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ALLIES AT TACK LAUNCHED TODAY GERMANS FURTHER BACK

NO MORE FORMIDABLE FORCE IN ALL EUROPE ARTHUR THAN THE CANADIANS

(Special to The Advertiser.)
Toronto, Aug. 13.—With the Royal Train, Aug. 13.—Having served eighteen months with the Canadians and seen some of the desperately heavy fighting last year at Vimy Ridge, Hill 70, and Passchendaele, I would like to say that in my opinion there is no more formidable fighting force in all Europe at the present day than the Canadian army corps," said his royal highness Prince Arthur of Connaught in an interview with the Star reporter at the headquarters of the Canadian army corps, where he will inspect hospitals and flying schools.

"I was on the staff of No. 4 division headquarters and saw much of the fighting," he continued. "I had to admire the peculiarly aggressive temperament of the Canadians which showed itself particularly in trench raids and such enterprises. And from my point of view I was delighted to observe that wonderful spirit of good fellowship which exists between the Canadian soldiers and the British comrades. Fighting side by side the British soldiers formed an opinion of admiration for the Canadians which must have far-reaching results.

"Canada has every reason in the world to be proud of her soldiers, and as one who fought with them, I know whereof I speak," he said. Prince Arthur is the possessor of a charming personality, and a finely decorative manner which manifested itself frequently during the interview in little personal remarks and in the way he spoke of the work of the Canadians in the United States. He was wearing the uniform of the famous Scots Greys, of which he is a major, and he spoke of the work of the Canadians in the United States. He was wearing the uniform of the famous Scots Greys, of which he is a major, and he spoke of the work of the Canadians in the United States.

PRINCE ARTHUR AT THE NIAGARA TRAINING CAMP

Royal Visitor Reviews Canadian and Polish Troops This Morning.

Niagara Camp, Ont., Aug. 13.—Prince Arthur of Connaught paid a short visit to the Canadian camp and the Polish Niagara Falls on special C. P. R. train, Col. H. C. Bickford, D.O.C., met the prince at the Canadian camp headquarters compound, where the royal visitor was received with the usual military honors.

Horses had been provided for the whole party and the prince was escorted through the lines of the various units. His royal highness had the pleasure of seeing the Polish soldiers going through their routine program as well as receiving a Polish military greeting.

The prince and party left at noon for Beamsville in motor cars provided by the Beamsville aviation camp, and accompanied by several airplanes a few hundred feet overhead. After a short inspection of the royal air force camp at Beamsville the party left for Toronto.

TRAMWAY STRIKE TIES UP MONTEVIDEO CITY

Montevideo, Uruguay, Aug. 13.—Commerce and industry here are virtually paralyzed today as the result of a general strike growing out of the tramway strike which has been in progress for several days and has developed clashes between the workers and the soldiers and police. All the business houses are closed, only a few cafes remaining open, and no newspapers are being printed. The street railway service is at a complete standstill.

Another day as a result of the disorders was reported today. In some instances, the mounted police, in controlling mobs, with their sabres. There has been some destruction of property.

LENINE ISSUES MANIFESTO

Amsterdam, Aug. 13.—A new manifesto advocating the physical annihilation of all counter-revolutionaries has been issued by the Bolsheviks. The manifesto, which is signed by Lenin, is a direct appeal to the revolutionary masses to destroy the enemies of the people. Capital punishment will be inflicted on illicit traders.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 90; lowest, 66. The official temperature for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 81; lowest, 70.

TOMORROW—GENERALLY FAIR.

Toronto, Aug. 13—8 a.m. Forecasts.

Today—Moderate to fresh south to west winds; showers or thunderstorms in some localities; but mostly fair and very warm.

Wednesday—Moderate west and northwest winds; generally fair and moderating.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	70	42	Clear
Calgary	64	42	Clear
Winnipeg	68	46	Fair
Port Arthur	64	40	Fair
Port Stanley	64	40	Fair
Buffalo	64	40	Fair
Kingston	64	40	Fair
Ottawa	64	40	Fair
Montreal	64	40	Fair
Quebec	64	40	Fair
Father Point	64	40	Fair

Showers have been fairly general again in the West, while rain has fallen heavily over Lake Superior. A thunderstorm is reported at Ottawa.

