GENERAL MANGIN'S TROOPS CROSS THE AILETTE

CHAULNES IS CAPTURED BY GENERAL PETAIN'S FORCES

Allies Continue Rapid Progress, Taking Many More Villages—Germans Retreat Precipitately—Canadians Take 2,000 Prisoners—Since July Eighteen Allies Have Captured 100,000 Teutons.

Paris, Aug. 28—General Mangin's troops began crossing the Ailette river today, it was announced here this afternoon.

London, Aug. 28—French troops have taken Pont-L'Eveque on the north side of the Oise, and about a mile from Noyon, and have captured Chavigny, three miles north of Soissons, according to reports reaching here this afternoon. The French are said to be on the outskirts of Juvigny, a mile and a half northeast of Chavigny.

Early this morning an enemy movement of considerable proportions was discovered southeast of Mory. The fire of the British guns was concentrated on that region, doing considerable damage. The shells burst amid the transports and the concentration of men.

Paris, Aug 28.—Chaulnes has been occupied by French troops, according to the official statement issued today by the war office.

Progress toward the Somme was continued this morning by the French, the statement says. Since yesterday thirty villages have been taken by them.

Among the larger villages taken by the French are Omiecourt, about two miles east of Chaulnes; Balatre, three miles northeast of Roye; Reiglise, a mile and three-quarters southeast of Roye toward Noyon, and Verpillieres, south of Reiglise.

The statement follows:

"During the night the French maintained contact with the rear guards of the enemy and have continued their advance.

"North and south of the Avre we have occupied Chaulnes, Omiecourt, Balatre, Reiglise and Verpillieres.

"Further south we have penetrated into the wood of Grapeaumesnil and have taken Dives.

"This morning we have continued our advance toward the Somme and north of Avre have reached the general line of Licourt, Potte and Mesnilie-Petit (just west of the Somme River) and Nesle.

"Since yesterday we have taken thirty villages and have realized at the same time an advance of twelve kilometres at certain points."

The British and French gains are placing the Germans in a precarious position, and, it is believed here, have forestalled the plan of General Ludendorff to fall back on the old Hindenburg line.

Enormous Losses.

Paris, Aug. 28—(Havas Agency)—Each day accentuates the German defeat and adds to the losses in men, material and prisoners. Since July 18, the Allies have taken well over 100,000 prisoners. The guns captured have numbered more than 1,000 and there also have been vast stores of ammunition.

The British troops from August 8 to August 25, according to Marcel Hutin, in the Echo de Paris, alone took 45,000 prisoners and 460 guns. The British casualties in the same period, he says, were far less than the number of Germans they captured.

The German retreat on the Somme battlefront has become precipitate. The French first and third armies are at no point losing contact with the enemy. The French are inflicting heavy losses on the retreating Germans.

French cavalry is harassing the retreating enemy in the Chaulnes region, hampering the withdrawal of the enemy forces. There is a report that General Mangin's army is crossing the Ailette River.

Canadians Took 2,000.

London, Aug. 28.—British forces fighting east of Arras have reached the outskirts of Harcourt, Remy and Boiry Notre Dame, north of the Arras-Cambrai road, according to the official statement issued by the war office today.

The British line in the Flanders battle area has been advanced on a front of four miles astride the Neuf Berquin-Estaires road.

South of the Somme, the British have taken Fouquacourt, while north of the Somme they have attacked and taken the greater part of Trones Wood.

With the British Forces in France, Aug. 28.—(Associated Press)—British troops today completed the capture of Trones Wood, north of the River Somme.

Canadian troops in their advance astride the Somme yesterday captured more than 2,000 Germans.

British Headquarters, Aug. 28—(Canadian Press despatch from Reuter's Limited)—The advance of the Canadians yesterday was supported by the tanks and was a most dashing performance. Cherisy was entered amidst fierce fighting.

MARRIAGES.

Gale—Ballantyne

At the home of the bride Westfield Centre, N. B. on Wednesday afternoon, August 28th, by Rev. J. H. A. Anderson, S. T. M. assisted by Rev. S. R. Prince, pastor of Christ Church, Fort Kent, Me., cousin of the bride, Miss Alberta Maude Ballantyne was married to Harry Garfield Gale, of Young's Cove, N. B.

