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The extraordinary fur values now being offered at Dineen's, 140 Young street, are drawing crowds eager to buy as much as resources will permit. They realize that furs of reliable Dineen quality will double in price next season at the clearing prices that the Dineen Co. have marked their goods. Many people are buying for next season to save the increased price.

Fur Coats, Capes, Muffs, Neckpieces and Coatees, all made from the choicest skins—Sable, Mink, Ermine, Fox, Beaver and Lynx. Without further delay it would pay you to investigate the price-cutting on all furs for a short time longer at Dineen's, 140 Young street.

**FOR SALE**  
FACTORY SITE, QUEEN STREET WEST, SOUTHEAST CORNER MASSEY. Twelve-foot lane in rear. Light on three sides. Six houses on property, earning \$1,784 per annum.  
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 88 King Street East, Main 5450.

**PROBS:** Mostly fair and warmer; showers at night.

# The Toronto World

MONDAY MORNING MARCH 15 1920

40TH YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,369

TWO CENTS

**FOR SALE**  
APARTMENT HOUSE, WINDSOR ST., NEAR PARLIAMENT, \$20,000.  
Containing five suites and janitor's quarters. Three garages in rear. Rents total \$7,500 per annum.  
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## OPPOSING FORCES IN GERMANY PREPARE FOR CIVIL WAR

### New German Chancellor Says Treaty Will Be Fulfilled—If Possible

**THE PEACE TREATY TO STAND OR FALL BY TODAY'S VERDICT**

Expected That Issues of Long Struggle Will Be Thrust Into Campaign.

**REPUBLICANS ARE SOLID**

Washington, March 14.—The senate's verdict on article ten, by which ratification of the peace treaty will stand or fall, will be pronounced tomorrow. An unanimous consent agreement provides for a final vote before adjournment.

Compromise advocates in both parties, although hopeless of results, are still working to secure the adoption of reservation which would command enough support to insure ratification. Some hoped that might be reached by alterations to the Republican substitute presented Friday; others, that the substitute as it stands would be accepted by the requisite number of Democrats. Both possibilities are admittedly remote.

The irreconcilables swung back into the Republican ranks Saturday, so the Republican leaders count on a solid party line-up, constituting a majority of the senate, in favor of the substitute and against any proposal to change it.

This is expected to lead to adoption of the Republican substitute reservation instead of that adopted last November, and this will mean that the treaty will again fall of ratification and that the issues of the long struggle will be thrust undecided into the political campaign.

It is generally conceded that recent events in Europe will have little bearing on the treaty discussion, bringing up matters of policy that already have been debated thoroughly. It is now predicted that a vote on ratification itself may be expected Wednesday or Thursday.

**BECK FORESHADOWS A BIG PROJECT**

Tells London Delegation That He Looks to Support of Both Governments.

London, Ont., March 14.—"I feel that there is responsibility on my shoulders so far as the province is concerned," said Sir Adam Beck to a delegation of London business men, who, together with members of the London & Port Stanley Railroad Commission, Public Utilities Commission, city and railroad officials which welcomed him on his arrival in the city at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Sir Adam, who has been absent in England for three months, during part of which time he and Lady Beck were seriously ill, looked very fit, and spoke with his wonted energy. Lady Beck was unable to accompany him alone, but it is expected that she will be well enough to make the trip in a short time.

Referring to local matters, Sir Adam remarked that "Affairs in London are being carried on under normal conditions in direction than mine, but there is a big project under way which I may be asked to consider, and if I am I know that we shall be strenuously opposed. We are not set thru the wilderness as we are in public ownership is concerned. The interests will oppose us, but we hope to have the co-operation of both governments, and we feel that the elections of the various municipalities point to their hearty support." Sir Adam did not decide what the big project to which he referred was.

It is expected that as chairman of the London and Port Stanley Railroad Sir Adam will almost immediately take part in municipal affairs and will in all probability attend the city council meeting and take part in the discussion of the City of London bill, which contains a clause authorizing the issue of \$100,000 debentures for capital expenditure on the London and Port Stanley Railroad.

Sir Adam traveled from Buffalo to St. Thomas on the Michigan Central Railroad, and was met in that city by the delegation which will leave on a special London and Port Stanley car to welcome him home. On arrival in London Sir Adam and party were the guests of Philip Pook at the Tenthmish House.

**CONTINUED COLD WEATHER HAS CREATED HEAVY FUR BELLING AT DINEEN'S.**

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**RAILWAYS AND SHIPPERS TO BATTLE ON FREIGHT RATES**

Railway Commission To Take Up Matter of Prepayment on Freight to Points in United States.

