originally, and on such lessee . agreeing to such conditions, and to pay such other rates as may be determined on for such second term :

Leases to cut timber on unsurveyed lands. 10. Provided, that in cases where application may be made for limits on which to cut timber in unsurveyed territory, the Governor in Council may, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior, authorize the same to be leased for such bonus as may be deemed fair and reasonable, —such leases to be subject nevertheless to the foregoing conditions of this section, except as to that part of sub-section cne, which provides for the erection of mills, which provision, in respect to limits in unsurveyed territory may, if considered expedient by the Minister of the Interior, be dispensed with:

What may be considered surveyed territory.

Licenses for unsurveyed from year to year. (1879.) Provided also, that territory in which the block outlines only of townships may have been run and marked, shall be considered surveyed territory for the purposes of this section; and provided further, that the Governor in Council may, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior, in special cases where the same may be deemed expedient, grant licenses in either surveyed or unsurveyed territory, as the case may be, to cut timber for one year, and renewable from year to year, in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior, at such ground rent as the Minister may deem fair and reasonable,—such license to be subject in all respects to the other provisions of this section, except where the same may be inconsistent herewith.

Lease of land previously leased, sold, granted or set apart to be void. **53.** If, in consequence of any incorrectness in survey, or other error or cause whatsoever, a lease is found to comprise lands included in one of prior date, or any lands sold, granted, leased or lawfully set apart for any other purpose under this Act, the lease first mentioned shall be void in so far as it interferes with any such previous lease, sale, grant or setting apart.

#### FURTHER OBLIGATIONS OF PARTIES OBTAINING LICENSES.

Dues to the Crown to bear interest and be a lien on timber cut on limits. Such timber may be seized and sold in payment.

54. Any ground-rent, royalty or other dues to the Crown, on timber cut within any such limit, which are not paid at the time when they become due and payable, shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, until paid, and shall be a lien on any timber cut within such limits. And whenever the ground-rent on any limit, or any royalty on any timber is not paid within three months after it becomes due under the lease or regulations in that behalf, the Crown timber agent may, with the sanction of the Minister of the Interior, seize so much of the timber cut on such limit, and in the possession of the lessee or on his premises, whether sold or unsold, as will, in his opinion, be sufficient to secure the payment of such rent and royalty on the timber seized and all interest and expenses of seizure and sale, and may detain the same as security for the payment thereof; and if such payment be not made within three months after such seizure, the Crown timber agent may, with such sanction as aforesaid, sell such timber by public auction, and after deducting the sum due to the Crown, the interest thereon, and expenses aforesaid, he shall pay over the balance, if any, to the lessee or owner of the timber.

55. All timber cut under lease shall be liable for the pay- Timber cut ment of the Crown dues thereon, so long as, and wheresoever under lease liable for the said timber, or any part of it, may be found, whether it dues. be or be not manufactured into deals, boards or any other products; and all officers or agents employed in the collection of such dues may follow all such timber and may seize and detain the same wherever it be found until the dues thereon are paid or secured and if payment be not made or secured within three months after such seizure, the timber may be sold by the Crown agent, and the proceeds disposed of as provided by the next preceding section.

56. And in case the payment of the Crown dues on any Enforcement timber has been evaded by any lessee or other party, by the of payment removal of such timber or products out of Canada, or other- in case of removal of wise, the amount of dues so evaded, and any expenses timber out of incurred by such officer or the Government, in enforcing payment of the said dues under this Act, may be added to the dues remaining to be collected on any other timber cut on Dominion lands by the same lessee or by his authority, and be levied and collected or secured on such timber, together with such last-mentioned dues, in the manner provided by section fifty-four; or the amount due to the Crown, of which payment has been evaded, may be recovered by action at law, in the name of the Minister of the Interior or his resident agent, in any court having jurisdiction in civil cases to the amount.

57. The Minister of the Interior may, in his discretion Bonds may take or authorize the taking of bonds or promissory notes be taken for for any money due to the Crown, interest and costs, as afore- prejudice to said, or for double the amount of all dues, fines and penalties lien. and costs incurred or to be incurred, and may then release any timber upon which the same would be leviable, whether under seizure or not; but the taking of such bonds or notes shall not affect the lien and right of the Crown to enforce payment of such money on any other timber cut on the same limit, if the sums for which such bonds or notes are given are not paid when due.

Canada.

#### LIABILITY OF PERSONS CUTTING WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

Penalty for cutting tim-ber without authority on Dominion Lands.

58. If any person without authority cuts, or employs orinduces any other person to cut, or assist in cutting any timber of any kind, on any Dominion lands wheresoever situate. or removes or carries away, or employs or induces or assists any other person to remove or carry away any timber of any kind so cut, from any Dominion land as aforesaid, he shall not acquire any right to the timber so cut, or any claim for remuneration for cutting the same, preparing the same for market, or conveying the same to or towards market: and when the timber has been removed out of the reach of the Crown timber officers, or it is otherwise found impossible to seize the same, he shall, in addition to the loss of his labour and disbursements, forfeit a sum not exceeding three dollars for each tree which, or any part of which, he is proved to have cut or carried away; and such sum shall be recoverable with costs, at the suit and in the name of the Crown, in any court having jurisdiction in civil matters to the amount of the penalty; and in all such cases the burden of proof of his authority to cut and take the timber shall lie on the party charged, and the averment of the party seizing or prosecuting, that he is duly employed under the authority of this Act, shall be sufficient proof thereof, unless the defendant proves the contrary.

Seizure on affidavit.

1. Whenever satisfactory information, supported by affidavit made before a Justice of the Peace or before any other competent officer or person, is received by any Crown timber officer or agent, that any timber has been cut without authority on Dominion Lands, and describing where the same can be found, or if any Crown timber officer or agent, from other sources of information, or his own knowledge, is aware that any timber has been cut without authority on such lands, the said agent or officer, or either of them, may seize or cause to be seized in Her Majesty's name, the timber so reported or known to be cut, wherever it is found, and place the same under proper custody, until a decision can be had in the matter by competent authority:

If the timber has been mixed with

2. And where the timber so reported or known to have been cut without authority, has been made up with other other timber. timber into a crib, dram or raft, or in any other manner has been so mixed up, at any mill or elsewhere, as to render it impossible or very difficult to distinguish the timber so cut without authority, from the other timber with which it is mixed up, the whole of the timber so mixed shall be held to have been cut without authority, and shall be liable to seizure and forfeiture accordingly, until satisfactorily separated by the holder.

3. In case any timber cut without authority on Dominion Timber may lands, or any product thereof, is seized under the provisions be released on security of this Act, by any Crown timber agent or officer, he may given. allow such timber or product thereof to be removed and disposed of, on receiving sufficient security, by bond or otherwise, to his satisfaction for the full value thereof, or for payment of double the amount of all dues, fines, penalties and costs incurred or imposed thereon, as the case may be.

#### RESISTING SEIZURE-REMOVING TIMBER SEIZED-CONDEM-NATION OF SUCH TIMBER.

**59.** Any officer or person seizing timber in the discharge Officer seizing of his duty under this Act may, in the name of the Crown, may call in assistance. call in any assistance necessary for securing and protecting the timber so seized; and if any person under any pretence, either by assault, force or violence, or by threat of such force or violence, in any way resists or obstructs any officer or person acting in his aid, in the discharge of his duty under this Act, such person shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be punishable accordingly.

**60**. If any person, whether pretending to be the owner or Carrying not, either secretly or openly, and whether with or without away timber force or violence, takes or carries away, or causes to be taken without and carried away, without permission of the officer or person permission, a who seized the same or of some competent authority, any timber seized and detained for any lawful cause under this Act, before the same has been declared by competent authority to have been seized without due cause, such person shall be deemed to have stolen such timber, being the property of the Crown, and to be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be punishable accordingly.

**GI**. All timber seized under this Act on behalf of the Timber seized Crown as being forfeited, shall be deemed to be condemned, as forfeited unless the person from whom it was seized, or the owner deemed to be thereof, within one month from the day of the seizure, gives condemned in default of notice to the seizing officer, or to the Crown timber agent owner claimor officer under whose authority the seizure was made, that ing it within he alaims on intende to alaim the same panding which the one month. he claims or intends to claim the same,—pending which the officer or agent seizing shall report the facts to the Minister of the Interior, who may order the sale of the said timber, by the said officer or agent, after a notice on the spot, or at the residence or office of the person from whom it was seized, of at least thirty days; or if, within fifteen days after the claim has been put in, the claimant shall not have instituted proceedings before a court of competent jurisdiction to contest the seizure; or if the decision of the court be against him; or should the claimant fail duly to prosecute such proceedings in the opinion of the judge before whom such case may be tried (and who may for that cause dismiss the suit on the

expiration of three months from the date on which it was instituted,—anything to the contrary hereinbefore enacted notwithstanding), the timber may be confiscated and sold for the benefit of the Crown, by order of the Minister of the Interior, after notice on the spot of at least thirty days: Provided, nevertheless, that in certain cases of timber being ascertained to have been cut without authority on any of the Dominion lands, or admitted to have been so cut by the holder thereof, the Minister of the Interior, should be see cause for doing so, may impose and receive for the Crown a certain cases. Cause for doing so, may impose and receive for the Grown a (1872 & 1879.) fine or penalty, to be levied on such timber, in addition to all costs incurred, and in default of such fine or penalty and costs being paid forthwith, may sell such timber by public sale after a notice of fifteen days, and may retain the whole proceeds of such sale, or the amount of the penalty and costs only, at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS.

In absence of satisfactory explanation timber may be seized for dues as cut without authority.

62. Whenever any Crown timber agent, or other officer or agent of the Minister of the Interior is in doubt as to whether any timber has or has not been cut without authority, or is or is not liable to Crown dues on the whole or any part thereof, he may enquire of the person or persons in possession or in charge of such timber, as to when and where the same was cut: and if no satisfactory explanation, on oath or otherwise, as he may require, be given to him, he may seize and detain such timber until proof be made to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior, or of such Crown timber agent or officer, that such timber has not been cut without authority and is not liable, either in whole or in part, to Crown dues of any kind; and if such proof be not made within thirty days after such seizure, such timber may be dealt with as timber cut without authority or on which the Crown dues have not been paid, according to the circumstances of the case; and the dues thereon may be recovered as provided in the fifty-fourth section.

The burden of proof where timber was cut, or of payment of dues, to lie on the owner or claimant.

**63**. And whenever any timber is seized for non-payment of Crown dues, or for any cause of forfeiture, or any prosecution is brought for any penalty or forfeiture under this Act, and any question arises whether the said dues have been paid on such timber, or whether the said timber was cut on other than any of the Dominion lands aforesaid, the burden of proving payment, or on what land the said timber was cut, shall lie on the owner or claimant of such timber, and not on the officer who seizes the same, or the party bringing such prosecution.

#### SLIDES, &C.

Right to slides, &c., not to be

64. No sale or grant of any Dominion lands shall give or convey any right or title to any slide, dam, pier or boom, or

Proviso. Minister may

impose and receive a penalty in addition in

other work for the purpose of facilitating the descent of affected by timber or saw-logs, previously constructed on such land, or sales or on any stream passing through or along such land, unless it land unless be expressly montioned in the latte be expressly mentioned in the letters patent or other docu-expressly mentioned. ments establishing such sale or grant, that such slide, dam, pier or boom or other work is intended to be thereby sold or granted.

1. The free use of slides, dams, piers, booms or other works Free use of on streams, to facilitate the descent of lumber and saw-logs, slides not affected. and the right of access thereto for the purpose of using the same and keeping them in repair, shall not in any way be interrupted or obstructed by or in virtue of any sale or grant of Dominion lands made subsequent to the construction of such works.

65. The free use, for the floating of saw-logs and other Free use of timber, rafts and drams, of all streams and lakes that may be streams and lakes not necessary for the descent of timber from Dominion lands, affected. and the right of access to such streams and lakes, and of passing and repassing on or along the land on either side thereof, and wherever necessary for such use thereof, and over all existing or necessary portage roads past any rapids or falls, or connecting such streams or lakes, and over such roads, other than road allowances, as owing to natural obstacles, may be necessary for the taking out timber or sawlogs from Dominion lands, and the right of constructing slides where necessary, shall continue uninterrupted, and shall not be affected, or obstructed by or in virtue of any sale or grant of such lands.

#### FOREST TREE CULTURE.

66. Any person, male or female, being a subject of Her Entry for Majesty by birth or naturalization, and having attained the tree planting. age of eighteen years, shall be entitled to be entered for one legal sub-division, not in any case, however, exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, of unappropriated Dominion lands as a claim for forest tree planting.