Miss Alma Gale, sister of the groom, played the wedding march. The bride was dressed in a travelling suit of grey with purple hat, and wore a corsage bouquet of purple sweet peas. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion. Only the immediate relatives and friends of the families were present. Mrs. Gale was the recipient of many gifts. After the ceremony a reception was held and wedding supper served.

Mr. and Mrs. Gale left for an automobile trip, after which they will reside at Young's Cove N. B.

A CHALLENGE.

The Turtles wish to challenge the Carleton Wanderers for a game on any diamond in the city on Labor Day.

Shell Shocked Nerves

Shattered nerves are the source of greatest suffering to many a returned soldier. The doctor can give something to relieve physical pain, but when the nervous system breaks down and you are sleepless, nervous and mentally worried, real cure only comes when the exhausted nerve cells are nourished back to health and vigor by such restorative, upbuilding treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

PIRATES WON LAST EVENING

Score Was Four To Three on South End Grounds — Sea Dog Close To Fly Ball That Went in the Water.

Even the sea dogs which occasionally frequent Courtenay Bay appear to be interested in baseball, for during the fast game between the Pirates and the Buffaloes on the South End playgrounds, won by the Pirates, 4 to 3, last evening, one of these denizens of the deep appeared suddenly when a long fly went into the water. The small boy who is employed to rescue the balls from the bay when they go over the top fled ignominiously when he saw the salt water canine.

The game was the closest and best played on the grounds this season. The Buffalo players had the lead until the ninth when the freebooters put a man over and won. The crowd present was larger than usual. The batteries: Buffalos, Olive and King; Pirates, Hannah and Cox.

At a meeting of the captains of the four teams in the league, the Turtles having dropped out, and the games committee, the question of allowing the entry of a team to take the place of the Turtles was discussed, but as the season is so far advanced it was decided to finish with the four teams.

Tonight the Victorias will play the Buffalos; on Friday evening the Franklins and Pirates will play; Saturday afternoon the Franklins and Victorias; Labor Day, morning, Franklins and Buffalos, afternoon, at 2.30, the Pirates and Victorias.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

Mayor Hayes received word yesterday from John A. Sullivan, counsel for the city, that a meeting of the Royal Commission appointed to investigate New Brunswick Power Company affairs, and deal with their petition for an increase in rates, would hold a meeting on Saturday. The communication, however, did not state where the meeting was to be held and there is some uncertainty as to whether it will be in Boston or in this city.

MRS. ALICE BLAKENY DIED ON WEDNESDAY

Was Sister of Robert A. Stockton and Late Hon. A. A. Stockton of St. John.

Special to The Standard.

Petitcodiac, Aug. 28.—Death of Mrs. Alice M. Blakeny, widow of the late G. Miles Blakeny, occurred today at her home here after a few weeks illness. The deceased who survived her husband about a year, was 74 years old. She is survived by one son, W. S. Blakney, Petitcodiac; three daughters, Mrs. C. H. Gross, Vancouver; Miss Ella Blakney, Vancouver, Miss Alice, at home. Mrs. Mark Teakle and Miss Hattie Stockton, Sussex; Mrs. M. B. Keith, Petitcodiac, are sisters; W. W. Stockton and Chas. A. Stockton, Sussex, are brothers

The late Hon. A. A. and Robert A. Stockton, St. John, were brothers of deceased.

A SWIFT SIX MILE ADVANCE; FRENCH TAKE 40 VILLAGES

(Continued from page 1)

hills along the Oise, and in the northwest, on the bank of the Canal du Nord, to protect their retreat to the Forest of St. Gobain and the Hindenburg line.

It is not considered possible that the German retreat will halt on the Oise, so close are the French pressing the enemy. French patrols reached the region of Bethancourt this afternoon.

The crossing of the canal and the River Somme in that region by the French troops would create the gravest menace to the safety of the enemy's troops and material still south of the river. This prospect explains the sacrifice of an immense quantity of material in the region between Roye and the canal in order to accelerate the retrograde movement, which in some places has been so rapid that contact between the French advanced guards and the enemy's machine gun sections protecting the German rear has almost been broken.

ANOTHER ATTACK FROM CANADIANS

(Continued from page 1)

Further south other troops captured Cerisy, opening the way for an advance along the Cambrai Road and leading to the capture this afternoon of Vis-en-Artois. In the meantime the Highlanders further south stormed Fontaines-Les-Croiselles. It is probable the enemy will make strong counter-attacks against our centre along the Cambrai-Amiens Road.