Montreal, March 14.—One of the most important business battles ever staged in eastern Canada will open Tuesday at Ottawa when the railway commission will take up the matter of the proposed refusal by the Canadian railways to accept prepayment of freight going to points in the United States. Complainants are the Montreal Board of Trade, the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, the Toronto Board of Trade and many other trade associations, "against the regulation of the railway companies, effective March 1, 1920, directing their agents not to accept prepayment of charges from shippers on freight traffic from Canada to the United States, except on such classes of traffic as the freight classification of tariffs requires prepayment."

**NEW YORK TO RUN MOTOR BUS SYSTEM**

Will Purchase Two Hundred to Solve Transportation Difficulties.

Special to The Toronto World.

New York, March 14.—With the declaration that it was only the beginning of city operation of buses, Mayor Hylan yesterday led the members of the board of estimate in voting for an appropriation of \$1,400,000 to purchase 200 motor buses for the city to be run on routes to be determined later.

The present municipal bus lines, established primarily to take the place of abandoned surface lines, are under the supervision of Commissioner Grover A. Whalen of the department of plant and structures, but are privately operated. The new lines when installed will place the city in direct competition with the surface lines in Manhattan, as well as in the other boroughs, and as they increase and multiply are expected to spell the doom of the already embarrassed surface lines. Mayor Hylan, as recently as the last hearing on the traction situation before the board of estimate Wednesday, declared the solution of the transit problem lay in operating city buses instead of surface cars, in conjunction with the subway and elevated lines.

**ARMENIANS URGE PROMPT RELIEF**

Tell Committee at Constantinople They Are About to Be Annihilated.

Constantinople, March 14.—The Armenian leader at Hadjin, northwest of Marash, has sent the following despatches to the Armenian committee at Constantinople:

"March date missing—Take immediate steps for relief. We shall be annihilated."

"March 6.—We beg you for the last time, as danger is imminent, do all you can. We shall be massacred. Come to our relief."

There are approximately 7,000 Armenian refugees in Hadjin. Three women members of the American committee for the relief in the near east are also there.

A British squadron of five super-dreadnoughts of the Revenge class, which has been cruising and engaging in target practice in the Sea of Marmora and along the Syrian coast for several days, returned to Constantinople and anchored in the Bosphorus this morning.

**Salvador and Venezuela Join As Members of the League**

London, March 14.—Salvador and Venezuela have deposited their declarations of assent to the covenant of the league of nations, thus completing the list of 15 nations invited to become original members of the league.

**KING LUDWIG TO RETURN**

Berne, March 14.—Former King Ludwig of Bavaria plans to return to his country in the spring and live in one of his castles.

**WOULD NOW RETURN TO PARTY LINES**

Central Liberal-Conservatives Prepare for General Reorganization.

At a special meeting of the Central Liberal-Conservative Association of Toronto, held in Victoria Hall on Saturday evening, it was decided that the Liberal-Conservative organization in Toronto should return to party lines.

The decision was embodied in the following resolution which was passed by the association:

"That in the opinion of this association the time has now arrived to return to party lines, and it is further suggested that the Liberal-Conservative party proceed to reorganize on a broad, patriotic, national basis without delay."

A comprehensive plan of reorganizing the party in Toronto was also outlined.

**GANG OF CHINESE GO ON RAMPAGE**

Armed With Hatchets, Attack Countrymen, Seriously Injuring Two.

Two Chinamen were injured at 8 o'clock last night when a gang of Chinamen armed with hatchets and pieces of iron bars raided a club-room on 17 1/2 Elizabeth street, situated in to beat every person in the room. Yee Bong, aged 35 years, of 99 west Queen street, was struck over the head with a hatchet, inflicting a nasty scalp wound. Doctors in the General Hospital stated the skull had not been fractured, but they consider Bong's condition as serious. Wong Sam, Albert street, was struck with a piece of iron bar, causing a large swelling.

Frank Chu, 1155 West Dundas street, and Chow Dou, 256 Avenue road, are under arrest charged with wounding. The other members of the gang made good their escape thru a crowd of several hundred Chinamen who gathered around the entrance to the building when the rush on the premises was made.

**FRED PARDEE, M.P., FOR PROTECTION**

Ex-Liberal Whip Breaks With Free-Trade Wing of His Party.