GERMANY CALLS ON AUSTRIA TO ASSIST ON THE WESTERN FRONT

Kaiser Compelled by Enormous Losses To Seek Aid From Ally.

Paris, Aug. 13.—(Havas).—Germany has been compelled to call upon Austria-Hungary for help on the western front, and Austro-Hungarian troops are arriving there. These troops, it adds, are being sent to quiet sectors of the front.

A dispatch from London last night stated it had been ascertained that there was one Austrian division on the western front, but that it had not yet been brought into action.

EMIGRATION OF LABORERS FROM INDIA STOPPED

Those Resident Now in Canada Will Be Permitted to Bring In Families.

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—Great importance is attached in Government circles to the conclusions reached at the imperial war conference in respect to the matter of immigration, more particularly as it affects India and the overseas dominions. Emigration to Canada from India of laboring classes, which has been the cause of considerable difficulty in the past, will be stopped in the future.

The decision reached and which will have this effect was that the several communities of the British Empire, including India, shall enjoy complete control of the composition of its own population by means of restriction of immigration from any other communities.

The representatives of Canada agreed that natives of India now resident in Canada should be allowed to bring in their wives and minor children on the condition that not more than one wife and her children shall be admitted for each Indian.

To the provision for absolute control by each dominion of immigration there was attached by the conference a local arrangement covering temporary residence for purposes of education and visits for purposes of pleasure or business.

SENIOR SHOOT SOLDIER WHO KILLED GUARD

Military Investigation to Follow Fatal Affair at Quebec Camp.

Quebec, Aug. 13.—Henri Vidal, French-Armenian, recently enrolled in a Serbian detachment camped at Lauzon, Quebec, and a Serbian soldier, Ciro Doudjia, are dead as a result of a shooting affair which occurred about 6 o'clock last night.

Vidal, who had not been served with a uniform, was returning to camp after a visit to Quebec, under the influence of liquor. He was stopped by two sentries, who demanded his papers, and after a little discussion, Vidal drew a revolver and shot one of the sentries, killing him instantly. He then turned his gun on the other man, but missed the shot, and the soldier fired two shots into Vidal's body. Vidal died about 15 minutes later.

Coroner Jolicoeur will hold an inquest tomorrow, and a military investigation will also take place.

MRS. SKEFFINGTON FREE

Must Not Return to Ireland Without Permission

London, Aug. 12.—Mrs. F. Skeffington, who since her deposition from Ireland, had been detained in Holloway Prison, has been released. The authorities informed her that she must not return to Ireland without their permission.

Mrs. Skeffington eluded the vigilance of the British police and went to Ireland on August 3. She was arrested in Dublin on August 8. Mrs. Skeffington is the widow of F. Skeffington, formerly editor of the Irish Citizen, who was shot and killed by a British officer during the Sinn Fein rising in Ireland early in 1916.



Advertisement Illustration. The British lion may fall back some times, but there's always a rebound—Baltimore American.

OVER 70,000 GERMAN TAKEN BY ALLIES SINCE JULY 18

Paris, Aug. 13.—Since the beginning of the Allied counter-offensive on July 18 the Allies have taken more than 70,000 prisoners and more than 1,000 guns, the Echo de Paris states today. In addition, it estimates, more than 11,000 machine guns have been captured from the enemy.

CANADIANS ARE VISITED BY Kaiser AND FRENCH PREMIER

Soldiers from the Dominion Are Warmly Congratulated for Their Splendid Work During the Big Offensive.

With the Canadian Forces in the Field, Aug. 13.—By J. F. B. Livesey, Special Correspondent of the Canadian Press, Limited.—During the last two days, the Canadian corps has had the honor to receive several distinguished visitors, but also on the wonderful spirit animating his men, battle weary after three days of savage fighting, yet whose only desire was to be let loose again on the Boche.