Difficult Country.

There is reason to believe that he has been ordered to hold the line of Brocourt-Boiry-Notre-DameQueant, at all costs. Much of our line is in No Man's Land of 1917, a very difficult country, pitted with shell holes scored by the old trench system and strewn with rusted wire. Too much praise cannot be given our artillery supported by English heavy batteries. To quote the words of an artillery officer: "We are giving him a hell of a straffing."

Long lines of prisoners were coming in all day. "What can we do?" said a Hun officer, "our artillery gives us no support and we wasteour time sending up S. O. S. signals."

The battle is progressing according to programme. To use the pet phrase of the German general staff four months ago: "We have advanced several thousand yards since yesterday morning."

CASUALTIES

The Latest List.

INFANTRY.

Killed in action—

Lieut. Chas. J. S. Mersereau, Chatham, N. B.

P. B. Noonan, Summerside, P. E. I.
D. J. Maciver, Beddeck, N. S.
G. A. Thomas, Robinsonville, N. B.
J. M. Murchison, Pinette, P. E. I.
F. B. Scott, Sackville, N. B.
G. H. M. Mcassey, Mount Stewart, P. E. I.
W. C. Corey, New Canan, N. S.
P. Dever, St. John, N. B.
T. F. Renault, Abrams Vilage, P. E. I.
J. McAllum, Bedeque, P. E. I.
F. Thorne, Havelock, N. B.
H. B. Foley, O'Leary, P. E. I.
J. Mathot, Dalhousie, N. B.

Missing, believed Killed—

A. R. Hallett, Millville, N. B.

Missing, believed Wounded—

H. M. Price, Lower Negaac, N. B.

Infantry.

Missing—

Lieut. R. C. Moores, Woodstock, N.B.
S. G. Gamblin, Sussex, N. B.
W Mansfield, Halifax, N. S.
C. Johnson, Acadiaville, N. S.
H. McLeod, New Harbor, N. S.

Wounded—

A. Savey, Lower Ainwick, Paris, N. B.
M. F. Gardiner, Reserve Mines, N. S.
F. Francis, Milton, N. S.
J. Peters, Lennox Island, P. E. I.
A. Young, Dominion No. 6, C. B., N. S.
O. Johnson, Upper Stewiacke, N. S.
J. Hardie, Dartmouth, N. S.
O. R. Hubley, Black Point, N. S.
B. B. Hubley, New Germany, N. S.
H. M. Bomasiter, Costigan, N. B.
U. J. O. Arsenault, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
W. P. Adams, Halifax, N. S.
S. A. Young, Georgetown, P. E. I.
D. A. Smith, Odell River, N. B.
J. B. Reade, Moncton, N. B.
F. R. Moffatt, River Hebert, N. S.

CARRIAGE TURNED OVER.

Yesterday afternoon while James Humphrey was driving on the corner of Main street and Douglas avenue, his horse fell and the carriage was overturned Mr. Humphrey held on to the reins and escaped being injured.

HON. DR. BAXTER ADDRESSES THE MARITIME TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

Moncton, N. B., August 28.—At the New Brunswick meeting Dr. W. S. Carter presided. Addresses were delivered by R. P. Steeves, Chancellor Jones and Fletcher Peacock.

Dr. B. C. Foster of Fredericton was appointed representative on the U. N. B. senate. The text book committee remains the same as last year. The committee appointed to nominate officers for the New Brunswick Institute placed twenty-nine names in nomination for ten officers.

Hon. Dr. Baxter.

Tonight the convention listened to an able address on Maritime Union by Hon. J. B. M. Baxter of St. John, and H. J. Logan, exM. P., of Amherst. Dr. A. H. Mackay of Halifax presided. Hon. Mr. Baxter's eloquence and strong advocacy of maritime union for the betterment of maritime trade conditions, education, uniformity of commercial law, economy of government, as well as greater maritime influence in federal affairs at Ottawa, created a splendid impression.

He said nothing of any greater importance than maritime union had been discussed in Canada for fifty years except confederation. The hour had come for one of the most important moves in the political history of this country. The world could never be the same after this war and this was the hour when we could consider making changes.

He pointed out our territorial limitations and referred to a slight increase in population compared with the more rapid increase in the west, and dwelt on importance of diverting European immigration to the east.

