You May Find It In Stocking

Cincinnati Authority Says Your Troublesome Corns Just Loosen and Fall Off.

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or corns between the toes just loosen in their sockets and fall off the next day if you will apply directly upon the corn a few drops of a drug called freezone, says a Cincinnati authority

You merely put a drop or two of this freezone on the tender, touchy corn today and instantly the corn stops hurting, then tomorrow sometime you may find the old torturous pest somewhere in your stocking, having fallen off entirely without a particle of soreness, pain or irritation. The skin surrounding and beneath the former corn will be as healthy, pink and smooth as the palm of your hand.

A quarter ounce of freezone is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn and callous, and any druggist will charge but a few cents for it. It is a compound made from ether.—Advt.

A CHILD DOESN'T LAUGH AND PLAY IF CONSTIPATED

Look, Mother! Is tongue coated, breath feverish and stomach sour?

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver, bowels.

Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomachache, diarrhoea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a teaspoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies, children of all ages, and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

HINTS FARMERS WERE PURCHASED BY GERMAN GOLD

Donald Sutherland Makes Wild Statements at Ingersoll Meeting.

ALLEGES INSINCERITY

Union Government Supporter Says United Farmers Not Representative.

INGERSOLL, June 18.—Part of a vigorous address by Donald Sutherland, M.P., at the annual meeting of the South Oxford Conservative Association, held this afternoon in the Foresters' Hall, Mount Elgin, was devoted to discussing the action of the deputation of United Farmers of Ontario who waited upon the Dominion Government to protest against the military service regulations.

"I am a supporter of Union Government, and as long as this war lasts I will be a supporter of that Government," declared Mr. Sutherland with emphasis. He declared that the organizers of the United Farmers of Ontario did not represent the great agricultural interests, on which a stigma had been placed, and which had been represented at the front by 52,000 of its men. In the course of his address Mr. Sutherland said: "I want to say as a man who has been connected with agriculture all his life that I resent the stigma that has been cast upon the farmers of Ontario by these so-called representatives. I want to say, and say it emphatically, that the men who were in charge of that organization who were in Ottawa were not sincere. They were misleading the farmers of this country in seeking to accomplish what many didn't want to see accomplished."

Only Received One.

Mr. Sutherland went on to state that the farmers believed they were supporting a movement to get exemption in cases of extreme hardship, and not for the entire farming population. He had received only one resolution from the farmers' organizations of South Oxford regarding the military service act, and this was from the United Farmers of Culloden, who emphasized their loyalty and repudiated any movement to get exemption for the farmers.

Mr. Sutherland next dealt with circumstances which led up to the movement. He referred to the amendment introduced in the House of Commons by S. Molloy of Provencher, Man., who was the only Laurier-Liberal elected in that province, against the amendments to the military service act calling up young men of 19 to 22 years of age. In Ontario he claimed the agitation had been continued by Laurier-Liberals, and at the time the deputation went to Ottawa there were three from Quebec for every one from Ontario. Ontario members of the House had been ignored by the deputation, and for their spokesman they obtained Mr. Vein of Lobintour.

It was contended by the speaker that had Quebec done her full share under the volunter system compulsory service would not have been necessary. He further claimed that in applying conscription Sir Robert Borden had been more than fair, and had allowed Sir Wilfrid Laurier to nominate one-half of the members of the tribunals, which had made the act a farce.

The speaker went on to say that it had been claimed by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux that the Ontario deputation vindicated the stand that had been taken by Quebec. It had been stated by Mr. Vein, said the speaker, that Canada should not send reinforcements overseas, that it was time for her to allow the United States to take over the responsibility she had been carrying.

Mr. Sutherland considered that the movement was not sincere and reasonable, and that the deputation was more anxious to go away with a grievance than accomplish something.

Hints Propaganda.

"What was at the back of this movement?" asked the speaker. I cannot say—we have heard that German money has been used effectively in every Allied country in the war. I should be surprised to learn that Ontario was an exception."

