

publication had been projected by certain persons aspiring to the fame and fortune supposed to be attending the pleasant vocation as editor. These publications having manifested a disposition to misrepresent the Liberal party, while professedly taking no part in politics, the Reformers of Halifax decided to establish a tri-weekly paper of their own to explain their principles to the public.

Accordingly on Wednesday morning, January 24th, 1844, the first number of **BEGINNING OF THE MORNING CHRONICLE** was issued as a tri-weekly, being published on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. From the above it will be seen that the **MORNING CHRONICLE** is now in the sixty-fourth year of its publication, and that the **NOVA SCOTIAN** is in its eighty-fourth year. The daily edition of **THE MORNING CHRONICLE** was not started until twenty years afterwards, in 1864, on the eve of the Confederation campaign.

In the twenty years which had elapsed between 1847 and the date of Confederation, **THE MORNING CHRONICLE** had a number of able editorial writers prominent among whom were William Garvie, who was a very voluminous writer, and was possessed of little ability, and Thomas Garvie, his brother. Mr. Jonathan McCully, the late Judge, wrote the editorials for a great many years, having practically had charge of this department from the year 1857 to 1864. Judge McCully was a very clever and prolific writer and well sustained the high character of the paper. Another editorial writer during the pre-confederation campaign was Jared Troop, who was a member of the Assembly, and for a time Speaker of the House. James Foley, young lawyer, also did some editorial work for the paper—1866 to 1870—as did also another lawyer named William Walsh, both of whom are now dead.