67. Application for such entry shall be made in Form Form of F in the schedule hereto, and the person so applying shall applications, make an affidavit before the local agent according to Form and fee. G in the schedule hereto, and shall pay at the time of apply- (1876 & 1879.) ing an office fee of ten dollars, in case such legal sub-division is one of one hundred and sixty acres, or of five dollars, in case such legal sub-division is one of eighty acres, or of two and a-half dollars, in case such legal sub-division is one of forty acres, for which fee he or she shall receive a receipt and also a certificate of entry, and shall thereupon be entitled to enter into possession of the land.

When only patent may issue.

tions.

68. No patent shall issue for the land so entered until the expiration of eight years from the date of entering into (1876 & 1879.) possession thereof, and any assignment of such land shall be null and void unless permission to make the same shall have been previously obtained from the Minister of the Interior.

69. At the expiration of eight years or at any time within Patent after six years on five years after the expiration of the said term, as hereinafter provided, the person who obtained the entry, or, if not (1876 & 1879.) living, his or her legal representative or assigns, shall receive a patent for the land so entered on proof to the satisfaction of the local agent as follows :---

1. That five acres of the land so entered, in case the same Five acres to be broken up. consists of a legal sub-division of one hundred and sixty acres, shall be broken or ploughed the first year after entry, and an equal quantity during the second year after entry;

- 2. That the five acres of the land entered, which have And planted. been broken or ploughed during the first year, shall be cultivated to crop during the second year, and the five acres broken or ploughed during the second year shall be cultivated to crop during the third year;
- Cult vating 3. That the five acres broken or ploughed during the first the 1.mber. year, and cultivated to crop during the second year as above provided, shall be planted in trees, tree-seeds or cuttings during the third year, and the five acres broken or ploughed during the second year, and cultivated to crop during the third year as above provided, shall be planted in trees, tree-seeds or cuttings during the fourth year:
- Provided that in cases where the land entered consists of Proviso. a legal sub-division less than one hundred and sixty acres, then the respective areas requiring to be broken or ploughed, cultivated to crop and planted, under this sub-section and the two sub-sections next preceding, shall be proportionately less in extent:
- Provided also, that the Minister of the Interior, in his Proviso. discretion, and on his being satisfied that any trees, treeseeds or cuttings may have been destroyed from any cause not within the control of the person holding the tree-claim, may grant an extension of time for carrying out the provisions of the three sub-sections next preceding:
- Provided also, that at the expiration of the said term of Proviso. eight years, or at any time within five years thereafter, the person obtaining such tree-claim, on proving to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior that he or she has planted not less than two thousand seven hundred trees on

each acre of the portion broken or ploughed and cultivated to crop as hereinbefore provided, and that at the time of applying for a patent for the tree-claim, there are then growing thereon at least six hundred and seventy-five living and thrifty trees to each acre, the claimant shall receive a patent for the legal sub-division entered.

70. If at any time the claimant fails to do the breaking up Forfeiture for or planting or either, as required by this Act, or any part non-complithereof, or fails to cultivate, protect and keep in good condi- conditions. tion, such timber, then and upon such event the land entered shall be liable to forfeiture in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior, and may be dealt with in the same manner as homesteads which may have been cancelled for non-compliance with the law, as set forth in sub-section sixteen of section thirty-three of this Act.

71. Provided that no person who may have obtained pre-Provise: emption entry of a quarter-section of land in addition to his who may not homestead entry under the provisions of sub-section one, of obtain land section thirty-four of this Act, shall have the right to enter a third quarter-section as a tree-planting claim; but such person, if resident upon his homestead, may have the option Option of of changing the pre-emption entry of the quarter-section, or changing of a less quantity of such quarter-section, for one under the entry. (1876.) foregoing provisions, and on fulfilling the preliminary conditions as to affidavit and fee, may receive a certificate for such quarter-section, or for such quantity thereof as may have been embraced in the application; and thereupon the land included in such change of entry shall become subject in all respects to the provisions of this Act relating to treeplanting.

72. Any person who may have been entered for a tree- Rights of planting claim under the foregoing provisions, and whose persons right may not have been forfeited for non-compliance with tree planting. the conditions thereof, shall have the same rights of posses- (1876.) sion, and to eject trespassers from the land entered by him, as are given to persons on homesteads under sub-section seventeen of section thirty-four of this Act; and the title to land entered for a tree-planting claim shall remain in the Government until the issue of a patent therefor, and such land shall not be liable to be taken in execution before the issue of the patent.

73 Persons who may have been entered under the pro-And under visions of the Act thirty-ninth Victoria, chapter nineteen, for former Act. land as a claim for tree-planting, may, if they choose to do so, avail themselves of the provisions of this Act in that behalf.

#### PATENTS.

Deputy Governor for signing patents.

74. A Deputy Governor may be appointed by the Governor General, who shall have the power, in the absence or under instructions of the Governor General, to sign letters patent of Dominion lands; and the signature of such Deputy Governor to such patents shall have the same force and virtue, as if such patents were signed by the Governor General.

Patent issued

75. Whenever a patent has been issued to, or in the name in error may be cancelled. of, a wrong party, or contains any clerical error, misnomer, or wrong or defective description of the land thereby intended to be granted, or there is in such patent an omission of the conditions of the grant, the Minister of the Interior may (there being no adverse claim) direct the defective patent to be cancelled and a correct one to be issued in its stead,which corrected patent shall relate back to the date of the one so cancelled and have the same effect as if issued at the date of such cancelled patent.

Remedy in or patents inconsistent with each other.

**76.** In all cases in which grants or letters patent have cases of sales issued for the same land, inconsistent with each other, through error, and in all cases of sales or appropriations of the same land inconsistent with each other, the Minister of the Interior may order a new grant equivalent in value, to the land of which any grantee or purchaser is thereby deprived, at the time the same was granted; or may, in cases of sale, cause repayment to be made of the purchase-money with interest; or when the land has passed from the original purchaser, or has been improved before the discovery of the error, or when the original grant was a free grant, the Minister of the Interior may assign land, or grant a certificate entitling the party to purchase Dominion lands, of such value as to him, the Minister of the Interior, may seem just and equitable under the circumstances; but no claim under . this clause shall be entertained unless it is preferred within five years after the discovery of the error.

Remedy in case of deficiency of quantity mentioned in patent.

77. Whenever by reason of false survey, or error in the books or plans of the Dominion Lands Office, any grant, sale or appropriation of land is found to be deficient, the Minister of the Interior may order a free grant, equal in value to the ascertained deficiency, at the time such land was granted or sold; or in case any parcel of land contains less than the quantity of land mentioned in the patent therefor, the Minister of the Interior may order the purchase-money of so much land as is deficient, with interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum, from the time of the application therefor, to be paid back to the purchaser; or if the land has passed from the original purchaser, then the purchase-money which the claimant (provided

he was ignorant of the deficiency at the time of his purchase) has paid for so much of the land as is deficient, with interest thereon, from the time of the application therefor, to be paid to him in land or in money, as he, the Minister of the Interior, may direct; or, in case of a free grant, he may order a grant of other land, equal in value to the land so intended as a free grant, at the time such grant was made; but no such claim shall be entertained unless application has been Proviso. made within five years from the date of the patent, nor unless the deficiency is equal to one-tenth of the whole quantity described as being contained in the particular lot or parcel of land granted.

78. In all cases wherein patents for lands have issued Patents isthrough fraud or in error or improvidence, any court having sued through fraud, or in competent jurisdiction in cases respecting real property in error or imthe Province or place where such lands are situate, may, upon providence action, bill or plaint respecting such lands and upon hearing decreed to be of the parties interested, or upon default of the said parties void. after such notice of proceeding as the said court shall order. decree such patent to be void; and upon the registry of such decree in the office of the Registrar-General of the Dominion, such patent shall be void to all intents.

79. When any settler, purchaser or other person refuses Remedy in or neglects to deliver up possession of any land after forfei- case of refusal ture of the same under the provisions of this Act, or when-possession of ever any person is wrongfully in possession of Dominion forfeited land land, and refuses to vacate or abandon possession of the land wrongsame, the Minister of the Interior may apply to a judge of fully held. any court having competent jurisdiction in cases respecting real property in the Province or place in which the land lies, for an order in the form of a writ of ejectment or of habere facias possessionem, and the said judge, upon proof to his satisfaction that such land was so forfeited and should properly revert to the Crown, shall grant an order upon the settler or person or persons in possession, to deliver up the same to the Minister of the Interior or person by him authorized to receive such possession; and such order shall have the same force as a writ of habere facias possessionem, and the Sheriff shall execute the same in like manner as he would execute the said writ in an action of ejectment or petitory action.

SO. The Minister of the Interior shall keep a book for Assignments registering, at the option of the parties interested, any of Dominion lands to be assignment of rights to Dominion lands which are assignable registered. under this Act, upon proof to his satisfaction that such assignment is in conformity with this Act; and every assignment so registered shall be valid against any other previously made but subsequently registered, or unregistered; but any assignment to be registered must be unconditional.

31 - 3

and all conditions on which the right depends must have been performed, or dispensed with by the Minister of the Interior, before the assignment is registered.

**SI.** On any application for a patent by the heir, assignee, Patent may issue in favour devisee or legal representative of a party dying entitled to of legal represuch patent, the Minister of the Interior may receive proof sentative of party dying of the facts in such manner as he may see fit to require, and, upon being satisfied that the claim has been justly established, may allow the same and cause a patent to be issued accordingly; but nothing in this section shall limit the right of the party claiming a patent to make his application as provided for in section twenty-six of this Act.

82. Every entry, receipt or certificate issued by an agent Entry receipt, &c., to give of Dominion lands shall, unless such entry shall have been right to revoked or cancelled by the Minister of the Interior, entitle maintain suits. (1879.) the person to whom the same was granted to maintain suits at law or in equity against any wrong doer or trespasser on the lands so entered, as effectually as he could do under a patent of such land from the Crown.

### SURVEYS AND SURVEYORS.

#### WHO SHALL BE COMPETENT TO SURVEY THE DOMINION LANDS

83. No person shall act as surveyor of Dominion lands Qualifications required of unless he shall, before the fourteenth day of April, 1872, have been duly qualified by certificate, diploma or commission, to survey the Crown lands in some one of the Provinces of the Dominion, or shall have become qualified under the provisions hereinafter set forth.

1. Persons qualified under the said provisions shall be Official name. (1872 & 1874) styled " Dominion Land Surveyors," or " Dominion Topographical Surveyors," as the case may be.

#### BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

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**84.** There shall be a Board of Examiners for the examination of candidates for commissions as Dominion Land Surveyors, or as articled pupils, to consist of the Surveyor General and eight other competent persons, to be appointed from time to time by Order in Council; and the meetings of the Board shall commence on the second Monday in the months of May and November in each year, and may be adjourned from time to time; and the place of meeting shall be at Ottawa, or at some place in Manitoba or the North-West Territories, as the same shall, from time to time, be fixed. and made public by notice in the *Canada Gazette*:

entitled

thereto.

Dominion

Land Sur-

veyors.

1. Each member of the said Board shall take an oath of Members to office according to form C, to be administered by a judge be sworn. of any one of the superior courts in any Province in the Dominion, who is hereby authorized and required to administer such oath; and any three of the said members shall form a quorum :

2. The said Board shall, from time to time, appoint a fit Secretary. and proper person to be Secretary thereof, who shall keep a (1872 & 1876.) record of its proceedings.

85. No person shall be admitted as an articled pupil with Examination any Dominion Land Surveyor unless he has previously passed for articles as an examination before the Board of Examiners, or before one pupils. of the members thereof, or before some surveyor deputed by the Board for the purpose, as to his ability to write English correctly, and also as to his knowledge of vulgar and decimal fractions, the extraction of the square and cube roots, of the first three books of Euclid, the rules of plane trigonometry, the mensuration of superficies and use of logarithms, and has obtained a certificate of such examination and of his proficiency from such Board.

86. Applicants for such examination, previous to being Notice to articled, shall give notice to the Secretary of the Board of Secretary. their desire to present themselves for examination ; whereupon such officer shall instruct them accordingly as to the mode in which they must proceed.

87. Any Dominion Land Surveyor may, by an instrument Transfer of a in writing, transfer a pupil, with his own consent, to any pupil. other Dominion Land Surveyor, with whom such pupil may serve the remainder of his term.

88. If any Dominion Land Surveyor dies or leaves the Completion Dominion, or is suspended or dismissed, his pupil may com- of term with plete his term under articles, as aforesaid, with any other master. Dominion Land Surveyor.

89. Articled pupils must transmit to the Secretary of the Duplicate Board within three months of the date of their articles, a of articles of duplicate thereof, together with a fee of two dollars for be transreceiving and filing the same; and the said Secretary shall mitted to acknowledge the receipt of such papers, and shall carefully within three file and keep the same with the records of the Board.

months after their date.

