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HAVE YOU EVER TRIED OUR 'PHONE SERVICE? CALL UP MAIN 886. LOOK AT THESE ATTRACTIVE CASH VALUES FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY:

- 25c bottle Mazonochie's Pearl Onions or Walnut Pickles for 22c
Fresh Boness Strip Codfish, 2 lbs. for 25c
Patterson's Camp Coffee, the 25c bottle for 22c
Rigeway's Tea, 1 lb. finely de-canted tin 45c
Old Brown Windsor Soap, large cakes 3c
Imperial Yeast Baking, in bulk 30c lb.
Libby's Asparagus Tips, the 30c tin 28c
Solider's Tomato Soup 10c tin

PHILPS' Douglas Avenue and Main PHONE MAIN 886

OVERSEAS NEWS OF CANADIANS

Ottawa, Aug. 18.—It is officially announced that the steamship Metagama, from Canada, arrived in England on Wednesday, the 18th instant. She had on board the following troops:

Fifth Field Artillery Brigade and Seventh Field Artillery Brigade. Also Army Medical Corps, a detail of six officers and 104 non-commissioned officers and men; a detail of Winnipeg Highlanders, two officers and 100 men; eleven officers and ten non-commissioned officers and men of various units.

London, Aug. 18.—(Montreal Gazette Cable)—Pending re-organization amongst the chaplains corps, Major Steacy and Major Almond are both in London on leave. Rev. Mr. Steacy will be made colonel, as director of the chaplains of the First Division, while Major Beattie will have the same position for the Second Division. After a year's arduous work, covering Valcartier Camp, Salisbury Plain and at the front, Major Almond has been granted two months leave of absence, one in England and one in Canada, and sails for Montreal on the Etanacabou on Friday.

Major Almond spent three days and three nights at the Suicide Corner, and has ministered to the men under extraordinary conditions, holding services under heavy fire, and celebrations in communications with the dugouts while under a momentary call to action. One platoon, he said today, was told to charge at Ghenvendy. They hurriedly repeated the Lord's prayer together, and the fire which returned repeated the prayer for the Lord's sake.

Lieutenant-Colonel V. O. Odium, Seventh Battalion, Vancouver, is in Sussex Lodge Hospital for officers in Regents Park, having been wounded in the right arm, ribs and right side on August 8. This was in the night attack at Ghenvendy. The Canadians were not engaged, but Odium was making a reconnaissance. His wounds are not serious, and he hopes to get back shortly. Major Odium is second in command of his battalion, having succeeded Mart McHark when the latter fell at Ypres. Odium was formerly proprietor of the Vancouver World, and about to launch another paper when the war started. He is the last of the original officers of the Seventh, and probably the youngest colonel in the division.

Odium has shown remarkable devotion to duty, going out after dark to the front trenches, with the result that he was sniped.

Lieutenant-Colonel Almond, referred to above as chief chaplain of the first contingent, is a cousin of Mrs. E. Atherton Smith, regent of Royal Standard Chapter, I.O.D.E.

OLD CAMPOBELLO HOTEL IS BEING DEMOLISHED

Eastport, Aug. 18.—The work of tearing down the Tyn-y-mass Hotel at Campobello is underway and the lumber which is well preserved, is to be used to erect several cottages to be used by summer visitors to the island. This hotel was for many years very popular with the tourists but has been abandoned for many years. The building, which was the largest of the group of buildings, has been torn down, and the lumber sold.

CLERGYMAN CONTRIBUTES

A well known clergyman of Boston, Mass., a Hartland boy, has sent home a cash contribution to help the purchase of a machine gun. He wrote that preachers are supposed to advocate peace under all circumstances and he was for helping as much as he could afford in supplying means to bring the war to a speedy close.

West End Band Concert

A good programme of music was given last night in Tilly Square, Carleton, by the Temple Band, under the direction of Bandmaster McNeil.

AGED OAK BAY MAN COMMITS SUICIDE

Mrs. Silas Smith of Chester, Me., was startled Tuesday afternoon at the report of a rifle in the next room. She rushed through the door toward the sound and found her husband, who was eighty-one years old, upon the floor in a pool of blood, dead. He had blown off the side of his head with a rifle. Mr. Smith has been mentally unbalanced, for some time. He was born in Oak Bay, N. B., but has lived on his present farm in Chester for the past fifty-three years. He was a professional and hard working. His widow is seventy-one years old. He also leaves two sons, Martin of Chester and Charles A. of South Windham, a brother, William Smith of Chester, and a sister, Hannah Fog of Berling. There are three grandchildren.

