VOL. XXXII.—NO. 24.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1882.

RELAND The Land War.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18 .- The Sun's Rome correspondent says: In spite of the denials of the organs of the English Government, I can assure you that Gladstone has really turned toward the Vatican asking for help in the Trish anestion.

BELFAST, Jan. 19 .- Commissioners O'Hagan, Little and Vernon yesterday delivered judg ment in the first appeal from the decisions of the Assistant Commissioners, who reduced tenants' improved fixed rent lense from £36 10s to £30. The question was whether the rent should be varied. Commissioner Vernon, dissenting, affirmed the decision of the Assistant Commissioners. Great importance is attached to the judgment, which settles the point in the Land Act known as Healy's clause. The case will be carried to the Court of Appeals. Dublin, Jan. 20 .- A member of the Ladies'

Land League has been sentenced to a month in default of ball for good behaviour. Parnell, O'Kelly and O'Brien, editor of

United I-cland, have been remanded for a further three months.

BELFAST, Jan. 20 .- At a conference of tenant farmers, resolutions were passed favoring an extension of the principles of the Land Act in favor of tenants.

CORE, Jan. 20 .- Miss Reynolds, of the Ladies' Langue, was released from jail today, her term of imprisonment having expired.

DUBLIN, Jan. 20 .- The Dublin Police Court magistrates, deciding that they had no jurisdiction when the police were acting under the orders of their superiors, dismissed the summons again the police who seized copies of an Irish-American paper.

London, Jan 20 -A Dublin correspondent telegraphs that the question of liberating Mr. Parcell and the other members of Parliament will be defeated at the forthcoming Cabinet Council in Dablin Oastle There is much difference of opinion on the subject, some persons high in authority favoring their immediate release. Mr. Quinn and Assistant Secretary Dorise, who had charge of the legal department of the League and two or three clerks of the United Ireland will be released immediately. Mr. Dulon's re-lease may be looked for at any moment. In London there is a rumor that Mr. Parnell and the other Members of Parliament were asked assess themselves for what such would cost, to give an undertaking not to continue the and transmit the amount to redeem the Land League agitation for a certain time. On piedge of a quarter of a million made at the refusing this they are not likely to be release in time to attend parliament.

BELFART, Jan. 21.—Two thousand delegates attended the conference of tenant farmers in this city yesterday. The resolutions adopted protested against landlords asserting a closs interest in disregard to the equal in terest of tenants; declared that the reductions of rent made by the Sub-Commissioners are inadequate, and deprecated compensation to landlords. Mesers. Thomas A. Dickson, John Givan and Charles Russell, members of Parliament, supported the resolutions.

LONDON, Jan. 21 .- Hugh C. Childers, Secretary of State for War, addressing his constituents at Pontefract, declared that the Government intended to pursue unflinchingly their Irish poilcy. DUBLIN, Jan. 22 .- A pastoral letter from

Archbishop McCabe was read in all the churches to-day, enjoining the people not to listen to abettors of violence.

There are now seventy thousand claims for

fixing fair rent in the Land Court. DUBLIN, Jan 23 .- Dillon is very ill.

A bale containing one thousand copies of the Irish World was seized at the North wall after it had been landed from a steamer.

At Munster Assizes, to day, the outlaw leader Connell appeared as Queen's evidence against James and Jeremiah Twohig, charged with attacking Mrs. Fitzgerald's house. Connell deposed that he had been the leader and armorer of a band of men aworn to serve the Irish Republic. Their acts of bravery were rewarded with money sent from Dublin. He refused to state by whom the money was sent. The brothers Twohig were sentenced Madrid suburbs, near the building where a to seven years penal servitude.

