



Agricultural.

[ORIGINAL]

THE WHISTLING WIND.

SONG OF THE OLD FARMER TO HIS WIFE.

That howling wind that raves around,
Outside our cottage warm my dear,
It hath a dreary, frosty sound,
In this snug home we love to hear

Heap high the hearth with sparkling
wood,
Draw nigh the good old family chair,
On many an eve it there hath stood,
When you my wife was young and
fair.

We two, my wife, are growing old,
And long we've talked in love to-
gether,
To rest this home our forms enfold,
Through winter's cold and summer
weather

The spinning wheel thy music was,
The axe and plough were my delight,

My years, my wife, they quickly pass,
We're growing old,—our heads are
white

That howling wind, my wife, my dear,
We had not in our happy home
But ah, 'twill howl full many a year
Around our silent, crumbling tomb

My Grandson, bring me yonder book,
Therein I'll read of another home,
Though old, my wife, we'll upward
look,
We'll look beyond the graveyard's
glow

Old Jacob saw Father's toiler rise,
My wife, that I under we will climb—
With faith in God we'll seek the skies,
And spend with Him an endless
time.

C. M. D.

TRADE BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

The annexed statements we copy from the *New York Herald*, exhibit the receipts, at the principal points in the United States, of produce bonded from Canada West, during the season of navigation in each of the past two years.—

Canada produce bonded at Oswego.

	1850.	1851.	1852.
Flour bbls.....	245,000	258,657	184,000
Wheat, bushels.....	777,326	661,410	1,122,370
Ashes, bbls.....	157	584	803
Peas, bushels.....	14,506	18,923	5,178
Oatmeal, bbls.....	200	200	
Butter, lbs.....	178,287	43,402	97,593
Wool, lbs.....	2,396		
Rye, bus.....		32,738	
Flax Seed, bbls.....	290		
Oats, bus.....	16,043		
Hams and Bacon.....	62,706		

Bonded at Ogdensburg.

Flour, bbls.....	30,527	148,591
Wheat, bus.....	17,773	227,865
Butter, lbs.....	36,984	14,570
Ashes, bbl.....	225	554
Peas, bus.....	4,043	931
Leather and Skins.....	2,698	
Pork, bbls.....	10	983
Hams and Shoulders.....		6,254
Oatmeal, bbls.....	20	516

Bonded at Cape Vincent.

Flour bbls.....	34,195
Ashes, bbls.....	192

In addition to the bonded produce of Canada there has been an unusually large increase in shipments of different articles, entered duty paid at these points. At Oswego alone, the article of sawed lumber entered there for 1850 was fifty millions 1851, sixty-two millions; 1852, exceeded ninety-millions. At Cape Vincent and Ogdensburg this year a large quantity of lumber was shipped, say at both points twenty-millions. Barley was entered at both these points, duty paid principally for the Albany market. Over 100,000 bushels went from points on Lake Ontario, besides other coarse grains, upon which duty was paid. Here we have a large market for Western Canada, for the past three years, amounting in round figures for flour 1,000,000 barrels; 3,000,000 bushels of wheat; 220,000,000 feet of sawed lumber; about 1,000,000 bushels of coarse grain, besides a large quantity of other articles.

Two newspapers are published weekly on board the emigrant ship "Maria" on her passage from Liverpool to Australia.

Mr. George Biesel, during last fall, succeeded in killing 2 bears, 2 wolves, 10 deer, and any number of "coons" and other vermin, and he also captured alive one wild-cat. We had a taste of some of the venison, fresh from the bush, and it was unusually fat and well flavored.—*Prescott Telegraph*.

POISON ANTIDOTES.—For oil of vitriol, or aquafortis, give large doses of magnesia and water, or equal parts of soft soap and water.

For oxalic acid, give an emetic of mustard and water, afterwards mucilages and small doses of laudanum.

For opium or laudanum, give an emetic of mustard, and use constant motion, and if possible the stomach pump.

For arsenic, doses of magnesia are useful, but freshly prepared hydrated oxide of iron is best.

For insects taken into the stomach, drink a small quantity of salt.

