

2. If the privileges or conditions of the licences or certificates referred to in paragraph 1 above, issued by the aeronautical authorities of one Contracting Party to any person or designated airline or in respect of an aircraft operating the agreed services on the routes specified in this Agreement, should permit a difference from the standards established under the Convention, and which difference has been filed with the International Civil Aviation Organization, the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party may request consultations with the aeronautical authorities of that Contracting Party with a view to satisfying themselves that the practice in question is acceptable to them. Failure to reach a satisfactory agreement in matters regarding flight safety will constitute grounds for the application of Article 4 of this agreement.

ARTICLE 7

1. The Contracting Parties agree to provide aid to each other with a view to preventing unlawful seizure of aircraft and other unlawful acts against the safety of aircraft, airports and air navigation facilities and any other threat to aviation security.
2. Each Contracting Party agrees to observe the security provisions required by the other Contracting Party for entry into the territory of the other Contracting Party and to take adequate measures to inspect passengers and their carry-on items. Each Contracting Party shall also give sympathetic consideration to any request from the other Contracting Party for special security measures for its aircraft or passengers to meet a particular threat.
3. The Contracting Parties shall act consistently with applicable aviation security provisions established by the International Civil Aviation Organization identified as the International Standards and Recommended Practices on Security and designated as Annex 17 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation to the extent that such security provisions are applicable to the Contracting Parties. Should a Contracting Party depart from such provisions, the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party may request consultations with the aeronautical authorities of that Contracting Party. Failure to reach a satisfactory agreement will constitute grounds for the application of Article 4 of this Agreement.
4. The Contracting Parties shall act in conformity with the provisions of the Convention on Offences and certain other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft, signed at Tokyo on September 14, 1963, the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft, signed at The Hague on December 16, 1970, and the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation, signed at Montreal on September, 23, 1971.
5. When an incident, or threat of an incident, of unlawful seizure of aircraft or other unlawful acts against the safety of aircraft, airports and air navigation facilities occurs, the Contracting Parties shall assist each other by facilitating communications intended to terminate rapidly and safely such incident or threat thereof.