Capt. Clark's Illness

Capt. Ernest Clark of the steamer Governor Cobb, who suffered a stroke of paralysis several weeks ago and who was receiving treatment at a hospital in Boston, arrived in Eastport on Tuesday morning in a serious condition. He was conveyed to his home, where it is hoped he may regain his health. He was accompanied by Mrs. Clark.

MASTER WORKMAN SMOKING TOBACCO. It is a continuous strain for a builder to watch his buildings go up. A pipe-full of MASTER WORKMAN tobacco is a great soother when some deep thinking has to be done. This world-famous brand may now be had at all tobacconists for 15c. per cut.

Morning War News by Cable

Rome, Aug. 18, via Paris, 4:10 p. m.—The relations between Italy and Turkey are becoming more strained, and there are indications that a rupture is approaching. The foreign minister, Baron Sonnino, has made the most vigorous representations to the Turkish ambassador concerning the matters in dispute, particularly Turkey's detention of Italian subjects.

It is understood that an appeal has been made to Washington, through the American embassy, to induce Turkey to carry out her promise to United States Ambassador Morgenthau, of Constantinople, that Italians be permitted to depart from Turkey. In this connection great interest has been aroused by the report that Mr. Morgenthau has dispatched American ships to Beirut and Smyrna to facilitate the departure of Italians.

Instructions have been sent to the Italian ambassador at Constantinople to obtain immediate satisfaction. Preparations for the evacuation of Italian aeroplanes are persistently being made by the officers and headquarters of the Italian air force in the vicinity of the city of Vilna, about fifty miles east of Kovno. The position preliminary to their evacuation are in progress.

The governor-general of Vilna has ordered the removal of the equipments of factories and of banks, together with supplies of metals, including church bells, leather and everything else which might be useful to the invaders. Horses and live stock are being taken away. Reports reaching here from Poland are that Russians who remained in Warsaw after its capture have been removed to the interior of Germany.

London, Aug. 19.—Under government instructions the police yesterday made raids in London and Southford of the offices and headquarters of the Independent Labor party, the Labor Leader, and the Socialist Review.

Every copy of these publications, and in addition hundreds of pamphlets issued by the Independent Labor party, dealing with the labor problems arising from the war, were seized. No arrests were made.

Kitchener's Great Surprise

New York, Aug. 19.—Today's New York Tribune prints the following: "Recent arrivals from England are able to afford some explanation of the delayed British advance, which, as much in England as throughout the rest of the world, has caused considerable bewilderment. It is stated that Lord Kitchener has been waiting to launch 'his great surprise.' And this surprise lies in the completion of new guns and a new type of shell, which, it is believed will revolutionize artillery operations and make the path of the Allies to Berlin more possible than hitherto.

Soon after the beginning of the war, when it became patent that high explosives were to be the dominating factor in the struggle for victory, the combined efforts of British chemist and ordnance experts invented a shell unquestionably more powerful than any previously used. In destructive power it was without doubt superior to any previously known.

As far back as last November, government experts were at work on this problem. They experimented with various alloys of steel, trying to find one that would stand the strain of such a shell. Finally they succeeded. They produced a 17-inch gun that would suit this purpose. Various experiments have been made, and are believed to have been entirely successful. It is stated that the shell will be carried 25 miles, and will work havoc on a scale entirely unprecedented.

WANT PRACTICAL SCHOOL WORK

Maritime Board of Trade Favors Technical and Agricultural Training—Universal Military Service

Summerside, P. E. I., Aug. 18.—The Maritime Board of Trade disposed of the bulk of their business this afternoon and will close tomorrow morning. There was a long and interesting discussion on resolution on the practical school work, the advisability of introducing more agricultural and technical education into the common schools to the exclusion, if necessary, of classical and higher mathematical subjects. It was moved by Father Murdoch, of the Newcastle board, and discussed by T. Williams, E. A. Rully, H. G. Hood, Moncton; Judge Stewart, ex-governor MacKinnon, Professor Theodore Ross, W. P. Tidmarsh, N. Rattenbury, Charlottetown; R. H. MacDonald, Neil McLeod, Summerside; Jas. Birch, Alberton; A. A. McNeil, O'Leary.

An amendment was moved by ex-governor MacKinnon that the references to the exclusion of classics and mathematics be eliminated. This was defeated, twelve to eight, the original resolution being carried.

Training for Home Defence, introduced by Charlottetown board, was supported by every individual, was the subject of a resolution which passed unanimously. It was moved by ex-governor MacKinnon, seconded by N. Rattenbury and supported in vigorous speeches by Judge Stewart, Captain Jones, a member of the Canadian Defence League, and others.