Our representation at Ottawa had decreased while the west had increased, which meant the lessening of the influence of the east and strengthening the influence of the west. In maritime union there was no intention of setting east against west or creed against creed, but union in the east meant cohesion of effort to maintain the heritage of the eastern provinces. It seemed pitiful that three provinces so small should split up in different divisions on such matters as technical education. War had taught men to be less selfish. The three provinces united would be better able to sustain the common burdens. The formation of a single province would lift our politics out of a rut and purge the political body of many things from which we had suffered in the past. "Where is the man? The hour has come," said the speaker in concluding, amid hearty applause.

GERMANS ARE STILL SINKING VESSELS

Three - Master Taken and Steamer Said To Have Been Sunk.

A Canadian Atlantic Port, Aug. 28—Captain Burke and the crew of seven of the Newfoundland three-masted schooner Blanca have arrived, reporting that their vessel had been captured and presumably sunk by a German submarine last Saturday evening off this coast. The schooner was bound from Brazil with a cargo of tobacco for Nova Scotia. The Germans said that they had sunk an oil tanker a few hours before capturing his ship and that they intended to destroy eight steamers which, according to them, were then bound for this port.

HELIGOLAND

(By a former Secret Service Agent.)

Heligoland was British in 1890. It was just a dump of waste rock of no particular use to anybody except seagulls and fishermen. Today that rock is the most strongly fortified place in the world. The island covers about 130 acres; it is a mile long, and stands 300 feet above the level of the sea. In the southeast corner there are the town and harbor with some of the finest sands in Europe. Anybody could go to the town, and tourists were welcomed there; but nobody was allowed to wander over the island. Everywhere there were "Verboten" notices, and sentries with rifles to make sure that everybody understood that "verboten" meant "forbidden."

As a Secret Service agent, I was only interested in that part of the island which was walled off by the notice boards. So I changed my name to Franz Gagelmann, went to Essen, and became a workman in Krupp famous armament factory. Then after much careful manoeuvring, I managed to get myself sent, along with a hundred other workmen, to get some heavy guns in position on the island.

But we were not allowed to see much. We did not even know in what part of the island we were working. We were under the closest supervision. Sentries guarded us night and day, like convicts. We were never allowed to go down to the town. All I could learn from the gallery in which I was working was that the Germans have literally hacked out of the solid rock the strongest fortress the world has ever seen.

But I wanted to learn more than that. It was useless to think of slipping off at night and making a few observations. The sentries were far too watchful, and they had a habit of counting the workmen at odd times. So I had to evolve a rather elaborate plan. One day I slipped down and twisted my ankle so badly that I could not walk. They carried me off to the hospital. Luckily it was some distance and by keeping my eyes open, I managed to learn quite a lot about the galleries and to note the position of several guns and a magazine.

As soon as I was in the hospital I spent half an hour going over in my mind everything that I had seen. It was not long before I had everything fixed in my memory, but I still had no idea as to the points of the compass. Luckily the night was clear, so suddenly I felt exceedingly faint, and asked to be taken to the window. A glance at the stars was quite sufficient to give me my bearings.

Having only an alleged sprained ankle, I was rather neglected by the doctors and nurses. So much so, in fact, that I managed to slip away and was now carrying my life in my hands. A moment I might be seen by a sentry. My absence was sure to be noticed at the hospital. And I had to make as many observations as possible. Within half an hour I had found the weak spot in the defences which was being strengthened with heavy armour plate.

There was a shout. I had been seen by a sentry. I ducked and ran. In a few minutes there was a regular hue and cry, but I managed to reach the town where I had confederates. And so it happened that the next day Mr. Charles T. Held, an American citizen returned to Hamburg after his visit to Heligoland. With him were his wife and daughters. He had his passport, his hotel bill duly receipted and everything else in perfect order. But in the heel of Sadie Held's shoe there was a rough chart containing a lot of very useful information about Heligoland.

on the eastern part of the battle front in the Vosges Mountain region, where forces of Americans recently have been fighting. The operations, however, continue of the nature of raids and small surprise attacks. Several of the latter manoeuvres have been put down by the French.

There has been an increase in the activity in the Albanian theatre. Here the Austrians twice attacked the French-Italian troops but were repulsed. Later the French slightly withdrew their line in order to maintain liaison with the Italians.

