

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

ESTABLISHED 1841.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1915. MORTON & HERITY, Proprietors.

ITALIANS BREAK THROUGH FOURTH LINE OF AUSTRIAN DEFENCES

Austrian Regiments Lose Half Their Numbers and Throw Guns in River to Avoid Capture—Serbians Left Little of Value to Enemy at Kraguyevatz—King's Condition Improved—French Troops Again Reported Landing at Monastir.

KING'S CONDITION IMPROVES.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The following bulletin was issued this morning:

"The King has not had such a good night. He is still in some pain. His general condition has improved and he is now able to take solid food."

FRENCH TROOPS LANDING AT KAVALA.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 3.—French troops are landing at Kavala, Greece, according to a telegram from Sofia.

HUNS FOUND LITTLE OF VALUE AT KRAGUYEVATZ.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Berlin despatches admit that the Serbians before leaving Kraguyevatz blew up all buildings of military importance, including the arsenal, also that the main Serbian army got safely away with munitions and guns. Paris despatches say that arrangements are being made to supply Serbia with munitions through Montenegro.

BULGARIANS HAVE NOT TAKEN MONASTIR

LONDON, Nov. 3.—An Athens despatch denies the reports that Monastir has been captured by the Bulgarians and the city is pointed out as having a large Greek population and any attempt upon it would cause friction with Greece. The Bulgarians, advancing from Veles in the direction of Monastir have reached the Babuna range halfway between Veles and Prilep, the Serbians falling back before them.

ITALIAN FORCES HAVE BROKEN THROUGH FOURTH LINE OF AUSTRIAN DEFENCES

ROME, Nov. 3.—Italian forces it is announced have broken through a fourth line of Austrian trenches. Austrian regiments are declared to have lost half their numbers in recent fighting, while many of the batteries sank their heavy guns in the river to prevent their capture.

TEUTONS WITHIN ACRE OF DISASTER.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 3.—The Ribe Stifts Tidende, the leading newspaper on the German frontier, publishes a letter from a German officer who was present during the French offensive in Champagne from Sept. 25 to Sept. 27. The officer writes that the Germans came within an acre of total disaster and had fully prepared to leave their second line. Their artillery had been prepared and the infantry was ready to march off, when the bombardment suddenly ceased. Had it lasted another two hours the situation, which was then indescribably critical, would, the officer says, have developed into a complete rout.

BALKAN SITUATION MUST SHAPE GALLIOLI POLICY.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—In referring to the situation at the Dardanelles, Premier Asquith pointed out that the allied forces were holding up 200,000 Turks, and added:

"The situation in the Dardanelles is receiving the most anxious consideration of the government, not as an isolated thing, but as a part of the larger strategical situation raised by recent developments in the Balkans."

ROUTH TO "STICK AT NOTHING" IN SECURING SUFFICIENT FORCES.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The House of Commons crowded and presented an animated scene yesterday when Premier Asquith rose to make a statement on the war. The Premier, who received with warm cheers at the outset, expressed regret at the King's mishap, but he was able to say that the injuries to His Majesty were not serious. He assured the King of the respect and affection of the House and country. The Premier said he proposed to describe the actual perspective of the position of the nation which was as determined as it ever had been to prosecute the war to a successful conclusion which trusted that the government, by whatsoever controlled, would use every means

Women's Canadian Club Held Inaugural Meeting for Season

The inaugural meeting of the Women's Canadian Club of Belleville was held at the Armouries on Saturday afternoon, October 30th, presided over by the new president, Mrs. J. W. Johnson.

There was a large attendance of members and deep interest manifested in the Club's affairs. The ladies had secured as the first lecturer of the term Principal Hutton of Toronto University, who is ever a welcome visitor to Belleville in the capacity of a speaker and because of his personal qualities as an eminent scholar and genial gentleman. The lecturer's subject was "Some Lessons of the War" and for an hour he dealt with the deeper things pertaining to the struggle and to the changed conditions that would follow its termination and affect almost all human affairs. Miss Anna Ponton sang in her charming manner a song of the war. At the close of the meeting a hearty vote of thanks was presented to Principal Hutton, on the motion of Mrs. R. J. Graham seconded by Mrs. C. M. Reid. When presenting the vote to Principal Hutton, Mrs. Johnson took occasion to congratulate the late president of the club, Mrs. J. F. Willis, upon the splendid success which has attended the Club under her presidency.

