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POOR DOCUMENT

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THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES

WEATHER---Fair and decidedly colder weather, is predicted for tomorrow.

VOL. I., NO. 103. ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, JANUARY 30, 1905. ONE CENT.

STRIKE OVER IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Many Factories Resume Operations Today and Trouble Seems Ended---Much Pillaging in Warsaw---Trouble Is Spreading in Poland---Serious Situation at Sebastopol.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30:—12.20 p. m.—Most of the factories and mills of St. Petersburg are in operation today and the strike to all intents and purposes is ended. A few large establishments have not yet fully resumed operations owing to the official formalities, necessary in re-registering their thousands of employees. Some of the workmen at the Putiloff Works where the strike originated have asked for the celebration of a religious service by the Metropolitan of St. Petersburg before resuming work, "so as to remove the effect of the presence of the unfrocked priest and ex-communicated leader," Father Gopon.

Some Social Democrats are protesting against the arrests of Friday and Saturday on the ground that the action taken was a violation of the implied promise contained in the proclamation of the authorities. The manufacturers association will meet this week to decide the question of paying the wages of the strikers, for the time the latter were not at work, but as a number of the works have already paid their unskilled laborers whose pay day was January 28, half or full time, the rest of the employers probably will decide to pay their workmen at least part of their wages for the time they were out on strike.

The Situation at Warsaw.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Jan. 30.—The streets have been quieter since yesterday evening but the strike continues in full swing. All places of business are closed. A proclamation has been issued declaring that the condition of the city requires additional protective measures.

On Saturday the strikers stopped the street railway service, but remained otherwise orderly. Yesterday however, they began wholesale pillage. The majority of the shops in Marshal Kowki street and the state vodka shops were looted. All the factories, shops, schools and theatres are closed and the street lamps are extinguished. There have been several collisions between the police and strikers and many arrests have been made. Peace-abiding inhabitants are terrorstricken.

Spreading In Poland.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29:—The most serious feature of the strike situation is its continuous extension in the Baltic provinces and in Poland. Strikers are cutting telegraph wires and interrupting communications and fears are expressed of most serious disorders, especially in Poland.

It Was An Accident.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30:—Formal charges of negligence and inattention to duty have been preferred against sub-Lieut. Kurzeff, who had immediate charge of the gun from which a shell was fired Jan. 14, during the ceremony of blessing the waters, which was attended by Emperor Nicholas. The official view is that the accident was a result of carelessness in leaving a charge of grape in the gun after a practice which had occurred two days previously.

Serious at Sebastopol.

London, Jan. 30:—A despatch to the Daily Graphic from Sebastopol says:

"In consequence of the gravity of the situation here the government has invested the naval and military commanders with full powers to repress disorders. Over nine hundred arrests have been made."

A Censor To Resign.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29:—Chief Russian Censor Swereff, is about to resign.

A strike of laborers, clerks, bank officials and servants has broken out at Gomel.

There is great indignation at Saratoff over a Cossack patrol mercilessly beating boys with whips as they were leaving school, many of them being terribly punished.

A GRAND DUKE

Justifies the Murder of the People in St. Petersburg.

New York Jan. 30.—A correspondent of the American in St. Petersburg cables under date of Jan. 29:—

His Imperial Highness the Grand Duke Vladimir, the uncle of the Czar, the military dictator of St. Petersburg, and speaking as the personal representative of the emperor, received the correspondent at the winter palace this evening at five o'clock. The grand duke was exceedingly cordial and received him in his private library. It was decorated with priceless bronzes and pictures, and is situated on the grand floor of the palace looking out on the snowy Dvortsovai Square, the scene of last Sunday's sanguinary conflict. The grand duke is a handsome, soldierly man, florid of face and high of forehead. His manner is courteously cordial, but he spoke with great vehemence and dramatic emphasis when discussing the crisis. He speaks French and English fluently but preferred that the correspondent converses with him in Russian. He said:

"In no city of any country of the world can street revolutions be permitted by the authorities. The foreign newspapers state that I am responsible for last Sunday's events. I am not responsible. I acted only as commander of the St. Petersburg troops. The shooting by the troops was not planned by anybody, it was done under the ordinary laws of the empire after the police had failed in their efforts to stop the procession."