90. No pupil shall be entitled to be examined before such Conditions Board unless he shall have previously served regularly and precedent to faithfully for and during the period of three successive for commis-years, under articles in writing, in the form D, duly executed non. before two witnesses, as pupil to a Dominion Land Surveyor,

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nor unless he shall produce a certificate from such surveyor of his having so served during the said period, and shall also produce satisfactory testimony as to his character for probity and sobriety.

**91**. Any person who, subsequently to the fourteenth day

As to admission of persons commis- of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, shall sioned as surveyors of in any Province on certain conditions.

Proviso; Board to judge of qualification in such Prevince.

Proviso for reciprocity of admission by such Province.

have been duly qualified by certificate, diploma or commis-Grown Lands sion, to survey lands in any Province of the Dominion, in which, in order to be so qualified, a course of study including the subjects prescribed by section ninety-five is required by the law of such Province, shall be entitled to obtain, without being subjected to any examination other than as regards the system of survey of Dominion lands, a commission as Dominion Land Surveyor : Provided that it shall rest with the Board of Examiners to decide whether the qualifications required of a surveyor of Crown lands in such Province are sufficiently similar to those set forth in the said section ninety-five of this Act, to entitle him, under the foregoing provisions, to such commission : And provided further, that it must be shown that such Province has reciprocated the privilege hereby granted, by granting to Dominion Land Surveyors, on their application, and without subjecting them to an examination except as regards a knowledge of the survey laws of such Province, diplomas, certificates or commissions, as the case may be, as surveyors of lands within such Province.

Examination

Land surveyors holding diplomas, certificates or commisin certain cases. (1879.) sions for Provinces of the Dominion in which the qualifications required by law for surveyors, are not similar to those prescribed by this Act, must undergo examination by the Board, and satisfactorily pass the same, in order to obtain commissions as Dominion Land Surveyors.

Surveyors in H. M. Dominions, other than Canada, entitled to examination after six months' prac. tice.

92. Any person who may have been duly admitted as a surveyor of lands in any part of Her Majesty's Dominions. other than Canada shall be entitled to an examination by the said Board, and to a commission if found qualified, on his producing a written certificate of a Dominion Land Surveyor, that such person has, within the previous two years, served for one year with him continuously engaged in surveying the Dominion lands, and that he considers such person as in every way qualified to pass an examination for a commission as a Dominion Land Surveyor.

Graduates of Colleges may be examined after one year's service. **(**1872 & 1879.)

**93.** Any person who shall have followed a regular course. of study in all the branches of education required by this Act for admission as a Dominion Land Surveyor through the regular sessions for at least two years, in any college or university where there may be organized a complete course of such instruction, and who has thereupon received from such

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college or university a certificate, diploma or degree, vouching therefor, shall not be obliged to serve three years as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to examination after one year's service under articles with a Dominion Land Surveyor.

**94.** Every person desiring to be examined before the said Notice to Board shall give due notice thereof in writing to the Secretary at least one month previous to the meeting of the Board, enclosing with such notice the fee hereinafter prescribed. (1872 & 1879.)

**95.** No person shall receive a commission from the said Examination Board authorizing him to practice as a Dominion Land Surfor admission as Surveyor. veyor until he has attained the full age of twenty-one years (1876.) and has passed a satisfactory examination before the said Board on the following subjects : that is to say :--Euclid, first four books, and propositions first to twenty-first of the In Mathesixth book ; plane trigonometry, so far as it includes solution (1876.) of triangles ; the use of logarithms, mensuration of superficies, including the calculation of the area of right-lined figures by latitude and departure, and the dividing or laying off land ; a knowledge of the rules for the solution of spherical triangles, and of their use in the application to surveying of the following elementary problems of practical astronomy :--

1. To ascertain the latitude of a place from an observation In practical of a meridian altitude of the sun or of a star;

2. To obtain the local time and the azimuth, from an observed altitude of the sun or a star;

3. From an observed azimuth of a circumpolar star, when at its greatest elongation from the meridian, to ascertain the direction of the latter :

He must be practically familiar with surveying operations Surveying and capable of intelligently reporting thereon, and be con-operations and use of versant with the keeping of field notes, their plotting and instruments. representation on plans of survey, the describing of land by (1876.) metes and bounds for title, and with the adjustments and methods of use of ordinary surveying instruments, and must also be perfectly conversant with the system of survey as System of embodied in the "Dominion Lands Acts," and with the Dominion surveys. manual of standing instructions and regulations published (1876.) from time to time for the guidance of Dominion Land Surveyors.

**96.** The Board may examine any candidate on oath (which Board may oath may be administered by any one of the examiners) as examine on to his actual practice in the field, and with regard to his instruments.

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97. Each person passing the examination prescribed by candidates to this Act shall receive a commission from the Board in accordmission; and ance with Form E in the Schedule of this Act constituting, give security and take oath him a Dominion Land Surveyor, and shall, jointly and severally with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the Board, enter into a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the duties of his office, and shall take and subscribe the oath of allegiance. and the following oath, before the Board of Examiners,any one of whom is hereby empowered to administer the same :---

The oath.

Successful

of office.

receive com-

"I. , do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will faithfully discharge the duties of a Dominion Land Surveyor according to law, without favour, affection or partiality. So help me God."

1. Until the above formalities shall have been gone through the said commission of Dominion Land Surveyor shall have no effect:

2. The said oaths of allegiance and of office shall be deposited in the Dominion Lands Office:

Deposit of bond.

Voluntary

in higher branches of

examination

3. The said bond shall be deposited and kept in the manner prescribed by law with regard to the bonds given for the like purposes by other public officers of the Dominion, and shall be subject to the same provisions, and shall enure to the benefit of any party sustaining damage by breach of any condition thereof; and the commission shall be registered in the office of the Registrar-General of the Dominion.

**98.** Any person entitled to receive or already possessing a commission as Dominion Land Surveyor and having previously given the notice prescribed in section ninety-four study. (1876 & 1879.) of this Act, may be examined as to the knowledge he may possess of the following subjects relating to the higher surveying, qualifying him for the prosecution of extensive governing or topographic surveys or those of geographic exploration, that is to say :---

> 1. Algebra, including quadratic equations, series, and calculation of logarithms;

> 2. The analytic deduction of formulas of plane and spherical trigonometry;

> 3. The plane co-ordinate geometry of the point, straight line, the circle and ellipse, transformation of co-ordinates, and the determination either geometrically or analytically, of the radius of curvature at any point in an ellipse;

4. Projections,—the theory of those usually employed in the delineation of spheric surface;

5. Method of trigonometric surveying, of observing the angles and calculating the sides of large triangles on the earth's surface, and of obtaining the differences of latitude and longitude of points in a series of such triangles, having a regard to the effect of the figure of the earth;

6. The portion of the theory of practical astronomy relating Practical to the determination of the geographic position of points on astronomy. the earth's surface, and the directions of lines on the same, that is to say:—

Methods of determining latitude-

- a. By circum-meridian altitudes,
- b. By differences of meridional zenith distance (Talcott's method).
- c. By transits across prime vertical;

Determination of azimuth-

- a. By extra meridional observations,
- b. By meridian transits;

Determination of time-

- a. By equal altitudes,
- b. By meridian transits;

Determination of differences of longitude-

a. By electric telegraph,

b. By moon culminations;

7. The theory of the instruments used in connection with Theory of the foregoing, that is to say, the sextant or reflecting circle, instruments. altitude and azimuth instrument, astronomic transit, zenith, telescope and the management of chronometers; also of the ordinary meteorological instruments, barometer (mercury and aneroid), thermometers (ordinary and self-registering), anemometer, and rain gauges,—and on their knowledge of the And their use. use of the same;

8. Elementary mineralogy and geology, so far as respects Mineralogy a knowledge of the more common characters by which the and geology. mineral bodies that enter largely into the composition of rocks are distinguished, with their general properties and conditions of occurrence; the ores of the common metals and the classification of rocks; and the geology of North America so far as to be able to give an intelligent outline of the leading geological features of the Dominion.

99. Persons who pass the above mentioned examination
 in the higher branches of surveying, shall have the fact certified by the Board, and shall be designated Dominion Topo graphical Surveyors.

Tariff of fees. 100. The following fees shall be paid under the provisions (1876 & 1879.) of this Act :--

1. To the Secretary of the Board, by each pupil, on giving notice of his desire for examination preliminary to being articled, one dollar;

2. To the Secretary of the Board, as the fee due on such examination, ten dollars, and a further sum of two dollars for certificate;

3. To the Secretary of the Board, by each pupil, at the time of transmitting to such Secretary the indentures or articles of such pupil, two dollars;

4. To the Secretary of the Board, by each candidate for either the ordinary or the higher examination for a commission, with his notice thereof, two dollars;

5. To the Secretary of the Board, by each applicant obtaining a commission, as his fee thereon, two dollars;

6. To the Secretary of the Board, as an admission fee by any candidate receiving a commission, twenty dollars, which sum shall also cover the certificate by the Board in the case of a candidate passing the higher examination; but such amount, as also the ten dollars required to be paid under subsection two of this section, shall be paid to the Receiver-General to the credit of Dominion lands.

Allowances to members of the Board during examinations, and the Secretary shall receive five dolduring examinations, and the Secretary shall receive five dolauthorized and required by such member, and consequent upon such attendance; and the Minister of the Interior is hereby authorized and required to pay such sums : Provided that no member of the Board, if at the time of the meeting he be over one hundred miles distant from the place of meeting, shall receive any allowance for being present at such meeting, unless such member shall have been pre-

Geology of N. America.

Designation of those who pass the higher examination.

viously specially notified to attend the same by the Secretary; and in the case of the examination of a pupil previous For special to being articled, by a member of the Board, or by a surveyor examination deputed by the Board for such purpose, such member or such (1872 & 1876.) surveyor shall be paid five dollars for such examination.

102. The said Board may, in their discretion, suspend or Board may dismiss from the practice of his profession, any Dominion suspend or dismiss negli-Land Surveyor whom they may find guilty of gross negli- gent or cor-gence or corruption in the execution of the duties of his ruptsurveyor. office; but the Board shall not suspend or dismiss such Dominion Land Surveyor without having previously summoned him to appear in order to be heard in his defence, nor without having heard the evidence offered both in support of the complaint, and on behalf of such surveyor.

#### STANDARD OF MEASURE.

**103.** The measure of length used in the surveys of Standard Dominion lands, shall be the English measure of length, and of English every Dominion Land Surveyor shall be in possession of a subevery Dominion Land Surveyor shall be in possession of a sub- iength, sidiary standard thereof,-which subsidiary standard tested and stamped as correct by the Department of Inland Revenue, Copies to be shall be furnished him by the said department, on payment procured by of a fee of three dollars therefor ; and all Dominion Land veyors. Surveyors shall, from time to time, regulate and verify by such standard the length of their chains and other instruments for measuring.

HOW TO RENEW LOST CORNERS AND OBLITERATED LINES.

104. In all cases when any Dominion Land Surveyor is Provision in employed to run any dividing line or limit between sections, case where or other local sub dividing or wood lots and the mound the original or other legal sub-divisions, or wood lots, and the mound, mound, post post or monument, erected, marked or planted in the original or monument survey to define the corner of such section, or any other legal found. sub-divisions or wood lot, cannot be found, he shall obtain the best evidence that the nature of the case may admit of respecting such corner mound, post or monument; but if the same cannot be satisfactorily ascertained, then he shall measure the true distance between the nearest undisputed corner mounds, posts or monuments and divide such distance into such number of sections or other legal subdivisions, or wood lots (as the case may be) as the same contained in the original survey, giving to each a breadth proportionate to that intended in such original survey, as shown on the plan and field notes thereof of record in the Dominion Lands Office; and if any portion of the township or section line (as the case may be) on which such corner mound, post or monument was or should have been planted in the original survey, should be obliterated and lost, then the surveyor

shall renew such township or section line (as the case may be) and shall draw and define the same on the ground, in such manner as to leave each and every of the adjoining sections or other legal sub-divisions (as the case may be) of a width and depth proportionate to that severally returned for such section or legal sub-division in the original survey, and shall erect, plant or place such intermediate mounds, posts or monuments as he may be required to erect, plant or place, in the line so ascertained, having due respect to any allowance for a road or roads, and the corner, or division, or limit so found shall be the true corner, or division, or limit of such section or other legal sub-division, or wood lot.

## HOW LEGAL SUB-DIVISIONS ARE TO BE SURVEYED AND LAID OUT.

Method of proceeding by Dominion Land Surveyor in laying out a half-section or quartersection.

105. In all cases when a Dominion Land Surveyor is employed to lay out a given half-section or quarter-section, he shall effect the same by connecting the opposite original quarter-section corners (should the same be existing, or if the same be not existing, by connecting the several points in lieu thereof found in accordance with the preceding clause) by straight lines; and in laying out other and minor legal sub-divisions, in any quarter-section, or any wood lot, he shall give such legal sub-division or wood lot, as the case may be, its proportionate share of the frontage and interior breadth of such quarter-section, and connect the points so found by a straight line; and the lines or limits so drawn as above on the ground, shall in the respective cases be the true lines or limits of such half-section or quarter-section, or other legal sub-division, or wood lot, whether the same shall or shall not correspond with the area expressed in the respective patents for such lands.

