Limited, the contractors who designed and supplied all the relays for the power systems in the Warsak plant. He was born in England and is a graduate of Coventry Technical College. Mr. Radley worked for the British Thompson Houston Company on hydro-electric projects in the United Kingdom and overseas. He subsequently came to Canada in 1952 to work as an electrical engineer with Defence Establishments in Newfoundland, and joined the Canadian Westinghouse Company Limited in September 1956.

Mr. Lock has been granted leave of absence from the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, where he has been employed since 1940. Mr. Lock was born at Moe's River, P.Q. and is a graduate of the Danforth Technical School. He served overseas during the Second World War with the Royal Canadian Air Force, retiring with the rank of flight lieutenant. Since the War, he has been operating hydroelectric units at Calabogie, Heeley Falls, Stewartville Generating Station on the Madawaska River, Eugenia Generating Station in the Georgian Bay area, Chats Falls on the Ottawa River and the Robert H. Saunders Generating Station at Cornwall.

Both Mr. Lock and Mr. Radley will be joined in Pakistan by their families later this year.

WOOL DEFICIENCY PAYMENT

The Agricultural Stabilization Board has announced that a deficiency payment of 21 cents a pound will be paid on the 1959 wool clip.

It is estimated that last year's production will be slightly higher than the 1958 wool clip of 5,755,556 pounds. If so, it will be the second consecutive year that Canadian wool production has increased. In 1957, a total of 4,112,000 pounds were marketed.

An improvement in the wool market in 1959 resulted in higher prices generally and a consequent decrease of seven cents a pound in the deficiency payment.

Payment is calculated as the difference between the stabilization price of 60 cents a pound, and the average price f.o.b. Toronto for the basic grades Western Range Choice half staple and Eastern Domestic quarter-blood staple combined which amounts to 39 cents.

No deficiency payment will be made on total deliveries of less than 20 pounds of eligible wool from any one producer.

Ineligible for deficiency payments are chaffy and burry wool (wool containing straw, burrs and chaff), tags (wool fibres with manure attached), cotts (wool fibres twisted and tangled), locks (wool separated from fleece), dead (wool from dead sheep), and damaged wool (by moths, stains and so forth).