With extraordinary emphasis he added:

"The military did their duty only, and they'll do it again if necessary. It is a mistake to assert, as the foreign press do, that the mob had no warning. The regulation warning given the mob by these blasts of the bugles, which is in Russia equivalent to a reading of the riot act in America. The people of Russia are absolutely unfitted for a constitution and there will be none given. The emperor is unshakably resolute on that point. The emperor has been much grieved by the recent bloodshed, but he recognizes and admits the necessity thereof and has expressed his determination to resist all revolutionary demands. He is determined to grant all proper reforms, but they will come by his own will."

In order to solve the mystery of Father Gopon's whereabouts I asked the grand duke if it was true that Gopon had been arrested or was in a hospital. The grand duke answered that he believes Father Gopon had fled abroad, making his escape through Finland. The grand duke described Gopon's as a "Fanatic and eloquent, but lacking capacity."

I asked the grand duke if it were true that some of his troops had refused to obey the orders to fire on the people on Sunday. His Imperial highness banged his fist on the desk, and almost shouted, "That is a lie."

I diplomatically asked the grand duke if it were true that Sunday's events had practically made him dictator. He replied: "I exercise no political influence. I act only as commander of the troops. The civil power still exists and will be strengthened."

I asked the grand duke for his views on any future revolutionary movements, but he declined to express any opinion but commented approvingly on the fact that the strikers were fired on when rioting.

"This is not the proper time for reforms," said the grand duke. "They will be granted until all disorder has subsided, adding with emphasis: "The revolt will be quelled by military power and I approve of that measure."

The grand duke scoffed at the reports that the Emperor had left the Sarskoe-Selo.

"He has been there all the week. He was there last Sunday and will remain there. Everybody knows that His Majesty is over in St. Petersburg this month."

The grand duke laughingly showed me a bundle of abusive letters he had received from England. I warned him that I had been informed that St. Petersburg workmen had determined to take his life. At this the grand duke said: "They won't succeed, I'm too careful." In concluding, the grand duke expressed his fullest reliance in the army saying: "The soldiers will do their best."

American Sympathy.

New York, Jan. 30.—After a big meeting of sympathizers with Russian revolutionaries in the Academy of Music last night says the World, 1500 men and women marched to the Russian Cansul General's office in Broad street, singing the Marseillaise, and shouting revolutionary utterances.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30.—The posting of placards at Libau signed by the governor of Courtland of a similar purport to those posted at Moscow charging Great Britain with responsibility for the disturbances in Russia, has called out another vigorous protest from the British Ambassador, Sir Charles Hardinge, who has pointed out to foreign minister Lamsdirff that such proceedings must make a deplorable impression in Great Britain and cannot fail to seriously affect the general relation of two countries. The British military attache here, Major Napier, has been despatched to Warsaw to inquire into the attack on Consul General Marday and the vice'consul there.

GREAT BRITAIN PROTESTS.

Relations With Russia May Again Be Severely Strained.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30.—1.50 p. m.—New complications between Great Britain and Russia are feared on account of the attack on the British consul and vice-consul at Warsaw Saturday night. Coming on the heels of the placards posted by assistant policq Chief Roudneff at Moscow, charging Great Britain with creating the revolution in Russia, the Warsaw incident is likely to arouse an outburst in Great Britain which may again strain relations between the two countries. Beyond the fact of the attack at Warsaw resulting in the wounding of the British vice-consul, who is now in a hospital, the British embassy here has no details of the affair but Sir Charles Hardinge, the British ambassador, has already delivered a note to Freign Minister Lamsdorff, asking for an immediate investigation and explanation, reserving any claims which may be hereafter made, and at the same time asking for the protection of British consuls throughout the empire. By the first train he also despatched Major Napier, the British military attache, to Warsaw to secure a full report of the circumstances. Count Lamsdorff replied to ambassador Hardinge's second note on the subject of the Moscow placards by saying that instructions had been sent to remove all traces of the placards from the streets. It is now learned, however, that similar notices have been posted at Libau and Revel, which led to a renewal of the representations on this score.

In this connection the appearance of the proclamation of the Holy Synod instructing the Orthodox priests to inform their parishioners that the strike and revolutionary movements were promoted by the external as well as internal enemies of Russia, with the object of embarrassing the military and naval plans, has created something of a flurry among foreigners here, especially the British who believe them, the object is to incite hostility.

No further action, however, has been taken by either Ambassador Hardinge or the other foreign representatives.

Private advices from Warsaw say the authorities there already have taken over charge of the water works electric light and gas plants and that serious trouble is anticipated.