### TO DRAW DIVISION LINES IN FRACTIONAL SECTIONS.

Dividing lines to be drawn, from original corners.

106. The dividing lines or limits between legal subdivisions or wood lots in fractional sections shall be drawn from the original corners (or the points representing such corners, as defined on the ground in accordance with the provisions of this Act,) in the section line intended as the front of such sub-division or wood lot, at right angles to such section line.

#### ORIGINAL BOUNDARY LINES.

107. All boundary lines of townships, sections or legal sub-divisions, towns or villages, and all boundary lines of to be deemed blocks, gores and commons, all section lines and governing points, all limits of lots surveyed, and all mounds, posts or monuments, run and marked, erected, placed or planted at the angles of any townships, towns, villages, sections or

**Boundaries** placed under this Act are the true ones. other legal sub-divisions, blocks, gores, commons and lots or parcels of land, under the authority of this Act or of any Order of the Governor in Council, shall be the true and unalterable boundaries of such townships, towns and villages, sections or other legal sub-divisions, blocks, gores, commons and lots or parcels of lands respectively, whether the same, upon admeasurement, be or be not found to contain the exact area or dimensions mentioned or expressed in any paient, grant or other instrument in respect of any such township, town, village, section or other legal sub-division, block, gore, common, lot or parcel of land.

**108**. Every township, section or other legal sub-division, Townships town, village, block, gore, common, lot or parcel of land, and other shall consist of the whole width included between the divisions to several mounds, posts, monuments or boundaries respec- comprise all tively, so erected, marked, placed or planted as aforesaid, at within their the several angles thereof, and no more or less,-any quan-boundaries. tity or measure expressed in the original grant or patent thereof notwithstanding.

**109.** Every patent, grant or instrument purporting to be As to aliquot for any aliquot part of any section, or other legal sub- parts of town-division, block, gore, common, lot or parcel of land, shall be construed to be a grant of such aliquot part of the quantity the same may contain on the ground, whether such quantity be more or less than that expressed in such patent, grant or instrument.

110. In every town and village in Manitoba or the North- Road allow-West Territories, which may be surveyed and laid out under ances in the provisions of this Act, all allowances for any road, street, to be public lane, lot or common, laid out in the original survey of such highways. town or village, shall be public highways and commons; and all mounds, posts or monuments, placed or planted in the original survey of such town or village, to designate or define any allowance for a road, street, lane, lot or common, shall be the true and unalterable boundaries of such road, street, lane, lot or common; and all Dominion Land Surveyors employed to make surveys in such town or village, shall follow and pursue the same rules and regulations in respect of such surveys, as are by law required of them when employed to make surveys in townships.

111. For better ascertaining the original corner or limits D. L. Surof any township, section or other legal sub-division, lot or veyors may tract of land, every Dominion Land Surveyor acting in that witnesses on capacity, may administer an oath or oaths to each and every oath. person whom he may examine concerning any corner mound, post, monument or other boundary, or any original landmark, line, limit or angle of any township, section or other

towns, &c.,

legal sub-division, lot or tract of land which such Dominion Land Surveyor is employed to survey.

#### EVIDENCE BEFORE SURVEYORS.

112. When any Dominion Land Surveyor is in doubt as to the true corner, boundary or limit of any township, section, lot or tract of land which he is employed to survey, and has reason to believe that any person is possessed of any important information touching such corner, boundary or limit, or of any writing, plan or document tending to establish the true position of such corner, boundary or limit, then if such person does not willingly appear before, and be examined by such surveyor, or does not willingly produce to him such writing, plan or document, such surveyor may apply to any Justice of the Peace for an ordinary subpana as witness, or a subpæna duces tecum, as the case may require,accompanying such application by an affidavit or solemn declaration to be made before such Justice of the Peace, of the facts on which the application is founded; and such Justice may issue a subpana accordingly, commanding such person to appear before the surveyor at a time and place to be mentioned in the subpæna, and (if the case require it) to bring with him any writing, plan or document mentioned or referred to therein:

1. Such subpana shall be served on the person named How served. therein by delivering a copy thereof to him, or by leaving the same for him with some grown person of his family at his residence, exhibiting to him or such grown person the original:

Penalty for 2. If the person commanded to appear by such subpana, disobeying it. after being paid his reasonable expenses, or having the same tendered to him, refuses or neglects to appear before the surveyor at the place and time appointed in the subpæna, or to produce the writing, plan or document (if any) therein mentioned or referred to, or to give such evidence and information as he may possess touching the boundary or limit in question, a warrant by the justice for the arrest of such person may be issued, and he may be punished accordingly by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding ninety days, or both, in the discretion of such justice.

113. All evidence taken by any Dominion Land Surveyor Evidence taken by D. L. as aforesaid shall be reduced to writing, and shall be read Surveyors to as aloresaid shall be reduced to writing, and shall be reduced to over to the person giving the same, and be signed by such writing and person, or if he cannot write, he shall acknowledge the same as correct before two witnesses, who shall sign the same as also the Dominion Land Surveyor; and such evidence shall, and any document or plan prepared and sworn to as correct

How D. L. Surveyors shall proceed to ascertain boundaries when doubtfnl.

Subœna may be issued.

signed.

before a Justice of the Peace, by any Dominion Land Survevor, with reference to any survey by him performed, may be filed and kept at the registry office of the place in which the lands to which the same relates are situate, subject to be produced thereafter in evidence in court.

114 Any Dominion Land Surveyor when engaged in the Power to performance of his duties as such, may pass over, measure enter upon along, and ascertain the bearings of any township or section private lands. line, or other Government line, and for such purposes may pass over the lands of any person whomsoever, doing no actual damage to the property of such person.

#### PROTECTION TO SURVEYORS.

115. If any person in any part of the Dominion lands in- Penalty terrupts, molests or hinders any Dominion Land Surveyor, for molesting while in the discharge of his duty as a surveyor such person D.L. Surveyor while in the discharge of his duty as a surveyor, such person in discharge shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and being thereof law- of his duty. fully convicted in any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be punished either by fine or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of such court,-such imprisonment being for a period not exceeding two months, and such fine not exceeding twenty dollars, without prejudice to any civil remedy which such Dominion Land Surveyor or any other party may have against such offender for damages occasioned by such offence.

116. If any person knowingly and wilfully pulls down, Penalty for defaces, alters, or removes any mound, post or monument, pulling down defaces, alters, or removes any mound, post of monument, or destroying erected, planted or placed in any original survey under the land marks provisions of this Act, or under the authority of any Order placed by in Council, such person shall be deemed guilty of felony; veyor. and if any person knowingly and wilfully defaces, alters or removes any other mound or land-mark, post or monument placed by any Dominion Land Surveyor to mark any limit. boundary or angle of any township, section or other legal sub-division, lot or parcel of land in Manitoba or the North-West Territories, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour, and being convicted thereof before any competent court, shall be liable to be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of such court,-such fine not to exceed one hundred dollars and such imprisonment not to be for a longer period than three months, without any prejudice to any civil remedy which any party may have against such offender or offenders for damages occasioned by reason of such offence : Provided that nothing in this Act Proviso: as shall extend to prevent Dominion Land Surveyors, in their to examining operations, from taking up posts or other boundary marks posts. when necessary, after which they shall carefully replace them as they were before.

D. L. Surjournals and field notes, and furnish copies to narties concerned.

117. Every Dominion Land Surveyor shall keep exact and veyors to keep regular journals and field notes of all his surveys of Dominion lands, and file them in the order of time in which the surveys shall have been performed, and shall give copies thereof to the parties concerned when so required; for which he is hereby allowed the sum of one dollar for each copy, if the number of words therein do not exceed four hundred.but if the number of words therein exceeds four hundred, he is allowed ten cents additional for every hundred words over and above four hundred words.

Allowances to D. L. Surveyor for attendance as a witness.

118. There shall be allowed to every Dominion Land Surveyor summoned to attend any court, civil or criminal, for the purpose of giving evidence in his professional capacity as a surveyor, for each day he so attends (in addition to his reasonable travelling and living expenses), and to be taxed and paid in the manner by law provided, with regard to the payment of witnesses attending such court, five dollars.

#### ASSIGNMENTS.

Surveyor General to keep a regisments.

119. The Surveyor-General shall keep a book for registering, at the option of the parties interested, the particulars of ter of assign- any assignment made, as well by the original nominee, purchaser, or locatee or lessee of Dominion lands, or his heir or legal representative, as by any subsequent assignee; and upon such assignment being produced with the affidavit of due execution thereof, and of the time and place of such execution, and the names, residences and occupations of the witnesses, the said Surveyor-General shall cause the material particulars of every such assignment to be registered in such book of registry, and shall cause to be endorsed on every such assignment a certificate of such registration; and every such assignment so registered shall be valid against any one previously executed, and subsequently registered or unregistered; but all assignments to be registered must be unconditional, and all the conditions of sale, grant or location, must have been complied with, or if dispensed with, then so dispensed with by the Minister of the Interior, before such registration is made.

If any subscribing witness cannot be found. (1874.)

**120**. If any subscribing witness to any such assignment is deceased or cannot be found, the said Surveyor-General may register such assignment on the production of an affidavit proving the death or the absence of such witness and the hand-writing of the party making such assignment.

#### TARIFF OF FEES.

Fees for documents furnished

4

121. The Governor in Council may establish a tariff of fees to be charged for all copies of maps, township plans, field notes and other records, also for registering assign-

ments; and all fees received under such tariff shall be from Surveyor accounted for by the Surveyor-General, and shall form part General's office. (1876.) of the revenue from Dominion lands.

#### TOWNSHIP PLANS AND PATENT LISTS.

122. The Surveyor-General shall transmit to the Registrar Surveyor of every county, and registration district and division General to in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, a copy of certain inforthe plan of each township or parish within such county, mation to registrars of district or division, which has been previously surveyed, and counties. the survey of which has been confirmed, and shall also at (1874.) the same time transmit a list of all Dominion lands within such county, district or division, for which patents may have previously issued; and further, shall, as early as possible in each year thereafter, transmit to such Registrar a copy of the map of each township in such county, district or division, surveyed in the year next preceding, together with a list of the lands in such county, district or division, patented during such year. All of such copies of plans, Certified maps and lists of lands patented, shall be certified by the plans. (1874.) Surveyor-General.

#### LAND SCRIP.

123. Whereas by the fifth sub-section of the thirty-second Certain section of the Act passed in the thirty-third year of Her Orders in Council Majesty's reign, chapter three, it is provided that the rights authorizing of common and of cutting hay held and enjoyed by the set- the issue of tlers in the Province of Manitoba, may be commuted by land rights grants of land from the Crown ; and whereas the method of confirmed. commuting the said rights by an issue of scrip redeemable (1874.) only in land, is most convenient and expedient; and whereas it is also expedient to affirm the principle that rights to Dominion land may be satisfied by an issue of scrip; therefore, the Orders of the Governor in Council, dated respectively the sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, providing for the issue of scrip in commutation of the rights of common and of cutting hay in Manitoba, are hereby confirmed.

124. The Governor in Council may, if deemed by him Further expedient, satisfy any claim which may hereafter arise to authority to grants of Dominion lands, by an issue of scrip redeemable (1874.) only by its receipt in payment for such land.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS.

125. The following powers are hereby delegated to the Governor in Governor in Council :-

Council may withdraw In-

a. To withdraw from the operation of this Act, sub- and half-ject to their existing rights as defined or created under the breed lands from the

may alter sale and settlement thereof. (1879.) This sub-section is substituted for S. 105, of 35 V.,

operation of same, such lands as have been reserved for Indians, or such this Act, and as may be required to satisfy the half-breed claims created price of lands under section thirty-one of the Act thirty-three Victoria. and terms of chapter three ;

b. To reserve from general sale and settlement, Dominion lands to such an extent as may be required to aid in the construction of railways in Manitoba or in the Territories owned by the Dominion, and to provide for the disposal of such c. 23. (1879)' lands, notwithstanding anything contained in the said Act. in such manner and on such terms as may be deemed expedient;

> c. To encourage works undertaken with a view of draining and reclaiming swamp lands, by granting to the promoters of such works remuneration in the way of grants of such portions of the lands so reclaimed as may be deemed fair and reasonable :

> d. To grant land—in no case, however, to exceed in extent nine hundred and sixty acres-to any person or persons who will establish and keep in operation thereon for a term of not less than five years, a school of instruction in practical farming and all matters pertaining thereto, adapted for thirty pupils, with the approval and to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior :

> e. To satisfy any claims existing in connection with the extinguishment of the Indian title, preferred by half-breeds resident in the North West Territories outside of the limits of Manitoba, on the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, by granting land to such persons, to such extent and on such terms and conditions as may be deemed expedient :

> f. To investigate and adjust claims preferred to Dominion land situate outside of the Province of Manitoba, alleged to have been taken up and settled on previous to the fifteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy, and to grant to persons satisfactorily establishing undisturbed occupation of any such lands, prior to, and, being by themselves or their servants, tenants or agents, or those through whom they claim, in actual peaceable possession thereof at the said date, so much land in connection with and in satisfaction of such claims, as may be considered fair and reasonable.