For corrosive sublimate, give the white of eggs mixed with water until free vomiting takes place.

The city of New York is in debt nearly \$14,000,000.

BREAKING OXEN.—The editor of the Massachusetts *Farmer* recommends the following method of breaking oxen.

When you first put a yoke on your two years old steers, conx them with an apple or an ear of soft corn, (soft corn is allowable in this case.) Then they will hold up their heads and be glad to follow you. No whip will be needed at the first yoking. Let the yoke and the soft corn be associated in their minds, and they will never be shy of the yoke; but if you make use of force alone they will hang down their heads to keep them out of the way of the blows. After you have taught them to follow you around in the yoke, and that it will not injure them to carry it, you can hitch them on before the older oxen and make them lead. The driver should go beside them occasionally, with a switch, stick, or a light and short whip, but he will not have any need to beat them except in extreme cases.—*Working Farmer*.

The first turkeys seen in Europe were imported from America by John Calbot, on his return from his voyage in the Western World.

A plan of setting glass without putty has just been invented. The glass is laid on the grooves of the sash, edged with stripes of India-rubber and an inner frame screwed on, making a neat and admirable finish.—*American Courier*.

The tree on the field of Waterloo known as the "Duke's tree," has been cut down.

Camphor has been discovered to be an antidote to that terrible poison strychnine.

Immense potatoe crops were raised the past season in New Jersey. One farmer has a crop of 32,000 bushels, another of 100,000 bushels.

A Yankee in Ohio, has invented a lath-cutting machine, and has sold for \$50,000 three fourths of his patent, for the Eastern States alone, reserving the Western. Only three minutes time is required to cut a 'og into lath.

Two grocers have been fined £25 each at Cheltenham, for having in their possession pepper adulterated with rice.

ANOTHER WONDER.—The *Eastern Traveler* tells its readers it has seen a drawing and a plan of a monster steamship, which, it is said, is to be immediately built in New York. The steamer is designed by D. Davidson, is to be of iron, and of the following dimensions: Keel 700 feet in length; deck 500 feet; beam 80; hold 60 feet. The saloon is to be 200 ft. in length with accommodations of three thousand passengers. There are to be sixteen engines with 5000 horse power; the maximum speed contemplated is 30 miles per hour, and the ship is expected to make the passage from New York to Liverpool in five days.

NEW SPECIES OF LOCOMOTION.—*Galignani* informs us that recently, on the esplanade near the church of St. Vincent de Paule, a small carriage containing two men, was seen moving about with the utmost facility, in every direction without the aid of horses. The motive power was air compressed by means sufficiently economical, it was said, to allow its employment in most of the cases in which steam is now used.

SUICIDE.—A man named Matthew Mulligan hanged himself in "Shaw's Wood," Toronto. His body was found on Sunday. The cause to which the Coroner's jury attributed the act was temporary insanity, caused by the dissipation of his wife.

It is estimated that there are at least 40,000 persons in the United States holding offices at the will of the President.

The question of "licensing drinking houses and shops" was presented to the voters of New Orleans at the late election, and the vote was license 5061, no license 3052, majority 2028. Some of the wards of the city—and all of the first district—voted in favor of "no license," and there are parties who urge that therefore, under the terms of the act of 1852, no license can be granted to "drinking houses and shops" within the limits of these wards. The *Crescent* thinks that the whole city is comprehended in the vote, and apprehends that "fragrant whiskey punches, refreshing juleps and short cocktails" will continue for a long time yet to be imbibed above Canal street.—[This fact shews that even in the corrupt city of New Orleans nearly one half of the inhabitants are opposed to the license laws.—*EDIT. SOX.*]

A MASTER HUNG FOR MURDERING HIS SLAVE.—L. A. J. Stubbs, of Marlboro District, S. C., who was convicted of the murder of a negro at last October Court, was hanged at Bennettsville, on Friday last, in accordance with the sentence of the court. The *Cherock Gazette* says, "that the offence for which Mr. Stubbs suffered the extreme penalty of the law consisted as much of the neglect of his duty as a master, as of any other ingredient. In this point of view, this case speaks volumes in behalf of our laws enacted for the protection of our slave population."

