

*Sympathy.*—To be affected by the disease of another organ, as sick headache from overloading the stomach.

*Symptom.*—A sign of disease.

*Syncope.*—To swoon, fainting.

*Syphilis.*—Disease from sexual connection with those who have venereal disease.

*Tannic Acid.*—An acid from oak bark, an astringent.

*Tartaric Acid.*—An acid from cream of tartar, found in grapes.

*Tenesmus.*—Difficulty and pain at stool, with a desire to go to stool often.

*Tent.*—A roll of lint or cloth to keep wounds open until they heal from the bottom.

*Testes.*—Testicles.

*Therapeutics.*—Relating to a knowledge of treating disease, the curative action of medicine.

*Thorax.*—The chest.

*Tibia.*—The large bone of the lower-leg.

*Tonsils.*—Glands on each side of the throat.

*Trachea.*—The windpipe.

*Translation.*—Disease going to some other organ.

*Triturate.*—To rub into a powder.

*Tumor.*—An enlargement of a portion, usually of the external parts.

*Ulna.*—Small or under bone of the arm.

*Umbilicus.*—The navel.

*Uretur.*—Duct leading from the kidney to the bladder.

*Uterus.*—The womb.

*Vagina.*—The passage from the womb to the vulva

*Venery.*—Sexual indulgence.

*Vermifuge.*—Having the property to destroy worms

*Virus.*—Contagious poison.

*Vulva.*—External opening of the female genital

*Whites.*—Fluor albus.

*Yeast.*—The principle of fermentation.

*Zinci Sulphas.*—Sulphate of zinc, white vitriol