> g. To make such orders as may be deemed necessary from time to time to carry out the provisions of the said Act according to their true intent, or to meet any cases which may arise and for which no provision is made in the said Act; and further to make and declare any regulations which may be considered necessary to give the provisions in this

section contained full effect; and from time to time to alter or revoke any order or orders or any regulations made in respect of the said provisions, and make others in their stead ; and such orders or regulations shall be published in the Canada Gazette and in such newspapers as the Minister of the Interior may direct, and shall be laid before Parliament within the first ten days of the session next after the date thereof.

126. All affidavits, oaths, solemn declarations or affirma-Affidavits, tions required to be taken or made under this Act may be &c., before whom to be taken before the Judge or Clerk of any County or Circuit made. Court, or any Justice of the Peace, or any Commissioner for taking affidavits, or any Dominion Lands Agent or Officer, or any person specially authorized to take such affidavits by the Minister of the Interior.

127. In any case where an affidavit or oath is required by Affirmation this Act, a solemn affirmation may be administered and made in lieu of oath. instead of an oath, by any person who is by law permitted in civil cases to make a solemn affirmation instead of taking an oath.

#### PREVIOUS ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

**128.** All proceedings properly taken under the respective Proceedings Orders in Council, on the subject of the Public Lands in the under certain Province of Manitoba, dated the twenty-fifth of April, one Council conthousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and the twenty-firmed. sixth of May following the said date, are hereby confirmed; and the said respective orders, except the provision therein respecting pre-emption rights, which is hereby repealed and done away with (and except such of the provisions thereof as may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, and which are hereby revoked), shall be and remain in force : Provided that this enactment shall in no way affect the provisions of the Act passed in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter thirty-eight.

129. Subject to the provisions hereinafter made, the Act Acts 35 V. passed in the thirty-fifth year of Her Majesty's reign and c. 23, (1872.) intituled "An Act respecting the Public Lands of the Dominion," and the Act passed in the thirty-seventh year of Her 37 V., c. 19. Majesty's Reign, and intituled "An Act to amend the Domin-<sup>(1874.)</sup> ion Lands Act," and the Act passed in the thirty-ninth year 39 V., c. 19, of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled "An Act to amend the repealed. (1876.) Dominion Lands Acts," are hereby repealed, and this Act is substituted for them : Provided always, that all enactments Proviso: as repealed by any of the said Acts shall remain repealed, and to effect of such repeal. that all things lawfully done and all rights acquired or (1879.) liabilities incurred under them or any of them shall remain valid and may be enforced, and all proceedings and things

81-4

lawfully commenced under them or any of them may be continued and completed, under this Act, which shall not be construed as a new law, but as a consolidation and continuation of the said repealed Acts, subject to the amendments hereby made and incorporated with them; and any thing heretofore done under any provision in any of the said repealed Acts which is repeated without alteration in this Act, may be alleged or referred to as having been done under the Act in which such provision was made, or under this Act.

## SCHEDULE.

FORM A.—See Section 34.

## APPLICATION FOR A HOMESTEAD RIGHT.

I, of do hereby apply to be entered, under the provisions of the "Dominion Lands Act, 1878," for quarter quarter-sections, numbers and forming part of section number of the Township of containing acres, for the purpose of securing a homestead right in respect thereof.

FORM B.—See Section 34, Sub-section 8.

## AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF CLAIM FOR HOMESTEAD RIGHT.

I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that I am over eighteen years of age, that I have not previously obtained a homestead under the provisions of the *Dominion Lands Acts*, that the land in question belongs to the class open for homestead entry; that there is no person residing or having improvements thereon, and that the application is made for my exclusive use and benefit, with intention to reside upon and cultivate the said land. So help me God.

FORM C.—See Section 84, Sub-section 1.

OATH OF MEMBERS OF BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that I will faithfully discharge the duty of an Examiner of candidates for commissions as Dominion Land or Topographical Surveyors, according to law, without favour, affection or partiality. So help me God.

FORM D.—See Section 90.

## ARTICLES OF PUPIL TO DOMINION LAND SURVEVOR.

day of THESE ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, made the one thousand eight hundred and between A. B. of of

Dominion Land Surveyor, of the one part, and C. D., of and E. F., son of the said C. D., of the other part, witness :---

That the said E. F., of his own free will, and by and with the consent and approbation of the said C. D., doth, by these presents, place and bind himself pupil to the said A. B., to serve him as such from the day of the date hereof, for and during and until the full end and term of three years from hence next ensuing, and fully to be completed and ended.

And the said C. D. doth hereby, for himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, covenant with the said A. B., his executors, administrators and assigns, that the said E. F. shall well, and faithfully, and diligently, according to the best and utmost of his power, serve the said A. B. as his pupil in the practice or profession of a Dominion Land. Surveyor, which he, the said A. B., now followeth, and shall abide and continue with him from the day of the date hereof, for and during and unto the full end of the said term. of three years.

And that he, the said E. F., shall not, at any time during such term, cancel, obliterate, injure, spoil, destroy, waste, embezzle, spend or make away with any of the books, papers, writings, documents, maps, plans, drawings, field notes, moneys, chattels or other property of the said A. B., his executors, administrators or assigns, or of any of his employers; and that in case the said E. F. shall act contrary to the last-mentioned covenant, or, if the said A. B., his executors, administrators or assigns, shall sustain or suffer any loss or damage by the misbehaviour, neglect or improper conduct of the said E. F., the said C. D., his heirs, executors, or administrators, will indemnify the said A. B, his executors, administrators or assigns, and make good and reimburse him or them the amount or value thereof.

And further, that the said E. F. shall, at all times, keep the secrets of the said A. B. in all matters relating to the said business and profession, and will, at all times during the said term, be just, true and faithful to the said A. B. in all matters and things, and from time to time pay all moneys

31 - 41

which he shall receive of or belonging to or by order of the said A. B into his hands, and make and give true and fair accounts of all his acts and doings whatsoever in the said business and profession, without fraud or delay, when and so often as he shall thereto be required; and will readily and cheerfully obey and execute his lawful and reasonable commands, and shall not depart or absent himself from the service or employ of the said A. B. at any time during the said term without his consent first had and obtained, and shall, from time to time, and at all times during the said term, conduct himself with all due diligence, and with honesty and sobriety.

And the said E. F. doth hereby, for himself, covenant with the said A. B, his executors, administrators and assigns, that he, the said E. F., will truly, honestly and diligently serve the said A. B. at all times, for and during the said term, as a faithful pupil ought to do in all things whatsoever in the manner above specified.

In consideration whereof, and of of lawful money by the said C. D. to the said A. B., paid at or before the sealing and delivery of these presents (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged), the said A. B., for himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, doth covenant with the said C. D., his heirs, executors and administrators, that the said A. B. will accept and take the said E. F. as his pupil, and that he, the said A. B, will, by the best ways and means he may or can, and to the utmost of his skill and knowledge, teach and instruct, or cause to be taught and instructed, the said E. F. in the course of study prescribed by section ninetyfive of the "Dominion Lands Act, 1879," in practical surveying operations, and in the use of instruments, and generally in the art, practice and p of ession of a Dominion Land Surveyor, which he, the said A. B., now doth, and shall at all times during the said term, use and practice, and also will provide the said E. F. with all the necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in transacting or performing the business of the said A. B., and also will, at the expiration of the said term, give to the said E. F., a certificate of servitude and use his best means and endeavours, at the request, cost and charges of the said C. D. and E. F., or either of them, to cause and procure him the said E. F., to be examined before the Board of Examiners of candidates for commissions as of Dominion Land Surveyors; Provided the said E. F., shall have well, faithfully and diligently served his said intended pupilage.

And for the true performance of all and every the covenants and agreements aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning thereof, each of them, the said A. B. and C. D., doth bind himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, unto the other, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, in the penal sum of Five Hundred Dollars, firmly by these presents. IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties aforesaid have hereunto set. their hands and seals, the day and year first above written.

> A. B. (Seal.) C. D. (Seal.) E. F. (Seal.)

## SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED IN THE PEESENCE OF

## G. H. J. K.

## FORM E.—See Section 97.

## COMMISSION AS DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR.

This is to certify to all whom it may concern that, A.B., of hath duly passed his examination before the Board of Examiners, and hath been found duly qualified to fill the office and perform the duties of Dominion Land Surveyor, he having complied with all the requirements of the law in that behalf : Wherefore he, the said A. B., is hereby duly admitted to the said office, and commissioned for the discharge of the duties thereof, and is by law authorized to practice as a Surveyor of Dominion lands.

In Witness whereof We, the President and Secretary of the said Board, have signed this Commission, at on this day of , one thousand eight hundred and

> C. D., Surveyor General.

> > E. F., Secretary.

FORM F.—See Section 67.

APPLICATION FOR LAND FOR FOREST TREE CULTURE.

I, A.B., do hereby apply to be entered under the provisions respecting forest tree culture of "Dominion Lands Act, 1879." for the Section in Township number , in the Range

of the

Meridian, for the purpose of cultivating forest trees thereon.

## FORM G.-See Section 67.

## AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF CLAIM FOR FOREST TREE CULTURE.

I, A.B., do solenmly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that I am over eighteen years of age; that I have not previously obtained an entry of land for forest tree culture, the extent of which, added to that now applied for, will exceed in all one hundred and sixty acres; that the land now in question is open prairie and without timber, and is unoccupied and unclaimed, and belongs to the class open for entry for tree culture (or, instead of the above, a/ter the word "question," as the case may be, say, consists of the quarter-section heretofore entered by me as a pre-emption right, under the provisions of sub-section one of section thirty-three of the "Dominion Lands Act,") and that the application is made for my exclusive benefit. So help me God.

. 19 . . . . . .



# 43 VICTORIA.

## CHAP. 26.

An Act to amend the "Dominion Lands Act, 1879."

[Assented to 7th May, 1880.]

IN amendment of the "Dominion Lands Act, 1879": Her Preamble. Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the 42 V., c. 31. Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

I. Section eleven of the said Act is hereby amended by Section 11 adding thereto the following words: Provided that such amended. Proviso added. either of them, may, by the Governor in Council, be ordered to be equally distributed among all the quarter-sections involved.

2. Section fourteen of the said Act is hereby repealed and Section 14 repealed.

"14. The township sub-division surveys of the Dominion Sub-division lands, according to the system above described, shall be surveys by carried out and shall be performed by contract at a certain tender. rate per mile or per acre, fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council, or by competitive tender, as may be fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council."

3. Section twenty-three of the said Act is hereby amended Section 23 amended.

By inserting immediately after the words "Provided that "Sub-section 1. in the first line, of sub-section one, the words "except as hereinafter mentioned."

And by adding the following as an additional sub-section :---

"4 Provided further, that should any school lands be Sub-section intersected by the Canadian Pacific Railway, or by any added, as to Government colonization railway, and it should be expediintersected by ent to secure such lands for a town plot or other public Government purpose, such lands may, by the Governor in Council, be railway. transferred and dealt with as railway lands, to be laid out and sold by the Minister of the Interior by public auction or otherwise, as he may deem expedient, the school lands fund being credited from the railway lands fund for any lands so taken, at a rate per acre equal to the highest price at which ordinary railway lands may be sold in the same township."

New sub-secs. 4. Sub-sections two, three and five of section thirty-four for 2, 3 and 5 are repealed and the following substituted for them :-of sec. 34.

"2. When two or more persons have settled on and seek Two or more claimants for to obtain a homestead entry for the same land, the homestead a homestead. right shall belong to him who made the first settlement on such land.

Provision in case of improvements by contending parties on unsurveyed lands.

"3. Provided that in cases where contending parties have made valuable improvements on Dominion land then unsurveyed, the Minister of the Interior may, on the survey of the township in which such land is situate, order a division of such land, in legal sub-divisions, in such manner as will preserve to the contending parties, as far as practicable, their several improvements, and further may direct that what the land of each of such parties as so divided may want of a quarter-section, shall be made up to them respectively from unoccupied quarter-sections adjoining.

Obligation homestead on surveyed lands.

In claim by actual settlement on unsurveyed lands.

Proviso ; as to railway or H. B. Co. lands.