Montreal, March 14.—Addressing the Reform Club here Saturday, Mr. Fred Pardee, M.P. for East Lambton and ex-liberal whip, dissociated himself from the free trade wing of his party, and stated that Canada must have a protective policy for two reasons—first, because of the necessity of protecting Canadian industry, and secondly, because of the need of revenue. Mr. Pardee believed that the present tariff of 42 1/2 per cent was too high, and that the average should be 25 per cent, which would increase to 8 per cent. excise tax. He added that he thought the farmers would be the first to object if the tariff should be abolished and all revenue had to be raised by direct taxation.

**EMINENT LAWYER TAKEN BY DEATH**

T. C. Robinette, Sr., Dies Sunday, Following Apoplectic Stroke.

On Sunday morning death took from Toronto one of her most outstanding personalities and one of Canada's greatest criminal lawyers in the person of T. C. Robinette, Sr. At 11 o'clock on Saturday night Mr. Robinette was in the best of health at his residence, 60 Spadina road. At 11:30 he suffered an apoplectic stroke, and at 1 o'clock on Sunday morning he had passed away. He is survived by his wife, nee Edith May Lindsay, of Pickering, whom he married in 1899. He had four sons and one daughter. His eldest son, Thomas Lindsay Robinette, is a law student in his father's office. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 3 o'clock from Trinity Methodist Church.

**RED ARMY DISORDERED BY ITS RECENT DEFEAT**

Warsaw, March 10.—Official despatches indicate that the bolshevik army is in disorder behind the line of River Dnieper after its recent defeat by the Poles. Several detachments have mutinied. War spoils of the Poles include 13 river steamships, as well as guns and ammunition.

**AMON DE VALERA TO REVIEW IRISH PARADE IN NEW YORK**

New York, March 14.—Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," will review the St. Patrick's Day parade in New York next Wednesday.

## TWO GERMAN GOVERNMENTS MATCHING WITS AND FORCES TO CONTROL THE REPUBLIC

**HANDED OVER FLEET TO NEW GOVERNMENT**

London, March 14.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Hamburg, dated Saturday, states it is reported from Kiel that the naval commander there has handed over the German fleet to the new Berlin government.

Shots were exchanged between the torpedo boats in the harbor and workmen in the naval dockyard at Kiel Saturday afternoon, says a despatch to the Central News quoting The Berlingske Tidende's Kiel correspondent as confirming the surrender of the fleet. Marines are now occupying the dockyard. A general strike has been declared by all the workers, except those in the gas and water plants.

**NEW GOVERNMENT NOT MONARCHIST, SAYS LUETTWITZ**

Organized to Fight Bolshevism, But Must Command Bigger Army.

Copenhagen, March 14.—Major-General Baron von Luettwitz, minister of defence in the new revolutionary government in Berlin, has been interviewed by a correspondent of The Morning Post at the time he was in the room in the admiralty once occupied by Gustav Noske, the former minister of defence. He said that one ground for overthrowing the old regime was that no serious work was being done under it.

"We considered it an urgent necessity to take action for the protection of Europe against danger from the east," said von Luettwitz. "England is doing nothing and can do nothing to stay the advance of Bolshevism. Prussia must take a hand in it."

"We must have more than the 100,000 men permitted by the entente. How are we to combat Bolshevism, with that handful of men?"

General von Luettwitz said the new government had no monarchist tendencies. The correspondent observed, however, that "his tone was not particularly convincing."

**ALLIES TO REFRAIN FROM INTERVENTION**

Will Inform German Government That Terms of Treaty Must be Rigidly Executed.

Paris, March 14.—The German coup d'etat is described by French writers as not unexpected or surprising. When Premier Millerand had received sufficiently explicit details, he is said by the Paris papers to have convoked a conference of the ambassadors, which deliberated until 7 o'clock last night, and reached the determination that the entente governments would not intervene in German internal affairs.

The conference resolved also to inform the German de facto government, whichever it might be, of the intention of the allies to exact execution of the treaty of Versailles more firmly than ever.

This action was interpreted by the Paris papers to be an answer to Major-General von Luettwitz's declaration that the new German government was ready to execute the reasonable clauses of the treaty, the word "reasonable" being seized upon by many of the papers for emphasis.

Some of the writers refer to recent neutral and allied warnings that an attempt to demand too much in Germany would overturn the government and bring the militarist party into power, contending that this is disproved by the event.

**JEWELRY DISAPPEARED.**

The police are investigating the theft of a trunk containing about \$2000 worth of jewelry, which was stolen from the Union Station on Saturday. The jewelry was the property of T. Arthur Dickens, wholesale jeweler, 8 Leader lane. The various articles of jewelry were being shipped, and so far the theft is believed to have been from the station. A description of the trunk and a list of its contents were furnished the police department by the jewelry firm Saturday, when the case was reported.

