- (b) a branch;
- (c) an office:
- (d) a factory;
- (e) a workshop;
- (f) a mine, quarry or other place of extraction of natural resources;
- (g) an agricultural, pastoral or forestry property;
- (h) a building site or construction, installation or assembly project which exists for more than twelve months.

3. An enterprise shall not be deemed to have a permanent establishment merely by reason of—

- (a) the use of facilities solely for the purpose of storage, display or delivery of goods or merchandise belonging to the entreprise;
- (b) the maintenance of a stock of goods or merchandise belonging to the enterprise solely for the purpose of storage, display or delivery;
- (c) the maintenance of a stock of goods or merchandise belonging to the enterprise solely for the purpose of processing by another enterprise;
- (d) the maintenance of a fixed place of business solely for the purpose of purchasing goods or merchandise, or for collecting information, for the enterprise;
- (e) the maintenance of a fixed place of business solely for the purpose of activities which have a preparatory or auxiliary character for the enterprise, such as advertising or scientific research.

4. An enterprise shall be deemed to have a permanent establishment in one of the Contracting States and to carry on business through that permanent establishment if—

- (a) it carries on supervisory activities in that State for more than twelve months in connection with a building site, or a construction, installation or assembly project which is being undertaken in that State; or
- (b) substantial equipment is being used in that State for more than twelve months by, for or under contract with the entreprise in exploration for, or the exploitation of, natural resources or in activities connected with such exploration or exploitation.

5. A person acting in one of the Contracting States on behalf of an enterprise of the other Contracting State—other than an agent of an independant status to whom paragraph (6) applies—shall be deemed to be a permanent establishment of that enterprise in the first-mentioned State if—

- (a) he has, and habitually exercises in that State, an authority to conclude contracts on behalf of the enterprise, unless his activities are limited to the purchase of goods or merchandise for the enterprise; or
- (b) in so acting, he manufactures or processes in that State for the enterprise goods or merchandise belonging to the enterprise.