Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

A CURIOUS FACT
Our Rubber Tiling will outwear Iron, Granite or Marble—The most perfect floor covering made—Have you seen it?—
THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO. of Toronto, Limited.

TWENTY-THIRD YE

EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 27 1902—EIGHT PAGES

ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room
SENATE PO

ALL FORMALITIES SATISFIED

Last Ceremonies Connected With Inauguration of King Edward's Reign Took Place Sunday.

QUEEN SMILED BEHIND AN UMBRELLA

Royal Progress Thru London on Saturday Marked By Two Untoward Incidents.

London, Oct. 26.—The last ceremonies connected with the inauguration of the reign of King Edward VII occurred to-day, when the King, accompanied by Queen Alexandra, the Prince of Wales and almost all the members of the royal family, drove to St. Paul's Cathedral and offered up thanks for the recovery of his health.

The weather was rainy, and small crowds marked the royal progress thru the metropolis. At Temple Bar the Lord Mayor of London and the corporation met the King and escorted him to the cathedral, where in the nave were gathered several thousand persons, including Premier Balfour, leading members of the nobility, almost all the members of the cabinet and the foreign ambassadors to Great Britain, among whom was Mr. Choate.

The Honorable Artillery Company formed an imposing line, but before the service was over several of the artillerymen had fainted as a result of long standing.

The choir, the chapter and the Bishop of London, the Right Rev. Arthur Ingram, escorted the King and the Queen to the throne under the reredos.

There was a full choral service of thanksgiving, followed by a sermon from the Bishop of London, who laid special stress upon the fact that this was the second time in His Majesty's life that he had entered St. Paul's to give thanks for his recovery from a dangerous illness. At the conclusion of the sermon the Te Deum was sung.

The royal party then returned to Buckingham Palace, being greeted wherever the crowds were large enough to raise a cheer. In spite of the rain, King Edward ordered that the carriages be kept open, and Queen Alexandra bowed and smiled from behind a small umbrella. King Edward was dressed in the uniform of a field marshal, and wore the decoration of the Order of the Garter.

TWO UNTOWARD INCIDENTS.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra made on Saturday their triumphal procession thru London, which was postponed at the time of the coronation owing to the King's ill-health. The event was marked by two untoward incidents.

A fanatical clergyman was arrested for having a quantity of gunpowder in his possession, with which he intended to make a demonstration against the erection of spectators' stands around St. George's Church, Southwark.

The second incident was the breaking out of a fire in the dome of the Guildhall just after the royal party left the building, which, several firemen declare, had been smouldering while the King was at lunch.

FOR THE MASSES.

London, Oct. 25.—To-day's fete was for the benefit of the masses, rather than the classes. Peeresses whose coronation robes could be worn in the Abbey alone, and the privileged spectators of that great pageant, could not be expected to interest themselves in the belated town show. Smart society shrank from the discomfort of an early breakfast and the prolonged delay in waiting for the short procession, with the King's landau as the only novel feature. Clubland was also listless and apathetic, and unwilling to have favorite windows darkened with scaffolding and smoking and reception rooms invaded by women. The windows along the route of the parade were not sold at high prices to rich people, but were occupied mainly by ordinary tenants and their friends, and there were empty spaces at nearly all the official stands. It was a holiday for the plain people of the metropolis, who had been disappointed in June and crowded out of the contracted route of the procession in August, and were allowed to witness in comfort the royal progress to and from the Guildhall. It was their town show, and they enjoyed it without overpressure of crowds or discomfort from inclement weather.

Drove Thru City.

The King and Queen, with a military cavalcade, again drove thru the crowded streets from the Palace to Temple Bar, where the Lord Mayor, supported by a mace bearer, lowered the antique pearl sword, and was allowed to retain it, and to mount his horse and lead the way to the Guildhall. Addresses were again received and acknowledged along the route, and the only missing link was the absence of the blue coat boys of Christ Church.

