Arts, is it? What kind of arts? "course of study."

press what we mean. We don't want Mic- his profession without French. it is delusive. It is not honest. The term usually brings first to our mind French and German. Now I challenge German. I stop session of our supreme appeal court. it at the gate. I say, enter not here. Four urgent to admit of you. Other things promise more usefulness. I say, remain without. many will come out probably to go with you but inside we cannot entertain you.

But the French language we admit. speak in the hearing of the Senate, as it were, and we say by all means, and as soon as you can, plainly declare the very great propriety of making it a condition precedent that every applicant for a B. A. degree shall be able to handle the French tongue as thoroughly as the English. Stop not short of that.

people. The entire population of the Dominion (1881) was 4,324,810. Of this number 1,-298,929 are French speaking. others speak the English language. In Nova ually unapproached, except by the most feeble youth to her halls. missionary effort. How grand it would be if The acquisition of this language so as to all Acadia's graduates now preaching the be able to think and speak in it as readily as joice to have Cohoon and Warren and other tion of the vocal organs, the instant translaof Acadia's sons take a few weeks in his wide tion from our own tongue into it, the pleasure

I won't the sweet accents of the French tongue. Will stop to explain but I will say the word "Arts" you tell me how our politicians and statesas here used is a much worn relic of the past. men can understand and thoroughly discuss How much better always to speak of the political questions anywhere and everywhere in this Dominion without the use of French? Well, about "Modern Languages." I don't It is impossible. Tell me how the lawyer in like that expression either. It does not ex-this country can rise to the highest place in mac, or Gælic, or Telugu, or Chinese taught do it. A perfect understanding of the French in Acadia. The term may be ornamental but is absolutely necessary to a perfect understanding of the Quebec laws, and these laws are the subject of review at Ottawa at every

Another reason. More than half the period years are two brief, other subjects are too of our provincial history is a history of French occupation. It is simply impossible correctly to understand and interpret that history without the knowledge of the language of the people who made it. Being English my-We self I assume our race is the predominant one in this country and that eventually French must go and all must vield to the impetuous and irresistable tide af Anglo-Saxon progress and advancement. But that time is far ahead and few things will so hasten it as the knowledge of the French language by the English speaking people of this country. The assimi-Reasons why. We are a double-tongued lation of our laws and institutions will be greatly accelerated by the power to use freely and correctly the language in which our Almost all French people speak.

Another reason. It is a beautiful language. Scotia we have 41,219 French; in New Its study means the cultivation of the grace Brunswick 56,635, and in P. E. Island, 10,751. of speech. It opens the portals, not only to How shall our ministers preach and teach the our own early history and to a ready acquaingospel to all their fellow-countrymen with- tance with our French fellow-citizens, but out a knowledge of French. Shall we spend also to the rich stores of French literature, so much for the land of the Telugus and leave and the thorough knowledge of French in so large a proportion of our own people act- Acadia will do much to bring our French

gospel could discourse in French as well as in our mother tongue, means discipline, it in English. How would our Normandy re- means the quickening of the ear, the cultivafield and sound out the everlasting gospel in and even fascination of being able to express