CITY SUBSCRIBERS' NOTICE.

The papers of city subscribers will hereafter be delivered as follows: Those having boxes will receive theirs through the Post Office on Tuesdays, without any additional postage. Yonge Street papers, between Carlton Street and Agnes Streets, including all papers deliverable on this last street and back streets, will be received at Mr. Webb's Bakery. All papers between Agnes and Albert Streets, including Albert Street, will be received at Robert Taylor's Grocery. All papers between Albert Street and King, on Yonge Street, will be received at the Office of the Editor, up stairs, over B. M. Clark's Grocery. All papers on King Street, not sent to the Post Office, will be received at J. W. Woodall's Book Store, Market Buildings, and Charles Baker's Tailors Shop. All papers of Queen, Bay, York and Richmond Streets, not sent to the Post Office, will be received at Mr. J. Ward's Flour Store. Yorkville subscribers will receive papers in that Post Office.

"The Spirit of the Age."—In his last is very rabid, attacking us with such language as "we hold him in the utmost contempt," "chawing his own maw," &c. &c. It is a fine specimen of a low writer, a TOADY IN POLITICS, the apologist of innkeepers, and the mixed ADVERTISER of their drinks and poisons. The Divisions in Canada should patronize no such trimmer. We want men of principle and sterling consistency, not miserable trucksters, who can with the same mouth blow the trumpet of rumsellers and of the Same Law.

Divisions like that of Caledonia, Central Trafalgar, Cornwall, Victor, and hundreds of others are not to be brow beaten by any potent who is eaten up of HIS OWN VICE. Let us keep our hands clear of such men. Any Division supporting this liquor advertising system, will infallibly run itself, and bring indelible disgrace on the cause. This question will be handled without gloves in our next.

MAN REQUIRES EXCITEMENT, HE LOVES TO DEMENT HIMSELF.

This is the secret saying of many who pretend to know human nature. It is natural say they for man to be vicious and excited. This being so, why may he not destroy himself with alcohol as well as with any thing else. Deprive him of it, he flies to opium or tobacco. He wants a stimulant, an excitement. Among the heathens they had their saturnalia, their revels, their days of demutation. The poor love drunkenness, the rich young men love vices. Such are the reasonings of some men of the world. It is admitted that man loves excitement, and requires it in some s ape, but it is most unphilosophical and cruel to say that such excitement should lead to death or vice. Is God's creation void of natural pleasure, scientific research, innocent amusement? Is the earth so full of inhabitants that they must necessarily destroy themselves? The earth could contain with comfort a thousand times its population, and still have room. It is true all nations have or have had their saturnalia and their vices; but we in these christian times look for better things. As we have advanced in science and mechanics as if by a miracle, so ought we to advance in moral improvement and benevolent enterprises.

FRONTENAC SONS.

Mill Creek, Feb. 12th, 1853.—SIR AND BR.—Permit me, through the columns of your paper, to relate some of the doings of our village and vicinity, giving an account of a Temperance Demonstration which took place here on Thursday last. Mr. Peter Aylworth, of Elginville Division, having become the proprietor of the Temperance House in Mill Creek, the members of that Division to shew their esteem, and the high estimation they have of his character as a brother and a man, determined to give him a benefit, by partaking of a dinner at his house, and afterwards to spend the evening in social conversation. At one o'clock the brothers with their wives, daughters, and acquaintances, began to arrive; and about 2 o'clock the house was densely filled with happy and smiling faces. Shortly afterwards they sat down to partake of the viands prepared in varied and rich profusion, with, (as I can say for myself) great gusto, and a determination to do justice to the liberality of the worthy host.