The sovereigns' escort of Life Guards, splendidly horsed, preceded the state carriage, drawn by eight cream colored horses, with trappings of purple and scarlet. It was not the state coach, but the King's new landau, resplendent in fresh varnish and lined with crimson silk. It had never before been seen by a London crowd, and its adaptability for a royal parade was apparent. The body of the landau was so high that the King and Queen were lifted above the heads of the soldiers lining the roadway, and could be seen a long distance away by spectators in the back rows.

The King was in uniform, with his black cloak half open and his white plume nodding as he acknowledged salutations or bent forward to speak to the Queen. **The King looked older than before his illness, but had a fine color and was in his happiest mood. The Queen was amazingly youthful in appearance, not looking half her age.** She was dressed with exquisite taste in a silk mantle of mauve, trimmed with lace, and having a collar of sable. She wore on her head a most becoming toque of cloth of gold, and smiled sweetly upon young and old as she passed.

The King and Queen were greeted with exceptional heartiness all along the route, the national anthem was played by the bands, with a becoming undertone of a chorus of loyal acclamations. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Connaught rode on either side of the landau, and behind it were the Duke of Argyle, Prince Christian, Prince Charles of Denmark and the Duke of Portland, with the standard-bearer equerries, grooms, escort of the Life Guards and a full squadron of Horse Guards.

King's Speech.

The route of the procession was simply but effectively decorated with continuous lines of streamers between the Venetian masts.

An interesting feature of the royal

Continued on Page 2.

MAD MULLAH TO MAD.

England Will Have a Big Task to Give Him His Quietus.

London, Oct. 26.—Good news from Swayne's force has caused relief after the anxiety occasioned by the Somaliland disaster, but it is realized that England has a big task before her. The Mad Mullah might have been crushed two or three years ago, but the Foreign Office has been content to regard him as a comparatively unimportant person. Now it will take prolonged operations to overthrow the prophet, who is by no means so mad as he is reputed. However, after the South African experience it will be a small affair, and Englishmen are accustomed to take these "little wars" as all in a day's work and part of the price to be paid for owning the British empire.

SWAYNE NOT PURSUED.

London, Oct. 27.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Simla, India, reports that Col. Swayne and his forces are continuing their march from Bohotle to Berbera, Somaliland, East Africa, and that they are not pursued.

Finally, in the beginning of October, it was reported that the Mullah's forces were scattered, and that the Mullah himself had only a few riflemen left with him. It was then that Col. Swayne declined to advance on the chance that a decisive engagement would result in the Mullah's capture.

The correspondent of The Daily Mail, who is with the force under Col. Swayne, says in a communication to his paper that the Mad Mullah's original idea to hold and fortify Mudug, where he would command the only well available and compel Col. Swayne to attack him at enormous disadvantage, was a good one, but was spoiled by an unexpected drought and terrible heat, which dried up the wells and killed the Mullah's live stock and ponies by the thousand.

SERUM FOR WHOOPING COUGH.

Brussels Doctor Says He Can Cure the Disease in 10 Days.

London, Oct. 26.—A young Brussels physician named Leureaux says he has discovered the serum of whooping cough, which is injected under the skin in the abdominal region. From the experiments which he has conducted hitherto the injection appears to be quite harmless.

The first effects are apparent about forty-eight hours after the inoculation. The serum produces an early cessation of the coughing fits and a considerable diminution of the normal period of illness. If the injection is made immediately on the manifestation of the usual symptoms, the malady can be cured in eight or ten days. The usual course is from six to eight weeks.

HARD COAL $6.50 A TON.

Freshly-Mined Anthracite Sold in New York for That Amount.

New York, Oct. 26.—The first of the freshly mined coal reached New York yesterday and was sold to the public at $6.50 a ton. It came over the Ontario and Western from their mines in Lackawanna County, Pa. It consisted of two trainloads, with a total of 1700 tons. It was split up into 150-ton lots and immediately distributed among the trade.

The man who got the first consignment was Henry Berghorn, a Harlem dealer. He was selected by Dickson & Eddy, sales agent of the Ontario and Western, because they considered him a man who would not overcharge. He respected their confidence by making the retail price $6.50 a ton.

