HE monthly lecture delivered by Doctor way, scoffed at by some, treated with defer-Sawyer, before the students of the three ence by others, followed by a few. departments, on Sunday, March 2nd, was more than usually interesting. It was, besides, a slight departure from the ordinary course. Heretofore it has been customary to deliver addresses on various religious topics, chosen by the different speakers, sometimes with too little adaptation to the circumstances President selected the regular lesson from the International series, viz., Paul at Athens, and one, and yet, though not insensible to the cumstance out of sight. beauty of art, and the unsurpassed splendor But public opinion in one place will be

in theory, were, at the time of their adoption, ical in the world, but he was equal to the ocstrenuously opposed by many, as impractication casion. His sermon is admitted to be a masable, and there is reason to believe that the terpiece in its adaptation to the religious conditions of their successful operation do not characteristics and habits of thought of his hearers. He conciliates and then interests them. He delivers his message and goes his

IT might seem to some that public opinion in a small college community was a matter of little account. Such, however, is far from the fact. On the contrary, there is no way in which the positive influences, the whole genand the prevailing mental and spiritual needs ius of an institution, are more clearly revealed of the students. But on this occasion the than in the prevailing conversation and sentiment of the students.

But while a pure healthy tone of life may by his characteristic clearness of explanation be an effect, it becomes itself a great positive felicity of expression, and vividness of descrip- power. Hence the evil results of these distion, commanded the earnest attention of his turbing, diverting causes which turn the listeners for more than an hour. He followed mind from its normal course into dissipating Paul on his missionary tour over the classic channels. The tendency of these is to keep grounds trodden by the conquering hosts of the student's mind distracted, or in a state of Alexander, and by the expedition of Cyrus, ferment. It is needless to specialize as to immortalized by Xenophon. He described what these causes are. They are peculiar to Athens as it was, with its magnificent temples no one institution, but arise out of the geneand porticoes, its splendid statues, its Acropo- ral and particular circumstances of college lis, the pride of Greece, on whose summit glit-life. In dealing with such irregularities it is, tered the celebrated statue of Minerva-the of course, wise to remove, if possible, the unguardian goddess of Athens, the Parthenon, derlying cause; but, supposing some disorder dedicated to "all the gods" and the Propylaea to be inevitable, the aim should be to destroy constructed entirely of Pentelic marble. The the effect. This will be best secured by such scene, thus spread out before the apostle Paul, action on the part of the students and faculty as he stood upon Mar's Hill, was an imposing as will most quickly put the particular cir-

of the Grecian capital, he was not to be marked by a local coloring. Thus, in our own diverted from his purpose by the scenes case, in which three institutions with separate around him. He came almost alone, a pio- residences are situated within a small town, we neer of Christianity, to plant the standard of are apt to be shaken by every little local senthe cross on one of the strongholds of hea- sation, while we feel but faintly the throb of thenism in Europe. The undertaking seemed the great world pulse which quickens large like a forlorn hope, but in the end it was centres. This, we say, is a tendency, but not crowned with success. He was about to ad- a necessary or proper fact. The great world dress an audience, the most cultured and crit- of thought and action is not far from us if