MAY BOOST LUMBER AND COAL RATES ON I. C. R.

Sweeping Revision in Effect May 28 Does Not Represent Full Intentions of New Management—Increase in Minimum Charge Will Be Keenly Felt.

Monday, June 2.

That the increase in the local freight tariffs of the I. C. R. will bear heavily on the inland merchant is the opinion of those few merchants who have examined the new list of tariff rates. In conversation with The Telegraph yesterday only one or two said that they had examined the new list, which came into effect on May 28, and they were of the opinion that the changes might have very serious effects. They were agreed that for the most part the greater part of the increase, which on an average amounts to about ten per cent, will fall upon the consignee. The heaviest increases are in classes one to six, general merchandise, under which the most of the goods sent out of the city are classified.

May Affect Lumber.

While lumber, coal, iron and other similar materials do not come under the ten classifications of the new schedule, it is understood that a further revision is pending, which is likely to include those materials. Should there be an increase in the freight for those materials, one or two lumbermen said yesterday, it will be a very serious thing for the manufacturers, who will bear the brunt of the increase. Lumber is already under such heavy charges that a further addition, they say, cannot but be regarded as very serious.

The raising of the minimum charge from twenty-five to thirty-five cents for any item of freight will probably be felt most keenly as this will count very heavily in the shipment of small lots.

In view of the immense surplus of the government railway the news that there was such a general increase in the rates was received with surprise in many quarters, the increase bringing the rates well up to those in effect on the Grand Trunk Railway. Another aspect of the change in rates which is regarded not less seriously is that as the Intercolonial is to operate the Valley line business men are asking if it is to be inferred that these new rates will prevail on the Valley line also.

Fredericton Benefits.

One of the few decreases is that in the freight to Fredericton. The haul over the I. C. R. is 270 miles against a haul of seventy miles for the C. P. R., whose rates have been met by the Intercolonial.

The following table shows the increase in cents per hundred pounds according to the classification. There are one or two points omitted where the change is immaterial:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10
Hampton	2	2	1	1	1	1	..	1	..
Norton	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sussex	2	2	1	2	1	1	..	..	..
Petitcodiac	2	2	1	1	1	1	..	..	..
Moncton	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
Fredericton (decrease)	10	8	8	6	5	4	4	4	4
Memramcook	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	2	2
Shediac	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1
Amherst	3	2	2	2	1	..	1	1	1
Harcourt	3	2	2	2	1	..	1	1	1
Sackville	5	5	4	3	2	2	3	3	2
Maccan	5	4	4	3	2	1	2	2	2
Nappan	5	4	4	3	2	1	2	2	2
Rogersville	3	2	3	1	1	..	1	..	1
Chatham	2	2	1	2	1	1	..	..	..
Truro	5	4	3	3	2	1	..	1	1
Campbellton									
Dalhousie									
Jacquet River	4	4	3	2	2	2	1	2	1
Halifax									
Sydney	8	7	6	5	4	4	3	2	3
North Sydney	8	7	6	5	4	4	3	2	3
Quebec	6	5	5	4	3	3	2	2	2
Sydney Mines	8	7	6	5	4	4	3	2	3

COMMISSIONER ON MARKET REVENUES

Mr. McLellan Says Administration Has Improved Under New Form of Government with More Than $100 a Month Increase in Tolls—Replies to Criticism.

To the Editor of The Daily Telegraph.

I noticed in the Standard of today an interview with one John E. McAuley, of Millstream, in regard to the city market, and while I do not ordinarily notice such interviews, I believe in this case that some notice should be taken, as it is so misleading that the public interested demands an explanation.

I herewith enclose a copy of my letter to the Standard which I trust you will be kind enough to publish, so that your readers as well as the Standard's will have the correct information.

To the Editor of the Standard:

I notice in this morning's issue of your paper, about a column of matter referring to the city market laws keeping farmers away from the market, and purporting to be an interview with John E. McAuley, of Millstream, and while I am not given to taking much notice of such complaints, I feel it my duty in this case to show just how much truth there is in this statement as published by you.