SICILY UNDER WATER.

Peasants on Roofs of Houses Firing Pistols in Distress.

Catania, Sicily, Oct. 26.—There have been heavy rains and floods between Catania and Syracuse. The railroad was partly destroyed near Bicoca, and great damage has been done to property. In many places the water has attained a depth of 15 feet; the peasants have taken refuge on the roofs of their houses and are firing pistols as signals of distress.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST.

Rome, Oct. 26.—There have been floods in the province of Calabria, in which several persons were drowned. There have also been renewed earthquake shocks at Rieti, Umbria.

OCEAN LINER IN DANGER.

Narrowly Escaped Going on the Rocks as Did Hanoverian.

St. John's, Nfld., Oct. 26.—Two more schooners were reported to-day to have been lost on the north coast. The crews of these vessels, however, are said to have been saved.

The Labrador mail boat, which is here, reports much distress among the fisher folk on the Labrador coast as the result of a recent gale and the destruction of fishery outfits.

A large ocean liner, outward bound, barely escaped disaster near Cape Race Saturday. The vessel was actully inside of Portugal Cove, where the steamer Hanoverian was wrecked, when she espied a fishing boat thru the fog, reversed her engines and escaped.

James Harris, manufacturing furrier. First-class work at moderate prices. Repairing a specialty. 71 King West, first flat. 5513

PRINCE AND LORD ROBERTS.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Major-General Corbin says that the Prince of Wales will visit the United States next year. He also states that Lord Roberts will come to this country next September.

Alive Bollard selling imported La Victoria cigars at 6¼c each.

MACEDONIAN LEADER KILLED.

London, Oct. 27.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Constantinople says it is reported that M. Zontcheff, the Macedonian leader, was killed during a fight between insurgents and Turkish troops at a point between Revrekop and Melnik, European Turkey. The insurgents had 23 men killed in the engagement.

Edwards & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East.—Geo. Edwards, F. C. A., A. H. Edwards.

Albert Britnell.

No more unique bookshop exists in Canada than that which has been alliteratively described as "Britnell's Big Bookshop." William Britnell has just completed the erection of a fine new store at 241 Yonge-street, and he is about ready to move into it. To-day he commences a "book sale extraordinary" at his old stand, just across the street, and his promise of some rare bargains will be fulfilled.

PATENTS — Fetherstonhaugh & Co. Head Office, King-street West, Toronto; and Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

DANGER OF ANOTHER STRIKE

In the Hazleton District Nine Thousand Men Refuse to Return to Work.

SIX THOUSAND MORE MAY GO OUT

President Mitchell Presented With a Gold Badge and Gold Watch By Foreign Element.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 26.—The situation in the Hazleton, Panther Creek and Mahanoy City districts of the anthracite field is so critical that another large strike is not improbable unless the operators recede from their position. In the Hazleton district nine thousand men refuse to return to work. Near Mahanoy City 800 went on strike Saturday and nine hundred threaten to strike on Monday, while in the Panther Creek Valley the locals are yet to determine whether they shall ask the Executive Board to order a strike of the six thousand men of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company.

President Mitchell is endeavoring to smooth things over, and the district officers to have the operators recede from the position they have taken, but the breach only grows wider, and the ill-feeling increases. An effort to have the Cranberry local pass upon the question of going to work resulted in a unanimous vote to stay on strike.

President Mitchell is worried about the situation thru the region, and considers it so serious that he will not talk about it, which is one of his traits. It would be a big feather in his cap if, when he appears before the commission at Washington on Monday, he could say that all the strikers were back at work and that there was no friction. **The fact that men would not agree to treat non-union men properly is not readily understood by the public. Their objection is not to the non-union men and their treatment of them, but to signing an agreement with the operators.** They want no such agreement until they know what the commission grants. They also assert that the operators, against whose actions they protest, are the men who did not sign the arbitration proposition, and that it is not known where they stand.

This afternoon President Mitchell was presented with a gold badge and gold watch by the Polish, Lithuanian and Slavish members of the United Mine Workers'. The presentation took place at President Mitchell's headquarters, and a large crowd listened to the speeches of presentation and acceptance.