FRENCH FRATERNIZE

French Army Headquarters in the Field, Aug. 26—(Canadian Press despatch from Reuter's Ltd.)—A certain portion of a line Canadian regiment thirty per cent. of whom spoke French attacked alongside French troops. Subsequently the Canadians were being hard pressed by the enemy who was strongly posted in a wood. They appealed for assistance to a French regiment on their flank. The French immediately advanced and completely turned the position. The French regiment shortly afterwards found themselves similarly situated. They appealed to the Canadians and the latter also immediately attacked and saved the situation. The two regiments in the evening messed and bivouacked together.

Revere, Mas. Aug. 28—Fire early today at Revere Beach destroyed two hotels, several residences and threatened to wipe out many amusement places along the boulevard. The damage was estimated at $200,000.

"A VOICE AND NOTHING MORE."

Henry N. Peck—Am I to have no voice in the management of my own household?

His Wife—Well, I'll allow you that much if you'll keep it subdued and use it seldom.

OBITUARY

St. George, Aug. 28—The death of Edward Vincent Cross occurred here on August 22nd at the home of his brother. The end came peacefully after a protracted illness.

The late Mr. Cross was born at Beaver Harbor on October 28th, 1888 and was a son of the late Woodard D., and Helen Cross.

He resided at Waltham, Mass., where he worked as a machinist. He was a lover of the out-or-doors and contributed many articles and short stories to the various sportsman's magazines.

He is survived by his wife who was Miss Fraser of Charlottetown, P. E. I., also by one brother, R. A., of this place.

Interment was at Christ Church cemetery at Pennifield, Rev. James Spencer conducting the service. The floral offerings were many and beautiful.

Mrs. W. C. Ewing.

The death occurred on Thursday, August 22 of Eleanor Josephine, wife of W. Colin Ewing, and daughter of the late Leonard and Eleanor Parker, of Tynemouth Creek. She is survived by her husband, one son, William Leonard, annd three brothers and four sisters. The brothers are J. Stuart, Lieut. Harry C., and R. Leonard Parker. The sisters are Jen, Nan, Bess and Gladys Parker.

Near Hindenburg Line.

The operations of the British on the northern part of the front from the east of Arras to the region of Bullecourt have brought them virtually upon or very near the old Hindenburg line.

There is still considerable activity

BIRTHS.

SMITH—On the 27th inst. to Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Smith, at the Evangeline Maternity Hospital, a son.

MARRIED.

GALE-BALLANTYNE—At the home of the bride, Westfield Centre, on Wednesday afternoon, August 28, Alberta Maud Ballantyne to Harry Garfield Gale of Young's Cove, N. B.

DIED.

ROBERTS—Mary M. Roberts, widow of Robert Roberts, 35 Holly street, died August 27.

Funeral service tonight at 8.30. Burial Thursday morning at Ingleside.

FALL OVERCOATS

Ready for Service.

"Man eats to please himself, but he dresses to please others."

Here are Fall Overcoats that are good enough to eat as far as good taste goes.

The colors are grays, black, green and fancy effects.

The styles embrace the fly front, slip on, form-fitting and trench.

The cloths of which these coats are made were procured last year so that the prices are fully twenty-five per cent. less than they would otherwise be.

$15 to $35.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

Open Friday evening; close Saturday at 1.

MINIATURE ALMANAC

August—Phases of the Moon

New Moon, 6th.....4h 30m. p.m.
First quarter, 14th.....7h 16m. p.m.
Full Moon, 22nd.....1h 2m. a.m.
Last Quarter, 28th.....3h 27m. p.m.

Date	D. of W.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	H. Water a.m.	H. Water p.m.	L. Water p.m.	L. Water a.m.
29	Thu	6.47	8.02	6.08	18.39	12.25	24.58
30	Fri	6.48	8.00	7.18	19.48	....	13.33
31	Sat	6.50	7.58	8.29	20.54	2.10	14.46

THE WEATHER

Forecasts: Maritime — Moderate southwest winds, fair, with stationary or higher temperature, local showers at night.

Washington, Aug. 28—Northern New England—Fair Tuesday, except showers in Vermont and New Hampshire; Friday fair. Fresh southeast winds.