V. A. Sinclair, M.P.P., also addressed the meeting, dealing principally with matters that had engaged the attention of the Legislature. He was glad of the fact that he was not meeting a convention on the eve of an election. He referred to the great attention that had been given to war measures and of how party strife had been avoided. The offer of an extension of the life of the Legislature from Mr. Proudfoot, he declared, was a high tribute to his administration.

Other speakers were S. R. Lee, the president, and Organizer C. H. Bingham. The meeting was well attended, and all the former officers were re-elected.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

KILLED IN ACTION

LONDON

R. G. Wallace.
G. Wiley.
H. Ward.

WINDSOR

P. Baillargeon.

WOODSTOCK.

Pte. Fred Jamieson.

WOUNDED

ST. THOMAS.

N. Sprague.

BOTHWELL

P. Tugg.

GALT

J. S. West.

ALGONQUIN PARK.

The great 2,000,000-acre reserve that has been set aside in Ontario as a sanctuary for fish and game, as well as a playground for all who desire to enjoy the pleasures of outdoor life, is now becoming the objective of many who take their outings at this time.

The Highland Inn, situated on Cache Lake, where also is situated the headquarters of the superintendent of the park, is now open for the reception of guests, and the accommodation is being quickly taken up for the season. This hotel is owned and operated by the Grand Trunk Railway System, and a unique feature this year will be all the departments of its operation will be under the supervision of young ladies who are qualified to fill the positions, which, in many cases were previously occupied by young men now enrolled for the defence of our King and country. The altitude of Algonquin Park is nearly 2,000 feet above the level of the sea, and offers the purest of air and unlimited attractions for the vocationist, the camper, the canoe cruiser and the angler. It is "the place where life's worth while," and is unapproachable as a resort for rest and recuperation.

In connection with the Highland Inn are operated two log cabin camps, each accommodating 75 people, one of these camps is situated on Smoke Lake, 7 miles south, and the other on Island Lake, 10 miles north of the hotel. The camps are reached by a daily stage from the hotel. A handsomely illustrated descriptive booklet, telling you all about this wonderful playground, can be had free on application to agents of the Grand Trunk Railway System, or to C. E. Horning, D. P. A., Toronto, Ont. b

BRITISH SEAMEN ARE ORDERED FROM SWEDEN

CHRISTIANIA, June 18.—Representatives of the British Seamen's Union, after a successful conference at Copenhagen, arranged to go to Sweden to confer with the Swedish seamen with reference to a new international federation. On arrival at Gothenburg they were ordered to leave Sweden on the next train.

CAPT. GORDON CARLING DEAD AT DESERONTO

OTTAWA, June 18.—A telegram from Deseronto military camp announces the death there last night of Capt. Gordon Carling, son of F. W. Carling of this city and grandson of the late Sir John Carling of London, Ontario. No particulars were given, but his death is believed to have been due to the effects of severe wounds and gassing sustained in France over two years ago. Capt. Carling went overseas with the original P.P.C.L.I. as a private and he won his commission on the field.

FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR KILLED.

FORT WORTH, Texas, June 18.—Lieut. Rose, an instructor at Barrie Field near here, was killed when the airplane in which he was riding with another officer fell. Rose's home was in Pennsylvania. His companion was seriously hurt.

TO ENLARGE U. S. NAVY.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Permanent increase of enlisted personnel of the navy from 18,180 to 131,485, as provided in the naval appropriation bill, as it passed the Senate, was approved today by the House.

ONE-HALF TOTAL AUSTRIAN FORCE HELD BY DIAZ

Charles' Great Army Has Failed in Drive, Says Law.

BERLIN BEHIND ATTACK

Now Impossible for Germany to Gain Victory in West, Chancellor Declares.

London, June 18.—Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, in the House of Commons today, announced that he would postpone until tomorrow his statement on national expenditure. He then proceeded to give a review of the general situation.

"The latest phase of this struggle," he said, "is the Austrian offensive in Italy. It is part of an intense offensive which has been carried on along the whole battle front. Our enemies are right in thinking that a great success gained on that front would have far-reaching, perhaps decisive, results on the general battle front in France. For that reason, the general suspicion that the initiative came from Berlin, rather than from Vienna, I believe to be justified.