FEAR LOCAL STRIKES.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 26.—One hundred deputies, who were on guard at the collieries in this region during the strike, were sent home last night, under orders to be ready to return at any time when notified, as it is feared there will be local strikes if all non-union men do not resign their positions.

CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

London, Oct. 26.—Astonishing progress is already recorded in conquering the deadliest malady of the human race, consumption. Thus, an English delegate to the congress in Berlin reported that the death rate in the United Kingdom in 1838 from consumption was 38 per 1000. This has been reduced to 13, or more than 60 per cent.

IN HONOR OF GOLDWIN SMITH.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 26.—President Schurman of Cornell announces that to relieve the crowding at the university, a building for the arts will be erected, to cost $250,000, and that this will "bear the honored name of Goldwin Smith, the most illustrious exponent of liberal culture who ever sat in the Cornell faculty."

OTTAWA FROZEN UP.

Ottawa, Oct. 26.—This was the worst day of the season since the coal strike, and the scarcity of fuel was felt. Rain poured in torrents and froze as soon as it had fallen. Wires were incased in ice, and icicles hung from the houses, presenting a decidedly wintry appearance.

Alive Bollard selling imported La Africana cigars at 9c each.

ONE MILLION FURS SOLD.

London, Oct. 26.—At London's annual fur sale, which was held last week, more than one million skins, which in course of time will adorn the figures of fair women in every fashionable centre in Europe, changed hands.

Alive Bollard's new store is the handsomest in the city.

AN INCOME OF $1,350,000.

New York, Oct. 26.—Russell Sage has $25,000,000 in cash loaned. He is the largest individual money lender on earth. He has an income of $1,350,000 a year from this source alone.

Strength and Superiority of the Morning Paper.

The World has 1300 regular subscribers in Hamilton, 3000 in York County, 16,000 in the city of Toronto, and over 12,000 within a fifty-mile limit of Toronto.

In the morning field The World is supreme as an advertising medium for retail selling, just as one evening paper holds the evening situation.

But The World has many advantages over an afternoon paper. It is a power in the world of finance. It is read by the well-to-do and thrifty, and its circulation is amongst the larger purchasing public. It is the more productive medium for everyday business and for good class goods.

An afternoon paper has well-defined limits of circulation. Where the evening trains are at sunset is the outside bound. Few afternoon trains leave Toronto before sunset during the winter months.

The World is read during the day, when readers are vigorous and act at once upon what they read.

Six o'clock dinner at New Carlton Hotel

ROOSEVELT 44 TO-DAY.

President Roosevelt was born in New York, Oct. 27, 1858. He is the father of the "strenuous life."

If Not, Why Not?

Life is uncertain. Have you accident, sickness, elevator, or employes' liability insurance? Walter H. Blight, Medical Building. Phone 2770. 136

Try the Decanter at Thomas'.

HARD TO MOVE HIM.

MR. BLAKE (of the United Irish League): Plaze, I'll just throuble yez to take yer fut aff ut entirely.

Chamberlain Will Go to South Africa A Precursor of Other Colonial Visits

Starts Toward the End of November and Will Return in the Early Part of March—London Papers Think He May Later Visit Canada and Australia.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—It is officially announced that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has decided personally to visit South Africa and examine on the spot the problems presented by the termination of the war and the settlement of affairs in the new colonies. King Edward has given his approval to this plan.

Mr. Chamberlain proposes to start for South Africa toward the end of November and to return in the early part of March. His visit will embrace the Cape, Natal, the Orange River Colony and the Transvaal.

The striking precedent to be established by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain in visiting a colony during his term of office is a subject of universal and approving comment this morning.

The Daily Telegraph thinks that this step will be the precursor of similar visits to Canada and Australia. Various references are made to the "new diplomacy" and the "new statesmanship," as well as to the political aspects of the absence of the strongest Minister at a time when the government is passing thru a critical phase of its existence. There are also some hints that Mr. Chamberlain will be glad to be absent during the awkward discussions arising from the government's education bill. On the whole, however, the Colonial Secretary's decision is warmly welcomed as timely and sensible.