Confederation With Newfoundland. By unanimous resolution the board favored memorializing the dominion government to make such overtures to Newfoundland as would lead to confederation. It was moved by Captain Joseph Read, Summerside, and seconded by J. A. Messervy, of Charlottetown. This caused a lively discussion, the ground being taken by several that the time is not opportune for union. Several speeches, however, favored the resolution as being dictatorial. All agreed that confederation would greatly benefit the maritime provinces, as well as Newfoundland. Mainland speakers were T. Williams, of Moncton, and E. A. McCurdy, of Newcastle.

A. C. Chapman, of Moncton, moved, and E. A. Rully, of the juvenile work committee seconded, that the government should secure by preferential treatment the shipment of goods during the winter season of Canadian northwest ports through maritime province ports.

A resolution introduced by the Newcastle board asking the dominion government to subsidize a line of steamships between Miramichi and the island, passed unanimously. The Newcastle board also introduced a resolution moved by R. G. Hood, of Quareville (N. B.), asking the dominion government to encourage the stone-quarrying industry of the maritime provinces. It passed unanimously.

SUCCESSFUL FURNITURE SALE The past two weeks were busy ones indeed at Amland Bros., Waterloo street, because a large number of shoppers took advantage of their August furniture sale, when every piece of fashionable furniture was marked down at greatly reduced prices. This sale is now drawing to a close and the Messrs. Amland Bros. are going to make the next few days of this event lively by offering many rare bargains and those who wish to save money should do their shopping at the above store.

E. N. STOCKFORD AGAIN HEADS GRAND LODGE

St. John Man Grand Chief Templar, I. O. G. T.—Lodge Will Work For Prohibition

Fredericton, N.B., Aug. 18.—The Grand Lodge of New Brunswick, I. O. G. T., elected officers this afternoon as follows: G. C. T. E. N. Stockford, St. John; G. Conn, Rev. W. G. Lane; G. Electoral Supt., A. C. M. Lawson, Fredericton; G. Supt. of Juvenile Work, Miss Beatrice

Fredericton, Aug. 18.—Instead of crying: "Save me from my friends," the province of New Brunswick might well say: "Save me from the members of my legislature."

Another prominent and important witness in Royal Commissioner Chandler's court of inquiry, showed how the province in its department of crown lands and in the farm settlement board had been defrauded of considerable sums of money.

Colonel Loggie, deputy minister of crown lands, giving evidence, swore that nothing had been received by the province for railway ties and lumber cut upon the lands under lease to A. J. H. Stewart, manager for Gloucester. In addition to his evidence proved that the government scaler, William Hayden, had not done his duty in reporting the operation upon these lands.

Again, Colonel Loggie swore that the lands referred to were not under lease to anyone in the fall of 1912, when the operators of A. J. H. Stewart, M.P.P., were cutting railway sleepers. The application for the crown land was not made until December 9, 1912, and the lease was not made until December 26 of the same year. The lessee's name was William G. White who transferred it four months later to A. J. H. Stewart. In the meantime Stewart's operators were hard at work cutting thousands of sleepers for the province did not get one cent of stumpage. Stewart continued the cutting in the following winter of both 1912 and 1913, and again the scaler, Hayden, made no report and the province got no stumpage.

A \$300 Rake-off. James Gilchrist, the secretary of the farm settlement board, swore that the province paid \$1,200 to the Royal Bank at Bathurst for the Knowles farm of 200 acres, which is sold afterward to the four Knowles boys for the same amount, dividing it into farms of fifty acres each.

Knowles senior, the father of the boys, swore that the bank which held the farm on account of a debt due by the firm of Knowles & Co. Ltd., only credited the account with \$1,200 and he produced the bank statement of his account in support of his testimony. But he also swore that Manager Eaton of the bank told him, when he asked for an explanation why he was credited with \$1,200 instead of \$1,500, that he had sold the farm to Stewart and he had sold it to the farm settlement board for \$1,500. Knowles said he was ignorant of any such arrangement, that he asked Stewart, as the county representative, to recommend his farm to the settlement board and he did so. Secretary Gilchrist also swore that Stewart did so.

Reference was made to that he wanted \$2,000 for his farm and told the bank that, but Stewart informed him he could not do so.

The salary of the grand secretary was increased to \$150 per annum. The report of the juvenile work committee showed that the work had been hindered owing to the fact that the superintendent, J. D. Scammell, was on military duty. Mr. Scammell is with the artillery at Partridge Island.

The report of the committee upon political action contained some pointed reference to political conditions in New Brunswick. It stated that the time had come to crystallize the temperance sentiment in the province, the use of money by the liquor interests giving the latter a political influence out of all proportion to numerical strength. Local efforts towards prohibition were advised as a step toward provincial prohibition.

