

THE CARBONEAR HERALD,

AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE

Vol. 1.

CARBONEAR NEWFOUNDLAND, MARCH 18, 1880.

No. 42

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

AND
OUTPORT TELEPHONE.
Is Printed and Published from the Office, west of the Post and Telegraph Offices, Water Street, Carbonear, every THURSDAY MORNING.

Terms - - - \$3.00 Per Annum
(Payable half-yearly in advance.)

Advertising Rates.
Fifty cents per inch for first insertion, one-third of the above for each continuation. Standing Advertisements inserted monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly on the most reasonable terms.

Parties at St. John's having business transactions with the "Herald," may communicate directly with

J. A. ROCHFORD,
Editor, St. John's.

All communications for the "Herald" to be addressed to the Proprietor and Publisher,

E. J. BRENNAN,
Herald Office, Water St.,
Carbonear, Nfld.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

P. JORDAN & SONS.

CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
222 Water Street, St. John's.

Importers of British and Foreign Manufactured GOODS.

Always on hand a large supply of

CLOTHING

Made up under their own inspection which they can

SELL AT VERY LOW PRICES

Also a large assortment of LEATHERWARE and other GOODS

All orders in the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT shall receive best attention and be made in any STYLE required and at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Se. 4. 2m.

JUST OPENED.

NEW GROCERY AND

PROVISION STORE,

(Opposite the Public Wharf.)

The Subscriber begs to inform the public of Carbonear that he has just Opened the above Premises where he will keep on hand, a choice and well assorted stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

AT LOWEST PRICES POSSIBLE.

N. STEWART,

PROPRIETOR.

Harbor Grace,
June 19nd, 1879.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

GENUINE SINGER

Sewing Machines.

The best in the World. The most popular SEWING MACHINE ever made

Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Machines.

You can get the Genuine Singer only at 172 Water Street, St. John's; for Cash or easy monthly payments.

The Trade Mark is on the arm of each Machine. The Singer Manufacturing Co. is in gilt letters on the top of the arm. Any Machine you can't find the above Trade Mark on is not a Genuine Singer.

Bickford Knitting Machines, Eureka, Clothes Ringer, Washing Machines, Plaiting Machines, Oil, Needles, and

Attachments for all Sewing Machines on hand.

The Singer Manufacturing Co., New York, U. S.

M. F. SMYTH,

Sole Agent for Nfld.
Sewing Machines neatly repaired. Warranted for two years.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Notice.

J. GLOVER,
GOVERNOR.

WHEREAS owing to the inclemency of the weather, and the impassable condition of the roads, it was found impossible to carry out the Poll appointed to take place on the 6th of this present Month, in the District of Bay-de-Verd, to determine whether two thirds of the qualified Electors Polled are in favor of a Proclamation being issued for the prohibition of the sale of Intoxicating Liquors in the said District; and it thus becomes necessary to make further order in the matter aforesaid; I, the Administrator of the Government, do therefore, under the provision of Title XIV., Cap. 51, of the Consolidated Statutes, appoint Thesday, the Seventeenth day of February next ensuing, for the purpose of taking such Poll in the matter aforesaid, at

**FRESHWATER,
BLACK HEAD,
WESTERN BAY,
NORTHERN BAY,
LOWER ISLAND COVE,
AND BAYDEVERD,**

in the said District. And I hereby require all persons concerned to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

By His Honor's Command,
E. D. SHEA,
Colonial Secretary.
Secretary's Office, 13th Jan., 1880.

BROOKVILLE MILLS, HALL'S BAY.

Lumber of all kinds, always on hand and all orders either for large or small quantities attended to with punctuality and despatch.

All orders to be addressed to,
MCKAM, CURTIS & Co.
Brookville Mills, Hall's Bay.

Newfoundland Lights.

No. 5, 1879.

TO MARINERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a LIGHT HOUSE has been erected on CABOT (Stinking) ISLAND, Bonavista,

Latitude 49° 10' 26" North.
Longitude 53° 21' 21" West.