Over Half of Entire Front.

"The offensive was launched by a very large number of Austrian divisions, a good deal more than half of their total force on that front being engaged in the attack. All I can say is that after three days' fighting the attack has failed."

"Our advices from Italian headquarters are that the enemy has not secured in three days the objectives which they hoped to obtain the first day. And it is also true to say that no offensive on this scale throughout the whole war has at its initiation secured so little success.

"There is no doubt that our and the French troops are giving a good account of themselves, and the Italians have been fighting throughout with the highest courage and the most marked tenacity. The Italian higher command has no fear of the result. The danger is not yet over, but the Government can express admiration and gratitude to the Italians for the share they have taken in the general struggle."

Confidence on the West.

Speaking of the western front, Bonar Law said that British and French headquarters knew the positions to which the German divisions were being sent before the commencement of the offensive on March 21. He admitted that the attack had attained an amount of success which had caused the utmost anxiety.

"But," he added, "three months have passed, and although the battle is a continuous one, we can look back upon what has happened with some confidence.

"In this whole campaign the Germans have had before them three great objectives. One was Paris; another was the channel ports; the third was not only the defeat, if they could achieve it, of the Allied army, but the breaking of the communications between the British and French forces. Although the Allies have had to give much ground, not one of the enemy's strategic objectives has been attained.

Germany Disappointed.

"I think if anyone in the early days of the struggle had suggested to Hindenburg that in three months the position would be as it is today he would have treated the suggestion with scorn. There is clear and increasing evidence in the German press that they are becoming disappointd with the success—great as it has been—which has attended the German army so far.

"On the other hand, if we could have foreseen three months ago what the position is now, our anxiety would have been less."

The chancellor classed the battle of St. Quentin and the first battle of the Lys as great German successes, while the battle of Merris was one in which the British were entirely successful. The same was true of the second phase of the battle of the Lys.

Referring to that part of the line held by the French, he said the first attack was a great victory for the Germans, but that later an immense attack was started which entirely failed in its objective.

Reservoir of Reserves.

"The offensive of March 21," he continued, "has brought about unity of command, which results have justified. The long-continued battle must be a question of reserves. The great source of Allied reserves is America, and it is undoubtedly part of the German scheme to use up the Allied reserves before they can be reinformed from America, but in this they have not succeeded. I wish it were possible to tell the House the number of troops which since March 21 have been sent from this country to strengthen our own forces. It is a large number, but, as I have said, the main source of the Allied reserves is America.

"Necessity has made possible what seemed impossible. The American troops are not coming; they have come. America isn't coming into the war; she is in it.

"I am sure that every member of the House realizes and is delighted to know that the American troops have been fighting and have justified the hopes which everyone acquainted with the character of the American people formed of what the fighting value of these troops would be.

Hun Victory Impossible.

"Of course, I cannot give you the numbers. But the best way of making the House realize how big the change has been will be to read an extract from the minutes of the last supreme war council:

"'Thanks to the prompt and cordial co-operation of the president of the United States, arrangements which have been set on foot for the transportation and brigading of American troops will make it impossible for the enemy to gain victory by wearing out the Allied reserves before he has exhausted his own.'"

The references to America were loudly cheered.

Bonar Law also wished it were possible to attract the general notice of the country and tabulate in some way the work of the air service. There was no branch of British efforts of the war, of which the people had greater reason to be proud. It had played throughout a magnificent part, not only in assisting the British troops, but in helping Italy, and especially the French, in their long struggle.

Submarines Beaten.

The submarine menace a year ago appeared to be the greatest danger the Allies had to cope with, and was regarded by the Germans as a means to victory. All that was now changed, he declared. The shipping figures, which would be published this week, would show that the world's ship construction for the first time exceeded the submarine destruction. There was no chance, so far as human foresight could divine, of the country being starved into submission, and that consideration had an important effect on the military position.