The Times this morning says it understands that Mrs. Chamberlain (who was Mary Endicott of Salem, Mass.) will accompany her husband to South Africa, and that his son, Austen (who is Postmaster General), will answer Colonial Office questions in parliament during his father's absence.

JEWELED SWITCH TURNED.

Sister of F. H. Clergue Officiates at Climax of Soo Celebration.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 25.—Water was turned into the new power canal of the Consolidated Lake Superior Company this morning, and at noon Miss Helen Clergue, sister of Francis H. Clergue, organizer and general manager of the company, turned a jeweled switch that started the wheels in the big power house. Then Bediam broke loose in the two "Soos."

A civic and military parade marched thru the streets in the morning, while in the afternoon an industrial parade took place showing products of the Clergue institutions in the various stages from raw material to finished product.

HOLD-UP WAS A FAKE.

Mason Logan Wanted His Creditors to Think He Had Been Robbed.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Oct. 26.—The young man, Mason Logan, who was supposed to have been held up and clubbed into insensibility and his body placed on the trolley tracks in Queen Victoria Park last Monday night, has admitted that he devised the story to cover up a shortage in his accounts. Chief Mains has been working on this theory for the past few days, and to-day Logan made a clean breast of the whole affair. He claims that he has been living beyond his means, and on Monday night lost $23 on the American side.

$63 ACROSS ASIA.

London, Oct. 26.—The tariff for the Siberian Railway to take one across Asia has been fixed at $63. This is first-class. Second class costs $38.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Capt. Bernier at Massey Hall, 8 p.m.
Unveiling of tablet to Dr. Scadding, Holy Trinity Church, 8 p.m.
Mass meeting of County Orange Lodge, Victoria Hall, 8 p.m.
Northwest Association meets, Dunlop's Conservatories, 8 p.m.
Princess, "When Johnnie Comes Marching Home," 8 p.m.
Grand, "Sergt. James," 8 p.m.
Toronto, "A Fight for Millions," 2 and 8 p.m.
Shea's, vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.
Star, Al. Reeves' Big Show, 2 and 8 p.m.

Spoke in Boston.

Boston, Oct. 26.—Lady Henry Somerset spoke to-night in Tremont Temple.

WESTERN GRAIN CROP.

Wheat Yield in Manitoba is Estimated at 50,243,722 bu.

Winnipeg, Oct. 26.—The Northwest Grain Dealers' Association crop report, just issued, gives interesting details of the Manitoba and Northwest Territories grain crop of 1902.

The estimated yield of the Manitoba crop is now placed at the following figures:

Wheat, estimated yield, 50,243,722 bushels; average 24.63 bushels per acre.
Oats, 36,615,530 bushels; average, 50.50 bushels per acre.

The grand totals for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories are:

	Acres.	Yield.	Average.
Wheat ..	2,624,928	64,283,434	24.52
Oats	1,900,210	49,524,589	49.82
Barley	359,562	13,108,014	36.42
Flax	46,550	618,693	13.14

ANARCHIST PLOT UNEARTHED.

Accomplice in Plan to Kill Dowager Empress of Russia Caught.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—The police have captured an accomplice in the reported plot recently unearthed at Copenhagen against Dowager Empress Marie Dagmar of Russia.

A despatch from Copenhagen, dated Oct. 4, said the Dowager Empress of Russia, who is a daughter of King Christian of Denmark, was the object of strictest surveillance by the police, owing to what they considered to be an authentic report that several Anarchists were on their way to Denmark in order to assassinate her.

PLAN TO KILL QUEENS.

Copenhagen, Oct. 26.—The international police claim to have discovered a plot of Anarchists banded together "to hit their enemies, the kings, by murdering their wives." The idea has been propagated among Anarchists for years and Empress Elizabeth was the first victim. The dowager Empress of Russia, now staying here, is billed to be the second.

$30,000 FIRE IN MONTREAL.