CORE, Jan. 23.-Jeremiah and James Twohy, two of the thirty men arrested on information supplied by Connell alias Captain Moonlight, were tried to-day and sentenced each to seven years penal servitude. Connell during his cross-examination stated that at a general meeting of the body he was unanimously elected Lieuteuaut and Armourer of the Millstreet district, which embraces an area of fifteen or twenty miles. The Captain is Jeremiah Rio dan a banker's son in Millstreet. All, the members had sworn on the Bible to observe the following outh: "I swear to be true and faithful to the Irish Republic, to obey my superiors and to take up all arms when required. Death to the traitor. So help me tion clearly before our readers. We said that God." The oath was in writing. "I swore it myself," said Connell, "and would never have turned informer, but that I was informed only in favor of their being amalgamated in on by some one who swore that oath. I swore in about a dozen members who were brought to me by fellow-members for tural sections, where the population is so that purpose. We were not in the habit of we slept at farmers' houses without being combine them, on condition that the Catholic. asked. I always commanded in the absence of the Captain. The Captain made written duty was to copy these and see them exeouted. Two of the orders so copied by me were found on me when I was arrested. One of them reads: " Pat Twohy and Pat Ring; an earlier hour at James Twohy's to religious exercises, he would have separate posite the window, when the man fixed at Governor Letellier) and four children to on the night of 30th December. Bring subcole, but in no case is he in invor of schools him, the ball passing through the top of his mourn his loss. His brother, the late Vicar-

order by Captain Moonlight for appointed raids on the 30th December. James Sullivan to be shot in the legs, his mother and daughter clipped for dealing with the Hagarty's John Lineban, story-teller, to be clipped Dennis Coakley, for turning out his labourer to be shot in the legs; Maurice O'Brien to be shot in the legs for the paying of rent. Signed by Captain Moonlight" Replying to the Crown Counsel, Connell said he had communicated with the authorities previous to his arrest. There was no founds tion to the assertion that he had made a pre arrangement with the police to get arrested "There were rewards," he said, "given us for bravery. I myself got £12 from Dablin. The letter had a post mark, but there was nothing to show from whom it came Members could have the option of either medals or money. I saw some medals. Biordan, the captain, has one.' Connell added :- " There are moonlight bands in other districts, and captains whom Idon't know." Judge Fitzgerald in charging the jury said that, independently of Connell's testimony, there was strong evidence against the prisoner. The state of affairs was shocking and there could be no doubt but that Fenianism in its worst form was deeply rooted in the country. The jary, after 10 hours, found the prisoners guilty. Judge Fitzgerald said that he hoped that the sentence would have a good effect on the community, though from his experience he

INSURANCE STATISTICS.

seusation.

The following is a statement of the losser caused by fire throughout the Dominion of Canada during the year 1881, with the amount of insurance on these losses :--

thought the trouble would not end. The

evidence of Connell has created a profound

Loss. Oatarlo..... \$2 635,000 \$310.500 Quebec 2,012,003 N. Bruuswick.. 152 000 50,000 Nova Scotia.... 150,000 75 (.00 Columbia..... 250.000

Total \$5,199,000 \$1,318,500

A JOINT CELEBRATION.

CHICAGO, Jun. 21 .- The Irish American National Executive Committee have issued an address naming the 22ud of February as a day to be appropriately celebrated by the Irish in the United States as the anniversary of Washington's birthday and the centenary of Grattan's demand for the independence of the Irish Parliament. The Committee suggests that in lieu of processions, banquets, etc., on St. Patrick's Day, Irish-Americans

THE SPUYTEN DUYVIL DISASTER.

New York, Jan. 19 .- At the Spuyten-Dayvil inquest Conductor Hanford testified that he believed the train was stopped by a person not connected with it applying air brakes. This could have been done as the end ran through the cars connected with the valve. It was placed there as a precaution against accidents. There was a part f on the train singing, smashing bate, and conducting themselves in a disgraceful manner. They were passing around bottles of whickey, and the foundation of the accident was rum. He had not sufficient help on the train to stop such proceeding. Among the passengers were ex-Coroners, Senutors, Assemblymen and Aldermen, and he could not deprive them of their bottle. This was an every day occurrence, but more especially so on Fridaye.

AN AFFECTING SCENE.

Madrid, Jan. 22 -In common with many other people who happened to be in the Retiro Park at the time, I saw a very unusual and rouching sight on Thursday. The King and Queen were taking their afternoon drive, when, just at the entrance of the park, they met a parish priest carrying visticum. Their Majesties at once alighted, and, followed with their equerries and stewards, the whole party carrying lighted tapers and the King walking bearneaded. The priest led them as far as a humble house in one of the poorer man lay dying of small pox. Their Majesties waited patiently while the sacraments were administered, and having left alms for the sorrow-stricken tamily of the deceased, walked back with the priest to the Parish Church, this time followed by hundreds of people of rank whom they met on th. 'I way, and accompanied by the blessings of the by-

standers . It is stated that a number of brilliant fetes, including buil fights and a review of 30,000 troops will be given in May on the occasion of the vicit of the King and Queen of Portugal.

