

WM. FOREMAN & CO. Importers

Fall and Winter Stocks

Assortments Now Complete to Meet Your Demands

Never in the history of the store have we had stock so well assorted as at the present season. Every article that has passed into stock this season has been up to the high standard of quality we have maintained since first we opened our door to the people of Chatham.

We are always ready and willing to correct any mistakes that are apt to arise in any store.

We cordially invite your inspection of our Fall and Winter Stocks in High Grade

MILLINERY

DRESS FABRICS and SILKS

FLANNELS

WAISTINGS

HOSIERY

CORSETS

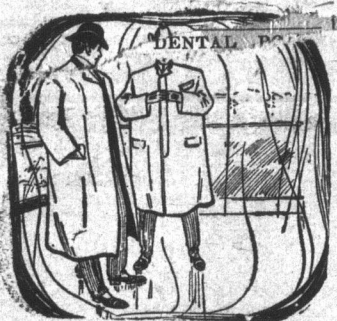
KID and FABRIC GLOVES

GOLF JACKETS, WAISTS

Ladies' and Children's Underwear in the following celebrated makes: Turnbull's, Penman's Hygeian, and Underwear imported direct from Germany.

Linens, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, etc.

Wm. Foreman & Co.



THE REASONS

You should wear one of our Drape Overcoats as they have a distinction and smartness that you don't see in ordinary tailoring and our workmanship is the best.

AITKEN & KOGELSCHATZ
NEAR FIFTH ST. BRIDGE

6 Days' Unloading
Sale-Monday to Sat'y

BEAUTY AND LOW PRICES.

This most desired combination in forceful evidence all over this Newest and completely Good Cloak, Suit, Furs and Ladies' Furnishing Store.

Great Reductions in Tailored Suits This Week
Great Reductions in Walking Skirts This Week
Great Reductions in Raincoats This Week
Great Reductions in Furs This Week
Great Reductions in Fancy Collars This Week
Everything Goes. Come and See for Yourself

THE URBAN STORE, PRIMEAU & RICHARDSON.....

POUNDKEEPERS' NOTICE

Impounded on Lot 8, Con. 10, Dover, on Wednesday, the 26th of October 1904, one spotted sow, about 2 years old, looks like tanworth. The owners are requested to come, prove property, pay charges and take it away, or she will be sold on Wednesday, the 24th day of December, at 10 o'clock a.m., as the law directs.

J. L. EMERY,

Big Point, Oct. 26th, 1904.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

THERE WILL BE NO WAR

Russia and Britain Agree to International Commission.

Premier Balfour, in Speech At Southampton Breaks Silence—Erratic Fleet Stays At Vigo Until Investigation Closed—Nothing to Do With Arbitration, But Any Person Found Guilty Will Be Tried and Punished Adequately.

London, Oct. 29.—All danger of war between Russia and Great Britain has been averted, and the settlement of the only points in dispute regarding the attack by Russia's second Pacific Squadron on British trawlers, Oct. 21, has been referred to an international commission under The Hague Convention.

Premier Balfour, speaking at a meeting of the National Union of Conservative Clubs at Southampton last night, broke silence. "The Russian Ambassador," said Mr. Balfour, "has authorized a statement to the following effect:

"The Russian Government, on hearing of the North Sea incident, at once expressed its profound regret and also promised most liberal compensation. The Government has ordered the detention at Vigo, of that part of the fleet which was concerned in the incident, in order that the naval authorities might ascertain what officers were responsible for it; that those officers and any material witnesses would not proceed on their voyage to the Far East; that inquiry would be instituted into the facts by an international commission as provided by The Hague Convention."

"That," Mr. Balfour interpolated, "had nothing to do with arbitration; it was the constitution of an international commission in order to find out the facts and any person found guilty would be tried and punished adequately. The Russian Government undertook that no pretensions would be taken to guard against recurrence of such incidents. Special instructions on this subject would be issued. Preliminary to this court," Mr. Balfour said, "there would be the coroner's inquest at Hull over the dead fishermen, a Board of Trade inquiry, and an inquiry by Russian officials at Vigo. The Board of Trade inquiry would be specially constituted by the British Government to include representative men. The Russian Embassy had been asked to send a representative and give assistance. Apology and compensation have already been offered, nothing now remains but to determine which account is correct, Holstevensky's or the trawlers'."