In this statement it is made to appear that I am exacting a rental for stands that have hitherto been free, and that I am requiring from farmers a rental in addition to tolls. This statement is absolutely incorrect, as I am only exacting rentals from commission men and traders and the best stands in the market have been reserved for the farmers who may occupy them by simply paying tolls. The market was never intended to be a hucksters' exchange, but a place where the producer and consumer could meet to sell and purchase, and while I am to be responsible to the public for the management of the market I do not propose to permit any other than legitimate farmers to sell their goods by simply paying tolls.

I may say for your own and McAuley's information that the regulations that have been in force for years exact a rental for commission and traders' stands.

Only Change in Law.

The statement that he and others had a meeting with the commissioners in which he stated that four boys could make a better set of regulations for governing the market than they were trying to enforce may be true; if so, I never heard of any such meeting, but when he states that the commissioners repealed the forestalling law he is drawing on his imagination again, as the only change which has been made in this law is that whole carcasses of veal, mutton, lamb and pork may be sold as a whole any time after reaching the market, so as to avoid any loss to the farmer through the effect of hot weather, etc., and it does not affect the householder who does not want to purchase a whole carcass of either.

This order was given by myself and the commissioners were not consulted about the matter, as the public safety department has the power to make rules and regulations from time to time, and I considered this purely a departmental matter.

He further says "that some of the farmers who have been accustomed to gather up the produce of their neighbors and bring it into the market to sell, cannot afford to pay this extra rental in addition to their tolls and are cutting out their occasional trips to the market." My answer to this is that he thinks we do not know the difference between the huckster and the farmer, and should permit the market to be run for the benefit of a number of country traders while as a matter of fact we want the farmer to come to the market and will guarantee to provide all the stand space they require, and will only ask them to pay tolls, while we do not care how soon the traders stop coming.

Increase in Revenues.

He says the market revenues are going behind. If such be the case, some philanthropic person must be paying up the difference, as the revenue for the year the commission form of government has been in force, and just ended, is greater than for any year since the market was built. The increase for the months of January, February, March and April of 1913 as against the same months in 1912 was $450, and the month of May, 1913, as against the month of May, 1912, will be over $100, and I cite the latter months to show just how much the public is losing, as per McAuley's statement. These increases are altogether in connection with the tolls, and show to what extent the farmers or their produce are being carried away from the market as an avenue of sale.

He says that he has looked pretty closely into the revenue of the market, and is satisfied that the city is losing at least $2,500 a year and all through my ideas of running the market. Well, if that is so, I am obliged to him for the information, and will proceed to gather in a few more ideas and try to secure a portion at least of that $2,500 for the city.

Regarding his fear that a combine will secure control of the farm produce coming into St. John, I would say that the greatest fear at present is not quite along that line. The real fear is that a number of parties who were privileged to do about as they liked in the past will have to submit to proper methods in dealing with the market proposition and as most of them would prefer to return to the old methods, recognized under the aldermanic regime, I think they will have to wait some time, and for their benefit would say that the best they can hope for is that the worst possible conditions accruing from commission government will never be bad enough to warrant this city ever returning to aldermanic form of government.

Yours respectfully,
H. R. McLELLAN,
Commissioner Public Safety.
St. John (N. B.), Saturday, May 31.

NORTH FORKS NOTES

North Forks, May 28—Jonah Mullin passed away at his home Saturday evening at 7 o'clock. He had been confined to his bed for the past seven weeks. The funeral took place Monday. Interment was at Briggs Corner cemetery. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Reginald J. Plint, of Chipman.

Joseph Biddiscombe, jr., met with a serious accident this afternoon at Chipman Station. He was seated in the farm wagon and some of the harness on his team became unfastened. He sprang from the wagon to refasten it when his foot slipped and he fell, dislocating his shoulder. He was hurried to Dr. Hay's office and had his shoulder put into place.

Mrs. Mary Curry, who has been confined to her bed suffering from a cancer for five months, died yesterday afternoon. The funeral will be tomorrow. Interment in Briggs Corner cemetery.

OBITUARY

Mrs. John McCracken.

Friday, May 30.