We are assured that we have not put Father Stefford's views on the school queshe would like to see the public and the separate schools amalgamated, whereas he is places where each kind could not be carried on efficiently by itself. In cities, towns, and. situated that the two kinds of schools oausgree on. He is opposed to the removal of the Bible from the schools, and says he preheavy spears and false whiskers for Owen without religious exercises of some sort .- hat. He ran for dear life towards a neigh- General O'Conner, also died suddenly several Riordan also." The other read "Regimental Quebec Telegram.

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A BLOODY DEED.

AN OLD MAN AND HIS DAUGHTER SLAIN WITH WITH AN AXE,

BURLINGTON, Out., Jan. 21 .- A horrible murder was committed last night, about four miles from Cowansville, by a man about 25 years of age, named Michael Routhe, who boarded with an old man named Maher and his daughter, whom he murdered last night with an exe. The murderer was in the nouse when Maher's son returned nome from Waterdown about 10 o'clock. The murderer attacked the son with an axe. Young Maher defended himself with a stick which he had in his hands, and the murderer then fled. Maher then entered the bonse, which was in darkness, struck a light, found his father lying dead with a large gash in the side of his head. He then went into another room, found his sister lying on her back dead, having also been killed by a stroke of the axe in the nack of the neck. The murderer is still at large. He is light complexioned, no whiskers, scanty moustache, dark hair, slim built, about five feet ten or eleven, dark clothes, black escque overcoat, low shoes, and butless.

Michael Rourke, arrested for murdering the Mahers, was brought before Foster James Allen and Edward Thomas, Justices of the eace, this afternoon. On the information heing read to him he pleaded guilty. After the evidence of Patelck Maher and Chief of Police Stewart, of Hamilton, had been taken, be was remanded back to jail at Milton.

Rourke's contession is in the hands of the Chief of Police. It is stated that the strugthe between the murderer and the woman was tragic in the extreme. A number of leanly cut shallow wounds on the woman's neck were noticed, indicating apparently that Rourke had tried to cut her throat with a penkuife, but it now seems evident that the-e wounds were made by the keen edge of the axe during the struggle. There were no infications of blood upon the penknife found in

the prisoner's possession.

The house is a small log cabin, with frame kitchen at the rear. There is but one storey and two rooms in the house; it stands about 200 yards from the road, and is reached by a iene. Across the lane, not a hundred yards from Mahet's house, lives Bidwell Sharman, the nearest neighbor. The luterior of the little log house presented one of the most t-rrible scenes ever witnessed. Edward Maber lay on the floor on his right side, with noth arms upraised and his hand clenched, his head covered with blood, and behind him great pool had flowed from his wound. Re and all his clothing on, but feet bare. The trouser pockets were turned inside out, but it was found out that this had been done by the Coroner, who arrived early. The old man evidently fought hard for his life. The body of the girl, who was about 36 years of e, lay over a small trap door in the floor, leading some to believe that she had been killed for the purpose of hiding her body. The search of the Coroner through the old man's pockets had not been a thorough one. The Chief of Police Stewart, of Hamilton, found in his vest pocket two one dollar bills

wrapp d in finnel.
Young Maher's story is that he came home and saw the lamp burning. When he reached the side door the lamp was put out. The door was looked, and he called twice to his sister to open it. To this Bourke answered: "I'm here: I'll open it soon enough for you." Rourke opened the door and struck at him with an axe cutting his hat and the shoulder of his coat, but not wounding him. Maher knocked Rourke down and gave him several blows with a stick, taking the axe from him at the same time. Rourke ran off to a house about a mile away, and was attarwards acrested there. He acknowledged his guilt to Detective Gates, but said he was drunk at the time. He was committed to Milton jail, as the murder took place in Halton County. The motive for the deed can hardly be explained. It certainly was not money, as the dollars the old man had were left in his pocket. The daughter is supposed by the doctors to have been outraged, but that point is not definitely settled. Though Rourke was supposed to be a friend of the family, and probably would have been admitted if he had rapped at the door, yet from all appearances he entered at one of the windows of the kitchen. The stains on the door show how he made his escape. He would have been dealt with summarily by the crowd at Maher's if there had not been a iceling that such a terrible crime would be swiftly punished by the law. Dr. Richard-son, Coroner of Burlington, will hold an inquest. Old Maker was 84 years of age.