The immense audience received Mr. Balfour's announcement of the settlement of the affair with unbounded enthusiasm.

Premier Balfour addressed a "timid meeting in Artillery Hall last night. His appearance on the platform at 8.05 p.m. was the signal for great cheering, which was again and again renewed. The Marquis of Winchester presided.

On rising Mr. Balfour said: "By no will of mine this great assembly coincides with a moment of national difficulty. Since the assembly was arranged events have happened which have stirred to the depths every section and every class of the community, every subject of His Majesty and the conscience of the English-speaking people of the world, as well as the general sentiments of civilized Europe."

Continuing, Mr. Balfour said he believed the lamentable and deplorable tragedy of Oct. 21-22 would not end in war. The matter had been referred to an international commission, and both sides would abide by the decision of the international commission, which would consider all the questions at issue. There would be no Board of Trade inquiry with, he hoped, the assistance of representatives of the Russian Government.

Consequently, so far as he was able to see into the future, the result would not be one of those great national struggles which, though they might occasionally be necessary, always left behind a deplorable mark and always retarded the progress of humanity and civilization. War between two great powers could not be raised without great danger to neutrals, but until last Monday (the day the news of the North Sea incident was made public), when a great calamity contemplated ever being fired upon and sunk during the progress of a peaceful vocation?

The report in the first instance was received with universal horror, indignation and surprise by the whole civilized world. Two stories had been put before them, as a result of which this matter was to be made the subject of impartial, international inquiry, although it was impossible to doubt which of the stories was true.

As the ally of Japan, Great Britain was bound under well defined rules to assist Japan, but as they should make it a point of honor to use their whole national power in fulfilling this obligation, it was also a point of honor that their duty as a neutral should be scrupulously performed.

The Premier said it was incredible that a fishing fleet could be engaged in hostile operations, and ridiculed the idea of a torpedo boat attack. The Russian fleet was thirty miles out of its course, and it was absurd to suppose that the commander of the alleged torpedo craft would choose a position for attacking the Russian fleet in the centre of a fishing fleet.

Doesn't Believe the Story.

The Premier expressed disbelief in the existence of these Japanese ships and said the nearest Japanese warship was 14,000 miles away. Such a story as that told by the Russian admiral was the purest fancy. The Premier hoped the truth would be made manifest and clear as noon day when the inquiry, which the Russian Emperor welcomed, took place. The

Russian Government had not at any time underrated the gravity of the crisis or failed to do what it could to diminish it.

Mr. Balfour thought that the difficulty was surmounted. At the same time recklessness or indifference to cruelty ought to be avoided by every man who had the interests of civilization or his own conscience at heart. It should not for a moment be supposed that throughout all the channels of commerce from St. Petersburg to Vladivostok and the narrow ways of commerce like the English Channel and the Red Sea, an admiral of another power should be allowed to pass under such circumstances unchallenged and unpunished after such a deed as that of the night of Oct. 21. It would be a position which it would be impossible for Great Britain as a neutral to tolerate. Hence the Russian Government had promised to make an inquiry and had ordered the detention of part of the Russian squadron at Vigo.

Attack On Russia.

The Russian version of the occurrence of the night of Oct. 21 was equivalent to an attack on Great Britain's national honor. The torpedo boats spoken of by the Russian admiral were phantom ships—creatures of pure fancy—against which Mr. Balfour entered a most emphatic protest. He was glad to say that the Russian Government had agreed with Great Britain regarding the necessity for an investigation. The responsible officers would be notified to proceed to the Far East, and the persons found guilty would be adequately punished. In agreeing to these things, Russia had taken the view which commended itself to other civilized nations. Russia had given a pledge that she would prevent a recurrence of the tragedy which filled British hearts with sorrow and the hearts of most men with indignation.