After dinner, the Hall having been cleared, the W. P. O. McGuinn, Esq. took the chair, when brother Eaton, of Wilton Division, addressed the audience. This brother is one who has been rescued from the foul stain of intemperance, and his description of the misery and degradation he experienced in his own person, was enough to make any one who heard him on that occasion forswear the unholy draught forever. The Rev. Mr. Cleghorn, W. Minister, next addressed the meeting in his usual happy manner. Br. Canfield then took the platform, and in a style of the most impassioned eloquence, depicted the evils of intemperance towards the wives and children of unfortunate inebriates. His speech sent a thrill of emotion through the hearts of all present, drawing forth tears from many an eye. A more delightful affair I have seldom experienced, and every one seemed highly gratified. The Elginville Brass Band enlivened the proceedings by playing several favourite airs during the intervals, and although only a few months in operation, shewed much proficiency, adding greatly to the pleasures of the day.

AMSTERDAM DIVISION.—Located in this place, has declined greatly within the last twelve months, but the few who remain are good Sons of Temperance, and we have come to a determination to unite our endeavours, and by strenuous exertions on our parts to raise our Division to its former greatness.

DANIEL McRAE.

CADET DEMONSTRATION AT TORONTO, 16TH FEB.—The Soiree of the Toronto Section of Cadets passed off very well. About 500 persons were present; the Mayor was in the chair and made some appropriate remarks. The meeting was addressed by Bro. Alcorn and McKinnon. The evening's entertainments were well got up, and much credit is due the parties engaged therein.

MOVEMENTS OF SONS AND SOIREES.—It gives us much pleasure to see that in many parts of Canada, Temperance meetings and Soirees are being held. They must do good, and all these things not only afford a rational and agreeable amusement to all parties, especially the ladies, but also bring prominently before the public temperance doctrines. There are many of those meetings which we have been invited to attend, but urgent business connects with this paper in the beginning of the year occupies all our time.

NOTICE.—The Rev. Job Moxon, now of Waterdown, (late of Carlisle) desires us to say that all communications must be addressed to him at Waterdown.

CADET'S SOIREE AT PORT DOVER.—A fine Soiree was held at this place by Section No. 130 on the evening of the 15th inst. A well written account of it has just reached us, which will be inserted in our next abridged.

OAKVILLE DEMONSTRATION.—A brother has sent an account of this Soiree which passed off well. We regretted our inability to attend it. We will give the substance of the letter in our next.

MARKETS.

Toronto, Feb. 21st, 1853.
Late advices from England and New York city show a partial decline in the grain market. Butter in New York city and in this city—though lower than it was a still high. Considerable wheat and pork have entered Toronto during the past week. Butter sells for 10d. fresh. Curr. 1s. 9d. per bushel. Flour, \$3 to \$6 1/2 per 100 lbs. Eggs fresh at 6d. to 8d. Wheat, per bushel 4s. 0d. Flour, per bushel, Miller's \$3. 1/2. Hay, per ton, \$8 to \$10. Wood, per cord, best—by load \$3, by contract \$3. 1/2. Hams, 5d. to 6d. per lb. smoked. Potatoes can be bought from 1s. 6d. to 2s. 3d. per bushel. Clover Seed, per bushel \$6 to \$6 1/2. Timothy, \$2 to \$2 1/2 per 50 lbs. Lamb, 5d. to 6d. per lb. Field Peas, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per bushel; Wood, 1s. 2d. to 1s. 4d. per lb. Poultry of all kinds—command high prices and are scarce.

The above prices are a fair average of the present Toronto prices. Merchants and business men complain of dull times.

The weather during the past week has been colder than usual, and the winter seems now spreading its strength, peice to a break up in March. The nights are generally clear moonlight. Wind generally in the West and North.

We deeply regret to have to announce the sudden demise from a fit of Apoplexy accompanied by paralysis, on the evening of the 18th inst. of Brother ROBERT W. LAY, Editor and Proprietor of the *Weekly Leaf*, an interesting monthly Juvenile Magazine published in Montreal. His demise was very sudden. He was comparatively well on the evening before his death, complained on getting up about 7 o'clock of numbness in his limbs, and suddenly went off into a fit, from which he never rallied, but remained perfectly insensible, expiring at 11 o'clock, P. M. of the same day. Dr. Surry, Homoeopathic Physician paid every necessary attention to him. He leaves a family composed of a wife and three children in Montreal. He was an exemplary man, a Son of one of the Montreal Divisions. His funeral on Sunday last was attended by about seventy Sons in Regalia and some private friends.