London, Jan. 30.—The foreign office has received a telegram from Consul General Murray at Warsaw reporting that himself and vice-Consul Mucukain were charged by Russian cavalrymen engaged in clearing the streets of Warsaw. It appears that Mr. Murray is slightly deaf and probably did not hear the approach of the troopers and when he subsequently endeavored to make known his personality it was without avail. The foreign office has telegraphed to Ambassador Hardinge to make urgent representations at St. Petersburg on the subject.

FIRE IN THE DRILL HALL.

Fredericton Excited by a Small Blaze on Saturday Might---Old Lady Dead.

Fredericton, Jan. 30:—(Special)—Miss Mary E. Patterson, the eldest maiden lady in York county died at Macnaquac on Saturday, aged ninety years. The remains were brought to this city today and interred in the rural cemetery.

Some excitement was caused at the barracks at seven o'clock Saturday evening by the discovery that the drill hall was on fire. The men of the corps were summoned by bugle call and succeeded in extinguishing the flames without calling on the city fire department. The fire originated beneath a hard coal stove and was discovered by caretaker McKenzie.

Thousands of dollars worth of government stores were in the building and it was most fortunate that the fire was discovered while in an incipient stage.

A DOMINION EXHIBITION.

Will be One This Year After All---New Westminster Will Hold it.

Ottawa, Jan. 30.—(Special)—The Dominion government has decided to give a grant of $50,000 to a dominion exhibition to be held this year during the coming summer at New Westminister, B. C. It was arranged some time ago to have an off year and not to give any grant until 1906, but on account of pressure from J. B. Kennedy, M. P., for New Westminister, the government has agreed to give it this year. There will be the same conditions as in Toronto and Winnipeg, which were that part of grant will have to be expended in paying freight on exhibits from other provinces.

The supplementary estimates will contain the grant and New Westminister can go ahead and make arrangements now as the money is assured. The matter was decided at the cabinet meeting on Saturday afternoon.

MORE EVIDENCE HEARD.

Paris, Jan. 30—The international commission inquiring into the North Sea incident at its session today heard two Swedish witnessed Captain Johnson and Mate Stromberg, of the cargo boat Alderbaran. They both testified that a few hours preceding the firing upon the British trawlers by the Russian squadron their boat was attacked in the North sea by a strange warship which fired many shots at the Aldebaran, but did not do her serious damage. The stranger then disappeared.

Counsel for Russia protested that this testimony was not directly connected with the North Sea incident and Admiral Fouknier (France) president of the commission, ruled that the testimony was admissable.

Hugh O'Bairne, the British agent said the strange vessel was the Russian transport Kamkatcha, which mistook the Swedish craft for a torpedo boat.

Mr. O'Bairne further declared that the Kamkatcha thereafter sent a wireless message to Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, notifying him that she had been attacked by a torpedo boat and Rojestvensky thereupon ordered his squadron to be on the lookout for torpedo boats which Mr. O'Bairne asserted caused the North Sea incident.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Mrs. Geo. H. Perley took place this afternoon from the residence of Harold Perley, Germain St. It was largely attended. Rev. Mr. Richardson officiated and interment took place in Fernhill.

Among the many floral tributes were: boquet smilax, tied with white ribbon, Miss Coster, boquet, callalilies, Mrs. R. M. Hazen; wreath, white carnations, Miss Hazen; sheaf of wheat, with carnations, tulips and lilies, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Dearborn; and cut flowers from Mrs. Landry.

Miss Bessie Waterbury, daughter of Geo. H. Waterbury is to be the principal in an interesting event next Wednesday morning when she will be united in marriage to Percy Benjamin of Wolfville, N. S. The wedding which will be a very quiet one, young lady on King St. East. young lady on fling St. East.

John Birmingham, a former St. John boy, who has been working in Boston for the past two years, leaves tonight for Moncton where he assumes the position of clerk in the American Hotel. Mr. Birmingham worked for several years in the Brunswick hotel and made many friends in Moncton.

The Springhill, Captain Cook arrived in port this morning with barge No. 6 in tow, from Parrsboro. All the barges at that port will be brought here on account of the ice making so fast at Parrsboro. It is feared that some of the vessels will be frozen in.

Manifests for the following United States products, were received at the custom house today, 41 cars corn, 36 cars cattle, five cars corn, and one car of meats, for shipment to United Kingdom.