Bullington, Oat., Jan. 23 .- The verdict of the jury in the Maner case a "That M. Sourke, on the 20th day of January, 1882, did feloniously, wilfully and of malice aforethought kill and murder Edward and Bridget Maher at the house of Patrick Maher in the township of Nelson." It will be the mouth of Merch before the trial of Bourke can take place. He will be tried at Milton at the spring Assizes of Halton county.

ANOTHER TRAGEDY.

Surlburne, Oat., Jan. 23 .- John Smith, a quiet and inoffensive citizen of the township of Amaranth, was foully murdered in his own house last night about six o'clock. The unfortunate victim was a bachelor about or over fity years of age, and usually lived sione, but it happened when the murder was swearing members against their will, though not be carried on with success he would committed, a nephew named John Smith, 14 years of age, was with him. The boy's story children received a quarter of an hour in is that his uncle and himself, after taking, their catechism and the Protestant children supper together, seated themselves by an orders in a book kept for that purpose. My the same length of time in what they might open fire-place, and shortly after he heard a report either of a gun or pistol, and the old man fell. He looked towards the window fers a Protestant with a Bible to a Protestant from whomos the report came and saw a tall without one. Where the children cannot be man with a dark moustache. The boy imwith tour men, to appear under arms at educated together, and a short time allowed mediately started for the door, which was opbor's house quite a distance. After he had months ago.

Enther Harrison C

run a short distance he looked back and saw the house on fire. Be alarmed the neighbors as soon as possible, and returned with them to the burning building, found the old man at the door dead and one leg burned below the knee. The old man was reported to have been quite wealthy and to have kept a large sum hidden about the house, but it is not known whether he had any at this time or not. There is no clue to the assassin except what can be gleaned from the boy's story. of the Knights of Labor. The old man was universally respected by all who knew him. Thomas Norton, M.D., Coroner, will hold an inquest to-morrow. J. P. MacMillan, County Crown Attorney, drove up from Orangeville this morning and is doing all in his power to secure the arrest of the guilty party.

BLESSING THE WATERS.

Sr. PETER-RURG, Jan. 20. -On the 6th of January of the Russian calendar, the feast of the Epiphany, (January 18), the annual ceremony of blessing the waters took place. This is always performed by the Emperor a the head of the church. An octagonal chapel with ten steps had been erected behind the Winter Palace on the quay of the court yard fronting on the frozen Neva. This year s large crowd assembled as usual, but, to their great disappointment, the Emperor did not ; reside over the popular ceremony. This is the second time within two months that Alexander has failed to appear at annual ceremonies which his predecessors never missed. The first occasion was the military fete of George. This has discontented both the army and the people. It is said that those entrusted with the Czu's personal safety would not permit him to attend, thus confirming the belief that St. Petersburg i not as yet sufficiently purged of terrorism.

ARRIVAL OF HIS EXCELLENCY.

HALIYAN, Jan. 21 .- The SS. " Parisian, with the Governor General and party on bourd, signalled soon after ten o'clock, reached the dock at the new railway whari st noon. By that time the news that she was sighted, having quickly spread, an immense number of people had assembled to witness His Excellency landing. Among those who gethered on the wharf to receive him were General Sir Patrick L. McDougall, Lieut .- Governor, the Hon. A. G Archi baid and the leading military and civic dignitarios, and the gangways had hardly been placed in position when there was a great ruch for the steamer's deck. His Excellency, who stood on the hurricane deck as the steamer came up the harbor, came forward to receive the greatings of his friends and acquaintances as they stopped on board. The passage of the "Parisian" was an excondingly stormy one, howy westerly gales provailing almost continually. His Excelence, however, suffered very little, spending indeed, considerable part of his time in moving about the ship and making himself

agreeable with the other pusengers. An hone after his arrival at the wharf in company with the Lieutenant Governor, he came on shore, and was received by a guard of honor from the 19th Prince of Wales' Own Yorkshire Regiment. As he stepped from the steamer a salute of 19 guns was fired from the Citadel, the band of the 19th struck np "God Save the Queen," and the growd around gave him three hearty cheers. His Excellency at once seated himself in the Governor's sleigh, and together, amid great cheering, they drove to the Government House, and were followed shortly after by the rest of the party.