The Canadian advanced line has been practically static since Saturday evening. Yesterday the enemy having brought up fresh troops, made a strong counter-attack upon our sector, but the Canadian infantry was too much for him and he retired precipitately, leaving many dead upon the field. It is, however, a fundamental error and an injustice to our own men to describe the enemy as of weakened morale or to say that his rank and file surrendered freely.

Surrendered in Droves.

They surrendered in large droves on Thursday because our barrage was behind them and our cold steel upon them while they lacked entirely any adequate artillery support. These long files of prisoners, swarming suddenly over dusty roads to our rear by no means exhibit any signs of demoralization. They are a somewhat heterogeneous lot, fair-haired men of the north, darker races of Southern Germany, Jews, and equipment and everything that goes to make the physical soldier they are equal to the best. The obscure story of the soul is another matter. They have the look of beaten men. It is not permissible as yet to tabulate the long list of prisoners, guns, heavy and light, and the miscellaneous booty that fell to the Canadians, but it is safe to say that these figures, when published, will satisfy the most sanguine expectations of the Canadian people.

THOUSANDS OF WOMEN IN THE U. S. TO WORK ON RAILROADS

Washington, Aug. 13.—Thousands of women will be drawn into railroad employment within the next few months to take the place of men entering the army and going to other industries, according to plans now being formulated by the railroad administration. Women are to be employed extensively as clerks in railway offices, as expert accountants, ticket sellers, station agents, crossing watchmen, caretakers, and to some extent as track laborers.

A survey of different classifications of railway positions which might be filled by women will be undertaken soon, possibly by a committee of women to be named by Director-General McAdoo. The general policy of railroads, under Government operation will be to pay women the same wages paid men for similar services.

MARSHAL FOCH IN CABLE TO PRINTERS LAUDS THEIR WORK

Tells Members of Typographical Union to Stick to Duty.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 13.—At the opening session of the International Typographical Union in this city yesterday, President Marshal Foch read a cablegram from Marshal Foch addressed to the printers, saying: "The factory life of the French is a post of combat. The duty is not to abandon it before the enemy. My compliments to your union for having understood it so well."

Twenty-four new locals were chartered during the year. A service flag containing 4,328 stars presented to the international union by the Scranton local was dedicated during the day.

HUNS ARE RETREATING AGAIN AS RESULT OF ALLIED DRIVE OPENED ON LONG FRONT TODAY

Launching of Latest Attack Has Broken Down German Resistance—Enemy Destroying Supplies As He Retires—Peronne Again Set On Fire By Boches—Heavy Fighting In Progress Around Fismette.

Paris, Aug. 13.—The Allied forces in Picardy made a heavy attack today along the entire front from Chaumes southward in a determined effort to break the resistance of the enemy.

The Allied artillery now has full control of the converging roads in and out of Noyon, near the southern end of the line, notably that running toward Ham to the north. The difficulty of the enemy in carrying out a retrograde movement is thus markedly increased.

London, Aug. 13.—The French launched an attack this morning on the southern part of Picardy battlefield, and, according to reports, shortly after noon were making progress in the valley of the Oise. The Germans are evacuating their trenches in the bend of the river west of Bailly and the French are occupying them.

To the northwest the French are almost entirely on the crest of the Lassigny Massif, where heavy fighting is in progress.

Only at one corner of the Massif did the Germans appear for the moment to be in possession. This corner is one of the highest bumps on the hills, rising a few feet above the positions now in possession of the French. The French are attacking this hump strongly and there seems every prospect of the action ending in their favor.

When the French get their guns to the top here the enemy's communications with Roye will come under observed fire.

The French are working around Roye to the west and south of this German holding point, almost in the centre of the Picardy battlefield, and now hold high ground in this region. The wooded area around Des Loges, south of Roye, was captured by the French last night, but a German counter-attack drove them out.

The village of L'Econville has been captured by the French and further ground has been gained by them north of the St. Claude farm. (L'Econville is about three and a half miles southeast of Lassigny and virtually on the crest of the ridge overlooking the Oise.)

The enemy is reported destroying villages in his rear. The ruins of Peronne are reported to be burning. Fires have been observed by Allied airmen at various points.

