## LEGAL NOTICE

INTERNATIONAL STEEL CORPORATION, LIMITED.

DUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter, 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act," letters patent have been issued under the Scal of the Secretary of Donald Alexander MacRae, Thomas Wallace Lawson and Harold Ernest McKitrick, partisters; John Fraser MacGregor, accountant, and Harry Riley, law clerk, all of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the following purposes, viz.—(a) To manufacture, produce and deal for the following purposes, viz.—(a) To manufacture, produce and deal coke, stone and all mineral and metallic substances from the ore to the inside products thereof, and also to manufacture and easl in all goods, wares and merchandise in which iron and steel or any other metal is or may be used, and generally in property of every class and description, coliery proprietors, coke manufacturers, paint and color grinders, oil and color men, manufacturers and dealers in cements, oils, paints, pigments and varnishes and other chemical and industrial preparations of every description is all of their respective branches; (b) To purchase, flear of the property, rights, easements and privileges and any interest therein, and to explore, work, exercise, develop, turn to account, deal is, sell or otherwise turn to account the same; (c) To search findlers, iron, because of the property, rights, easements and privileges and any interest therein, and to explore, work, exercise, develop, turn to account, deal is, sell or otherwise turn to account the same; (c) To search findlers, iron, because and their products; (d) To crush, win, gct. quarry, smelt, calcine, refine, dress, amalgamate, manipulate and prepare for market, but and the property is and the property, and the property is the property is the property of the property is the property of the pro

rights or tranchises capable of being used so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company or enhance the value of its undertakings, notwithstanding the provisions of wordenes on any such stock and the of the principal of and interest on any such stock and the of the principal of and interest on any such company; (o) To enter into any arrangement with any authorities, supreme, municipal, local or company; objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such company; (o) To enter into any arrangement with any authorities, supreme, municipal, local or company; objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such such any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out or exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions; (p) To establish and the property of the company of the such and the property of the company of the dependants or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe of gonaratee or any public, general or useful object; (q) To promay expendent of the property and liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company are company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of the subsiness; (s) To construct, acquire and operate vestels, steamboats and barges and to carry on the business of lumbermen, vessel agents, cartage of the company in the company not immediately required, in such manner as may from the company not immediately required, in such manner as may from the purpose of the company; (c) To invest and deal with the turry, for the purpose of the company; (d) To lend money to expendence or unaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company as a going

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 15th day of July, 1913. THOMAS MULVEY,

Under-Secretary of State. BICKNELL, BAIN, MACDONELL & STRATHY,

Solicitors for International Steel Corporation, Limited

## TAKE OUT INSURANCE WHILE YOUNG.

The New York Life in a recent leaflet points out the advantages of taking out insurance at the youngest age possible. A case in point tells how a man insured his life at age 24 in 1872. He is now 65 years of age. On the basis of a \$10.000 ordinary life policy on the annual dividend plan. the premiums paid in 42 years, less dividends, amounted to \$5,866.40. The 1913 premium less dividends would be

\$95.50 By waiting ten years and insuring at age 34 \$95.50 by 1882 the assured would pay premiums for 32 years, less dividend, would dends, for \$6,219. The 1913 premium, less dividend, would be \$148.20. The man who insured at age 24, thus saved than if he had insured at age 34. The insured \$95.50 by waiting ten years for 32 years, less diviwho took out his policy at the younger age, saved money on the sum total of premiums paid, with ten years additional protection and would also save money on future annual