Inquest Over Late J. H. McCreary

An inquest was held last evening at the home of Mr. William McCreary, Tyendinaga, over the body of his brother, the late John H. McCreary who died under such tragic circumstances on Saturday night on the county road. Dr. Hill of Roslin was the coroner. Mr. W. Carnie, county attorney, represented the crown. Thirteen witnesses were examined, including Mr. MacColl who conducted the post mortem. Mr. Pat Shannon was foreman of the jury.

After hearing the evidence, the jury came to the conclusion that John H. McCreary came to his death by falling from his vehicle and as the result of his fall sustained such injuries as brought about his demise.

One strange feature of the case was that the deceased was seen in possession of a sum of money in bills and silver in a purse at Cannifton in Shorey's store about an hour before his body was found at 11.15 by two boys. From the time of the discovery until the arrival of the coroner, witnesses were present who showed that the body had not been interfered with. No money nor purse was found by the coroner, but there was no evidence that the clothing had been molested at any time, prior to the discovery.

Officers of 62nd.

Lt-Col. H. D. Hulme, O.C. 62nd Overseas Batt., C.E.F., Victoria, B.C., has sent his old commanding officer, Col. Ponton of the 15th Regiment, a photograph of the officers of the 62nd. This is the fourth organization, Col. Hulme has completed. He brought over 250 engineers, 250 infantrymen and a number of artillery men and now he has received his reward in the command of the 62nd. He is a son of the late Lt-Col. R. C. Hulme, for many years adjutant of the 15th Regiment.

Spoke in Gananoque.

Captain R. D. Ponton was in Gananoque last evening speaking on the same recruiting platform as Mr. N. W. Rowell, K.C., leader of the Opposition in the Legislature. The meeting was a joint one for Gananoque and Brookville.

Laid to Rest

The funeral of the late Frank Corby took place this morning from his late residence, Murney Street to St. Michael's church, where Rev. Father Killen officiated at a solemn requiem mass. Interment was in St. James' cemetery, Father Killen conducting the burial service. The bearers were Messrs. M. J. Lynch, John Lee, F. Dejar, and P. Donovan. Besides his widow the late Mr. Corby left six sons and three daughters.

Died.

LYNCH—Died in Rochester, N.Y., on Sunday, October 31st, Thomas Francis, youngest son of the late P. P. Lynch.

NEW ALLIED FORCE REACHES GREECE; CALM PREVAILS ON WESTERN FRONT; BRITISH TORPEDO BOAT SUNK

King George's Condition Improves—Will be Confined to Bed for Some Time—Greek Ministerial Press Veers Around in Favor of Allies—Rome Despatch Announces Death of German Crown Prince.

NEW FRANCO-BRITISH EXPEDITION TO BALKANS.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 2.—A new Anglo-French expedition to the Balkans is announced by the Berlin Tageblatt. This newspaper publishes a telegram from Sofia stating that British and French transport ships with troops have appeared off Kavala, Greece.

CROWN PRINCE AGAIN REPORTED DEAD.

TURIN, Nov. 2.—Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany is dead, according to a Rome despatch to the Gazette del Popolo whose correspondent gives as his authority a diplomat accredited to the Vatican.

WESTERN FRONT CALM.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Calm now prevails on the western front according to an announcement from the war office this afternoon.

GREEK MINISTERIAL PRESS NOW FAVORS ALLIES.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Athens Reuter's correspondent telegraphs that the Greek ministerial press has changed its tone and is now publishing articles in favor of the Allies.

SWISS SAY BUELOW LOOKS FOR PEACE.

ZURICH, Switzerland, Nov. 2.—Swiss Socialist papers today positively assert that unofficial conferences looking toward peace will be held shortly at Lucerne. Prince von Buelow, it is declared will represent Germany and the representatives of two other belligerent powers are reported to have arrived at Geneva.

KING'S CONDITION SLOWLY IMPROVING.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The following official bulletin was issued this morning:

"The King had a better night and has no fever although the effects of the accident are slowly passing off. His Majesty will be some time longer confined to bed."