So far thirty German divisions have been identified in the fighting. The enemy's reserves, the indications are, are gradually being exhausted, and he is drawing troops out of the line to extend his flanks and cover any gaps. This is an operation, however, which can only be carried out to a limited degree.

WOMAN RECRUITING "PAL" BATTALION

London, Aug. 13.—Recruiting has begun for a "Pal" battalion of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force for service with the American expeditionary forces. Five thousand women are needed in the women who are friends are invited to enlist together.

GERMANY IN HER HOUR OF DEFEAT MENACED IN THE EAST AND WEST

Peasants in Russia and the Allied Expeditions Add to Kaiser's Troubles.

London, Aug. 13.—Germany, in the bitterest hour of defeat in the west she has yet known, is menaced in the east not only by the advance of the allied expedition, but by the perpetual growing movement of unorganized resistance to her occupation, says the Daily Telegraph in commenting on the situation in Russia.

There is not a part of Russia where German troops are stationed where the commanders have not done all that could be done to hold the people down by force of arms. The task, the newspaper adds, will soon shift from the steady for strong reinforcements, apart from the question of meeting the allied expeditions, the Telegraph continues: "If the enemy is imperiled in the west, he is little better off in the east, and Prussianism is reaping wherever it has sown."

The removal of the German embassy to Tzarkov, says the Daily Chronicle, is an admission by the Germans of intense unpopularity in Russia.

The Daily News says that the salient fact of the political situation in Russia is the failure of the Bolsheviks to provide a rallying point. It believes that the first step toward a solution of the problem, for it would be the emergence in Russia of forces disposed to stand for national self-determination, as against exploitation by Germany.

STRIKE TIES UP STREET CARS IN CITY OF OTTAWA

Railway Employees and Company Are Determined in Their Positions.

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—Not a car is running in Ottawa today as a result of the decision reached early this morning of the street railway employees to go on strike. Residents along the Britannia line were unable to reach the city. Both sides in the wage dispute are determined in their position.

DUTCH STEAMER IS SUNK BY HUN SUB

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 13.—The Dutch steamship Somersdijk, one of the vessels taken over by the United States Government, was sunk by a German submarine off the island yesterday morning. The crew of 31 was brought here today by a naval patrol boat.

The ship was bringing cargo from a Scandinavian port when she was attacked. The crew took to the boats and had been adrift but a short time when the naval vessel reached the scene.

SUB GETS SCHOONER

Nantucket, Mass., Aug. 13.—The auxiliary schooner Earl and Nellie was added today to the list of fishing vessels sunk by a German submarine off the George Bank Saturday. The six members of the crew, picked up 100 miles east of Nantucket and brought here with four survivors of the schooner Anita May, reported that their vessel had been sunk by gunfire after having been looted by a raiding squad from the U-boat.

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London, Aug. 13.—Heavy local fighting is reported in progress at Fismette, on the north bank of the Vesle, where the Franco-American forces are holding the line. The Allies here were attacked by the enemy and forced to retire to the south bank of the river.

An immediate counter-attack was launched, and, according to the latest reports, the old positions of the Allies on the north bank of the river have been restored.

ENEMY PLANES BOMB AMERICANS.

With the American Army in France, Sunday, Aug. 11.—German airplanes dropped bombs on the American positions on the Woivre last night without inflicting damage.

The enemy has sent over balloons carrying propaganda for both American and French corps.

GERMANS EVACUATING BAILLY.

London, Aug. 13.—German troops are evacuating trenches in the river bed of the Oise just west of Bailly, according to news received here early this afternoon. The move has been forced by French pressure in the valley of the Oise.

Bailly is a village situated on the east bank of the Oise, about a mile and three-quarters east of Ribecourt. It is near the southern end of Oursemp Forest, a wooded section which is of great strategic value in that part of the battlefield.

London, Aug. 13.—British troops have gained additional ground north of Roye and on the north bank of the Somme, says the official statement from Field Marshal Haig today.

The Germans delivered a local attack near Focquescourt, on the line between Roye and Chaumes. It was repulsed. The text of the statement reads:

"On the battlefield our troops effected further improvements in their positions north of the Roye road and on the north bank of the Oise."

Continued on Page Three