Reference was made to the "courteous reception" given by the government to a delegation which asked for provincial prohibition, and also to the fact that the "favorable consideration" promised had failed to secure any satisfactory result. The report states that the committee is not in a position to express an opinion as to the truth or falsity of the charges that the government's decision was influenced by monetary considerations.

The placing of prohibition candidates in the field before the next provincial election was advised, and it was suggested that a committee be appointed to cooperate with other temperance workers in securing such candidates.

Corns Are Out-of-Date

They Indicate Methods Which Are Obsolete Now

Folks who have corns are folks who pore them, or use liquids, or some other old-time remedy—ways not up-to-date.

Most folks don't keep corns now. When one appears they apply a Blue-jay plaster. The pain stops instantly. In 48 hours the corn disappears forever.

A famous chemist found this way to end corns without pain or soreness. Now millions use it. Fully half the corns that grow are ended as soon as they appear.

There is no excuse for corns. You can't prevent them, maybe, but you can remove them quickly. There will be no lessening corns on your feet when all folks know of Blue-jay.

Blue-jay Plasters

15 and 25 cents—at Druggists Samples Mailed Free

Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York Makers of Physicians' Supplies

Was Not Working FOR HIS HEALTH

Cyclical Reply of A. J. H. Stewart, M. P. P., to Farmer From Whom He Took \$300 As Rake-Off on \$1,500 Sale to Settlement Board

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Friends:—"You poor fish, apply a Blue-jay plaster. The pain stops instantly. In 48 hours the corn disappears forever."

"Don't you know they have the new stuff coming in right along?"

"This week they're selling new stuff from \$1 up."

Shirts, Neckwear, Collars.

A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES

Gilmour's

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IN YOUR EYES

What is it that is causing all that trouble with your eyes? Are the eye muscles following these laws laid down for them by nature? Are they working in harmony and without strain? Are your eye nerves being exhausted and irritated by the unnatural demands made upon them by some form of eye-strain that you have? I am pleased to set your mind at rest on these points.

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193 Union St.

only get \$1,000, and he notified the bank he would sell for that.

Gilchrist swore that acting on the recommendation of Stewart and the report of another member of the board, Wilnot Hay, and their solicitor, A. B. Wilnot, that the title was right, he made out a check for \$1,500 and sent it to the Royal Bank at Bathurst, but the bank's statement to Knowles showed only \$1,200 credited to his account.

Knowles could not swear who got the difference of \$300 but when he asked Stewart for an explanation he said Stewart told him: "A man could not work for nothing or his health."

No Arrangement With Stewart. Knowles denied that there was any arrangement to pay Stewart anything for his services. He said he had a conversation with the bank manager who claimed the right to sell the farm for any amount he pleased.

The province paid the bank \$800 more thinking the price was \$1,600. Gilchrist swore that all his correspondence in connection with the sale was with Stewart, who said the bank had the property to sell. The arrangements and deed were dated November 20, 1912 and Mr. Gilchrist said the check was sent before he sent the agreement, but the bank statement showed \$1,900 credited to Knowles February 23, 1913. This question of dates is to be settled by the production of the farm settlement board check and by the correspondence which passed with Stewart.

Knowles said he had asked the bank manager if he or the bank got any part of the \$800, and the manager denied the report that any of it had been paid to him.

There was much interesting evidence from both Colonel Loggie and Secretary Gilchrist which showed how both of them had been kept in the dark in reference to the cut of lumber and the transfer of the land from the bank to Stewart.

There is some more evidence to be heard in both cases and Docthe F. Heald is wanted to tell his story of the money spent by him on the Lanouque roads. This is the same foreman who swore his time books were lost in the lobster pot. He has been summoned twice to this latter investigation but has not appeared.

Both Stewart and Robbhead, members for Gloucester, sat through the investigation today and Stewart insisted that he did not have the lease in 1912-13 which only brought out the fact that his operators were trespassing on the crown lands.

Five Urgent Cases

The formal closing of the supervised playgrounds will take place on Friday afternoon. The conditions under which the school board granted the use of the various grounds obliges the Playgrounds Association to vacate a week before the opening of the public schools. It has been decided that no general demonstration will attend the closing, but in each of the grounds an extensive and interesting programme will be carried out, including an exhibition of the work done by the children.

BISURATED MAGNESIA

Nearly every stomach disorder begins with excess acidity and may be instantly relieved by a teaspoonful of Bisurated Magnesia after eating. Neutralizes the excess acid; quickly relieves dyspepsia, heartburn, indigestion, belching, etc. Inexpensive; at all druggists everywhere, in either powder or tablet form. Bisurated Magnesia, No. 23 E. 96th St., N. Y. C.

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