The chancellor again referred to the unending stream of American troops coming across the water, and said it would continue until the whole man power of America, if necessary, would be thrown into the scale. What already had been done and had been arranged for showed clearly that the extent of American military co-operation on the battlefield of France would not be limited by transport, but only by the number of trained men available.

A Mistaken Hope.

That was the great fact of the present year and thus had the German hope of nullifying American help in the war been a mistaken hope.

Alluding to the present lull on the western front, he predicted that it was only the lull preceding a hurricane. But he had the greatest confidence in the moral courage of the Allied and American troops, and their readiness to face what was coming, despite all they had suffered and endured. Their morale had never been higher.

"Those responsible," he said, in conclusion, "look to the future without alarm. If three months hence none of the strategic objectives which I have indicated have been obtained by the Germans, then their campaign will have failed, and, despite their previous victories, will prove to be the most disastrous campaign in which they have engaged.

"The future of our country and of the world depends upon the next few weeks. But I have confidence that our soldiers and those of our Allies will not fail us."

The House agreed to the vote of credit.

TWO LONDON JOURNALS WARN GOVT. AGAINST INCREASED WAR COSTS

London, June 19.—A note of warning against increased war expenditure is sounded by the Daily Chronicle and the Daily News in their comment on the statements made by Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, in moving a vote of credit in the House of Commons yesterday. Other papers do not question the huge outlay. "We are getting our money's worth," says the Daily Express. It adds that the Allies "look forward to another three months of insistent anxiety."

The Daily News says: "The sinister fact that the indifference that prevails on the subject. The treasury long since ceased to exercise control; parliament offers nothing with which to dam the tide. The Government's idea of 'getting on with the war' does not include any considerations of economy . and there is no check on the torrent of waste in the departments themselves."

FRENCH GOVT. EXPECTS EVENTUALLY RUSSIANS WILL PAY ALL DEBTS

Paris, June 19.—The French Government has confidence that Russia will eventually pay her debts, declared Finance Minister Klotz in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. Socialist deputies had attempted a conference to discuss the renewal privileges of the Bank of France, and raised the question of the Russian debt to France, but their efforts were foiled by the finance minister. Deputy Edouard Barth offered an interpellation as to who should be held responsible for 500,000,000 francs still due French investors in Russian loans. Finance Minister Klotz replied, saying: "It matters not what government obtains in Russia. I do not despair of the guarantee of the Russian state."

The minister was interrupted by Socialist cries of "No!"

"It is immaterial," continued M. Klotz, "whether the Bank of Russia meets its indebtedness. I have confidence in the Russian state, and French investors will not lose. It is not the Government which contracts debts: it is the country."

NO SERIOUS STRIKES IN CANADA AT PRESENT TIME

There Is a Degree of Unrest, But Country Is Favored.

Ottawa, June 18.—The following statement was issued today by the labor department:

"There is an apparent misapprehension as to the extent of labor troubles in Canada. Canada is still, by comparison with other countries, extremely favored in these matters. At the present time, from Cape Breton to Vancouver Island, there are no more than five or six trifling strikes, most of them about a week old, and involving in all something less than 250 men and women, some of them being no more than local. There is no doubt more than the average degree of unrest, but only in special cases is this unrest converted into strikes."

HONORS FOR CANADIANS.

New Haven, Conn., June 19.—At the commencement exercises of Yale University today the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon Earl Reading, British ambassador, and William Renwick Riddell, justice of the supreme court of Ontario. John Masefield, English poet, received the degree of Doctor of Letters.

Worcester, Mass., June 19.—Holy Cross College today conferred the honorary degree of Master of Arts on Rev. Patrick J. Howard of Sandwich, Ont.

FOOD SOURING IN STOMACH CAUSES INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" relieves stomach distress in five minutes.

Wonder what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sick, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented and turned sour; head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapepsin to help neutralize acidity and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have dyspepsia. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps the stomach sweetened and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Diapepsin, which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it stops fermentation and acidity and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing.