Lawrence Wilson's Liquor Store Damaged on Sunday.

Montreal, Oct. 26.—There was a fire at Lawrence Wilson's liquor store today, on St. James-street, when damage to the amount of $30,000 was sustained. The loss is covered by insurance.

NOT GOING DOWN HILL.

Lord Charles Beresford Wants to See England and U.S. Amicably Joined.

Liverpool, Oct. 26.—Lord Charles Beresford arrived here to-day. He said he did not think Great Britain was going down hill. Public men ought to strive to bind the two great countries more firmly together. "If Great Britain and the United States," said the Admiral, "were joined in the interests of universal peace, and if the rest of the world wanted to fight these countries then let the rest of the world look out."

Monuments.

The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street. Tel. 4249. Terminal Yonge-street car route.

BIRTHS.

BECKER—On Oct. 25th, the wife of Dr. H. Becker of 1330 King-street West, of a daughter (still-born).

DEATHS.

DUNNET—At his late residence, 67 Huntley-street, on Saturday, Oct. 25, 1902, Thomas Dunnet, aged 54 years.
Funeral from above address on Tuesday, Oct. 28, at 2 p.m.
Kingston papers please copy. 12

JOHNSTON—Suddenly, after a short illness, Lorne Henderson, beloved son of Lillian and Robert Johnston, aged 1 year and 4 months.
Funeral Oct. 27th, at 2.30 p.m., from residence, 188 Manning-avenue.

KENNEDY—On Oct. 23rd, at his late residence, 329 Wilson-avenue, William Kennedy, aged 58 years, late engineer of the propeller Cuba.
Funeral fom the above address to-day at 2.30 p.m. to the Necropolis.

PICKERING—On the 25th inst., at St. Michael's Hospital, John Pickering, in his 74th year.
Funeral Monday, 27th inst., from his late residence, 70 Amelia-street, at 3 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

SLEAN—On Sunday morning, at his father's residence, 109 Elm-street, William George, only child of William and Margaret Slean, aged 5 months.
Funeral Tuesday, at 3 o'clock p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

SPENCE—Sunday, Oct. 26th, at Western Hospital, William Spence, in his 65th year, a retired factor of the Hudson Bay Company.
Funeral Monday, Oct. 27th, at 11.30, from his son-in-law's, 10 Churchill-avenue, to the Union Station, thence by C.P.R. to Hamilton, arriving at 2.10 p.m.
Montreal and Hamilton papers please copy.

WEIR—At Toronto, 27th Oct., Thomas P. Weir, M.B.
Funeral private, from 44 Robert-street, Tuesday morning. Funeral mass 9 o'clock St. Basil's Church.

TUBERCULAR BACILLI EATEN

Dr. Koch Holds to His Theory That Animal Tuberculosis is Not Communicated to Man.

INFECTION THRU MILK NOT PROVEN

Better Dwellings and Workshops Should Be Established to Fight Consumption.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—The sensation of yesterday's session of the International Tuberculosis Congress came toward the end of the sitting in the form of a paper by Prof. Koch, in which he maintained all his former positions regarding the non-transferability of animal tuberculosis to man. Prof. Koch began by stating that he spoke at the desire of the central committee. He wished it to be understood, he said, that his statements referred exclusively to the transmission of bovine tuberculosis to human beings. He asserted that statistics on the subject of intestinal tuberculosis were too incomplete to establish the frequency of that disease. Some authorities claim, said the professor, that intestinal tuberculosis is very common in the United States and in England, while other authorities hold contrary views. Cases of the disease are not frequent in Germany. An inquiry instituted by the government has proved the rarity of such cases.

Skin Lesion.

Taking up the alleged proofs that human beings may be infected with bovine tuberculosis thru skin lesions, Prof. Koch admitted that cases of tuberculosis do occur among butchers and other persons who handle animals, but he asserted that the percentage of sufferers from the disease among joiners is equally as high as among handlers of animals and meat. He could not see, he declared, any connection between a skin lesion and tuberculosis, ending in death, like the case alleged of a certain workman who scratched his hand and finally died from consumption. The experiments on monkeys, which were inoculated with bovine bacilli and died subsequently, are, according to Prof. Koch, only indirect proof of the transferability of animal tuberculosis.