On and after the 1st March next an INTERMITTENT WHITE LIGHT will be exhibited nightly from sunset to sunrise. It will make one complete Revolution per Minute, appearing a above 1 Second Light and 9 Second Dark.

The Apparatus is 4th Order Dioptric illuminating the whole horizon, and the Light should be visible 10 nautical miles in clear weather. It is 74 feet above sea level. The Light Tower is of Iron, rising from the centre of the keeper's dwelling, a square, flat-roofed building. The buildings are banded horizontally, Red and White, alternately.

By order,
JOHN STUART,
Secretary Board of Works.

HARBOR GRACE STOVE DEPOT

Glass and Tinware Establishment.

(Opposite the Mercantile Premises of Messrs. John Munn & Co.)

C. L. KENNEDY,

Begs to intimate that he has recently received a large assortment of the latest improved and very best quality of Stoves comprising Cooking, Fancy, Franklin and Fittings of all sizes, English and American GOTHIC GRATES.

In addition to the above, the subscriber has always on hand—American Hatchets, Harness Rings and Buckets, Sheath Knives and Belts, Wash Boards, Brooms, Clothes Lines, Water Pails, Matches, Kerosene Oil—best quality, Kerosene Lamps, Burners and Chimnies, Turpentine, Stove, Shoe, Paint & Clothes Brushes, Preserved Fruits, Condensed Milk, Coffee, Soaps and a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Glassware, Tinware, etc.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Continued from Supplement.

MONDAY, February 23.

House opened at 3.30 p.m.

Mr. Green thought the Bill should not go to a second reading. The second reading of a Bill is an adoption of its principal, and he felt that the House was not prepared to adopt such a measure as the one now before them. He fully believed the Hon. Att. General when he stated that he was not lead to the introduction of the Bill by the recent wreck of the steamer *Burgos*. But as the Government press was loud in its denunciation of the verdicts rendered on that occasion, and clamoured for some measure to remedy what they conceived to be a gigantic evil, this Bill must be looked up as having its origin in the circumstances attending the wreck of the *Burgos*. The people of this country and particularly St. Mary's were denounced in the strongest terms as wreckers and plunderers. And the juries that acquitted them were most severely censured, because they could not, would not, convict upon the unsupported testimony of a man whose certificate was taken from him by the Board of Trade, and whose conduct was so strongly censured by the Grand Jury. He could not by any means agree with the Hon. Attorney General that the conduct of that case reflected credit upon all those engaged on it. On the contrary, he thought that there was a great deal to blame and condemn them for. And he did blame and condemn the Crown on the strongest terms for dragging a man from St. Mary's in the fall of the year, keeping him in the Penitentiary, and at the last moment declining to put him upon his trial and give him an opportunity of clearing his character. And it was a great pity that that trial had not taken place, nor the evidence which would have been adduced upon the defence would have given quite a different complexion to the whole *Burgos* disaster. He (Mr. G.) thought the Bill a most unnecessary one. The remedies aimed at were already provided for. There was no necessity for the measure. It was an insult to the people of the country and ought to be indignantly rejected.

Mr. Little had already spoken on this subject and would not now delay the House further than to add that, if it were not for the intermeddling of the Imperial Government, they would not hear a word about this matter, in fact the matter would not be brought before the House at all. He should, however, admit that the Hon. the Premier is drawing it very mildly; and therefore he did not consider the time lost in discussing it. He should reiterate what has been said by him upon the matter and he fully endorsed what had been stated by his hon. friends upon this side of the House; and the Hon. Att'y. General, as also the Hon. Mr. Winter, must be convinced that the law upon this matter as at present exists, and so far as it can possibly be executed is quite sufficient to bring to justice any parties who may infringe it. He would certainly amend the present law upon this matter in some particulars, if he had sufficient confidence in the intelligence of our Magistrates throughout the island. Under existing circumstances, however, he should be very loathe to extend their powers.

Mr. Tessier—The Bill before the House is of more than ordinary importance, and should not be forced through the House without receiving that consideration which its importance deserves. As the printed copy of the Bill was only this evening placed in hon. members hands, he would ask the Attorney General not to press a second reading at present.