LEMON JUICE TAKES OFF TAN

Girls! Make bleaching lotion if skin is sunburned, tanned or freckled

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle, sunburn and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of Orchard White for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles, sunburn, windburn and tan disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

REBEKAH MEMBERSHIP FOR ONTARIO SHOWS 1,483 GROWTH IN YEAR

HAMILTON, June 18.—At this morning's session of Rebekah Assembly of Ontario reports were presented which showed the finances to be in satisfactory shape while the membership has increased by 1483. Comment was made on the large amount of work done since the outbreak of the war for the Red Cross and other patriotic institutions. About two hundred delegates from all over the province are in attendance.

DOZEN PATENT MEDICINES MAY BE BARRED SALE

TORONTO, June 18.—Charges that are being laid by the Ontario license board with the Provincial board of health may result in ten or a dozen proprietary medicines being forced off the market. Samples of a large number of patent medicines analyzed disclose in about a dozen instances, the analyst reports, large quantities of alcohol and little of medical value.

HINDENBURG'S MENTALITY HAS SUFFERED A SHOCK

GENEVA, June 18. — The Tribune says it learns from a reliable source that Field Marshal von Hindenburg is suffering from an acute nervous disease, that his mental capacity is much affected, and that he is confined in a private sanatorium. The newspaper adds that Hindenburg took no responsible part in the recent offensive on the western battlefront, the work being chiefly done by Gen. Ludendorff.

ITALIANS IN BALKANS REPEL ENEMY ATTACK

PARIS, June 18.—The official statement from Macedonia reads:

"Eastern theatre, June 17.—There were artillery duels along the whole front, liveller west of the Vardar and the Cerna bend. An enemy attempt against the front held by the Italians was repulsed. British airmen bombed the stations along the line of Seres and Drama, and started a fire west of Lake Doiran."

DOM. RY. BOARD TO SIT IN GALT AND WINDSOR

OTTAWA, June 18.—The board of railway commissioners will hold sittings in Galt June 25, and Windsor June 26.

"Live in a Worry

invites death in a hurry." Worry wastes nerve force at a tremendous rate. The more exhausted the greater the tendency to worry.

Then how is one to get out of this vicious circle? By building up the nervous system with the aid of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

As the nerves are strengthened you forget to worry and find yourself resting and sleeping naturally.

BURIAL BLANKETS NOT TAXED AGAINST ESTATES OF SOLDIERS WHO FALL

Ottawa, June 18.—There is an absurd but widespread fable current in army circles, particularly overseas, to the effect that there is a charge made against the estates of deceased soldiers for blankets in which they are buried. Nearly every man who has seen service overseas has heard it in some form or other, and from inquiries which have reached the military department it would appear that it has received some credence at home by relatives of the Canadian soldiers.

Such belief is, of course, absolutely without foundation in fact, as no such injustice is practiced by the military authorities. The story is one of fiction.

COPENHAGEN WORKMEN ARE DEMANDING FOOD

London, June 19.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen says that several thousand workmen and women held a demonstration Tuesday in the streets of Copenhagen, demanding bread and butter. They marched to Parliament House, where the members of Parliament received a delegation from the crowd.

The organ of the Independent Danish Socialists says a great demonstration has been planned for Wednesday, and that work will be suspended in a number of factories.

PARLIAMENT APPLAUDS FERDINAND'S REFERENCE TO GERMAN COERCION

Jassy, Rumania, June 18.—The opening of parliament in the National Theatre on Monday passed off in quietness and dignity. The queen and the princess did not appear, and the diplomatic corps was not invited to attend.

King Ferdinand was loudly cheered as he entered the building, and his reference to peace having been forced on the country evoked a storm of applause which lasted several minutes. A passage in his address concerning the resumption of friendship with the central powers also was applauded.

FUEL RATIONS MAY BE ENFORCED NEXT WINTER

OTTAWA, June 18. — There is every possibility that Canada will be placed on fuel rations next winter. No action will be taken until the cold weather arrives, and the fuel controller can size up the exact situation, but, despite his every effort to secure an adequate supply for the coming winter there is likely to be a shortage.