CIVIC LICENSES.

Arrangements With the Theatres ---Other Sources of Revenue.

In regard to the question which has arisen relative to the licensing of places of amusement in this city, Mr. Wardroper, the common clerk, informed the Times this morning that the authority was derived from an act of the legislature in force 1894. The act is "A law to provide for the regulating of shows and other exhibitions in the city of St. John, and for the granting of licenses therefor."

In addition to the above the mayor has authority to issue licenses to the following:—Marshall's warrants, fresh meats, fish hawkers, pony carts, junk coach drivers, cart and sloven, omnibus, cart, coach, sloven, lumber wagons, express wagons, auctioneers, peddlars and hawkers, patent medicine venders, business and labor licenses.

The mayor said this morning that the licenses have been very well taken out during the present year. He added that the management of the Opera House and York Theatre had informed him that the regulations recommended by the committee had been complied with. He said that no licenses had been taken out by the two theatres this year, but that arrangements have been made with the York Theatre, for each company which performs hereafter to take out a license.

In regard to the Opera House, he said that arrangements were pending, and that it was probable some understanding would be arrived at shortly. The question had arisen as to whether licenses should be issued to the theatres or not, until the regulations relating to the safely of the building, recommended by the committee, had been carried out, but they were now free to go ahead, and make satisfactory arrangements.

CORONER MAY INVESTIGATE.

Faith Cures Are Not Successful in Dowie's Zion City.

Chicago, Jan. 30:—Mrs. J. G. Speicher, wife of the acting overseer Speicher of Zion City, is dead as the result of consumption. Hers is the second death which has followed a recent inroad of sickness, among John Alexander Dowie's chiefs and followers, and against which the prayers of the "First Apostle" have seemingly been of no avail.

The body of Deacon Carl F. Stern, for many years Dowie's chief of police, arrived in Zion City Saturday night. Stern died while enroute to the Bahama Islands, where Dowie is suffering with chronic stomach trouble, and his wife is desperately ill.

It is said that an investigation of the death of Mrs. Speicher will be made by the state board of health and coroner.

GET AWAY WITH $17,000.

Burglars Make a Big Haul in a Bridgeport House.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 30.—Burglars robbed the house of Mrs. Johanna B. Lumpkin in Washington Ave., last night and stole bonds, money and jewelry to the amount of $17,000. The booty was in a chamois bag which was concealed in a folding bed and when Mrs. Lumpkin went to replace rings that she had worn during the day her valuables were gone. No traces of the thieves have been found.

U. S. bonds valued at $6,500 and $650 in cash and diamond rings and bracelets valued at $5,000 made up the list of the stolen articles.

TEAMSTERS STRIKE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 30—Two hundred lumber teamsters employed by the big yards of Chicago decided last night to go on strike today because the employers refused to grant their demand for an increase of wages of 50 cents a day. Over twenty firms, members of the association will be affected by the strike.

THIS BATTLE WAS NO SMALL AFFAIR.

Kuropatkin's Disastrous Attempt to Turn Japanese Left on Saturday Cost Him 10,000 Men --- Jap Casualties 5,000 --- Nothing Doing Today --- The Railway Blocked.

General Kuroki's Headquarters, Jan. 29, via Fusan, Jan. 30.—The Russian attempt to turn the Japanese left has resulted in a complete failure. The Russians chose the worst weather of the season, depending perhaps upon their familiarity with a snowy country to aid them in their operations.

Their artillery attacks on the Japanese permanent line were, it is thought a demonstration to prevent the withdrawal of forces for the purpose of reinforcing the Japanese left. All yesterday afternoon and into the night an artillery duel was waged across the Shakhe River. There was much heavy rifle firing from positions where the entrenchments are close.

It has been quiet today except on the left. The weather is much milder.

Heavy Casualties.

Tokio, Jan. 30,—3 p. m.—The casualties during the fighting at Chenchichpao and Heikoutai are estimated at $5,000 on the side of the Japanese and 10,000 on the Russian side.

The Railway Blocked.

London, Jan. 30.—According to a Tokio despatch to the Daily Telegraph Russian supplies from the interior are concentrated at Lake Bailal owing to the fact that the railway east of that point is blocked with snow. Vladivostok is now isolated on the land side as well as the sea front.

The same correspondent says it is reported that orders have been placed in England for several large warships for Japan.