Hon. Attorney General. In reply to the hon. member, he would say that the second reading of the Bill is merely an admission of the principal; viz., that there should be a law for the protection of wrecked property. After it passed a second reading it would be referred to a select committee, when any necessary amendments would be made.

Upon motion of the hon. Attorney General that the Bill be read a second time, it was moved in amendment by Mr. Kent, that it be read a second time this day six months, which amendment having been put was lost.

The original motion having been put, was carried.

Upon motion of the Hon. Attorney General, the Bill was referred to a select

committee, consisting of Hon. Attorney General, Messrs. Little, Scott, Shea, Winter, McKay, Greene, and the Hon. the Speaker.

Bill to consolidate and amend the Law in relation to Courts of Session and the Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction of Magistrates.

Bill respecting District Courts.

Bill to amend the Law relating to the Administration of Justice.

Ordered that the first two Bills be referred to a select committee composed of Hon. Mr. Winter, the Chairman of the Board of Works, Hon. A. Shea, Mr. Kent, Mr. Parsons and Mr. Conroy.

Ordered that the Bill to amend the Law relating to the Administration of Justice be referred to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

Mr. Parsons, in moving this Address said its object was to have the park, now lying idle and useless, made somewhat worthy of the name. A town of this kind ought to have some such place of public amusement or recreation. Those persons possessed of rural retreat might look coldly on the suggestion, but the town had many families whose opportunities for the enjoyment of fresh air on country walks was limited. To such people the park would be a real boon. He did not ask that a very large sum of money should be appropriated at once but gradual improvements might be made which would result in a very few years in the place being a credit to the city, instead of an eyesore as it was at present. If this step were taken property in the neighbourhood would increase in value, and owners would be induced to erect a good class of houses. It appeared to him (Mr. P.) to be a senseless proceeding to keep this valuable piece of land lying idle all these years. It would be better to sell it in building lots than permit it to become a rendezvous for goats and pigs. £2000 would plant it with trees, drain it, and give it a creditable appearance. He appealed to hon. gentlemen to support the Address.

Mr. Green had much pleasure in supporting it, and thought that if even a small annual grant were expended, in a very few years it would be well repaid to the government by the amount of pleasure it would afford to the general citizens. This piece of land had been handed over by the Native Society to the Government under the express stipulation that it should be made a public park. It was plainly the duty of the Government to carry out their part of the agreement or else hand the land over to the Native Society.

Mr. Kent also expressed his pleasure in supporting the address. He said that every day it was becoming more apparent that some place of public recreation was required. The increased traffic upon the streets made it daily more unsafe to send children out. This locality had been set aside as a public park, but it was at present a place of nuisance. It was time that some act on was taken and no time could be more favorable than the present when the chest was overflowing.

Mr. A. Shea thoroughly agreed with all that had been said by hon. members opposite. There was probably no town in the world, of the importance of ours, that had not a park or public gardens where the general public might amuse themselves. But the difficulty was where the money was to come from. In almost every other town provision was made by the corporation or by the liberality of private individuals. No one could be more anxious than he (hon. Mr. S.) to see the wishes of the hon. members carried out, and therefore he would support the address. He thought however, that anything the Government might do ought to be contingent upon the contributions of the public of St. John's who were the only parties largely interested. In no other place would the Central Government be called to make a contribution of this character from the general fund for the exclusive benefit of a section of the community. He was glad, however, the hon. member had moved in the matter, because it would be the means of exciting public spirit, and then, no doubt, the Government would supplement any amount raised by public subscription.

Hon. Attorney General was very much pleased at the discussion that had taken place upon the subject of the proposed Address. However it was a purely local matter, and it could hardly be expected that any outport representatives would give their sanction to any proposal of general character. He would not suggest that a very large or extravagant amount should be expended, but a sufficient amount to place it in respectable order by means of a decent fence, a small building, a few walks and trees and flower-beds. A police constable, too, might be placed there daily for the maintenance of order. On the whole the Address met with his hearty support.