The Russian Ambassador had authorized the statement that the Russian Government, on hearing of the North Sea incident, at once expressed profound regret and the Russian Emperor telegraphed to the King in similar terms. The Russian Government had also promised the most liberal compensation. The Russian Government had shown an enlightened desire that truth and justice in this matter should prevail. The entire facts must be brought out at the investigation, which Mr. Balfour pointed out, would be made by three distinct bodies—first, by the international commission; second, by the Board of Trade inquiry, and, third, by the coroner's inquest.

Mr. Balfour said: "If this meeting had been held yesterday evening, I would not have dared preface my remarks in a hopeful tone. Everybody felt that if the trawler incident could be repeated a belligerent fleet was indeed a pest against which we had no protection would be bound to combine.

The only version we had on that day of the lamentable incidents of the previous Friday was the version supplied us by the trawlers. Thursday morning the situation changed, because for the first time we had the counter story, supplied by the Russian admiral. In the story of our fishermen there was much tragedy, but I am driven to the belief that there is much romance. It is impossible to doubt which is the correct story. I should not have approached it but for the fact that the admiral's story is really an attack upon our national honor and implies that we are not doing our duty as neutrals! In an island kingdom like Great Britain, the nationality of every craft is known. It is inconceivable that we could be harboring Japanese sailors and warships without Russia, and, indeed, the whole civilized world, knowing it. I enter a most emphatic protest against such an allegation. The truth will be

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We sell Shoes that are so good in every way that our customers come back to us again and again and are pleased each time.

If we couldn't sell shoes that would do this we would go out of Business.

Style goes hand in hand with honesty in our footwear

Men's leather lined Box Calf Shoes, heavy slip sole, extra value for \$1.35 and \$1.50.

Extra value in Children's Shoes. Bring your boys and girls to us, and you'll come again.

J. L. Campbell
BOSTON SHOE STORE

made manifest and clear as noon-day when the enquiry is held, which, in most statesmanlike manner, has been welcomed by the Czar. But in bare justice to the Czar and the Russian Government, I will say they never at any time underestimated the gravity of the crisis or failed to do what they could to diminish it.

Punish Wrongdoers.

"Remember the wheels of diplomacy move slowly, and, perhaps, the wheels of Russian diplomacy especially slowly, but it should be borne in mind that the tragedy was not known until Monday, and the Government at once expressed its sorrow and promised reparation, and at the very beginning intimated that any wrongdoer ought to receive punishment. One difficulty was that the fleet which committed the outrage was on its way to the illimitable east. That difficulty has been gotten over, but there is another difficulty, namely, that the Russian admiral has a theory of the rights and the duties of a belligerent fleet as against neutrals which would really make the high seas a place of public danger. Suppose some dark night a liner or a transport fell in with the second Pacific fleet at Gibraltar, when they intended to divide, and approached within the magic distance, according to the admiral's theory, he would be justified in sinking it. The position is one impossible for neutrals to tolerate. A fleet animated by that policy would be a fleet which would have to be eliminated out of existence if civilized commerce were to pursue its way unimpeded. I am glad to think that in this view the Russian Government agrees and has given orders which will prevent a recurrence of the tragedy that filled our hearts with sorrow and the hearts of all those who had heard it abroad with something approaching indignation."

Praise For the Czar.

Mr. Balfour thought it must be admitted that the Russian Government had shown an enlightened desire that truth and justice should prevail. Only a few hours ago he should himself have taken a gloomy view of the possibility of a satisfactory and peaceful solution. He thought the Emperor had shown himself an enlightened judge of what was right in the matter as between nation and nation. The British Government did not ask of others anything it would not gladly have granted if it had been in a similar position. The Government had no desire to take advantage of Russia's difficulties to enforce its demands. It had appealed simply to justice and equity, principles which ought to govern in the good relations between nations, and it had not appealed in vain. It might have been far otherwise, and that it was not was due in great measure to the foresight and wisdom of the Emperor. The world had its eyes centred upon one great warlike tragedy in the Far East. It would have been appalling, but it was not at one moment impossible that that great world's tragedy would have been doubled.