"5. Every person claiming a homestead right on surveyed of claimant to land must, previously to settlement on such land, be duly entered therefor with the Local Agent within whose district such land may be situate; but in case of a claim from actual settlement in then unsurveyed lands, the claimant must file such application within three months after due notice has been received at the local office of such land having been surveyed and the survey thereof confirmed, and proof of settlement and improvement shall be made to the Local Agent at the time of filing such application, whereupon such claimant shall be allowed to enter, to the extent of one hundred and sixty acres, as a homestead, the land as the same may have been surveyed and laid out, upon which he may be resident, in such manner as to cover his most valuable improvements: Provided that on the survey of a. township being made, the Government shall not be bound to protect any person found to have settled on land which may have been set apart as railway land, or for any other special purpose, by the Governor in Council, or which, by law or by allotment duly made, may be claimed by the Hudson's Bay Company."

5. Sub-section fourteen of the said section thirty-four of Sub-sec. 14 of the said Act is hereby repealed, and the following is substi- sec. 34 repealed. inted therefor : -

"14. In case it is proved to the satisfaction of the Minister Settler of the Interior that the settler has voluntarily relinquished relinquishing or forfeiting his claim, or has been absent from the land entered by him his claim by for more than six months in any one year without leave of absence. absence from the Minister of the Interior, then the right to such land shall be liable to forfeiture, and may be cancelled by the said Minister; and the settler so relinquishing or abandoning his claim shall not, except in special cases in the discretion of the Minister, be permitted to make a second entry."

6. Sections thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, Certain forty-one, forty-two, forty-four, forty-five and forty-six are sections hereby repealed, and the following section is substituted for new section substituted. the said sections so repealed :---

"Lands containing coal or other minerals, whether in sur- Mineral and veyed or unsurveyed territory, shall not be subject to the coal lands to provisions of this Act respecting sale or homestead, but shall under Order be disposed of in such manner and on such terms and con- in Council. ditions as may, from time to time, be fixed by the Governor in Council, by regulations to be made in that behalf,-which regulations shall not go into operation until after they shall Proviso. have been published for four successive weeks in the Canada Gazette," and laid before both Houses of Parliament for thirty days without disapproval by either House.

7. Section fifty-two of the said Act is hereby amended by Provision adding to sub-section seven thereof the following words :- added to sub-

section 52.

"Provided that such lease shall be subject to the right of As to lease of the Government to deal with any and all coal and other coal or other mineral minerals which may be found in the land described therein, lands. in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the regulations to be made under it by the Governor in Council, respecting lands containing coal or other minerals:"

And the said proviso shall operate retrospectively. that Proviso, reis to say, it shall apply to the several leases of timber here- trospective. tofore granted under the said Act, as if it had been contained in the said Act when it was passed;

2. The said section is hereby also amended by the further Further addition to the said sub-section seven of the following amendment. words :----

"Provided further, that the Government shall have the Reservationright in dealing, as above provided, with any coal or other of power to-

roads to coal minerals in lands leased as timber limits, to authorize the or other persons to whom such coal or other minerals may be granted, minerals. to take possession of and occupy such extent of the land so leased as may be necessary to work such coal or other minerals, and to open necessary roads through any such timber limit, paying the lessee of the limit the value of any and all timber necessarily cut in connection with or by reason of such workings or roads : "

How this amendment shall he construed.

And this amendment shall be construed with reference to the amendment to the said Act made by the next preceding section of this Act, as if the provisions thereby made had been contained in the said Act when it was passed.

Section 78 8. Section seventy-eight of the said Act is hereby repealed repealed. and the following substituted therefor :---

Provision in case of patent, &c., issued through fraud, &c.

registry of decree.

Alteration of Form D where the pupil is an adult.

"78. In all cases wherein patents, leases or other instruments respecting lands have issued through fraud, or in error or improvidence, any court having competent jurisdiction in cases respecting real property in the Province or place where such lands are situate, may, upon action, bill or plaint respecting such lands and upon hearing of the parties interested, or upon default of the said parties after such notice of proceedings as the said court shall order, decree Avoidance on such patent to be void; and upon the registry of such decree in the office of the Registrar-General of the Dominion, such patent shall be void to all intents."

> 9. Whenever the pupil of a Dominion Land Surveyor is, at the time of his entering into articles in writing, in compliance with the provisions of section ninety of the said Act, a person of full age, the form D referred to in the said Act may be altered to suit the case by leaving out so much as relates to the father or other person by whose consent and approbation the pupil enters into articles, by making the pupil himself take upon himself the obligations in the said form imposed on such father or other person, by stating that the consideration money has been paid by the pupil, and by otherwise so varying the form as to suit the circumstances of the case.



## 44 VICTORIA.

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## CHAP. 16.

## An Act to amend the Dominion Lands Acts.

[Assented to 21st March, 1881.]

IN amendment of the Dominion Lands Acts of 1879 and Preamble. 1880, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent <sup>42</sup> V., c. <sup>31</sup>, of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as <sup>43</sup> V., c. <sup>26</sup>, follows :-

1. Section three of "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879," is 8. 3, 1879, hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor:— repealed.

"3. Subject always to the provisions hereinafter made System of with respect to special cases,---

"1. The Dominion lands shall be laid off in quadrilateral Townships townships, containing thirty-six sections of one mile square to contain 36 in each (except in the case of those sections rendered one square irregular by the convergence or divergence of meridians as mile each. hereinafter mentioned), together with road allowances of one chain and fifty links in width, except as hereinafter provided, between all townships and sections :

"2. The sections shall be bounded and numbered as shown sections. by the following diagram :—

	N.						
	31	32	33	34	35 1	36	
	30	29	28	27	26	25	
w	19	20	21	22	23	24	1
₩.	18	17	16	15	14	13	<b>E</b> .
	7	8	9	10	11	• 12	
	6	δ	4	3	2	1	
							• •

2

Measurement of sides of a township, 489 chains.

Proviso: Reduction of road allowances in certain places.

"3. The township therefore will, subject to deficiency or surplus from converging or diverging meridians, as the case may be, and excepting as the same may be affected by any reduction in the number or the width of the road allowances therein, as hereinafter provided, measure on each side, from centre to centre of the road allowances bounding the same, four hundred and eighty-nine chains: Provided that the Governor in Council may, hereafter, should the same be deemed expedient, reduce the number of road allowances in any township, and may indicate the particular section lines in such township on which no allowance for road shall be laid out in the survey, and may also reduce the width of the road allowances on township and section lines from one chain and fifty links, to one chain, in Keewatin and the North-West Territories, or in any portion of the same, as may be deemed expedient."

8. 7, 1879, repealed. 2. Section seven of "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879," is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor:—

width on "7. The townships shall be laid out and given their width the baselines. of four hundred and eighty-nine chains, as aforesaid, or as the case may be, on the base lines hereinafter mentioned; and the meridians between townships shall be drawn from such bases, north or south to the depth of two townships, that is to say, to the correction lines hereinafter mentioned."

S. 16, 1879, repealed.

Proviso: as to laying out and describing lands in certain locations.

"16. Provided that nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent the lands upon the Red and Assiniboine Rivers, surrendered by the Indians to the late Earl of Selkirk, from being laid out in such manner as may be necessary in order to carry out section thirty-two of the Act thirty-third Victoria, chapter three, or to prevent fractional sections or lands bordering on the Saskatchewan or on any river, or lake, or other water course, or on a public road, from being laid out and divided into lots of any certain frontage or depth, in such manner as may appear desirable; or to prevent the sub-division of sections or other legal sub-divisions into wood lots as hereinafter provided, or the describing of the said lands upon the Red and Assiniboine Rivers, or such subdivisions of fractional sections or lands bordering as above, or other lots, or wood lots, for patent, by numbers according to a plan of record, or by metes and bounds, or by both, as may seem expedient."

3. Section sixteen of "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879, is

hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor :-

8. 30, 1879, repealed. 4. Section thirty of "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879," is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor ;—

"30. Unappropriated Dominion Lands, the surveys of As to sale or which may have been duly made and confirmed, shall, ex- lease of surcept as otherwise hereinalter provided, be open for purchase at such prices and on such terms and conditions regarding settlement or otherwise as may be fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council: Provided that no such purchase Proviso. shall be permitted at a less price than one dollar per acre: Provided also, that except in special cases where otherwise Proviso. ordered by the Governor in Council, no such purchase of more than a section, or six hundred and forty acres, shall be made by the same person: Provided further, that where Proviso. deemed expedient by the Governor in Council such purchase shall be restricted to the odd-numbered sections in each township; And provided, also, and whenever so ordered Proviso. by the Minister, such unoccupied lands as may be deemed. by him expedient, from time to time, may be withdrawn from ordinary sale and settlement, and sold at publc auctioni Sale by aucto the highest bidder:

"2. Provided further, that any legal sub-division or other Proviso as to portion of unappropriated !)ominion land, which may water powers, include a water power, harbour or stone-quarry, shall be reserved from ordinary sale, to be disposed of in such manner and on such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the Governor in Council on the report of the Minister of the Interior."

5. The first two paragraphs of section thirty-four of "The Part of sect. Dominion Lands Act. 1879," are hereby repealed, and the 34, 1879, refollowing are substitued therefor :---

"34. Any person, male or female, who is the sole head of Eatry for a family, or any male who has attained the age of eighteen homestead years, shall be entitled to be entered for one hundred and right. sixty acres, or for a less quantity, of unappropriated Dominion lands, for the purpose of securing a homestead right in respect thereof. (Forms A and B, also A 1 and B 1, in the schedule to this Act.)

"But a person obtaining such homestead entry shall be Condition of liable to the forfeiture thereof should he not become a bond settlement. fide occupant of the land so entered within six months of the date of entry: Provided that the Governor in Council Proviso: in may, in case of intending immigrants, or of persons from the case of certain immiabroad desiring to settle near each other, vary the above rule grants. as may be deemed expedient, but in no case shall a longer period than twelve months be allowed between the date of entry and the due occupation of the land, and the occupant shall thenceforth continue to occupy and cultivate the same as hereinafter provided."

6. Sub-section eight of the said section thirty-four is here- Sub-3. 8 of a. 34 repealed. by repealed, and the following is substituted therefor :--

veyed lands.

Affidavit on entry for homestead right.

Proviso : in case of entry in advance of arrival of immigrants.

leave to be entered for lands with a view of securing a homestead right therein, shall make affidavit before the Local Agent, according to the form B in the Schedule to this Act : Provided that any person duly authorized thereto by the Minister of the Interior, may apply for and receive homestead entries on behalf of immigrants or of persons proposing to settle together, in advance of the arrival in the Territories of such immigrants or other persons; but in such case the person acting as such Agent, shall apply and make affidavit in each case in accordance with the respective forms A1, B1, in the Schedule to this Act."

7. The two several provisos of sub-section eleven of the said section thirty-four of the said "Dominion Lands Act, 1879," are hereby repealed, and the following substituted therefor :---

Proviso.

repealed.

Provisos to sub-s. 11,

> "(a.) Provided that the right of the claimant to obtain a patent under the said sub-section as amended shall be subject to the provisions of section fifteen of this Act :

Proviso : immigrants in communities.

"(b.) Provided also, that in the case of settlements being formed of immigrants in communities, the Minister of the Interior, in his discretion, may vary or waive altogether the foregoing requirements as to residence and cultivation on each separate quarter-section entered as a homestead; and---

"(c.) Provided further, that when a certain number of **Proviso:** in case of settlehomestead settlers other than immigrants, embracing not ments by nonless than twenty families, with a view to greater conimmigrants, venience in the establishment of schools, churches, &c., ask village, &c. to be allowed to settle together in a hamlet or village, the Minister of the Interior may, in his discretion, vary the foregoing requirements as to residence, but not as to the cultivation of each separate quarter-section entered as a homestead."

8. 35, 1879, repealed.

forming a

8. Section thirty-five of "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879," is hereby repealed and the following is substituted therefor :---

## "GRAZING LANDS.

)

Special provision as to leases of grazing lands.

Conditions of lease.

"35. The Governor in Council may, from time to time, grant leases of unoccupied Dominion lands for grazing purposes to any person or persons whomsoever, for such term of years and at such rent in each case as may be deemed expedient; but every such lease shall, among other things, contain a condition by which, if it should thereafter be thought, by the Governor in Council, to be in the public interest, to open the land covered by such lease for settlement, or to terminate the said lease for any reason, the Minister of the Interior may, on giving the lessee two years' notice, cancel the said lease at any time during the term."

"8. Except as hereinafter provided, a person applying for

9. Section sixty-six of "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879," S. 66, 1879, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following words : amended. -" Provided that such land shall not be situated within the Provise. limits of any lands reserved or allotted to assist railways, or for any railway purposes."