Mr. Scott was glad that the Address had been brought up, and he was glad of the opportunity of giving his support to some measure which was likely to meet the favor of the present Executive. While, however he supported the present Address, he should call the attention of

the Executive to the fact that a similar object might, by the expenditure of a very small sum of money, be accomplished in the west end of the city. The old hospital at River Head might, since it was no longer used, be removed, and by the planting of trees and the making of walks, be converted into a little park. Small though it would be, would of great advantage to that part of the town. He had much pleasure in supporting the Address, and hoped that the Government would be moved to do something of the same character for the people of River Head.

The Address was then read and passed.

Pursuant to notice given and leave granted,

Mr. Parsons presented a Bill to amend Title 3, Cap. 15, Sec. 1 to 14 of Consolidated Statutes "of Central District Court and Police Magistrates," which was read a first time, an order to be referred to a Select Committee, composed of the hon. Attorney-General hon. Mr. Winter, hon. Mr. Shea, the Chairman Board of Works, Mr. Kent, Mr. Parsons and Mr. White-way.

Ordered that the Address on Bannerman Park be presented to his Excellency the Governor.

Hon. Surveyor General gave notice that he would, on to-morrow, ask leave to bring in a Bill to amend the law relating to the Crown Land's Act.

Mr. Scott gave notice that he would, on to-morrow, ask the Financial Secretary what legislative vote or special Act has authorised the expenditure of \$7106.64 set down in the Financial Secretary's consolidated statement of expenditure for 1879—On West and North East Coast; Civil and Criminal Prosecutions; Executive Responsibility; Legislative Contingencies; Printing and Stationary; Survey South West Arm to Bay of Islands and from Placentia Bay to Trinity Bay, and for Coal B-ring under Crown Land's Act.

Mr. Parsons—to ask the Premier if it is the intention of the Government to give immediate employment to the laboring poor on Public Works and otherwise in the district of Saint John's East.

Mr. Kent—to ask the hon. and learned Premier whether the Government intend to lay before this House in the course of the session any proposition relative to the Sanitary condition of Saint John's and, if so, when?

Mr. Little—to ask the hon. the Premier to cause to be laid on the table of the House any Surveys or Reports caused to be made by the Government relative to the proposed construction of a graving dock in the Harbor of Saint John's, and for the correspondence, if any, had with Government, relative to this undertaking also for any correspondence received by the Government in reference to certain claims of the American Government for compensation for alleged damages said to have been suffered by American citizens in 1878, whilst prosecuting the herring fishery at Fortune Bay in this Island.

On motion, the House then adjourned till to-morrow at 3 1/2 o'clock.

TUESDAY, Feb. 24.

The House met pursuant to adjournment at half-past three o'clock.

The Chairman of the Board of Works by command of his Excellency the Governor, laid on the table of the House the following documents:—

Expenditure for Light House Service for 1879.

Expenditure by Board of Works on account of special grant for Public Works for 1879.

Expenditure on account of Public Institutions under control of Board of Works for 1879.

The Acting Financial Secretary, by command of his Excellency the Governor laid on the table of the House:

Statement of Expenditure on Local Roads for year ending 31st December, 1879; also,

Detailed Statement of Expenditure for various other services for the year 1879.

Hon. Mr. Winter suggested that the Administration of Justice Bill be referred to a Select Committee, appointed to report upon the Quarter Sessions Court Bill, which was assented to by the House.

On motion of the hon. Surveyor General, the Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Crown Lands and other property, was then read a first time. Ordered to be read a second time to-morrow.

Pursuant to Order of the Day, Mr. Kent asked the hon. Attorney General whether any steps had been taken in reference to the improvement of the sanitary condition of St. John's.

Hon. Attorney General appreciated the hon. gentleman's anxiety upon this point, as it was one in which we were all interested. In accordance with the resolution of the House and the act of the Legislature, steps had been taken to have a survey made and plans and specifications prepared. For this purpose the services of one of the members of the influential engineering firm of Kipple & Morris had been secured and by the