"It would have been doubled, and we should have seen the greatest calamity that could befall mankind, namely, a struggle between two first-class powers. Speaking for the Government, Mr. Balfour declared he could say they had done all they could consistently with honor to avert the calamity."

Not Yet All Over.

"To say the incident was closed and over would be too much, but they surely would not think him over-sanguine in hoping the spirit of reason and justice which had brought Great Britain through the most difficult parts of the controversy without the calamity of war would still preside over the council of the nations, and that the greatest of all calamities, that of internecine war between two European nations would be avoided."

"If," said Mr. Balfour, "war could be avoided without dishonor the settlement would reflect nothing but credit upon the ruler of that great empire with which we have been so long coming in collision, but with whom it is my earnest hope and sincere belief our good relations will remain undisturbed. I hope I have said nothing which can in the smallest degree impair international relations, and though I have spoken once again of the sense of responsibility and under considerable difficulties, I do think the events of the last few days, though they can never wipe out the tragic occurrence of last Friday, will not bring in their train any of those widespread calamities which at one time we almost feared they would bring with them. I congratulate this country and Russia, Europe and the world on what I believe will be the result of the last few days negotiations."

St. Petersburg Relieved.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—There was a feeling of profound relief here last night over the announcement that the differences between Great Britain and Russia are to be submitted to a commission. This outcome is attributed to the direct interposition of Emperor Nicholas and King Edward. The British Government, in the face of an excited public opinion, which was demanding the most extreme measures, proposed the submission of the issue to a commission under The Hague Convention, while the Russian Government was preparing a similar proposal to the neutral powers, notably France, and, it is believed, the United States, were using all their influence to avoid a world catastrophe.

Russian Minister Glad.

London, Oct. 29.—Ambassador Denckhoff, who has been working night and day, expressed the greatest pleasure over the result, which he considered, honorable to both nations.

Opinions of the Press.

London, Oct. 29.—The opinions of the press on the settlement, as announced by Mr. Balfour are diverse. While The Daily Mail hails it in the biggest type captioned as "Russia's surrender," the more thoughtful papers are less pleased.

Fall Gloves

Very handy, isn't it? To find every sort of glove for any sort of wear in one store.

The best of the most famous English makers

The best Canadian Gloves.

The most noted French makers are also represented.

This means a variety in Gloves for mens wear, greater, we believe, than you'll find elsewhere.

We look after the boy too. Plenty for him both lined and unlined.

Have you seen that English driving Glove that can be washed? Latest shades of tan \$1.50.

THORNTON & DOUGLAS, Limited



Quit Gambling In Shoes

Nearly all Shoes look alike, but—
There's as much difference in Shoes as there is in people.

Yet these differences in Leather, Workmanship, Wear and Fit, are so juggled in shoe manufacturing, that they disappear from sight in the made-up shoe.

That is, they disappear to the eye—but the foot finds them out.

Aye,—and the purse finds them out too, when you draw the wrong pair of shoes in the usual store lottery.

Why should you gamble on shoes when you might, at the same cost, invest in them?

Why purchase a shoe of unknown value (price-fixed by the Retailer) when you might, at the same cost, buy a sure-value, Maker-priced shoe, with a twenty year record of uniform merit behind it.

"The Slater Shoe" is the only shoe in Canada made in a factory which makes nothing else—and which has specialized on the making of that single grade, uniformly as its best and surest, for two decades.

It is the only shoe in Canada which is price-controlled by the Makers, who alone can know the hidden value in each pair without guess-work.

Nearly all other shoes are sold for what they look like, or for as much as the Retailer thinks he can get for them.

A genuine "Slater Shoe" is price-branded at the factory for exactly what it is known to be worth in wear and comfort, with no charge whatever for its extra fine appearance and its style.

When a "Slater Shoe" goes bad, if it ever does—you know where to get your money back.

The Slater Shoe Company, when they once brand their own price on a shoe, are responsible for its service up to that price—and they never shrink the responsibility.

Let your next pair of shoes have the slate-frame guarantee inside the top, on the lining.

Two prices—\$3.50 and \$5.00.

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