The death of Margaret, wife of John McCracken, took place at her home, Chesley street, yesterday afternoon. She was 60 years of age and had been ill for eight days with pneumonia. She was born in the North of Ireland and came to St. John when a young woman. She is survived by six sons, John, in Medicine Hat; Alexander, George, Thomas, David and Clifford, at home; and three daughters, Mrs. Harry Strayhorn and Mrs. Samuel Hilson, in Saskatchewan, and Mrs. Ernest Miller, Providence (R. I.) The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from her late residence, 171 Chesley street.

William Gaskin.

Friday, May 30.

The sincere sympathy of a host of friends will be etxended to William G. Gaskin, of the staff of Vassie & Company, and his wife in the loss of their three-year-old son, Willie, whose death occurred yesterday morning in the epidemic hospital. The lad, who was a bright little boy, broke his leg while playing about their home in Kennedy street about seven weeks ago, and was taken to the General Public Hospital, where he steadily improved. About three weeks ago it was thought that he would soon be able to leave that institution but he developed a case of measles. His condition was not serious and it was thought that he would be discharged last Saturday but then it was found that he had diptheria and the boy became worse. He passed away yesterday morning.

Mrs. Andrew Ritchie.

Andover, N. B., May 28—On Tuesday the funeral of Mrs. Ritchie, widow of Andrew Ritchie, took place from her late residence, interment being made in the Church Cemtery at Bairdsville. Mrs. Ritchie had been a great sufferer from cancer for the last year and all that medical aid and good nursing could do was done to relieve her suffering. Rev. Mr. Hopkins officiated at the funeral. She leaves three children, Mrs. Lee Bedell, of Andover; George, of Presque Isle, and Hubert of Perth, also two sisters and five brothers to mourn their loss.

Mrs. Robert Gabbie

Saturday, May 31.

At the residence of her son-in-law, W. H. Banks, 122 Pitt street, Mrs Robt. Gabbie died early yesterday morning in the 84th year of her age. She had been ill some months. Four duaghters survive her, Mrs. Wm. J. Youngclaus, Mrs. Thomas Jenkins and Mrs. W. H. Banks of St. John and Mrs. George A. Currie of Grand Junction, Colorado.

Miss Lena Daley.

Saturday, May 31.

The death of Lena, daughter of Sarah and the late Michael Daly, took place yesterday afternoon. She had been suffering from heart trouble during the last three months. She was very popular and had been a member of St. Peter's church choir for many years. She is survived by her mother, two brothers, William and Daniel, and one sister, Miss Katie, at home. She had resided with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. William McVey, 87 Douglas avenue. The funeral will take place Monday morning.

John E. Martin.

Saturday, May 31.

News reached the city yesterday morning telling of the sudden death of John E. Martin at Chapel Grove on Thursday. He had been in good health up the time of his death and the news was a great shock to his friends. He had been about his house the day before and had not been complaining of ill-health, but it is thought that he never awoke from the slumber into which he fell on Wednesday night. A neighbor missing him about the house Thursday morning called there at noon, and found him lifeless on a lounge.

Mr. Martin, who was fifty-nine years of age, had lived practically all his life at Chapel Grove, where he was respected by a large number of friends. He was unmarried, and is survived by one brother, Thomas Martin, also of that place, and two sisters, Mrs. Frank Morton, and Miss Nellie Martin in Portland, Me.

The funeral will be this morning from the residence of his brother, Thomas, with requiem mass at St. Bridgett's church. Coaches will leave Scott's corner at eight o'clock.

Miss Elsie Belding.

Saturday, May 31.

The death of Elsie, second daughter of Wallace E. and Annie T. Belding, of Chance Harbor, took place on Thursday evening in the General Public Hospital here. She was taken to the hospital about four weeks ago suffering from tuberculosis of the spine and it was thought that her condition was greatly improved. About three weeks ago she contracted measles and was taken to the epidemic hospital. Later diphtheria developed and she passed away Thursday evening at 6.15 o'clock. Much sympathy will be expressed for the bereaved parents. Miss Belding was fourteen years of age. Two brothers and two sisters survive. The funeral will take place this morning at 10.30 o'clock. Interment will be in Cedar Hill.

Elias H. Robinson.

Monday, June 2.

