

The Dawn of Tomorrow

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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE DARKER RACES

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LAW SCHOOL SUIT IN LOUISIANA

New Orleans, Sept. — The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People continued to move ahead this week in its battle to break down segregated higher education throughout the South, as a suit was filed here in Federal District Court to force the state to admit Roy S. Wilson to the law school of Louisiana State University. Wilson is one of twelve Negroes whose admission to the university was recently denied solely on the basis of their race.

The complaint filed by the NAACP asserts that there is no other institution in Louisiana where Wilson and the other plaintiffs are able to obtain a legal education equal to that offered at the university's law school and asks a permanent injunction restraining the state from barring these students and others similarly situated from the university. Refusal to admit them, the NAACP avers, denies them the equal protection of the laws as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

Attorneys handling the case for the Association are A. P. Tureaud of New Orleans, NAACP Regional Special Counsel U. Simpson Tate of Dallas, and Special Counsel Thurgood Marshall of the national office in New York.

TV BAN ON JEAN MUIR DENOUNCED BY NAACP

New York, Sept. — The NAACP board of directors this week condemned the action of the General Foods Corporation in cancelling a contract with Jean Muir for a role in the company's television program. Miss Muir was withdrawn from the program following telephone calls protesting against her because she had been listed by a private group as a supporter of subversive causes. The actress denied the charges.

Miss Muir was among those Hollywood stars who consistently contended for better acting roles for Negroes in the films. Throughout her career in the films and on the stage, she opposed racial discrimination. The NAACP resolution, passed on September 11, cited her consistent liberal attitude and actions.

NAACP BOARD VOTES TO UPHOLD CHAPMAN

New York, Sept. — A ringing full confidence in the loyalty and integrity of Oscar Chapman, Secretary of the Interior, the NAACP board of directors this week passed a resolution condemning the attack made upon him by Senator Andrew F. Schoepel. The Kansas Republican had questioned Mr. Chapman's loyalty in a speech on the Senate floor.

The NAACP resolution, adopted on September 11, cited Mr. Chapman's leadership in the fight against discrimination and segregation in all government facilities within his departmental jurisdiction. He refused to turn over the administration of government-owned swimming pools to the District of Columbia unless assured that there would be no segregation.

White Felicitates Pullman Porters

New York, Sept. — Addressing the biennial convention of the International Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, AFL, Walter White, executive secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, felicitated the union and its president, A. Philip Randolph upon completion of 25 years of pioneering in the labor movement.

In his address, delivered on September 12, Mr. White hailed the contributions made by the Brotherhood to the fight for civil rights and outlined a program of action for completion of that fight. Among immediate objectives, he listed revision of the Senate rules to permit passage of civil rights legislation, creation of a war manpower resources board to prevent job discrimination, construction of adequate housing for war workers, and implementation of the Supreme Court decisions banning segregation in education and travel.

"CARE" AGAIN OFFERS HOLIDAY AID PACKAGE

Ottawa, Ontario — For the third consecutive year, CARE, non-profit overseas aid service, is preparing a special holiday package that will make it possible for Americans to share their Thanksgiving and Christmas celebrations with relatives and friends in Europe and Asia.

In announcing the plan, CARE Executive Director Neil MacNeil said the package would again contain a whole canned turkey and enough of the "trimmings" to make a holiday dinner for a family of twelve. The price will be \$17.00, with guaranteed delivery in Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany (all zones, including the Soviet), England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Yugoslavia, Japan, Okinawa and the Philippines.

The turkeys, MacNeil pointed out, are once more the famous Beltsville Whites, bred for a maximum of meat and a minimum of bones. Other contents of the package are 8 oz. of bacon, 8 oz. butter, 1 lb. plum pudding, 1 lb. of orange marmalade, 1 lb. rice, 1 lb. coffee (8 oz. of tea for Great Britain), 1 lb. sugar and 1 lb. of Huyler's chocolates. The turkey weighs about 7 pounds and is packed in 2 pounds of lard.

Orders may be sent to CARE, 72 Albert St., Ottawa, or any CARE outlet in the country.

Did you know that more than 3 million people lived on some 733 thousand farms in Canada and that more than 25 per cent of Canadians from the Atlantic to the Pacific make their living on farms that produce a large percentage of Canadian exports?

The story of the people who work Canada's farms, their different methods of farming, the crops they grow and various services available in maintaining this primary industry is told in a new booklet entitled "Farming in Canada", available from Information Service, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.



NOT SADNESS, BUT GLADNESS—in the eyes of Roy Milton, hit star of Specialty Records, when he presented a copy of his smash blues hit, "Sad Feeling" to his good friends, Ella Fitzgerald, Decca's First Lady of Song, and the inimitable MGM recording star, Billy Eckstine. A minute before this photo was made, Roy stated: "This is one sad record that's gonna make folks happy — especially when they hear the tantalizing blues lyrics." Side is backed by "Bartender's Boogie."