China's Neutrality.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30.—The Novosti says Secretary Hay's note on subject of China will be interpreted in different ways. "We cannot say," the paper adds, "that it promised the belligerents agreeable prospects. If other cabinets come to an agreement with Washington it may happen that neither Russia nor Japan will get the slightest advantage from the war. Other powers are preparing to set up claims in case peace is declared. These powers have suddenly conceived a desire to preserve China's integrity and neutrality under any circumstances. Their solitude comes a little late.

Will Aid Japan.

Paris, Jan. 28.—Japanese officials have remarked to the members of the Diplomatic Corps that the Russian strikes might have an important influence on the war in interrupting communication by the trans-Siberian R. R. They anticipate that if the strike spreads it will involve the railroad workers making the strikers more effective in cutting off General Kuropatkin's railroad connections than the Chinese bandits have been.

Nothing Doing Today.

Tokio, Jan. 30.—1.30 a. m.—Russian activity on the Shakhe River seemed to have ceased after the fights at Chenchiehpao and Heikovtia, yesterday, where the Japanese were victorious. The object of the operations is not clearly understood here, but it is suggested that the Russians either intend to turn the Japanese left and move a heavy force down west of the Liao River, or were seeking to divert attention from some projected operation against the Japanese right. It is reported that the weather is warmer since Jan. 25, but it is still extremely cold, so that it is impossible to expose the troops at night.

The Tokio Press expresses the opinion that Gen. Kuropatkin either ordered the movement to divert attention from the domestic trouble in Russia, or had planned to make a fight before Field Marshal Oyama had been heavily reinforced.

Manchurian army headquarters telegraphing yesterday says: "There has been no great change in the direction of the right and centre armies since the night of January 28, except constant collisions between reconnoitering parties. In the direction of the left army the enemy keeps up a slow but constant cannonading."

"The enemy's main body at Chenchiehpao and Heikoutai seems to have retreated in the direction of Neinyupao, which is two miles west of Chengtan and Subfangtai. At a point 10 miles north west of Chengtan the enemy left many dead."

The details of the fighting at Chenhiehpao and Heikoatai have not yet been reported.

Will Let it Drop.

Berlin, Jan. 30:—The Russian government's reply to China's declaration that she has not infringed neutrality nor permitted Japan to do so is a re-assertion that she has done so. The Russian note which was communicated to the powers Saturday gives specifications of what is affirmed to be violations of neutrality but the tone of the reply is such that it is inferred that Russia is not likely to carry the discussion much further. It is learned here that Russia found that all the powers particularly Germany held views identical with those of the United States on limiting the zone of war and keeping China out of it.

The Times New Reporter.

The Times new reporter earnestly requests his hosts of friends not to insist upon making him a candidate for the city council. He has been urged by so many that it is really embarrassing to refuse. In the present condition of the streets it is comparatively easy to dodge and hide from eager friends, but long before election day the hiding places will have been melted or removed—and he is not a fast runner.

* * * *

Director Cushing received a cable yesterday from Gen. Trepoff, St. Petersburg, congratulating him on his success in restoring order in St. John. "Come over," cabled Trepoff, "and I'll give you a job in Moscow." The director, after consulting Ald. Christie, decided to stay in St. John. "It is your duty," said Ald. Christie. "Whenever there is trouble between the sheep and the goats the aldermen need a scape-goat."

* * * *

THE SHEEP AND THE GOATS.

Now it came to pass that certain persons of the baser sort conspired among themselves to go among the husbandmen and labor for hire, that they might obtain food for their families.

But when they came to the fields the husbandmen said one to another, Who are those men?

And one of them answered and said: We be husbandmen like unto yourselves, and would labor that we may feed our wives and little ones.

But the husbandmen doubted, and sent one to bring unto them a leader of the people whose surname was Sharkey. And lo, when he had looked upon the strangers, he said: These be not husbandmen; therefore cast them out.

But one of them said unto him, It is written in the law that all may live.

Then said Sharkey to the husbandmen. Send for the elders of the people.

And they sent, but only one of the elders came, even he whose surname is Holder. But when he had heard the story he cried out, Verily, these men be imposters and must be driven out. Yea, they shall be beaten and driven forth. But bide you here until I have seen the elder whose surname is Christie.