After nearly a year's illness, Elias Hamilton Robinson, a widely known and much respected citizen, died on Saturday at his home, 247 Douglas avenue. Mr. Robinson was in the sixty-seventh year of his age. He was born in Albert county. For nearly forty years he had been engaged in the lumbering business, during which time he had gathered around him a large host of friends. He was of a retiring disposition, but a man of sterling character. He is survived by his wife, one daughter, Harriet, in Massachusetts, and one son, Edward Walker, at home. H. P. Robinson, president of the Atlantic Bond Co., Ltd., is a nephew. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

Mrs. Ann Fuller.

Monday, June 2.

The death of Mrs. Ann Fuller occured at the residence of her son in Fairville yesterday. She had been ill for several months. She is survived by her son, Frederick, of Fairville. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning from her son's residence, 90 Main street, Fairville, at 7.30 o'clock. High mass will be celebrated in St. Rose's church.

To bleach handkerchiefs, add some slices of lemon to the water they are boiled in. Another method is to wash the handkerchiefs and then soak them over night in water with a little cream of tartar in it.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

(The opinions of correspondents are not necessarily those of The Telegraph. This newspaper does not undertake to publish all or any of the letters received. Unsigned communications will not be noticed. Write on one side of paper only. Communications must be plainly written; otherwise they will be rejected. Stamps should be enclosed if return of manuscript is desired in case it is not used. The name and address of the writer should be sent with every letter as evidence of good faith.—Ed Telegraph.)

Kings County Health Matters.

To he Editor of The Telegraph.

Sir,—Will you be so kind as to allow me sufficient space in your valuable paper to call the attention of the provincial government and the public to the manner in which the Public Health act is being carried out in this place.

Let me explain that, in common with all law-abiding citizens I recognize that the act was put upon the statute book for good and wise purposes, and that if prudence and common sense are used in its enforcement much good may result.

The chairman of the local board of health is Dr. F. H. Wetmore, and his high-handed and arbitrary methods have done much to make the act unpopular and have also inflicted serious damage upon me as well as others.

The county council asked the local government to remove him from the chairmanship, but received no satisfaction. The alleged grievance then was his expensive methods.

Since that time I have had a personal experience with this gentleman which certainly was the reverse of pleasant.

He came to my house in Hampton Village and took four children off the street where they were amusing themselves innocently and caused them to be confined in a room with their mother, declaring they should be so confined for six weeks.

I secured the written certificate of three several doctors to the effect that the children were not suffering from any disease and that they presented no indications of having had any disease, but it was all to no effect. The decree had been made and my family had to suffer.

Then again this same official evidently inflated with the knowledge of his power visited houses in Norton and Upham, declaring that inmates were suffering from scarlet fever.

In his report to the county council he tells of 15 cases of scarlet fever at Passekeag and yet I find that two houses were quarantined. The first had two occupants, an old lady of about eighty years and one child; the other had the parents and seven children, making eleven in all. In this connection I would ask a careful perusal of the accompanying copy of a letter from Mr. John Kennedy, which explains how the chairman of the local board of health treated him and his family.

The expense attached to this quarantining and fumigating is very considerable and should not be incurred unless necessary. Treatment such as Mr. Kennedy and myself have received is not good advertising to induce settlers to come to this county.

If it be true as stated in your paper some time since that the governments of the western provinces valued every new settler at $500, how much care ought to be taken in the matter not to drive citizens away and prevent others from coming in.

This, Sir, is no political grievance, because a majority of the county council is Conservative, and Liberals and Conservatives alike asked for the removal of Dr. Wetmore.

When the county council discussed health matters with the chairman at its last session he appealed to them on the ground it was a difficult position and by no means a pleasant one. Granted, if you please. Why, then, does he retain office against and in spite of the public outcry? It cannot be for financial reasons, since the doctor (a bachelor) is credited with being worth from $50,000 to $60,000. If, however, he still persists in running things in direct and open violence of the expressed wish of the public through their representatives it must be attributed to zeal in the cause.

If that be the case, I would ask him why he has not had the remains of a dead dog removed from the bounds of what is known as the Dutch Point road in our village? This menace to public health has been lying there for three months and within 200 feet of houses on each side of it.