10. If any person or persons undertake to place immigrants Provision for as settlers on homestead lands in Manitoba or the North- charging West Territories free of expense to the Government, the passage, &c., Governor in Council may order that the expenses, or any on lands of part thereof, incurred by such person or persons, for the passage money or subsistence in bringing out such immi-grants, or for aid in erecting buildings on the homestead, or in providing farm implements or seed grain for any such immigrants, may, if so agreed upon by the parties, be made a charge upon the homestead of such immigrant; and in such case the expense incurred on behalf of such immigrant, as above, together with interest thereon, must be satisfied before a patent shall issue for the land: Provided as follows :--

(a) That the sum or sums charged for the passage money Conditions. and subsistence of such immigrant shall not be in excess of the actual cost of the same, as proved to the satisfaction of the Minister of the Interior ;

(b) That an acknowledgment by such immigrant of the Acknowledgdebt so incurred shall have been filed in the Dominion Lands ment. Office;

(c) That in no case shall the charge for principal moneys Amount advanced against such homestead exceed in amount the sum limited. of five hundred dollars;

(d) That no greater rate of interest than six per cent. per Interest. annum shall be charged on the debt so incurred by such immigrant.

11. Section one hundred and eleven of "The Dominion S. 111, 1879, Lands Act, 1879," is hereby repealed and the following sub- repealed. stituted therefor :---

"III. With respect to all matters relating to the settle- D. L. Sur-ment, occupation or possession of Dominion Lands, and to veyors may-examine the survey of lands, and for better ascertaining the original witnesses on corner or limits of any township, section or other legal sub- oath. division, lot or tract of land, every Dominion Land Surveyor acting in that capacity, may examine witnesses on oath, and administer such oath or oaths to each and every person whom he may examine concerning the same."

Chain bearers

12. Every chain-bearer employed in the Survey of Dominto be sworn. ion Lands shall, before he commences his chaining or measuring, take an oath or affirmation that he will discharge such duty with exactness according to the best of his judgment and abilities, and render a true account of his chaining or measuring to the Surveyor by whom he has been appointed to such duty; and every Dominion Land Surveyor is hereby authorized to administer such oath or affirmation.

**Rights** of certain discoverers of minerals saved.

13. Any discoverer of minerals upon surveyed or unsurveyed lands who had applied for a grant of such lands before the passing of the Act lorty-third Victoria, chapter twentysix, or his assigns and associates shall be held to have the same rights as if that Act had not been passed.

14. The schedule of the said Dominion Lands Act, so far New schedule Forms A and as relates to Form A and Form B, is hereby repealed, and B, 1879. the following is substituted therefor : --

## FORM A.—See Section 34.

## APPLICATION FOR A HOMESTEAD RIGHT.

of do hereby apply to be entered, Ι, under the provisions of the "Dominion Lands Act," for quarter guarter-sections, numbers and forming part of section number of the Township of containing acres, for the purpose of securing a homestead right in respect thereof.

## FORM B.—See Section 34, Sub-section 8.

## AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF CLAIM FOR HOMESTEAD RIGHT.

I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am over eighteen years of age, that I have not previously obtained a homestead under the provisions of the "Dominion Lands Act," that the land in question belongs to the class open for homestead entry, that there is no person residing or having improvements thereon, and that the application is made for my exclusive use and benefit, with intention to residing upon and cultivating the said land. So help me God. (This affidavit to be varied so as to meet the case of parties applying for a second entry under the fourteenth sub-section, of section thirty-four, of the said Dominion Lands Acts.)

## FORM A 1.

## APPLICATION FOR A HOMESTEAD BIGHT BY AN AGENT.

I, A.B., do hereby apply for and on behalf of of to be entered under the provisions of the "Dominion Lands Act," for quarter quartersection numbers and forming part of section number of the Township containing acres; for the purpose of securing a homestead right in respect thereof.

## FORM B 1.

## AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF CLAIM FOR HOMESTEAD RIGHT BY AGENT.

I, A.B., do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that of for whom I am acting herein as agent, is over eighteen years of age, that he has not previously obtained a homestead on Dominion lands, that the land in question belongs to the class open for homestead entry, that there is no person residing or having improvements thereon, and that the application is made for the exclusive use and benefit of the said and with the intention of his residing upon and cultivating the said land. So help me God.

81-5

OTTAWA.-Printed by BROWN CHAMBRELIN, LAW Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

# INDEX

TO THE ACT OF 1879.

Sec.	Sub-sec.	Page
------	----------	------

Affidavits, Affirmations, &c.:	Sec. Su	ıb-sec. I	Page
Affirmation in lieu of oath Affidavits, before whom to be made	127 126	05 <b>002</b> 5	49 49
ARTICLED PUPILS :			
Qualifications requisite for admission as Applicants for admission as pupils to notify Secretary of Board	85		35
of desire to be examined	86		35
Surveyors may transfer pupils Term of service may be completed with another master in case	87	•••••	35
of death. etc	88		35
Articles to be filed with the Secretary of Board	<b>89</b> ·		35
Conditions precedent to examination for commission	90		35
Graduates of colleges may be examined after one year's service	93		
Notice to Secretary, of desire to be examined, requisite	94	•••••	37
Qualifications requisite for admission as a Surveyor Adult pupils; articles may be altered to suit sec. 9, 43 Vic. chap. 26.	95	*****	37
Assignments :			
Of Dominion lands to be registered	. 80		33
" Military bounty warrants			
" Free grants prior to issue of warrant	29	******	
" Forest tree claim void unless permitted by Minister	68		30
" Homestead prior to issue of patent	34	17	
AUCTION SALES :			
Lands may be withdrawn from ordinary sale and offered at Section 30, repealed and substituted by section 4, 44 Vic. chap. 16.	, 30 ,	*****	12
Lands for town plots, etc., may be sold at	32		12
School lands to be sold at	23		
BLANK FORMS:-			
Application for homestead right. See Index to Amendments Affidavit in support of application for homestead right do	•		

Amazvie in support of application for nomestead right do			
Articles of pupil to Dominion Land Surveyor		******	51
Application for forest tree entry		•••••	53
Affidavit in support of application for forest tree entry	*****		54
Commission as Dominion Land Surveyor			53
Oath of members of Board of Examiners	*****	*****	51
Oath Surveyors	97	*****	38
31-51			

Sec. Sub-sec. Page

BOARD OF EXAMINERS :	200. 1	Sup-sec.	rage
To be composed of Surveyor General and eight colleagues Times and places of meeting Members to be sworn Secretary to be appointed Articles of pupils to be filed with Secretary To examine applicants for articles as pupils Notice of desire to be examined for admission as an articled pupil, to be sent to Secretary Notice of desire to be examined to be sent to Secretary one month previous to meeting of Board Oath of members of Board of Examiners	84 84 89 85 86 94	1 2 	35
Claims :			
Preferred by Half-breeds resident outside of Manitoba on 15th July, 1870	125 125	•••••	
COAL LANDS :			
Sections 44, 45 and 46, repealed and substituted by sections 6 and 7, 43 Vic., chap. 26.			
Provisions for disposing of. See secs. 6 and 7, 43 Vic., chap. 26	•••••	•••••	•••
Communities, Settlement in :			
Homestead conditions on each separate quarter-section may be waived. Sec. 7, 44 Vic., chap. 16.	******	•••••	•••
CONSOLIDATION OF ACTS :			
35 Vic., chap. 23, 37 Vic., chap. 19, and 39 Vic., chap. 19	129	•••••	49
Dominion Lands Office. See under O.			
Drainage of marsh land. See under M.			
Educational Endowment :			
Sections 11 and 29 in every township set apart as Sections not subject to right of purchase by private entry or	22	•••••	8
homestead right Sections found settled on and improved	22	1	8
Sections found settled on and improved Disposal of lands, provisions for	23 23		9 9
Investment of moneys and disposal of interest Railways intersecting school lands, section 3, 43 Vic., chap. 26	23	3	9
FEES, TARIFF OF :			
Governor in Council may establish, for registoring and copying documents	121	•••••	46
FOREST TREE CULTURE CLAIMS :			
Persons who may enter for Section 66 amended. See Section 9, 44 Vic., chap. 16.	66	••••••	29
Form of application, affidavit and fee	67 68	••••	29 30

FOREST TREE CULTURE CLAIMS :- Concluded.

.

5

FOREST TREE CULTURE CLAIMS:-Concluded.	~ ~		
Assignment of claim void unless permitted by Minister Conditions requisite for issue of patent Forfeiture for non-compliance with conditions Persons who may not enter Pre-emption entry may be changed for Rights of person entered for claim Persons entered under provisions of 39 Vic., chap. 19, may avail themselves of the provisions of this Act	69 70 71 71 72	•••••• •••••	rage 30 30 31 31 31 31 31 31
Land reserved for railways not open for entry, section 9, 44 Vic., chap. 16.	,		
Forms, Blank. See Blank Forms.			
Free grants. See Homosteads.			
GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL :			
Powers of	125	•••••	47
GRANTS FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES :			
Town plots may be reserved	32	*** · **	12
Lands may be set apart for	33 125	•••••	13 48
Establishment of farming schools	125	•••••	48
Grazing lands. See Section 8, 44 Vic., chap. 16.			
HALF BREEDS :			
Lands to satisfy claims may be withdrawn Resident outside Manitoba on 15th July, 1870, preferring claims	125		47
in connection with extinguishment of Indian title (e)	125	•••••	48
HABBORS :	-		
Reserved from ordinary sale Section 30, repealed and substituted by section 4, 43 Vic., chap. 16	30	2	12
HAY LANDS:-	•		
Terms and conditions of lease	36	•••••	17
HOMESTEAD PROVISIONS :			10
Persons eligible for entry under	34 94	•••••	13 13
Rights and conditions First two paragraphs amended. See Section 5, 44 Vic., chap. 16. Two claimants settled on. See Section 4, 43 Vic., chap. 26. Provision in cases where two or more settlers have improved unsurveyed lands. See Section 4, 43 Vic., chap. 26.		••••	10
Settlement of conflicting claims " on surveyed lands, obligation of claimant. See Sec- tion 4, 43 Vic., chap 26. Settlement on unsurveyed lands, obligation of claimant. See Section'4, 43 Vic., chap. 26.		4	14
Settlers on Hudson Bay or railway lands not to be protected by Government. See Section 4, 43 Vic., chap. 26.			

HOMESTEAD PROVISIONS :-- Concluded.

.

JALESTEAD FROVISIONS Concluded.	Q., Q.	ıb-sec. F	
Contiguous lands		6&7	
Contiguous lands		001	1.2
Affidavits in support of entry. See Section 6, 44 Vic., chap. 16.			
Agent specially authorized may obtain entries in advance for			
parties. See Section 6, 44 Vic., chap. 16.			
Entry on making affidavit and paying fee	34	9	15
No patent until expiration of three years from date of entry	34	10	15
Rights of settler or his representatives at the end of three years		11	15
Conditions may be waived in cases of settlement in communities		11	15
See Section 7, 44 Vic., chap. 16.	01	**	
	34	12	15
When both parties die intestate land may be sold			
Title in Crown till issue of patent	34	13	15
Settler relinquishing and forfeiting claim? by absence. See			
Section 5, 43 Vic., chap 26.	_		
Patent before three years on payment of price	34	15	16
Proof of conditions of settlement fulfilled	34	16	16
Assignments prior to issue of patent void		17	16
" " where condition have been		-•	
complied with, recognized		17	16
Rights of homesteader	34		16
Homestead conditions applicable to agricultural lands only	94	18	
Entry receipts, etc., to give right to maintain suits.	82	** * * * *	<b>34</b>
Expenses incurred in placing settlers on land chargeable against	i		
homesteads, Section 10, 44 Vic., chap. 16.			
Six months allowed between date of entry and settlement, Sec-	•		
tion 5 41 Via shan 16			

tion 5, 44 Vic., chap. 16.

## HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY :---

Entitled to one-twentieth of land in Fertile Belt	17		6
Sections set apart for	17	*****	7
Fractional Townships; Company's one-twentieth in	18		7
Land settled on under authority; Company may select other			
land in lieu thereof	19		7
Land not to be included in timber limits	<b>20</b>		7
To receive one-twentieth of revenue derived from timber limits			
in unsurveyed territory	20	2	8
Lands denuded of timber	<b>20</b>	2	8
Title to lands to pass to company without patent in certain			
cases and under patents in other cases	21		8
	47	2	20

## ICELANDERS :---

Settling in o	communities;	homestead	conditions of	n each se	parate
quarter	section may	be waived,	repealed ar	nd. other	substi-
tuted.	See Section 7	, 44 Vic., c	bap, 16.		

## IMMIGRANTS :---

Expenses incurred by persons in placing immigrants on lands may be made a charge against homestead. Section 10, 44. Vic., chap. 16. Settling in communities; provisions re Section 7, 44 Vic., chap. 16

5

48

19

.

