Phonetic meani of the lett and symb AS USED THIS BOOK	PIS Q	R as in roar.	S as in sense.	T as in tot ; th as in think.
ARABIAN :		as in roar.	as in sis; ss strongly hissed sh as in show.	; strongly palatal.
BOHEMIAN :	as qu in quart.	as in roar: $r = rz$, or <i>rsh</i> as in "fo sure," thus Dvor ák is dvôr-zhäk.	k s as in sis; š as sh in show.	as in tot; see also Note 4.
DANISH :	qv = qu in quar		as in sense; ski or sky as i skim.	n as in tot.
DUTCH :	qu as in quart.	as in hurry.	sharply as in sense; $sj = s$ in show; see <i>sch</i> .	h after a hard vowel it is soft as in note, otherwise as in hot.
FLEMISH :	quas in quart.	as in roar.	as in suppose.	as in tot; dt as t in hat.
FRENCH :	qu always as k i kick : cq as k.	n commonly rolled on the back of the tongue; in Paris almost like <i>w</i> in bower; as a final letterit is sounded except after <i>e</i> ; <i>er</i> = <i>a</i> in sale.	is silent except in prope names; in liaison it become z.	funn an a' a l
GERMAN :	qu as kv; thus quart = k'värt.	usually rolled and always strongly sounded.	beginning a syllable before a vowel usually as z in zone; as the end of a syllable as in this; $s \neq$ and $st = sh \neq$ and $st = sh \neq$ and $st = sh$.	
HUNGARIAN :		always trilled.	as sh in show: $sz = sh$.	as in tot; ty strongly as t in tube; $tty = ty'$ ty' or t' t' ; ts = ch.
ITALIAN :	94 as in quart.	usually trilled.	as in suppose; $scc = sh\bar{a}$; $sci = sh\bar{e}$; $sch = sk$.	
NORWEGIAN :	qu as in quart.	as in hurry.	as in sis: $ski = sh$ in show.	as in tot.
POLISH :	••••••	as in roar: $rz =$ French j or s in measure.	as in sense : $sz = sh$ in show.	as in tot.
PORTUGUESE :	gua as in quart: before e or i, qu is like k,		as in suppose; having the z sound between vowels.	as in tot.
RUSSIAN :		with a burr as <i>rr</i> in worry.	as in sense; sh as in show; ski = shk; $sz = sh$.	as in tot; <i>ts</i> beginning or end- ing as in hats; <i>tsch</i> as shtch in washt.churn.
SPANISH :	qu as k in kick.	as in roar.	as in sense.	as in tot.
SWEDISH :	qv = k in kin.	as in hurry.	as in sense ; sk , sy , and sy all $= sh$ in show.	as in tot; $t_j = c_h$ in church; but if followed by a or $e = t_h$
WELSH :		as in roar.	as in sense.	in hais; $th = t$ in tot.