

# The Dawn of Tomorrow

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## Rev. T. H. Jackson Dies In Toronto

The Rev. T. H. Jackson, General Superintendent of the British Methodist Episcopal Church of Canada, died Saturday, May 23, in his 71st year at his home on Augusta Ave. in Toronto after a lengthy illness.

Born and educated in Guelph he had been a minister in many parts of Ontario and served at Beth Emanuel Church, London in 1932.

Rev. Jackson succeeded the late General Superintendent T. Dawson receiving his appointment in 1949. He is survived by his widow, one daughter and one son.

Funeral services will be held in the B.M.E. Church on Shaw Street on Tuesday, May 26th.

## LOSERS BY DISCRIMINATION U.S. JUDGE TELLS KIWANIANS

The principle that all men were created equal was a common heritage of Canada and the United States Judge Edward Kane, of Michigan, told Kiwanis recently.

He was guest speaker at dinner at Hook's Cafe. The Forest City Kiwanis were entertaining 32 Port Huron Kiwanis here to celebrate "United States Good-Will Week." There were 100 guests at the dinner. Judge Kane said that it was a tragic thought that men were often compelled by an accident of birth to live in areas which did not meet their social and economic wants. "We have deprived ourselves of a vast amount of brainpower in the United States because we have seen fit to differentiate between men because of the pigments of their skins," he said.

"Recently in Detroit we had to surround two factories and escort workers to their homes under guards because of racial discrimination.

"Mexican workers, who illegally enter the United States each year to work on farms, are caught and sent back to Mexico with only the food they have eaten to show for their efforts.

### Propaganda for Russia

"These people work for a pittance, and photographs of the conditions under which they work and live appear in Pravda and other publications behind the Iron and Bamboo curtains as typical conditions existing for the worker in America."

Judge Kane said that one week out of 52 devoted by Kiwanis to "Good-Will" was a wonderful thing, but the fighting men of Canada and the United States, by their actions abroad, were doing much more for good-will than words could ever do. Canada and the United States were an example of how men could live in peace and harmony and friendship together, and the whole world must strive to achieve that belief in equality, he said.

The United States Good-Will Week was originated by Kiwanis International, whose clubs have placed 25 bronze "peace tablets" at major ports of entry along the unfortified boundary between Canada and the United States. One of the tablets is in Washington.

## HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II



### TO THE QUEEN

"Revered, beloved—O you that hold  
A nobler office upon earth  
Than arms, or power of brain or birth  
Could give the warrior kings of old—  
May you rule us long  
And leave us rulers of your blood  
As noble till the latest day!  
May children of our children say,  
'She wrought her people lasting good.'"

Long May She Reign

## Proclamation Coronation Day

WHEREAS Her Most Excellent Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II, by the Grace of God, Queen of the Realm, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith, will be crowned in traditional ceremony at Westminster Abbey, London, England, on June 2;

AND WHEREAS, in common with all the nations and colonies of the Commonwealth, the City of London rejoices at this significant demonstration of the unity and community of interest which binds the people of the Commonwealth together;

These presents are, therefore, to proclaim Tuesday, June 2, as a public holiday and day of rejoicing in the City of London, Ontario, and to call upon all our people, including business and industry, to observe the day of celebration and rejoicing in commemoration of this historic and happy occasion, and as a demonstration of our loyalty and affection.

### LONG LIVE THE QUEEN

London, Ontario,  
May 23, 1953.

A. J. RUSH,  
Mayor

### WALLS - GROAT

A pretty spring wedding was solemnized Saturday morning, April 11 when Eleanor Eileen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Groat, became the bride of Mr. Irvine Orville Walls, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Walls, Essex. The ceremony was performed at the home of Mrs. M. Harris, Maitland street, by the Rev. Ernest Richardson.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a gown of white nylon net and lace with veil falling from a net and pear coronet. She carried a bouquet of white lilies. She was attended by Miss Barbara

Duncan, of Stratford, who wore an orchid net and lace gown with floral bandeau. She carried yellow jonquils. Alger F. Walls, brother of the groom, was best man.

Following a reception at the home of Mrs. Harris, the bridal couple left for Essex where they attended a second reception at the home of the groom's parents, after which they left on a trip to Montreal.

For travelling the bride wore a pastel lavender suit with matching hat and black accessories. Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Orville Walls will reside in Essex.

## ELECTION OF DR. CLEMENT HAILED BY WALTER WHITE

NEW YORK, May 14—Election of Dr. Rufus E. Clement, president of Atlanta University, to the board of education in Atlanta was hailed today as a signal victory by Walter White, executive secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. Dr. Clement defeated a white candidate, Dr. J. H. Landis, who had been a member of the board since 1927 by a vote of 22,142 to 13,800.