TITLE FOR APOSTOLIC DELEGATE.

ROME, June 18.—The Right Rev. Pietro di Maria, recently appointed by the holy see as apostolic delegate to Canada and Newfoundland to succeed Mgr. Stagni, has been created titular archbishop of Iconium.

The Waltham Watch

BUSINESS runs on Waltham Time—a great many business and professional men preferring the Waltham "Riverside" movement, 19 jewel grade. This movement is made in several different sizes for men, including the "Colonial A" thin model—thin at no sacrifice of accuracy. Many of the inventions and improvements in watch construction that have won for Waltham every gold medal awarded for watch merit during the past 60 years were originated for our "Riverside" family.

Carry a Waltham "Riverside." It gives you time accuracy and a watch of real distinction.

WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY, LIMITED
MONTREAL

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"Please the People!"

THINK OF THIS: The first automobile tire made in Canada was virtually an enlargement of the Dunlop Patented Bicycle Tire. And during all those years that the automobile tire has been striving to reach its present standard, the bicycle tire that served as a model has gone right on pleasing the bicycle owners. Years of doing it well—that and nothing more could make Dunlop Tires as supreme as they are to-day.

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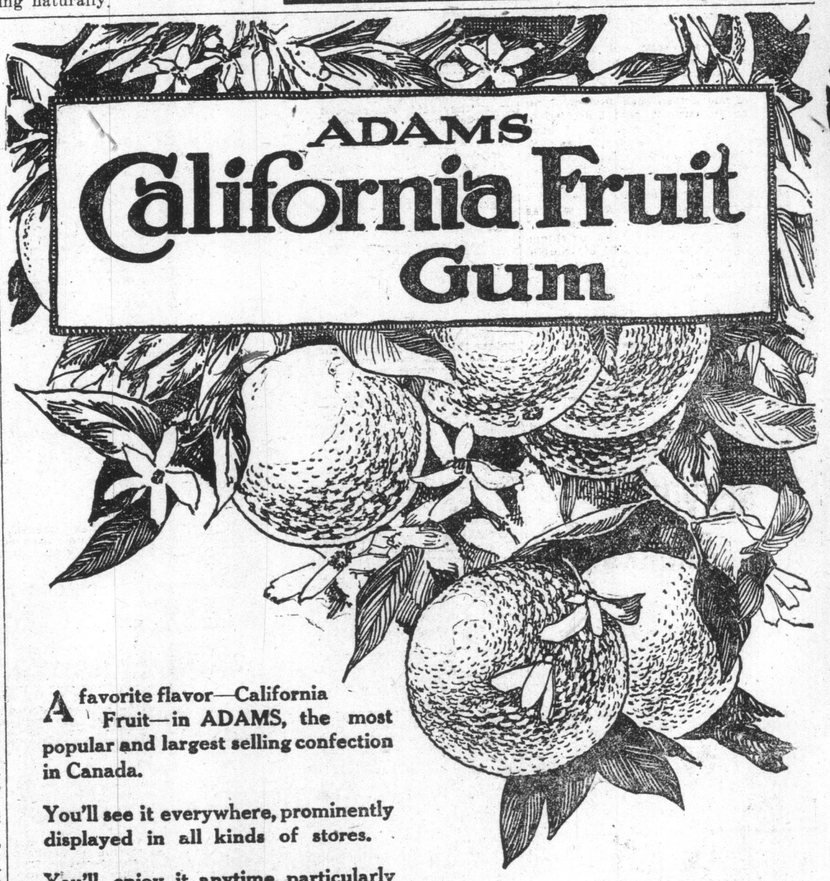

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A favorite flavor—California Fruit—in ADAMS, the most popular and largest selling confection in Canada.

You'll see it everywhere, prominently displayed in all kinds of stores.

You'll enjoy it anytime, particularly when you crave something tasty and refreshing.

CANADIAN CHEWING GUM CO. LIMITED

Prominently displayed in stores everywhere

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ADAMS Pure Chewing Gum