THE INDEPENDENCE QUESTION.

WHAT AN EASTERN TOWNSHIPSMAN SAYS ON THE MATTER—THE INDEPENDENCE IDEA GAINING.

A gentleman from one of the counties on the frontier in this Province, and where the English-speaking predominates, yesterday gave his impressions and opinions on the question of Independence and Annexation Hestates that the idea, stacted by Lorca Monck Lisgar and Dufferin of a new nationality, has made considerable progress among the inhabitants of all the counties bordering on the lines. The farmers and storekeepers are continually transacting business with their cousins from over line forty-five. ... They find in them good customers who pay cash and are liberal in their bargains. Notwithstanding tariffs and Customs' restrictions, most all the produce of these counties have been transmitted across the border. Almost every family have relatives in the United States who has immigrated within the last few years, and, as if to confirm those who ideas, these absent members are acquiring wealth more than twice as fast as the stayparts of the country a majority of the younger left the country, and the farms are now cultivated principally by men of middle age. Farms are now cultivated with less care than formerly, and the faemers, in order to spare the expanse of laborers necessitated by cultivation of grain crops, are gradually turning their ground into hay farms, thus threatening to renew in the Eastern Townships the change which took place years ago upon the farms along the Richelieu river, when those farms from being the great wheat-growing soil of Canada could only produce hay, and peace. Fortunately for oate. the Eastern Townships this danger cannot be very extended, as the price and the constant demand will encourage farmers to undertake stook-relsing, by which they must needs have manure and cultivate roots, which require a considerable amount of labor.

Mr. B. E. O'Connor, a prominent citizen of pontificals, his Lordship Bishop O'Mahony, Ottaws, died suddenly on Saturday morning, from inflammation of the lungs. He leaves a widow (a daughter of the late ex-Lieut.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

A circular has been issued by Archbishop Taschereau anent the matter of colonization. A new Roman Catholic Church called St. Cuthborts has been dedicated in Portage la

Prairie by Archbishop Tache. The Catholic clergy in Pittsburg diocese will refuse absolution hereafter to members

The annual pilgrimages to Le Bonne Ste. Anne have now grown so large that the church has to be enlarged, and two new wings are at once to be constructed.

The New Catholic Church at Portage La Prairie, Manitoba, was dedicated on Sunday last by Bishop Tache. The Church is a very neat and substantial structure, and has been nicely furnished.

The London Weekly Register says :- It ought to be a subject of remark to those who notice coincidences that the three resident Cardinals of modern times in England each have the word mon as one of the syllables of heir names, viz :- Wiseman, Manning, and Newman.

The proposed Spanish pligrimage to Rome has assumed a political character. The Minister of Foreign affairs has instructed the Ambassador at the Vatican to urge upon the Pope the expediency of preventing the pilgrimage from becoming a political manifestation. It is believed the Pilgrims will number ten thousand.

Cardinal Howard, who has recently been raised by Pope Leo XIII. to the dignity of arch-priest of the Basilics of St. Peter's at Rome, and who is remembered in London as leading, thirty years ago, when an officer is the Life Guards, the procession at the funeral of the Duke of Wellington, is the second Englishman on the roll of the arch-priests of the Basilica of St. Peter's. The other Cardinal arch-priest of the Basilica was Henry, Cardinal York, the brother of the Young Protender.

FOUR STURBORN FACTS .-- 1. Of all the esparated Oriental Rites in Russia, Greece, Bulgaria, Cyprus, not one has ever allowed a Protestant minister of the English establishin their churches. 2. Not one has accepted the thirty-nine articles, or given up the five Sacraments abelianed in that establishment. 3 Not one has assented to the blasphemy against the Adorable Sacrament of the Alter taught by the Parkerite establishment, and enforced by the Parkerite writers. 4. Not one has accepted the pretended or ter of Parkar and his successors .-Irish American.