In a wire of congratulations to the university president, Mr. White said that the entire city of Atlanta will benefit by your services on the board of education.

Also successful at the election of May 13 were A. T. Walden, N.A.A. C.P. attorney, and Mr. Miles Amos, both of whom were elected to the City Executive Committee. These three were the first Negroes to be elected to public office in Atlanta since reconstruction days. Mr. White also congratulated Mr. Amos and Mr. Walden.

## SENATORS SET TO PUSH JOB BIAS AMENDMENT

NEW YORK, May 14—Four members of the Senate Labor Committee have assured the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People of their continued support of the anti-discrimination amendment to the Taft-Hartley Labor Act.

In a letter to Walter White, executive secretary, Senator Matthew W. Neely (D. W.Va.) said: "... you may unconditionally depend upon my supporting the anti-discrimination amendment both before the committee and in the Senate."

"It is my sincere belief that it is very important to have legislation which will give everyone equality in obtaining employment," Senator Dwight Griswold (R. Neb.) wrote. Senator James E. Murray (D. Mont.) said: "You may be sure that the measure will receive my wholehearted support and continued interest."

Although foreseeing the possibility of a Dixiecrat filibuster, Senator H. Alexander Smith (R. N.J.), chairman of the committee, asserted: "We are working on the problem with the hope that we can get effective results."

The amendment was introduced on May 5 by Senator Irving M. Ives (R. N.Y.) with the co-sponsorship of 10 other members of the committee. It would prohibit racial or religious discrimination by trade unions and employers. The amendment was drafted by the NAACP and was presented to the committee by Clarence Mitchell, director of the Association's Washington bureau.

## THURGOOD MARSHALL RECEIVES MASONIC ACHIEVEMENT AWARD

Philadelphia, May — Thurgood Marshall, NAACP special counsel, has been cited for his outstanding work in the field of civil rights and presented with the Scottish Rite Mason's 1953 Achievement medal at the annual award ceremonies of the United States Supreme Council A.A.S.R., Prince Hall Affiliation, Northern Jurisdiction.

The Achievement Award, given annually to a Scottish Rite Mason for distinguished service, is regarded as one of the highest medals given by a Masonic body. Mr. Marshall is the fourth to receive it.

## Nigeria Troops Restore Order

LAGOS, Nigeria, May 19 — (AP) — Troop patrols restored order today in Kano, the biggest city of North Nigeria, after 46 persons were killed and 204 injured in rioting connected with an independence movement distrustful by the colony's Moslems.

Barbed wire entanglements set off a no-man's-land between embattled factions in the city of 107,000 that once was the main seat of the Hausas, a Moslem people of mixed blood who number millions between Lake Chad and the Niger River.

Kano looked like a battlefield as a result of clashes between the Hausas and workmen they call strangers.

These are Southern Nigerian Negroes, both Christians and pagans, who are more advanced both technologically and politically. Twenty thousand of the South Nigerians live in a quarter outside Kano's old walls and work on the airport, railroad and other skilled jobs.

The fighting broke out Saturday when the city government canceled a permit for a political meeting by a group in the "strangers' quarter" which is agitating for Britain to give Nigeria's 24,000,000 people self-government by 1956.

Moslems oppose self-government in the fear they would be subjected to the domination of the southerners.

## INDIA ASKS BRITAIN TO RETURN DIAMOND NOW IN ROYAL CROWN

NEW DELHI, May 4 — India is

trying to get back the famous Kohinoor Diamond which forms part of Britain's crown jewels, Deputy Education Minister K. D. Malviya told the House of the People (Lower House) today.

He said the Indian Government is trying to recover as many as possible of the jewels, art treasures and antiques of historical interest including the Kohinoor, removed to Britain from India.

The Kohinoor weighed 186 1-16 carats when it was presented to Queen Victoria in 1850 and 106 1-16 after being re-cut. Its origins are doubtful. It may have come from an even larger stone, the Mogul diamond, known to have been in existence in the 18th century.

In any event it belonged to Nadir Pasha in 1799, the Rajah of Lahore in 1813, and was presented to Queen Victoria by the East India Company, the commercial trading concern which exploited India in the first period of British penetration into the sub-continent.

The Kohinoor was incorporated into the crown made in 1937 for Queen Elizabeth, now the Queen Mother. It had been worn by all the queens of England since Queen Victoria.

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