(FLORA OTTAWAENSIS.—Continued from page 32.)

readily distinguished from the preceding not only by the shape of the raceme, but by the slender pedicels. May—3.

MENISPERMACEÆ.—Moonseed Family.

MENISPERMUM, L. Moonseed.

81. M. CANADENSE, L. (Canada Moonseed.)

River banks and along streams, generally in woods or thickets. July—2. (B).

BERBERIDACEÆ.—Barberry Family.

BERBERIS, L. Barberry.

82. B. Vulgaris, L. (Common Barberry.)

Introduced from Europe. Occasionally found in woods, as at New Edinburgh, where the seeds were probably dropped by birds.

CAULOPHYLLUM, Michx. Blue Cohosh.

86. C. THALICTROIDES, Michx. (Papoose Root.)

Rich woods. An interesting plant with the parts of the flowers in sixes and of the same colour as the purplish foliage. These are followed by large dry berries with a beautiful blue bloom upon them. May—1. (B).

All our plants are of a dull purple, not yellowish green, as they are stated to be west of Lake Erie.

NYMPHÆACEÆ.—Water-lily Family.

BRASENIA, Schreber.

91. B. PELTATA, Pursh, (Water-shield).

In lakes and rocky pools.

Rideau River at Black Rapids and McLaurin's Bay, Fast Templeton (J. F.), Lake Windeago, (Dr. H. B. Small.)

NYMPHA A, Tourn. Water-lily.

93. N. TUBEROSA, Paine, (Tuber-bearing Water-lily.)

Rivers and Lakes. This is the common white water lily of this locality. The flowers are less double and have much less scent than the next. July.