And when he had thus spoken he hastened unto the elder whose surname is Christie. But the latter, when he had heard the story spake in this wise:—Let it not be said of the elders that they mingled with these persons or gave ear unto them. But let our servant Cushing go and cast out these impostors, and so shall we accomplish our purpose without blame.

Now the servant Cushing was a humane man, and bethought him of the wives and little ones. Therefore he said unto the strangers. Come ye unto another field whereof the fence is high, that ye may not be seen of the husbandmen, and there work shall be given you.

And it was so.

* * * *

The weather man regrets to say that his prediction, that there would be more snow on Saturday and more on Sunday, was not fulfilled. There was a strike at the factory. The cause is unknown, but it is supposed that some star dust got among the snowflakes and wanted to come down with them, and they went on strike. A settlement was reached some time last night, and this morning the snow was falling as usual.

* * * *

TOBOGGANING PARTY.

Miss Jean Lightfoot of South End held a pleasant tobogganing party in the street in front of her home on Saturday evening. Through the action of the weather bureau in providing the material for a fine slide on the sidewalk, and the kindness of Director Cushing and the street department in permitting it to remain there the enjoyment of the company was much enhanced. By an ingenious utilizing of the snow at hand it was possible to start at the top step of Miss Daisy Snowdrop's residence opposite and slide through Miss Lightfoot's parlor window, the jump from the window sill to the parlor floor furnishing an exhilarating bumper and affording direct communication with the dining room. Ice cream, ice water, icicles, snow pudding and snow balls were served at midnight, after which the party ploughed home. It was a grand occasion and a noteworthy event in the social life of the South End.

* * * *

The physician in charge denies the report that the boil on Mr. Jamesey Jones's neck had struck because a pimple had also appeared. Suppuration is still proceeding satisfactory.

SMALL FIRE IN MONCTON.

House Burned and Poor Family Turned Into the Street --- Hurt in I. C. R. Shops.

Moncton, N. B., Jan. 30.—(Special)—The fire department was called out this morning at eleven o'clock, for a fire in a small house, owned and occupied by Mrs. Calvin Woodworth. The building was completely destroyed. The loss is about $200. Mrs. Woodworth lost most of her furniture and the family, which is in poor circumstances, was turned out of doors.

A man named Cormier had his foot badly crushed while at work in the I. C. R. shops this morning.

Wm. McKinnon, of the I. C. R. blacksmith shop, went to Montreal on Saturday night for special eye treatment. Mr. McKinnon was struck in the eye by a piece of steel some time ago and his eye has given trouble ever since.

A JOB FOR SOME ONE.

Ottawa, Jan. 30.—(Special)—J. G. Jardine, Canada's commercial agent in South Africa, has resigned his position, on account of ill health. Mr. Jardine has returned to Toronto.

The case against Harry Maher and William McIntyre for breaking and entering P. J. McGuire's liquor store on Mill street on Sunday the 22nd. inst. was resumed this afternoon, at the police court.

G. A. Abinette left this morning for Moncton accompanied by Mrs. Abinette. He will return on Wednesday, when he will assume his duties as chief clerk at the Dufferin.

IN TELEGRAPHIC AND GENERAL NEWS THE TIMES LEADS.

TROJANS AND ARCTIC RINK.

Fredericton Hockeyists and Rink Manager at Loggerheads - - - May Affect League Games.

Fredericton, Jan. 30.—(Special.)—There has been quite a "flare up" in local hockey circles with the result that no more league matches will be played in Fredericton, this season. The Trojans who, some time ago, made an agreement with Manager Hanson to play at the Arctic rink, yesterday, made a peremptory demand for "better terms," which Hanson refused and they are now at loggerheads. The game with the Neptunes advertised for this evening was accordingly declared off so far as the Arctic rink is concerned but it may be played at Marysville. Mr. Hanson is now organizing a team from Fredericton and Marysville to play against Dawson City on Friday evening. He states that he will have nothing to do with the Trojans.

THE LIQUOR CASES.

The case against Matthew A. Harding came up again before the magistrate to-day. Mr. Harding promised to close his premises at 7 o'clock Saturday nights in future.

Mr. McCarthy promised to close the door between his liquor and grocery stores, and some changes will be made in Mr. Caples premises. "If these people want licenses next year said his honor, they had better change their premises so they will be satisfactory to the commissioners."

All three cases stand until to-day week.

John (Tip) O'Neill is confined to his home in the north end owing to a very sore foot. His many friends will be pleased to learn that he will be around again in a few days.