

ing. Approaches to such training must be innovative and non-traditional. The federal Government should establish—

Madam Speaker: Order, please. The Hon. Member's time has expired.

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[Translation]

AGRICULTURE

REQUEST THAT ONTARIO BROILERS MARKETING BOARD BE PLACED UNDER TRUSTEESHIP

Mr. Denis Ethier (Glengarry-Prescott-Russell): Madam Speaker, I have here a statement from Agriculture Canada, dated September 12, 1983, in which the General Manager of the National Broilers Marketing Agency in Canada, Mr. Roméo LeBlanc, says that Maple Lodge Farms Ltd of Brampton, Ontario, is now under investigation for having used the name of another company, namely, Cronkhite Poultry Ltd., which operated from an apartment in Montreal, for the purpose of purchasing and selling broilers in Ontario. This company was operating without a warehouse or abattoir and was using trucks leased in Quebec to give the impression that the product had been legally produced in that province.

Since the Ontario Broilers Marketing Board was well aware of this unlawful operation and since the Ontario Broilers Marketing Board tolerated the situation for a number of years in order to keep and distribute more quotas in western Ontario, circumstances permitting, to the detriment of business in eastern Ontario, I would ask the National Broilers Marketing Agency to put the Ontario Broilers Marketing Board under trusteeship until our producers in eastern Ontario, and more specifically the producers in the Saint-Isidore de Prescott area, are treated fairly as far as the allocation of broiler quotas is concerned.

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[English]

YOUTH

CONDEMNATION OF PROPOSAL TO ESTABLISH MINISTRY

Mr. Stan Darling (Parry Sound-Muskoka): Madam Speaker, we on this side of the House have been pressing for some time for a more effective and long-term attack by the Government on Canada's high unemployment. In addition to the current statistics on the Government's poor record at creating jobs, now comes the idea of a Ministry of Youth, with squads of information officers. Moreover, this will not be just another government bureaucracy. It will be, in the words of the paper presented by the Hon. Senator, "... not a new army of traditional civil servants, but people under 25 working on contract for a minimum of two years. Several hundred such workers would be required to cover the whole country". Stop-gap measures are not what governing is about. I trust that

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today's unemployed youth are aware of this latest ploy to win their votes. They want meaningful and permanent employment.

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YOUTH

DEVELOPMENT OF ASPIRATIONS

Mrs. Ursula Appolloni (York South-Weston): Madam Speaker, perhaps never before in our history has there been such a vital need as now for Parliament to signal to the people of Canada its deep and firm commitment to address itself to the needs and goals of the younger generation. But while our major concern must, of sad necessity, be that of youthful unemployment, Parliament must pursue with passion, dedication, and imagination all means to encourage, facilitate and develop the legitimate aspirations of all Canada's youthful athletes, artists, artisans, inventors, musicians, poets and writers. Indeed, no field of youthful endeavour can be excluded from our resolve to create in the country an atmosphere in which equal opportunity will be given to all our youth so that dreams may be fulfilled and talents can flourish.

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FARM CREDIT CORPORATION

PROVISION OF LONG-TERM CREDIT TO FARMERS

Mr. Gus Mitges (Grey-Simcoe): Madam Speaker, as the Government is well aware, the demand for long-term reasonably priced agriculture credit is very high. However, the availability of funds for this purpose has been relatively meagre, leaving hundreds of farmers with improved but unprocessed applications.

Historically the private sector has shown neither the ability nor the desire to service the long-term agriculture credit market. Therefore the only alternative is that long-term credit should be provided by the Farm Credit Corporation.

There are three main groups that need long-term affordable credit—the young efficient farmers, to get them started up; the older farmers who would like to sell out and realize sufficient means to assure a decent retirement; and the established farmers, to maintain their stocks, buildings and machinery. To accomplish this a fivefold increase in funding is needed with a provision for refinancing the fixed high interest mortgages issued in 1981 and 1982. Also needed is the implementation of the Federation of Agriculture's agribond proposal and, in order to maintain the country's agriculture capital stock, the FCC must extend its financing to capital items as well as for real estate. Therefore I call upon the Government to take the necessary positive action in this regard.