The Negro Problem

Its Significance, Strength and Solution
by Leroy J. Montgomery

"The Negro Problem" is the most significant problem facing this country today. It is a problem created by the whites, in that they brought the Negroes to this country as slaves, and have, in general, endeavored to keep them in subjection since.

Even now, in spite of the great improvement in government attitudes, and in opportunity for employment for the Negro—even now, the majority of whites are what Margaret Halsey calls, in her book of the same title, "Color-Blind." The color of the Negro blinds them to his qualities, good or bad.

So far as the whites are concerned, the problem is to rid them of this color-blindness and its accompanying irrational prejudices and fear concerning the Negro race. They need to reach the attitude of the little white boy whose mother, trying to place his chief playmate, said, "Let's see: Jim's a little colored boy, isn't he?" To which her son answered, "I never noticed. I'll look the next time I see him." The qualities within were what he saw, and not the outer skin.

As for the Negro, he has been trained to see white. His education is fitted for the whites, his religion is adopted from the whites. He lives in a white world, and too often, therefore, acquires an inferiority complex with resultant militant actions.

"Colored Americans must establish social recognition for their race by means of superior character and more excellent achievements", says Mr. Montgomery. They must obliterate their own undesirable features—superstition, pleasure-madness, dependence on whites, irreligion, and their own brand of color-blindness. They must use their gifts of song, sunshine, suffering, as ladders toward achievement.

There is a spiritual method of solving this problem, and only a spiritual

one. Two religious faiths give this method,—Christianity and the Bahai world faith. "Christianity gives us the personal aspect of the method, while the social aspect of it comes in the Bahai faith."

Mr. Montgomery quotes frequently from authorities in the field, as Buell Gordon Gallagher, William Stuart Nelson, and Hortense Powdermaker. His pamphlet is clear and analytical, full of feeling without bitterness. Associate pastor of the Calvary Community Church, Madison Avenue and 125th Street, New York, this Negro minister has achieved an amazingly impartial viewpoint, as he points out the faults of both sides, and the requirements from both for the solving of this problem.

NAACP CHARTERS

22 NEW UNITS

New York, Sept. — Twelve new branches, eight youth councils and two college chapters of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, were chartered this week by the board of directors, upon recommendation of the board committee on branches and youth work.

New branches are St. George, Barnwell County, and Hardeeville, South Carolina; Thornton Township, Illinois; Prince Edward County and Accomack County, Virginia; Tracy, Barstow and Fresno, California; Alagan, Michigan; Mansfield, Texas; and Washington Parish, Louisiana.

The youth councils newly chartered include Canadian County, Oklahoma; Tittusville, Alabama; Anderson, South Carolina; Kalamazoo, Michigan; N. Riviera Beach, Florida; "Junior" Youth of Brooklyn, New York; Johnstown, Pennsylvania; Evanston, Illinois. A college chapter was chartered at Cheyney State Teachers College, Cheyney, Pennsylvania; and one at Miles Memorial College, Birmingham, Alabama.

Support War, And Urge Jim Crow Ban

New York, Sept. — In its first meeting since the beginning of hostilities in Korea, the board of directors of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People voted "support of the efforts of the United States and the United Nations to halt Communist aggression in Korea."

The board resolution, which "condemns unreservedly this breach of the peace by the armed forces of the government of North Korea aided and abetted by the Soviet Union" was passed at the regular monthly meeting on September 14th.

"We are acutely aware," the resolution continues, "that victory over disruptive and sinister Communist forces cannot be achieved by guns alone. If America is to win the support of non-Communist Asia and Africa it will have to demonstrate that democracy is a living reality which knows no limitation of race, color or nationality."

Expressing hope for an early victory, the resolution "calls upon this government and the American people to take prompt and effective action to end all forms of racial discrimination and segregation in our military and civilian life." This means, the resolution asserts, "the abolition of separate army units, the removal of barriers to employment opportunities, the end of segregation in education, the lifting of all barriers to housing, the elimination of all Jim Crow restrictions in travel, recreation and public accommodations generally, and the outlawing of outmoded patterns of segregation in the Nation's Capital."

RACE HANDICAPS VET

After reading a letter, "If you were a veteran would you enlist again?" signed by S. Graham, I can't but support his challenge.

I, too, am a veteran of World War Two, with 4 years overseas service. Throughout the United Kingdom and continental Europe, and while over there, lots of promises were made, heavenly promises no doubt, promises such as priority in almost everything. Instead, this is what I find: for over two years I am living in one room with my wife and two children. If I hear or read about an apartment, I will phone, get the information and make arrangements to go and see the place. On my arrival, as soon as my face is shown, I hear "Sorry, it's taken."

For almost the same period of time I was going without a job. I see jobs advertised. I may write or go accordingly: when I get there it's "Sorry, no vacancy." Some are polite by saying: "Sorry, sir, we do not hire colored people." Trying through DVO is worse. They tell you they find it's very difficult to place colored people.

What I am wondering is how long it's going to take, and how many more wars with promises there will be, before these promises are fulfilled, and before the colored people are given a fair chance and taken for what they are worth.

E. JACKMAN
—The Herald, Montreal