BRITISH TORPEDO BOAT SUNK AT GIBRALTAR.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A British torpedo boat has been sunk in collision in the Strait of Gibraltar, the admiralty announced today.

GOVERNOR OF BRUSSELS REMOVED BY KAISER.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—General Sauberzweig, the military governor of Brussels, has left that city, and his successor, whose name has not yet been learned, has been appointed, according to a Rotterdam despatch to The Daily Telegraph, which says that Sauberzweig, who is an Austrian cavalry officer, introduced a new note of severity, which culminated in the execution of Edith Cavell. He signed the death sentence, and kept the matter a secret, which permitted of the execution before any appeal could be made.

His last proclamation threatened severe penalties for concealment of arms.

"It is noteworthy," the correspondent further says, "that last week the Emperor made a tour of the principal towns in Belgium occupied by the Germans. His presence may be assumed to have resulted in the removal of General Sauberzweig."

SEVEN GERMAN BATTALIONS CUT TO PIECES IN LOOS FIGHT.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Field Marshal Sir John French, reporting from the front, says: "On Oct. 29 the enemy heavily bombarded the area east of Ypres. With this exception, owing to the wet and misty weather, the artillery on both sides during the last four days has been less active. Mining activity continues on both sides.

"The returns of casualties for seven German battalions which took part in the Loos fighting as published, show that the losses averaged 80 per cent. of the strength of these battalions."

RUSSIANS LANDED AT VARNNA

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A despatch to The Times from Bucharest says:

"It is reported in naval quarters here that Russian troops were landed at Varna, in Bulgaria, on the Black Sea, Friday."

BRITAIN PREPARED TO MEET BIG ATTACK ON SUEZ CANAL.

ROME, Nov. 2.—The Austro-Germans are Canal, according to an Athens despatch to The Tribuna, which adds that the British have made gigantic preparations to meet such an eventuality. Among other things, they have flooded the land along the canal, leaving the fortifications just standing out of the water, the defenders being supplied with provisions by gunboats.

GERMANS FACE ANOTHER CHECK.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Germans having failed in two months of almost incessant attacks to reach Riga and Dvinsk by various routes are now trying to advance along the railway which skirts the shores of the Gulf of Riga from Tukum and have, according to their reports, reached a point west of Schlok. This is a very slight advance, and much low ground over which it is difficult to move, lies between them and their objective.

In the Dvinsk sector, both to the west and southwest of that city, the Russians have begun an offensive, apparently in anticipation of renewed attacks by the Germans, and the are also on the move in the lake district east of Dvinsk-Vilna railway and in Volhynia and Galicia. The result of these various battles has not been disclosed, if, indeed, they are concluded. Those at the southern end of the line are doubtless designed to prevent the Germans and Austrians from sending reinforcements to Serbia.

BULGAR CHECK NEAR KRIVOLAK.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"In Belgium, in the sector of Lombaertzyde, a very spirited bombardment by the enemy was accompanied by obvious preparations for attacks which the immediate intervention of our artillery prevented from being carried out. In Champagne likewise on the whole front between Hill 193 and Tahure as well as to the south of the village, the Germans bombarded our positions. They manned their trenches and set up scaling ladders. The barrier fire of our batteries and machine guns stopped this attempt or this sham at an attack.

"The Belgian communication reports slight activity of the enemy artillery. Pervyse, Noorscheote and Pyepgard have been bombarded.

"Army of the east: No event of importance occurred in the day of Oct. 30, on the Brabrovo-Dedeli front, nor in the direction of Strumitza. The Bulgarians on Oct. 30, attacked the heights which we occupy around Krivolak, on the left bank of the Vardar. Their attacks were repulsed."

ITALIANS GAIN GROUND IN FRESH OFFENSIVE.

ROME, Nov. 2.—The official communication from general headquarters, issued today, reads as follows:

"In the upper Cordevole our offensive made further progress in the valley and on the hill northwest of the Col. Di Lana. In the Falzarego zone we repulsed an enemy attack on the Little Laguzoi.

"On Podgoro height the enemy yesterday renewed his attempts to arrest our approach but failed. On the Carso nothing of importance has occurred.

"Our aviators continue their daring raids with success. Yesterday they bombarded numerous points of military importance, including the railway stations at Duino and Nabresine and trains in the latter locality."