The Abbe Fernand Dupuls, formerly t pupil of the College of St. Anne de la Pocatiere, in this Province, has passed with distinction through the course of canon law at the Roman College and has received the decorations from the hands of the illustrious prefect of sacred studies. M. Dupuis obtaind a silver medal, the second prize awarded by the institution. The young baccalsureste who has lately been a student at the Seminaire Français, and is in Holy Orders, left Canada about two years and a half ago to pursue his studies in canon law under the best masters. He is the youngest son of M. J. B. Dupuis, of the village Des Aulnais, ex-M. P., for the county of L'Islet.

In 1871 the Pope received 13 893 pligrims from all parts of the world; in 1872, 17,477 in 1873 they diminished to 8,115; in 1874 9,129; in 1875 they increased to 15,673; in 1876 still more, 19,780; in 1877 they amounted to 35,508; in 1878, 13,625; in 1879 10,171; in 1880, 10,827. In 1876, Pins IX received in solemn and particular audience 30,356 persone; in 1876, 51,243 were admitted; and in 1877 as many as 68,221. In 1878 Leo XIII received 33,065 persons, in 1878, only 24,284; in 1880, 25,953. These tigures suffice to show the veneration of the saithful toward the Vicar of Jesus Christ, and how vain are the efforts of his persecutors to prevent his communication with his flock.

The Roman Catholic Archbishops and Bishops in England and Wales are 14, not at the Vatican advice that the Pope would reckoning those of the Sees of Shrewabury not receive the pilgrimage if it assumed the and Southwark, which are vacant. There are also in Scotland six other Archbishops and Dishops. The priests in England and Walls now number 2,036, serving 1,190 courches, chapels, and missionary stations; in Scotland there are 295 more, serving 286 chapels &c. thus showing that both clergy and chapels have doubled in less than 25 years. In 1828 there were only 749 chapels in England and Wales and 179 in Scotland, the total of the priests who served them being stayed at home in their growing 1,189. The Roman Catholic peers in the three kingdoms, are 38; the baronets 47 The Roman Catholic Members of Parliament at-homes. It is a positive fact that in these are 56, all representing Irish constituencies, exc pt Mr Jerningham, M.P., for Berwick-on men and women, the farmers especially, have Tweed. The Sacred College of the Cardinals at present, consists of 59 members, the vacant bass being 11; and no less than seven Cardinals, died during the year 1881-viz, Regnier (Archbishop of Cambras), Kutschker (Archbishop of Vienna), Gil (Archbishop of Saragossa), and Cardinals Borromeo, Moretti, Caterini, and Gianuelli. Of the existing College, 32 are Italians, nine Austrians or Germans, seven French, three Spanish, three English (Newman, Manning, and Howard), one American (McCloskey), one Belgian, and one Armenian . - Irish American ... A CHLEBRATION IN ST. MICHAEL'S -A Te

Deum was anny in St. Michael's cathedral last eveniug in celebration of the abrogation of the May laws in Germany. The cathedral was occupied to its tuilest capacity, and the ceremony was most imposing. A procession around the interior of the church was held, in which his Grace Archbishop Lynch, in full Vicar Generals Rooney and Laurent, the clergy from the different Roman Catholic churches, and the boys of the sanctuary par-Viacent, Superior of St. Michael's College. | benefit of others suffering in the same way. A

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Rev. Father McCanu officiated as master of ceremonies. The students from the college teck part in the Te Deum. The staging was of an unusually sublime character, and produced a most impressive effect. Three sermous were delivered, in the English, German, and French languages respectively. The Archbishop first addressed the congregation in English, explaining the object of the celebration, and the reason why it was beld Rev. Father Grimm, Superior of the Redemptorist Order, spoke in German, as there was a large number of his fellow-country people present. Rev. Father Laurent followed with an address in French, dwelling particularly upon what he termed a victory far more glorious than one won in battle. Freedom of conscience, he said, was a blessing which should delight every civilized nation. Benediction was given by his Grace the Arch-

bishop. The alter was brilliantly illumin-

ated, and the sanctuary was filled with clergy

and attendants .- Toronto Mail, Jan. 16, 1882.