The doctor may continue for a time to override the public opinion, but I am greatly mistaken if a day of reckoning does not come when our farmers will insist that such an expensive, overbearing and arbitrary official shall be turned down.

Thanking you for the space so kindly afforded, I am,

Yours very truly,
JOHN L. COLEMAN, J. P.
Hampton Village, K. C., May 28, 1913.

COPY.

To the Council of Kings County:

I beg to inform you that Dr. Wetmore was at my house the first week in July. He ordered my wife, who was sick in bed and who had been sick in bed for the last five years, out of the house, as he wanted to fumigate the house. Mrs. Kennedy and the whole family were obliged to sleep in the barn that night, as it was impossible to stay in the house. The consequence was my wife got more cold and I was obliged to get Dr. McAlister, of Sussex, to attend her. Now the only ground Dr. Wetmore had for doing this was because I kept the children home from school about a week the last of March because they had a cold. Dr. Wetmore said that must have been scarlet fever, therefore your house must be fumigated. He fumigated the house. I told him I would not pay for it. He said, "If you don't some one else will." I might say that Dr. Wetmore left some liquid and asked me to wash the dog and cat with it.

(Signed) JOHN KENNEDY.
Passekeag, K. C., Jan. 27, 1913.

WIRELESS AND THE FISHERMEN.

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir,—In your issue of May 28 I read with interest about using the "wireless" to further the interests of the fishermen. Concerning such an undertaking I have little to say, but what appeals to my sense of humor is the idea of the officers belonging to the Eastern Steamship Company lending their aid to a scheme for the benefit of the fishermen when the company's boats during the salmon season apparently try to do as much damage to the fishermen's nets as is possible.

The direct boat very rarely tries to clear the nets, and seldom ever alters her course when a few hundred yards would save the fisherman much annoyance and many dollars worth of gear.

If the officers of these boats would try to keep clear of the salmon nets during the months of June and July they would help the Bay of Fundy fishermen more than by the use of "wirless."

Thanking you for space in your valuable paper, I remain,

Yours truly,
A FISHERMAN.
Chance Harbor (N. B.), May 30.

TWENTY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THE SUMMER SCHOOL OF SCIENCE.

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir,—Allow me a small space in your valuable paper to say a few words to the teachers of New Brunswick in regard to the Summer School of Science which will be held this year at Halifax (N. S.) from July 8 to 29.

Teachers who intend remaining in the profession for one or more years are making a great mistake if they do not avail themselves of this opportunity for improvement. I think there are few teachers who do not feel themselves deficient in some of the many subjects we are required to teach, and the Summer School has been organized for the purpose of helping "good teachers" to be "better."

Besides the direct increase of knowledge at this school there will be many refreshing amusements and pleasing and instructive scenery.

To the teachers of Queens, New Brunswick: There have been four or more scholarships offered which teachers from this county only can compete for.

The associate secretaries in the different counties have endeavored to supply every teacher in the province with a calendar for the session of 1913. If there are any who have not received one they should write J. D. Seaman, Charlottetown (P. E. I.) and get one at once.

BESSIE B. KELLEY,
Associate Secretary.

WEDDINGS

Seeley-Kellier.

Friday, May 30.

The marriage of Miss Edna May Kellier, of Montreal, and Edgar Seeley, of Fort William, was solemnized last evening at 8.15 o'clock at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Rothesay McLaughlin, 66 Elliot row, by the Rev. R. A. Armstrong. Only the relatives and friends of the bride and groom were present. The bride was gowned in white silk poplin with lace and pearl trimmings and wore a veil and orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Lydia Marvin, was attired in pale blue charmeuse silk. Litle Miss Jean McLaughlin, niece of the bride, who acted as flower girl, wore a blue net frock trimmed with rose buds, and a blue hat. Mr. and Mrs. Seeley will leave tonight for Montreal, Toronto, Niagara and Detroit, and will make their home at Fort William.

Munro-Bradshaw.

A pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. C. Weldon, 94 Prudhomme avenue, Montreal, on Tuesday evening, May 27, when Mrs. Weldon's sister, Miss Cora M. Bradshaw, was united in marriage to William A. Munro, Jr., by Rev. A. S. Jones. The bride was dressed in a suit of velvet with satin and lace trimmings and carried a bouquet of white roses and lillies of the valley. After the ceremony luncheon was served. The happy pair will spend their honeymoon in Montreal and other Canadian cities. The groom's present to the bride was a gold locket. Among the presents received was a purse of gold from the engineering staff of the public works department at St. John, where the groom is employed.

Mr. and Mrs. Munro will reside in St. John.

Hamm-Ward.

A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday evening when Rev. Wilfred Gaetz united in marriage William A. Hamm, son of Andrew Hamm, of West St. John, to Miss Beatrice P., second daughter of Mrs. Annie R. Ward, of 7 Golding street.

The bride was becomingly attired in a costume of grey whipcord with a white hat trimmed with ostrich feathers and carried a bouquet of violets. She received many costly and beautiful presents, including a substantiti check from the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Hamm drove to their future home, 15 Middle street, West St. John.

PLAN IMTROVEMENTS AT ROTHESAY COLLEGE

Considerable extensions to the residencies at Rothesay Collegiate School are being planned for the near future. The north residency, which now accommodates thirty students, will be enlarged so as to take in fifty-five, making three flats in this building with bath rooms on each floor. The reading room and library will be twice as large as at present. In the basement there will be a well equipped gymnasium.

The south house will also be changed and improved. The ell, which contains the kitchen, will be torn down and a new kitchen built. An extra story will be added to provide more room for the servants.

CONDENSED NEWS: LOCAL AND GENERAL

Dunbar's foundry at Woodstock, which was damaged by fire on Friday, was insured for $1,000 in the Property Insurance Company, $1,000 in the Anglo-American and $1,000 in the Montreal Canada. The machinery was insured for $3,000 divided equally between the London and Equity companies, for which J. M. Queen is agent.

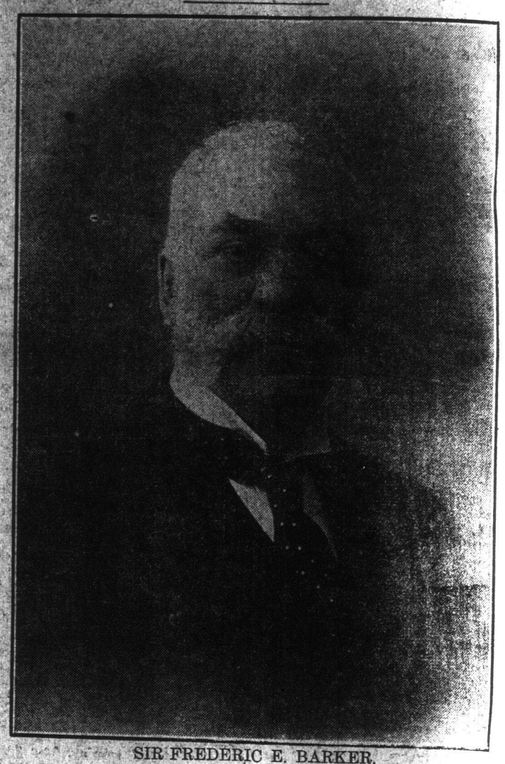
A genuine nature story comes from St. Martins of a resident who found a young moose in the woods showing great distress and unable to stand. He carried the animal home and by careful nursing has restored it to its full strength. The moose, it is said, will now follow him about his farm like a dog and appears grateful for having its life saved.

At the board of health offices last week seventeen deaths were recorded from the following causes: hemephlegia three, pneumonia two, and one each from senility, inanition, measles, myocarditis, endocarditis, acute nephritis, premature birth, chronic bronchitis, broncho pneumonia, cancer of stomach, carcinoma of intestines and dermatitis.

To protect comforters from soil, cat stich a strip of cheesecloth 12 inches wide on the top of the comforter and embroider initials in the middle strip.

CHIEF JUSTICE BARKER, KNIGHTED, MAY RETIRE

Distinguished New Brunswick Jurist Included in List of King's Birthday Honors—Crowning of Long Career in Public Service—Other Canadians Honored.



SIR FREDERIC E. BARKER.