**70,000 Portuguese Workers Added to List of Strikers**

London, March 14.—Seventy thousand workers in the building trades in Portugal have been added to the ranks of the strikers in that country, according to advices received yesterday.

**Ebert Calling on Socialists and Workers to Use Strike Weapon—Revolution in Berlin Bloodless, But Ominous Signs of Coming Clashes—New Government Declared to Be Not Reactionary—Will Carry Out Treaty If Possible.**

**BERLIN HEAVILY ARMED FOR RESISTANCE.**

Berlin, March 15.—The city at this hour is very quiet. There were half a million people in Unter-Den-Linden yesterday, but no clashes with the troops were reported. The military patrols seemed to have the situation in hand, but the real test is expected to come today or tomorrow, when the general strike probably will be in full swing.

Chancellor Kapp today told newspaper correspondents that the government would not hesitate forcibly to suppress any insurrection by strikers.

As yet there is no visible political support for the government, but reports indicate that the new government is winning the support of troops in south Germany and that its prestige has risen considerably since Saturday.

Berlin, March 14.—The two governments of Germany are now matching wits and forces to gain control of the republic. Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, who proclaimed the new order at Berlin and himself chancellor, is employing all his efforts to assure the German people that government under him and those he selects to administer affairs will mean true democracy, increased productivity and conservation of the rights of the working people.

Friedrich Ebert, president of the old government, who, with most of his ministers, hastily withdrew from Berlin when the revolting troops marched in and Kapp and von Luettwitz took control, is variously reported to be at Dresden or Stuttgart, and from his point of security is calling upon the socialists and working classes generally to stand by the old government and to use the strike weapon so that the counter-revolution may be promptly suppressed.

In response to this appeal a general strike has been proclaimed in many places, but in other parts of Germany the call for a strike has not been received with favor.

A bloodless revolution thus far has characterized the movement upon Berlin, where the people are viewing events with that serenity to which they have been accustomed by the occurrences of recent years. There is, however, an under current of anxiety, because barbed wire entanglements have been thrown up in front of the great public buildings, near Unter-Den-Linden and Wilhelmstrasse, and cannon and machine guns are posted at the cross streets and other points of vantage, and guards heavily armed are stationed thruout the city. This is an ominous sign of possible clashes, when those opposed to the counter-revolution marshal their forces for future action.

There has been constant official reiteration of the statement that the new government is not reactionary; that it does not desire the restoration of the monarchy, but that it has come into office so that Germany may be rehabilitated. Chancellor Kapp, in a statement to the foreign correspondents, said that the conditions of the peace treaty would be fulfilled, so far as they could be reconciled with German honor and Germany's economic condition.

While adherence to the new government has been promised by some of the outside states, Saxony has declared against it, and Bavaria, Wurtemberg and Baden have joined in denouncing the movement, declaring it a crime against the German people that the progressive development of the south German states should be disturbed from Berlin. These states announce their recognition only of the national assembly.

The National party refuses to have relations with the Kapp government, and the Conservative leader, Count Posadowsky, asserts that he will not identify himself with the new chancellor, Hamburg and Darmstadt are said to be irreconcilable.

Saxony Opposes Revolution.

The Saxon proclamation sets forth that Germany is threatened with civil war on account of the military coup, and, therefore, complete ruin, and appeals to the people to protect the democratic, constitutional and lawful government. Following is the proclamation:

Occurrences have taken place in Berlin, which are of the gravest menace to the German constitutional and its constitution. Mad reactionary insurgents have occupied the government buildings and presumed, in a proclamation, to declare the national assembly and the Prussian national assembly dissolved. The members of the constitutional government have left Berlin.

Germany is threatened with civil war, and thereby with complete ruin. In this hour we call upon the entire population to protect the democratic, constitutional and lawful government.

"The attempt to institute a military dictatorship in Berlin must be prevented by all available means. It is expected that the reactionaries' mad coup will speedily collapse in Berlin as well as elsewhere. The government, hand in hand with the liberal constitutional parties, will see that all further necessary measures are adopted.

Hindenburg May Be President.

Meanwhile one of the great figures in the German national life, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, has stepped himself in the background. His former close associate, General Ludendorff, credited with being the brains and moving spirit of the German army in its belligerent days, has had a conference with the new chancellor. What passed between them, of course, is not known. It is possible, however, that von Hindenburg, who is already a candidate for the presidency, may be elected.

(Continued on Page 11, Column 3.)