Toronto, Aug. 28—A shallow trough of low pressure which is moving eastward across the Great Lakes is causing showers over the greater portion of Ontario. In Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, also in the west, the weather has been fair and cool.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	52	70
Vancouver	50	66
Kamloops	44	76
Calgary	34	68
Edmonton	36	60
Battleford	40	66
Port Arthur	58	74
Parry Sound	54	82
Moosejaw	41	74
London	61	73
Toronto	59	73
Regina	38	74
Winnipeg	48	66
Kingston	56	76
Montreal	52	80
Quebec	50	74
St. John	46	60
Halifax	44	66

Sheep on Every Hill Side In New Brunswick

The New Brunswick Government, through the Department of Agriculture, has arranged with the Chartered Banks to help the Farmers — where assistance is needed—to buy Sheep.

The Department will not only arrange to buy Sheep FOR the Farmers, but will also buy good breeders FROM the Farmers—in other words, this branch of the Agricultural Department WILL SUPERVISE ALL PURCHASES AND SALES OF SHEEP.

CREDIT FOR THE PURCHASE OF SHEEP.

Every bona fide farmer who wishes to purchase sheep for breeding purposes and cannot pay cash, may secure twelve month's credit for two-thirds of the purchase price. GO TO THE MANAGER OF THE CHARTERED BANK IN YOUR COMMUNITY AND PLACE YOUR ORDER FOR THE NUMBER OF SHEEP REQUIRED ACCOMPANIED WITH A CASH PAYMENT OF $3.00 PER HEAD ON GRADES AND $10.00 PER HEAD ON PURE BREDS. The Manager will forward the order to the Department of Agriculture; the Department will purchase the sheep and deliver them to your nearest railway station. The balance of the purchase price can be paid as follows: Two-thirds, or about $10.00 per head, by a twelve months' note, and a cash payment of about $2.00 per head on grade sheep.

Under the credit system not more than 21 sheep can be secured by any one farmer.

Any farmer who wishes to secure a greater number and cannot purchase locally can be supplied by the Department of Agriculture for cash.

PRICES.

FIRST QUALITY stock only will be secured.

All sheep will be carefully inspected before purchasing.

Mature sheep are hard to obtain, therefore ewe labms will form the major portion of the stock distributed.

Prices will range from $13.00 to $15.00, according to size and quality, delivered at the nearest railway station.

The Department has not entered upon this as a commercial transaction—THE SHEEP WILL BE PURCHASED AS CHEAPLY AS POSSIBLE AND RE-SOLD FOR COST PRICE PLUS TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING CHARGES.

PURE BRED RAMS.

The Department is now purchasing pure bred lamb and shearling rams.

The lamb rams will cost from $30.00 to $40.00 and the shearlings $35.00 to $50.00 each.

Exceptional individuals will cost from $50.00 to $60.00 each.

THE RAMS HAVE BEEN SELECTED FROM RELIABLE BREEDERS IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES, QUEBEC AND ONTARIO.

SUITABILITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK FARMS FOR SHEEP PRODUCTION.

The hilly country makes ideal conditions for sheep pasturage. Hay, roots and oats are the staple crops—they are likewise the staple sheep foods also.

THE WOOL PRODUCED IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES IS THE FINEST QUALITY IN CANADA AND BRINGS THE HIGHEST PRICES. MARITIME LAMB AND MUTTON CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

The system of farming followed in New Brunswick makes the keeping of a flock of sheep easy and very profitable.

THE FUTURE.

H. S. Arkell, Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, states: "That sheep products have no doubt reached their maximum price, but that he cannot see any reason for a material decline in the price for at least ten years."

Unwashed wool is worth from 70c. to 80c. per pound, according to grade. Good lambs from $10.00 to $13.00 each. Under careful management the first clip of wool and the first crop of lambs will pay for the foundation stock.

If possible, purchase locally.

Secure foundation stock from your neighbors immediately if available—NOT ONE EWE LAMB SUITABLE FOR BREEDING SHOULD BE SLAUGHTERED THIS YEAR.

PROCEDURE TO PROCURE SHEEP.

IF YOU CANNOT PURCHASE LOCALLY, PLACE YOUR ORDER IMMEDIATELY WITH YOUR LOCAL BANK MANAGER; HE WILL FORWARD IT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FREDERICTON. Unless orders are given it will be impossible to secure in time to make delivery before winter sets in.

This is a business proposition—think it over—decide and see your Banker.

For further information apply to THOS. METHERINGTON, Live Stock Superintendent, Department of Agriculture, Fredericton.

J. F. TWEEDDALE, Minister of Agriculture.