= -----INDIANS :---

INDIANS.	Sec	Sub-sec.	Para
Claims in connection with extinguishment of Indian title pre- ferred by half-breeds resident outside Manitoba, on 15th July, 1870			-
Lands still under Indian title; provisions of Act do not apply to.		<u> </u>	
Lands still under thoran time; provisions of Act do not apply to.	4	3	19
Governor in Council may withdraw from operation of Act Reserves		5 (a)	47
Interpretation of terms of Act		1	1
LANDS, FORFEITED AND WRONGFULLY HELD: -			
Refusal to vacate; remedy in case of	79	9	33
Land Reserves. See under Reservations.			
Leases, &c., issued through traud may be decreed void. See Section 8, 43 Vic., chap. 26.			
LEGAL SUB-DIVISIONS :			
Designation and description Method of laying out Military Bounty Warrants must be located in	10	5	42
Marsh Lands:-			
Grants as remuneration for draining and reclaiming	12	5 (c)	48
MENNONITES :			
Settled in communities, Minister may wave requirements of Homestead conditions on each quarter-section Repealed and other provisions substituted. See Section 7, 44 Vic., chap. 16. Proviso 2.	34	4 11	15
Mining Lands. See Index to amendments, Sections 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42 repealed, and substituted by Sections 6 and 7, 43 Vic., chap. 26. Provisions for disposing of. See Sections 6 and 7, '43 Vic., chap. 26.			
MILITARY BOUNTY LAND CLAIMS :			
Warrants to be granted for Lands given for Military Service	24	4	9
Warrants, where and how they may be located Warrants cannot be located on School or Hudson Bay sections.	••••	$\cdot$ 1	10 10
Warrants accepted as purchase money; conditions.	•••••	. 2	
Warrants to be located on legal sub-divisions		. 3	
Warrants; Assignments of	28		10
deceased officer or soldier	- 26		10
Warrants lost or destroyed to be replaced	27		11
Free Grants under Order in Council confirmed Free Grants; Assignment of, before issue of Warrant recognized	28 29		11 12

.

OFFICE OF DOMINION LANDS:	<b>.</b>		
· · · · · ·	Sec. S	lub-sec. P	
Administration and management	2		2
Copies of documents as evidence		2	2
Employees not to purchase lands		3	3
Duployees not to parentise lands		Ŭ	Ŭ
ORDERS IN COUNCIL :			
Free Grants for Military Service, authorized under, confirmed	28		11
Proceedings under, confirmed	128		-
ORDINARY SALE AND PURCHASE OF LAND :			
Section 30 repealed, and substituted by Section 4, 44 Vic., chap. 16. See Index to Amendments.			
	1777		32
Remedy in case of deficiency in quantity of land sold	77		
Remedy in cases of sales inconsistent with each other	76	*****	32
PATENTS :			
Deputy Governor may sign.	74		32
Issued in error may be cancelled	75		32
Demode in error may be cancelled,			-
Remedy in cases where Patents are inconsistent with each other	. 76		32
Remedy in case of deficiency in quantity mentioned in patent		******	32
Issued through fraud, &c., may be decreed void. See Section 8,			
43 Vic., chap. 26.			
Man isone in former of level personnettings of postry dring			
May issue in favor of legal representatives of party dying			~ ~
entitled thereto	81		34
Hudson Bay Company's	. 21		8
Homestead; not to issue for three years after entry	. 34	10	15
Representatives of settlers, after three years, entitled to	34		15
For aliquot parts of townships; construction to be placed on	109		43
		**** **	40
Upon proof of settlement and cultivation for twelve months			
and paying price, homesteaders may receive	. 34	: 15	16
For Forest Tree Culture Claims	3 & 69	****	30
PAYMENT FOR LANDS :			
Suboal Landa Mayma of	. 23	L. C.	0
School Lands, Terms of			9
Cash, Scrip and Military Bounty Warrants received as	. 31	••••	12
PRE-EMPTIONS :			
Right of Homesteader to enter for	. 34	. 1	13
Right to; forfeit upon any forfeiture of Homestead			13
Ne while the sector and any fortestate of Lionesteau	. 04		
No right to cut wood on, prior to issue of Patent	. 34	- 1	13
Public Highways. See Road Allowances.			
PURCHASE AND SALE OF LANDS :			
Section 30 repealed, and substituted by Section 4, 44 Vic., chap	•		
16. See Index to Amendments.			
Remedy in case of deficiency in quantity of land sold	. 77		32
Remedy in cases of sales inconsistent with each other	. 76		32
Quarries reserved for ordinary sale. See Section 4 of 44 Vic. chap. 16.	,		

REGISTRARS:	. Page . 47 . 6
Plans, maps and lists of Lands patented, duly certified by Surveyor-General, to be supplied to	. 47
Hudson's Bay Company's one-twentieth 17	
Educational eudowment	
May be made for—	
Town plots.32Public purposes, such as gaols, schools, &c33Indians125To satisfy Half-breed Claims125Railway purposes125	13 ) 47 ) 47
ROAD ALLOWANCES :	
<ul> <li>Provisions re width and number repealed, and substituted by Section 1 of 44 Vic., chap 16. See Index to Amendments.</li> <li>In towns and villages to be public highways</li></ul>	43
School Lands. See Educational Endowment.	
Scrip :	
Rights of common and hay cutting may be commuted by an issue of	47 47 12
Settlement Belt Lands. See Section 3, 41 Vic., chap. 26.	
SURVEY, SYSTEM OF :	
Section 3 repealed, and substituted by Section 1 of 44 Vic., chap. 16. See Index to Amendments.	
Township boundaries	3
Townships; width on base lines. See Section 2, 44 Vic., chap. 16.	
Base lines; position of	. 4
Sections to be divided 10	4
Convergence and divergence of Meridians (Section amended by Section 1 of 43 Vic., chap. 26) 11	4
Irregular quarter-sections; how dimensions and area are to be	4
Country to be laid out in blocks of four townships, and how 13	
Corners to be marked on block outlines	1 5
Posts and monuments; manner of placing, &c Posts and monuments on correction lines Contract surveys (Section 14, repealed and substituted by Section	253
2 of 43 Vic., chap. 26). See Index to Amendments. Legal sub-divisions; method of laying out	42

•

,

.

SURVEY, SYSTEM OF :- Concluded.			
Legal sub-divisions; designation and description of Settlement Belt Lands, Fractional Quarter sections, River Lots, &c. system of laying out. See Section 3 of 44 Vic., chap. 16. See Index to Amendments.	15	ab-sec. F ••	age 5
Standard of Measure	103		41
Renewal of lost corners; provisions for	104		41
Fractional Sections; division lines in		•••••	42
Boundaries placed under Act to be deemed the true ones	107	•••••	42
Townships, towns, &c., to comprise all the space within their			
boundaries	108	• • • • •	43
Road allowances in towns, &c., to be public highways Road allowances; width and number may be reduced in certain places. See Section 1, 44 Vic., chap. 16.		• • • • •	43
Penalty for destroying posts, &c	116	• • • • •	45
SURVEYORS :			
Board of Examiners. See under B.	00		
Qualifications required of	83	• • • • •	34
Surveyors may transfer pupils Provincial Land Surveyors; admission as Dominion Land Sur-	87	•••••	35
veyors In H. M. Dominions other than Canada entitled to examination	91	• • • • •	36
after one year's service under a Dominion Land Surveyor	92		36
College graduates may be examined after one year's service	93	*****	36
Subjects of examination for admission as surveyor	95		37
Commissions to issue to successful candidates	97		38
Oath of surveyor	97		38
Subjects of higher examination		*****	38
To provide themselves with standard of measure	103		41
May examine witnesses on oath. See Section 11, 44 Vic., chap. 16.			
To take evidence; provisions for	112	*****	44
May pass over private land in discharge of duty	114	•••••	45
Penalty for molesting in discharge of duty	115		45
Allowance to for attendance as witnesses	118	•••••	<b>46</b>
To keep journals, field notes, &c., and furnish copies to persons interested when so required	117	•••••	46
Articled pupils. See A.	•	•••••	
TIMBER			
Hudson's Bay Company's sections not to be included in limits Hudson's Bay Company to receive one-twentieth of revenue		• • • • • • •	7
derived from limits in unsurveyed land In townships surveyed for settlement to be disposed of to benefit		2	8
greatest possible number of settlers	47		20
On school and Hudson's Bay Company's sections Wood lots. See under W.		2	20
Homesteaders not to sell prior to issue of Patent	• • • •	6	21
May be reserved for limits	48	*****	22
Right of cutting to be sold			22
Leases of land previously leased, sold, &c., to be void	53		24
Leases subject to right of Government to deal with coal and mineral lands. See Section 7 43 Vic. obap. 26.			

## TIMBER :-- Concluded.

	Sec.	Sub-sec.	Page
Licenses, for one year, to cut on surveyed or unsurveyed lands.	52		<b>Ž4</b>
Leases to cut timber on unsurveyed land	52	2 10	<b>24</b>
Dues to bear interest and be a lien on timber cut, &c	54		
Cut under lease liable for dues	55	5	25
Enforcement of payment of dues	56	6	25
Bonds	5	7	25
Persons cutting without authority	. 58		26
Resisting seizure, removal of timber seized, &c	861		27
Seizures, &c., proof of payment of dues,	& 63	3	28
Slides	l & 6	5	28
Forest Tree Culture Claims. See F.			

## UNSURVEYED LANDS :---

Timber limits on, Hudson Bay Company to receive one-twen- tieth of revenue	20	2	8
Actual settlement on. See Section 4, 43 Vic., chap. 26.			-
Licenses to cut timber on, for one year, may be granted	52	10	24

## WATER POWERS :---

Reserve from ordinary sale. See Section 4, 44 Vic., chap. 16.

## WOOD LOTS :--

Timber in townships surveyed for settlement to be laid out in	47	*****	20
Hudson Bay Company and school sections not to be sub-divided			
into	••••	2	20
Marking out, &c., of		3	21
Apportionment of to settlers and proviso for free grants of		5	21
Sale of timber prior to issue of patent forbidden		6	21

# INDEX

#### **T**0

## AMENDMENTS OF 1880 AND 1881.

\_

Agents specially authorized may obtain entries in advance for settlers. 62 Articled Pupils. See Surveyors.

BLANK FORMS :		
Application for homestead Application for homestead by a specially authorized agent Affidavit in support of application for homestead Affidavit in support of application for homestead by an agent	64 65 64 65	
Chainmen to be sworn	64	
Coal Lands. See Mining Lands.		
Communities, Settlement in	62	
Discoverers' rights to mining lands	64	
EDUCATIONAL ENDOWMENT:		
School lands, intersected by railways, may be transferred and dealt with as railway lands	55	
FOREST TREE CULTURE CLAIMS :		
Section 66, relating thereto, amended Forms, Blank. See Blank Forms.	63	
GRAZING LANDS:		
Provisions-Section 35 repealed and others substituted	62	
HARBORS, ETC :		
Reserved from ordinary sale	81	
HOMESTEAD PROVISIONS :		
Conditions of settlement Six months allowed between date of entry and settlement Persons eligible for entry Agents specially authorized may obtain entries in advance for parties	61 61 61 62	
parties,	02	

-

HOMESTEAD PROVISIONS-Concluded:	
<ul> <li>Immigrants in communities</li></ul>	Page. 62 56 62 57 63
IMMIGRANTS:	
Expenses incurred by persons placing on lands, may be made a charge on homestead	<b>6</b> 3 62
MINING AND COAL LANDS:	
Sections 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45 and 46, repealed, and others substituted Leases for, may be granted over lands leased as timber limits Discoverer's rights Roads to mining locations provided for Provisions for disposing of	57 57 64 57 57
ORDINARY PURCHASE AND SALE OF LANDS :	
Section 30 repealed and other substituted	60
Stone quarries, Reserved from sale	61
Patents, &c.:	
Issued through fraud, may be decreed void	58
Purchase and sale of lands. See above.	
Quarries. See Stone Quarries.	
RAILWAYS :	
Intersecting school lands	55
Roads :	
To mining locations provided for	57 60
School Lands. See Educational Endowment.	
SETTLEMENT, BELT LANDS : Section 16, provision for laying out and describing,-repealed and other substituted	60

STONE QUARRIES, ETC:	<b>B</b>
Reserved from ordinary sale	Page. 61
SURVEYS, SYSTEM OF :	
Convergence to be distributed equally in all quarter-sections Contract rates fixed by competitive tender Section 3, resystem of survey, repealed and other substituted Number and width of road allowances may be reduced in certain	55 55 59
places Township bases and meridians Proviso for laying out settlement belt and other lands lying along rivers, lakes, &c	60 60 60
Surveyors :	
Adult Pupils, articles may be altered to suit Section providing for taking evidence repealed and substituted Chainmen to be sworn	58 63 10
TIMBER :	
Leases subject to right of Government to deal with minerals Roads to reach mines may be reserved through limits	57 57
WATER POWERS, ETC :	
Reserved from ordinary sale	61