Ottawa, June 2—A cablegram received at Government House announces that King George has been pleased to confer the following honors:

K. C. M. G.—Sir Lomer Gouin, premier of the province of Quebec.

Knights Bachelor—Chief Justice Barker, of New Brunswick; Chief Justice Davidson, of the supreme court at Montreal; Hugh John Macdonald, chief magistrate of the city of Winnipeg.

C. M. G.—Allwyn Creighton, law clerk of the senate; Alexander Lang, a member of the Pacific cable board.

Imperial Service Order—William Cochrane Bowles, clerk of votes and proceedings of the house of commons.

William Joseph Lynch, chief clerk of the patents branch, department of agriculture.

General Sir John Denton French is promoted to field marshal. No peerages are created.

Major General Otter, inspector general of Canadian forces, M. C. V. O., C. B., chief military adviser to minister of militia, is created Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

Sir Frederic E. Barker's Career.

Frederic Eustache Barker was born at Sheffield (N. B.), Dec. 27, 1838. He was educated in the Sunbury Grammer school, and the University of New Brunswick, where he received the degree of B. A. in 1856 and M. A. in 1858. He received the degree of B. C. L. in 1861 and five years later became a D. C. L. He was entered as a barrister in 1861, and was president of the Barristers' Association of New Brunswick in 1880. He was made a K. C. by the Earl of Dufferin in 1878. He became a puisne judge of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick in 1898. He was an arbitrator in connection with the Eastern Extension railway's claim in 1900. He became chief justice of New Brunswick in 1908. He was a member of the senate and an examiner in law at the University of New Brunswick, and was formerly chairman of the board of school commisisoners of St. John. He represented St. John in the house of commons in the interests of the Conservatives 1885-1887. His wife was Mary Ann, daughter of B. E. Black, of Halifax (N. S.) He is an Anglican and also holds membership in the Cedars and the Union Club.

Announcement of the honoring of the chief justice will be very heartily received in the province and it has been generally believed that with this signal recognition of his long and honorable career that he would retire. In this event there will be two positions on the supreme court bench to fill, and there will be some very interesting speculation as to the personnel of the new judges.

ST. JOHN GIRL WINS HONORS

MISS ROSALIE WATERMAN.

who graduated from the St. John High School with highest honors and has just completed a very successful year at McGill. During the last year she led her class in arts and won the Annie McIntosh for the highest standing. When Miss Waterman entered McGill she won a scholarship at a special examination for advanced matriculants and in her freshman year carried off the Coster prize for the best standing among the arts students of the maritime provinces.

While at St. John High School Miss Waterman was a class leader throughout her course. She won the governor-general's silver medal in grade X. In grade XI. she graduated first in her class and read the valedictory. In the provincial matriculation examination Miss Waterman won the corporation gold medal for the highest standing among St. John students and the Parker silver medal for mathematics. In the competition open to students of that year she carried off the Ellis medal for composition.

Miss Waterman returns in the fall to McGill, where she will resume her studies as a member of the junior class.

Cheese balls to serve with salad are good made of Parmesan and cottage cheese.

N. B. RAILROADER SNAPPED AT 'FRISCO

D. A. McKendrick, of Woodstock (N. B.), was one of the New Brunswick delegates in attendance at the convention of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, which has just closed its annual meeting in San Francisco. Mr. McKendrick caught the San Francisco enthusiasm for the Panama Pacific exposition in that city in 1915, says the San Francisco Call, and is expected to return home a booster for that big show. As evidence of how he felt over the subject the accompanying sketch of the popular railroader is reproduced from the Call of May 26.

WANTS RIGHT MEN IN POLITICAL LIFE

(Continued from page 1.)

Dr. MacKenzie spoke eloquently of the work of the missions and the great opportunity which was now offered to Christian churches.

"Come over and help us," was China's call to Canada. China, hitherto the plaything of European chancellories, looked to this country, not only for religious guidance, but also political light.

Dr. MacKenzie spoke very eulogistically of the new president of China and the new republic. The appeal of the government for the prayers of the Christian church indicated how open they were to Christian influence. The breath of God was abroad through the land.

A convenient use for an old wash boiler is to stand it on the back porch, put into it all the waste paper and trash to be burned, and when full, set a match to it.