Wants Positive Proof.

"If," said the professor, "infection is so frequent thru milk, positive proof of this ought to be obtainable. When poisoned meat is eaten in a community widespread effects follow. How is it that no general infection follows the eating of tuberculous meat or the drinking of milk from a tuberculous cow? Experts assert that large amounts of tuberculous meats are consumed daily, and that not only the flesh, but even tuberculous organs, are made use of for food, yet no widespread infection follows. In view of the quantity of tuberculous meat eaten and the rarity of intestinal tuberculosis, the question must be asked why a general infection is not more frequent. **If tuberculous meat is apparently so harmless, why is it not the same with milk? People think that boiled milk is harmless, but boiling does not exterminate tubercular bacilli, and and sterilizing milk impairs its quality. Why is it that the public is so nervous about milk, but yet will eat butter, in which bacilli are equally nurtured, without hesitation? The fact is that most people have eaten tubercular bacilli. Why is not the infection widespread?**

Extremely Rare.

Prof. Koch declared that only two cases of alleged general infection were known to him and these two were not proved. He did not affirm, he said, that

Continued on Page 2.

WIRELESS ON TRAINS.

Italy Takes the Initiative in This Progress Matter.

Rome, Oct. 26.—It has been decided to establish wireless telegraphy apparatus at all stations and on all passenger trains on Italian railroads. King Victor Emmanuel of his own initiative has appointed William Marconi a chevalier of the Order of Industrial Merit.

The Black Felt Alpine.

It is made this season in some catchy designs of wide brim fashions. Especially those made by Dunlap and Stetson. Dineen, corner Yonge and Temperance-streets, is sole Canadian agent for Dunlap, and handles all hats by the other great makers. Alpine hats range in price from $2 to $5. Some new styles arrived Saturday.

MOSTLY FAIR.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 26.—(8 p.m.)—A low area, which on Friday night was centred over the Southwestern States, has since developed, and is now over the Lake Superior district, and is causing gales on the Great Lakes, together with rain in Ontario and local showers in Quebec. In Manitoba and the Territories the day has been fine and comparatively mild. Clearing, cooler weather is indicated for Ontario, and stormy conditions for Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 20—24; Port Simpson, 32—48; Victoria, 48—52; Kamloops, 32—50; Calgary, 20—44; Winnipeg, 34—42; Port Arthur, 36—50; Parry Sound, 34—54; Toronto, 45—58; Ottawa, 26—32; Montreal, 26—36; Quebec, 22—34; Halifax, 28—44.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Strong winds and gales from west and northwest; a few scattered showers, but mostly fair; becoming cooler.

Lake Superior—Strong west and northwest winds; clearing and cooler.

Manitoba—Fair and cooler.

Nature Meets Modern Changes.

Any man who values freedom from "nerves" should wear Dunlop cushion rubber heels. They absorb all vibrations caused by jarring. With hard asphalt walks and pavements one has to help nature kill trouble.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

At.	From.
Oct. 25.	
Lake Megantic	Father Point ..... Liverpool
Montcalm	Father Point ..... Bristol
Umbria	Queenstown ..... New York
Cymric	Queenstown ..... New York
Belgian	Antwerp ..... Montreal
Oct. 26.	
Lake Megantic	Montreal ..... Liverpool
Tunisian	Montreal ..... Liverpool
Cervona	Montreal ..... Newcastle
Sarmatian	Montreal ..... Glasgow
Montcalm	Montreal ..... Bristol
Canadian	New York ..... Liverpool
Celtic	New York ..... Liverpool
Rotterdam	New York ..... Rotterdam
Aller	St. Michael's ..... New York
Numidian	Philadelphia ..... Glasgow
Noordland	Philadelphia ..... Liverpool
Ivernia	Liverpool ..... Boston
Menominee	London ..... New York
F. Bismarck	Hamburg ..... New York