

segments 1, 2 and 3 bright rufous, the rest black with the penultimate white. Terebra black, thick, very nearly as long as the body.

♂—With palpi and four anterior coxæ and trochanters pale, no white patch on the penultimate segment of abdomen. Vancouver.

This species is easily distinguished by its coloration.

BRACONIDÆ.

— *Phylax pacificus*, nov. sp.

♀—Length, .35 inch; terebra about the same length. Brown ferruginous; the head, the pro and mesothorax with the last segments of the abdomen, black. Antennæ black, long, setaceous. Head large, produced behind the eyes; vertex convex. Metathorax ferruginous, punctured. Wings infuscated. Legs ferruginous, all the tibiæ with a small pale ring near the base. Abdomen finely aciculate on the first segment and the basal half of the second, the other ones polished, shining. Terebra black, of the same length as the abdomen. Vancouver.

— *Phylax niger*, nov. sp.

♂—Length .23 inch. Black, with a whitish pubescence. The head much produced behind the eyes. Antennæ long, slender, setaceous. Wings slightly infuscated, the nervures black. Legs rufous, coxæ, tibiæ and the extremity of crura black. Abdomen elongate, black, the first segment with the basal half of the second aciculated. Vancouver.

ENTOMOLOGY BY THE ELECTRIC LAMP.

BY PROF. E. W. CLAYPOLE, AKRON, O.

During the past winter an installation of about 100 arc-lamps was established at Akron, O. They hang as usual over the middle of the street. Early in the summer it was evident that they would afford a fine hunting-ground for the entomologist, and accordingly several members of the Natural History Society of Akron resolved to turn the opportunity to account by making collections of the insects attracted by the light and comparing and noting the results.