The Rev. H. Pinckney Northrop, of

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Charleston, S.C., was consecrated Catholic Bishop of North Carolina in the Cathedral of Baltimore, on January 8th. The ceremonies were attended by a very large congregation, and were very impressive. Archbishen Gibbons, of Baltimore, was the consecrator, and was assisted in the ceremony by Bishops Mc-Closkey, of Louisville; Moore, of St. Augustine, Fla.; Gross, of Savannah; Koane, of Richmond; Ksin, of Wheeling; Becker, of Wilmington; and O'Farrell, of Trenton, N.J. The clergy present were numbered by hundreds, among them being a brother of the new Bishop, the Rev. C. B. Northrop, of Charleston. Bishop Keane preached the sermon. Bishop Northrop received his appointment as Vicar Apostolic of North Carolins on the 15th of last October, from Archbishop Gibbons, to whom it was transmitted from Rome. He was born in Charleston, is 38 years of age, and is the son of the late Olaudian B Northrop, formerly a prominent lawyer of Charleston, and a member of the old Northrop family of that place, which is of English origin. He is also a nephew of Col-ouel Lucius B. Northrop, Chief Commissary of the late Confederate States, and was educated in theology at Mount St. Mary's College, Emmittsburg, Md., where he graduated in 1860. He was ordained pricet in Rome, Italy, in 1865, and was sent from Charleston to North Carolina in the year following as a missionary priest. Afterwards he became parish priest at Newbern, N.C., where he re-mained until 1870. When Archbishop Gib-hons took the charge from Newbern, Bushop Northrop returned to Charleston, where he was priest at the Cathedral and afterward Rector of St. Patrick's Church, which position he retained until his conscoration. He now goes to Wilmington, N.C. Archbishop Gibbons was the first Vicar-Apostolic of North Carolina, and so remained until made Bishop of Richmond. Then were joined together and have remained. united up to the appointment of Bishop Northrop, Bishop Keans succeeding to the position of Bishop of Richmond when Bishop Gibbous hecame Archbishop of Baltimore. -Irish American, Jan. 21st.

THE CATHOLIC PILGRIMAGE TO ROME.

It is stated by a member of the Sagasta Cabinet that the Madrid Government will not depart from its liberal policy, in order to prevent the great Catholic pilgrimage to Rome under the patronage of the Bishop, but the strictest orders have been given in Spain to their civil, military and naval authorities to watch the proceedings of the pligrims and to repress the extreme rigour and all manifestation that might assume a seditious or Carlist character, especially any demonstration against the Italian Government. At the same time it has been intimated in Rome that if the pilgrims cause any disorders or commit any sot of hostility against Italian institutions, King Alfonso's Government will extend no protection to them. The Spanish Government was also received from its representative character of a political demonstration. The pilgrims will number at least 20,000 and will be led by the principal Prolates.

AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

5r PETERSBURG, Jan. 17 .- Since the arrest at the bridge of Gatschina of the 2nd January, thirty-seven persons have been captured Dr. Krovek alias Mart, was taken at his home in the Madege street where a trap had been laid, and where an individual who came there with his wife made such a resistance that he could only be arrested after being wounded by a ball from a revolver. After his death it was discovered that he was an officer of Artiflery. On the same day four other persons of the lovalists party were arrested at Vasiliostrof, and tau previous evening 16 persons, four of whom were women, were captured in a reunion held round a Christmas tree covered with seditions emblems. The Ohief of Police, to whom all these arrests were due, was promoted successively to the rank of .. Usptain, then to that of Major, and le the official who arrested the woman Lebedon, one of the principal accused at the great Nikilist trial which is soon to come off. The Tamekowski trial will commence to-day (Monday), and will probably the fluished before night. It is said that Gen, laguatieff, who is more powerful than ever with the Emperor, will be named Vice-Chancellor. Prince Gortschakoff, who la retited from active duty, still retaining the nominal title of Ohancellor.

A PROMINENT ACTOR'S RELIEF.

Mr. Tony Pastor, of New York City, the ticipated. The latter carried green boughs great humorist and actor, was signally benein their hands. The deacons of honor were fited by the Great German Remedy, and felt Vicar-General Rooney and Very Rev. Father constrained to testify to its efficacy for the